#### As Introduced

# 135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 513

### **Representative Carruthers**

## A BILL

То	amend sections 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.21,	1
	341.23, 341.34, 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 753.21,	2
	2151.358, 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.851,	3
	2301.57, 2903.11, 2907.24, 2907.241, 2907.25,	4
	2907.27, 2907.28, 2921.38, 2923.125, 2923.128,	5
	2923.1213, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2941.1425, 2950.04,	6
	2950.041, 2950.07, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.13, ,	7
	2953.31, 2953.34, 3701.24, 3701.241, 3701.242,	8
	3701.243, 3701.244, 3701.245, 3701.246,	9
	3701.247, 3701.249, 3901.45, 3901.46, 4730.25,	10
	4731.22, 4759.07, 4760.13, 4761.09, 4762.13,	11
	4774.13, 4778.14, 5120.16, and 5120.163; to	12
	enact sections 2927.31, 2927.32, 2927.33,	13
	2950.152, and 2953.41; and to repeal section	14
	2927.13 of the Revised Code to modify	15
	definitions and criminal and professional	16
	disciplinary provisions relating to HIV or AIDS	17
	and to amend the versions of sections 2950.11	18
	and 2950.13 of the Revised Code that are	19
	scheduled to take effect on January 1, 2025, to	20
	continue the change on and after that date.	21

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 307.93, 341.14, 341.19, 341.21,	22
341.23, 341.34, 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 753.21, 2151.358,	23
2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.851, 2301.57, 2903.11, 2907.24,	24
2907.241, 2907.25, 2907.27, 2907.28, 2921.38, 2923.125,	25
2923.128, 2923.1213, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2941.1425, 2950.04,	26
2950.041, 2950.07, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.13, 2953.31, 2953.34,	27
3701.24, 3701.241, 3701.242, 3701.243, 3701.244, 3701.245,	28
3701.246, 3701.247, 3701.249, 3901.45, 3901.46, 4730.25,	29
4731.22, 4759.07, 4760.13, 4761.09, 4762.13, 4774.13, 4778.14,	30
5120.16, and 5120.163 be amended and sections 2927.31, 2927.32,	31
2927.33, 2950.152, and 2953.41 of the Revised Code be enacted to	32
read as follows:	33

Sec. 307.93. (A) The boards of county commissioners of two 34 or more adjacent counties may contract for the joint 35 establishment of a multicounty correctional center, and the 36 board of county commissioners of a county or the boards of two 37 or more counties may contract with any municipal corporation or 38 municipal corporations located in that county or those counties 39 for the joint establishment of a municipal-county or 40 multicounty-municipal correctional center. The center shall 41 augment county and, where applicable, municipal jail programs 42 and facilities by providing custody and rehabilitative programs 43 for those persons under the charge of the sheriff of any of the 44 contracting counties or of the officer or officers of the 45 contracting municipal corporation or municipal corporations 46 having charge of persons incarcerated in the municipal jail, 47 workhouse, or other correctional facility who, in the opinion of 48 the sentencing court, need programs of custody and 49 rehabilitation not available at the county or municipal jail and 50 by providing custody and rehabilitative programs in accordance 51 with division (C) of this section, if applicable. The contract 52

may include, but need not be limited to, provisions regarding	53
the acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, termination	54
of operations, and administration of the center. The contract	55
shall prescribe the manner of funding of, and debt assumption	56
for, the center and the standards and procedures to be followed	57
in the operation of the center. Except as provided in division	58
(G) of this section, the contracting counties and municipal	59
corporations shall form a corrections commission to oversee the	60
administration of the center. Members of the commission shall	61
consist of the sheriff of each participating county, a member of	62
the board of county commissioners of each participating county,	63
the chief of police of each participating municipal corporation,	64
and the mayor or city manager of each participating municipal	65
corporation. Any of the foregoing officers may appoint a	66
designee to serve in the officer's place on the corrections	67
commission.	68

The standards and procedures prescribed under this division shall be formulated and agreed to by the commission and may be amended at any time during the life of the contract by agreement of a majority of the voting members of the commission or by other means set forth in the contract between the contracting counties and municipal corporations. The standards and procedures formulated by the commission and amendments to them shall include, but need not be limited to, designation of the person in charge of the center, designation of a fiscal agent, the categories of employees to be employed at the center, the appointing authority of the center, and the standards of treatment and security to be maintained at the center. The person in charge of, and all persons employed to work at, the center shall have all the powers of police officers that are necessary for the proper performance of the duties relating to 

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their positions at the center.

(B) (1) Upon the establishment of a corrections commission 85 under division (A) of this section, the judges specified in this 86 division shall form a judicial advisory board for the purpose of 87 making recommendations to the corrections commission on issues 88 of bed allocation, expansion of the center that the corrections 89 commission oversees, and other issues concerning the 90 administration of sentences or any other matter determined to be 91 appropriate by the board. The judges who shall form the judicial 92 93 advisory board for a corrections commission are the administrative judge of the general division of the court of 94 common pleas of each county participating in the corrections 95 center, the presiding judge of the municipal court of each 96 municipal corporation participating in the corrections center, 97 and the presiding judge of each county court of each county 98 participating in the corrections center. If the number of the 99 foregoing members of the board is even, the county auditor or 100 the county auditor of the most populous county if the board 101 serves more than one county shall also be a member of the board. 102 Any of the foregoing judges may appoint a designee to serve in 103 the judge's place on the judicial advisory board, provided that 104 the designee shall be a judge of the same court as the judge who 105 makes the appointment. The judicial advisory board for a 106 corrections commission shall meet with the corrections 107 commission at least once each year. 108

(2) Each board of county commissioners that enters a 109 contract under division (A) of this section may appoint a 110 building commission pursuant to section 153.21 of the Revised 111 Code. If any commissions are appointed, they shall function 112 jointly in the construction of a multicounty or multicounty—113 municipal correctional center with all the powers and duties 114

authorized by law.

(C) Prior to the acceptance for custody and rehabilitation	116
into a center established under this section of any persons who	117
are designated by the department of rehabilitation and	118
correction, who plead guilty to or are convicted of a felony of	119
the fourth or fifth degree, and who satisfy the other	120
requirements listed in section 5120.161 of the Revised Code, the	121
corrections commission of a center established under this	122
section shall enter into an agreement with the department of	123
rehabilitation and correction under section 5120.161 of the	124
Revised Code for the custody and rehabilitation in the center of	125
persons who are designated by the department, who plead guilty	126
to or are convicted of a felony of the fourth or fifth degree,	127
and who satisfy the other requirements listed in that section,	128
in exchange for a per diem fee per person. Persons incarcerated	129
in the center pursuant to an agreement entered into under this	130
division shall be subject to supervision and control in the	131
manner described in section 5120.161 of the Revised Code. This	132
division does not affect the authority of a court to directly	133
sentence a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	134
felony to the center in accordance with section 2929.16 of the	135
Revised Code.	136

(D) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, each 137 board of county commissioners and the legislative authority of 138 each municipal corporation that enters into a contract under 139 division (A) of this section may require a person who was 140 convicted of an offense, who is under the charge of the sheriff 141 of their county or of the officer or officers of the contracting 142 municipal corporation or municipal corporations having charge of 143 persons incarcerated in the municipal jail, workhouse, or other 144 correctional facility, and who is confined in the multicounty, 145

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municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal correctional center	146
as provided in that division, to reimburse the applicable county	147
or municipal corporation for its expenses incurred by reason of	148
the person's confinement in the center.	149
(E) Notwithstanding any controlly providing in this costing	1 5 0
(E) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section	150
or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the	151
corrections commission of a center may establish a policy that	152
complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code and that	153
requires any person who is not indigent and who is confined in	154
the multicounty, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal	155
correctional center to pay a reception fee, a fee for medical	156
treatment or service requested by and provided to that person,	157
or the fee for a random drug test assessed under division (E) of	158
section 341.26 of the Revised Code.	159
(F)(1) The corrections commission of a center established	160
under this section may establish a commissary for the center.	161
The commissary may be established either in-house or by another	162
arrangement. If a commissary is established, all persons	163
incarcerated in the center shall receive commissary privileges.	164
A person's purchases from the commissary shall be deducted from	165
the person's account record in the center's business office. The	166
commissary shall provide for the distribution to indigent	167
persons incarcerated in the center of necessary hygiene articles	168
and writing materials.	169
(2) If a commissary is established, the corrections	170
commission of a center established under this section shall	171
establish a commissary fund for the center. The management of	172
funds in the commissary fund shall be strictly controlled in	173
accordance with procedures adopted by the auditor of state.	174

Commissary fund revenue over and above operating costs and

reserve shall be considered profits. All profits from the 176 commissary fund shall be used to purchase supplies and equipment 177 for the benefit of persons incarcerated in the center and to pay 178 salary and benefits for employees of the center, or for any 179 other persons, who work in or are employed for the sole purpose 180 of providing service to the commissary. The corrections 181 commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the operation 182 of any commissary fund it establishes. 183

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- (G) In lieu of forming a corrections commission to administer a multicounty correctional center or a municipalcounty or multicounty-municipal correctional center, the boards of county commissioners and the legislative authorities of the 187 municipal corporations contracting to establish the center may also agree to contract for the private operation and management of the center as provided in section 9.06 of the Revised Code, but only if the center houses only misdemeanant inmates. In order to enter into a contract under section 9.06 of the Revised Code, all the boards and legislative authorities establishing the center shall approve and be parties to the contract.
- (H) If a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 195 offense is sentenced to a term in a multicounty correctional 196 center or a municipal-county or multicounty-municipal 197 correctional center or is incarcerated in the center in the 198 manner described in division (C) of this section, or if a person 199 who is arrested for an offense, and who has been denied bail or 200 has had bail set and has not been released on bail is confined 201 in a multicounty correctional center or a municipal-county or 202 multicounty-municipal correctional center pending trial, at the 203 time of reception and at other times the officer, officers, or 204 other person in charge of the operation of the center determines 205 to be appropriate, the officer, officers, or other person in 206

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charge of the operation of the center may cause the convicted or	207
accused offender to be examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV	208
infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A,	209
B, and C, and other contagious diseases. The officer, officers,	210
or other person in charge of the operation of the center may	211
cause a convicted or accused offender in the center who refuses	212
to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV-infection,	213
hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C,	214
or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	215
involuntarily.	216
(I) As used in this section, "multicounty-municipal" means	217
more than one county and a municipal corporation, or more than	218
one municipal corporation and a county, or more than one	219
municipal corporation and more than one county.	220
Sec. 341.14. (A) The sheriff of an adjoining county in	221
this state shall not receive prisoners as provided by section	222
341.12 of the Revised Code unless there is deposited weekly with	223
the sheriff an amount equal to the actual cost of keeping and	224
feeding each prisoner so committed for the use of the jail of	225
that county, and the same amount for a period of time less than	226
one week. If a prisoner is discharged before the expiration of	227
the term for which the prisoner was committed, the excess of the	228
amount advanced shall be refunded.	229
(B) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the	230
board of county commissioners of the county of this state that	231
receives pursuant to section 341.12 of the Revised Code for	232
confinement in its jail, a prisoner who was convicted of an	233
offense, may require the prisoner to reimburse the county for	234
its expenses incurred by reason of the prisoner's confinement.	235

(C) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section

or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the	237
board of county commissioners in this state may establish a	238
policy that complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code	239
and that requires any prisoner who is not indigent and who is	240
confined in the county's jail under this section to pay a	241
reception fee, a fee for medical treatment or service requested	242
by and provided to that prisoner, or the fee for a random drug	243
test assessed under division (E) of section 341.26 of the	244
Revised Code.	245
(D) If a county in this state receives pursuant to section	246
341.12 of the Revised Code for confinement in its jail a person	247
who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense and	248
has been sentenced to a term in a jail or a person who has been	249
arrested for an offense, who has been denied bail or has had	250
bail set and has not been released on bail, and who is confined	251
in jail pending trial, at the time of reception and at other	252
times the sheriff or other person in charge of the operation of	253
the jail determines to be appropriate, the sheriff or other	254
person in charge of the operation of the jail may cause the	255
convicted or accused offender to be examined and tested for	256
tuberculosis, HIV infection, hepatitis, including but not	257
limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases.	258
The sheriff or other person in charge of the operation of the	259
jail may cause a convicted or accused offender in the jail who	260
refuses to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV infection,	261
hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C,	262
or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	263
involuntarily.	264
Sec. 341.19. (A) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the	265
Revised Code, the board of county commissioners may require a	266

person who was convicted of an offense and who is confined in

the county jail to reimburse the county for its expenses 268 incurred by reason of the person's confinement. 269

- (B) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section 270 or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the 271 board of county commissioners may establish a policy that 272 complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code and that 273 requires any prisoner who is not indigent and who is confined in 274 the county's jail under this section to pay a reception fee, a 275 fee for any medical treatment or service requested by and 276 provided to that prisoner, or the fee for a random drug test 277 assessed under division (E) of section 341.26 of the Revised 278 Code. 279
- (C) If a person who is convicted of or pleads quilty to an 280 offense is sentenced to a term in a jail, or if a person who has 281 been arrested for an offense, and who has been denied bail or 282 has had bail set and has not been released on bail is confined 283 in jail pending trial, at the time of reception and at other 284 times the sheriff or other person in charge of the operation of 285 286 the jail determines to be appropriate, the sheriff or other person in charge of the operation of the jail may cause the 2.87 convicted or accused offender to be examined and tested for 288 tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis, including but not 289 limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases. 290 The sheriff or other person in charge of the operation of the 291 jail may cause a convicted or accused offender in the jail who 292 refuses to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV-infection, 293 hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, 294 or another contagious disease to be tested and treated 295 involuntarily. 296

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Sec. 341.21. (A) The board of county commissioners may

direct the sheriff to receive into custody prisoners $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) $	charged 298
with or convicted of crime by the United States, and	to keep 299
those prisoners until discharged.	300

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The board of the county in which prisoners charged with or convicted of crime by the United States may be so committed may negotiate and conclude any contracts with the United States for the use of the jail as provided by this section and as the board sees fit.

A prisoner so committed shall be supported at the expense of the United States during the prisoner's confinement in the county jail. No greater compensation shall be charged by a sheriff for the subsistence of that type of prisoner than is provided by section 311.20 of the Revised Code to be charged for the subsistence of state prisoners.

A sheriff or jailer who neglects or refuses to perform the

services and duties directed by the board by reason of this

division, shall be liable to the same penalties, forfeitures,

and actions as if the prisoner had been committed under the

authority of this state.

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317 (B) Prior to the acceptance for housing into the county jail of persons who are designated by the department of 318 rehabilitation and correction, who plead guilty to or are 319 convicted of a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, and who 320 satisfy the other requirements listed in section 5120.161 of the 321 Revised Code, the board of county commissioners shall enter into 322 an agreement with the department of rehabilitation and 323 correction under section 5120.161 of the Revised Code for the 324 housing in the county jail of persons designated by the 325 department who plead guilty to or are convicted of a felony of 326 the fourth or fifth degree and who satisfy the other 327

requirements listed in that section in exchange for a per diem 328 fee per person. Persons incarcerated in the county jail pursuant 329 to an agreement entered into under this division shall be 330 subject to supervision and control in the manner described in 331 section 5120.161 of the Revised Code. This division does not 332 affect the authority of a court to directly sentence a person 333 who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony to the county 334 jail in accordance with section 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 335

- (C) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in section 336 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 or in any other section of the 337 Revised Code, the board of county commissioners may establish a 338 policy that complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code 339 and that requires any person who is not indigent and who is 340 confined in the jail under division (B) of this section to pay a 341 reception fee, a fee for any medical treatment or service 342 requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a 343 random drug test assessed under division (E) of section 341.26 344 of the Revised Code. 345
- (D) If a sheriff receives into custody a prisoner 346 convicted of crime by the United States as described in division 347 (A) of this section, if a person who has been convicted of or 348 pleaded quilty to an offense is incarcerated in the jail in the 349 manner described in division (B) of this section, if a sheriff 350 receives into custody a prisoner charged with a crime by the 351 United States and the prisoner has had bail denied or has had 352 bail set, has not been released on bail, and is confined in jail 353 pending trial, or if a person who has been arrested for an 354 offense, and who has been denied bail or has had bail set and 355 has not been released on bail is confined in jail pending trial, 356 at the time of reception and at other times the sheriff or other 357 person in charge of the operation of the jail determines to be 358

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appropriate, the sheriff or other person in charge of the	359
operation of the jail may cause the convicted or accused	360
offender to be examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV	361
infection, hepatitis, including, but not limited to, hepatitis	362
A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases. The sheriff or other	363
person in charge of the operation of the jail may cause a	364
convicted or accused offender in the jail who refuses to be	365
tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV infection, hepatitis,	366
including, but not limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C, or another	367
contagious disease to be tested and treated involuntarily.	368

Sec. 341.23. (A) The board of county commissioners of any 369 county or the legislative authority of any municipal corporation 370 in which there is no workhouse may agree with the legislative 371 authority of any municipal corporation or other authority having 372 control of the workhouse of any other city, or with the 373 directors of any district of a joint city and county workhouse 374 or county workhouse, upon terms on which persons convicted of a 375 misdemeanor by any court or magistrate of a county or municipal 376 corporation having no workhouse, may be received into that 377 workhouse, under sentence of the court or magistrate. The board 378 or legislative authority may pay the expenses incurred under the 379 agreement out of the general fund of that county or municipal 380 corporation, upon the certificate of the proper officer of the 381 workhouse. 382

(B) The sheriff or other officer transporting any person

to the workhouse described in division (A) of this section shall

receive six cents per mile for the sheriff or officer, going and

returning, five cents per mile for transporting the convict, and

five cents per mile, going and coming, for the service of each

deputy, to be allowed as in cases in which a person is

transported to a state correctional institution. The number of

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miles shall be computed by the usual routes of travel and, in	390
state cases, shall be paid out of the general fund of the	391
county, on the allowance of the board, and for the violation of	392
the ordinances of any municipal corporation, shall be paid by	393
that municipal corporation on the order of its legislative	394
authority.	395
(C) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the	396
board of county commissioners, the directors of the district of	397
a joint city and county workhouse or county workhouse, or the	398
legislative authority of the municipal corporation may require a	399
person who was convicted of an offense and who is confined in a	400
workhouse as provided in division (A) of this section, to	401
reimburse the county, district, or municipal corporation, as the	402
case may be, for its expenses incurred by reason of the person's	403
confinement.	404
(D) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section	405
or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the	406
appropriate board of county commissioners and legislative	407
authorities may include in their agreement entered into under	408
division (A) of this section a policy that complies with section	409
2929.38 of the Revised Code and that requires any person who is	410
not indigent and who is confined in the county, city, district,	411
or joint city and county workhouse under this section to pay a	412
reception fee, a fee for any medical treatment or service	413
requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a	414
requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a	414
requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a random drug test assessed under division (E) of section 341.26	414 415
requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a random drug test assessed under division (E) of section 341.26 of the Revised Code.	414 415 416

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reception and at other times the person in charge of the	420
operation of the workhouse determines to be appropriate, the	421
person in charge of the operation of the workhouse may cause the	422
convicted offender to be examined and tested for tuberculosis,	423
HIV—infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis	424
A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases. The person in charge	425
of the operation of the workhouse may cause a convicted offender	426
in the workhouse who refuses to be tested or treated for	427
tuberculosis, HIV—infection, hepatitis, including but not	428
limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, or another contagious disease	429
to be tested and treated involuntarily.	430
Sec. 341.34. (A) As used in this section, "building or	431
structure" includes, but is not limited to, a modular unit,	432
building, or structure and a movable unit, building, or	433
structure.	434
(B)(1) The board of county commissioners of any county, by	435
resolution, may dedicate and permit the use, as a minimum	436
security jail, of any vacant or abandoned public building or	437
structure owned by the county that has not been dedicated to or	438
is not then in use for any county or other public purpose, or	439
any building or structure rented or leased by the county. The	440
board of county commissioners of any county, by resolution, also	441
may dedicate and permit the use, as a minimum security jail, of	442
any building or structure purchased by or constructed by or for	443
the county. Subject to divisions (B)(3) and (C) of this section,	444
upon the effective date of such a resolution, the specified	445
building or structure shall be used, in accordance with this	446
section, for the confinement of persons who meet one of the	447
following conditions:	448

(a) The person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment for

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a traffic violation or a misdemeanor or is sentenced to a	450
residential sanction in the jail for a felony of the fourth or	451
fifth degree pursuant to sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the	452
Revised Code, and the jail administrator or the jail	453
administrator's designee has classified the person as a minimal	454
security risk. In determining the person's classification under	455
this division, the administrator or designee shall consider all	456
relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the person's	457
escape risk and propensity for assaultive or violent behavior,	458
based upon the person's prior and current behavior.	459

- (b) The person is charged with a traffic violation, a 460 misdemeanor, or a felony of the fourth or fifth degree and has 461 had bail set and has not been released on bail and is confined 462 in a county or municipal jail pending trial, and the jail 463 administrator or the jail administrator's designee has 464 classified the person as a minimal security risk. In determining 465 the person's classification under this division, the 466 administrator or designee shall consider all relevant factors, 467 including, but not limited to, the person's escape risk and 468 propensity for assaultive or violent behavior, based upon the 469 person's prior and current behavior. Nothing in this division 470 authorizes the operation or management of a minimum security 471 jail by a private entity. 472
- (c) The person is an inmate transferred by order of a judge of the sentencing court upon the request of the sheriff, administrator, jailer, or other person responsible for operating the jail other than a contractor as defined in section 9.06 of the Revised Code, who is named in the request as being suitable for confinement in a minimum security facility.

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(2) The board of county commissioners of any county, by

resolution, may affiliate with one or more adjacent counties, or	480
with one or more municipal corporations located within the	481
county or within an adjacent county, and dedicate and permit the	482
use, as a minimum security jail, of any vacant or abandoned	483
public building or structure owned by any of the affiliating	484
counties or municipal corporations that has not been dedicated	485
to or is not then in use for any public purpose, or any building	486
or structure rented or leased by any of the affiliating counties	487
or municipal corporations. The board of county commissioners of	488
any county, by resolution, also may affiliate with one or more	489
adjacent counties or with one or more municipal corporations	490
located within the county or within an adjacent county and	491
dedicate and permit the use, as a minimum security jail, of any	492
building or structure purchased by or constructed by or for any	493
of the affiliating counties or municipal corporations. Any	494
counties and municipal corporations that affiliate for purposes	495
of this division shall enter into an agreement that establishes	496
the responsibilities for the operation and for the cost of	497
operation of the minimum security jail. Subject to divisions (B)	498
(3) and (C) of this section, upon the effective date of a	499
resolution adopted under this division, the specified building	500
or structure shall be used, in accordance with this section, for	501
the confinement of persons who meet one of the following	502
conditions:	503

(a) The person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment for

a traffic violation, a misdemeanor, or a violation of an

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ordinance of any municipal corporation, or is sentenced to a

residential sanction in the jail for a felony of the fourth or

fifth degree pursuant to sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the

Revised Code, and the jail administrator or the jail

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administrator's designee has classified the person as a minimal

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security risk. In determining the person's classification under	511
this division, the administrator or designee shall consider all	512
relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the person's	513
escape risk and propensity for assaultive or violent behavior,	514
based upon the person's prior and current behavior.	515
(b) The person is charged with a traffic violation, a	516
misdemeanor, or a felony of the fourth or fifth degree and has	517
had bail set and has not been released on bail and is confined	518
in a county jail pending trial, and the jail administrator or	519
the jail administrator's designee has classified the person as a	520
minimal security risk. In determining the person's	521
classification under this division, the administrator or	522
designee shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not	523
limited to, the person's escape risk and propensity for	524
assaultive or violent behavior, based upon the person's prior	525
and current behavior. Nothing in this division authorizes the	526
operation or management of a minimum security jail by a private	527
entity.	528
(c) The person is an inmate transferred by order of a	529
judge of the sentencing court upon the request of the sheriff,	530
administrator, jailer, or other person responsible for operating	531
the jail other than a contractor as defined in section 9.06 of	532
the Revised Code, who is named in the request as being suitable	533
for confinement in a minimum security facility.	534
(3) No person shall be confined in a building or structure	535
dedicated as a minimum security jail under division (B)(1) or	536
(2) of this section unless the judge who sentenced the person to	537
the term of imprisonment for the traffic violation or the	538
misdemeanor specifies that the term of imprisonment is to be	539

served in that jail, and division (B)(1) or (2) of this section 540

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permits the confinement of the person in that jail or unless the	541
judge who sentenced the person to the residential sanction for	542
the felony specifies that the residential sanction is to be	543
served in a jail, and division (B)(1) or (2) of this section	544
permits the confinement of the person in that jail. If a rented	545
or leased building or structure is so dedicated, the building or	546
structure may be used as a minimum security jail only during the	547
period that it is rented or leased by the county or by an	548
affiliated county or municipal corporation. If a person	549
convicted of a misdemeanor is confined to a building or	550
structure dedicated as a minimum security jail under division	551
(B)(1) or (2) of this section and the sheriff, administrator,	552
jailer, or other person responsible for operating the jail other	553
than a contractor as defined in section 9.06 of the Revised Code	554
determines that it would be more appropriate for the person so	555
confined to be confined in another jail or workhouse facility,	556
the sheriff, administrator, jailer, or other person may transfer	557
the person so confined to a more appropriate jail or workhouse	558
facility.	559

(C) All of the following apply to a building or structure that is dedicated pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of this section for use as a minimum security jail:

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- (1) To the extent that the use of the building or 563 structure as a minimum security jail requires a variance from 564 any county, municipal corporation, or township zoning 565 regulations or ordinances, the variance shall be granted. 566
- (2) Except as provided in this section, the building or
  structure shall not be used to confine any person unless it is
  in substantial compliance with any applicable housing, fire
  prevention, sanitation, health, and safety codes, regulations,
  570

or standards.	571
(3) Unless such satisfaction or compliance is required	572
under the standards described in division (C)(4) of this	573
section, and notwithstanding any other provision of state or	574
local law to the contrary, the building or structure need not	575
satisfy or comply with any state or local building standard or	576
code in order to be used to confine a person for the purposes	577
specified in division (B) of this section.	578
(4) The building or structure shall not be used to confine	579
any person unless it is in compliance with all minimum standards	580
and minimum renovation, modification, and construction criteria	581
for jails that have been proposed by the department of	582
rehabilitation and correction, through its bureau of adult	583
detention, under section 5120.10 of the Revised Code.	584
(5) The building or structure need not be renovated or	585
modified into a secure detention facility in order to be used	586
solely to confine a person for the purposes specified in	587
divisions (B) (1) (a) or (b) and (B) (2) (a) or (b) of this section.	588
(6) The building or structure shall be used, equipped,	589
furnished, and staffed in the manner necessary to provide	590
adequate and suitable living, sleeping, food service or	591
preparation, drinking, bathing and toilet, sanitation, and other	592
necessary facilities, furnishings, and equipment.	593
(D) Except as provided in this section, a minimum security	594
jail dedicated and used under this section shall be considered	595
to be part of the jail, workhouse, or other correctional	596
facilities of the county or the affiliated counties and	597
municipal corporations for all purposes under the law. All	598
persons confined in such a minimum security jail shall be and	599

shall remain, in all respects, under the control of the county	600
authority that has responsibility for the management and	601
operation of the jail, workhouse, or other correctional	602
facilities of the county or, if it is operated by any	603
affiliation of counties or municipal corporations, under the	604
control of the specified county or municipal corporation with	605
that authority, provided that, if the person was convicted of a	606
felony and is serving a residential sanction in the facility,	607
all provisions of law that pertain to persons convicted of a	608
felony that would not by their nature clearly be inapplicable	609
apply regarding the person. A minimum security jail dedicated	610
and used under this section shall be managed and maintained in	611
accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the board of	612
county commissioners or the affiliated counties and municipal	613
corporations governing the safe and healthful operation of the	614
jail, the confinement and supervision of the persons sentenced	615
to it, and their participation in work release or similar	616
rehabilitation programs. In addition to other rules of conduct	617
and discipline, the rights of ingress and egress of persons	618
confined in a minimum security jail dedicated and used under	619
this section shall be subject to reasonable restrictions. Every	620
person confined in a minimum security jail dedicated and used	621
under this section shall be given verbal and written	622
notification, at the time of the person's admission to the jail,	623
that purposely leaving, or purposely failing to return to, the	624
jail without proper authority or permission constitutes the	625
felony offense of escape.	626

(E) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 627 guilty to an offense is sentenced to a term of imprisonment or a 628 residential sanction in a minimum security jail as described in 629 division (B)(1)(a) or (B)(2)(a) of this section, or if a person 630

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is an inmate transferred to a minimum security jail by order of	631
a judge of the sentencing court as described in division (B)(1)	632
(c) or (B)(2)(c) of this section, at the time of reception and	633
at other times the person in charge of the operation of the jail	634
determines to be appropriate, the sheriff or other person in	635
charge of the operation of the jail may cause the convicted	636
offender to be examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV	637
infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A,	638
B, and C, and other contagious diseases. The person in charge of	639
the operation of the jail may cause a convicted offender in the	640
jail who refuses to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV	641
infection, hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A,	642
B, and C, or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	643
involuntarily.	644

Sec. 753.02. (A) The legislative authority of a municipal 645 corporation shall provide by ordinance for sustaining all 646 persons sentenced to or confined in a prison or station house at 647 the expense of the municipal corporation, and in counties where 648 prisons or station houses are in quarters leased from the board 649 of county commissioners, may contract with the board for the 650 care and maintenance of those persons by the sheriff or other 651 person charged with the care and maintenance of county 652 prisoners. On the presentation of bills for food, sustenance, 653 and necessary supplies, to the proper officer, certified by the 654 person whom the legislative authority designates, the officer 655 shall audit the bills under the rules prescribed by the 656 legislative authority, and draw the officer's order on the 657 treasurer of the municipal corporation in favor of the person 658 presenting the bill. 659

(B) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the legislative authority of the municipal corporation may require a 661

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person who was convicted of an offense and who is confined in a 662 prison or station house as provided in division (A) of this 663 section, or a person who was convicted of an offense and who is 664 confined in the county jail as provided in section 1905.35 of 665 the Revised Code, to reimburse the municipal corporation for its 666 expenses incurred by reason of the person's confinement. 667

- (C) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section 668 or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the 669 legislative authority of the municipal corporation may establish 670 a policy that complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code 671 and that requires any person who is not indigent and who is 672 confined in a prison or station house to pay a reception fee, a 673 674 fee for any medical treatment or service requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a random drug test 675 assessed under division (E) of section 753.33 of the Revised 676 Code. 677
- (D) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 678 quilty to an offense is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in a 679 prison or station house as described in division (A) of this 680 section, or if a person who has been arrested for an offense, 681 and who has been denied bail or has had bail set and has not 682 been released on bail is confined in a prison or station house 683 as described in division (A) of this section pending trial, at 684 the time of reception and at other times the person in charge of 685 the operation of the prison or station house determines to be 686 appropriate, the person in charge of the operation of the prison 687 or station house may cause the convicted or accused offender to 688 be examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV-infection, 689 hepatitis, including, but not limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C, 690 and other contagious diseases. The person in charge of the 691 operation of the prison or station house may cause a convicted 692

or accused offender in the prison or station house who refuses	693
to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV-infection,	694
hepatitis, including, but not limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C,	695
or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	696
involuntarily.	697

Sec. 753.04. (A) When a person over sixteen years of age is convicted of an offense under the law of this state or an ordinance of a municipal corporation, and the tribunal before which the conviction is had is authorized by law to commit the offender to the county jail or municipal corporation prison, the court, mayor, or judge of the county court, as the case may be, may sentence the offender to a workhouse.

When a commitment is made from a municipal corporation or township in the county, other than in a municipal corporation having a workhouse, the legislative authority of the municipal corporation or the board of township trustees shall transmit with the mittimus a sum of money equal to not less than seventy cents per day for the time of the commitment, to be placed in the hands of the superintendent of a workhouse for the care and maintenance of the prisoner.

- (B) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the legislative authority of the municipal corporation or the board of township trustees may require a person who is convicted of an offense and who is confined in a workhouse as provided in division (A) of this section, to reimburse the municipal corporation or the township, as the case may be, for its expenses incurred by reason of the person's confinement.
- (C) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the legislative authority of the municipal corporation or board of

township trustees may establish a policy that complies with	723
section 2929.38 of the Revised Code and that requires any person	724
who is not indigent and who is confined in the workhouse under	725
division (A) of this section to pay a reception fee, a fee for	726
any medical treatment or service requested by and provided to	727
that person, or the fee for a random drug test assessed under	728
division (E) of section 753.33 of the Revised Code.	729

(D) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 730 quilty to an offense is incarcerated in a workhouse or if a 731 person who has been arrested for an offense, and who has not 732 been denied bail or has had bail set and has not been released 733 on bail is confined in a workhouse pending trial, at the time of 734 reception and at other times the person in charge of the 735 operation of the workhouse determines to be appropriate, the 736 person in charge of the operation of the workhouse may cause the 737 convicted or accused offender to be examined and tested for 738 tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis, including, but not 739 limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious 740 diseases. The person in charge of the operation of the workhouse 741 may cause a convicted or accused offender in the workhouse who 742 refuses to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV-infection, 743 hepatitis, including, but not limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C, 744 or another contagious disease to be tested and treated 745 involuntarily. 746

Sec. 753.16. (A) Any city or district having a workhouse 747 may receive as inmates of the workhouse persons sentenced or 748 committed to it from counties other than the one in which the 749 workhouse is situated, upon the terms and during the length of 750 time agreed upon by the boards of county commissioners of those 751 counties, or by the legislative authority of a municipal 752 corporation in those counties and the legislative authority of 753

the city, or the board of the district workhouse, or other	754
authority having the management and control of the workhouse.	755
Prisoners so received shall in all respects be and remain under	756
the control of that authority, and shall be subject to the rules	757
and discipline of the workhouse to which the other prisoners	758
detained in the workhouse are subject.	759

- (B) Prior to the acceptance for housing into a jail or 760 workhouse of persons who are designated by the department of 761 rehabilitation and correction, who plead quilty to or are 762 convicted of a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, and who 763 satisfy the other requirements listed in section 5120.161 of the 764 Revised Code, the legislative authority of a municipal 765 corporation having a jail or workhouse, or the joint board 766 managing and controlling a workhouse for the joint use of a 767 municipal corporation and a county shall enter into an agreement 768 with the department of rehabilitation and correction under 769 section 5120.161 of the Revised Code for the housing in the jail 770 or workhouse of persons who are designated by the department, 771 who plead guilty to or are convicted of a felony of the fourth 772 or fifth degree, and who satisfy the other requirements listed 773 in that section, in exchange for a per diem fee per person. 774 Persons incarcerated in the jail or workhouse pursuant to an 775 agreement of that nature shall be subject to supervision and 776 control in the manner described in section 5120.161 of the 777 Revised Code. This division does not affect the authority of a 778 court to directly sentence a person who is convicted of or 779 pleads guilty to a felony to the jail or workhouse in accordance 780 with section 2929.16 of the Revised Code. 781
- (C) Pursuant to section 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the board of county commissioners, the legislative authority of the municipal corporation, or the board or other managing authority

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of the district workhouse may require a person who was convicted

of an offense and who is confined in the workhouse as provided

in division (A) of this section, to reimburse the county,

municipal corporation, or district, as the case may be, for its

expenses incurred by reason of the person's confinement.

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- (D) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section 790 or section 2929.18, 2929.28, or 2929.37 of the Revised Code, the 791 board of county commissioners, the legislative authority of a 792 municipal corporation, or the board or other managing authority 793 794 of the district workhouse may establish a policy that complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code and that requires any 795 person who is not indigent and who is confined in the jail or 796 workhouse under division (A) or (B) of this section to pay a 797 reception fee, a fee for any medical treatment or service 798 requested by and provided to that person, or the fee for a 799 random drug test assessed under division (E) of section 753.33 800 of the Revised Code. 801
- (E) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 802 quilty to an offense is confined in the workhouse as provided in 803 division (A) of this section or is incarcerated in the workhouse 804 in the manner described in division (B) of this section, or if a 805 806 person who has been arrested for an offense, and who has been denied bail or has had bail set and has not been released on 807 bail is confined in the workhouse pending trial, at the time of 808 reception and at other times the person in charge of the 809 operation of the workhouse determines to be appropriate, the 810 person in charge of the operation of the workhouse may cause the 811 convicted or accused offender to be examined and tested for 812 tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis, including but not 813 limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases. 814 The person in charge of the operation of the workhouse may cause 815

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a convicted or accused offender in the workhouse who refuses to	816
be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV—infection, hepatitis,	817
including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, or another	818
contagious disease to be tested and treated involuntarily.	819
Sec. 753.21. (A) As used in this section, "building or	820
structure" includes, but is not limited to, a modular unit,	821
building, or structure and a movable unit, building, or	822
structure.	823
(B)(1) The legislative authority of a municipal	824
corporation, by ordinance, may dedicate and permit the use, as a	825
minimum security jail, of any vacant or abandoned public	826
building or structure owned by the municipal corporation that	827
has not been dedicated to or is not then in use for any	828
municipal or other public purpose, or any building or structure	829
rented or leased by the municipal corporation. The legislative	830
authority of a municipal corporation, by ordinance, also may	831
dedicate and permit the use, as a minimum security jail, of any	832
building or structure purchased by or constructed by or for the	833
municipal corporation. Subject to divisions (B)(3) and (C) of	834
this section, upon the effective date of such an ordinance, the	835
specified building or structure shall be used, in accordance	836
with this section, for the confinement of persons who meet one	837
of the following conditions:	838
(a) The person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment for	839
a traffic violation, a misdemeanor, or a violation of a	840
municipal ordinance and is under the jurisdiction of the	841
municipal corporation or is sentenced to a residential sanction	842
in the jail for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree pursuant	843
to sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code, and the jail	844

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administrator or the jail administrator's designee has

classified the person as a minimal security risk. In determining

the person's classification under this division, the

administrator or designee shall consider all relevant factors,

including, but not limited to, the person's escape risk and

propensity for assaultive or violent behavior, based upon the

person's prior and current behavior.

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- (b) The person is an inmate transferred by order of a judge of the sentencing court upon the request of the sheriff, administrator, jailer, or other person responsible for operating the jail other than a contractor as defined in section 9.06 of the Revised Code, who is named in the request as being suitable for confinement in a minimum security facility.
- (2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation, 858 by ordinance, may affiliate with the county in which it is 859 located, with one or more counties adjacent to the county in 860 which it is located, or with one or more municipal corporations 861 located within the county in which it is located or within an 862 adjacent county, and dedicate and permit the use, as a minimum 863 security jail, of any vacant or abandoned public building or 864 structure owned by any of the affiliating counties or municipal 865 corporations that has not been dedicated to or is not then in 866 use for any public purpose, or any building or structure rented 867 or leased by any of the affiliating counties or municipal 868 corporations. The legislative authority of a municipal 869 corporation, by ordinance, also may affiliate with one or more 870 counties adjacent to the county in which it is located or with 871 one or more municipal corporations located within the county in 872 which it is located or within an adjacent county and dedicate 873 and permit the use, as a minimum security jail, of any building 874 or structure purchased by or constructed by or for any of the 875 affiliating counties or municipal corporations. Any counties and 876

municipal corporations that affiliate for purposes of this	877
division shall enter into an agreement that establishes the	878
responsibilities for the operation and for the cost of operation	879
of the minimum security jail. Subject to divisions (B)(3) and	880
(C) of this section, upon the effective date of an ordinance	881
adopted under this division, the specified building or structure	882
shall be used, in accordance with this section, for the	883
confinement of persons who meet one of the following conditions:	884
(a) The person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment for	885
a traffic violation, a misdemeanor, or a violation of an	886
ordinance of a municipal corporation and is under the	887
jurisdiction of any of the affiliating counties or municipal	888
corporations or is sentenced to a residential sanction in the	889
jail for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree pursuant to	890
sections 2929.11 to 2929.19 of the Revised Code, and the jail	891
administrator or the jail administrator's designee has	892
classified the person as a minimal security risk. In determining	893
the person's classification under this division, the	894
administrator or designee shall consider all relevant factors,	895
including, but not limited to, the person's escape risk and	896
propensity for assaultive or violent behavior, based upon the	897
person's prior and current behavior.	898

(b) The person is an inmate transferred by order of a judge of the sentencing court upon the request of the sheriff, administrator, jailer, or other person responsible for operating the jail other than a contractor as defined in section 9.06 of the Revised Code, who is named in the request as being suitable for confinement in a minimum security facility.

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(3) No person shall be confined in a building or structure 905 dedicated as a minimum security jail under division (B)(1) or 906

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(2) of this section unless the judge who sentenced the person to	907
the term of imprisonment for the traffic violation or the	908
misdemeanor specifies that the term of imprisonment is to be	909
served in that jail, and division (B)(1) or (2) of this section	910
permits the confinement of the person in that jail or unless the	911
judge who sentenced the person to the residential sanction for	912
the felony specifies that the residential sanction is to be	913
served in a jail, and division (B)(1) or (2) of this section	914
permits the confinement of the person in that jail. If a rented	915
or leased building or structure is so dedicated, the building or	916
structure may be used as a minimum security jail only during the	917
period that it is rented or leased by the municipal corporation	918
or by an affiliated county or municipal corporation. If a person	919
convicted of a misdemeanor is confined to a building or	920
structure dedicated as a minimum security jail under division	921
(B)(1) or (2) of this section and the sheriff, administrator,	922
jailer, or other person responsible for operating the jail other	923
than a contractor as defined in division (H) of section 9.06 of	924
the Revised Code determines that it would be more appropriate	925
for the person so confined to be confined in another jail or	926
workhouse facility, the sheriff, administrator, jailer, or other	927
person may transfer the person so confined to a more appropriate	928
jail or workhouse facility.	929

(C) All of the following apply in relation to a building or structure that is dedicated pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of this section for use as a minimum security jail:

(1) To the extent that the use of the building or structure as a minimum security jail requires a variance from any municipal corporation, county, or township zoning ordinances or regulations, the variance shall be granted.

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(2) Except as provided in this section, the building or	937
structure shall not be used to confine any person unless it is	938
in substantial compliance with any applicable housing, fire	939
prevention, sanitation, health, and safety codes, regulations,	940
or standards.	941
(3) Unless such satisfaction or compliance is required	942
under the standards described in division (C)(4) of this	943
section, and notwithstanding any other provision of state or	944
local law to the contrary, the building or structure need not	945
satisfy or comply with any state or local building standard or	946
code in order to be used to confine a person for the purposes	947
specified in division (B) of this section.	948
(4) The building or structure shall not be used to confine	949
any person unless it is in compliance with all minimum standards	950
and minimum renovation, modification, and construction criteria	951
for jails that have been proposed by the department of	952
rehabilitation and correction, through its bureau of adult	953
detention, under section 5120.10 of the Revised Code.	954
(5) The building or structure need not be renovated or	955
modified into a secure detention facility in order to be used	956
solely to confine a person for the purposes specified in	957
divisions (B)(1)(a) and (B)(2)(a) of this section.	958
(6) The building or structure shall be used, equipped,	959
furnished, and staffed to provide adequate and suitable living,	960
sleeping, food service or preparation, drinking, bathing and	961
toilet, sanitation, and other necessary facilities, furnishings,	962
and equipment.	963

(D) Except as provided in this section, a minimum security

jail dedicated and used under this section shall be considered

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to be part of the jail, workhouse, or other correctional	966
facilities of the municipal corporation or the affiliated	967
counties and municipal corporations for all purposes under the	968
law. All persons confined in such a minimum security jail shall	969
be and shall remain, in all respects, under the control of the	970
authority of the municipal corporation that has responsibility	971
for the management and operation of the jail, workhouse, or	972
other correctional facilities of the municipal corporation or,	973
if it is operated by any affiliation of counties or municipal	974
corporations, under the control of the specified county or	975
municipal corporation with that authority, provided that, if the	976
person was convicted of a felony and is serving a residential	977
sanction in the facility, all provisions of law that pertain to	978
persons convicted of a felony that would not by their nature	979
clearly be inapplicable apply regarding the person. A minimum	980
security jail dedicated and used under this section shall be	981
managed and maintained in accordance with policies and	982
procedures adopted by the legislative authority of the municipal	983
corporation or the affiliated counties and municipal	984
corporations governing the safe and healthful operation of the	985
jail, the confinement and supervision of the persons sentenced	986
to it, and their participation in work release or similar	987
rehabilitation programs. In addition to other rules of conduct	988
and discipline, the rights of ingress and egress of persons	989
confined in a minimum security jail dedicated and used under	990
this section shall be subject to reasonable restrictions. Every	991
person confined in a minimum security jail dedicated and used	992
under this section shall be given verbal and written	993
notification, at the time of the person's admission to the jail,	994
that purposely leaving, or purposely failing to return to, the	995
jail without proper authority or permission constitutes the	996
felony offense of escape.	997

(E) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	998
guilty to an offense is sentenced to a term of imprisonment or a	999
residential sanction in a minimum security jail as described in	1000
division (B)(1)(a) or (B)(2)(a) of this section, or if a person	1001
is an inmate transferred to a minimum security jail by order of	1002
a judge of the sentencing court as described in division (B)(1)	1003
(b) or (2)(b) of this section, at the time of reception and at	1004
other times the person in charge of the operation of the jail	1005
determines to be appropriate, the person in charge of the	1006
operation of the jail may cause the convicted offender to be	1007
examined and tested for tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis,	1008
including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, and other	1009
contagious diseases. The person in charge of the operation of	1010
the jail may cause a convicted offender in the jail who refuses	1011
to be tested or treated for tuberculosis, HIV-infection,	1012
hepatitis, including but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C,	1013
or another contagious disease to be tested and treated	1014
involuntarily.	1015

- Sec. 2151.358. (A) The juvenile court shall expunge all 1016 records sealed under section 2151.356 of the Revised Code five 1017 years after the court issues a sealing order or upon the twenty-1018 third birthday of the person who is the subject of the sealing 1019 order, whichever date is earlier. 1020
- (B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, upon 1021 application by the person who has had a record sealed under 1022 section 2151.356 of the Revised Code, the juvenile court may 1023 expunge a record sealed under section 2151.356 of the Revised 1024 Code. In making the determination whether to expunge records, 1025 all of the following apply: 1026
  - (1) The court may require a person filing an application

for expungement to submit any relevant documentation to support 1028 1029 the application. (2) The court may cause an investigation to be made to 1030 determine if the person who is the subject of the proceedings 1031 has been rehabilitated to a satisfactory degree. 1032 (3) The court shall promptly, but not less than thirty 1033 days prior to the hearing, notify the prosecuting attorney of 1034 any proceedings to expunge records. The prosecutor shall provide 1035 timely notice to a victim and the victim's representative, if 1036 applicable, if the victim or victim's representative requested 1037 notice of the proceedings in the underlying case. 1038 (4)(a) The prosecuting attorney may file a response with 1039 the court within thirty days of receiving notice of the 1040 expungement proceedings. 1041 (b) If the prosecuting attorney does not file a response 1042 with the court or if the prosecuting attorney files a response 1043 but indicates that the prosecuting attorney does not object to 1044 the expungement of the records, the court may order the records 1045 of the person that are under consideration to be expunged 1046 without conducting a hearing on the application. If the court 1047 1048 decides in its discretion to conduct a hearing on the application, the court shall conduct the hearing within thirty 1049 1050 days after making that decision and shall give notice, by regular mail, of the date, time, and location of the hearing to 1051 the prosecuting attorney and to the person who is the subject of 1052 the records under consideration. The victim and the victim's 1053 representative, if applicable, may be present and heard orally, 1054 in writing, or both at any hearing under this division. The 1055

court shall consider the oral and written statement of any

victim, victim's representative, and victim's attorney, if

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applicable.	1058
(c) If the prosecuting attorney files a response with the	1059
court that indicates that the prosecuting attorney objects to	1060
the expungement of the records, the court shall conduct a	1061
hearing on the application within thirty days after the court	1062
receives the response. The court shall give notice, by regular	1063
mail, of the date, time, and location of the hearing to the	1064
prosecuting attorney and to the person who is the subject of the	1065
records under consideration. The victim and the victim's	1066
representative, if applicable, may be present and heard orally,	1067
in writing, or both at any hearing under this section. The court	1068
shall consider the oral and written statement of any victim,	1069
victim's representative, and victim's attorney, if applicable.	1070
(5) After conducting a hearing in accordance with division	1071
(B)(4) of this section or after due consideration when a hearing	1072
is not conducted, the court may order the records of the person	1073
that are the subject of the application to be expunded if it	1074
finds that the person has been rehabilitated to a satisfactory	1075
degree. In determining whether the person has been rehabilitated	1076
to a satisfactory degree, the court may consider all of the	1077
following:	1078
(a) The age of the person;	1079
(b) The nature of the case;	1080
(c) The cessation or continuation of delinquent, unruly,	1081
or criminal behavior;	1082
(d) The education and employment history of the person;	1083
(e) Any other circumstances that may relate to the	1084
rehabilitation of the person who is the subject of the records	1085
under consideration.	1086

(C) If the juvenile court is notified by any party in a	1087
civil action that a civil action has been filed based on a case	1088
the records for which are the subject of a sealing order, the	1089
juvenile court shall not expunge a record sealed under section	1090
2151.356 of the Revised Code until the civil action has been	1091
resolved and is not subject to further appellate review, at	1092
which time the records shall be expunded pursuant to division	1093
(A) of this section.	1094
(D)(1) A juvenile court that issues a protection order or	1095
approves a consent agreement under section 2151.34 or 3113.31 of	1096
the Revised Code shall automatically seal all of the records of	1097
the proceeding in which the order was issued or agreement	1098
approved on the date the person against whom the protection	1099
order was issued or the consent agreement approved attains the	1100
age of nineteen years if the court determines that the person	1101
has complied with all of the terms of the protection order or	1102
consent agreement.	1103
(2) In a proceeding under section 2151.34 of the Revised	1104
Code, if the juvenile court does not issue any protection order	1105
under division (E) of that section, the court shall	1106
automatically seal all of the records in that proceeding. In a	1107
proceeding under section 3113.31 of the Revised Code, if the	1108
juvenile court does not issue any protection order or approve	1109
any consent agreement under division (E) of that section, the	1110
court shall automatically seal all of the records in that	1111
proceeding.	1112
(3)(a) If a juvenile court that issues a protection order	1113
or approves a consent agreement under section 2151.34 or 3113.31	1114
of the Revised Code determines that the person against whom the	1115

protection order was issued or the consent agreement approved

has not complied with all of the terms of the protection order	1117
or consent agreement, the court shall consider sealing all of	1118
the records of the proceeding in which the order was issued or	1119
agreement approved upon the court's own motion or upon the	1120
application of a person. The court may make the motion or the	1121
person who is the subject of the records under consideration may	1122
apply for an order sealing the records of the proceeding at any	1123
time after two years after the expiration of the protection	1124
order or consent agreement.	1125
(b) In making a determination whether to seal records	1126
pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section, all of the	1127
following apply:	1128
(i) The court may require a person filing an application	1129
under division (D)(3) of this section to submit any relevant	1130
documentation to support the application.	1131
(ii) The court shall promptly notify the victim or the	1132
victim's attorney of any proceedings to seal records initiated	1133
pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section.	1134
(iii) The victim or the victim's attorney may file a	1135
response with the court within thirty days of receiving notice	1136
of the sealing proceedings.	1137
If the victim or the victim's attorney does not file a	1138
response with the court or if the victim or the victim's	1139
attorney files a response but indicates that the victim or the	1140
victim's attorney does not object to the sealing of the records,	1141

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the court may order the records of the person that are under

consideration to be sealed without conducting a hearing on the

motion or application. If the court decides in its discretion to

conduct a hearing on the motion or application, the court shall

conduct the hearing within thirty days after making that	1146
decision and shall give notice, by regular mail, of the date,	1147
time, and location of the hearing to the victim or the victim's	1148
attorney and to the person who is the subject of the records	1149
under consideration.	1150
If the victim or the victim's attorney files a response	1151
with the court that indicates that the victim or the victim's	1152
attorney objects to the sealing of the records, the court shall	1153
conduct a hearing on the motion or application within thirty	1154
days after the court receives the response. The court shall give	1155
notice, by regular mail, of the date, time, and location of the	1156
hearing to the victim or the victim's attorney and to the person	1157
who is the subject of the records under consideration.	1158
(iv) After conducting a hearing in accordance with	1159
division (D)(3)(b)(iii) of this section or after due	1160
consideration when a hearing is not conducted, the court may	1161
order the records of the person that are the subject of the	1162
motion or application to be sealed.	1163
(4) Inspection of the records sealed pursuant to division	1164
(D)(1), (2), or (3) of this section may be made only by the	1165
following persons or for the following purposes:	1166
(a) By a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, or the	1167
assistants of either, to determine whether the nature and	1168
character of the offense with which a person is to be charged	1169
would be affected by virtue of the person's previously having	1170
been convicted of a crime;	1171
(b) By the parole or probation officer of the person who	1172
is the subject of the records, for the exclusive use of the	1173
officer in supervising the person while on parole or under a	1174

community control sanction or a post-release control sanction,	1175
and in making inquiries and written reports as requested by the	1176
court or adult parole authority;	1177
(c) Upon application by the person who is the subject of	1178
the records, by the persons named in the application;	1179
(d) By a law enforcement officer who was involved in the	1180
case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising	1181
out of the officer's involvement in that case;	1182
(e) By a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting	1183
attorney's assistants, to determine a defendant's eligibility to	1184
enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to	1185
section 2935.36 of the Revised Code;	1186
(f) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	1187
employee of a law enforcement agency or by the department of	1188
rehabilitation and correction as part of a background	1189
investigation of a person who applies for employment with the	1190
agency as a law enforcement officer or with the department as a	1191
corrections officer;	1192
(g) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	1193
employee of a law enforcement agency, for the purposes set forth	1194
in, and in the manner provided in, division (I) of section	1195
2953.34 of the Revised Code;	1196
(h) By the bureau of criminal identification and	1197
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	1198
purpose of providing information to a board or person pursuant	1199
to division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code;	1200
(i) By the bureau of criminal identification and	1201
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	1202
purpose of performing a criminal history records check on a	1203

person to whom a certificate as prescribed in section 109.77 of	1204
the Revised Code is to be awarded;	1205
(j) By the bureau of criminal identification and	1206
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	1207
purpose of conducting a criminal records check of an individual	1208
pursuant to division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code	1209
that was requested pursuant to any of the sections identified in	1210
division (B)(1) of that section;	1211
(k) By the bureau of criminal identification and	1212
investigation, an authorized employee of the bureau, a sheriff,	1213
or an authorized employee of a sheriff in connection with a	1214
criminal records check described in section 311.41 of the	1215
Revised Code;	1216
(1) By the attorney general or an authorized employee of	1217
the attorney general or a court for purposes of determining a	1218
person's classification pursuant to Chapter 2950. of the Revised	1219
Code.	1220
When the nature and character of the offense with which a	1221
person is to be charged would be affected by the information, it	1222
may be used for the purpose of charging the person with an	1223
offense.	1224
(E) In addition to the methods of expungement provided for	1225
in divisions (A) and (B) of this section, a person who has been	1226
adjudicated a delinquent child for having committed an act that	1227
would be a violation of section 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of	1228
the Revised Code if the child were an adult may apply to the	1229
adjudicating court for the expungement of the record of	1230
adjudication if the person's participation in the act was a	1231
result of the person having been a victim of human trafficking.	1232

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The application shall be made in the same manner as an	1233
application for expungement under section 2953.36 of the Revised	1234
Code, and all of the provisions of that section shall apply to	1235
the expungement procedure.	1236
(F) In addition to the methods of expungement provided for	1237
in divisions (A) and (B) of this section, a person who has been	1238
adjudicated a delinquent child for having committed an act that	1239
would be a violation of division (B) of section 2903.11 of the	1240
Revised Code as it existed prior to the effective date of this	1241
amendment if the child were an adult may apply to the	1242
adjudicating court for expungement of the record of	1243
adjudication. The application shall be made in the same manner	1244
as an application for expungement under section 2953.41 of the	1245
Revised Code, and all of the provisions of that section apply to	1246
the expungement procedure.	1247
(G) After the records have been expunged under this	1248
section, the person who is the subject of the expunged records	1249
properly may, and the court shall, reply that no record exists	1250
with respect to the person upon any inquiry in the matter.	1251
Sec. 2152.82. (A) The court that adjudicates a child a	1252
delinquent child shall issue as part of the dispositional order	1253
an order that classifies the child a juvenile offender	1254
registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to comply	1255
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	1256
Revised Code if all of the following apply:	1257
(1) The act for which the child is adjudicated a	1258
delinquent child is a sexually oriented offense or a child-	1259
victim oriented offense that the child committed on or after	1260
January 1, 2002.	1261

(2) The child was fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen	1262
years of age at the time of committing the offense.	1263
(3) The court has determined that the child previously was	1264
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any sexually	1265
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, regardless of	1266
when the prior offense was committed and regardless of the	1267
child's age at the time of committing the offense.	1268
(4) The court is not required to classify the child as	1269
both a juvenile offender registrant and a public registry-	1270
qualified juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.86 of	1271
the Revised Code.	1272
(B) An order required under division (A) of this section	1273
shall be issued at the time the judge makes the order of	1274
disposition for the delinquent child. Prior to issuing the order	1275
required by division (A) of this section, the judge shall	1276
conduct a hearing under section 2152.831 of the Revised Code to	1277
determine whether the child is a tier I sex offender/child-	1278
victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender,	1279
or a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender. If the court	1280
determines that the delinquent child to whom the order applies	1281
is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender and the child	1282
is not a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant,	1283
the judge may impose a requirement subjecting the child to the	1284
victim and community notification provisions of sections 2950.10	1285
and 2950.11 of the Revised Code. When a judge issues an order	1286
under division (A) of this section, all of the following apply:	1287
(1) The judge shall include in the order a statement that,	1288
upon completion of the disposition of the delinquent child that	1289

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was made for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim

oriented offense upon which the order is based, a hearing will

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be conducted, and the order and any determinations included in	1292
the order are subject to modification or termination pursuant to	1293
sections 2152.84—and, 2152.85, and 2950.152 of the Revised Code.	1294
(2) The judge shall provide to the delinquent child and to	1295
the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian the notice	1296
required under divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the	1297
Revised Code and shall provide as part of that notice a copy of	1298
the order.	1299
(3) The judge shall include the order in the delinquent	1300
child's dispositional order and shall specify in the	1301
dispositional order that the order issued under division (A) of	1302
this section was made pursuant to this section.	1303
(4) If the court determines that the delinquent child to	1304
whom the order applies is a tier III sex offender/child-victim	1305
offender, if the child is not a public registry-qualified	1306
juvenile offender registrant, and if the judge imposes a	1307
requirement subjecting the child to the victim and community	1308
notification provisions of sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the	1309
Revised Code, the judge shall include the requirement in the	1310
order.	1311
(5) The court shall include in the order its determination	1312
made at the hearing held under section 2151.831 of the Revised	1313
Code as to whether the delinquent child is a tier I sex	1314
offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-	1315
victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim	1316
offender.	1317
(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, an	1318
order issued under division (A) of this section and any	1319
determinations included in the order shall remain in effect for	1320

the period of time specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised	1321
Code, subject to a modification or termination of the order	1322
under section 2152.84 <del>or</del> , 2152.85, or 2950.152 of the Revised	1323
Code, and section 2152.851 of the Revised Code applies regarding	1324
the order and the determinations. If an order is issued under	1325
division (A) of this section, the child's attainment of eighteen	1326
or twenty-one years of age does not affect or terminate the	1327
order, and the order remains in effect for the period of time	1328
described in this division.	1329
(D) If a court issues an order under division (A) of this	1330
section before January 1, 2008, not later than February 1, 2008,	1331
the court shall terminate the order and issue a new order that	1332
reclassifies the child as both a juvenile offender registrant	1333
and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant	1334
pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code if the court	1335
imposed on the child a serious youthful offender dispositional	1336
sentence under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code and if the	1337
act that was the basis of the classification of the delinquent	1338
child as a juvenile offender registrant and is the basis of the	1339
serious youthful offender dispositional sentence is any of the	1340
following:	1341
(1) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to	1342
commit, or complicity in committing a violation of section	1343
2907.02 of the Revised Code, division (B) of section 2907.05 of	1344
the Revised Code, or section 2907.03 of the Revised Code if the	1345
victim of the violation was less than twelve years of age;	1346
(2) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to	1347

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commit, or complicity in committing a violation of section

2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was

committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires

of the child. 1351 Sec. 2152.83. (A)(1) The court that adjudicates a child a 1352 delinquent child shall issue as part of the dispositional order 1353 or, if the court commits the child for the delinquent act to the 1354 custody of a secure facility, shall issue at the time of the 1355 child's release from the secure facility an order that 1356 classifies the child a juvenile offender registrant and 1357 specifies that the child has a duty to comply with sections 1358 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code if 1359 all of the following apply: 1360 (a) The act for which the child is or was adjudicated a 1361 delinquent child is a sexually oriented offense or a child-1362 victim oriented offense that the child committed on or after 1363 January 1, 2002. 1364 (b) The child was sixteen or seventeen years of age at the 1365 time of committing the offense. 1366 (c) The court was not required to classify the child a 1367 juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the 1368 Revised Code or as both a juvenile offender registrant and a 1369 public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant under 1370 section 2152.86 of the Revised Code. 1371 (2) Prior to issuing the order required by division (A)(2) 1372 of this section, the judge shall conduct a hearing under section 1373 2152.831 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise provided in 1374 that section, to determine whether the child is a tier I sex 1375 offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-1376 victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim 1377 offender. When a judge issues an order under division (A)(1) of 1378 1379 this section, the judge shall include in the order the

determinations identified in division (B)(5) of section 2152.82	1380
of the Revised Code.	1381
(B)(1) The court that adjudicates a child a delinquent	1382
child, on the judge's own motion, may conduct at the time of	1383
disposition of the child or, if the court commits the child for	1384
the delinquent act to the custody of a secure facility, may	1385
conduct at the time of the child's release from the secure	1386
facility a hearing for the purposes described in division (B)(2)	1387
of this section if all of the following apply:	1388
(a) The act for which the child is adjudicated a	1389
delinquent child is a sexually oriented offense or a child-	1390
victim oriented offense that the child committed on or after	1391
January 1, 2002.	1392
(b) The child was fourteen or fifteen years of age at the	1393
time of committing the offense.	1394
(c) The court was not required to classify the child a	1395
juvenile offender registrant under section 2152.82 of the	1396
Revised Code or as both a juvenile offender registrant and a	1397
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant under	1398
section 2152.86 of the Revised Code.	1399
(2) A judge shall conduct a hearing under division (B)(1)	1400
of this section to review the effectiveness of the disposition	1401
made of the child and of any treatment provided for the child	1402
placed in a secure setting and to determine whether the child	1403
should be classified a juvenile offender registrant. The judge	1404
may conduct the hearing on the judge's own initiative or based	1405
upon a recommendation of an officer or employee of the	1406
department of youth services, a probation officer, an employee	1407
of the court, or a prosecutor or law enforcement officer. If the	1408

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judge conducts the hearing, upon completion of the hearing, the	1409
judge, in the judge's discretion and after consideration of the	1410
factors listed in division (E) of this section, shall do either	1411
of the following:	1412
(a) Decline to issue an order that classifies the child a	1413
juvenile offender registrant and specifies that the child has a	1414
duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	1415
2950.06 of the Revised Code;	1416
(b) Issue an order that classifies the child a juvenile	1417
offender registrant and specifies that the child has a duty to	1418
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	1419
the Revised Code and that states the determination that the	1420
judge makes at the hearing held pursuant to section 2152.831 of	1421
the Revised Code as to whether the child is a tier I sex	1422
offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-	1423
victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim	1424
offender.	1425
(C)(1) Prior to issuing an order under division (B)(2)(b)	1426
of this section, the judge shall conduct a hearing under section	1427
2152.831 of the Revised Code to determine whether the child is a	1428
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex	1429
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1430
offender/child-victim offender. The judge may hold the hearing	1431
at the same time as the hearing under division (B) of this	1432
section.	1433
(2) If a judge issues an order under division (A) or (B)	1434
of this section and the court determines that the delinquent	1435
child to whom the order applies is a tier III sex	1436
offender/child-victim offender and the child is not a public	1437
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the judge may	1438

impose a requirement subjecting the child to the victim and	1439
community notification provisions of sections 2950.10 and	1440
2950.11 of the Revised Code. If the judge imposes a requirement	1441
subjecting the child to the victim and community notification	1442
provisions of sections 2950.10 and 2950.11 of the Revised Code,	1443
the judge shall include the requirement in the order.	1444
(3) If a judge issues an order under division (A) or (B)	1445
of this section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child	1446
and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a	1447
copy of the order and a notice containing the information	1448
described in divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the	1449
Revised Code. The judge shall provide the notice at the time of	1450
the issuance of the order and shall comply with divisions (B)	1451
and (C) of that section regarding that notice and the provision	1452
of it.	1453
The judge also shall include in the order a statement	1454
that, upon completion of the disposition of the delinquent child	1455
that was made for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	1456
oriented offense upon which the order is based, a hearing will	1457
be conducted and the order is subject to modification or	1458
termination pursuant to <u>section_sections_2152.84</u> and <u>2950.152</u> of	1459
the Revised Code.	1460
(D) In making a decision under division (B) of this	1461
section as to whether a delinquent child should be classified a	1462
juvenile offender registrant, a judge shall consider all	1463
relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the	1464
following:	1465
(1) The nature of the sexually oriented offense or the	1466

child-victim oriented offense committed by the child;

(2) Whether the child has shown any genuine remorse or	1468
compunction for the offense;	1469
(3) The public interest and safety;	1470
(4) The factors set forth in division (K) of section	1471
2950.11 of the Revised Code, provided that references in the	1472
factors as set forth in that division to "the offender" shall be	1473
construed for purposes of this division to be references to "the	1474
delinquent child;"	1475
(5) The factors set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of	1476
section 2929.12 of the Revised Code as those factors apply	1477
regarding the delinquent child, the offense, and the victim;	1478
(6) The results of any treatment provided to the child and	1479
of any follow-up professional assessment of the child.	1480
(E) An order issued under division (A) or (B) of this	1481
section and any determinations included in the order shall	1482
remain in effect for the period of time specified in section	1483
2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a modification or	1484
termination of the order under section 2152.84 or 2950.152 of	1485
the Revised Code, and section 2152.851 of the Revised Code	1486
applies regarding the order and the determinations. The child's	1487
attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does not	1488
affect or terminate the order, and the order remains in effect	1489
for the period of time described in this division.	1490
(F) If a court issues an order under division (A) or (B)	1491
of this section before January 1, 2008, not later than February	1492
1, 2008, the court shall terminate the order and issue a new	1493
order that reclassifies the child as both a juvenile offender	1494
registrant and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender	1495
registrant pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code if	1496

the court imposed on the child a serious youthful offender	1497
dispositional sentence under section 2152.13 of the Revised Code	1498
and if the act that was the basis of the classification of the	1499
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant and is the	1500
basis of the serious youthful offender dispositional sentence is	1501
any of the following:	1502
(1) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to	1503
commit, or complicity in committing a violation of section	1504
2907.02 of the Revised Code, division (B) of section 2907.05 of	1505
the Revised Code, or section 2907.03 of the Revised Code if the	1506
victim of the violation was less than twelve years of age;	1507
(2) Committing, attempting to commit, conspiring to	1508
commit, or complicity in committing a violation of section	1509
2903.01, 2903.02, or 2905.01 of the Revised Code that was	1510
committed with a purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires	1511
of the child.	1512
(G) As used in this section, "secure facility" has the	1513
same meaning as in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	1514
Sec. 2152.84. (A)(1) When a juvenile court judge issues an	1515
order under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B) of section	1516
2152.83 of the Revised Code that classifies a delinquent child a	1517
juvenile offender registrant and specifies that the child has a	1518
duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	1519
2950.06 of the Revised Code, upon completion of the disposition	1520
of that child made for the sexually oriented offense or the	1521
child-victim oriented offense on which the juvenile offender	1522
registrant order was based, the judge or the judge's successor	1523
in office shall conduct a hearing to review the effectiveness of	1524
the disposition and of any treatment provided for the child, to	1525

determine the risks that the child might re-offend, to determine

whether the prior classification of the child as a juvenile	1527
offender registrant should be continued or terminated as	1528
provided under division (A)(2) of this section, and to determine	1529
whether its prior determination made at the hearing held	1530
pursuant to section 2152.831 of the Revised Code as to whether	1531
the child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier	1532
II sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1533
offender/child-victim offender should be continued or modified	1534
as provided under division (A)(2) of this section.	1535
(2) Upon completion of a hearing under division (A)(1) of	1536
this section, the judge, in the judge's discretion and after	1537
consideration of all relevant factors, including but not limited	1538
to, the factors listed in division (D) of section 2152.83 of the	1539
Revised Code, shall do one of the following as applicable:	1540
(a) Enter an order that continues the classification of	1541
the delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant made in	1542
the prior order issued under section 2152.82 or division (A) or	1543
(B) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code and the prior	1544
determination included in the order that the child is a tier I	1545
sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex	1546
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1547
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable;	1548
(b) If the prior order was issued under division (B) of	1549
section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, enter an order that	1550
contains a determination that the delinquent child no longer is	1551
a juvenile offender registrant and no longer has a duty to	1552
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	1553
the Revised Code. An order issued under division (A)(2)(b) of	1554
this section also terminates all prior determinations that the	1555

child is a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II

sex offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1557
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable.	1558
Division (A)(2)(b) of this section does not apply to a prior	1559
order issued under section 2152.82 or division (A) of section	1560
2152.83 of the Revised Code.	1561
(c) If the prior order was issued under section 2152.82 or	1562
division (A) or (B) of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code,	1563
enter an order that continues the classification of the	1564
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant made in the	1565
prior order issued under section 2152.82 or division (A) or (B)	1566
of section 2152.83 of the Revised Code, and that modifies the	1567
prior determination made at the hearing held pursuant to section	1568
2152.831 of the Revised Code that the child is a tier I sex	1569
offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-	1570
victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim	1571
offender, whichever is applicable. An order issued under	1572
division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall not include a	1573
determination that increases to a higher tier the tier	1574
classification of the delinquent child. An order issued under	1575
division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall specify the new	1576
determination made by the court at a hearing held pursuant to	1577
division (A)(1) of this section as to whether the child is a	1578
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex	1579
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1580
offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable.	1581
(B)(1) If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(a)	1582
of this section that continues the prior classification of the	1583
delinquent child as a juvenile offender registrant and the prior	1584
determination included in the order that the child is a tier I	1585
sex offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex	1586
offender/child-victim offender, or a tier III sex	1587

offender/child-victim offender, whichever is applicable, the	1588
prior classification and the prior determination shall remain in	1589
effect.	1590
(2) A judge may issue an order under division (A)(2)(c) of	1591
this section that contains a determination that reclassifies a	1592
child from a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender	1593
classification to a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender	1594
classification or to a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender	1595
classification.	1596
	4.5.05
A judge may issue an order under division (A)(2)(c) of	1597
this section that contains a determination that reclassifies a	1598
child from a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender	1599
classification. A judge may not issue an order under that	1600
division that contains a determination that reclassifies a child	1601
from a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender classification	1602
to a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender classification.	1603
A judge may not issue an order under division (A)(2)(c) of	1604
this section that contains a determination that reclassifies a	1605
child from a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender	1606
classification to a tier II sex offender/child-victim offender	1607
classification or to a tier III sex offender/child-victim	1608
offender classification.	1609
If a judge issues an order under this division that	1610
contains a determination that reclassifies a child, the judge	1611
shall provide a copy of the order to the delinquent child and	1612
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, and the	1613
bureau, upon receipt of the copy of the order, promptly shall	1614
notify the sheriff with whom the child most recently registered	1615
under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code of the	1616

determination and reclassification.

(3) If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(b) of	1618
this section that declassifies the delinquent child as a	1619
juvenile offender registrant, the judge shall provide a copy of	1620
the order to the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, and the bureau, upon receipt of the copy of the order, promptly shall notify the sheriff with whom the child	1621
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	1623
most recently registered under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of	1624
the Revised Code of the declassification.	1625

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- (C) If a judge issues an order under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the judge shall provide to the delinquent child and to the delinquent child's parent, guardian, or custodian a copy of the order and, if applicable, a notice containing the information described in divisions (A) and (B) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code. The judge shall provide the notice at the time of the issuance of the order and shall comply with divisions (B) and (C) of that section regarding that notice and the provision of it.
- (D) An order issued under division (A)(2)(a) or (c) of 1635 this section and any determinations included in the order shall 1636 remain in effect for the period of time specified in section 1637 2950.07 of the Revised Code, subject to a modification or 1638 termination of the order under section 2152.85 or 2950.152 of 1639 the Revised Code, and section 2152.851 of the Revised Code 1640 applies regarding the order and the determinations. If an order 1641 is issued under division (A)(2)(a) or (c) of this section, the 1642 child's attainment of eighteen or twenty-one years of age does 1643 not affect or terminate the order, and the order remains in 1644 effect for the period of time described in this division. 1645
- (E) The provisions of this section do not apply to a 1646 delinquent child who is classified as both a juvenile offender 1647

registrant and a public registry-qualified juvenile offender 1648 registrant pursuant to section 2152.86 of the Revised Code. 1649

Sec. 2152.851. If, prior to January 1, 2008, a judge 1650 issues an order under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 1651 2152.85 of the Revised Code that classifies a delinquent child a 1652 juvenile offender registrant based on an adjudication for a 1653 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense as 1654 those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code 1655 prior to January 1, 2008, and if, on and after January 1, 2008, 1656 the offense upon which the order was based is a sexually 1657 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense as those 1658 terms are defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code on and 1659 after January 1, 2008, notwithstanding the changes to sections 1660 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, and 2152.85 of the Revised Code made 1661 on January 1, 2008, on and after that date, the order shall 1662 remain in effect for the period described in the section under 1663 which it was issued as that section exists on and after January 1664 1, 2008, subject to subsequent modification or termination under 1665 section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15, or 2950.152 of the Revised 1666 Code, or, if division (A)(3) of section 2152.86 of the Revised 1667 Code applies regarding the child, for the period described in 1668 division (C) of that section subject to modification or 1669 termination under section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15 of the 1670 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, and the duty to comply 1671 with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 1672 Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, shall be considered, 1673 for purposes of section 2950.07 of the Revised Code and for all 1674 other purposes, to be a continuation of the duty imposed upon 1675 the child prior to January 1, 2008, under the order issued under 1676 section 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, or 2152.85 and Chapter 2950. 1677 of the Revised Code. 1678

Sec. 2301.57. (A) For each person who is confined in a 1679 community-based correctional facility or district community-1680 based correctional facility as provided in sections 2301.51 to 1681 2301.58 of the Revised Code, the facility may make a 1682 determination as to whether the person is covered under a health 1683 insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan and, if the 1684 person has such coverage, what terms and conditions are imposed 1685 by it for the filing and payment of claims. 1686

- (B) If, pursuant to division (A) of this section, it is 1687 determined that the person is covered under a policy, contract, 1688 or plan and, while that coverage is in force, the correctional 1689 facility renders or arranges for the rendering of health care 1690 services to the person in accordance with the terms and 1691 conditions of the policy, contract, or plan, the person, 1692 facility, or provider of the health care services, as 1693 appropriate under the terms and conditions of the policy, 1694 contract, or plan, shall promptly submit a claim for payment for 1695 the health care services to the appropriate third-party payer 1696 and shall designate, or make any other arrangement necessary to 1697 ensure, that payment of any amount due on the claim be made to 1698 1699 the facility or provider, as the case may be.
- (C) This section also applies to any person who is under 1700 the custody of a law enforcement officer, as defined in section 1701 2901.01 of the Revised Code, prior to the person's confinement 1702 in the correctional facility. 1703
- (D) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this section 1704 or section 2929.18, 2929.21, 2929.26, or 2929.37 of the Revised 1705 Code, the facility governing board may establish a policy that 1706 complies with section 2929.38 of the Revised Code and that 1707 requires any person who is not indigent and who is confined in 1708

the community-based correctional facility or district community-	1709
based correctional facility to pay a reception fee.	1710
(E) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	1711
guilty to an offense is confined in a community-based	1712
correctional facility or district community-based correctional	1713
facility, the person in charge of the facility's operation may	1714
cause the offender, at the time of reception and at other times	1715
the person in charge of the operation of the facility determines	1716
to be appropriate, to be examined and tested for tuberculosis,	1717
HIV-infection, hepatitis, including, but not limited to,	1718
hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases. The person	1719
in charge of the facility's operation may cause an offender in	1720
the facility who refuses to be tested or treated for	1721
tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis, including, but not	1722
limited to, hepatitis A, B, and C, or another contagious disease	1723
to be tested and treated involuntarily.	1724
Sec. 2903.11. (A) No person shall knowingly do either of	1725
the following:	1726
(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's	1727
unborn;	1728
(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or	1729
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous	1730
ordnance.	1731
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	1732
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	1733
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall knowingly do any of the	1734
following:	1735
(1) Engage in sexual conduct with another person without	1736
disclosing that knowledge to the other person prior to engaging	1737

in the sexual conduct;	1738
(2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the	1739
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the	1740
mental capacity to appreciate the significance of the knowledge-	1741
that the offender has tested positive as a carrier of a virus	1742
that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;	1743
(3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen	1744
years of age who is not the spouse of the offender.	1745
(C) The prosecution of a person under this section does	1746
not preclude prosecution of that person under section 2907.02 of	1747
the Revised Code.	1748
$\frac{(D)(1)(a)-(C)(1)(a)}{(D)(a)}$ Whoever violates this section is	1749
guilty of felonious assault. Except as otherwise provided in	1750
this division or division $\frac{(D)(1)(b)}{(C)(1)(b)}$ of this section,	1751
felonious assault is a felony of the second degree. If the	1752
victim of a violation of division (A) of this section is a peace	1753
officer or an investigator of the bureau of criminal	1754
identification and investigation, felonious assault is a felony	1755
of the first degree.	1756
(b) Regardless of whether the felonious assault is a	1757
felony of the first or second degree under division $\frac{(D)}{(1)}\frac{(1)}{(a)}$	1758
(C)(1)(a) of this section, if the offender also is convicted of	1759
or pleads guilty to a specification as described in section	1760
2941.1423 of the Revised Code that was included in the	1761
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the	1762
offense, except as otherwise provided in this division or unless	1763
a longer prison term is required under any other provision of	1764
law, the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison	1765
term as provided in division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the	1766

Revised Code. If the victim of the offense is a peace officer or	1767
an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	1768
investigation, and if the victim suffered serious physical harm	1769
as a result of the commission of the offense, felonious assault	1770
is a felony of the first degree, and the court, pursuant to	1771
division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall	1772
impose as a mandatory prison term one of the definite prison	1773
terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree in division	1774
(A)(1)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, except that if	1775
the violation is committed on or after-the effective date of-	1776
this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the	1777
minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory prison term that	1778
is one of the minimum terms prescribed for a felony of the first	1779
degree in division (A)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	1780
Code.	1781

- (2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to 1782 division  $\frac{(D)(1)}{(C)}(C)$  (1) of this section for felonious assault 1783 committed in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of this 1784 section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads quilty 1785 to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of 1786 the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in 1787 the indictment, or information charging the offense, the court 1788 shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term under 1789 division (B)(9) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. 1790
- (3) If the victim of a felonious assault committed in 1791 violation of division (A) of this section is a child under ten 1792 years of age and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads 1793 guilty to a specification of the type described in section 1794 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that was included in the 1795 indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the 1796 offense, in addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to 1797

division $\frac{(D)(1)-(C)(1)}{(D)(1)}$ of this section, the court shall sentence	1798
the offender to a mandatory prison term pursuant to division (B)	1799
(10) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	1800
(4) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to	1801
division $\frac{(D)(1)-(C)(1)}{(D)(D)}$ of this section for felonious assault	1802
committed in violation of division (A)(2) of this section, if	1803
the deadly weapon used in the commission of the violation is a	1804
motor vehicle, the court shall impose upon the offender a class	1805
two suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial	1806
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	1807
license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in	1808
division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	1809
(E) (D) As used in this section:	1810
(1) "Deadly weapon" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same	1811
meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	1812
(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section	1813
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	1814
(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	1815
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1816
(4) "Sexual conduct" has the same meaning as in section	1817
2907.01 of the Revised Code, except that, as used in this	1818
section, it does not include the insertion of an instrument,	1819
apparatus, or other object that is not a part of the body into-	1820
the vaginal or anal opening of another, unless the offender knew	1821
at the time of the insertion that the instrument, apparatus, or	1822
other object carried the offender's bodily fluid.	1823
(5)—"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	1824
and investigation" means an investigator of the bureau of	1825
criminal identification and investigation who is commissioned by	1826

the superintendent of the bureau as a special agent for the	1827
purpose of assisting law enforcement officers or providing	1828
emergency assistance to peace officers pursuant to authority	1829
granted under section 109.541 of the Revised Code.	1830
$\frac{(6)-(5)}{(5)}$ "Investigator" has the same meaning as in section	1831
109.541 of the Revised Code.	1832
$\frac{(F)-(E)}{(E)}$ The provisions of division $\frac{(D)-(C)-(C)}{(C)}$ of this	1833
section and of division (F)(20) of section 2929.13, divisions	1834
(B)(9) and (C)(6) of section 2929.14, and section 2941.1425 of	1835
the Revised Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	1836
Sec. 2907.24. (A) No person shall knowingly solicit	1837
another to engage in sexual activity for hire in exchange for	1838
the person receiving anything of value from the other person.	1839
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	1840
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	1841
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall engage in conduct in violation-	1842
of division (A) of this section.	1843
(C)(1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	1844
guilty of soliciting. Soliciting is, a misdemeanor of the third	1845
degree.	1846
(2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is	1847
guilty of engaging in solicitation after a positive HIV test. If	1848
the offender commits the violation prior to July 1, 1996,	1849
engaging in solicitation after a positive HIV test is a felony-	1850
of the second degree. If the offender commits the violation on-	1851
or after July 1, 1996, engaging in solicitation after a positive-	1852
HIV test is a felony of the third degree.	1853
$\frac{(D)-(C)}{(D)}$ As used in this section, "sexual activity for	1854
hire" means an implicit or explicit agreement to provide sexual	1855

activity in exchange for anything of value paid to the person	1856
engaging in such sexual activity, to any person trafficking that	1857
person, or to any person associated with either such person.	1858
Sec. 2907.241. (A) No person, with purpose to solicit	1859
another to engage in sexual activity for hire and while in or	1860
near a public place, shall do any of the following:	1861
(1) Beckon to, stop, or attempt to stop another;	1862
(2) Engage or attempt to engage another in conversation;	1863
(3) Stop or attempt to stop the operator of a vehicle or	1864
approach a stationary vehicle;	1865
(4) If the offender is the operator of or a passenger in a	1866
vehicle, stop, attempt to stop, beckon to, attempt to beckon to,	1867
or entice another to approach or enter the vehicle of which the	1868
offender is the operator or in which the offender is the	1869
passenger;	1870
(5) Interfere with the free passage of another.	1871
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	1872
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	1873
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall engage in conduct in violation-	1874
of division (A) of this section.	1875
(C)—As used in this section:	1876
(1) "Vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 4501.01	1877
of the Revised Code.	1878
(2) "Public place" means any of the following:	1879
(a) A street, road, highway, thoroughfare, bikeway,	1880
walkway, sidewalk, bridge, alley, alleyway, plaza, park,	1881
driveway, parking lot, or transportation facility;	1882

(b) A doorway or entrance way to a building that fronts on	1883
a place described in division (C)(2)(a) (B)(2)(a) of this	1884
section;	1885
(c) A place not described in division <del>(C)(2)(a) (B)(2)(a)</del>	1886
or (b) of this section that is open to the public.	1887
(D)(1) (C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section	1888
is guilty of loitering to engage in solicitation, a misdemeanor	1889
of the third degree.	1890
(2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is-	1891
guilty of loitering to engage in solicitation after a positive	1892
HIV test. If the offender commits the violation prior to July 1,	1893
1996, loitering to engage in solicitation after a positive HIV	1894
test is a felony of the fourth degree. If the offender commits-	1895
the violation on or after July 1, 1996, loitering to engage in	1896
solicitation after a positive HIV test is a felony of the fifth-	1897
<del>degree.</del>	1898
Sec. 2907.25. (A) No person shall engage in sexual	1899
activity for hire.	1900
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	1901
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	1902
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall engage in sexual activity for-	1903
hire.	1904
(C)(1)—Whoever violates division (A) of—this section is	1905
guilty of prostitution, a misdemeanor of the third degree.	1906
(2) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is	1907
guilty of engaging in prostitution after a positive HIV test. If	1908
the offender commits the violation prior to July 1, 1996,	1909
engaging in prostitution after a positive HIV test is a felony	1910
of the second degree. If the offender commits the violation on	1911

or after July 1, 1996, engaging in prostitution after a positive	1912
HIV test is a felony of the third degree.	1913
Sec. 2907.27. (A)(1) If a person is charged with a	1914
violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.24,	1915
2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code or with a violation of	1916
a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to any of	1917
those sections, the arresting authorities or a court, upon the	1918
request of the prosecutor in the case or upon the request of the	1919
victim, shall cause the accused to submit to one or more	1920
appropriate tests to determine if the accused has a venereal	1921
disease.	1922
(2) If the accused is found to have a venereal disease in	1923
an infectious stage, the accused shall be required to submit to	1924
medical treatment for that disease. The cost of the medical	1925
treatment shall be charged to and paid by the accused who	1926
undergoes the treatment. If the accused is indigent, the court	1927
shall order the accused to report to a facility operated by a	1928
city health district or a general health district for treatment.	1929
If the accused is convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense	1930
with which the accused is charged and is placed under a	1931
community control sanction, a condition of community control	1932
shall be that the offender submit to and faithfully follow a	1933
course of medical treatment for the venereal disease. If the	1934
offender does not seek the required medical treatment, the court	1935
may revoke the offender's community control and order the	1936
offender to undergo medical treatment during the period of the	1937
offender's incarceration and to pay the cost of that treatment.	1938
(B)(1)(a) If a person is charged with a violation of	1939

division (B) of section 2903.11 or of section 2907.02, 2907.03,

2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.12, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the

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Revised Code, with a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	1942
substantially equivalent to that division or any of those	1943
sections, or with a violation of a statute or municipal	1944
ordinance in which by force or threat of force the accused	1945
compelled the victim to engage in sexual activity, the court,	1946
upon the request of the prosecutor in the case, upon the request	1947
of the victim, or upon the request of any other person whom the	1948
court reasonably believes had contact with the accused in	1949
circumstances related to the violation that could have resulted	1950
in the transmission to that person of the human immunodeficiency	1951
virus, shall cause the accused to submit to one or more tests	1952
designated by the director of health under section 3701.241 of	1953
the Revised Code to determine if the accused is infected with	1954
HIV. The court shall cause the accused to submit to the test or	1955
tests within forty-eight hours after the indictment,	1956
information, or complaint is presented. The court shall order	1957
follow-up tests for HIV as may be medically appropriate.	1958

- (b) The court, upon the request of the prosecutor in the 1959 case, upon the request of the victim with the agreement of the 1960 prosecutor, or upon the request of any other person with the 1961 agreement of the prosecutor, may cause an accused who is charged 1962 with a violation of any division or section of the Revised Code 1963 or any municipal ordinance not described in division (B)(1)(a) 1964 of this section to submit to one or more tests so designated by 1965 the director of health if the circumstances of the violation 1966 indicate probable cause to believe that the accused, if the 1967 accused is infected with HIV, might have transmitted HIV to any 1968 of the following persons in committing the violation: 1969
- (i) In relation to a request made by the prosecuting 1970 attorney, to the victim or to any other person; 1971

(ii) In relation to a request made by the victim, to the	1972
victim making the request;	1973
(iii) In relation to a request made by any other person,	1974
to the person making the request.	1975
(c) The results of a test conducted under division (B)(1)	1976
(a) of this section shall be provided as soon as practicable to	1977
the victim, or the parent or guardian of the victim, and the	1978
accused. The results of any follow-up test conducted under that	1979
division also shall be provided as soon as practicable to the	1980
victim, or the parent or guardian of the victim, and the	1981
accused. The results of a test performed under division (B)(1)	1982
(b) of this section shall be communicated in confidence to the	1983
court, the court shall inform the accused of the result, and the	1984
court shall inform the victim that the test was performed and	1985
that the victim has a right to receive the results on request.	1986
Additionally, for a test under either division (B)(1)(a) or (b)	1987
of this section, all of the following apply:	1988
(i) If the test was performed upon the request of a person	1989
other than the prosecutor in the case and other than the victim,	1990
the court shall inform the person who made the request that the	1991
test was performed and that the person has a right to receive	1992
the results upon request.	1993
(ii) Regardless of who made the request that was the basis	1994
of the test being performed, if the court reasonably believes	1995
that, in circumstances related to the violation, a person other	1996
than the victim had contact with the accused that could have	1997
resulted in the transmission of HIV to that person, the court	1998
may inform that person that the test was performed and that the	1999
person has a right to receive the results of the test on	2000
request.	2001

(iii) If the accused tests positive for HIV, the test	2002
results shall be reported to the department of health in	2003
accordance with section 3701.24 of the Revised Code and to the	2004
sheriff, head of the state correctional institution, or other	2005
person in charge of any jail or prison in which the accused is	2006
incarcerated.	2007
(iv) If the accused tests positive for HIV and the accused	2008
was charged with, and was convicted of or pleaded guilty to, a	2009
violation of section 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the	2010
Revised Code or a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	2011
substantially equivalent to any of those sections, the test	2012
results also shall be reported to the law enforcement agency	2013
that arrested the accused, and the law enforcement agency may	2014
use the test results as the basis for any future charge of a	2015
violation of division (B) of any of those sections or a	2016
violation of a municipal ordinance that is substantially	2017
equivalent to division (B) of any of those sections.	2018
(v) Except as otherwise provided in the first paragraph in	2019
division (B)(1)(c) of this section or in division (B)(1)(c)(i),	2020
(ii), (iii), or (iv) of this section, no disclosure of the test	2021
results or the fact that a test was performed shall be made,	2022
other than as evidence in a grand jury proceeding or as evidence	2023
in a judicial proceeding in accordance with the Rules of	2024
Evidence.	2025
(vi) If the test result is negative, and the charge has	2026
not been dismissed or if the accused has been convicted of the	2027
charge or a different offense arising out of the same	2028
circumstances as the offense charged, the court shall order that	2029
the test be repeated not earlier than three months nor later	2030
than six months after the original test.	2031

(2) If an accused who is free on bond refuses to submit to	2032
a test ordered by the court pursuant to division (B)(1) of this	2033
section, the court may order that the accused's bond be revoked	2034
and that the accused be incarcerated until the test is	2035
performed. If an accused who is incarcerated refuses to submit	2036
to a test ordered by the court pursuant to division (B)(1) of	2037
this section, the court shall order the person in charge of the	2038
jail or prison in which the accused is incarcerated to take any	2039
action necessary to facilitate the performance of the test,	2040
including the forcible restraint of the accused for the purpose	2041
of drawing blood to be used in the test.	2042
(3) A state agency, a political subdivision of the state,	2043
or an employee of a state agency or of a political subdivision	2044
of the state is immune from liability in a civil action to	2045
recover damages for injury, death, or loss to person or property	2046
allegedly caused by any act or omission in connection with the	2047
performance of the duties required under division (B)(2) of this	2048
section unless the acts or omissions are with malicious purpose,	2049
in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.	2050
(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent	2051
a court in which a person is charged with any offense specified	2052
in division (A)(1) or (B)(1)(a) of this section from ordering at	2053
any time during which the complaint, information, or indictment	2054
is pending, that the accused submit to one or more appropriate	2055
tests to determine if the accused has a venereal disease or HIV.	2056
(D) As used in this section:	2057
(1) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	2058

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in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.

(2) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus.

Sec. 2907.28. (A) Any cost incurred by a hospital or	2061
emergency medical facility in conducting a medical examination	2062
of a victim of an offense under any provision of sections	2063
2907.02 to 2907.06 of the Revised Code for the purpose of	2064
gathering physical evidence for a possible prosecution,	2065
including the cost of any antibiotics administered as part of	2066
the examination and the cost of HIV post-exposure prophylaxis	2067
provided as part of the examination, shall be paid out of the	2068
reparations fund established pursuant to section 2743.191 of the	2069
Revised Code, subject to the following conditions:	2070
(1) The hospital or emergency facility shall follow a	2071
protocol for conducting such medical examinations that is	2072
identified by the attorney general in $\frac{\text{rule}}{\text{rules}}$ adopted in	2073
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2074
(2) The hospital or emergency facility shall submit	2075
requests for payment to the attorney general on a monthly basis,	2076
through a procedure determined by the attorney general and on	2077
forms approved by the attorney general. The requests shall	2078
identify the number of sexual assault examinations performed and	2079
the number of sexual assault examinations in which HIV post-	2080
exposure prophylaxis was provided and shall verify that all	2081
required protocols were met for each examination form submitted	2082
for payment in the request.	2083
(3) The attorney general shall review all requests for	2084
payment that are submitted under division (A)(2) of this section	2085
and shall submit for payment as described in division (A)(5) of	2086
this section all requests that meet the requirements of this	2087
section.	2088

(4)(a) The hospital or emergency facility shall accept a

flat fee payment for conducting each examination in the amount

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determined by the attorney general pursuant to Chapter 119. of	2091
the Revised Code as payment in full for any cost incurred in	2092
conducting a medical examination and test of a victim of an	2093
offense under any provision of sections 2907.02 to 2907.06 of	2094
the Revised Code for the purpose of gathering physical evidence	2095
for a possible prosecution of a person, other than the cost of	2096
providing HIV post-exposure prophylaxis. The attorney general	2097
shall determine a flat fee payment amount to be paid under this	2098
division that is reasonable.	2099

- (b) The hospital or emergency facility shall accept a flat 2100 fee payment for providing HIV post-exposure prophylaxis in the 2101 amount determined by the attorney general pursuant to Chapter 2102 119. of the Revised Code as payment in full for any cost 2103 incurred in providing HIV post-exposure prophylaxis while 2104 conducting a medical examination and test of a victim of an 2105 offense under any provision of sections 2907.02 to 2907.06 of 2106 the Revised Code for the purpose of gathering physical evidence 2107 for a possible prosecution of a person. The attorney general 2108 shall determine a reasonable flat fee payment amount to be paid 2109 under this division. 2110
- (5) In approving a payment under this section, the 2111 attorney general shall order the payment against the state. The 2112 payment shall be accomplished only through the following 2113 procedure, and the procedure may be enforced through a mandamus 2114 action and a writ of mandamus directed to the appropriate 2115 official:
- (a) The attorney general shall provide for payment in the 2117 amount set forth in the order. 2118
- (b) The expense of the payment of the amount described in 2119 this section shall be charged against all available unencumbered 2120

moneys in the reparations fund.

(B) No costs incurred by a hospital or emergency facility

in conducting a medical examination and test of any victim of an

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offense under any provision of sections 2907.02 to 2907.06 of

the Revised Code for the purpose of gathering physical evidence

for a possible prosecution of a person shall be billed or

charged directly or indirectly to the victim or the victim's

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(C) Any cost incurred by a hospital or emergency medical 2129 facility in conducting a medical examination and test of any 2130 person who is charged with a violation of division (B) of-2131 section 2903.11 or of section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2132 2907.05, 2907.12, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised 2133 Code, with a violation of a municipal ordinance that is 2134 substantially equivalent to that division or any of those 2135 sections, or with a violation of a statute or municipal 2136 ordinance under which by force or threat of force the accused 2137 compelled the victim to engage in sexual activity, pursuant to 2138 division (B) of section 2907.27 of the Revised Code, shall be 2139 charged to and paid by the accused who undergoes the examination 2140 and test, unless the court determines that the accused is unable 2141 2142 to pay, in which case the cost shall be charged to and paid by the municipal corporation in which the offense allegedly was 2143 committed, or charged to and paid by the county if the offense 2144 allegedly was committed within an unincorporated area. If 2145 separate counts of an alleged offense or alleged separate 2146 offenses under division (B) of section 2903.11 or section 2147 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.12, 2907.24, 2907.241, 2148 or 2907.25 of the Revised Code, under a municipal ordinance that 2149 is substantially equivalent to that division or any of those 2150 sections, or under a statute or municipal ordinance in violation 2151

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of which by force or threat of force the accused compelled the	2152
victim to engage in sexual activity took place in more than one	2153
municipal corporation or more than one unincorporated area, or	2154
both, the local governments shall share the cost of the	2155
examination and test. If a hospital or other emergency medical	2156
facility has submitted charges for the cost of a medical	2157
examination and test to an accused and has been unable to	2158
collect payment for the charges after making good faith attempts	2159
to collect for a period of six months or more, the cost shall be	2160
charged to and paid by the appropriate municipal corporation or	2161
county as specified in division (C) of this section.	2162
(D) As used in this section:	2163
(1) "AIDS" and "HIV" have the same meanings as in section	2164
3701.24 of the Revised Code.	2165
(2) "HIV post-exposure prophylaxis" means the	2166
administration of medicines to prevent AIDS or HIV infection	2167
following exposure to HIV.	2168
	21.60
Sec. 2921.38. (A) No person who is confined in a detention	2169
facility, with intent to harass, annoy, threaten, or alarm	2170
another person, shall cause or attempt to cause the other person	2171
to come into contact with blood, semen, urine, feces, or another	2172
bodily substance by throwing the bodily substance at the other	2173
person, by expelling the bodily substance upon the other person,	2174
or in any other manner.	2175
(B) No person, with intent to harass, annoy, threaten, or	2176
alarm a law enforcement officer, shall cause or attempt to cause	2177
the law enforcement officer to come into contact with blood,	2178
semen, urine, feces, or another bodily substance by throwing the	2179
bodily substance at the law enforcement officer, by expelling	2180

the bodily substance upon the law enforcement officer, or in any	2181
other manner.	2182
(C) No person, with knowledge that the person <del>is a carrier</del>	2183
of the virus that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, is	2184
a carrier of a hepatitis virus $_{7}$ or is infected with tuberculosis	2185
and with intent to harass, annoy, threaten, or alarm another	2186
person, shall cause or attempt to cause the other person to come	2187
into contact with blood, semen, urine, feces, or another bodily	2188
substance by throwing the bodily substance at the other person,	2189
by expelling the bodily substance upon the other person, or in	2190
any other manner.	2191
(D) Whoever violates this section is guilty of harassment	2192
with a bodily substance. A violation of division (A) or (B) of	2193
this section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of	2194
division (C) of this section is a felony of the third degree.	2195
(E)(1) The court, on request of the prosecutor, or the law	2196
enforcement authority responsible for the investigation of the	2197
violation, shall cause a person who allegedly has committed a	2198
violation of this section to submit to one or more appropriate	2199
tests to determine if the person is a carrier of the virus that	2200
causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, is a carrier of a	2201
hepatitis virus $_{\mathcal{T}}$ or is infected with tuberculosis.	2202
(2) The court shall charge the offender with the costs of	2203
the test or tests ordered under division (E)(1) of this section	2204
unless the court determines that the accused is unable to pay,	2205
in which case the costs shall be charged to the entity that	2206
operates the detention facility in which the alleged offense	2207
occurred.	2208

(F) This section does not apply to a person who is

hospitalized, institutionalized, or confined in a facility 2210 operated by the department of mental health and addiction 2211 services or the department of developmental disabilities. 2212

Sec. 2923.125. It is the intent of the general assembly 2213 that Ohio concealed handgun license law be compliant with the 2214 national instant criminal background check system, that the 2215 bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives is able to 2216 determine that Ohio law is compliant with the national instant 2217 criminal background check system, and that no person shall be 2218 2219 eligible to receive a concealed handgun license permit under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code unless the 2220 person is eligible lawfully to receive or possess a firearm in 2221 the United States. 2222

(A) This section applies with respect to the application 2223 for and issuance by this state of concealed handqun licenses 2224 other than concealed handqun licenses on a temporary emergency 2225 basis that are issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised 2226 Code. Upon the request of a person who wishes to obtain a 2227 concealed handgun license with respect to which this section 2228 applies or to renew a concealed handgun license with respect to 2229 which this section applies, a sheriff, as provided in division 2230 2231 (I) of this section, shall provide to the person free of charge an application form and the web site address at which a 2232 printable version of the application form that can be downloaded 2233 and the pamphlet described in division (B) of section 109.731 of 2234 the Revised Code may be found. A sheriff shall accept a 2235 completed application form and the fee, items, materials, and 2236 information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this section 2237 at the times and in the manners described in division (I) of 2238 this section. 2239

(B) An applicant for a concealed handgun license who is a	2240
resident of this state shall submit a completed application form	2241
and all of the material and information described in divisions	2242
(B)(1) to (6) of this section to the sheriff of the county in	2243
which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county	2244
adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides. An	2245
applicant for a license who resides in another state shall	2246
submit a completed application form and all of the material and	2247
information described in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section	2248
to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant is employed	2249
or to the sheriff of any county adjacent to the county in which	2250
the applicant is employed:	2251
(1)(a) A nonrefundable license fee as described in either	2252
of the following:	2253
(i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	2254
for five or more years, a fee of sixty-seven dollars;	2255
	2256
(ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this	2256
state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this	2257
state, but who is employed in this state, a fee of sixty-seven	2258
dollars plus the actual cost of having a background check	2259
performed by the federal bureau of investigation.	2260
(b) No sheriff shall require an applicant to pay for the	2261
cost of a background check performed by the bureau of criminal	2262
identification and investigation.	2263
(c) A sheriff shall waive the payment of the license fee	2264
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section in connection	2265
with an initial or renewal application for a license that is	2266
submitted by an applicant who is an active or reserve member of	2267

the armed forces of the United States or has retired from or was

honorably discharged from military service in the active or	2269
reserve armed forces of the United States, a retired peace	2270
officer, a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) of	2271
section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a retired federal law	2272
enforcement officer who, prior to retirement, was authorized	2273
under federal law to carry a firearm in the course of duty,	2274
unless the retired peace officer, person, or federal law	2275
enforcement officer retired as the result of a mental	2276
disability.	2277
(d) The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an	2278
applicant under division (B)(1)(a) of this section into the	2279
sheriff's concealed handgun license issuance fund established	2280
pursuant to section 311.42 of the Revised Code. The county shall	2281
distribute the fees in accordance with section 311.42 of the	2282
Revised Code.	2283
(2) A color photograph of the applicant that was taken	2284
within thirty days prior to the date of the application;	2285
(3) One or more of the following competency	2286
certifications, each of which shall reflect that, regarding a	2287
certification described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), (e), or	2288
(f) of this section, within the three years immediately	2289
preceding the application the applicant has performed that to	2290
which the competency certification relates and that, regarding a	2291
certification described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section,	2292
the applicant currently is an active or reserve member of the	2293
armed forces of the United States, the applicant has retired	2294
from or was honorably discharged from military service in the	2295
active or reserve armed forces of the United States, or within	2296
the ten years immediately preceding the application the	2297

retirement of the peace officer, person described in division

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(B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or federal law	2299
enforcement officer to which the competency certification	2300
relates occurred:	2301
(a) An original or photocopy of a certificate of	2302
completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or	2303
firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that was	2304
offered by or under the auspices of a national gun advocacy	2305
organization and that complies with the requirements set forth	2306
in division (G) of this section;	2307
(b) An original or photocopy of a certificate of	2308
completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or	2309
firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that	2310
satisfies all of the following criteria:	2311
(i) It was open to members of the general public.	2312
(ii) It utilized qualified instructors who were certified	2313
by a national gun advocacy organization, the executive director	2314
of the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to	2315
section 109.75 or 109.78 of the Revised Code, or a governmental	2316
official or entity of another state.	2317
(iii) It was offered by or under the auspices of a law	2318
enforcement agency of this or another state or the United	2319
States, a public or private college, university, or other	2320
similar postsecondary educational institution located in this or	2321
another state, a firearms training school located in this or	2322
another state, or another type of public or private entity or	2323
organization located in this or another state.	2324
(iv) It complies with the requirements set forth in	2325
division (G) of this section.	2326
(c) An original or photocopy of a certificate of	2327

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completion of a state, county, municipal, or department of	2328
natural resources peace officer training school that is approved	2329
by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training	2330
commission pursuant to section 109.75 of the Revised Code and	2331
that complies with the requirements set forth in division (G) of	2332
this section, or the applicant has satisfactorily completed and	2333
been issued a certificate of completion of a basic firearms	2334
training program, a firearms requalification training program,	2335
or another basic training program described in section 109.78 or	2336
109.801 of the Revised Code that complies with the requirements	2337
set forth in division (G) of this section;	2338
(d) A document that evidences both of the following:	2339
(i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of	2340
the armed forces of the United States, has retired from or was	2341
honorably discharged from military service in the active or	2342
reserve armed forces of the United States, is a retired trooper	2343
of the state highway patrol, or is a retired peace officer or	2344
federal law enforcement officer described in division (B)(1) of	2345
this section or a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b)	2346
of section 109.77 of the Revised Code and division (B)(1) of	2347
this section;	2348
(ii) That, through participation in the military service	2349
or through the former employment described in division (B)(3)(d)	2350
(i) of this section, the applicant acquired experience with	2351
handling handguns or other firearms, and the experience so	2352
acquired was equivalent to training that the applicant could	2353
have acquired in a course, class, or program described in	2354
division (B)(3)(a), (b), or (c) of this section.	2355
(e) A certificate or another similar document that	2356

2357

evidences satisfactory completion of a firearms training,

safety, or requalification or firearms safety instructor course,	2358
class, or program that is not otherwise described in division	2359
(B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, that was conducted	2360
by an instructor who was certified by an official or entity of	2361
the government of this or another state or the United States or	2362
by a national gun advocacy organization, and that complies with	2363
the requirements set forth in division (G) of this section;	2364
(f) An affidavit that attests to the applicant's	2365
satisfactory completion of a course, class, or program described	2366
in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and that	2367
is subscribed by the applicant's instructor or an authorized	2368
representative of the entity that offered the course, class, or	2369
program or under whose auspices the course, class, or program	2370
was offered;	2371
(g) A document that evidences that the applicant has	2372
successfully completed the Ohio peace officer training program	2373
described in section 109.79 of the Revised Code.	2374
(4) A certification by the applicant that the applicant	2375
has read the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer	2376
training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised	2377
Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of	2378
deadly force matters.	2379
(5) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as	2380
described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of	2381
an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to	2382
whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not	2383
have ready access to the use of such a reading device, on a	2384
standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2)	2385

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of section 109.572 of the Revised Code.

(6) If the applicant is not a citizen or national of the	2387
United States, the name of the applicant's country of	2388
citizenship and the applicant's alien registration number issued	2389
by the United States citizenship and immigration services	2390
agency.	2391
(7) If the applicant resides in another state, adequate	2392
proof of employment in Ohio.	2393
(C) Upon receipt of the completed application form,	2394
supporting documentation, and, if not waived, license fee of an	2395
applicant under this section, a sheriff, in the manner specified	2396
in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, shall conduct or cause to	2397
be conducted the criminal records check and the incompetency	2398
records check described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code.	2399
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(3) of this	2400
section, within forty-five days after a sheriff's receipt of an	2401
applicant's completed application form for a concealed handgun	2402
license under this section, the supporting documentation, and,	2403
if not waived, the license fee, the sheriff shall make available	2404
through the law enforcement automated data system in accordance	2405
with division (H) of this section the information described in	2406
that division and, upon making the information available through	2407
the system, shall issue to the applicant a concealed handgun	2408
license that shall expire as described in division (D)(2)(a) of	2409
this section if all of the following apply:	2410
(a) The applicant is legally living in the United States.	2411
For purposes of division (D)(1)(a) of this section, if a person	2412
is absent from the United States in compliance with military or	2413
naval orders as an active or reserve member of the armed forces	2414
of the United States and if prior to leaving the United States	2415

the person was legally living in the United States, the person,

solely by reason of that absence, shall not be considered to 2417 have lost the person's status as living in the United States. 2418 (b) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age. 2419 (c) The applicant is not a fugitive from justice. 2420 (d) The applicant is not under indictment for or otherwise 2421 charged with a felony; an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or 2422 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession, 2423 use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in 2424 a drug of abuse; a misdemeanor offense of violence; or a 2425 violation of section 2903.14 or 2923.1211 of the Revised Code. 2426 (e) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 2427 of this section, the applicant has not been convicted of or 2428 pleaded guilty to a felony or an offense under Chapter 2925., 2429 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal 2430 possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution of or 2431 trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been adjudicated a 2432 delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an 2433 adult would be a felony or would be an offense under Chapter 2434 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the 2435 2436 illegal possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been convicted of, 2437 2438 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code 2439 when the victim of the violation is a peace officer, regardless 2440 of whether the applicant was sentenced under division  $\frac{(C)(4)}{(C)}$ 2441 (6) of that section; and has not been convicted of, pleaded 2442 quilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any 2443 other offense that is not previously described in this division 2444

that is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a term

exceeding one year.

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(f) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5)	2447
of this section, the applicant, within three years of the date	2448
of the application, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty	2449
to a misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor	2450
violation of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation	2451
of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the	2452
violation is a peace officer, or a misdemeanor violation of	2453
section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code; and has not been	2454
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that if	2455
committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor offense of violence	2456
other than a misdemeanor violation of section 2921.33 of the	2457
Revised Code or a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised	2458
Code when the victim of the violation is a peace officer or for	2459
committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a	2460
misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code.	2461

(g) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)(e) of this section, the applicant, within five years of the date of the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or more violations of section 2903.13 or 2903.14 of the Revised Code.

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- (h) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5)

  2467
  of this section, the applicant, within ten years of the date of

  the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,

  adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of

  section 2921.33 of the Revised Code.

  2471
- (i) The applicant has not been committed to any mental 2472 institution, is not under adjudication of mental incompetence, 2473 has not been found by a court to be a person with a mental 2474 illness subject to court order, and is not an involuntary 2475 patient other than one who is a patient only for purposes of 2476

observation. As used in this division, "person with a mental	2477
illness subject to court order" and "patient" have the same	2478
meanings as in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code.	2479
(j) The applicant is not currently subject to a civil	2480
protection order, a temporary protection order, or a protection	2481
order issued by a court of another state.	2482
(k) The applicant certifies that the applicant desires a	2483
legal means to carry a concealed handgun for defense of the	2484
applicant or a member of the applicant's family while engaged in	2485
lawful activity.	2486
(1) The applicant submits a competency certification of	2487
the type described in division (B)(3) of this section and	2488
submits a certification of the type described in division (B)(4)	2489
of this section regarding the applicant's reading of the	2490
pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission	2491
pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.	2492
(m) The applicant currently is not subject to a suspension	2493
imposed under division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised	2494
Code of a concealed handgun license that previously was issued	2495
to the applicant under this section or section 2923.1213 of the	2496
Revised Code or a similar suspension imposed by another state	2497
regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state.	2498
(n) If the applicant resides in another state, the	2499
applicant is employed in this state.	2500
(o) The applicant certifies that the applicant is not an	2501
unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance as	2502
defined in 21 U.S.C. 802.	2503
(p) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the	2504
applicant is an alien and has not been admitted to the United	2505

States under a nonimmigrant visa, as defined in the "Immigration	2506
and Nationality Act," 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26).	2507
(q) The applicant has not been discharged from the armed	2508
forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions.	2509
(r) The applicant certifies that the applicant has not	2510
renounced the applicant's United States citizenship, if	2511
applicable.	2512
(s) The applicant has not been convicted of, pleaded	2513
guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	2514
violation of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code or a similar	2515
violation in another state.	2516
(2)(a) A concealed handgun license that a sheriff issues	2517
under division (D)(1) of this section shall expire five years	2518
after the date of issuance.	2519
If a sheriff issues a license under this section, the	2520
If a sheriff issues a license under this section, the sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of	2520 2521
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of	2521
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with	2521 2522
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training	2521 2522 2523
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.	2521 2522 2523 2524
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.  (b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied the application. If the denial was as a result of the criminal	2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531

results using the appropriate challenge and review procedure	2535
specified in that section, the time for filing the appeal	2536
pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code and this division	2537
is tolled during the pendency of the request or the challenge	2538
and review.	2539

- (c) If the court in an appeal under section 119.12 of the 2540 Revised Code and division (D) (2) (b) of this section enters a 2541 judgment sustaining the sheriff's refusal to grant to the 2542 applicant a concealed handgun license, the applicant may file a 2543 2544 new application beginning one year after the judgment is 2545 entered. If the court enters a judgment in favor of the applicant, that judgment shall not restrict the authority of a 2546 sheriff to suspend or revoke the license pursuant to section 2547 2923.128 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to refuse to renew 2548 the license for any proper cause that may occur after the date 2549 the judgment is entered. In the appeal, the court shall have 2550 full power to dispose of all costs. 2551
- (3) If the sheriff with whom an application for a 2552 concealed handgun license was filed under this section becomes 2553 aware that the applicant has been arrested for or otherwise 2554 charged with an offense that would disqualify the applicant from 2555 holding the license, the sheriff shall suspend the processing of 2556 the application until the disposition of the case arising from 2557 the arrest or charge.
- (4) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded 2559 guilty to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or 2560 (h) of this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent child 2561 for committing an act or violation identified in any of those 2562 divisions, and if a court has ordered the sealing or expungement 2563 of the records of that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 2564

pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to 2565 2953.352953.37, or section 2953.39-2953.41 of the Revised Code 2566 or the applicant has been relieved under operation of law or 2567 legal process from the disability imposed pursuant to section 2568 2923.13 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, guilty 2569 plea, or adjudication, the sheriff with whom the application was 2570 submitted shall not consider the conviction, quilty plea, or 2571 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 2572 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 2573 2574 concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis submitted under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making 2575 a determination under division (B)(2) of that section. 2576

- 2577 (5) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a minor misdemeanor offense or has been adjudicated a 2578 delinquent child for committing an act or violation that is a 2579 minor misdemeanor offense, the sheriff with whom the application 2580 was submitted shall not consider the conviction, guilty plea, or 2581 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 2582 2583 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a concealed handgun license on a temporary basis submitted under 2584 2585 section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making a determination under division (B)(2) of that section. 2586
- (E) If a concealed handoun license issued under this 2587 section is lost or is destroyed, the licensee may obtain from 2588 the sheriff who issued that license a duplicate license upon the 2589 payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and the submission of an 2590 affidavit attesting to the loss or destruction of the license. 2591 The sheriff, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in 2592 section 109.731 of the Revised Code, shall place on the 2593 replacement license a combination of identifying numbers 2594 different from the combination on the license that is being 2595

replaced. 2596

(F)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of this 2597 section, a licensee who wishes to renew a concealed handqun 2598 license issued under this section may do so at any time before 2599 the expiration date of the license or at any time after the 2600 expiration date of the license by filing with the sheriff of the 2601 county in which the applicant resides or with the sheriff of an 2602 adjacent county, or in the case of an applicant who resides in 2603 another state with the sheriff of the county that issued the 2604 2605 applicant's previous concealed handgun license an application for renewal of the license obtained pursuant to division (D) of 2606 this section, a certification by the applicant that, subsequent 2607 to the issuance of the license, the applicant has reread the 2608 pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission 2609 pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that reviews 2610 firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force matters, 2611 and a nonrefundable license renewal fee in an amount determined 2612 pursuant to division (F)(4) of this section unless the fee is 2613 waived. 2614

(b) A person on active duty in the armed forces of the 2615 United States or in service with the peace corps, volunteers in 2616 2617 service to America, or the foreign service of the United States is exempt from the license requirements of this section for the 2618 period of the person's active duty or service and for six months 2619 thereafter, provided the person was a licensee under this 2620 section at the time the person commenced the person's active 2621 duty or service or had obtained a license while on active duty 2622 or service. The spouse or a dependent of any such person on 2623 active duty or in service also is exempt from the license 2624 requirements of this section for the period of the person's 2625 active duty or service and for six months thereafter, provided 2626

the spouse or dependent was a licensee under this section at the 2627 time the person commenced the active duty or service or had 2628 obtained a license while the person was on active duty or 2629 service, and provided further that the person's active duty or 2630 service resulted in the spouse or dependent relocating outside 2631 of this state during the period of the active duty or service. 2632 This division does not prevent such a person or the person's 2633 spouse or dependent from making an application for the renewal 2634 of a concealed handgun license during the period of the person's 2635 active duty or service. 2636

(2) A sheriff shall accept a completed renewal 2637 application, the license renewal fee, and the information 2638 specified in division (F)(1) of this section at the times and in 2639 the manners described in division (I) of this section. Upon 2640 receipt of a completed renewal application, of certification 2641 that the applicant has reread the specified pamphlet prepared by 2642 the Ohio peace officer training commission, and of a license 2643 renewal fee unless the fee is waived, a sheriff, in the manner 2644 specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct or 2645 cause to be conducted the criminal records check and the 2646 incompetency records check described in section 311.41 of the 2647 Revised Code. The sheriff shall renew the license if the sheriff 2648 determines that the applicant continues to satisfy the 2649 requirements described in division (D)(1) of this section, 2650 except that the applicant is not required to meet the 2651 requirements of division (D)(1)(1) of this section. A renewed 2652 license shall expire five years after the date of issuance. A 2653 renewed license is subject to division (E) of this section and 2654 sections 2923.126 and 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A sheriff 2655 shall comply with divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section when 2656 the circumstances described in those divisions apply to a 2657

requested license renewal. If a sheriff denies the renewal of a	2658
concealed handgun license, the applicant may appeal the denial,	2659
or challenge the criminal record check results that were the	2660
basis of the denial if applicable, in the same manner as	2661
specified in division (D)(2)(b) of this section and in section	2662
2923.127 of the Revised Code, regarding the denial of a license	2663
under this section.	2664

- (3) A renewal application submitted pursuant to division 2665 (F) of this section shall only require the licensee to list on 2666 the application form information and matters occurring since the 2667 date of the licensee's last application for a license pursuant 2668 to division (B) or (F) of this section. A sheriff conducting the 2669 criminal records check and the incompetency records check 2670 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct 2671 the check only from the date of the licensee's last application 2672 for a license pursuant to division (B) or (F) of this section 2673 through the date of the renewal application submitted pursuant 2674 to division (F) of this section. 2675
- (4) An applicant for a renewal concealed handgun license 2676 under this section shall submit to the sheriff of the county in 2677 which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 2678 adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides, or in the 2679 case of an applicant who resides in another state to the sheriff 2680 of the county that issued the applicant's previous concealed 2681 handgun license, a nonrefundable license fee as described in 2682 either of the following: 2683
- (a) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state 2684 for five or more years, a fee of fifty dollars; 2685
- (b) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state 2686 for less than five years or who is not a resident of this state 2687

but who is employed in this state, a fee of fifty dollars plus	2688
the actual cost of having a background check performed by the	2689
federal bureau of investigation.	2690
(5) The concealed handgun license of a licensee who is no	2691
longer a resident of this state or no longer employed in this	2692
state, as applicable, is valid until the date of expiration on	2693
the license, and the licensee is prohibited from renewing the	2694
concealed handgun license.	2695
(G)(1) Each course, class, or program described in	2696
division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall	2697
provide to each person who takes the course, class, or program	2698
the web site address at which the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio	2699
peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of	2700
the Revised Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and	2701
use of deadly force matters may be found. Each such course,	2702
class, or program described in one of those divisions shall	2703
include at least eight hours of training in the safe handling	2704
and use of a firearm that shall include training, provided as	2705
described in division (G)(3) of this section, on all of the	2706
following:	2707
(a) The ability to name, explain, and demonstrate the	2708
rules for safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	2709
practices for handguns and ammunition;	2710
(b) The ability to demonstrate and explain how to handle	2711
ammunition in a safe manner;	2712
(c) The ability to demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and	2713
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner;	2714
(d) Gun handling training;	2715
(e) A minimum of two hours of in-person training that	2716

consists of range time and live-fire training.	2717
(2) To satisfactorily complete the course, class, or	2718
program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of	2719
this section, the applicant shall pass a competency examination	2720
that shall include both of the following:	2721
(a) A written section, provided as described in division	2722
(G) (3) of this section, on the ability to name and explain the	2723
rules for the safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	2724
practices for handguns and ammunition;	2725
(b) An in-person physical demonstration of competence in	2726
the use of a handgun and in the rules for safe handling and	2727
storage of a handgun and a physical demonstration of the	2728
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner.	2729
(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	2730
training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of this section shall	2731
be provided to the person receiving the training in person by an	2732
instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of	2733
this section is provided by a course, class, or program	2734
described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section, or it is	2735
provided by a course, class, or program described in division	2736
(B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and the instructor is a	2737
qualified instructor certified by a national gun advocacy	2738
organization, the training so specified, other than the training	2739
that requires the person receiving the training to demonstrate	2740
handling abilities, may be provided online or as a combination	2741
of in-person and online training, as long as the online training	2742
includes an interactive component that regularly engages the	2743
person.	2744
(b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	2745

written section of the competency examination specified in 2746 division (G)(2)(a) of this section shall be administered to the 2747 person taking the competency examination in person by an 2748 instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of 2749 this section is provided to the person receiving the training by 2750 a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(a) of 2751 2752 this section, or it is provided by a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and 2753 the instructor is a qualified instructor certified by a national 2754 qun advocacy organization, the written section of the competency 2755 examination specified in division (G)(2)(a) of this section may 2756 be administered online, as long as the online training includes 2757 an interactive component that regularly engages the person. 2758

(4) The competency certification described in division (B)
(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall be dated and
shall attest that the course, class, or program the applicant
successfully completed met the requirements described in
division (G)(1) of this section and that the applicant passed
the competency examination described in division (G)(2) of this
section.

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(H) Upon deciding to issue a concealed handgun license, 2766 deciding to issue a replacement concealed handgun license, or 2767 deciding to renew a concealed handgun license pursuant to this 2768 section, and before actually issuing or renewing the license, 2769 the sheriff shall make available through the law enforcement 2770 automated data system all information contained on the license. 2771 If the license subsequently is suspended under division (A)(1) 2772 or (2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, revoked pursuant 2773 to division (B)(1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, or 2774 lost or destroyed, the sheriff also shall make available through 2775 the law enforcement automated data system a notation of that 2776 fact. The superintendent of the state highway patrol shall
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ensure that the law enforcement automated data system is so
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configured as to permit the transmission through the system of
the information specified in this division.
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- (I) (1) A sheriff shall accept a completed application form 2781 or renewal application, and the fee, items, materials, and 2782 information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) or division (F) 2783 of this section, whichever is applicable, and shall provide an 2784 application form or renewal application to any person during at 2785 2786 least fifteen hours a week and shall provide the web site 2787 address at which a printable version of the application form that can be downloaded and the pamphlet described in division 2788 (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code may be found at any 2789 time, upon request. The sheriff shall post notice of the hours 2790 during which the sheriff is available to accept or provide the 2791 information described in this division. 2792
- (2) A sheriff shall transmit a notice to the attorney 2793 general, in a manner determined by the attorney general, every 2794 time a license is issued that waived payment under division (B) 2795 (1)(c) of this section for an applicant who is an active or 2796 reserve member of the armed forces of the United States or has 2797 retired from or was honorably discharged from military service 2798 in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States. The 2799 attorney general shall monitor and inform sheriffs issuing 2800 licenses under this section when the amount of license fee 2801 payments waived and transmitted to the attorney general reach 2802 one million five hundred thousand dollars each year. Once a 2803 sheriff is informed that the payments waived reached one million 2804 five hundred thousand dollars in any year, a sheriff shall no 2805 longer waive payment of a license fee for an applicant who is an 2806 active or reserve member of the armed forces of the United 2807

States or has retired from or was honorably discharged from 2808 military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the 2809 United States for the remainder of that year. 2810

**Sec. 2923.128.** (A) (1) (a) If a licensee holding a valid 2811 concealed handgun license is arrested for or otherwise charged 2812 with an offense described in division (D)(1)(d) of section 2813 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with a violation of section 2814 2923.15 of the Revised Code or becomes subject to a temporary 2815 protection order or to a protection order issued by a court of 2816 2817 another state that is substantially equivalent to a temporary 2818 protection order, the sheriff who issued the license shall suspend it and shall comply with division (A)(3) of this section 2819 upon becoming aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. 2820 Upon suspending the license, the sheriff also shall comply with 2821 division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 2822

(b) A suspension under division (A)(1)(a) of this section 2823 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee 2824 is arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described 2825 in that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the 2826 protection order described in that division, irrespective of 2827 when the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A)(3) of 2828 this section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the 2829 charges are dismissed or the licensee is found not quilty of the 2830 offense described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section or, 2831 subject to division (B) of this section, on the date the 2832 appropriate court terminates the protection order described in 2833 that division. If the suspension so ends, the sheriff shall 2834 2835 return the license or temporary emergency license to the licensee. 2836

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(2) (a) If a licensee holding a valid concealed handgun

license is convicted of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor	2838
violation of division (B)(2) or (4) of section 2923.12 of the	2839
Revised Code or of division (E)(3) or (5) of section 2923.16 of	2840
the Revised Code, subject to division (C) of this section, the	2841
sheriff who issued the license shall suspend it and shall comply	2842
with division (A)(3) of this section upon becoming aware of the	2843
conviction or guilty plea. Upon suspending the license, the	2844
sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 2923.125	2845
of the Revised Code.	2846

(b) A suspension under division (A)(2)(a) of this section 2847 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee 2848 is convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense described in 2849 that division, irrespective of when the sheriff notifies the 2850 licensee under division (A)(3) of this section. If the 2851 suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division 2852 (B)(2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E) 2853 (3) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the 2854 date that is one year after the date that the licensee is 2855 convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the 2856 suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division 2857 (B)(4) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E) 2858 (5) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the 2859 date that is two years after the date that the licensee is 2860 convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the 2861 licensee's license was issued under section 2923.125 of the 2862 Revised Code and the license remains valid after the suspension 2863 ends as described in this division, when the suspension ends, 2864 the sheriff shall return the license to the licensee. If the 2865 licensee's license was issued under section 2923.125 of the 2866 Revised Code and the license expires before the suspension ends 2867 as described in this division, or if the licensee's license was 2868

issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, the licensee	2869
is not eligible to apply for a new license under section	2870
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to renew the	2871
license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code until after	2872
the suspension ends as described in this division.	2873
(3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or	2874
protection order described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section	2875
with respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun	2876
license, or a conviction of or plea of guilty to a misdemeanor	2877
offense described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section with	2878
respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun	2879
license, subject to division (C) of this section, the sheriff	2880
who issued the licensee's license shall notify the licensee, by	2881
certified mail, return receipt requested, at the licensee's last	2882
known residence address that the license has been suspended and	2883
that the licensee is required to surrender the license at the	2884
sheriff's office within ten days of the date on which the notice	2885
was mailed. If the suspension is pursuant to division (A)(2) of	2886
this section, the notice shall identify the date on which the	2887
suspension ends.	2888
(B)(1) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license to	2889
a licensee shall revoke the license in accordance with division	2890
(B)(2) of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee	2891
satisfies any of the following:	2892
(a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age.	2893
(b) Subject to division (C) of this section, at the time	2894

of the issuance of the license, the licensee did not satisfy the

eligibility requirements of division (D)(1)(c), (d), (e), (f),

(g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.

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(c) Subject to division (C) of this section, on or after	2898
the date on which the license was issued, the licensee is	2899
convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2923.15	2900
of the Revised Code or an offense described in division (D)(1)	2901
(e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.	2902
(d) On or after the date on which the license was issued,	2903
the licensee becomes subject to a civil protection order or to a	2904
protection order issued by a court of another state that is	2905
substantially equivalent to a civil protection order.	2906
(e) The licensee knowingly carries a concealed handgun	2907
into a place that the licensee knows is an unauthorized place	2908
specified in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised	2909
Code.	2910
(f) On or after the date on which the license was issued,	2911
the licensee is under adjudication of mental incompetence or is	2912
committed to a mental institution.	2913
(g) At the time of the issuance of the license, the	2914
licensee did not meet the residency requirements described in	2915
division (D)(1) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and	2916
currently does not meet the residency requirements described in	2917
that division.	2918
(h) Regarding a license issued under section 2923.125 of	2919
the Revised Code, the competency certificate the licensee	2920
submitted was forged or otherwise was fraudulent.	2921
(2) Upon becoming aware of any circumstance listed in	2922
division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular	2923
licensee who was issued a concealed handgun license, subject to	2924
division (C) of this section, the sheriff who issued the license	2925
to the licensee shall notify the licensee, by certified mail,	2926

return receipt requested, at the licensee's last known residence	2927
address that the license is subject to revocation and that the	2928
licensee may come to the sheriff's office and contest the	2929
sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days of the date	2930
on which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day period	2931
and after consideration of any information that the licensee	2932
provides during that period, if the sheriff determines on the	2933
basis of the information of which the sheriff is aware that the	2934
licensee is described in division (B)(1) of this section and no	2935
longer satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1)	2936
of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to	2937
the licensee's type of license, the sheriff shall revoke the	2938
license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require the	2939
licensee to surrender the license. Upon revoking the license,	2940
the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section	2941
2923.125 of the Revised Code.	2942

(C) If a sheriff who issues a concealed handqun license to 2943 a licensee becomes aware that at the time of the issuance of the 2944 license the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded quilty to 2945 an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or (h) of 2946 section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a 2947 delinquent child for committing an act or violation identified 2948 in any of those divisions or becomes aware that on or after the 2949 date on which the license was issued the licensee has been 2950 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense identified in 2951 division (A)(2)(a) or (B)(1)(c) of this section, the sheriff 2952 shall not consider that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 2953 as having occurred for purposes of divisions (A)(2), (A)(3), (B) 2954 (1), and (B)(2) of this section if a court has ordered the 2955 sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction, guilty 2956 plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, 2957

sections 2953.31 to <del>2953.35</del> <u>2953.37</u> , or section 2953.39, or	2958
<pre>section 2953.41 of the Revised Code or the licensee has been</pre>	2959
relieved under operation of law or legal process from the	2960
disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 of the Revised	2961
Code relative to that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication.	2962
(D) As used in this section, "motor carrier enforcement	2963
unit" has the same meaning as in section 2923.16 of the Revised	2964
Code.	2965
Sec. 2923.1213. (A) As used in this section:	2966
(1) "Evidence of imminent danger" means any of the	2967
following:	2968
(a) A statement sworn by the person seeking to carry a	2969
concealed handgun that is made under threat of perjury and that	2970
states that the person has reasonable cause to fear a criminal	2971
attack upon the person or a member of the person's family, such	2972
as would justify a prudent person in going armed;	2973
(b) A written document prepared by a governmental entity	2974
or public official describing the facts that give the person	2975
seeking to carry a concealed handgun reasonable cause to fear a	2976
criminal attack upon the person or a member of the person's	2977
family, such as would justify a prudent person in going armed.	2978
Written documents of this nature include, but are not limited	2979
to, any temporary protection order, civil protection order,	2980
protection order issued by another state, or other court order,	2981
any court report, and any report filed with or made by a law	2982
enforcement agency or prosecutor.	2983
(2) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	2984
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	2985

(B) (1) A person seeking a concealed handgun license on a

temporary emergency basis shall submit to the sheriff of the 2987 county in which the person resides or, if the person usually 2988 resides in another state, to the sheriff of the county in which 2989 the person is temporarily staying, all of the following: 2990 (a) Evidence of imminent danger to the person or a member 2991 of the person's family; 2992 (b) A sworn affidavit that contains all of the information 2993 required to be on the license and attesting that the person is 2994 legally living in the United States; is at least twenty-one 2995 years of age; is not a fugitive from justice; is not under 2996 indictment for or otherwise charged with an offense identified 2997 in division (D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code; 2998 has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense, and 2999 has not been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an 3000 act, identified in division (D)(1)(e) of that section and to 3001 which division (B)(3) of this section does not apply; within 3002 three years of the date of the submission, has not been 3003 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense, and has not been 3004 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act, identified 3005 in division (D)(1)(f) of that section and to which division (B) 3006 (3) of this section does not apply; within five years of the 3007 date of the submission, has not been convicted of, pleaded 3008 quilty, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or 3009 more violations identified in division (D)(1)(g) of that 3010 section; within ten years of the date of the submission, has not 3011 been convicted of, pleaded guilty, or adjudicated a delinquent 3012 child for committing a violation identified in division (D)(1) 3013 (h) of that section and to which division (B)(3) of this section 3014 does not apply; has not been committed to any mental 3015

institution, is not under adjudication of mental incompetence,

has not been found by a court to be a person with a mental

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illness subject to court order, and is not an involuntary	3018
patient other than one who is a patient only for purposes of	3019
observation, as described in division (D)(1)(i) of that section;	3020
is not currently subject to a civil protection order, a	3021
temporary protection order, or a protection order issued by a	3022
court of another state, as described in division (D)(1)(j) of	3023
that section; is not currently subject to a suspension imposed	3024
under division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code of	3025
a concealed handgun license that previously was issued to the	3026
person or a similar suspension imposed by another state	3027
regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state; is	3028
not an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance	3029
as defined in 21 U.S.C. 802; if applicable, is an alien and has	3030
not been admitted to the United States under a nonimmigrant	3031
visa, as defined in the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 8	3032
U.S.C. 1101(a)(26); has not been discharged from the armed	3033
forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions; if	3034
applicable, has not renounced the applicant's United States	3035
citizenship; and has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	3036
or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	3037
violation identified in division (D)(1)(s) of section 2923.125	3038
of the Revised Code;	3039
	2040

- (c) A nonrefundable temporary emergency license fee as 3040 described in either of the following: 3041
- (i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state 3042 for five or more years, a fee of fifteen dollars plus the actual 3043 cost of having a background check performed by the bureau of 3044 criminal identification and investigation pursuant to section 3045 311.41 of the Revised Code; 3046
  - (ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this 3047

state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this

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state, but is temporarily staying in this state, a fee of

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fifteen dollars plus the actual cost of having background checks

performed by the federal bureau of investigation and the bureau

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of criminal identification and investigation pursuant to section

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311.41 of the Revised Code.

- (d) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as 3054 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of 3055 an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to 3056 3057 whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not have ready access to the use of an electronic fingerprint 3058 reading device, on a standard impression sheet prescribed 3059 pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised 3060 Code. If the fingerprints are provided on a standard impression 3061 sheet, the person also shall provide the person's social 3062 security number to the sheriff. 3063
- (2) A sheriff shall accept the evidence of imminent 3064 danger, the sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of 3065 fingerprints required under division (B)(1) of this section at 3066 the times and in the manners described in division (I) of this 3067 section. Upon receipt of the evidence of imminent danger, the 3068 sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints required 3069 under division (B)(1) of this section, the sheriff, in the 3070 manner specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, 3071 immediately shall conduct or cause to be conducted the criminal 3072 records check and the incompetency records check described in 3073 section 311.41 of the Revised Code. Immediately upon receipt of 3074 the results of the records checks, the sheriff shall review the 3075 information and shall determine whether the criteria set forth 3076 in divisions (D)(1)(a) to (j) and (m) to (s) of section 2923.1253077 of the Revised Code apply regarding the person. If the sheriff 3078

determines that all of the criteria set forth in divisions (D)	3079
(1)(a) to (j) and (m) to (s) of section 2923.125 of the Revised	3080
Code apply regarding the person, the sheriff shall immediately	3081
make available through the law enforcement automated data system	3082
all information that will be contained on the temporary	3083
emergency license for the person if one is issued, and the	3084
superintendent of the state highway patrol shall ensure that the	3085
system is so configured as to permit the transmission through	3086
the system of that information. Upon making that information	3087
available through the law enforcement automated data system, the	3088
sheriff shall immediately issue to the person a concealed	3089
handgun license on a temporary emergency basis.	3090

If the sheriff denies the issuance of a license on a 3091 temporary emergency basis to the person, the sheriff shall 3092 specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the 3093 person. The person may appeal the denial, or challenge criminal 3094 records check results that were the basis of the denial if 3095 applicable, in the same manners specified in division (D)(2) of 3096 section 2923.125 and in section 2923.127 of the Revised Code, 3097 regarding the denial of an application for a concealed handgun 3098 license under that section. 3099

The license on a temporary emergency basis issued under

this division shall be in the form, and shall include all of the

information, described in divisions (A)(2)(a) and (d) of section

109.731 of the Revised Code, and also shall include a unique

combination of identifying letters and numbers in accordance

with division (A)(2)(c) of that section.

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The license on a temporary emergency basis issued under
this division is valid for ninety days and may not be renewed. A

person who has been issued a license on a temporary emergency

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basis under this division shall not be issued another license on 3109 a temporary emergency basis unless at least four years has 3110 expired since the issuance of the prior license on a temporary 3111 emergency basis.

- (3) If a person seeking a concealed handgun license on a 3113 temporary emergency basis has been convicted of or pleaded 3114 quilty to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or 3115 (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or has been 3116 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing an act or 3117 violation identified in any of those divisions, and if a court 3118 has ordered the sealing or expungement of the records of that 3119 conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 3120 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to <del>2953.35</del>2953.37, or 3121 section 2953.39, or section 2953.41 of the Revised Code or the 3122 applicant has been relieved under operation of law or legal 3123 process from the disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 3124 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, guilty plea, or 3125 adjudication, the conviction, quilty plea, or adjudication shall 3126 not be relevant for purposes of the sworn affidavit described in 3127 division (B)(1)(b) of this section, and the person may complete, 3128 and swear to the truth of, the affidavit as if the conviction, 3129 quilty plea, or adjudication never had occurred. 3130
- (4) The sheriff shall waive the payment pursuant to 3131 division (B)(1)(c) of this section of the license fee in 3132 connection with an application that is submitted by an applicant 3133 who is a retired peace officer, a retired person described in 3134 division (B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a 3135 retired federal law enforcement officer who, prior to 3136 retirement, was authorized under federal law to carry a firearm 3137 in the course of duty, unless the retired peace officer, person, 3138 or federal law enforcement officer retired as the result of a 3139

mental disability.	3140
The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an applicant	3141
under division (B)(1)(c) of this section into the sheriff's	3142
concealed handgun license issuance fund established pursuant to	3143
section 311.42 of the Revised Code.	3144
(C) A person who holds a concealed handgun license on a	3145
temporary emergency basis has the same right to carry a	3146
concealed handgun as a person who was issued a concealed handgun	3147
license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, and any	3148
exceptions to the prohibitions contained in section 1547.69 and	3149
sections 2923.12 to 2923.16 of the Revised Code for a licensee	3150
under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code apply to a licensee	3151
under this section. The person is subject to the same	3152
restrictions, and to all other procedures, duties, and	3153
sanctions, that apply to a person who carries a license issued	3154
under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, other than the	3155
license renewal procedures set forth in that section.	3156
(D) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license on a	3157
temporary emergency basis under this section shall not require a	3158
person seeking to carry a concealed handgun in accordance with	3159
this section to submit a competency certificate as a	3160
prerequisite for issuing the license and shall comply with	3161
division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code in regards	3162
to the license. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the license	3163
in accordance with section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. In	3164
addition to the suspension or revocation procedures set forth in	3165
section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, the sheriff may revoke the	3166

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license upon receiving information, verifiable by public

documents, that the person is not eligible to possess a firearm

under either the laws of this state or of the United States or

that the person committed perjury in obtaining the license; if	3170
the sheriff revokes a license under this additional authority,	3171
the sheriff shall notify the person, by certified mail, return	3172
receipt requested, at the person's last known residence address	3173
that the license has been revoked and that the person is	3174
required to surrender the license at the sheriff's office within	3175
ten days of the date on which the notice was mailed. Division	3176
(H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code applies regarding	3177
any suspension or revocation of a concealed handgun license on a	3178
temporary emergency basis.	3179

- (E) A sheriff who issues a concealed handoun license on a 3180 temporary emergency basis under this section shall retain, for 3181 the entire period during which the license is in effect, the 3182 evidence of imminent danger that the person submitted to the 3183 sheriff and that was the basis for the license, or a copy of 3184 that evidence, as appropriate. 3185
- (F) If a concealed handgun license on a temporary 3186 emergency basis issued under this section is lost or is 3187 destroyed, the licensee may obtain from the sheriff who issued 3188 that license a duplicate license upon the payment of a fee of 3189 fifteen dollars and the submission of an affidavit attesting to 3190 the loss or destruction of the license. The sheriff, in 3191 accordance with the procedures prescribed in section 109.731 of 3192 the Revised Code, shall place on the replacement license a 3193 combination of identifying numbers different from the 3194 combination on the license that is being replaced. 3195
- (G) The attorney general shall prescribe, and shall make 3196 available to sheriffs, a standard form to be used under division 3197 (B) of this section by a person who applies for a concealed 3198 handgun license on a temporary emergency basis on the basis of 3199

imminent danger of a type described in division (A)(1)(a) of	3200
this section. The attorney general shall design the form to	3201
enable applicants to provide the information that is required by	3202
law to be collected, and shall update the form as necessary.	3203
Burdens or restrictions to obtaining a concealed handgun license	3204
that are not expressly prescribed in law shall not be	3205
incorporated into the form. The attorney general shall post a	3206
printable version of the form on the web site of the attorney	3207
general and shall provide the address of the web site to any	3208
person who requests the form.	3209
(H) A sheriff who receives any fees paid by a person under	3210
this section shall deposit all fees so paid into the sheriff's	3211
concealed handgun license issuance expense fund established	3212
under section 311.42 of the Revised Code.	3213
(I) A sheriff shall accept evidence of imminent danger, a	3214
sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints specified	3215
in division (B)(1) of this section at any time during normal	3216
business hours. In no case shall a sheriff require an	3217
appointment, or designate a specific period of time, for the	3218
submission or acceptance of evidence of imminent danger, a sworn	3219
affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints specified in	3220
division (B)(1) of this section, or for the provision to any	3221
person of a standard form to be used for a person to apply for a	3222
concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis.	3223
Sec. 2927.31. (A) As used in this section:	3224
(1) "Conduct that poses a substantial risk of the	3225
transmission of HIV" means vaginal intercourse, anal	3226
intercourse, or sharing a hypodermic needle or syringe in a	3227
manner that poses a substantial risk of the transmission of HIV.	3228
"Conduct that poses a substantial risk of the transmission of	3229

HIV" does not mean vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse, or	3230
sharing a hypodermic needle or syringe in a manner that poses a	3231
low or negligible risk of the transmission of HIV.	3232
(2) "HIV" has the same meaning as in section 3701.24 of	3233
the Revised Code.	3234
(3) "Means to prevent the transmission of HIV" means the	3235
use of a method, device, behavior, or activity that is	3236
scientifically proven to measurably limit, reduce, or eliminate	3237
the risk of the transmission of HIV.	3238
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has HIV,	3239
shall transmit HIV to another by purposely doing all of the	3240
<pre>following:</pre>	3241
(1) Failing to disclose that the person has HIV to the	3242
other person prior to the transmission of HIV.	3243
(2) Engaging in conduct that poses a substantial risk of	3244
the transmission of HIV;	3245
(3) Failing to take or attempt to take means to prevent	3246
the transmission of HIV;	3247
(4) Transmitting HIV to the other person.	3248
(C) In determining whether a person acted purposely	3249
pursuant to division (B) of this section, the failure to take or	3250
attempt to take means to prevent the transmission of HIVis not	3251
sufficient to prove that the person acted purposely.	3252
(D) This section does not apply to the following:	3253
(1) A person who has HIV, becomes pregnant, and transmits	3254
HIV perinatally.	3255
(2) A person who acquires HIV while pregnant and transmits	3256

HIV perinatally.	3257
(3) A person who declines treatment for HIV while pregnant	3258
or giving birth and transmits HIV perinatally.	3259
(4) A person who has HIV, donates or attempts to donate	3260
organs, blood, sperm, or any other body tissue, and transmits	3261
HIV.	3262
(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of intentional	3263
transmission of HIV, a misdemeanor of the first degree.	3264
(F) This section does not affect a person's right to bring	3265
any defense available to the person under the common law of this	3266
state.	3267
(G) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code or	3268
Rules of Evidence to the contrary, in a case involving an	3269
alleged violation of this section, a court may take judicial	3270
notice of adjudicative facts only upon the motion or stipulation	3271
of the parties.	3272
(H) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code,	3273
Rules of Evidence, or Rules of Criminal Procedure to the	3274
contrary, in a case involving an alleged violation of this	3275
section, the following are inadmissible as evidence:	3276
(1) Any medical records, including medication or	3277
prescription records, or medical devices of the defendant;	3278
(2) Any surveillance records or reports maintained by	3279
state or local health officials.	3280
Sec. 2927.32. (A) As used in this section:	3281
(1) "Case document" means a document and information in a	3282
document submitted to a court or filed with the clerk of court	3283

in a case involving an alleged violation of section 2927.31 of	3284
the Revised Code, including exhibits, pleadings, motions,	3285
orders, and judgments, and any other documentation prepared by	3286
the court or clerk in the case involving an alleged violation of	3287
section 2927.31 of the Revised Code, including journals,	3288
dockets, and indices. "Case document" does not include forms	3289
containing identifying characteristics submitted or filed	3290
pursuant to division (B)(2) of this section.	3291
(2) "Identifying characteristics" means the defendant's or	3292
victim's name, except for the defendant's or victim's initials,	3293
address, age, marital status, relationship to defendant or	3294
victim, race, ethnicity, employer, and employer's address.	3295
(B) Notwithstanding any provision in the Revised Code,	3296
Rules of Superintendence, Rules of Evidence, or Rules of	3297
Criminal Procedure to the contrary, in a case involving an	3298
alleged violation of section 2927.31 of the Revised Code, all of	3299
the following apply:	3300
(1) When submitting a case document to a court or filing a	3301
case document with a clerk of court, a party shall redact or	3302
omit identifying characteristics from the case document.	3303
(2) When identifying characteristics are redacted or	3304
omitted from a case document submitted to a court or filed with	3305
the clerk of court pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section,	3306
the party shall submit or file that information on a separate	3307
form. The form shall only be provided to the judge, clerk,	3308
parties, and parties' attorneys. The form shall be kept	3309
confidential, shall not be released, and is not a public record	3310
as defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	3311
(3) The responsibility for redacting or omitting	3312

identifying characteristics from a case document submitted to a	3313
court or filed with a clerk of court pursuant to division (B)(1)	3314
of this section shall rest solely with the party. The court or	3315
clerk is not required to review the case document to confirm	3316
that the party has redacted or omitted identifying	3317
characteristics, and shall not refuse to accept or file the	3318
document on that basis.	3319
Sec. 2927.33. (A) As used in this section, "identifying	3320
characteristics" has the same meaning as in section 2927.32 of	3321
the Revised Code.	3322
(B)(1) Upon the filing of a case involving an alleged	3323
violation of section 2927.31 of the Revised Code, the court	3324
shall issue an order stating that, during the pendency of the	3325
case, the following persons shall not disclose the identifying	3326
<pre>characteristics of any defendant or victim in the case:</pre>	3327
(a) An officer or employee of a law enforcement agency;	3328
(b) An officer or employee of the court;	3329
(c) The clerk or any employee of the clerk of any court;	3330
(d) An attorney, party, victim, or witness in the case.	3331
(2) An order issued pursuant to division (B)(1) of this	3332
section does not prohibit a defendant or victim in the case from	3333
disclosing the defendant's or victim's own identifying	3334
<u>characteristics.</u>	3335
(C) If any defendant or victim in the case requests that	3336
the order issued pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section be	3337
terminated, the court shall terminate the order as it pertains	3338
to that defendant or victim.	3339
Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F),	3340

or (G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is	3341
required to be imposed or is precluded from being imposed	3342
pursuant to law, a court that imposes a sentence upon an	3343
offender for a felony may impose any sanction or combination of	3344
sanctions on the offender that are provided in sections 2929.14	3345
to 2929.18 of the Revised Code.	3346
If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community	3347
control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness	3348
of imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of	3349
the Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to	3350
section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the	3351
offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	3352
court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the	3353
offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also	3354
shall impose any financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18	3355
of the Revised Code that is required for the offense and may	3356
impose any other financial sanction pursuant to that section but	3357
may not impose any additional sanction or combination of	3358
sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised Code.	3359
If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree	3360
felony OVI offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, in	3361
addition to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the	3362
mandatory prison term required for the offense by division (G)	3363
(1) or (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the	3364
offender a mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of	3365
section 2929.18 of the Revised Code and may impose whichever of	3366
the following is applicable:	3367
(1) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense for which	3368
sentence is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an	3369
additional community control sanction or combination of	3370

community control sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	3371
the Revised Code. If the court imposes upon the offender a	3372
community control sanction and the offender violates any	3373
condition of the community control sanction, the court may take	3374
any action prescribed in division (B) of section 2929.15 of the	3375
Revised Code relative to the offender, including imposing a	3376
prison term on the offender pursuant to that division.	3377
(2) For a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense for	3378
which sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section,	3379
an additional prison term as described in division (B)(4) of	3380
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code or a community control	3381
sanction as described in division $(G)(2)$ of this section.	3382
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(b) of this	3383
section, if an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3384
felony of the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of	3385
violence or that is a qualifying assault offense, the court	3386
shall sentence the offender to a community control sanction or	3387
combination of community control sanctions if all of the	3388
following apply:	3389
(i) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	3390
pleaded guilty to a felony offense.	3391
(ii) The most serious charge against the offender at the	3392
time of sentencing is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree.	3393
(iii) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	3394
pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor offense of violence that the	3395
offender committed within two years prior to the offense for	3396
which sentence is being imposed.	3397

(b) The court has discretion to impose a prison term upon

an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony of

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the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of violence or	3400
that is a qualifying assault offense if any of the following	3401
apply:	3402
(i) The offender committed the offense while having a	3403
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	3404
offender's control.	3405
(ii) If the offense is a qualifying assault offense, the	3406
offender caused serious physical harm to another person while	3407
committing the offense, and, if the offense is not a qualifying	3408
assault offense, the offender caused physical harm to another	3409
person while committing the offense.	3410
(iii) The offender violated a term of the conditions of	3411
bond as set by the court.	3412
(iv) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or	3413
fifth degree felony violation of any provision of Chapter 2907.	3414
of the Revised Code.	3415
(v) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	3416
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with	3417
a deadly weapon.	3418
(vi) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	3419
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and	3420
the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused	3421
physical harm to a person.	3422
(vii) The offender held a public office or position of	3423
trust, and the offense related to that office or position; the	3424
offender's position obliged the offender to prevent the offense	3425
or to bring those committing it to justice; or the offender's	3426
professional reputation or position facilitated the offense or	3427
was likely to influence the future conduct of others.	3428

(viii) The offender committed the offense for hire or as	3429
part of an organized criminal activity.	3430
(ix) The offender at the time of the offense was serving,	3431
or the offender previously had served, a prison term.	3432
(x) The offender committed the offense while under a	3433
community control sanction, while on probation, or while	3434
released from custody on a bond or personal recognizance.	3435
(c) A sentencing court may impose an additional penalty	3436
under division (B) of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code upon	3437
an offender sentenced to a community control sanction under	3438
division (B)(1)(a) of this section if the offender violates the	3439
conditions of the community control sanction, violates a law, or	3440
leaves the state without the permission of the court or the	3441
offender's probation officer.	3442
(2) If division (B)(1) of this section does not apply,	3443
(2) If division (B)(1) of this section does not apply, except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section,	3443 3444
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section,	3444
except as provided in division $(E)$ , $(F)$ , or $(G)$ of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for	3444 3445
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court	3444 3445 3446
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing	3444 3445 3446 3447
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.  (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G)	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.  (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449 3450 3451
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.  (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449 3450 3451 3452
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.  (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug offense that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449 3450 3451 3452 3453
except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.  (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug offense that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is specified as being subject to this	3444 3445 3446 3447 3448 3449 3450 3451 3452 3453 3454

the Revised Code. 3458

- (D)(1) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this 3459 section, for a felony of the first or second degree, for a 3460 felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 3461 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a 3462 presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being 3463 applicable, and for a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of 3464 section 2907.05 of the Revised Code for which a presumption in 3465 favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, it is 3466 3467 presumed that a prison term is necessary in order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 3468 of the Revised Code. Division (D)(2) of this section does not 3469 apply to a presumption established under this division for a 3470 violation of division (A)(4) of section 2907.05 of the Revised 3471 Code. 3472
- (2) Notwithstanding the presumption established under 3473 division (D)(1) of this section for the offenses listed in that 3474 division other than a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of 3475 section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court may 3476 impose a community control sanction or a combination of 3477 community control sanctions instead of a prison term on an 3478 3479 offender for a felony of the first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 3480 Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a 3481 presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being 3482 applicable if it makes both of the following findings: 3483
- (a) A community control sanction or a combination of 3484 community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender 3485 and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable 3486 factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a 3487

lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors	3488
under that section indicating a greater likelihood of	3489
recidivism.	3490
(b) A community control sanction or a combination of	3491
community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of	3492
the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12	3493
of the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct	3494
was less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense	3495
are applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under	3496
that section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more	3497
serious than conduct normally constituting the offense.	3498
(E)(1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section,	3499
for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of	3500
Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the	3501
third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a	3502
presumption under division (D) of this section in favor of a	3503
prison term or of division (B) or (C) of this section in	3504
determining whether to impose a prison term for the offense	3505
shall be determined as specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03,	3506
2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23,	3507
2925.36, or 2925.37 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable	3508
regarding the violation.	3509
(2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty	3510
to a felony violates the conditions of a community control	3511
sanction imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing	3512
positive results on a drug test, the court, as punishment for	3513
the violation of the sanction, shall not order that the offender	3514
be imprisoned unless the court determines on the record either	3515
of the following:	3516

(a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the

felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug
education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar

program, and the offender continued to use illegal drugs after a
reasonable period of participation in the program.

3518

- (b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is 3522 consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set 3523 forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. 3524
- (3) A court that sentences an offender for a drug abuse 3525 offense that is a felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree 3526 may require that the offender be assessed by a properly 3527 credentialed professional within a specified period of time. The 3528 court shall require the professional to file a written 3529 assessment of the offender with the court. If the offender is 3530 eligible for a community control sanction and after considering 3531 the written assessment, the court may impose a community control 3532 sanction that includes addiction services and recovery supports 3533 included in a community-based continuum of care established 3534 under section 340.032 of the Revised Code. If the court imposes 3535 addiction services and recovery supports as a community control 3536 sanction, the court shall direct the level and type of addiction 3537 services and recovery supports after considering the assessment 3538 and recommendation of community addiction services providers. 3539
- (F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, 3540 the court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 3541 2929.02 to 2929.06, section 2929.14, section 2929.142, or 3542 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and except as specifically 3543 provided in section 2929.20, or section 2967.191 of the Revised 3544 Code or when parole is authorized for the offense under section 3545 2967.13 of the Revised Code shall not reduce the term or terms 3546 pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 3547

2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or	3548
Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code for any of the following	3549
offenses:	3550
(1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder;	3551
(2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and	3552
regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit	3553
rape if, had the offender completed the rape that was attempted,	3554
the offender would have been guilty of a violation of division	3555
(A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and would be	3556
sentenced under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code;	3557
(3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the	3558
victim is less than thirteen years of age and if any of the	3559
following applies:	3560
(a) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offender	3561
previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the	3562
former offense of felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual	3563
imposition, or sexual battery, and the victim of the previous	3564
offense was less than thirteen years of age;	3565
(b) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offense was	3566
committed on or after August 3, 2006, and evidence other than	3567
the testimony of the victim was admitted in the case	3568
corroborating the violation.	3569
(c) Regarding sexual battery, either of the following	3570
applies:	3571
(i) The offense was committed prior to August 3, 2006, the	3572
offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape,	3573
the former offense of felonious sexual penetration, or sexual	3574
battery, and the victim of the previous offense was less than	3575
thirteen years of age.	3576

(ii) The offense was committed on or after August 3, 2006.	3577
(4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06,	3578
2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2905.32, 2907.07, 2921.321,	3579
or 2923.132 of the Revised Code if the section requires the	3580
imposition of a prison term;	3581
(5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense	3582
for which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	3583
2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99,	3584
or 4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable	3585
regarding the violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory	3586
<pre>prison term;</pre>	3587
(6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony	3588
and that is not set forth in division $(F)(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$	3589
of this section, if the offender previously was convicted of or	3590
pleaded guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second	3591
degree felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of	3592
this state, another state, or the United States that is or was	3593
substantially equivalent to one of those offenses;	3594
(7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and either	3595
is a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code or an	3596
attempt to commit a felony of the second degree that is an	3597
offense of violence and involved an attempt to cause serious	3598
physical harm to a person or that resulted in serious physical	3599
harm to a person if the offender previously was convicted of or	3600
pleaded guilty to any of the following offenses:	3601
(a) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter,	3602
rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section	3603
2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony	3604
of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a	3605

person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an	3606
attempt to commit any of those offenses;	3607
(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this	3608
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	3609
substantially equivalent to an offense listed in division (F)(7)	3610
(a) of this section that resulted in the death of a person or in	3611
physical harm to a person.	3612
(8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12	3613
of the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a	3614
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	3615
offender's control while committing the felony, with respect to	3616
a portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(a)	3617
of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for having the firearm;	3618
(9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the	3619
offender wore or carried body armor while committing the felony	3620
offense of violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence	3621
imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the	3622
Revised Code for wearing or carrying the body armor;	3623
(10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of	3624
the Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of	3625
corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of	3626
the first degree;	3627
(11) Any violent sex offense or designated homicide,	3628
assault, or kidnapping offense if, in relation to that offense,	3629
the offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator;	3630
(12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	3631
2921.36 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of	3632
that section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2)	3633
of that section, if the offender is an officer or employee of	3634

the department of rehabilitation and correction;	3635
(13) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	3636
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the victim of the offense is a	3637
peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised	3638
Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal	3639
identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11	3640
of the Revised Code, with respect to the portion of the sentence	3641
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of section 2929.14 of the	3642
Revised Code;	3643
(14) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	3644
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the offender has been convicted	3645
of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of division (A)	3646
of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an equivalent offense,	3647
as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, or three or	3648
more violations of any combination of those offenses, with	3649
respect to the portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to	3650
division (B)(6) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code;	3651
(15) Kidnapping, in the circumstances specified in section	3652
2971.03 of the Revised Code and when no other provision of	3653
division (F) of this section applies;	3654
(16) Kidnapping, abduction, compelling prostitution,	3655
promoting prostitution, engaging in a pattern of corrupt	3656
activity, a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	3657
2907.323 of the Revised Code that involves a minor, or	3658
endangering children in violation of division (B)(1), (2), (3),	3659
(4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code, if the	3660
offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification as	3661
described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that was	3662
included in the indictment, count in the indictment, or	3663
information charging the offense;	3664

(17) A felony violation of division (A) or (B) of section	3665
2919.25 of the Revised Code if division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of	3666
that section, and division (D)(6) of that section, require the	3667
imposition of a prison term;	3668
(18) A felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or	3669
2903.13 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the offense was a	3670
woman that the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	3671
violation, with respect to a portion of the sentence imposed	3672
pursuant to division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	3673
Code;	3674
(19)(a) Any violent felony offense if the offender is a	3675
violent career criminal and had a firearm on or about the	3676
offender's person or under the offender's control during the	3677
commission of the violent felony offense and displayed or	3678
brandished the firearm, indicated that the offender possessed a	3679
firearm, or used the firearm to facilitate the offense, with	3680
respect to the portion of the sentence imposed under division	3681
(K) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	3682
(b) As used in division (F)(19)(a) of this section,	3683
"violent career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the	3684
same meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code.	3685
(20) Any violation of division (A)(1) of section 2903.11	3686
of the Revised Code if the offender used an accelerant in	3687
committing the violation and the serious physical harm to	3688
another or another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in	3689
a permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	3690
incapacity or any violation of division (A)(2) of that section	3691
if the offender used an accelerant in committing the violation,	3692
the violation caused physical harm to another or another's	3693
unborn, and the physical harm resulted in a permanent, serious	3694

disfigurement or permanent, substantial incapacity, with respect	3695
to a portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to division (B)(9)	3696
of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. The provisions of this	3697
division and of division $\frac{(D)(2)-(C)(2)}{(C)(2)}$ of section 2903.11,	3698
divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of section 2929.14, and section	3699
2941.1425 of the Revised Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	3700
(21) Any violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of	3701
the Revised Code if the victim of the offense suffered permanent	3702
disabling harm as a result of the offense and the victim was	3703
under ten years of age at the time of the offense, with respect	3704
to a portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to division (B)	3705
(10) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	3706
(22) A felony violation of section 2925.03, 2925.05, or	3707
2925.11 of the Revised Code, if the drug involved in the	3708
violation is a fentanyl-related compound or a compound, mixture,	3709
preparation, or substance containing a fentanyl-related compound	3710
and the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3711
specification of the type described in division (B) of section	3712
2941.1410 of the Revised Code that was included in the	3713
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the	3714
offense, with respect to the portion of the sentence imposed	3715
under division (B)(11) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	3716
(G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section,	3717
if an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	3718
offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, the court	3719
shall impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	3720
incarceration or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the	3721
following:	3722
(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree	3723

felony OVI offense and if the offender has not been convicted of

and has not pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	3725
described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code, the court	3726
may impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	3727
incarceration of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as	3728
specified in division (G)(1)(d) of section 4511.19 of the	3729
Revised Code. The court shall not reduce the term pursuant to	3730
section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or	3731
2967.194, or any other provision of the Revised Code. The court	3732
that imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration under this	3733
division shall specify whether the term is to be served in a	3734
jail, a community-based correctional facility, a halfway house,	3735
or an alternative residential facility, and the offender shall	3736
serve the term in the type of facility specified by the court. A	3737
mandatory term of local incarceration imposed under division (G)	3738
(1) of this section is not subject to any other Revised Code	3739
provision that pertains to a prison term except as provided in	3740
division (A)(1) of this section.	3741

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degree 3742 felony OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for a 3743 fourth degree felony OVI offense and the court does not impose a 3744 mandatory term of local incarceration under division (G)(1) of 3745 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a 3746 mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years if 3747 the offender also is convicted of or also pleads guilty to a 3748 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 3749 Revised Code or shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 3750 prison term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as 3751 specified in division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the 3752 Revised Code if the offender has not been convicted of and has 3753 not pleaded guilty to a specification of that type. The court 3754 shall not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, division 3755

(A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	3756
provision of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve the	3757
one-, two-, three-, four-, or five-year mandatory prison term	3758
consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the	3759
underlying offense and consecutively to any other mandatory	3760
prison term imposed in relation to the offense. In no case shall	3761
an offender who once has been sentenced to a mandatory term of	3762
local incarceration pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section	3763
for a fourth degree felony OVI offense be sentenced to another	3764
mandatory term of local incarceration under that division for	3765
any violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised	3766
Code. In addition to the mandatory prison term described in	3767
division (G)(2) of this section, the court may sentence the	3768
offender to a community control sanction under section 2929.16	3769
or 2929.17 of the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve the	3770
prison term prior to serving the community control sanction. The	3771
department of rehabilitation and correction may place an	3772
offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this	3773
division in an intensive program prison established pursuant to	3774
section 5120.033 of the Revised Code if the department gave the	3775
sentencing judge prior notice of its intent to place the	3776
offender in an intensive program prison established under that	3777
section and if the judge did not notify the department that the	3778
judge disapproved the placement. Upon the establishment of the	3779
initial intensive program prison pursuant to section 5120.033 of	3780
the Revised Code that is privately operated and managed by a	3781
contractor pursuant to a contract entered into under section	3782
9.06 of the Revised Code, both of the following apply:	3783

(a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall3784make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of3785offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this3786

division are placed in the privately operated and managed prison	3787
so that the privately operated and managed prison has full	3788
occupancy.	3789
(b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has	3790
full occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction	3791
shall not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison	3792
term under this division in any intensive program prison	3793
established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code	3794
other than the privately operated and managed prison.	3795
(H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually	3796
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that is a	3797
felony committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall	3798
require the offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection	3799
procedure pursuant to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code.	3800
(I) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually	3801
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed on	3802
or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall include in the	3803
sentence a summary of the offender's duties imposed under	3804
sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised	3805
Code and the duration of the duties. The judge shall inform the	3806
offender, at the time of sentencing, of those duties and of	3807
their duration. If required under division (A)(2) of section	3808
2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties	3809
specified in that section, or, if required under division (A)(6)	3810
of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform	3811
the duties specified in that division.	3812
(J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this	3813
section, when considering sentencing factors under this section	3814
in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	3815

to an attempt to commit an offense in violation of section

2923.02 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider	3817
the factors applicable to the felony category of the violation	3818
of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors	3819
applicable to the felony category of the offense attempted.	3820
(2) When considering sentencing factors under this section	3821
in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	3822
to an attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the	3823
penalty is determined by the amount or number of unit doses of	3824
the controlled substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the	3825
sentencing court shall consider the factors applicable to the	3826
felony category that the drug abuse offense attempted would be	3827
if that drug abuse offense had been committed and had involved	3828
an amount or number of unit doses of the controlled substance	3829
that is within the next lower range of controlled substance	3830
amounts than was involved in the attempt.	3831
(K) As used in this section:	3832
(1) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	3833
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	3834
(2) "Drug abuse offense" has the same meaning as in	3835
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	3836
(3) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning	3837
as in section 2925.11 of the Revised Code.	3838
(4) "Qualifying assault offense" means a violation of	3839
section 2903.13 of the Revised Code for which the penalty	3840
provision in division (C)(8)(b) or (C)(9)(b) of that section	3841
applies.	3842
(L) At the time of sentencing an offender for any sexually	3843
oriented offense, if the offender is a tier III sex	3844
offender/child-victim offender relative to that offense and the	3845

offender does not serve a prison term or jail term, the court	3846
may require that the offender be monitored by means of a global	3847
positioning device. If the court requires such monitoring, the	3848
cost of monitoring shall be borne by the offender. If the	3849
offender is indigent, the cost of compliance shall be paid by	3850
the crime victims reparations fund.	3851

Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1), 3852 (B) (2), (B) (3), (B) (4), (B) (5), (B) (6), (B) (7), (B) (8), (B) (9), 3853 (B) (10), (B) (11), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or 3854 in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and 3855 except in relation to an offense for which a sentence of death 3856 or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a 3857 sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to 3858 impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter, 3859 the court shall impose a prison term that shall be one of the 3860 3861 following:

(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or 3862 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 3863 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 3864 three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years 3865 and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 3866 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that 3867 criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a 3868 different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific 3869 language of that section shall control in determining the 3870 minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the 3871 minimum term or sentence imposed under that specific language 3872 shall be considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it 3873 had been imposed under this division. 3874

3875

(b) For a felony of the first degree committed prior to

March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite prison term	3876
of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven	3877
years.	3878
(2) (a) For a follow of the good dogree committed on or	2070

- (2)(a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or 3879 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 3880 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 3881 two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years and a maximum 3882 term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the 3883 Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the 3884 conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum 3885 term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that 3886 section shall control in determining the minimum term or 3887 otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or 3888 sentence imposed under that specific language shall be 3889 considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it had been 3890 imposed under this division. 3891
- (b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to 3892

  March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite term of two, 3893

  three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years. 3894
- (3) (a) For a felony of the third degree that is a 3895 violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, 3896 2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 3795.04 of the Revised 3897 Code, that is a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of 3898 the Revised Code if the offender previously has been convicted 3899 of or pleaded quilty to a violation of division (A) of that 3900 section that was a felony, or that is a violation of section 3901 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender 3902 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or 3903 more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section 3904 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the 3905

prison term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen,	3906
twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-	3907
four, or sixty months.	3908
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	3909
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	3910
the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,	3911
eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.	3912
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	3913
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	3914
eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,	3915
or eighteen months.	3916
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	3917
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	3918
eleven, or twelve months.	3919
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	3920
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3921
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3922
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	3923
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	3924
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	3925
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	3926
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	3927
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	3928
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	3929
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	3930
the offender's control while committing the offense;	3931
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	3932
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	3933
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	3934

or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	3935
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	3936
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	3937
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	3938
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	3939
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	3940
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	3941
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	3942
while committing the offense;	3943
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	3944
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	3945
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	3946
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	3947
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	3948
the offender's control while committing the offense and	3949
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	3950
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	3951
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	3952
the Revised Code;	3953
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	3954
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	3955
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	3956
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	3957
the offender's control while committing the offense and	3958
displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	3959
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	3960
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	3961
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	3962
described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or	3963
2941.1412 of the Revised Code;	3964

(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification 3965 is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of 3966 the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm 3967 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 3968 control while committing the offense and that the offender 3969 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 3970 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 3971 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code. 3972

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 3973 division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be 3974 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of 3975 section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 3976 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided 3977 in division (B)(1)(g) of this section, a court shall not impose 3978 more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(1) 3979 (a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same 3980 act or transaction. 3981

(c) (i) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (e) of this 3982 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3983 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 3984 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 3985 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 3986 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 3987 to a specification of the type described in division (A) of 3988 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 3989 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 3990 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after 3991 imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of 3992 section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony 3993 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 3994 shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the 3995

offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	3996
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	3997
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	3998
Code.	3999

(ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 4000 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4001 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 4002 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 4003 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 4004 4005 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 4006 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 4007 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 4008 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 4009 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 4010 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 4011 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 4012 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 4013 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 4014 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 4015 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 4016 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 4017 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 4018 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 4019 Revised Code. 4020

(iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional 4021 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this 4022 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 4023 transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an 4024 offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an 4025 offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under 4026

division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense,

provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an

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additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender

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and the offense.

- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4031 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 4032 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 4033 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 4034 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 4035 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 4036 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed 4037 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 4038 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 4039 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 4040 A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 4041 offender under division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies 4042 committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court 4043 imposes an additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or 4044 (c) of this section, the court is not precluded from imposing an 4045 additional prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 4046
- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 4047 described in division (B) (1) (a) of this section or any of the 4048 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 4049 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 4050 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 4051 the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this 4052 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 4053 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a 4054 dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the 4055 Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 4056 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 4057

additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	4058
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of	4059
the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:	4060
(i) The offender previously has been convicted of	4061
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second	4062
degree.	4063
(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender	4064
was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is	4065
later, for the prior offense.	4066
(f)(i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4067
a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	4068
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	4069
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	4070
type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the	4071
Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	4072
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined	4073
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer,	4074
as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court,	4075
after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony	4076
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	4077
shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the	4078
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	4079
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	4080
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	4081
Code.	4082
(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4083
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	4084
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	4085
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	4086

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type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the

Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	4088
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined	4089
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections	4090
officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code,	4091
and that the offender previously has been convicted of or	4092
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	4093
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	4094
the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the	4095
offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or	4096
(3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of	4097
one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not	4098
be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3)	4099
of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of	4100
Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code.	4101

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4102 two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, 4103 causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 4104 another and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4105 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 4106 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 4107 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 4108 quilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 4109 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 4110 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 4111 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 4112 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 4113 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 4114 specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on 4115 an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to 4116 an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under 4117 division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same 4118

offense.	4119
(g) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two	4120
or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are	4121
aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder,	4122
attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or	4123
rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4124
specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of	4125
this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the	4126
sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term	4127
specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of	4128
the two most serious specifications of which the offender is	4129
convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its	4130
discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term	4131
specified under that division for any or all of the remaining	4132
specifications.	4133
(2)(a) If division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not	4134
apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the	4135
longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or,	4136
for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	4137
section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term	4138
authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite	4139
prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight,	4140
nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:	4141
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4142
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	4143
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	4144
(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is	4145
convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is	4146
aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of	4147
-	
death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and	4148

the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment	4149
without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an	4150
offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of	4151
life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second	4152
degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact	4153
finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat	4154
to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	4155
serious physical harm to a person.	4156
(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the	4157
offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense,	4158
whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without	4159
parole.	4160
(iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed	4161
pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if	4162
applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are	4163
inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from	4164
future crime, because the applicable factors under section	4165
2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of	4166
recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section	4167
indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism.	4168
(v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant	4169
to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable,	4170
division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the	4171
seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors	4172
under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the	4173
offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally	4174
constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the	4175
applicable factors under that section indicating that the	4176
offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally	4177
constituting the offense.	4178

(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest	4179
prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for	4180
offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section	4181
applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required	4182
for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional	4183
definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven,	4184
eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are	4185
met:	4186
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a	4187

- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4187 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 4188 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 4189
- (ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has 4190 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses 4191 described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised 4192 Code, including all offenses described in that division of which 4193 the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads quilty 4194 in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 4195 division of which the offender previously has been convicted or 4196 to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether 4197 prosecuted together or separately. 4198
- (iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender 4199 currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads 4200 quilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a 4201 sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, 4202 terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life 4203 imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that 4204 is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a 4205 sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of 4206 the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier 4207 of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a 4208

threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	4209
serious physical harm to a person.	4210
(c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section,	4211
two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of	4212
the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that	4213
one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.	4214
(d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of	4215
this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	4216
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	4217
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	4218
Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed	4219
under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section consecutively to	4220
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	4221
(e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)	4222
(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings	4223
explaining the imposed sentence.	4224
(3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section	4225
2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed	4226
for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of	4227
section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a	4228
violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and	4229
that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender,	4230
if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the	4231

Revised Code and division (E)(1) of that section classifies the

felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36,

division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section

4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code

offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a

3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61,

that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a

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schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of	4239
marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender	4240
finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type	4241
described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised	4242
Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the	4243
court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that	4244
the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious	4245
offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the	4246
first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted	4247
violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the	4248
offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the	4249
Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been	4250
subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment	4251
without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the	4252
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the	4253
felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described	4254
in this division that cannot be reduced pursuant to section	4255
2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194,	4256
or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised	4257
Code. The mandatory prison term shall be the maximum definite	4258
prison term prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of this section for	4259
a felony of the first degree, except that for offenses for which	4260
division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies, the mandatory prison	4261
term shall be the longest minimum prison term prescribed in that	4262
division for the offense.	4263

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
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fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of
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section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall
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impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance
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with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if
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the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI
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offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this	4270
section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	4271
not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if	4272
the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI	4273
offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an	4274
additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A)	4275
(3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term	4276
imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days	4277
imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The	4278
total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B)	4279
(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days	4280
imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term	4281
in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree	4282
felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison	4283
terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third	4284
degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional	4285
prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender	4286
shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has	4287
served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	4288
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	4289
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	4290
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	4291
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	4292
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	4293
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	4294
sanction.	4295

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 4296 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of 4297 the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local 4298 incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described 4299 in division (A)(1) of that section.

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4301
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	4302
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4303
specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the	4304
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a	4305
peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised	4306
Code, an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	4307
and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised	4308
Code, or a firefighter or emergency medical worker, both as	4309
defined in section 4123.026 of the Revised Code, the court shall	4310
impose on the offender a prison term of five years. If a court	4311
imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of	4312
this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to	4313
section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or	4314
2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	4315
5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	4316
one prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of this	4317
section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	4318

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4319 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 4320 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4321 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 4322 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 4323 convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more violations of 4324 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 4325 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 4326 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 4327 those offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a prison 4328 term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an 4329 offender under division (B)(6) of this section, the prison term 4330 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 4331

(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	4332
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	4333
A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an	4334
offender under division (B)(6) of this section for felonies	4335
committed as part of the same act.	4336
(7)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4337
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,	4338
2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323	4339
involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of	4340
section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is convicted of or	4341
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	4342
section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges that the	4343
offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance of human	4344
trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	4345
prison term that is one of the following:	4346
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	4347
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	4348
than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the	4349
first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court	4350
shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not	4351
less than five years and not greater than eleven years;	4352
(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	4353
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	4354
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	4355
by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the	4356
offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after	4357
March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison	4358
term a mandatory term of not less than three years and not	4359
greater than eight years;	4360
(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth	4361

degree, a definite prison term that $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( $	is the maximum priso	n term 4362
allowed for the offense by division	(A) of section 2929.	14 of 4363
the Revised Code.		4364

- (b) The prison term imposed under division (B) (7) (a) of 4365 this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 4366 division (A) (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any 4367 other provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court 4368 shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 4369 division (B) (7) (a) of this section for felonies committed as 4370 part of the same act, scheme, or plan.
- (8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4372 felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the 4373 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4374 specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the 4375 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a 4376 woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the 4377 violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A) 4378 of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison 4379 term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court 4380 shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is 4381 either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison 4382 terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of 4383 the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation 4384 is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after 4385 arch 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term 4386 under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section a mandatory 4387 term that is one of the terms prescribed in that division, 4388 whichever is applicable, for the offense. 4389
- (9) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4390 a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the 4391

Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4392
specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the	4393
Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	4394
prison term of six years if either of the following applies:	4395
(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	4396
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	4397
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	4398
violation and the serious physical harm to another or to	4399
another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a	4400
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	4401
incapacity;	4402
(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of	4403
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	4404
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	4405
violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or	4406
to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a	4407
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	4408
incapacity.	4409
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	4410
division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	4411
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	4412
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	4413
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not	4414
impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	4415
(B)(9) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	4416
same act.	4417
(c) The provisions of divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of this	4418
section and of division $\frac{(D)(2)(C)(2)}{(C)(2)}$ of section 2903.11,	4419
division (F)(20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of	4420
the Revised Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	4421

(10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4422
violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code	4423
and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of	4424
the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that	4425
charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent	4426
disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim	4427
was under ten years of age at the time of the offense,	4428
regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim,	4429
the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite	4430
prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender	4431
under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced	4432
pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section	4433
2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or	4434
Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If a court imposes an	4435
additional prison term on an offender under this division	4436
relative to a violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of	4437
the Revised Code, the court shall not impose any other	4438
additional prison term on the offender relative to the same	4439
offense.	4440

(11) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4441 felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of the Revised 4442 Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised 4443 Code for which division (C)(11) of that section applies in 4444 determining the sentence for the violation, if the drug involved 4445 in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or a compound, 4446 mixture, preparation, or substance containing a fentanyl-related 4447 compound, and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads 4448 quilty to a specification of the type described in division (B) 4449 of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that charges that the 4450 offender is a major drug offender, in addition to any other 4451 penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall impose on the 4452

offender a mandatory prison term of three, four, five, six,	4453
seven, or eight years. If a court imposes a prison term on an	4454
offender under division (B)(11) of this section, the prison term	4455
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	4456
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	4457
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	4458
shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	4459
division (B)(11) of this section for felonies committed as part	4460
of the same act.	4461
(C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section.	4462

- (C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section, if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 4463 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 4464 about the offender's person or under the offender's control 4465 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 4466 upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section 4467 for committing a felony specified in that division by 4468 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 4469 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 4470 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 4471 consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under 4472 either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section, 4473 consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the 4474 underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of 4475 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 4476 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 4477 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 4478
- (b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 4479 pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 4480 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 4481 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 4482 imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 4483

under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this	4484
section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed	4485
for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3)	4486
of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	4487
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	4488
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	4489
(c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4490
	4.4.0.1

- pursuant to division (B) (1) (f) of this section, the offender

  shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively

  to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying

  felony under division (A), (B) (2), or (B) (3) of this section or

  any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any

  other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or

  4497

  subsequently imposed upon the offender.
- (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 4498 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 4499 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 4500 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 4501 or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any 4502 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 4503 subsequently imposed upon the offender.
- (e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 4505 pursuant to division (B)(11) of this section, the offender shall 4506 serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to any other 4507 mandatory prison term imposed under that division, consecutively 4508 4509 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying felony, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory 4510 prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the 4511 offender. 4512
  - (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 4513

other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02,	4514
2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or	4515
(2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who	4516
is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony	4517
violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an	4518
offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other	4519
residential detention facility or is under detention at a	4520
detention facility commits another felony while the offender is	4521
an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	4522
2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the	4523
offender for one of those violations shall be served by the	4524
offender consecutively to the prison term or term of	4525
imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender	4526
committed that offense and to any other prison term previously	4527
or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	4528

- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 4529 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 4530 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 4531 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 4532 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 4533 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 4534 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 4535 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 4536
- (4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 4537 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 4538 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 4539 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 4540 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 4541 consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the 4542 seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the 4543 offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of 4544

the following:	4545
(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple	4546
offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,	4547
was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,	4548
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-	4549
release control for a prior offense.	4550
(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed	4551
as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused	4552
by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so	4553
great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the	4554
offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct	4555
adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.	4556
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct	4557
demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect	4558
the public from future crime by the offender.	4559
(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4560
pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender	4561
shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior	4562
to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of	4563
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code	4564
pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of	4565
the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an	4566
offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a	4567
mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant	4568
to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same	4569
violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term	4570
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section	4571

consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed

pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to

and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying

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4573

violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	4575
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section	4576
2929.142 of the Revised Code.	4577
(6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender	4578
pursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall	4579
serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to	4580
any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division	4581
(A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and	4582
consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory	4583
prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender.	4584
(7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender	4585
pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall	4586
serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to	4587
any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault.	4588
Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section,	4589
any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or	4590
subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served	4591
concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed	4592
pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section.	4593
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section	4594
2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of	4595
section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation	4596
of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of	4597
marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term	4598
imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the	4599
Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the	4600
Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking.	4601
(9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to	4602

4604

division (C) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or

division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C)

(10) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of 4605 all of the terms so imposed.

- (10) When a court sentences an offender to a non-life 4607 felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or 4608 mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently 4609 imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence 4610 that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite 4611 sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence. 4612
- (11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of 4613 the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of 4614 this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the 4615 offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code 4616 section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code 4617 provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the 4618 court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the 4619 minimum term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this 4620 section, whichever is applicable. 4621
- (D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term 4622 of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a 4623 felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a 4624 felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and 4625 that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the 4626 sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period 4627 of post-release control after the offender's release from 4628 imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised 4629 Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a 4630 type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the 4631 failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement 4632 in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate, 4633 limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release 4634

control that is required for the offender under division (B) of	4635
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the	4636
Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed	4637
a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this	4638
division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this	4639
division a statement regarding post-release control.	4640
(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the	4641
third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division	4642
(D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a	4643
requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-	4644
release control after the offender's release from imprisonment,	4645
in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines	4646
that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section	4647
2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006,	4648
a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type	4649
described in this division and failed to include in the sentence	4650
pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release	4651
control.	4652
(E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in	4653
accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter	4654
2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or	4655
term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the	4656
offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of	4657
the following apply:	4658
(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent	4659
sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	4660
offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is	4661
adjudicated a sexually violent predator.	4662

(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the

4663

Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either	4665
the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when	4666
authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the	4667
Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised	4668
Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender	4669
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	4670
(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted	4671
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification	4672
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or	4673
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	4674
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4675
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or	4676
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to	4677
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	4678
Code.	4679
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4680
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and	4681
division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e),	4682
(C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1)	4683
(a) (iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	4684
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	4685
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	4686
Revised Code.	4687
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	4688
committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of	4689
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to	4690
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	4691
Code.	4692

(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded

guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	4694
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	4695
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	4696
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	4697
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	4698
person while the person is confined in a state correctional	4699
institution.	4700
	4701

- (G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4701 a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or 4702 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 4703 section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 4704 with having committed the felony while participating in a 4705 criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an 4706 additional prison term of one, two, or three years.
- (H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty 4708 to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, 4709 or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted 4710 of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 4711 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 4712 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 4713 towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose 4714 upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The 4715 offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to 4716 and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 4717
- (2) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to

  4718
  a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or

  4719
  2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type

  4720
  described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the

  4721
  court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony

  4722
  violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional

  4723

prison term as follows:

(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an 4725 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six 4726 months:

- (ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or 4728 pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations 4729 of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of 4730 the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 4731 a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of 4732 the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an 4733 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, 4734 seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months. 4735
- (b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 4736 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly 4737 impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 4738 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 4739 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the 4740 court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 4741 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 4742 4743 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 4744 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 4745 shall not commence until after the offender has served the 4746 prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 4747 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 4748 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 4749 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 4750 division shall be considered to be a community control sanction 4751 for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all 4752 provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control 4753

sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division,	4754
except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly	4755
inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a	4756
sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the	4757
use of the monitoring device.	4758
(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the	4759
offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under	4760
section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an	4761
intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised	4762
Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock	4763
incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or	4764
make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case	4765
shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the	4766
offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the	4767
department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or	4768
5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the	4769
offender is eligible for the placement.	4770
If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a	4771
program or prison of that nature, the department of	4772
rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in	4773
any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison.	4774
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	4775
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program	4776
prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the	4777
recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the	4778
court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief	4779
description of the placement.	4780
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	4781
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison	4782

and the department does not subsequently place the offender in

the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a 4784 notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed 4785 in the recommended program or prison. 4786

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 4787 division with respect to an offender and if the department 4788 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 4789 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 4790 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 4791 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 4792 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 4793 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 4794 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 4795 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 4796 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 4797 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 4798 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 4799 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 4800 notice to disapprove the placement. 4801

- (J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4802 aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of 4803 section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of 4804 that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to 4805 section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.
- (K) (1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory

  prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine,

  ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or

  pleads guilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also

  is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type

  described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges

  that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm

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on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	4814
control while committing the presently charged violent felony	4815
offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that	4816
the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to	4817
facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term	4818
imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the	4819
prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term	4820
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	4821
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	4822
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	4823
may not impose more than one sentence under division (B)(2)(a)	4824
of this section and this division for acts committed as part of	4825
the same act or transaction.	4826

- (2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code.
- (L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life 4830 imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a 4831 definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term 4832 under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when 4833 the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's 4834 parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of 4835 the Revised Code.

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Sec. 2941.1425. (A) Imposition of a mandatory prison term

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under division (B) (9) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is
precluded unless the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty

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to a violation of division (A) (1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of

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the Revised Code and unless the indictment, count in the
indictment, or information charging the offense specifies one of

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the following:

(1) Regarding a violation of division (A)(1) of section	4844
2903.11 of the Revised Code, that the offender used an	4845
accelerant in committing the violation and that the serious	4846
physical harm to another or to another's unborn caused by the	4847
violation resulted in a permanent, serious disfigurement or	4848
permanent, substantial incapacity;	4849
(2) Regarding a violation of division (A)(2) of section	4850
2903.11 of the Revised Code, that the offender used an	4851
accelerant in committing the violation, that the violation	4852
caused physical harm to another or to another's unborn, and that	4853
the physical harm resulted in a permanent, serious disfigurement	4854
or permanent, substantial incapacity.	4855
(B) The specification described in division (A) of this	4856
section shall be stated at the end of the body of the	4857
indictment, count, or information and shall be stated in	4858
substantially the following form:	4859
"SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The	4860
Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or prosecuting attorney's	4861
name when appropriate) further find and specify that (set forth	4862
that the offender used an accelerant in committing the violation	4863
and that the serious physical harm to another or to another's	4864
unborn caused by the violation of division (A)(1) of section	4865
2903.11 of the Revised Code resulted in a permanent, serious	4866
disfigurement or permanent, substantial incapacity, or that the	4867
offender used an accelerant in committing the violation, that	4868
the violation of division (A)(2) of section 2903.11 of the	4869
Revised Code caused physical harm to another or to another's	4870
unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a permanent,	4871
serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial incapacity,	4872

whichever is applicable)."

(C) As used in this section, "accelerant" has the same	4874
meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	4875
(D) The provisions of this section and of division $\frac{\text{(D)}(2)}{\text{(D)}}$	4876
(C)(2) of section 2903.11, division (F)(20) of section 2929.13,	4877
and divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of section 2929.14 of the	4878
Revised Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	4879
Sec. 2950.04. (A)(1)(a) Immediately after a sentencing	4880
hearing is held on or after January 1, 2008, for an offender who	4881
is convicted of or pleads guilty to a sexually oriented offense	4882
and is sentenced to a prison term, a term of imprisonment, or	4883
any other type of confinement and before the offender is	4884
transferred to the custody of the department of rehabilitation	4885
and correction or to the official in charge of the jail,	4886
workhouse, state correctional institution, or other institution	4887
where the offender will be confined, the offender shall register	4888
personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the	4889
county in which the offender was convicted of or pleaded guilty	4890
to the sexually oriented offense.	4891
(b) Immediately after a dispositional hearing is held on	4892
or after January 1, 2008, for a child who is adjudicated a	4893
delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense, is	4894
classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that	4895
adjudication, and is committed to the custody of the department	4896
of youth services or to a secure facility that is not operated	4897
by the department and before the child is transferred to the	4898
custody of the department of youth services or the secure	4899

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facility to which the delinquent child is committed, the

delinquent child shall register personally with the sheriff, or

the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the delinquent

child was classified a juvenile offender registrant based on

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that sexually oriented offense.

- (c) A law enforcement officer shall be present at the 4905 sentencing hearing or dispositional hearing described in 4906 division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to immediately 4907 transport the offender or delinquent child who is the subject of 4908 the hearing to the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the 4909 county in which the offender or delinquent child is convicted, 4910 pleads guilty, or is adjudicated a delinquent child.
- 4912 (d) After an offender who has registered pursuant to division (A)(1)(a) of this section is released from a prison 4913 term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, 4914 the offender shall register as provided in division (A)(2) of 4915 this section. After a delinquent child who has registered 4916 pursuant to division (A)(1)(b) of this section is released from 4917 the custody of the department of youth services or from a secure 4918 facility that is not operated by the department, the delinquent 4919 child shall register as provided in division (A)(3) of this 4920 section. 4921
- (2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 4922 committed, each offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, 4923 has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a sexually 4924 oriented offense shall comply with the following registration 4925 requirements described in divisions (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), (d), 4926 and (e) of this section:
- (a) The offender shall register personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county within three days of the offender's coming into a county in which the offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than three days.

calendar year.

(b) The offender shall register personally with the	4933
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county immediately	4934
upon coming into a county in which the offender attends a school	4935
or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time	4936
basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a	4937
temporary domicile in this state or another state.	4938
(c) The offender shall register personally with the	4939
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the	4940
offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary	4941
domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for	4942
more than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or	4943
more days in that calendar year.	4944
(d) The offender shall register personally with the	4945
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the	4946
offender then is employed if the offender does not reside or	4947
have a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed at	4948

(e) The offender shall register with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, or other appropriate person of the other state immediately upon entering into any state other than this state in which the offender attends a school or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis or upon being employed in any state other than this state for more than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that calendar year regardless of whether the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state, the other state, or a different state.

any location or locations in this state more than three days or

for an aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that

(3) (a) Each child who is adjudicated a delinquent child

for committing a sexually oriented offense and who is classified 4963 a juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication shall 4964 register personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, 4965 of the county within three days of the delinquent child's coming 4966 into a county in which the delinquent child resides or 4967 temporarily is domiciled for more than three days. 4968 (b) In addition to the registration duty imposed under 4969 division (A)(3)(a) of this section, each public registry-4970 qualified juvenile offender registrant shall comply with the 4971 following additional registration requirements: 4972 (i) The public registry-qualified juvenile offender 4973 registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, or the 4974 sheriff's designee, of the county immediately upon coming into a 4975 county in which the registrant attends a school or institution 4976 of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis regardless 4977 of whether the registrant resides or has a temporary domicile in 4978 this state or another state. 4979 (ii) The public registry-qualified juvenile offender 4980 registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, or the 4981 sheriff's designee, of the county in which the registrant is 4982 employed if the registrant resides or has a temporary domicile 4983 in this state and has been employed in that county for more than 4984 three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or more days 4985 in that calendar year. 4986 (iii) The public registry-qualified juvenile offender 4987 registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, or the 4988 sheriff's designee, of the county in which the registrant then 4989

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is employed if the registrant does not reside or have a

temporary domicile in this state and has been employed at any

location or locations in this state more than three days or for

an aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that calendar 4993 year.

- (iv) The public registry-qualified juvenile offender 4995 registrant shall register with the sheriff, or the sheriff's 4996 4997 designee, or other appropriate person of the other state immediately upon entering into any state other than this state 4998 in which the registrant attends a school or institution of 4999 higher education on a full-time or part-time basis or upon being 5000 employed in any state other than this state for more than three 5001 days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that 5002 calendar year regardless of whether the registrant resides or 5003 has a temporary domicile in this state, the other state, or a 5004 different state. 5005
- (c) If the delinquent child is committed for the sexually 5006 oriented offense to the department of youth services or to a 5007 secure facility that is not operated by the department, this 5008 duty begins when the delinquent child is discharged or released 5009 in any manner from custody in a department of youth services 5010 secure facility or from the secure facility that is not operated 5011 by the department if pursuant to the discharge or release the 5012 delinquent child is not committed to any other secure facility 5013 of the department or any other secure facility. 5014
- (4) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense was 5015 committed, each person who is convicted, pleads quilty, or is 5016 adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state, in a 5017 federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 5018 court in any nation other than the United States for committing 5019 a sexually oriented offense shall comply with the following 5020 registration requirements if, at the time the offender or 5021 delinquent child moves to and resides in this state or 5022

temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than three days, 5023 the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender 5024 registrant enters this state to attend a school or institution 5025 of higher education, or the offender or public registry-5026 qualified juvenile offender registrant is employed in this state 5027 for more than the specified period of time, the offender or 5028 delinquent child has a duty to register as a sex offender or 5029 child-victim offender under the law of that other jurisdiction 5030 as a result of the conviction, quilty plea, or adjudication: 5031

- (a) Each offender and delinquent child shall register 5032 personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the 5033 county within three days of the offender's or delinquent child's 5034 coming into the county in which the offender or delinquent child 5035 resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than three days. 5036
- (b) Each offender or public registry-qualified juvenile 5037 offender registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, 5038 or the sheriff's designee, of the county immediately upon coming 5039 into a county in which the offender or public registry-qualified 5040 juvenile offender registrant attends a school or institution of 5041 higher education on a full-time or part-time basis regardless of 5042 whether the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile 5043 offender registrant resides or has a temporary domicile in this 5044 state or another state. 5045
- (c) Each offender or public registry-qualified juvenile 5046 offender registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, 5047 or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the offender 5048 or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant is 5049 employed if the offender resides or has a temporary domicile in 5050 this state and has been employed in that county for more than 5051 three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen days or more 5052

in that calendar year.

(d) Each offender or public registry-qualified juvenile 5054 offender registrant shall register personally with the sheriff, 5055 or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the offender 5056 or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant then 5057 is employed if the offender or public registry-qualified 5058 juvenile offender registrant does not reside or have a temporary 5059 domicile in this state and has been employed at any location or 5060 locations in this state for more than three days or for an 5061 aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that calendar year. 5062

- (5) An offender or a delinquent child who is a public 5063 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant is not required 5064 to register under division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this section 5065 if a court issues an order terminating the offender's or 5066 delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 5067 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to 5068 section 2950.15 of the Revised Code. An offender is not required 5069 to register under any of those divisions if a court issues an 5070 order terminating the offender's duty to comply with sections 5071 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to 5072 section 2950.152 of the Revised Code. A delinquent child who is 5073 a juvenile offender registrant but is not a public registry-5074 qualified juvenile offender registrant is not required to 5075 register under any of those divisions if a juvenile court issues 5076 an order declassifying the delinquent child as a juvenile 5077 offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.84-or, 2152.85, or 5078 2950.152 of the Revised Code. 5079
- (B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by

  division (A) of this section to register in this state

  personally shall obtain from the sheriff or from a designee of

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the sheriff a registration form that conforms to division (C) of	5083
this section, shall complete and sign the form, and shall return	5084
the completed form together with the offender's or delinquent	5085
child's photograph, copies of travel and immigration documents,	5086
and any other required material to the sheriff or the designee.	5087
The sheriff or designee shall sign the form and indicate on the	5088
form the date on which it is so returned. The registration	5089
required under this division is complete when the offender or	5090
delinquent child returns the form, containing the requisite	5091
information, photograph, other required material, signatures,	5092
and date, to the sheriff or designee.	5093
(C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A)	5094
and (B) of this section shall include or contain all of the	5095
following for the offender or delinquent child who is	5096
registering:	5097
(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name and any	5098
aliases used by the offender or delinquent child;	5099
(2) The offender's or delinquent child's social security	5100
number and date of birth, including any alternate social	5101
security numbers or dates of birth that the offender or	5102
delinquent child has used or uses;	5103
(3) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is	5104
registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1) of this	5105
section, a statement that the offender is serving a prison term,	5106
term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or a	5107
statement that the delinquent child is in the custody of the	5108
department of youth services or is confined in a secure facility	5109
that is not operated by the department;	5110

(4) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is

registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(2), (3), or	5112
(4) of this section as a result of the offender or delinquent	5113
child residing in this state or temporarily being domiciled in	5114
this state for more than three days, the current residence	5115
address of the offender or delinquent child who is registering,	5116
the name and address of the offender's or delinquent child's	5117
employer if the offender or delinquent child is employed at the	5118
time of registration or if the offender or delinquent child	5119
knows at the time of registration that the offender or	5120
delinquent child will be commencing employment with that	5121
employer subsequent to registration, any other employment	5122
information, such as the general area where the offender or	5123
delinquent child is employed, if the offender or delinquent	5124
child is employed in many locations, and the name and address of	5125
the offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	5126
registrant's school or institution of higher education if the	5127
offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	5128
registrant attends one at the time of registration or if the	5129
offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	5130
registrant knows at the time of registration that the offender	5131
or public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant will	5132
be commencing attendance at that school or institution	5133
subsequent to registration;	5134

(5) Regarding an offender or public registry-qualified 5135 juvenile offender registrant who is registering under a duty 5136 imposed under division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this section as a 5137 result of the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile 5138 offender registrant attending a school or institution of higher 5139 education in this state on a full-time or part-time basis or 5140 being employed in this state or in a particular county in this 5141 state, whichever is applicable, for more than three days or for 5142

an aggregate of fourteen or more days in any calendar year, the	5143
name and current address of the school, institution of higher	5144
education, or place of employment of the offender or public	5145
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant who is	5146
registering, including any other employment information, such as	5147
the general area where the offender or public registry-qualified	5148
juvenile offender registrant is employed, if the offender or	5149
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant is	5150
employed in many locations;	5151
(6) The identification license plate number of each	5152
vehicle the offender or delinquent child owns, of each vehicle	5153
registered in the offender's or delinquent child's name, of each	5154
vehicle the offender or delinquent child operates as a part of	5155
employment, and of each other vehicle that is regularly	5156
available to be operated by the offender or delinquent child; a	5157
description of where each vehicle is habitually parked, stored,	5158
docked, or otherwise kept; and, if required by the bureau of	5159
criminal identification and investigation, a photograph of each	5160
of those vehicles;	5161
(7) If the offender or delinquent child has a driver's or	5162
commercial driver's license or permit issued by this state or	5163
any other state or a state identification card issued under	5164
section 4507.50 or 4507.51 of the Revised Code or a comparable	5165
identification card issued by another state, the driver's	5166
license number, commercial driver's license number, or state	5167
identification card number;	5168
(8) If the offender or delinquent child was convicted of,	5169
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for	5170
committing the sexually oriented offense resulting in the	5171

registration duty in a court in another state, in a federal

court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in	5173
any nation other than the United States, a DNA specimen, as	5174
defined in section 109.573 of the Revised Code, from the	5175
offender or delinquent child, a citation for, and the name of,	5176
the sexually oriented offense resulting in the registration	5177
duty, and a certified copy of a document that describes the text	5178
of that sexually oriented offense;	5179
(9) A description of each professional and occupational	5180
license, permit, or registration, including those licenses,	5181
permits, and registrations issued under Title XLVII of the	5182
Revised Code, held by the offender or delinquent child;	5183
(10) Any email addresses, internet identifiers, or	5184
telephone numbers registered to or used by the offender or	5185
delinquent child;	5186
(11) Any other information required by the bureau of	5187
criminal identification and investigation.	5188
(D) After an offender or delinquent child registers with a	5189
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, pursuant to this section,	5190
the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, shall forward the	5191
signed, written registration form, photograph, and other	5192
material to the bureau of criminal identification and	5193
investigation in accordance with the forwarding procedures	5194
adopted pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code. If an	5195
offender registers a school, institution of higher education, or	5196
place of employment address, or provides a school or institution	5197
of higher education address under division (C)(4) of this	5198
section, the sheriff also shall provide notice to the law	5199
enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the premises of the	5200
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment	5201
of the offender's name and that the offender has registered that	5202

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address as a place at which the offender attends school or an	5203
institution of higher education or at which the offender is	5204
employed. The bureau shall include the information and materials	5205
forwarded to it under this division in the state registry of sex	5206
offenders and child-victim offenders established and maintained	5207
under section 2950.13 of the Revised Code.	5208
(E) No person who is required to register pursuant to	5209
divisions (A) and (B) of this section, and no person who is	5210
required to send a notice of intent to reside pursuant to	5211
division (G) of this section, shall fail to register or send the	5212
notice of intent as required in accordance with those divisions	5213
or that division.	5214
(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to	5215
register pursuant to divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall	5216
register pursuant to this section for the period of time	5217
specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code, with the duty	5218
commencing on the date specified in division $\frac{A}{B}$ of that	5219
section.	5220
(G) If an offender or delinquent child who is required by	5221
division (A) of this section to register is a tier III sex	5222
offender/child-victim offender, the offender or delinquent child	5223
also shall send the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the	5224
county in which the offender or delinquent child intends to	5225
reside written notice of the offender's or delinquent child's	5226
intent to reside in the county. The offender or delinquent child	5227
shall send the notice of intent to reside at least twenty days	5228
prior to the date the offender or delinquent child begins to	5229
reside in the county. The notice of intent to reside shall	5230
contain the following information:	5231

(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name;

(2) The address or addresses at which the offender or	5233
delinquent child intends to reside;	5234
(3) The sexually oriented offense of which the offender	5235
was convicted, to which the offender pleaded guilty, or for	5236
which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child.	5237
(H) If, immediately prior to January 1, 2008, an offender	5238
or delinquent child who was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or	5239
was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	5240
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense as those	5241
terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior	5242
to January 1, 2008, was required by division (A) of this section	5243
or section 2950.041 of the Revised Code to register and if, on	5244
or after January 1, 2008, that offense is a sexually oriented	5245
offense as that term is defined in section 2950.01 of the	5246
Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, the duty to register	5247
that is imposed pursuant to this section on and after January 1,	5248
2008, shall be considered, for purposes of section 2950.07 of	5249
the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a	5250
continuation of the duty imposed upon the offender or delinquent	5251
child prior to January 1, 2008, under this section or section	5252
2950.041 of the Revised Code.	5253
Sec. 2950.041. (A)(1)(a) Immediately after a sentencing	5254
hearing is held on or after January 1, 2008, for an offender who	5255
is convicted of or pleads guilty to a child-victim oriented	5256
offense and is sentenced to a prison term, a term of	5257
imprisonment, or any other type of confinement and before the	5258
offender is transferred to the custody of the department of	5259
rehabilitation and correction or to the official in charge of	5260

the jail, workhouse, state correctional institution, or other

institution where the offender will be confined, the offender

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shall register personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's 5263 designee, of the county in which the offender was convicted of 5264 or pleaded guilty to the child-victim offense. 5265

- (b) Immediately after a dispositional hearing is held on 5266 or after January 1, 2008, for a child who is adjudicated a 5267 delinquent child for committing a child-victim oriented offense, 5268 is classified a juvenile offender registrant based on that 5269 adjudication, and is committed to the custody of the department 5270 of youth services or to a secure facility that is not operated 5271 by the department and before the child is transferred to the 5272 5273 custody of the department of youth services or the secure facility to which the delinquent child is committed, the 5274 delinquent child shall register personally with the sheriff, or 5275 the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the delinquent 5276 child was classified a juvenile offender registrant based on 5277 that child-victim oriented offense. 5278
- (c) A law enforcement officer shall be present at the 5279 sentencing hearing or dispositional hearing described in 5280 division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to immediately 5281 transport the offender or delinquent child who is the subject of 5282 the hearing to the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the 5283 county in which the offender or delinquent child is convicted, 5284 pleads guilty, or is adjudicated a delinquent child. 5285
- (d) After an offender who has registered pursuant to 5286 division (A)(1)(a) of this section is released from a prison 5287 term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, 5288 the offender shall register as provided in division (A)(2) of 5289 this section. After a delinquent child who has registered 5290 pursuant to division (A)(1)(b) of this section is released from 5291 the custody of the department of youth services or from a secure 5292

facility that is not operated by the department, the delinquent	5293
child shall register as provided in division (A)(3) of this	5294
section.	5295
(2) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense	5296
was committed, each offender who is convicted of, pleads guilty	5297
to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a child-	5298
victim oriented offense shall comply with all of the following	5299
registration requirements:	5300
(a) The offender shall register personally with the	5301
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county within three	5302
days of the offender's coming into a county in which the	5303
offender resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than three	5304
days.	5305
(b) The offender shall register personally with the	5306
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county immediately	5307
upon coming into a county in which the offender attends a school	5308
or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time	5309
basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a	5310
temporary domicile in this state or another state.	5311
(c) The offender shall register personally with the	5312
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the	5313
offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary	5314
domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for	5315
more than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or	5316
more days in that calendar year.	5317
(d) The offender shall register personally with the	5318
sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the	5319
offender then is employed if the offender does not reside or	5320
have a temporary domicile in this state and has been employed at	5321

any location or locations in this state for more than three days
or for an aggregate period of fourteen or more days in that
5323
calendar year.
5324

- (e) The offender shall register personally with the 5325 sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, or other appropriate person 5326 of the other state immediately upon entering into any state 5327 other than this state in which the offender attends a school or 5328 institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time 5329 basis or upon being employed in any state other than this state 5330 for more than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen 5331 or more days in that calendar year regardless of whether the 5332 offender resides or has a temporary domicile in this state, the 5333 other state, or a different state. 5334
- (3) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense 5335 was committed, each child who on or after July 31, 2003, is 5336 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a child-victim 5337 oriented offense and who is classified a juvenile offender 5338 registrant based on that adjudication shall register personally 5339 with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county 5340 within three days of the delinquent child's coming into a county 5341 in which the delinquent child resides or temporarily is 5342 domiciled for more than three days. If the delinquent child is 5343 committed for the child-victim oriented offense to the 5344 department of youth services or to a secure facility that is not 5345 operated by the department, this duty begins when the delinquent 5346 child is discharged or released in any manner from custody in a 5347 department of youth services secure facility or from the secure 5348 facility that is not operated by the department if pursuant to 5349 the discharge or release the delinquent child is not committed 5350 to any other secure facility of the department or any other 5351 secure facility. 5352

(4) Regardless of when the child-victim oriented offense	5353
was committed, each person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or	5354
is adjudicated a delinquent child in a court in another state,	5355
in a federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or	5356
in a court in any nation other than the United States for	5357
committing a child-victim oriented offense shall comply with all	5358
of the following registration requirements if, at the time the	5359
offender or delinquent child moves to and resides in this state	5360
or temporarily is domiciled in this state for more than three	5361
days, the offender enters this state to attend the school or	5362
institution of higher education, or the offender is employed in	5363
this state for more than the specified period of time, the	5364
offender or delinquent child has a duty to register as a child-	5365
victim offender or sex offender under the law of that other	5366
jurisdiction as a result of the conviction, guilty plea, or	5367
adjudication:	5368

- (a) Each offender and delinquent child shall register 5369 personally with the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the 5370 county within three days of the offender's or delinquent child's 5371 coming into the county in which the offender or delinquent child 5372 resides or temporarily is domiciled for more than three days. 5373
- (b) Each offender shall register personally with the 5374 sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county immediately 5375 upon coming into a county in which the offender attends a school 5376 or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time 5377 basis regardless of whether the offender resides or has a 5378 temporary domicile in this state or another state. 5379
- (c) Each offender shall register personally with the 5380 sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the 5381 offender is employed if the offender resides or has a temporary 5382

domicile in this state and has been employed in that county for 5383 more than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen days 5384 or more in that calendar year. 5385 (d) Each offender shall register personally with the 5386 sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the county in which the 5387 offender then is employed if the offender does not reside or 5388 have a temporary domicile in this state and has not been 5389 employed at any location or locations in this state for more 5390 than three days or for an aggregate period of fourteen or more 5391 5392 days in that calendar year. (5) An offender is not required to register under division 5393 (A)(2), (3), or (4) of this section if a court issues an order 5394 terminating the offender's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 5395 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to 5396 section 2950.15 of the Revised Code. A delinquent child who is a 5397 juvenile offender registrant but is not a public registry-5398 qualified juvenile offender registrant is not required to 5399 register under any of those divisions if a juvenile court issues 5400 an order declassifying the delinquent child as a juvenile 5401 offender registrant pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of 5402 the Revised Code. 5403 (B) An offender or delinquent child who is required by 5404 division (A) of this section to register in this state 5405 personally shall do so in the manner described in division (B) 5406 of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code, and the registration is 5407 complete as described in that division. 5408 (C) The registration form to be used under divisions (A) 5409 and (B) of this section shall include or contain all of the 5410 following for the offender or delinquent child who is 5411

5412

registering:

(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name, any aliases	5413
used by the offender or delinquent child, and a photograph of	5414
the offender or delinquent child;	5415
(2) The offender's or delinquent child's social security	5416
number and date of birth, including any alternate social	5417
security numbers or dates of birth that the offender or	5418
delinquent child has used or uses;	5419
(3) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is	5420
registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(1) of this	5421
section, a statement that the offender is serving a prison term,	5422
term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement or a	5423
statement that the delinquent child is in the custody of the	5424
department of youth services or is confined in a secure facility	5425
that is not operated by the department;	5426
(4) Regarding an offender or delinquent child who is	5427
registering under a duty imposed under division (A)(2), (3), or	5428
(4) of this section as a result of the offender or delinquent	5429
child residing in this state or temporarily being domiciled in	5430
this state for more than three days, all of the information	5431
described in division (C)(4) of section 2950.04 of the Revised	5432
Code;	5433
(5) Regarding an offender who is registering under a duty	5434
imposed under division (A)(2) or (4) of this section as a result	5435
of the offender attending a school or institution of higher	5436
education on a full-time or part-time basis or being employed in	5437
this state or in a particular county in this state, whichever is	5438
applicable for more than three days or for an aggregate of	
applicable, for more than three days or for an aggregate of	5439
fourteen or more days in any calendar year, all of the	5439 5440

the Revised Code;

(6) The identification license plate number issued by this	5443
state or any other state of each vehicle the offender or	5444
delinquent child owns, of each vehicle registered in the	5445
offender's or delinquent child's name, of each vehicle the	5446
offender or delinquent child operates as a part of employment,	5447
and of each other vehicle that is regularly available to be	5448
operated by the offender or delinquent child; a description of	5449
where each vehicle is habitually parked, stored, docked, or	5450
otherwise kept; and, if required by the bureau of criminal	5451
identification and investigation, a photograph of each of those	5452
vehicles;	5453
(7) If the offender or delinquent child has a driver's or	5454
commercial driver's license or permit issued by this state or	5455
any other state or a state identification card issued under	5456
section 4507.50 or 4507.51 of the Revised Code or a comparable	5457
identification card issued by another state, the driver's	5458
license number, commercial driver's license number, or state	5459
<pre>identification card number;</pre>	5460
(8) If the offender or delinquent child was convicted of,	5461
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for	5462
committing the child-victim oriented offense resulting in the	5463
registration duty in a court in another state, in a federal	5464
court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a court in	5465
any nation other than the United States, a DNA specimen, as	5466
defined in section 109.573 of the Revised Code, from the	5467
offender or delinquent child, a citation for, and the name of,	5468
the child-victim oriented offense resulting in the registration	5469
duty, and a certified copy of a document that describes the text	5470
of that child-victim oriented offense;	5471

(9) Copies of travel and immigration documents;

(10) A description of each professional and occupational	5473
license, permit, or registration, including those licenses,	5474
permits, and registrations issued under Title XLVII of the	5475
Revised Code, held by the offender or delinquent child;	5476
(11) Any email addresses, internet identifiers, or	5477
telephone numbers registered to or used by the offender or	5478
delinquent child;	5479
(12) Any other information required by the bureau of	5480
criminal identification and investigation.	5481
(D) Division (D) of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code	5482
applies when an offender or delinquent child registers with a	5483
sheriff pursuant to this section.	5484
(E) No person who is required to register pursuant to	5485
divisions (A) and (B) of this section, and no person who is	5486
required to send a notice of intent to reside pursuant to	5487
division (G) of this section, shall fail to register or send the	5488
notice as required in accordance with those divisions or that	5489
division.	5490
(F) An offender or delinquent child who is required to	5491
register pursuant to divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall	5492
register pursuant to this section for the period of time	5493
specified in section 2950.07 of the Revised Code, with the duty	5494
commencing on the date specified in division $\frac{(A)-(B)}{(B)}$ of that	5495
section.	5496
(G) If an offender or delinquent child who is required by	5497
division (A) of this section to register is a tier III sex	5498
offender/child-victim offender, the offender or delinquent child	5499
also shall send the sheriff, or the sheriff's designee, of the	5500
county in which the offender or delinguent child intends to	5501

reside written notice of the offender's or delinquent child's	5502
intent to reside in the county. The offender or delinquent child	5503
shall send the notice of intent to reside at least twenty days	5504
prior to the date the offender or delinquent child begins to	5505
reside in the county. The notice of intent to reside shall	5506
contain all of the following information:	5507
(1) The information specified in divisions (G)(1) and (2)	5508
of section 2950.04 of the Revised Code;	5509
(2) The child-victim oriented offense of which the	5510
offender was convicted, to which the offender pleaded guilty, or	5511
for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child.	5512
(H) If, immediately prior to January 1, 2008, an offender	5513
or delinquent child who was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or	5514
was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a child-victim	5515
oriented offense or a sexually oriented offense as those terms	5516
were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code prior to	5517
January 1, 2008, was required by division (A) of this section or	5518
section 2950.04 of the Revised Code to register and if, on or	5519
after January 1, 2008, that offense is a child-victim oriented	5520
offense as that term is defined in section 2950.01 of the	5521
Revised Code on and after January 1, 2008, the duty to register	5522
that is imposed pursuant to this section on and after January 1,	5523
2008, shall be considered, for purposes of section 2950.07 of	5524
the Revised Code and for all other purposes, to be a	5525
continuation of the duty imposed upon the offender or delinquent	5526
child prior to January 1, 2008, under this section or section	5527
2950.04 of the Revised Code.	5528
Sec. 2950.07. (A) As used in this section, "qualifying	5529
sexually oriented offense" means a violation of division (B) of	5530
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to the	5531

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## effective date of this amendment.

(B) The duty of an offender who is convicted of, pleads 5533 quilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded quilty to a 5534 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 5535 the duty of a delinquent child who is or has been adjudicated a 5536 delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a 5537 child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 5538 offender registrant or who is an out-of-state juvenile offender 5539 registrant to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 5540 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code commences on whichever of the 5541 following dates is applicable: 5542

- (1) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant to division (A)(1)(a) of section 2950.04 or division (A)(1)(a) of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the offender's duty to comply with those sections commences immediately after the entry of the judgment of conviction.
- (2) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 5548 pursuant to division (A)(1)(b) of section 2950.04 or division 5549

  (A)(1)(b) of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, the 5550 delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections commences 5551 immediately after the order of disposition. 5552
- (3) If the offender's duty to register is imposed pursuant 5553 to division (A)(2) of section 2950.04 or division (A)(2) of 5554 section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, subject to division  $\frac{(A)(7)}{(A)(7)}$ 5555 (B) (7) of this section, the offender's duty to comply with those 5556 sections commences on the date of the offender's release from a 5557 prison term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of 5558 confinement, or if the offender is not sentenced to a prison 5559 term, a term of imprisonment, or any other type of confinement, 5560 on the date of the entry of the judgment of conviction of the 5561

sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense.

(4) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to 5563 register is imposed pursuant to division (A)(4) of section 5564 2950.04 or division (A)(4) of section 2950.041 of the Revised 5565 Code, the offender's duty to comply with those sections 5566 commences regarding residence addresses on the date that the 5567 offender begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in 5568 this state, the offender's duty regarding addresses of schools, 5569 institutions of higher education, and places of employment 5570 commences on the date the offender begins attending any school 5571 or institution of higher education in this state on a full-time 5572 or part-time basis or becomes employed in this state, and the 5573 delinquent child's duty commences on the date the delinquent 5574 child begins to reside or becomes temporarily domiciled in this 5575 state. 5576

(5) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed 5577 pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2950.04 or division (A) 5578 (3) of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code, if the delinquent 5579 child's classification as a juvenile offender registrant is made 5580 at the time of the child's disposition for that sexually 5581 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, whichever is 5582 applicable, and if the delinquent child is committed for the 5583 sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense to 5584 the department of youth services or to a secure facility that is 5585 not operated by the department, the delinquent child's duty to 5586 comply with those sections commences on the date of the 5587 delinquent child's discharge or release from custody in the 5588 department of youth services secure facility or from the secure 5589 facility not operated by the department as described in that 5590 division. 5591

(6) If the delinquent child's duty to register is imposed	5592
oursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2950.04 or division (A)	5593
(3) of section 2950.041 of the Revised Code and if either the	5594
delinquent child's classification as a juvenile offender	5595
registrant is made at the time of the child's disposition for	5596
that sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense,	5597
whichever is applicable, and the delinquent child is not	5598
committed for the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	5599
oriented offense to the department of youth services or to a	5600
secure facility that is not operated by the department or the	5601
child's classification as a juvenile offender registrant is made	5602
oursuant to section 2152.83 or division (A)(2) of section	5603
2152.86 of the Revised Code, subject to <del>divisions (A)(7)</del>	5604
division (B)(7) of this section, the delinquent child's duty to	5605
comply with those sections commences on the date of entry of the	5606
court's order that classifies the delinquent child a juvenile	5607
offender registrant.	5608

(7) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to 5609 register is imposed pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of 5610 section 2950.04 or section 2950.041 of the Revised Code and if 5611 the offender or delinquent child prior to January 1, 2008, has 5612 registered a residence, school, institution of higher education, 5613 or place of employment address pursuant to section 2950.04, 5614 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code as they existed prior 5615 to that date, the offender or delinquent child initially shall 5616 register in accordance with section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the 5617 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, as it exists on and after 5618 January 1, 2008, not later than the earlier of the dates 5619 specified in divisions  $\frac{(A)(7)(a)}{(B)(7)(a)}$  and (b) of this 5620 section. The offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply 5621 thereafter with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 5622

of the Revised Code as they exist on and after January 1, 2008,	5623
commences on the date of that initial registration. The offender	5624
or delinquent child initially shall register under section	5625
2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code as it exists on and	5626
after January 1, 2008, not later than the earlier of the	5627
following:	5628
(a) The date that is six months after the date on which	5629
the offender or delinquent child received a registered letter	5630
from the attorney general under division (A)(2) or (B) of	5631
section 2950.031 of the Revised Code;	5632
(b) The earlier of the date on which the offender or	5633
delinquent child would be required to verify a previously	5634
registered address under section 2950.06 of the Revised Code as	5635
it exists on and after January 1, 2008, or, if the offender or	5636
delinquent child has changed a previously registered address,	5637
the date on which the offender or delinquent child would be	5638
required to register a new residence, school, institution of	5639
higher education, or place of employment address under section	5640
2950.05 of the Revised Code as it exists on and after January 1,	5641
2008.	5642
(8) If the offender's or delinquent child's duty to	5643
register was imposed pursuant to section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of	5644
the Revised Code as they existed prior to January 1, 2008, the	5645
offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	5646
2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code as	5647
they exist on and after January 1, 2008, is a continuation of	5648
the offender's or delinquent child's former duty to register	5649
imposed prior to January 1, 2008, under section 2950.04 or	5650
2950.041 of the Revised Code and shall be considered for all	5651

purposes as having commenced on the date that the offender's

duty under that section commenced.

(B) (C) The duty of an offender who is convicted of, 5654 pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty 5655 to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented 5656 offense and the duty of a delinquent child who is or has been 5657 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually 5658 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is 5659 classified a juvenile offender registrant or who is an out-of-5660 state juvenile offender registrant to comply with sections 5661 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code 5662 continues, after the date of commencement, for whichever of the 5663 following periods is applicable: 5664

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(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 5665 person is an offender who is a tier III sex offender/child-5666 victim offender relative to the sexually oriented offense or 5667 child-victim oriented offense, if the person is a delinquent 5668 child who is a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender 5669 relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim 5670 oriented offense, or if the person is a delinquent child who is 5671 a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant 5672 relative to the sexually oriented offense, the offender's or 5673 delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections continues 5674 until the offender's or delinquent child's death. Regarding a 5675 delinquent child who is a tier III sex offender/child-victim 5676 offender relative to the offense but is not a public registry-5677 qualified juvenile offender registrant relative to the offense, 5678 if the judge who made the disposition for the delinquent child 5679 or that judge's successor in office subsequently enters a 5680 determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the 5681 Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is a tier III 5682 sex offender/child-victim offender, the delinquent child's duty 5683

to comply with those sections continues for the period of time	5684
that is applicable to the delinquent child under division $\frac{(B)(2)}{}$	5685
(C)(2) or (3) of this section, based on the reclassification of	5686
the child pursuant to section 2152.84 or <del>21562.85</del> 2152.85 of the	5687
Revised Code as a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender or a	5688
tier II sex offender/child-victim offender. <del>In no case shall the</del>	5689
lifetime duty to comply that If a court subsequently enters a	5690
determination pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code	5691
that a delinquent child who is a juvenile offender registrant	5692
and a tier III sex offender relative to a qualifying sexually	5693
oriented offense but is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	5694
offender registrant relative to a qualifying sexually oriented	5695
offense is no longer to be classified a juvenile offender	5696
registrant, the delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	5697
2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code terminates	5698
upon the court's entry of the determination. A person who is	5699
imposed under this division on an offender who is a tier III sex	5700
offender/child-victim offender <del>be removed or terminated</del> may have	5701
the lifetime duty to register terminated only pursuant to	5702
section 2950.152 of the Revised Code. A delinquent child who is	5703
a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant may	5704
have the lifetime duty to register terminated only pursuant to	5705
section 2950.15 of the Revised Code.	5706

(2) If the person is an offender who is a tier II sex 5707 offender/child-victim offender relative to the sexually oriented 5708 offense or child-victim oriented offense, the offender's duty to 5709 comply with those sections continues for twenty-five years. 5710 Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the person is 5711 a delinquent child who is a tier II sex offender/child-victim 5712 offender relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-5713 victim oriented offense, the delinquent child's duty to comply 5714

with those sections continues for twenty years. Regarding a	5715
delinquent child who is a tier II sex offender/child-victim	5716
offender relative to the offense but is not a public registry-	5717
qualified juvenile offender registrant relative to the offense,	5718
if the judge who made the disposition for the delinquent child	5719
or that judge's successor in office subsequently enters a	5720
determination pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the	5721
Revised Code that the delinquent child no longer is a tier II	5722
sex offender/child-victim offender but remains a juvenile	5723
offender registrant, the delinquent child's duty to comply with	5724
those sections continues for the period of time that is	5725
applicable to the delinquent child under division $\frac{(B)(3)}{(C)(3)}$	5726
of this section, based on the reclassification of the child	5727
pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code as a	5728
tier I sex offender/child-victim offender. <u>If a court</u>	5729
subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2950.152	5730
of the Revised Code that a delinquent child who is a juvenile	5731
offender registrant and a tier II sex offender relative to a	5732
qualifying sexually oriented offense but is not a public	5733
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant relative to a	5734
qualifying sexually oriented offense is no longer to be	5735
classified a juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent	5736
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and	5737
2950.06 of the Revised Code terminates upon the court's entry of	5738
the determination.	5739

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 5740 person is an offender who is a tier I sex offender/child-victim 5741 offender relative to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, the offender's duty to comply with 5743 those sections continues for fifteen years. Except as otherwise 5744 provided in this division, if the person is a delinquent child 5745

who is a tier I sex offender/child-victim offender relative to	5746
the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense,	5747
the delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections	5748
continues for ten years. Regarding a delinquent child who is a	5749
juvenile offender registrant and a tier I sex offender/child-	5750
victim offender relative to the offense but is not a public	5751
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant relative to the	5752
offense, if the judge who made the disposition for the	5753
delinquent child or that judge's successor in office	5754
subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2152.84	5755
or 2152.85 of the Revised Code that the delinquent child no	5756
longer is to be classified a juvenile offender registrant, the	5757
delinquent child's duty to comply with those sections terminates	5758
upon the court's entry of the determination. <u>If a court</u>	5759
subsequently enters a determination pursuant to section 2950.152	5760
of the Revised Code that a delinquent child who is a juvenile	5761
offender registrant and a tier I sex offender relative to a	5762
qualifying sexually oriented offense but is not a public	5763
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant relative to a	5764
qualifying sexually oriented offense is no longer to be	5765
classified a juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent	5766
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and	5767
2950.06 of the Revised Code terminates upon the court's entry of	5768
the determination. A person who is an offender who is a tier I	5769
sex offender/child-victim offender may have the fifteen-year	5770
duty to register terminated only pursuant to section 2950.15 of	5771
the Revised Code.	5772
$\frac{(C)(1)}{(D)(1)}$ If an offender has been convicted of or	5773
(-, (-, <u>12, 12, 12</u> an ollowed has been convicted of ol	0,,0

pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense and the offender

sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense, if

subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to another

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an offender has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a child-	5777
victim oriented offense and the offender subsequently is	5778
convicted of or pleads guilty to another child-victim oriented	5779
offense or a sexually oriented offense, if a delinquent child	5780
has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	5781
sexually oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender	5782
registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant	5783
and the child subsequently is adjudicated a delinquent child for	5784
committing another sexually oriented offense or a child-victim	5785
oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender	5786
registrant relative to that offense or subsequently is convicted	5787
of or pleads guilty to another sexually oriented offense or a	5788
child-victim oriented offense, or if a delinquent child has been	5789
adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a child-victim	5790
oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender	5791
registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant	5792
and the child subsequently is adjudicated a delinquent child for	5793
committing another child-victim oriented offense or a sexually	5794
oriented offense and is classified a juvenile offender	5795
registrant relative to that offense or subsequently is convicted	5796
of or pleads guilty to another child-victim oriented offense or	5797
a sexually oriented offense, the period of time for which the	5798
offender or delinquent child must comply with the sections	5799
specified in division $\frac{(A)-(B)}{(B)}$ of this section shall be	5800
separately calculated pursuant to divisions $\frac{A}{A} = \frac{B}{B} = \frac{B}{A}$ (8)	5801
and $\frac{(B)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ to (3) of this section for each of the	5802
sexually oriented offenses and child-victim oriented offenses,	5803
and the offender or delinquent child shall comply with each	5804
separately calculated period of time independently.	5805

If a delinquent child has been adjudicated a delinquent

child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a child-

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victim oriented offense, is classified a juvenile offender	5808
registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant	5809
relative to that offense, and, after attaining eighteen years of	5810
age, subsequently is convicted of or pleads guilty to another	5811
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, the	5812
subsequent conviction or guilty plea does not limit, affect, or	5813
supersede the duties imposed upon the delinquent child under	5814
this chapter relative to the delinquent child's classification	5815
as a juvenile offender registrant or as an out-of-state juvenile	5816
offender registrant, and the delinquent child shall comply with	5817
both those duties and the duties imposed under this chapter	5818
relative to the subsequent conviction or guilty plea.	5819

(2) If a delinguent child has been adjudicated a 5820 delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a 5821 child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 5822 offender registrant relative to the offense and if the juvenile 5823 judge or the judge's successor in office subsequently 5824 reclassifies the offense tier in which the child is classified 5825 pursuant to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code, the 5826 judge's subsequent determination to reclassify the child does 5827 not affect the date of commencement of the delinquent child's 5828 duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 5829 2950.06 of the Revised Code as determined under division  $\frac{A}{B}$ 5830 of this section. The child's duty to comply with those sections 5831 after the reclassification is a continuation of the child's duty 5832 to comply with the sections that was in effect prior to the 5833 reclassification, and the duty shall continue for the period of 5834 time specified in division— $\frac{(B)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ , (2), or (3) of this 5835 section, whichever is applicable. 5836

If, prior to January 1, 2008, an offender had a duty to 5837 comply with the sections specified in division  $\frac{A}{B}$  of this 5838

section as a result of a conviction of or plea of guilty to a	5839
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense as	5840
those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code	5841
prior to January 1, 2008, or a delinquent child had a duty to	5842
comply with those sections as a result of an adjudication as a	5843
delinquent child for committing one of those offenses as they	5844
were defined prior to January 1, 2008, the period of time	5845
specified in division— $\frac{(B)}{(1)}$ $\frac{(C)}{(1)}$ , (2), or (3) of this section	5846
on and after January 1, 2008, for which a person must comply	5847
with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	5848
Revised Code applies to the person, automatically replaces the	5849
period of time for which the person had to comply with those	5850
sections prior to January 1, 2008, and is a continuation of the	5851
person's duty to comply with the sections that was in effect	5852
prior to the reclassification. If, prior to January 1, 2008, an	5853
offender or a delinquent child had a duty to comply with the	5854
sections specified in division $\frac{A}{B}$ of this section, the	5855
offender's or delinquent child's classification as a tier I sex	5856
offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-	5857
victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim	5858
offender for purposes of that period of time shall be determined	5859
as specified in section 2950.031 or 2950.032 of the Revised	5860
Code, as applicable.	5861

(D) (E) The duty of an offender or delinquent child to 5862 register under this chapter is tolled for any period during 5863 which the offender or delinquent child is returned to 5864 confinement in a secure facility for any reason or imprisoned 5865 for an offense when the confinement in a secure facility or 5866 imprisonment occurs subsequent to the date determined pursuant 5867 to division  $\frac{(A)-(B)}{(B)}$  of this section. The offender's or 5868 delinquent child's duty to register under this chapter resumes 5869

upon the offender's or delinquent child's release from 5870 confinement in a secure facility or imprisonment. 5871

(E) (F) An offender or delinquent child who has been or is 5872 convicted, has pleaded or pleads guilty, or has been or is 5873 adjudicated a delinquent child, in a court in another state, in 5874 a federal court, military court, or Indian tribal court, or in a 5875 court of any nation other than the United States for committing 5876 a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense 5877 may apply to the sheriff of the county in which the offender or 5878 delinquent child resides or temporarily is domiciled, or in 5879 which the offender attends a school or institution of higher 5880 education or is employed, for credit against the duty to 5881 register for the time that the offender or delinquent child has 5882 complied with the sex offender or child-victim offender 5883 registration requirements of another jurisdiction. The sheriff 5884 shall grant the offender or delinquent child credit against the 5885 duty to register for time for which the offender or delinquent 5886 child provides adequate proof that the offender or delinquent 5887 child has complied with the sex offender or child-victim 5888 offender registration requirements of another jurisdiction. If 5889 the offender or delinquent child disagrees with the 5890 determination of the sheriff, the offender or delinquent child 5891 may appeal the determination to the court of common pleas of the 5892 county in which the offender or delinquent child resides or is 5893 temporarily domiciled, or in which the offender attends a school 5894 or institution of higher education or is employed. 5895

Sec. 2950.10. (A) (1) Regardless of when the sexually 5896 oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, 5897 if a person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been 5898 convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented 5899 offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has 5900

coriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is  classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state  juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the  offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in  division (B) (1) (a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender  or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section  2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the  victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented  offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by  the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  higher education, or place of employment, as applicable, or the
juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, if the offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 5907 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 5909 offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by 5910 the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like 5911 to be provided the notices described in this section, the 5912 sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense 5913 or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender 5914 or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the 5915 notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or 5916 addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
offender or delinquent child is in any category specified in division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like to be provided the notices described in this section, the sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5907  5908  5909  5910  5917
division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender  or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section  2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the  victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented  offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by  the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5907
or delinquent child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section  2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the  victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented  offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by  the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5907
2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, and if the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented 5909 offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like 5911 to be provided the notices described in this section, the sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented  offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by  the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5909  5910  5910  5910
offense has made a request in accordance with rules adopted by  the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5917
the attorney general that specifies that the victim would like  5911  to be provided the notices described in this section, the  5912  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  5915  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5917
to be provided the notices described in this section, the  sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense  or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender  or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the  notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or  addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of  5917
sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
or child-victim oriented offense, in writing, that the offender 5914 or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the 5915 notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or 5916 addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
or delinquent child has registered and shall include in the 5915 notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or 5916 addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
notice the offender's name and photograph, and the address or 5916 addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
addresses of the offender's residence, school, institution of 5917
higher education, or place of employment, as applicable, or the 5918
delinquent child's name, photograph, and residence address or 5919
addresses. The sheriff shall provide the notice required by this 5920
division to the victim at the most recent residence address 5921
available for that victim and not later than five days after the 5922
offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff. 5923

(2) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 5924 child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a person is 5925 convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, or has 5926 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 5927 oriented offense or a person is or has been adjudicated a 5928 delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a 5929 child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 5930 offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender 5931

registrant based on that adjudication, if the offender or	5932
delinquent child is in any category specified in division (B)(1)	5933
(a), (b), or (c) of this section, if the offender or delinquent	5934
child registers with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.04,	5935
2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the	5936
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense has	5937
made a request in accordance with rules adopted by the attorney	5938
general that specifies that the victim would like to be provided	5939
the notices described in this section, and if the offender	5940
notifies the sheriff of a change of residence, school,	5941
institution of higher education, or place of employment address	5942
or the delinquent child notifies the sheriff of a change of	5943
residence address pursuant to section 2950.05 of the Revised	5944
Code, the sheriff shall notify the victim of the sexually	5945
oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense, in writing,	5946
that the offender's or delinquent child's address has changed	5947
and shall include in the notice the offender's name and	5948
photograph, and the new address or addresses of the offender's	5949
residence, school, institution of higher education, or place of	5950
employment, as applicable, or the delinquent child's name,	5951
photograph, and new residence address or addresses. The sheriff	5952
shall provide the notice required by this division to the victim	5953
at the most recent residence address available for that victim	5954
and no later than five days after the offender or delinquent	5955
child notifies the sheriff of the change in the offender's or	5956
delinquent child's residence, school, institution of higher	5957
education, or place of employment address.	5958

(3) Regardless of when the sexually oriented offense or 5959 child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a person is 5960 convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, or has 5961 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 5962

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- (4) If a victim makes a request as described in division
  (A) (3) of this section that specifies that the victim would like
  to be provided the notices described in divisions (A) (1) and (2)
  of this section, all information a sheriff obtains regarding the
  victim from or as a result of the request is confidential, and
  the information is not a public record open for inspection under
  section 149.43 of the Revised Code.
- (5) The notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of 5985 this section are in addition to any notices regarding the 5986 offender or delinquent child that the victim is entitled to 5987 receive under Chapter 2930. of the Revised Code. 5988
- (B) (1) The duties to provide the notices described in 5989 divisions (A) (1) and (2) of this section apply regarding any 5990 offender or delinquent child who is in any of the following 5991 categories: 5992

(a) The offender is a tier III sex offender/child-victim	5993
offender relative to the offense described in division (A) of	5994
this section for which a victim requested to be provided notice	5995
under that division, and a court has not removed pursuant to	5996
section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the offender's duty to	5997
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	5998
Revised Code, or the delinquent child is a public registry-	5999
qualified juvenile offender registrant, and a juvenile court has	6000
not removed pursuant to section 2950.15 of the Revised Code the	6001
delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,	6002
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.	6003
(b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-	6004

- victim offender who is not a public-registry qualified public 6005 registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, the delinquent 6006 child was subjected to this section prior to the effective date 6007 of this amendment as a sexual predator, habitual sex offender, 6008 child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim offender, as 6009 those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the Revised Code 6010 as it existed prior to the effective date of this amendment 6011 January 1, 2008, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant 6012 to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent 6013 child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 6014 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not 6015 removed pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the 6016 delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 6017 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. 6018
- (c) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/childvictim offender who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile

  offender registrant, the delinquent child was classified a

  juvenile offender registrant on or after the effective date of

  this amendment January 1, 2008, the court has imposed a

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requirement under section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.84 of the	6024
Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child to this section,	6025
and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84	6026
or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to	6027
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	6028
the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to	6029
section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty	6030
to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	6031
Revised Code.	6032

(2) A victim of a sexually oriented offense or of a child-6033 victim oriented offense is not entitled to be provided any 6034 notice described in division (A)(1) or (2) of this section 6035 unless the offender or delinquent child is in a category 6036 specified in division (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section. A 6037 victim of a sexually oriented offense or of a child-victim 6038 oriented offense is not entitled to any notice described in 6039 division (A)(1) or (2) of this section unless the victim makes a 6040 request in accordance with rules adopted by the attorney general 6041 pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised Code that specifies 6042 that the victim would like to be provided the notices described 6043 in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section. This division does 6044 not affect any rights of a victim of a sexually oriented offense 6045 or child-victim oriented offense to be provided notice regarding 6046 an offender or delinquent child that are described in Chapter 6047 2930. of the Revised Code. 6048

Sec. 2950.11. (A) Regardless of when the sexually oriented 6049 offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a 6050 person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, 6051 or has pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has been adjudicated a 6053 delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a 6054

child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile	6055
offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender	6056
registrant based on that adjudication, and if the offender or	6057
delinquent child is in any category specified in division (F)(1)	6058
(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the sheriff with whom the	6059
offender or delinquent child has most recently registered under	6060
section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and	6061
the sheriff to whom the offender or delinquent child most	6062
recently sent a notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04	6063
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, within the period of time	6064
specified in division (C) of this section, shall provide a	6065
written notice containing the information set forth in division	6066
(B) of this section to all of the persons described in divisions	6067
(A)(1) to (10) of this section. If the sheriff has sent a notice	6068
to the persons described in those divisions as a result of	6069
receiving a notice of intent to reside and if the offender or	6070
delinquent child registers a residence address that is the same	6071
residence address described in the notice of intent to reside,	6072
the sheriff is not required to send an additional notice when	6073
the offender or delinquent child registers. The sheriff shall	6074
provide the notice to all of the following persons:	6075

- (1) (a) Any occupant of each residential unit that is 6076 located within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent 6077 child's residential premises, that is located within the county 6078 served by the sheriff, and that is not located in a multi-unit 6079 building. Division (D)(3) of this section applies regarding 6080 notices required under this division.
- (b) If the offender or delinquent child resides in a 6082 multi-unit building, any occupant of each residential unit that 6083 is located in that multi-unit building and that shares a common 6084 hallway with the offender or delinquent child. For purposes of 6085

this division, an occupant's unit shares a common hallway with

the offender or delinquent child if the entrance door into the

occupant's unit is located on the same floor and opens into the

same hallway as the entrance door to the unit the offender or

delinquent child occupies. Division (D)(3) of this section

applies regarding notices required under this division.

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- (c) The building manager, or the person the building owner 6092 or condominium unit owners association authorizes to exercise 6093 management and control, of each multi-unit building that is 6094 located within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent 6095 child's residential premises, including a multi-unit building in 6096 which the offender or delinquent child resides, and that is 6097 located within the county served by the sheriff. In addition to 6098 notifying the building manager or the person authorized to 6099 exercise management and control in the multi-unit building under 6100 this division, the sheriff shall post a copy of the notice 6101 prominently in each common entryway in the building and any 6102 other location in the building the sheriff determines 6103 appropriate. The manager or person exercising management and 6104 control of the building shall permit the sheriff to post copies 6105 of the notice under this division as the sheriff determines 6106 appropriate. In lieu of posting copies of the notice as 6107 described in this division, a sheriff may provide notice to all 6108 occupants of the multi-unit building by mail or personal 6109 contact; if the sheriff so notifies all the occupants, the 6110 sheriff is not required to post copies of the notice in the 6111 common entryways to the building. Division (D)(3) of this 6112 section applies regarding notices required under this division. 6113
- (d) All additional persons who are within any category of 6114 neighbors of the offender or delinquent child that the attorney 6115 general by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the Revised 6116

Code requires to be provided the notice and who reside within	6117
the county served by the sheriff;	6118
(2) The executive director of the public children services	6119
agency that has jurisdiction within the specified geographical	6120
notification area and that is located within the county served	6121
by the sheriff;	6122
(3)(a) The superintendent of each board of education of a	6123
school district that has schools within the specified	6124
geographical notification area and that is located within the	6125
county served by the sheriff;	6126
(b) The principal of the school within the specified	6127
geographical notification area and within the county served by	6128
the sheriff that the delinquent child attends;	6129
(c) If the delinquent child attends a school outside of	6130
the specified geographical notification area or outside of the	6131
school district where the delinquent child resides, the	6132
superintendent of the board of education of a school district	6133
that governs the school that the delinquent child attends and	6134
the principal of the school that the delinquent child attends.	6135
(4)(a) The appointing or hiring officer of each chartered	6136
nonpublic school located within the specified geographical	6137
notification area and within the county served by the sheriff or	6138
of each other school located within the specified geographical	6139
notification area and within the county served by the sheriff	6140
and that is not operated by a board of education described in	6141
division (A)(3) of this section;	6142
(b) Regardless of the location of the school, the	6143
appointing or hiring officer of a chartered nonpublic school	6144
that the delinquent child attends.	6145

(5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or	6146
site administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter	6147
3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified	6148
geographical notification area and within the county served by	6149
the sheriff;	6150
(6) The administrator of each child care center or type A	6151
family child care home that is located within the specified	6152
geographical notification area and within the county served by	6153
the sheriff, and each holder of a license to operate a type B	6154
family child care home that is located within the specified	6155
geographical notification area and within the county served by	6156
the sheriff. As used in this division, "child care center,"	6157
"type A family child care home," and "type B family child care	6158
home" have the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the	6159
Revised Code.	6160
(7) The president or other chief administrative officer of	6161
(7) The president or other chief administrative officer of each institution of higher education, as defined in section	6161 6162
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each institution of higher education, as defined in section	6162
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the	6162 6163
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county	6162 6163 6164
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of	6162 6163 6164 6165
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;  (8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of the specified geographical notification area;	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168 6169 6170
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;  (8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of the specified geographical notification area;  (9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168 6169 6170
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;  (8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of the specified geographical notification area;  (9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168 6169 6170 6171
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;  (8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of the specified geographical notification area;  (9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or other chief law enforcement officer of the municipal corporation	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168 6169 6170 6171 6172 6173
each institution of higher education, as defined in section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of the state university law enforcement agency or campus police department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;  (8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion of the specified geographical notification area;  (9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or	6162 6163 6164 6165 6166 6167 6168 6170 6171 6172

the constable or chief of the police department or police	6176
district police force of the township in which the offender or	6177
delinquent child resides;	6178
(10) Volunteer organizations in which contact with minors	6179
or other vulnerable individuals might occur or any organization,	6180
company, or individual who requests notification as provided in	6181
division (J) of this section.	6182
(B) The notice required under division (A) of this section	6183
shall include all of the following information regarding the	6184
subject offender or delinquent child:	6185
(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name;	6186
(2) The address or addresses of the offender's or public	6187
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant's residence,	6188
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment,	6189
as applicable, or the residence address or addresses of a	6190
delinquent child who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	6191
offender registrant;	6192
(3) The sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	6193
offense of which the offender was convicted, to which the	6194
offender pleaded guilty, or for which the child was adjudicated	6195
a delinquent child;	6196
(4) A statement that identifies the category specified in	6197
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section that includes	6198
the offender or delinquent child and that subjects the offender	6199
or delinquent child to this section;	6200
(5) The offender's or delinquent child's photograph.	6201
(C) If a sheriff with whom an offender or delinquent child	6202

registers under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the 6203

Revised Code or to whom the offender or delinquent child most	6204
recently sent a notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04	6205
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code is required by division (A) of	6206
this section to provide notices regarding an offender or	6207
delinquent child and if, pursuant to that requirement, the	6208
sheriff provides a notice to a sheriff of one or more other	6209
counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, the	6210
sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided notice	6211
under division (A)(8) of this section shall provide the notices	6212
described in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) and (10) of this	6213
section to each person or entity identified within those	6214
divisions that is located within the specified geographical	6215
notification area and within the county served by the sheriff in	6216
question.	6217

(D)(1) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 6218 section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent 6219 child shall provide the notice to the neighbors that are 6220 described in division (A)(1) of this section and the notices to 6221 law enforcement personnel that are described in divisions (A)(8) 6222 and (9) of this section as soon as practicable, but no later 6223 than five days after the offender sends the notice of intent to 6224 reside to the sheriff and again no later than five days after 6225 the offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, 6226 if the sheriff is required by division (C) of this section to 6227 provide the notices, no later than five days after the sheriff 6228 is provided the notice described in division (A)(8) of this 6229 section. 6230

A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this section 6231 to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child 6232 shall provide the notices to all other specified persons that 6233 are described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) and (A)(10) of this 6234

section as soon as practicable, but not later than seven days

after the offender or delinquent child registers with the

sheriff or, if the sheriff is required by division (C) of this

section to provide the notices, no later than five days after

the sheriff is provided the notice described in division (A) (8)

of this section.

- (2) If an offender or delinquent child in relation to whom 6241 division (A) of this section applies verifies the offender's or 6242 delinquent child's current residence, school, institution of 6243 6244 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.06 of the Revised Code, 6245 the sheriff may provide a written notice containing the 6246 information set forth in division (B) of this section to the 6247 persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this section. 6248 If a sheriff provides a notice pursuant to this division to the 6249 sheriff of one or more other counties in accordance with 6250 division (A)(8) of this section, the sheriff of each of the 6251 other counties who is provided the notice under division (A)(8) 6252 6253 of this section may provide, but is not required to provide, a written notice containing the information set forth in division 6254 (B) of this section to the persons identified in divisions (A) 6255 (1) to (7) and (A) (9) and (10) of this section. 6256
- (3) A sheriff may provide notice under division (A)(1)(a) 6257 6258 or (b) of this section, and may provide notice under division (A)(1)(c) of this section to a building manager or person 6259 authorized to exercise management and control of a building, by 6260 mail, by personal contact, or by leaving the notice at or under 6261 the entry door to a residential unit. For purposes of divisions 6262 (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section, and the portion of division 6263 (A)(1)(c) of this section relating to the provision of notice to 6264 occupants of a multi-unit building by mail or personal contact, 6265

the provision of one written notice per unit is deemed as	6266
providing notice to all occupants of that unit.	6267
(E) All information that a sheriff possesses regarding an	6268
offender or delinquent child who is in a category specified in	6269
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section that is	6270
described in division (B) of this section and that must be	6271
provided in a notice required under division (A) or (C) of this	6272
section or that may be provided in a notice authorized under	6273
division (D)(2) of this section is a public record that is open	6274
to inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	6275
The sheriff shall not cause to be publicly disseminated by	6276
means of the internet any of the information described in this	6277
division that is provided by a delinquent child unless that	6278
child is in a category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or	6279
(c) of this section.	6280
(F)(1) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this	6281
section, the duties to provide the notices described in	6282
divisions (A) and (C) of this section apply regarding any	6283
offender or delinquent child who is in any of the following	6284
categories:	6285
(a) The effective is a time TTT are effected as (abild asignian	6206
(a) The offender is a tier III sex offender/child-victim	6286
offender, and a court has not removed pursuant to section	6287
2950.152 of the Revised Code the offender's duty to comply with	6288
sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, or	6289
the delinquent child is a public registry-qualified juvenile	6290
offender registrant, and a juvenile court has not removed	6291
pursuant to section 2950.15 of the Revised Code the delinquent	6292
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05,	6293

and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.

(b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-	6295
victim offender who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	6296
offender registrant, the delinquent child was subjected to this	6297
section prior to January 1, 2008, as a sexual predator, habitual	6298
sex offender, child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim	6299
offender, as those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the	6300
Revised Code as it existed prior to January 1, 2008, and a	6301
juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or	6302
2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to	6303
comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	6304
the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to	6305
section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty	6306
to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	6307
Revised Code.	6308
(c) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-	6309
victim offender who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	6310
offender registrant, the delinquent child was classified a	6311
juvenile offender registrant on or after January 1, 2008, the	6312
court has imposed a requirement under section 2152.82, 2152.83,	6313
or 2152.84 of the Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child	6314
to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant	6315
to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent	6316
child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05,	6317
and 2950.06 of the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not	6318

(2) The notification provisions of this section do not 6322 apply to a person described in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) 6323 of this section if a court finds at a hearing after considering 6324 the factors described in this division that the person would not 6325

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removed pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the

delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04,

2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.

be subject to the notification provisions of this section that	6326
were in the version of this section that existed immediately	6327
prior to January 1, 2008. In making the determination of whether	6328
a person would have been subject to the notification provisions	6329
under prior law as described in this division, the court shall	6330
consider the following factors:	6331
(a) The offender's or delinquent child's age;	6332
(b) The offender's or delinquent child's prior criminal or	6333
delinquency record regarding all offenses, including, but not	6334
limited to, all sexual offenses;	6335
(c) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense	6336
for which sentence is to be imposed or the order of disposition	6337
is to be made;	6338
(d) Whether the sexually oriented offense for which	6339
sentence is to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be	6340
made involved multiple victims;	6341
(e) Whether the offender or delinquent child used drugs or	6342
alcohol to impair the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	6343
to prevent the victim from resisting;	6344
(f) If the offender or delinquent child previously has	6345
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	6346
delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an	6347
adult would be, a criminal offense, whether the offender or	6348
delinquent child completed any sentence or dispositional order	6349
imposed for the prior offense or act and, if the prior offense	6350
or act was a sex offense or a sexually oriented offense, whether	6351
the offender or delinquent child participated in available	6352
programs for sexual offenders;	6353
(g) Any mental illness or mental disability of the	6354

offender or delinquent child;	6355
(h) The nature of the offender's or delinquent child's	6356
sexual conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual	6357
context with the victim of the sexually oriented offense and	6358
whether the sexual conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a	6359
sexual context was part of a demonstrated pattern of abuse;	6360
(i) Whether the offender or delinquent child, during the	6361
commission of the sexually oriented offense for which sentence	6362
is to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be made,	6363
displayed cruelty or made one or more threats of cruelty;	6364
(j) Whether the offender or delinquent child would have	6365
been a habitual sex offender or a habitual child victim offender	6366
under the definitions of those terms set forth in section	6367
2950.01 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to	6368
January 1, 2008;	6369
(k) Any additional behavioral characteristics that	6370
contribute to the offender's or delinquent child's conduct.	6371
(G)(1) The department of job and family services shall	6372
compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year,	6373
a list of all agencies, centers, or homes of a type described in	6374
division (A)(2) or (6) of this section that contains the name of	6375
each agency, center, or home of that type, the county in which	6376
it is located, its address and telephone number, and the name of	6377
an administrative officer or employee of the agency, center, or	6378
home.	6379
(2) The department of education and workforce shall	6380
compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year,	6381
a list of all boards of education, schools, or programs of a	6382

type described in division (A)(3), (4), or (5) of this section

that contains the name of each board of education, school, or

program of that type, the county in which it is located, its

address and telephone number, the name of the superintendent of

the board or of an administrative officer or employee of the

school or program, and, in relation to a board of education, the

county or counties in which each of its schools is located and

the address of each such school.

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- (3) The department chancellor—of higher education shall

  compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year,

  a list of all institutions of a type described in division (A)

  (7) of this section that contains the name of each such

  institution, the county in which it is located, its address and

  telephone number, and the name of its president or other chief

  administrative officer.

  6391
- (4) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 6398 section, or authorized by division (D)(2) of this section, to 6399 provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child, or a 6400 designee of a sheriff of that type, may request the department 6401 of job and family services, department of education and 6402 workforce, or department chancellor of higher education by 6403 telephone, in person, or by mail, to provide the sheriff or 6404 designee with the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the 6405 appropriate persons and entities to whom the notices described 6406 in divisions (A)(2) to (7) of this section are to be provided. 6407 Upon receipt of a request, the department shall provide the 6408 requesting sheriff or designee with the names, addresses, and 6409 telephone numbers of the appropriate persons and entities to 6410 whom those notices are to be provided. 6411
- (H) (1) Upon the motion of the offender or the prosecuting 6412 attorney of the county in which the offender was convicted of or 6413

pleaded guilty to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	6414
oriented offense for which the offender is subject to community	6415
notification under this section, or upon the motion of the	6416
sentencing judge or that judge's successor in office, the judge	6417
may schedule a hearing to determine whether the interests of	6418
justice would be served by suspending the community notification	6419
requirement under this section in relation to the offender. The	6420
judge may dismiss the motion without a hearing but may not issue	6421
an order suspending the community notification requirement	6422
without a hearing. At the hearing, all parties are entitled to	6423
be heard, and the judge shall consider all of the factors set	6424
forth in division (K) of this section. If, at the conclusion of	6425
the hearing, the judge finds that the offender has proven by	6426
clear and convincing evidence that the offender is unlikely to	6427
commit in the future a sexually oriented offense or a child-	6428
victim oriented offense and if the judge finds that suspending	6429
the community notification requirement is in the interests of	6430
justice, the judge may suspend the application of this section	6431
in relation to the offender. The order shall contain both of	6432
these findings.	6433

The judge promptly shall serve a copy of the order upon 6434 the sheriff with whom the offender most recently registered 6435 under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code 6436 and upon the bureau of criminal identification and 6437 investigation.

An order suspending the community notification requirement 6439 does not suspend or otherwise alter an offender's duties to 6440 comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of 6441 the Revised Code and does not suspend the victim notification 6442 requirement under section 2950.10 of the Revised Code. 6443

(2) A prosecuting attorney, a sentencing judge or that	6444
judge's successor in office, and an offender who is subject to	6445
the community notification requirement under this section may	6446
initially make a motion under division (H)(1) of this section	6447
upon the expiration of twenty years after the offender's duty to	6448
comply with division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.04,	6449
division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section $2950.041$ and sections	6450
2950.05 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code begins in relation to	6451
the offense for which the offender is subject to community	6452
notification. After the initial making of a motion under	6453
division (H)(1) of this section, thereafter, the prosecutor,	6454
judge, and offender may make a subsequent motion under that	6455
division upon the expiration of five years after the judge has	6456
entered an order denying the initial motion or the most recent	6457
motion made under that division.	6458
(3) The offender and the prosecuting attorney have the	6459
right to appeal an order approving or denying a motion made	6460

- right to appeal an order approving or denying a motion made under division (H)(1) of this section.
- (4) Divisions (H)(1) to (3) of this section do not apply 6462 to any of the following types of offender: 6463

- (a) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 6464 violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, or 6465 kidnapping offense and who, in relation to that offense, is 6466 adjudicated a sexually violent predator; 6467
- (b) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 6468 sexually oriented offense that is a violation of division (A)(1) 6469 (b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or after 6470 January 2, 2007, and either who is sentenced under section 6471 2971.03 of the Revised Code or upon whom a sentence of life 6472 without parole is imposed under division (B) of section 2907.02 6473

of the Revised Code;

(c) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	6475
sexually oriented offense that is attempted rape committed on or	6476
after January 2, 2007, and who also is convicted of or pleads	6477
guilty to a specification of the type described in section	6478
2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code;	6479

- (d) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an 6480 offense described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of 6481 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and who is sentenced for 6482 that offense pursuant to that division; 6483
- (e) An offender who is in a category specified in division 6484

  (F) (1) (a), (b), or (c) of this section and who, subsequent to 6485

  being subjected to community notification, has pleaded guilty to 6486

  or been convicted of a sexually oriented offense or child-victim 6487

  oriented offense.
- (I) If a person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has 6489 been convicted of, or has pleaded quilty to a sexually oriented 6490 offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has 6491 been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually 6492 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is 6493 6494 classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, and if 6495 the offender or delinquent child is not in any category 6496 specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, 6497 the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child has most 6498 recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 6499 of the Revised Code and the sheriff to whom the offender or 6500 delinquent child most recently sent a notice of intent to reside 6501 under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, within 6502 the period of time specified in division (D) of this section, 6503

shall provide a written notice containing the information set	6504
forth in division (B) of this section to the executive director	6505
of the public children services agency that has jurisdiction	6506
within the specified geographical notification area and that is	6507
located within the county served by the sheriff.	6508
(J) Each sheriff shall allow a volunteer organization or	6509
other organization, company, or individual who wishes to receive	6510
the notice described in division (A)(10) of this section	6511
regarding a specific offender or delinquent child or notice	6512
regarding all offenders and delinquent children who are located	6513
in the specified geographical notification area to notify the	6514
sheriff by electronic mail or through the sheriff's web site of	6515
this election. The sheriff shall promptly inform the bureau of	6516
criminal identification and investigation of these requests in	6517
accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted by the	6518
attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised	6519
Code.	6520
(K) In making a determination under division (H)(1) of	6521
this section as to whether to suspend the community notification	6522
requirement under this section for an offender, the judge shall	6523
consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to,	6524
all of the following:	6525
(1) The offender's age;	6526
(2) The offender's prior criminal or delinquency record	6527
regarding all offenses, including, but not limited to, all	6528
sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses;	6529
(3) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense	6530
or child-victim oriented offense the offender committed;	6531

(4) Whether the sexually oriented offense or child-victim

oriented offense the offender committed involved multiple	6533
victims;	6534
(5) Whether the offender used drugs or alcohol to impair	6535
the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	6536
oriented offense the offender committed or to prevent the victim	6537
<pre>from resisting;</pre>	6538
(6) If the offender previously has been convicted of,	6539
pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for	6540
committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a	6541
criminal offense, whether the offender completed any sentence or	6542
dispositional order imposed for the prior offense or act and, if	6543
the prior offense or act was a sexually oriented offense or a	6544
child-victim oriented offense, whether the offender or	6545
delinquent child participated in available programs for sex	6546
offenders or child-victim offenders;	6547
(7) Any mental illness or mental disability of the	6548
offender;	6549
(8) The nature of the offender's sexual conduct, sexual	6550
contact, or interaction in a sexual context with the victim of	6551
the sexually oriented offense the offender committed or the	6552
nature of the offender's interaction in a sexual context with	6553
the victim of the child-victim oriented offense the offender	6554
committed, whichever is applicable, and whether the sexual	6555
conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context was	6556
part of a demonstrated pattern of abuse;	6557
(9) Whether the offender, during the commission of the	6558
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense the	6559
offender committed, displayed cruelty or made one or more	6560
threats of cruelty;	6561

(10) Any	y additional behavioral characteristics that	6562
contribute to	the offender's conduct.	6563

- (L) As used in this section, "specified geographical 6564 notification area" means the geographic area or areas within 6565 which the attorney general, by rule adopted under section 6566 2950.13 of the Revised Code, requires the notice described in 6567 division (B) of this section to be given to the persons 6568 identified in divisions (A)(2) to (8) of this section.
- Sec. 2950.13. (A) The attorney general shall do all of the 6570 following:
- (1) No later than July 1, 1997, establish and maintain a 6572 state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders that 6573 is housed at the bureau of criminal identification and 6574 investigation and that contains all of the registration, change 6575 of residence, school, institution of higher education, or place 6576 of employment address, and verification information the bureau 6577 receives pursuant to sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 6578 2950.06 of the Revised Code regarding each person who is 6579 convicted of, pleads quilty to, has been convicted of, or has 6580 pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim 6581 oriented offense and each person who is or has been adjudicated 6582 a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or 6583 a child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile 6584 offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender 6585 registrant based on that adjudication, all of the information 6586 the bureau receives pursuant to section 2950.14 of the Revised 6587 Code, and any notice of an order terminating or modifying an 6588 offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 6589 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code the 6590 bureau receives pursuant to section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15 6591

of the Revised Code, and any notice of an order terminating an	6592
offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	6593
2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code the bureau	6594
receives pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code. For a	6595
person who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the sexually	6596
oriented offense or child-victim related offense, the registry	6597
also shall indicate whether the person was convicted of or	6598
pleaded guilty to the offense in a criminal prosecution or in a	6599
serious youthful offender case. The registry shall not be open	6600
to inspection by the public or by any person other than a person	6601
identified in division (A) of section 2950.08 of the Revised	6602
Code. In addition to the information and material previously	6603
identified in this division, the registry shall include all of	6604
the following regarding each person who is listed in the	6605
registry:	6606

- (a) A citation for, and the name of, all sexually oriented 6607 offenses or child-victim oriented offenses of which the person 6608 was convicted, to which the person pleaded guilty, or for which 6609 the person was adjudicated a delinquent child and that resulted 6610 in a registration duty, and the date on which those offenses 6611 were committed;
- (b) The text of the sexually oriented offenses or childvictim oriented offenses identified in division (A)(1)(a) of

  this section as those offenses existed at the time the person

  was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a

  delinquent child for committing those offenses, or a link to a

  database that sets forth the text of those offenses;

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- (c) A statement as to whether the person is a tier I sex

  offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child
  victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim

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offender for the sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	6622
oriented offenses identified in division (A)(1)(a) of this	6623
section;	6624
(d) The community supervision status of the person,	6625
including, but not limited to, whether the person is serving a	6626
community control sanction and the nature of any such sanction,	6627
whether the person is under supervised release and the nature of	6628
the release, or regarding a juvenile, whether the juvenile is	6629
under any type of release authorized under Chapter 2152. or	6630
5139. of the Revised Code and the nature of any such release;	6631
(e) The offense and delinquency history of the person, as	6632
determined from information gathered or provided under sections	6633
109.57 and 2950.14 of the Revised Code;	6634
(f) The bureau of criminal identification and	6635
investigation tracking number assigned to the person if one has	6636
been so assigned, the federal bureau of investigation number	6637
assigned to the person if one has been assigned and the bureau	6638
of criminal identification and investigation is aware of the	6639
number, and any other state identification number assigned to	6640
the person of which the bureau is aware;	6641
(g) Fingerprints and palmprints of the person;	6642
(h) A DNA specimen, as defined in section 109.573 of the	6643
Revised Code, from the person;	6644
(i) Whether the person has any outstanding arrest	6645
warrants;	6646
(j) Whether the person is in compliance with the person's	6647
duties under this chapter.	6648
(2) In consultation with local law enforcement	6649

representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that 6650 contain guidelines necessary for the implementation of this 6651 chapter; 6652

- (3) In consultation with local law enforcement 6653 representatives, adopt rules for the implementation and 6654 administration of the provisions contained in section 2950.11 of 6655 the Revised Code that pertain to the notification of neighbors 6656 of an offender or a delinquent child who has committed a 6657 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 6658 is in a category specified in division (F)(1) of that section 6659 and rules that prescribe a manner in which victims of a sexually 6660 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed by 6661 an offender or a delinquent child who is in a category specified 6662 in division (B)(1) of section 2950.10 of the Revised Code may 6663 make a request that specifies that the victim would like to be 6664 provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of 6665 section 2950.10 of the Revised Code; 6666
- (4) In consultation with local law enforcement 6667 representatives and through the bureau of criminal 6668 identification and investigation, prescribe the forms to be used 6669 by judges and officials pursuant to section 2950.03 or 2950.032 6670 of the Revised Code to advise offenders and delinquent children 6671 of their duties of filing a notice of intent to reside, 6672 registration, notification of a change of residence, school, 6673 institution of higher education, or place of employment address 6674 and registration of the new school, institution of higher 6675 education, or place of employment address, as applicable, and 6676 address verification under sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 6677 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and prescribe the forms to be 6678 used by sheriffs relative to those duties of filing a notice of 6679 intent to reside, registration, change of residence, school, 6680

institution of higher education, or place of employment address	6681
notification, and address verification;	6682
(5) Make copies of the forms prescribed under division (A)	6683
(4) of this section available to judges, officials, and	6684
sheriffs;	6685
(6) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	6686
investigation, provide the notifications, the information and	6687
materials, and the documents that the bureau is required to	6688
provide to appropriate law enforcement officials and to the	6689
federal bureau of investigation pursuant to sections 2950.04,	6690
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code;	6691
(7) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	6692
investigation, maintain the verification forms returned under	6693
the address verification mechanism set forth in section 2950.06	6694
of the Revised Code;	6695
(8) In consultation with representatives of the officials,	6696
judges, and sheriffs, adopt procedures for officials, judges,	6697
and sheriffs to use to forward information, photographs, and	6698
fingerprints to the bureau of criminal identification and	6699
investigation pursuant to the requirements of sections 2950.03,	6700
2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, and 2950.11 of the Revised	6701
Code;	6702
(9) In consultation with the director of education, the	6703
director of job and family services, and the director of	6704
rehabilitation and correction, adopt rules that contain	6705
guidelines to be followed by boards of education of a school	6706
district, chartered nonpublic schools or other schools not	6707
operated by a board of education, preschool programs, child care	6708
centers, type A family child care homes, licensed type B family	6709

child care homes, and institutions of higher education regarding	6710
the proper use and administration of information received	6711
pursuant to section 2950.11 of the Revised Code relative to an	6712
offender or delinquent child who has committed a sexually	6713
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is in a	6714
category specified in division (F)(1) of that section;	6715
(10) In consultation with local law enforcement	6716
representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that	6717
designate a geographic area or areas within which the notice	6718
described in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code	6719
must be given to the persons identified in divisions (A)(2) to	6720
(8) and (A) (10) of that section;	6721
(11) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	6722
investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and	6723
operate on the internet a sex offender and child-victim offender	6724
database that contains information for every offender who has	6725
committed a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented	6726
offense and registers in any county in this state pursuant to	6727
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and for every	6728
delinquent child who has committed a sexually oriented offense,	6729
is a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, and	6730
registers in any county in this state pursuant to either such	6731
section. The bureau shall not include on the database the	6732
identity of any offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile	6733
offender registrant's victim, any offender's or public registry-	6734
qualified juvenile offender registrant's social security number,	6735
the name of any school or institution of higher education	6736
attended by any offender or public registry-qualified juvenile	6737
offender registrant, the name of the place of employment of any	6738

6740

offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender

registrant, any tracking or identification number described in

division (A)(1)(f) of this section, or any information described	6741
in division (C)(7) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised	6742
Code. The bureau shall provide on the database, for each	6743
offender and each public registry-qualified juvenile offender	6744
registrant, at least the information specified in divisions (A)	6745
(11)(a) to (h) of this section. Otherwise, the bureau shall	6746
determine the information to be provided on the database for	6747
each offender and public registry-qualified juvenile offender	6748
registrant and shall obtain that information from the	6749
information contained in the state registry of sex offenders and	6750
child-victim offenders described in division (A)(1) of this	6751
section, which information, while in the possession of the	6752
sheriff who provided it, is a public record open for inspection	6753
as described in section 2950.081 of the Revised Code. The	6754
database is a public record open for inspection under section	6755
149.43 of the Revised Code, and it shall be searchable by	6756
offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	6757
registrant name, by county, by zip code, and by school district.	6758
The database shall provide a link to the web site of each	6759
sheriff who has established and operates on the internet a sex	6760
offender and child-victim offender database that contains	6761
information for offenders and public registry-qualified juvenile	6762
offender registrants who register in that county pursuant to	6763
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, with the link	6764
being a direct link to the sex offender and child-victim	6765
offender database for the sheriff. The bureau shall provide on	6766
the database, for each offender and public registry-qualified	6767
juvenile offender registrant, at least the following	6768
information:	6769

(a) The information described in divisions (A) (1) (a), (b),(c), and (d) of this section relative to the offender or public6771

registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant;	6772
(b) The address of the offender's or public registry-	6773
qualified juvenile offender registrant's school, institution of	6774
higher education, or place of employment provided in a	6775
registration form;	6776
(c) The information described in division (C)(6) of	6777
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code;	6778
(d) A chart describing which sexually oriented offenses	6779
and child-victim oriented offenses are included in the	6780
definitions of tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, tier	6781
II sex offender/child-victim offender, and tier III sex	6782
offender/child-victim offender;	6783
(e) Fingerprints and palmprints of the offender or public	6784
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant and a DNA	6785
specimen from the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile	6786
offender registrant;	6787
(f) The information set forth in division (B) of section	6788
2950.11 of the Revised Code;	6789
(g) Any outstanding arrest warrants for the offender or	6790
<pre>public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant;</pre>	6791
(h) The offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile	6792
offender registrant's compliance status with duties under this	6793
chapter.	6794
(12) Develop software to be used by sheriffs in	6795
establishing on the internet a sex offender and child-victim	6796
offender database for the public dissemination of some or all of	6797
the information and materials described in division (A) of	6798
section 2950.081 of the Revised Code that are public records	6799

under that division, that are not prohibited from inclusion by 6800 division (B) of that section, and that pertain to offenders and 6801 public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrants who 6802 register in the sheriff's county pursuant to section 2950.04 or 6803 2950.041 of the Revised Code and for the public dissemination of 6804 information the sheriff receives pursuant to section 2950.14 of 6805 the Revised Code and, upon the request of any sheriff, provide 6806 technical guidance to the requesting sheriff in establishing on 6807 the internet such a database; 6808

(13) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 6809 investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and 6810 operate on the internet a database that enables local law 6811 enforcement representatives to remotely search by electronic 6812 means the state registry of sex offenders and child-victim 6813 offenders described in division (A)(1) of this section and any 6814 information and materials the bureau receives pursuant to 6815 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, and 2950.14 of the 6816 Revised Code. The database shall enable local law enforcement 6817 representatives to obtain detailed information regarding each 6818 offender and delinquent child who is included in the registry, 6819 including, but not limited to the offender's or delinquent 6820 child's name, aliases, residence address, name and address of 6821 any place of employment, school, institution of higher 6822 education, if applicable, license plate number of each vehicle 6823 identified in division (C)(5) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of 6824 the Revised Code to the extent applicable, victim preference if 6825 available, date of most recent release from confinement if 6826 applicable, fingerprints, and palmprints, all of the information 6827 and material described in divisions (A)(1)(a) to (h) of this 6828 section regarding the offender or delinquent child, and other 6829 identification parameters the bureau considers appropriate. The 6830

database is not a public record open for inspection under 6831 section 149.43 of the Revised Code and shall be available only 6832 to law enforcement representatives as described in this 6833 division. Information obtained by local law enforcement 6834 representatives through use of this database is not open to 6835 inspection by the public or by any person other than a person 6836 identified in division (A) of section 2950.08 of the Revised 6837 Code. 6838

- (14) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 6839 investigation, maintain a list of requests for notice about a 6840 specified offender or delinquent child or specified geographical 6841 notification area made pursuant to division (J) of section 6842 2950.11 of the Revised Code and, when an offender or delinquent 6843 child changes residence to another county, forward any requests 6844 for information about that specific offender or delinquent child 6845 6846 to the appropriate sheriff;
- (15) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 6847 investigation, establish and operate a system for the immediate 6848 notification by electronic means of the appropriate officials in 6849 other states specified in this division each time an offender or 6850 delinquent child registers a residence, school, institution of 6851 6852 higher education, or place of employment address under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code or provides a notice of 6853 a change of address or registers a new address under division 6854 (A) or (B) of section 2950.05 of the Revised Code. The immediate 6855 notification by electronic means shall be provided to the 6856 appropriate officials in each state in which the offender or 6857 delinquent child is required to register a residence, school, 6858 institution of higher education, or place of employment address. 6859 The notification shall contain the offender's or delinquent 6860 child's name and all of the information the bureau receives from 6861

the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child	6862
registered the address or provided the notice of change of	6863
address or registered the new address.	6864
(B) The attorney general in consultation with local law	6865
enforcement representatives, may adopt rules that establish one	6866
or more categories of neighbors of an offender or delinquent	6867
child who, in addition to the occupants of residential premises	6868
and other persons specified in division (A)(1) of section	6869
2950.11 of the Revised Code, must be given the notice described	6870
in division (B) of that section.	6871
(C) No person, other than a local law enforcement	6872
representative, shall knowingly do any of the following:	6873
(1) Gain or attempt to gain access to the database	6874
established and operated by the attorney general, through the	6875
bureau of criminal identification and investigation, pursuant to	6876
division (A)(13) of this section.	6877
(2) Permit any person to inspect any information obtained	6878
through use of the database described in division (C)(1) of this	6879
section, other than as permitted under that division.	6880
(D) As used in this section, "local law enforcement	6881
representatives" means representatives of the sheriffs of this	6882
state, representatives of the municipal chiefs of police and	6883
marshals of this state, and representatives of the township	6884
constables and chiefs of police of the township police	6885
departments or police district police forces of this state.	6886
Sec. 2950.152. (A) As used in this section:	6887
(1) "Eligible offender" means either of the following:	6888
(a) A person who is convicted of, pleads quilty to, was	6889

convicted of, or pleaded guilty to a qualifying sexually	6890
oriented offense, regardless of when the offense was committed,	6891
and is a tier III sex offender;	6892
(b) A child who is or was adjudicated a delinquent child	6893
for committing a qualifying sexually oriented offense,	6894
regardless of when the offense was committed, and is a juvenile	6895
offender registrant but is not a public registry-qualified	6896
juvenile offender registrant.	6897
(2) "Qualifying sexually oriented offense" means a	6898
violation of division (B) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code	6899
as it existed prior to the effective date of this section.	6900
(B) (1) An eligible offender may make a motion to one of	6901
<pre>the following courts:</pre>	6902
(a) The court of common pleas of the county in which the	6903
eligible offender resides;	6904
(b) If the eligible offender is a delinquent child, the	6905
juvenile court of the county in which the eligible offender	6906
resides;	6907
(c) If the eligible offender is not a resident of this	6908
state, the court of common pleas of the county in which the	6909
eligible offender has registered pursuant to section 2950.04 of	6910
the Revised Code, but if the eligible offender has registered	6911
addresses of that nature in more than one county, the court of	6912
only one of those counties.	6913
(2) An eligible offender who makes a motion under division	6914
(B) of this section may request either of the following in the	6915
<pre>motion:</pre>	6916
(a) That the court terminate the eligible offender's duty	6917

to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the	6918
Revised Code in relation to the qualifying offense.	6919
(b) If the eligible offender is a delinquent child, that	6920
the court determine the child is no longer a juvenile offender	6921
registrant, terminate the child's duty to comply with sections	6922
2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and terminate	6923
all prior determinations that the child is a tier I sex	6924
offender, a tier II sex offender, or a tier III sex offender,	6925
whichever is applicable, in relation to the qualifying offense.	6926
(C) An eligible offender who makes a motion under division	6927
(B) of this section shall include a certified copy of the	6928
judgment entry and any other documentation of the sentence or	6929
disposition given for the qualifying sexually oriented offense	6930
for which the offender was convicted, pleaded guilty to, or was	6931
adjudicated a delinquent child with the motion.	6932
(D) Upon the filing of a motion pursuant to division (B)	6933
of this section, the eligible offender shall serve a copy of the	6934
motion and supporting documents on the prosecutor who handled	6935
the case in which the eligible offender was convicted of,	6936
pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent child for	6937
committing the qualifying sexually oriented offense. Upon the	6938
filing of the motion, the court shall set a tentative date for a	6939
hearing on the motion that is not more than one hundred eighty	6940
days from the date the motion is filed unless good cause exists	6941
to hold the hearing at a later date and shall notify the	6942
eligible offender and the prosecutor of the date, time, and	6943
place of the hearing.	6944
(E) At least seven days prior to the hearing date, the	6945
prosecutor may file an objection to the motion with the court	6946
and serve a copy of the objection to the motion on the eligible	6947

offender or eligible offender's attorney.	6948
(F)(1) The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether	6949
to grant or deny the motion. At the hearing, the Rules of Civil	6950
Procedure or, if the hearing is in a juvenile court, the Rules	6951
of Juvenile Procedure apply, except to the extent that those	6952
rules would by their nature be clearly inapplicable. At the	6953
hearing, the eligible offender has the burden of going forward	6954
with the evidence and the burden of proof by a preponderance of	6955
the evidence. If the court finds that the eligible offender was	6956
convicted of, pleaded quilty to, or was adjudicated a delinquent	6957
child for committing a qualifying sexually oriented offense, the	6958
court shall issue an order granting the relief requested in	6959
division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section. If the court finds	6960
that the eligible offender was not convicted of, did not plead	6961
guilty to, or was not adjudicated a delinquent child for	6962
committing a qualifying sexually oriented offense, the court	6963
shall issue an order denying the motion.	6964
(2) (a) The court shall provide prompt notice of its order	6965
to the eliqible offender or the eliqible offender's attorney. If	6966
the eliqible offender is a delinquent child, the court also	6967
shall provide prompt notice of its order to the delinquent	6968
child's parent, guardian, or custodian.	6969
(b) If the court issues an order granting the relief	6970
requested in division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the	6971
court shall promptly forward a copy of the order to the bureau	6972
of criminal identification and investigation. Upon receipt of	6973
the order, the bureau shall update all records pertaining to the	6974
eligible offender to reflect the termination order. The bureau	6975
also shall notify every sheriff with whom the eligible offender	6976
has most recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.05, or	6977

2950.06 of the Revised Code of the termination order.	6978
(c) If the court issues an order granting the relief	6979
requested in division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the	6980
court shall promptly forward a copy of the order to any court	6981
that sentenced the offender or adjudicated the child a	6982
delinquent child for a qualifying sexually oriented offense that	6983
is the basis of the termination order. The court that receives	6984
the notice shall retain a copy of the order in the eligible	6985
offender's case file.	6986
Sec. 2953.31. (A) As used in sections 2953.31 to 2953.521	6987
of the Revised Code:	6988
(1) "Prosecutor" means the county prosecuting attorney,	6989
	6990
city director of law, village solicitor, or similar chief legal	
officer, who has the authority to prosecute a criminal case in	6991
the court in which the case is filed.	6992
(2) "Bail forfeiture" means the forfeiture of bail by a	6993
defendant who is arrested for the commission of a misdemeanor,	6994
other than a defendant in a traffic case as defined in Traffic	6995
Rule 2, if the forfeiture is pursuant to an agreement with the	6996
court and prosecutor in the case.	6997
(3) "Official records" means all records that are	6998
possessed by any public office or agency that relate to a	6999
criminal case, including, but not limited to: the notation to	7000
the case in the criminal docket; all subpoenas issued in the	7001
case; all papers and documents filed by the defendant or the	7002
prosecutor in the case; all records of all testimony and	7003
evidence presented in all proceedings in the case; all court	7004
files, papers, documents, folders, entries, affidavits, or writs	7005
that pertain to the case; all computer, microfilm, microfiche,	7006

or microdot records, indices, or references to the case; all	7007
index references to the case; all fingerprints and photographs;	7008
all DNA specimens, DNA records, and DNA profiles; all records	7009
and investigative reports pertaining to the case that are	7010
possessed by any law enforcement officer or agency, except that	7011
any records or reports that are the specific investigatory work	7012
product of a law enforcement officer or agency are not and shall	7013
not be considered to be official records when they are in the	7014
possession of that officer or agency; all investigative records	7015
and reports other than those possessed by a law enforcement	7016
officer or agency pertaining to the case; and all records that	7017
are possessed by any public office or agency that relate to an	7018
application for, or the issuance or denial of, a certificate of	7019
qualification for employment under section 2953.25 of the	7020
Revised Code.	7021
"Official records" does not include any of the following:	7022
(a) Records or reports maintained pursuant to section	7023
2151.421 of the Revised Code by a public children services	7024
agency or the department of job and family services;	7025
(b) Any report of an investigation maintained by the	7026
inspector general pursuant to section 121.42 of the Revised	7027
Code, to the extent that the report contains information that	7028
pertains to an individual who was convicted of or pleaded guilty	7029
to an offense discovered in or related to the investigation and	7030
whose conviction or guilty plea was not overturned on appeal;	7031
(c) Records, reports, or audits maintained by the auditor	7032

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of state pursuant to Chapter 117. of the Revised Code.

section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Official proceeding" has the same meaning as in

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(5) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	7036
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	7037
(6) "Post-release control" and "post-release control	7038
sanction" have the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the	7039
Revised Code.	7040
(7) "DNA database," "DNA record," and "law enforcement	7041
agency" have the same meanings as in section 109.573 of the	7042
Revised Code.	7043
(8) "Fingerprints filed for record" means any fingerprints	7044
obtained by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	7045
identification and investigation pursuant to sections 109.57 and	7046
109.571 of the Revised Code.	7047
(9) "Investigatory work product" means any records or	7048
reports of a law enforcement officer or agency that are excepted	7049
from the definition of "official records" and that pertain to a	7050
conviction or bail forfeiture, the records of which have been	7051
ordered sealed or expunged pursuant to division (D)(2) of	7052
section 2953.32 or division (F)(1) of section 2953.39 of the	7053
Revised Code, or that pertain to a conviction or delinquent	7054
child adjudication, the records of which have been ordered	7055
expunged pursuant to division (E) or (F) of section 2151.358,	7056
division (C)(2) of section 2953.35, $\frac{1}{2}$ division (F) of section	7057
2953.36, or division (D)(2) of section 2953.41 of the Revised	7058
Code.	7059
(10) "Law enforcement or justice system matter" means an	7060
arrest, complaint, indictment, trial, hearing, adjudication,	7061
conviction, or correctional supervision.	7062

(11) "Record of conviction" means the record related to a

conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense.

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(12) "Victim of human trafficking" means a person who is	7065
or was a victim of a violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised	7066
Code, regardless of whether anyone has been convicted of a	7067
violation of that section or of any other section for	7068
victimizing the person.	7069
(13) "No bill" means a report by the foreperson or deputy	7070
foreperson of a grand jury that an indictment is not found by	7071
the grand jury against a person who has been held to answer	7072
before the grand jury for the commission of an offense.	7073
(14) "Court" means the court in which a case is pending at	7074
the time a finding of not guilty in the case or a dismissal of	7075
the complaint, indictment, or information in the case is entered	7076
on the minutes or journal of the court, or the court to which	7077
the foreperson or deputy foreperson of a grand jury reports,	7078
pursuant to section 2939.23 of the Revised Code, that the grand	7079
jury has returned a no bill.	7080
(B)(1) As used in section 2953.32 of the Revised Code,	7081
"expunge" means the expungement process described in section	7082
2953.32 of the Revised Code, including the authority described	7083
in division (D)(5) of that section.	7084
(2) As used in sections 2953.33 to 2953.521 of the Revised	7085
Code, "expunge" means both of the following:	7086
(a) The expungement process described in sections 2953.35,	7087
2953.36, 2953.39, and 2953.521 of the Revised Code;	7088
(b) To destroy, delete, and erase a record as appropriate	7089
for the record's physical or electronic form or characteristic	7090
so that the record is permanently irretrievable.	7091
Sec. 2953.34. (A) Inspection of the sealed records	7092
included in a sealing order may be made only by the following	7093

persons or for the following purposes:	7094
(1) By a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, or the	7095
assistants of either, to determine whether the nature and	7096
character of the offense with which a person is to be charged	7097
would be affected by virtue of the person's previously having	7098
been convicted of a crime;	7099
(2) By the parole or probation officer of the person who	7100
is the subject of the records, for the exclusive use of the	7101
officer in supervising the person while on parole or under a	7102
community control sanction or a post-release control sanction,	7103
and in making inquiries and written reports as requested by the	7104
court or adult parole authority;	7105
(3) Upon application by the person who is the subject of	7106
the records or a legal representative of that person, by the	7107
persons named in the application;	7108
(4) By a law enforcement officer who was involved in the	7109
case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising	7110
out of the officer's involvement in that case;	7111
(5) By a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting	7112
attorney's assistants, to determine a defendant's eligibility to	7113
enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to	7114
section 2935.36 of the Revised Code;	7115
(6) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	7116
employee of a law enforcement agency or by the department of	7117
rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services as	7118
part of a background investigation of a person who applies for	7119
employment with the agency or with the department;	7120
(7) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	7121
employee of a law enforcement agency, for the purposes set forth	7122

in, and in the manner provided in, division (I) of section	7123
2953.34 of the Revised Code;	7124
(8) By the bureau of criminal identification and	7125
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	7126
purpose of providing information to a board or person pursuant	7127
to division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code;	7128
(9) By the bureau of criminal identification and	7129
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	7130
purpose of performing a criminal history records check on a	7131
person to whom a certificate as prescribed in section 109.77 of	7132
the Revised Code is to be awarded;	7133
(10) By the bureau of criminal identification and	7134
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	7135
purpose of conducting a criminal records check of an individual	7136
pursuant to division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code	7137
that was requested pursuant to any of the sections identified in	7138
division (B)(1) of that section;	7139
(11) By the bureau of criminal identification and	7140
investigation, an authorized employee of the bureau, a sheriff,	7141
or an authorized employee of a sheriff in connection with a	7142
criminal records check described in section 311.41 of the	7143
Revised Code;	7144
(12) By the attorney general or an authorized employee of	7145
the attorney general or a court for purposes of determining a	7146
person's classification pursuant to Chapter 2950. of the Revised	7147
Code;	7148
(13) By a court, the registrar of motor vehicles, a	7149
prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting attorney's assistants,	7150
or a law enforcement officer for the purpose of assessing points	7151

against a person under section 4510.036 of the Revised Code or	7152
for taking action with regard to points assessed.	7153
When the nature and character of the offense with which a	7154
person is to be charged would be affected by the information, it	7155
may be used for the purpose of charging the person with an	7156
offense.	7157
(B) In any criminal proceeding, proof of any otherwise	7158
admissible prior conviction may be introduced and proved,	7159
notwithstanding the fact that for any such prior conviction an	7160
order of sealing or expungement previously was issued pursuant	7161
to sections 2953.31 to 2953.34 of the Revised Code.	7162
(C) The person or governmental agency, office, or	7163
department that maintains sealed records pertaining to	7164
convictions or bail forfeitures that have been sealed pursuant	7165
to section 2953.32 of the Revised Code may maintain a manual or	7166
computerized index to the sealed records. The index shall	7167
contain only the name of, and alphanumeric identifiers that	7168
relate to, the persons who are the subject of the sealed	7169
records, the word "sealed," and the name of the person, agency,	7170
office, or department that has custody of the sealed records,	7171
and shall not contain the name of the crime committed. The index	7172
shall be made available by the person who has custody of the	7173
sealed records only for the purposes set forth in divisions (A),	7174
(B), and (D) of this section.	7175
(D) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or	7176
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code that requires otherwise, a	7177
board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	7178
vocational school district that maintains records of an	7179

individual who has been permanently excluded under sections

3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code is permitted to

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maintain records regarding a conviction that was used as the	7182
basis for the individual's permanent exclusion, regardless of a	7183
court order to seal or expunge the record. An order issued under	7184
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code to seal or expunge the	7185
record of a conviction does not revoke the adjudication order of	7186
the director of education and workforce to permanently exclude	7187
the individual who is the subject of the sealing or expungement	7188
order. An order issued under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code	7189
to seal or expunge the record of a conviction of an individual	7190
may be presented to a district superintendent as evidence to	7191
support the contention that the superintendent should recommend	7192
that the permanent exclusion of the individual who is the	7193
subject of the sealing or expungement order be revoked. Except	7194
as otherwise authorized by this division and sections 3301.121	7195
and 3313.662 of the Revised Code, any school employee in	7196
possession of or having access to the sealed or expunged	7197
conviction records of an individual that were the basis of a	7198
permanent exclusion of the individual is subject to division (J)	7199
of this section.	7200

(E) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or 7201 section 2953.32 of the Revised Code that requires otherwise, if 7202 the auditor of state or a prosecutor maintains records, reports, 7203 or audits of an individual who has been forever disqualified 7204 from holding public office, employment, or a position of trust 7205 in this state under sections 2921.41 and 2921.43 of the Revised 7206 Code, or has otherwise been convicted of an offense based upon 7207 the records, reports, or audits of the auditor of state, the 7208 auditor of state or prosecutor is permitted to maintain those 7209 records to the extent they were used as the basis for the 7210 individual's disqualification or conviction, and shall not be 7211 7212 compelled by court order to seal or expunge those records.

(F) For purposes of sections 2953.31 and 2953.34 of the	7213
Revised Code, DNA records collected in the DNA database and	7214
fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the	7215
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall not be	7216
sealed or expunged unless the superintendent receives a	7217
certified copy of a final court order establishing that the	7218
offender's conviction has been overturned. For purposes of this	7219
section, a court order is not "final" if time remains for an	7220
appeal or application for discretionary review with respect to	7221
the order.	7222
(G)(1) The court shall send notice of any order to seal or	7223
expunge official records issued pursuant to section 2953.32 of	7224
the Revised Code to the bureau of criminal identification and	7225
investigation and to any public office or agency that the court	7226
knows or has reason to believe may have any record of the case,	7227
whether or not it is an official record, that is the subject of	7228
the order.	7229
(2) The sealing of a record under section 2953.32 of the	7230
Revised Code does not affect the assessment of points under	7231
section 4510.036 of the Revised Code and does not erase points	7232

- assessed against a person as a result of the sealed record.
- (H) (1) The court shall send notice of any order to seal or 7234 expunge official records issued pursuant to division (B)(3) of 7235 section 2953.33 of the Revised Code to the bureau of criminal 7236 identification and investigation and shall send notice of any 7237 order issued pursuant to division (B)(4) of that section to any 7238 public office or agency that the court knows or has reason to 7239 believe may have any record of the case, whether or not it is an 7240 official record, that is the subject of the order. 7241

(2) A person whose official records have been sealed or 7242

expunged pursuant to an order issued pursuant to section 2953.33	7243
of the Revised Code may present a copy of that order and a	7244
written request to comply with it, to a public office or agency	7245
that has a record of the case that is the subject of the order.	7246

- (3) An order to seal or expunge official records issued 7247 pursuant to section 2953.33 of the Revised Code applies to every 7248 public office or agency that has a record of the case that is 7249 7250 the subject of the order, regardless of whether it receives notice of the hearing on the application for the order to seal 7251 or expunge the official records or receives a copy of the order 7252 7253 to seal the official records pursuant to division (H)(1) or (2) of this section. 7254
- (4) Upon receiving a copy of an order to seal or expunge 7255 official records pursuant to division (H)(1) or (2) of this 7256 section or upon otherwise becoming aware of an applicable order 7257 to seal or expunge official records issued pursuant to section 7258 2953.33 of the Revised Code, a public office or agency shall 7259 comply with the order and, if applicable, with division (K) of 7260 this section, except that if the order is a sealing order, the 7261 office or agency may maintain a record of the case that is the 7262 subject of the order if the record is maintained for the purpose 7263 of compiling statistical data only and does not contain any 7264 reference to the person who is the subject of the case and the 7265 order. 7266
- (5) A public office or agency to which division (H)(4) of 7267 this section applies also may maintain an index of sealed 7268 official records that are the subject of a sealing order, in a 7269 form similar to that for sealed records of conviction as set 7270 forth in division (C) of this section, access to which may not 7271 be afforded to any person other than the person who has custody 7272

of the sealed official records. The sealed official records to	7273
which such an index pertains shall not be available to any	7274
person, except that the official records of a case that have	7275
been sealed may be made available to the following persons for	7276
the following purposes:	7277
(a) To the person who is the subject of the records upon	7278
written application, and to any other person named in the	7279
application, for any purpose;	7280
(b) To a law enforcement officer who was involved in the	7281
case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising	7282
out of the officer's involvement in that case;	7283
(c) To a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting	7284
attorney's assistants to determine a defendant's eligibility to	7285
enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to	7286
section 2935.36 of the Revised Code;	7287
(d) To a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting	7288
attorney's assistants to determine a defendant's eligibility to	7289
enter a pre-trial diversion program under division (E)(2)(b) of	7290
section 4301.69 of the Revised Code.	7291
(I)(1) Upon the issuance of an order by a court pursuant	7292
to division (D)(2) of section 2953.32 of the Revised Code	7293
directing that all official records of a case pertaining to a	7294
conviction or bail forfeiture be sealed or expunged or an order	7295
by a court pursuant to division (E) or (F) of section 2151.358,	7296
division (C)(2) of section 2953.35, $\frac{1}{2}$ division (E) of section	7297
2953.36, or division (D)(2) of section 2953.41 of the Revised	7298
Code directing that all official records of a case pertaining to	7299
a conviction or delinquent child adjudication be expunged:	7300
(a) Every law enforcement officer who possesses	7301

investigatory work product immediately shall deliver that work	7302
product to the law enforcement officer's employing law	7303
enforcement agency.	7304
(b) Except as provided in divisions (I)(1)(c) and (d) of	7305
this section, every law enforcement agency that possesses	7306
investigatory work product shall close that work product to all	7307
persons who are not directly employed by the law enforcement	7308
agency and shall treat that work product, in relation to all	7309
persons other than those who are directly employed by the law	7310
enforcement agency, as if it did not exist and never had	7311
existed.	7312
(c) A law enforcement agency that possesses investigatory	7313
work product may permit another law enforcement agency to use	7314
that work product in the investigation of another offense if the	7315
facts incident to the offense being investigated by the other	7316
law enforcement agency and the facts incident to an offense that	7317
is the subject of the case are reasonably similar. The agency	7318
that permits the use of investigatory work product may provide	7319
the other agency with the name of the person who is the subject	7320
of the case if it believes that the name of the person is	7321
necessary to the conduct of the investigation by the other	7322
agency.	7323
	7224
(d) The auditor of state may provide to or discuss with	7324
other parties investigatory work product maintained pursuant to	7325
Chapter 117. of the Revised Code by the auditor of state.	7326
(2)(a) Except as provided in divisions (I)(1)(c) and (d)	7327
of this section, no law enforcement officer or other person	7328
employed by a law enforcement agency shall knowingly release,	7329

disseminate, or otherwise make the investigatory work product or

any information contained in that work product available to, or

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discuss any information contained in it with, any person not 7332 employed by the employing law enforcement agency. 7333

- (b) No law enforcement agency, or person employed by a law 7334 enforcement agency, that receives investigatory work product 7335 pursuant to divisions (I)(1)(c) and (d) of this section shall 7336 use that work product for any purpose other than the 7337 investigation of the offense for which it was obtained from the 7338 other law enforcement agency, or disclose the name of the person 7339 who is the subject of the work product except when necessary for 7340 the conduct of the investigation of the offense, or the 7341 prosecution of the person for committing the offense, for which 7342 it was obtained from the other law enforcement agency. 7343
- (3) Whoever violates division (I)(2)(a) or (b) of this 7344 section is guilty of divulging confidential investigatory work 7345 product, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 7346
- (J) (1) Except as authorized by divisions (A) to (C) of 7347 this section or by Chapter 2950. of the Revised Code and subject 7348 to-division\_divisions (J)(2) and (3) of this section, any 7349 officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision of 7350 the state, who releases or otherwise disseminates or makes 7351 available for any purpose involving employment, bonding, or 7352 licensing in connection with any business, trade, or profession 7353 to any person, or to any department, agency, or other 7354 instrumentality of the state, or any political subdivision of 7355 the state, any information or other data concerning any law 7356 enforcement or justice system matter the records with respect to 7357 which the officer or employee had knowledge of were sealed by an 7358 existing order issued pursuant to section 2953.32 of the Revised 7359 Code, division (E) or (F) of section 2151.358, section 2953.35, 7360 or—section 2953.36, or section 2953.41 of the Revised Code, or 7361

were expunded by an order issued pursuant to section 2953.42 of	7362
the Revised Code as it existed prior to June 29, 1988, is guilty	7363
of divulging confidential information, a misdemeanor of the	7364
fourth degree.	7365
(2) Division (J)(1) of this section does not apply to an	7366
officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision of	7367
the state, who releases or otherwise disseminates or makes	7368
available for any purpose specified in that division any	7369
information or other data concerning a law enforcement or	7370
justice system matter the records of which the officer had	7371
knowledge were sealed or expunged by an order of a type	7372
described in that division, if all of the following apply:	7373
(a) The officer or employee released, disseminated, or	7374
made available the information or data from the sealed or	7375
expunged records together with information or data concerning	7376
another law enforcement or justice system matter.	7377
(b) The records of the other law enforcement or justice	7378
system matter were not sealed or expunded by any order of a type	7379
described in division (J)(1) of this section.	7380
(c) The law enforcement or justice system matter covered	7381
by the information or data from the sealed or expunged records	7382
and the other law enforcement or justice system matter covered	7383
by the information or data from the records that were not sealed	7384
or expunged resulted from or were connected to the same act.	7385
(d) The officer or employee made a good faith effort to	7386
not release, disseminate, or make available any information or	7387
other data concerning any law enforcement or justice system	7388
concerning any raw entercoment of jubbles byttem	, 500

matter from the sealed or expunged records, and the officer or

employee did not release, disseminate, or make available the

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information or other data from the sealed or expunged records 7391 with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless 7392 manner. 7393 (3) Division (J)(1) of this section does not apply to an 7394 officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision of 7395 the state, who releases or otherwise disseminates or makes 7396 available for any purpose specified in that division any 7397 information or other data concerning a law enforcement or 7398 justice system matter the records of which the officer had 7399 knowledge were sealed or expunged by an order of a type 7400 described in that division, if the records are released or 7401 disseminated or access is provided pursuant to an application by 7402 the person who is the subject of the information or data or by a 7403 legal representative of that person. 7404 (4) Any person who, in violation of this section, uses, 7405 disseminates, or otherwise makes available any index prepared 7406 pursuant to division (C) of this section is quilty of a 7407 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 7408 (K) (1) Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 2950. of 7409 the Revised Code, upon the issuance of an order by a court under 7410 division (B) of section 2953.33 of the Revised Code directing 7411 that all official records pertaining to a case be sealed or 7412 expunged and that the proceedings in the case be deemed not to 7413 have occurred: 7414 (a) Every law enforcement officer possessing records or 7415 reports pertaining to the case that are the officer's specific 7416 investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 7417 definition of official records shall immediately deliver the 7418

records and reports to the officer's employing law enforcement

agency. Except as provided in division (K)(1)(c) or (d) of this

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ection, no such officer shall knowingly release, disseminate,	7421
or otherwise make the records and reports or any information	7422
contained in them available to, or discuss any information	7423
contained in them with, any person not employed by the officer's	7424
employing law enforcement agency.	7425

- (b) Every law enforcement agency that possesses records or 7426 reports pertaining to the case that are its specific 7427 investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 7428 definition of official records, or that are the specific 7429 investigatory work product of a law enforcement officer it 7430 employs and that were delivered to it under division (K)(1)(a) 7431 of this section shall, except as provided in division (K)(1)(c) 7432 or (d) of this section, close the records and reports to all 7433 persons who are not directly employed by the law enforcement 7434 agency and shall, except as provided in division (K)(1)(c) or 7435 (d) of this section, treat the records and reports, in relation 7436 to all persons other than those who are directly employed by the 7437 law enforcement agency, as if they did not exist and had never 7438 existed. Except as provided in division (K)(1)(c) or (d) of this 7439 section, no person who is employed by the law enforcement agency 7440 shall knowingly release, disseminate, or otherwise make the 7441 records and reports in the possession of the employing law 7442 enforcement agency or any information contained in them 7443 available to, or discuss any information contained in them with, 7444 any person not employed by the employing law enforcement agency. 7445
- (c) A law enforcement agency that possesses records or 7446 reports pertaining to the case that are its specific 7447 investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 7448 definition of official records, or that are the specific 7449 investigatory work product of a law enforcement officer it 7450 employs and that were delivered to it under division (K)(1)(a) 7451

of this section may permit another law enforcement agency to use	7452
the records or reports in the investigation of another offense,	7453
if the facts incident to the offense being investigated by the	7454
other law enforcement agency and the facts incident to an	7455
offense that is the subject of the case are reasonably similar.	7456
The agency that provides the records and reports may provide the	7457
other agency with the name of the person who is the subject of	7458
the case, if it believes that the name of the person is	7459
necessary to the conduct of the investigation by the other	7460
agency.	7461

No law enforcement agency, or person employed by a law 7462 enforcement agency, that receives from another law enforcement 7463 agency records or reports pertaining to a case the records of 7464 which have been ordered sealed or expunded pursuant to division 7465 (B) of section 2953.33 of the Revised Code shall use the records 7466 and reports for any purpose other than the investigation of the 7467 offense for which they were obtained from the other law 7468 enforcement agency, or disclose the name of the person who is 7469 the subject of the records or reports except when necessary for 7470 the conduct of the investigation of the offense, or the 7471 7472 prosecution of the person for committing the offense, for which they were obtained from the other law enforcement agency. 7473

(d) The auditor of state may provide to or discuss with 7474 other parties records, reports, or audits maintained by the 7475 auditor of state pursuant to Chapter 117. of the Revised Code 7476 pertaining to the case that are the auditor of state's specific 7477 investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 7478 definition of "official records" contained in division (C) of 7479 section 2953.31 of the Revised Code, or that are the specific 7480 investigatory work product of a law enforcement officer the 7481 auditor of state employs and that were delivered to the auditor 7482 of state under division (K)(1)(a) of this section. 7483 (2) Whoever violates division (K)(1) of this section is 7484 quilty of divulging confidential information, a misdemeanor of 7485 the fourth degree. 7486 (L) (1) In any application for employment, license, or any 7487 other right or privilege, any appearance as a witness, or any 7488 other inquiry, a person may not be questioned with respect to 7489 any record that has been sealed or expunged pursuant to section 7490 2953.33 of the Revised Code. If an inquiry is made in violation 7491 of this division, the person whose official record was sealed 7492 may respond as if the arrest underlying the case to which the 7493 sealed official records pertain and all other proceedings in 7494 that case did not occur, and the person whose official record 7495 was sealed shall not be subject to any adverse action because of 7496 the arrest, the proceedings, or the person's response. 7497 (2) (a) Except as provided in division (L) (2) (b) of this 7498 section, an officer or employee of the state or any of its 7499 political subdivisions who knowingly releases, disseminates, or 7500 makes available for any purpose involving employment, bonding, 7501 7502 licensing, or education to any person or to any department, agency, or other instrumentality of the state, or of any of its 7503 political subdivisions, any information or other data concerning 7504 any arrest, complaint, indictment, information, trial, 7505 adjudication, or correctional supervision, knowing the records 7506 of which have been sealed or expunged pursuant to section 7507 2953.33 of the Revised Code, is guilty of divulging confidential 7508 information, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 7509 (b) Division (L)(2)(a) of this section does not apply to 7510

any release, dissemination, or access to information or data if

the records are released or disseminated or access is provided

7511

pursuant to an application by the person who is the subject of	7513
the information or data or by a legal representative of that	7514
person.	7515
(M) It is not a violation of division (I), (J), (K), or	7516
(L) of this section for the bureau of criminal identification	7517
and investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau	7518
participating in the investigation of criminal activity to	7519
release, disseminate, or otherwise make available to, or discuss	7520
with, a person directly employed by a law enforcement agency DNA	7521
records collected in the DNA database or fingerprints filed for	7522
record by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	7523
identification and investigation.	7524
(N)(1) An order issued under section 2953.35 of the	7525
Revised Code to expunge the record of a person's conviction or,	7526
except as provided in division (D) of this section, an order	7527
issued under that section to seal the record of a person's	7528
conviction restores the person who is the subject of the order	7529
to all rights and privileges not otherwise restored by	7530
termination of the sentence or community control sanction or by	7531
final release on parole or post-release control.	7532
(2)(a) In any application for employment, license, or	7533
other right or privilege, any appearance as a witness, or any	7534
other inquiry, except as provided in division (B) of this	7535
section and in section 3319.292 of the Revised Code and subject	7536
to division (N)(2)(c) of this section, a person may be	7537
questioned only with respect to convictions not sealed, bail	7538
forfeitures not expunged under section 2953.42 of the Revised	7539
Code as it existed prior to June 29, 1988, and bail forfeitures	7540
not sealed, unless the question bears a direct and substantial	7541

relationship to the position for which the person is being

considered.	7543
(b) In any application for a certificate of qualification	7544
for employment under section 2953.25 of the Revised Code, a	7545
person may be questioned only with respect to convictions not	7546
sealed and bail forfeitures not sealed.	7547
(c) A person may not be questioned in any application,	7548
appearance, or inquiry of a type described in division (N) $(2)$ $(a)$	7549
of this section with respect to any conviction expunged under	7550
section 2953.35 of the Revised Code.	7551
(O) Nothing in section 2953.32 or 2953.34 of the Revised	7552
Code precludes an offender from taking an appeal or seeking any	7553
relief from the offender's conviction or from relying on it in	7554
lieu of any subsequent prosecution for the same offense.	7555
Sec. 2953.41. (A) As used in this section:	7556
(1) "Expunge" means to destroy, delete, or erase a record	7557
as appropriate for the record's physical or electronic form or	7558
characteristic so that the record is permanently irretrievable.	7559
(2) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	7560
2953.31 of the Revised Code.	7561
(3) "Record of conviction" means any record related to a	7562
conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense.	7563
(B) Any person who is convicted of, was convicted of,	7564
pleads guilty to, or has pleaded guilty to a violation of	7565
division (B) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code as it	7566
existed prior to the effective date of this section may apply to	7567
the sentencing court for the expungement of the record of	7568
conviction. The person may file an application at any time on or	7569
after the effective date of this section. The application shall	7570

do all of the following:	7571
(1) Identify the applicant, the offense for which the	7572
expungement is sought, the date of the conviction of or plea of	7573
guilty to that offense, and the court in which the conviction	7574
record occurred or the plea of guilty was entered;	7575
(2) Include evidence that the offense was a violation of	7576
division (B) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code as it	7577
existed prior to the effective date of this section;	7578
(3) Include a request for expungement of the record of	7579
conviction of that offense under this section.	7580
(C) Upon the filing of an application under division (B)	7581
of this section and the payment of the fee described in division	7582
(D) (3) of this section if applicable, the court shall set a date	7583
for a hearing and shall notify the prosecutor for the case of	7584
the hearing on the application. The prosecutor may object to the	7585
granting of the application by filing an objection with the	7586
court prior to the date set for the hearing. The prosecutor	7587
shall specify in the objection the reasons for believing a	7588
denial of the application is justified. The court shall hold the	7589
hearing scheduled under this division.	7590
(D) (1) At the hearing held under division (C) of this	7591
section, the court shall do each of the following:	7592
(a) Determine whether the applicant has been convicted of	7593
or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of section	7594
2903.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to the effective	7595
date of this section;	7596
(b) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance	7597
with division (C) of this section, consider the reasons against	7598
granting the application specified by the prosecutor in the	7599

objection.	7600
(2) (a) If the court determines at the hearing held under	7601
division (D)(1) of this section that the applicant has been	7602
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B) of	7603
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to the	7604
effective date of this section, the court shall order the	7605
expungement of all official records pertaining to the case and	7606
the deletion of all index references to the case and, if it does	7607
order the expungement, shall send notice of the order to each	7608
public office or agency that the court has reason to believe may	7609
have an official record pertaining to the case.	7610
(b) The proceedings in the case that is the subject of an	7611
order issued under division (D)(2)(a) of this section shall be	7612
considered not to have occurred and the conviction or guilty	7613
plea of the person who is the subject of the proceedings shall	7614
be expunded. The record of the conviction shall not be used for	7615
any purpose, including, but not limited to, a background check	7616
under section 109.572 of the Revised Code or a determination	7617
under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code of	7618
eligibility for a concealed handgun license. The applicant may,	7619
and the court shall, reply that no record exists with respect to	7620
the applicant upon any inquiry into the matter.	7621
(3) Upon the filing of an application under this section,	7622
the applicant, unless indigent, shall pay a fee of fifty	7623
dollars. The court shall pay thirty dollars of the fee into the	7624
state treasury and shall pay twenty dollars of the fee into the	7625
<pre>county general revenue fund.</pre>	7626
Sec. 3701.24. (A) As used in this section and sections	7627
3701.241 to 3701.249 of the Revised Code:	7628

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(1) "AIDS" or "acquired immunodeficiency syndrome" means	7629
the illness designated as acquired immunodeficiency	7630
syndrome condition caused by advanced HIV infection that is	7631
diagnosed when an individual has an AIDS-defining condition or	7632
the individual's number of CD4 T lymphocytes is below two	7633
hundred cells per cubic millimeter of blood (200 cells/mm3) as	7634
determined by a CD4 count.	7635
(2) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus	7636
identified as the causative agent of AIDS.	7637
(3) "AIDS-related-AIDS-defining condition" means symptoms	7638
of illness related to HIV infection, including AIDS-related-	7639
complex, that are confirmed by a positive HIV testany HIV-	7640
related illness that the United States centers for disease	7641
control and prevention includes on its list of diagnostic	7642
criteria for AIDS, including opportunistic infections and	7643
cancers that are life-threatening to an individual living with	7644
HIV.	7645
(4) "HIV test" means any test for the antibody or antigen	7646
to HIV that has been approved by the director of health under	7647
division (B) of section 3701.241 of the Revised Code.	7648
(5) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in	7649
section 1751.01 of the Revised Code.	7650
(6) "Director" means the director of health or any	7651
employee of the department of health acting on the director's	7652
behalf.	7653
(7) "Physician" means a person authorized under Chapter	7654
4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or	7655
osteopathic medicine and surgery.	7656
(8) "Nurse" means a registered nurse or licensed practical	7657

nurse who holds a license issued under Chapter 4723. of the	7658
Revised Code.	7659
(9) "Anonymous test" means an HIV test administered so	7660
that the individual to be tested can give informed consent to	7661
the test and receive the results by means of a code system that	7662
does not link the identity of the individual tested to the	7663
request for the test or the test results.	7664
(10) "Confidential test" means an HIV test administered so	7665
that the identity of the individual tested is linked to the test	7666
but is held in confidence to the extent provided by sections	7667
3701.24 to 3701.248 of the Revised Code.	7668
(11) "Health care provider" means an individual who	7669
provides diagnostic, evaluative, or treatment services. Pursuant	7670
to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the director may adopt	7671
rules further defining the scope of the term "health care	7672
provider."	7673
(12) "Significant exposure to body fluids" means a	7674
percutaneous or mucous membrane exposure of an individual to the	7675
blood, semen, vaginal secretions, or spinal, synovial, pleural,	7676
peritoneal, pericardial, or amniotic fluid of another	7677
individual.	7678
(13) "Emergency medical services worker" means all of the	7679
following:	7680
(a) A peace officer;	7681
(b) An employee of an emergency medical service	7682
organization as defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code;	7683
(c) A firefighter employed by a political subdivision;	7684
(d) A volunteer firefighter, emergency operator, or rescue	7685

operator;	7686
(e) An employee of a private organization that renders	7687
rescue services, emergency medical services, or emergency	7688
medical transportation to accident victims and persons suffering	7689
serious illness or injury.	7690
(14) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in division	7691
(A) of section 109.71 of the Revised Code, except that it also	7692
includes a sheriff and the superintendent and troopers of the	7693
state highway patrol.	7694
(15) "CD 4 count" means the laboratory test that measures	7695
the number of CD4 T lymphocytes (CD4 cells) in a sample of human	7696
blood.	7697
(B) Persons designated by rule adopted by the director	7698
under section 3701.241 of the Revised Code shall report promptly	7699
every <del>case of diagnosis of AIDS,</del> every <del>AIDS-related AIDS-</del>	7700
<u>defining</u> condition, and every confirmed positive HIV test to the	7701
department of health on forms and in a manner prescribed by the	7702
director. In each county the director shall designate the health	7703
commissioner of a health district in the county to receive the	7704
reports.	7705
(C) No person shall fail to comply with the reporting	7706
requirements established under division (B) of this section.	7707
(D) Information reported under this section that	7708
identifies an individual is confidential and may be released	7709
only with the written consent of the individual except as the	7710
director determines necessary to ensure the accuracy of the	7711
information, as necessary to provide treatment to the	7712
individual, as ordered by a court pursuant to section 3701.243	7713
or 3701.247 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to a search warrant	7714

or a subpoena issued by or at the request of a grand jury,	7715
prosecuting attorney, city director of law or similar chief	7716
legal officer of a municipal corporation, or village solicitor,	7717
in connection with a criminal investigation or prosecution.	7718
Information that does not identify an individual may be released	7719
in summary, statistical, or aggregate form.	7720
Sec. 3701.241. (A) The director of health shall develop	7721
and administer the following:	7722
(1) A surveillance system to determine the number of <del>cases</del>	7723
<u>diagnoses</u> of AIDS and the HIV <u>infection</u> _incidence_rate in	7724
various population groups;	7725
(2) Counseling and testing programs for groups determined	7726
by the director to be at risk of for acquiring HIV infection,	7727
including procedures for both confidential and anonymous tests,	7728
counseling training programs for health care providers, and	7729
development of counseling guidelines;	7730
(3) A confidential partner notification system to, at the	7731
request of the individual living with HIV, alert and counsel	7732
sexual contacts of individuals with HIV infectionthat	7733
<pre>individual;</pre>	7734
(4) Risk reduction and education programs for groups	7735
determined by the director to be at risk of for acquiring HIV	7736
infection, and, in consultation with a wide range of community	7737
leaders, education programs for the public;	7738
(5) Pilot programs for the long-term care of individuals	7739
with living with HIV or AIDS or AIDS related condition,	7740
including care in nursing homes and in alternative settings;	7741
(6) Programs to expand regional outpatient treatment of	7742
individuals with living with HIV or AIDS or AIDS related	7743

condition;	7744
(7) A program to assist communities, including communities	7745
of less than one hundred thousand population, in establishing	7746
AIDS task forces and support groups for individuals with living	7747
with HIV or AIDS-related condition, and HIV infection. The	7748
program may include the award of grants if they are matched by	7749
local funds.	7750
Information obtained or maintained under the partner	7751
notification system is not a public record under section 149.43	7752
of the Revised Code and may be released only in accordance with	7753
division (C) of section 3701.243 of the Revised Code.	7754
(B) The director shall:	7755
(1) Approve a test or tests to be used to determine	7756
whether an individual has HIV-infection, define a confirmed	7757
positive test result, and develop guidelines for interpreting	7758
test results;	7759
(2) Establish sites for confidential and anonymous HIV	7760
tests, and prepare a list of sites where an individual may	7761
obtain an anonymous test;	7762
(3) Prepare a list of counseling services;	7763
(4) Make available a copy of the list of anonymous testing	7764
sites or a copy of the list of counseling services to anyone who	7765
requests it.	7766
(C) The director of health shall require the director or	7767
administrator of each site where anonymous or confidential HIV	7768
tests are given to submit a report every three months evaluating	7769
from an epidemiologic perspective the effectiveness of the HIV	7770
testing program at that site. Not later than January 31, 1991,	7771

and each year thereafter, the director of health shall make a	7772
report evaluating the anonymous and confidential testing	7773
programs throughout the state with regard to their effectiveness	7774
as epidemiologic programs. The report shall be submitted to the	7775
speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the	7776
senate and shall be made available to the public.	7777

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The director of health shall adopt rules pursuant to
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the implementation of the
requirements of division (B)(1) of this section and division (D)
of section 3701.24 of the Revised Code.

(D) The director of health shall administer funds received 7782 under Title XXVI of the "Public Health Services Act," 104 Stat. 7783 576 (1990), 42 U.S.C.A. 2601, as amended, for programs to 7784 improve the quality and availability of care for individuals 7785 living with HIV or AIDS, AIDS related condition, and HIV 7786 infection. In administering these funds, the director may enter 7787 into contracts with any person or entity for the purpose of 7788 administering the programs, including contracts with the 7789 department of job and family services for establishment of a 7790 program of reimbursement of drugs used for treatment and care of 7791 such individuals. The director of health may adopt rules in 7792 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and issue 7793 orders as necessary for administration of the funds. If the 7794 department of job and family services enters into a contract 7795 under this division, the director of job and family services may 7796 adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 7797 as necessary for carrying out the department's duties under the 7798 contract. 7799

Sec. 3701.242. (A) A voluntary HIV test may be performed 7800 on an individual by or on the order of a health care provider if 7801

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(B) A minor may consent to be given an HIV test. The 7811 consent is not subject to disaffirmance because of minority. The 7812 parents or guardian of a minor giving consent under this 7813 division are not liable for payment and shall not be charged for 7814 an HIV test given to the minor without the consent of a parent 7815 or the guardian.

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- (C) The health care provider ordering an HIV test shall provide post-test counseling for an individual who receives an HIV-positive test result. The director of health may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code specifying the information to be provided in post-test counseling.
- (D) An individual shall have the right to an anonymous test. A health care facility or health care provider that does not provide anonymous testing shall refer an individual requesting an anonymous test to a site where it is available.
- (E) Divisions (A) to (D) of this section do not apply to 7826 the performance of an HIV test in any of the following 7827 circumstances:
- (1) When the test is performed in a medical emergency by a 7829 nurse or physician and the test results are medically necessary 7830

to avoid or minimize an immediate danger to the health or safety	7831
of the individual to be tested or another individual, except	7832
that post-test counseling shall be given to the individual if	7833
the individual receives an HIV-positive test result;	7834
(2) When the test is performed for the purpose of research	7835
if the researcher does not know and cannot determine the	7836
identity of the individual tested;	7837
(3) When the test is performed by a person who procures,	7838
processes, distributes, or uses a human body part from a	7839
deceased person donated for a purpose specified in Chapter 2108.	7840
of the Revised Code, if the test is medically necessary to	7841
ensure that the body part is acceptable for its intended	7842
purpose;	7843
(4) When the test is performed on a person incarcerated in	7844
a correctional institution under the control of the department	7845
of rehabilitation and correction if the head of the institution	7846
has determined, based on good cause, that a test is necessary;	7847
(5) When the test is performed in accordance with section	7848
2907.27 of the Revised Code;	7849
(6) When the test is performed on an individual after the	7850
infection control committee of a health care facility, or other	7851
body of a health care facility performing a similar function	7852
determines that a health care provider, emergency medical	7853
services worker, or peace officer, while rendering health or	7854
emergency care to an individual, has sustained a significant	7855
exposure to the body fluids of that individual, and the	7856
individual has refused to give consent for testing.	7857
Sec. 3701.243. (A) Except as provided in this section or	7858
section 3701.248 of the Revised Code, no person or agency of	7859

state or local government that acquires the information while	7860
providing any health care service or while in the employ of a	7861
health care facility or health care provider shall disclose or	7862
compel another to disclose any of the following:	7863
(1) The identity of any individual on whom an HIV test is	7864
performed;	7865
(2) The results of an HIV test in a form that identifies	7866
the individual tested;	7867
(3) The identity of any individual diagnosed as having	7868
AIDS or an AIDS related condition living with HIV.	7869
(B)(1) Except as provided in divisions (B)(2), (C), (D),	7870
and (F) of this section, the results of an HIV test or the	7871
identity of an individual on whom an HIV test is performed or	7872
who is diagnosed <del>as having AIDS or an AIDS related condition</del>	7873
with HIV may be disclosed only to the following:	7874
(a) The individual who was tested or the individual's	7875
legal guardian, and, with the consent of the individual tested,	7876
the individual's spouse or any sexual partner;	7877
(b) A person to whom disclosure is authorized by a written	7878
release, executed by the individual tested or by the	7879
individual's legal guardian and specifying to whom disclosure of	7880
the test results or diagnosis is authorized and the time period	7881
during which the release is to be effective;	7882
(c) Any physician who treats the individual;	7883
(d) The department of health or a health commissioner to	7884
which reports are made under section 3701.24 of the Revised	7885
Code;	7886
(e) A health care facility or provider that procures,	7887

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processes, distributes, or uses a human body part from a	7888
deceased individual, donated for a purpose specified in Chapter	7889
2108. of the Revised Code, and that needs medical information	7890
about the deceased individual to ensure that the body part is	7891
medically acceptable for its intended purpose;	7892
(f) Health care facility staff committees or accreditation	7893
or oversight review organizations conducting program monitoring,	7894
program evaluation, or service reviews;	7895
(g) A health care provider, emergency medical services	7896
worker, or peace officer who sustained a significant exposure to	7897
the body fluids of another individual, if that individual was	7898
tested pursuant to division (E)(6) of section 3701.242 of the	7899
Revised Code, except that the identity of the individual tested	7900
shall not be revealed;	7901
(h) To law enforcement authorities pursuant to a search	7902
warrant or a subpoena issued by or at the request of a grand	7903
jury, a prosecuting attorney, a city director of law or similar	7904
chief legal officer of a municipal corporation, or a village	7905
solicitor, in connection with a criminal investigation or	7906
prosecution.	7907
(2) The results of an HIV test <del>or a diagnosis of AIDS or</del>	7908
an AIDS-related condition may be disclosed to a health care	7909
provider, or an authorized agent or employee of a health care	7910
facility or a health care provider, if the provider, agent, or	7911
employee has a medical need to know the information and is	7912
participating in the diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	7913
individual on whom the test was performed <del>or who has been</del>	7914
diagnosed as having AIDS or an AIDS-related condition.	7915

This division does not impose a standard of disclosure

different from the standard for disclosure of all other specific	7917
information about a patient to health care providers and	7918
facilities. Disclosure may not be requested or made solely for	7919
the purpose of identifying an individual who has $\frac{a + positive \ HIV}{a}$	7920
test result or has been diagnosed as having AIDS or an AIDS-	7921
related condition tested positive for HIV in order to refuse to	7922
treat the individual. Referral of an individual to another-	7923
health care provider or facility based on reasonable-	7924
professional judgment does not constitute refusal to treat the	7925
individual.	7926

- (3) Not later than ninety days after November 1, 1989, 7927 each health care facility in this state shall establish a 7928 protocol to be followed by employees and individuals affiliated 7929 with the facility in making disclosures authorized by division 7930 (B)(2) of this section. A person employed by or affiliated with 7931 a health care facility who determines in accordance with the 7932 protocol established by the facility that a disclosure is 7933 authorized by division (B)(2) of this section is immune from 7934 liability to any person in a civil action for damages for 7935 injury, death, or loss to person or property resulting from the 7936 disclosure. 7937
- (C) (1) Any person or government agency may seek access to 7938 or authority to disclose the HIV test records of an individual 7939 in accordance with the following provisions: 7940
- (a) The person or government agency shall bring an action 7941 in a court of common pleas requesting disclosure of or authority 7942 to disclose the results of an HIV test of a specific individual, 7943 who shall be identified in the complaint by a pseudonym but 7944 whose name shall be communicated to the court confidentially, 7945 pursuant to a court order restricting the use of the name. The 7946

court shall provide the individual with notice and an 7947 opportunity to participate in the proceedings if the individual 7948 is not named as a party. Proceedings shall be conducted in 7949 chambers unless the individual agrees to a hearing in open 7950 court.

- (b) The court may issue an order granting the plaintiff 7952 access to or authority to disclose the test results only if the 7953 court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff 7954 has demonstrated a compelling need for disclosure of the 7955 information that cannot be accommodated by other means. In 7956 assessing compelling need, the court shall weigh the need for 7957 disclosure against the privacy right of the individual tested 7958 and against any disservice to the public interest that might 7959 result from the disclosure, such as discrimination against the 7960 individual or the deterrence of others from being tested. 7961
- (c) If the court issues an order, it shall guard against 7962 unauthorized disclosure by specifying the persons who may have 7963 access to the information, the purposes for which the 7964 information shall be used, and prohibitions against future 7965 disclosure.
- (2) A person or government agency that considers it 7967 necessary to disclose the results of an HIV test of a specific 7968 individual in an action in which it is a party may seek 7969 authority for the disclosure by filing an in camera motion with 7970 the court in which the action is being heard. In hearing the 7971 motion, the court shall employ procedures for confidentiality 7972 similar to those specified in division (C)(1) of this section. 7973 The court shall grant the motion only if it finds by clear and 7974 convincing evidence that a compelling need for the disclosure 7975 has been demonstrated. 7976

(3) Except for an order issued in a criminal prosecution	7977
or an order under division (C)(1) or (2) of this section	7978
granting disclosure of the result of an HIV test of a specific	7979
individual, a court shall not compel a blood bank, hospital	7980
blood center, or blood collection facility to disclose the	7981
result of HIV tests performed on the blood of voluntary donors	7982
in a way that reveals the identity of any donor.	7983

- (4) In a civil action in which the plaintiff seeks to

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  recover damages from an individual defendant based on an

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  allegation that the plaintiff contracted the HIV virus as a

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  result of actions of the defendant, the prohibitions against

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  disclosure in this section do not bar discovery of the results

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  of any HIV test given to the defendant or any diagnosis that the

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  defendant has AIDS or an AIDS related condition.

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- (D) The results of an HIV test or the identity of an 7991 individual on whom an HIV test is performed or who is diagnosed 7992 as having AIDS or an AIDS related condition may be disclosed to 7993 a federal, state, or local government agency, or the official 7994 representative of such an agency, for purposes of the medicaid 7995 program, the medicare program, or any other public assistance 7996 program.
- (E) Any disclosure pursuant to this section shall be in 7998 writing and accompanied by a written statement that includes the 7999 following or substantially similar language: "This information 8000 has been disclosed to you from confidential records protected 8001 from disclosure by state law. You shall make no further 8002 disclosure of this information without the specific, written, 8003 and informed release of the individual to whom it pertains, or 8004 as otherwise permitted by state law. A general authorization for 8005 the release of medical or other information is not sufficient 8006

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for the purpose of the release of HIV test results or	8007
diagnoses."	8008
(F) An individual who knows that the individual has	8009
received a positive result on an HIV test or has been diagnosed-	8010
as having AIDS or an AIDS-related condition shall disclose this-	8011
information to any other person with whom the individual intends	8012
to make common use of a hypodermic needle or engage in sexual	8013
conduct as defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code. An	8014
individual's compliance with this division does not prohibit a	8015
prosecution of the individual for a violation of division (B) of	8016
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code.	8017
(G) Nothing in this section prohibits the introduction of	8018
evidence concerning an HIV test of a specific individual in a	8019
criminal proceeding.	8020
Sec. 3701.244. (A) As used in this section, "violation"	8021
means an occasion of noncompliance involving a single injured	8022
individual.	8023
(B) A person or an agency of state or local government	8024
that knowingly violates division (A) of section 3701.242,	8025
division (A) of section 3701.243, or division (E) of section	8026
3701.248 of the Revised Code may be found liable in a civil	8027
action; the action may be brought by any individual injured by	8028
the violation. Except as otherwise provided in division (C) or	8029
(D) of this section, the court may award compensatory damages	8030
and any equitable relief, including injunctive relief, it finds	8031
appropriate. If an award is made in favor of the plaintiff, the	8032
judge may award reasonable attorney's fees to the plaintiff	8033
after a hearing to determine the amount of the fees.	8034
(C) No person shall be held liable for damages or	8035

attorney's fees in an action based on a violation of section	8036
3701.243 of the Revised Code by his employee or agent unless the	8037
person knew or should have known of the violation.	8038
(D) A person who acts in good faith in accordance with	8039
section 3701.242, 3701.243, or 3701.248 of the Revised Code is	8040
not liable for damages in a civil action brought pursuant to	8041
this section.	8042
(E) A civil action under this section is barred unless the	8043
action is commenced within one year after the cause of action	8044
accrued. A cause of action does not survive the death of the	8045
individual injured by the violation unless a civil action based	8046
on the cause of action is commenced prior to the death of that	8047
individual.	8048
(F) The remedies in this section are the exclusive civil	8049
remedies for an individual injured by noncompliance with section	8050
3701.242, 3701.243, or division (E) of section 3701.248 of the	8051
Revised Code.	8052
(G) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose	8053
civil liability on a person for the disclosure of an HIV test	8054
result, a diagnosed case of AIDS, or a diagnosed <del>AIDS-related-</del>	8055
AIDS-defining condition in accordance with a reporting	8056
requirement of the department of health or any federal agency.	8057
(H) No person with knowledge that an individual other than	8058
himself the individual's self has or may have AIDS, and AIDS-	8059
related condition, or a positive HIV test shall be held liable	8060
for failing to disclose that information to any person unless	8061
disclosure is expressly required by law.	8062
Sec. 3701.245. (A)—No state agency as defined in section	8063
1.60 of the Revised Code, political subdivision, agency of local	8064

government, or private nonprofit corporation receiving state or	8065
local government funds shall refuse to admit as a patient, or to	8066
provide services to, any individual solely because <u>he</u> the	8067
<pre>individual refuses to consent to an HIV test or to disclose HIV</pre>	8068
test results.	8069
(B) The prohibition contained in division (A) of this-	8070
section does not prevent a physician or a person licensed to	8071
practice dentistry under Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code from	8072
referring an individual he has reason to believe may have AIDS	8073
or an AIDS-related condition to an appropriate health care	8074
provider or facility, if the referral is based on reasonable-	8075
professional judgment and not solely on grounds of the refusal-	8076
of the individual to consent to an HIV test or to disclose the	8077
result of an HIV test.	8078
Sec. 3701.246. Any human body part donated for	8079
Sec. 3701.246. Any human body part donated for transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery,	8079 8080
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery,	8080
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or	8080 8081
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood	8080 8081 8082
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the	8080 8081 8082 8083
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the presence of HIV test before being transplanted, transfused, or	8080 8081 8082 8083 8084
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the presence of HIV test before being transplanted, transfused, or injected to determine that the part or fluid is not infected	8080 8081 8082 8083 8084 8085
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the presence of HIV test before being transplanted, transfused, or injected to determine that the part or fluid is not infected with the HIV virus—unless, in an emergency, the recipient of the	8080 8081 8082 8083 8084 8085
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the presence of HIV test before being transplanted, transfused, or injected to determine that the part or fluid is not infected with the HIV virus unless, in an emergency, the recipient of the donation or his the physician's guardian, after consultation	8080 8081 8082 8083 8084 8085 8086
transplantation, including an organ, tissue, eye, bone, artery, or other part, and any body fluid donated for transfusion or injection into another person, including blood, plasma, a blood product, semen, or other fluid, shall be given an tested for the presence of HIV test before being transplanted, transfused, or injected to determine that the part or fluid is not infected with the HIV virus—unless, in an emergency, the recipient of the donation or his the physician's guardian, after consultation with the recipient's physician, consents to a waiver of this	8080 8081 8082 8083 8084 8085 8086 8087

(a) A person who believes the person may have been exposed

to HIV infection while rendering health or emergency care to the

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another person to undergo HIV testing:

other person;	8095
(b) A peace officer who believes the peace officer may	8096
have been exposed to HIV <del>infection</del> while dealing with the other	8097
person in the performance of official duties.	8098
(2) The complaint in the action shall be accompanied by an	8099
affidavit in which the plaintiff attests to all of the	8100
following:	8101
(a) While rendering health or emergency care to the	8102
defendant, or while dealing with the defendant in the	8103
performance of the plaintiff's duties, the plaintiff sustained a	8104
significant exposure to body fluids of the defendant that are	8105
known to transmit HIV;	8106
(b) The plaintiff has reason to believe the defendant may	8107
have an-HIV-infection;	8108
(c) The plaintiff made a reasonable attempt to have the	8109
defendant submit to HIV testing in accordance with section	8110
3701.242 of the Revised Code, and notified the defendant that	8111
the plaintiff would bring an action under this section on the	8112
defendant's refusal or failure to be tested, but the defendant	8113
has not been tested;	8114
(d) Within seven days after the exposure, the plaintiff	8115
took an HIV test.	8116
In the complaint, the defendant shall be identified by a	8117
pseudonym and the defendant's name communicated to the court	8118
confidentially pursuant to a court order restricting the use of	8119
the name. Proceedings shall be conducted in chambers unless the	8120
defendant agrees to a hearing in open court.	8121
(B) The court shall hold a hearing on the complaint at the	8122

earliest possible time but not later than the third business day	8123
after the day the defendant is served with the complaint and	8124
notice of the hearing. The court shall enter judgment on the	8125
complaint on the day the hearing is concluded.	8126
(C) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 3701.242 of	8127
the Revised Code, the court may order the defendant to undergo	8128
HIV testing if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that	8129
the plaintiff has proved the matters attested to in the	8130
plaintiff's affidavit and has demonstrated that the plaintiff	8131
has a compelling need for the results of the test and no other	8132
means exist to accommodate the need. If granted, the order shall	8133
guard against unauthorized disclosure of the test results by	8134
specifying the persons and governmental entities that may have	8135
access to the results and by limiting further disclosure. The	8136
court shall require that the defendant be given test results	8137
and, if the defendant's test results are HIV-positive, that	8138
post-test counseling be provided the defendant in accordance	8139
with division (C) of section 3701.242 of the Revised Code. The	8140
court may order the plaintiff to pay the cost of the defendant's	8141
testing and counseling.	8142
Sec. 3701.249. (A) As used in this section, "employer" and	8143
"employee" have the same meanings as in section 4112.01 of the	8144
Revised Code.	8145
(B) The employer of a person with living with HIV	8146
infection is immune from liability to any person in a civil	8147
action for damages for injury, death, or loss to person or	8148
property on a claim arising out of transmission of the human	8149
immunodeficiency virus from the infected employee to another	8150
employee or to any other person, unless the transmission occurs	8151

as a result of the reckless conduct of the employer.

(C) An employer is immune from liability to an employee on	8153
a claim asserted under any provision of the Revised Code or in a	8154
civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to person or	8155
property if the claim arises from an illness or injury to the	8156
employee that is stress-related and results from the employee	8157
being required to work with an individual who has received a	8158
positive result on an HIV test or has been diagnosed as having	8159
AIDS or an AIDS related condition.	8160
Sec. 3901.45. (A) As used in sections 3901.45 and 3901.46	8161
of the Revised Code:	8162
(1) "AIDS," "HIV," "AIDS-related AIDS-defining condition,"	8163
and "HIV test" have the same meanings as in section 3701.24 of	8164
the Revised Code.	8165
(2) "Insurer" means any person authorized to engage in the	8166
business of life or sickness and accident insurance under Title	8167
XXXIX of the Revised Code or any person or governmental entity	8168
providing health services coverage for individuals on a self-	8169
insurance basis.	8170
(3) "Group policy" means, with respect to life insurance,	8171
a policy covering more than twenty-five individuals and issued	8172
pursuant to section 3917.01 of the Revised Code, and with	8173
respect to sickness and accident insurance, a policy covering	8174
more than twenty-five individuals and issued pursuant to section	8175
3923.11, 3923.12, or 3923.13 of the Revised Code. "Group policy"	8176
includes a certificate of life or sickness and accident	8177
insurance covering more than twenty-five individuals under a	8178
group policy issued to a multiple employer trust.	8179
(4) "Individual policy" means, with respect to life	8180

insurance and sickness and accident insurance, a policy other

than a group policy, except that "individual policy" also	8182
includes all of the following:	8183
(a) The coverage under a group policy of an individual who	8184
seeks to become a member of an insured group after having	8185
declined a previous offer of coverage under the group policy;	8186
(b) An individual who seeks life insurance coverage under	8187
a group policy in excess of the maximum coverage available under	8188
the policy without evidence of insurability;	8189
(c) A certificate of life or sickness and accident	8190
insurance covering no more than twenty-five individuals under a	8191
group policy issued to a multiple employer trust.	8192
(B) In processing an application for an individual policy	8193
of life or sickness and accident insurance or in determining	8194
insurability of an applicant, no insurer shall:	8195
(1) Take into consideration an applicant's sexual	8196
orientation;	8197
(2) Make any inquiry toward determining an applicant's	8198
sexual orientation or direct any person who provides services to	8199
the insurer to investigate an applicant's sexual orientation;	8200
(3) Make a decision adverse to the applicant based on	8201
entries in medical records or other reports that show that the	8202
applicant has sought an HIV test, consultation regarding the	8203
possibility of developing AIDS or an AIDS-related AIDS-defining	8204
condition, or counseling for concerns related to AIDS from	8205
health care professionals unless there has been a diagnosis,	8206
confirmed by a positive HIV test, of AIDS or an AIDS related	8207
<u>AIDS-defining</u> condition or the applicant has been treated for	8208
either.	8209

(C)(1) In developing and asking questions regarding	8210
medical histories and lifestyles of applicants for life or	8211
sickness and accident insurance and in assessing the answers, an	8212
insurer shall not ask questions designed to ascertain the sexual	8213
orientation of the applicant nor use factors such as marital	8214
status, living arrangements, occupation, gender, medical	8215
history, beneficiary designation, or zip code or other	8216
geographic designation to aid in ascertaining the applicant's	8217
sexual orientation.	8218
(2) An insurer may ask the applicant if the applicant has	8219
ever been diagnosed as having AIDS or an <del>AIDS-related <u>AIDS-</u></del>	8220
<u>defining</u> condition.	8221
(3) An insurer may ask the applicant specifically whether	8222
the applicant has ever had a positive result on an HIV test.	8223
"Positive result" means a result interpreted as positive in	8224
accordance with guidelines developed by the director of health	8225
under division (B)(1) of section 3701.241 of the Revised Code,	8226
even though the applicant may have been tested in another state.	8227
"Positive result" does not mean an initial positive result that	8228
further testing showed to be false.	8229
(4) The insurer shall not ask the applicant whether the	8230
applicant has ever taken an HIV test.	8231
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	8232
section, no insurer shall cancel a policy of life or sickness	8233
and accident insurance, or refuse to renew a policy of life or	8234
sickness and accident insurance other than a policy that is	8235
renewable at the option of the insurer, based solely on the fact	8236
that, after the effective date of the policy, the policyholder	8237
is diagnosed as having AIDS, an AIDS-related AIDS-defining	8238

condition, or an HIV infection.

(2) If a policy of life or sickness and accident insurance	8240
provides for a contestability period, an insurer may cancel the	8241
policy during the contestability period if the applicant made a	8242
false statement in the application with regard to the question	8243
of whether the applicant has been diagnosed as having AIDS, an	8244
AIDS-related AIDS-defining condition, or an HIV-infection.	8245
(E) No insurer shall deliver, issue for delivery, or renew	8246
a policy of life or sickness and accident insurance that limits	8247
benefits or coverage in the event that, after the effective date	8248
of the policy, the insured develops AIDS or an AIDS-related	8249
<u>AIDS-defining</u> condition or receives a positive result on an HIV	8250
test.	8251
(F) An insurer is not required to offer coverage under a	8252
policy of life or sickness and accident insurance to an	8253
individual or group member, or a dependent of an individual or	8254
group member, who has AIDS or an AIDS-related-AIDS-defining	8255
condition, or who has had a positive result on an HIV test.	8256
(G) An insurer is not required to continue to provide	8257
coverage under a policy of life or sickness and accident	8258
insurance to an individual or group member, or a dependent of an	8259
individual or group member, if the insurer determines the	8260
individual or group member or dependent of the individual or	8261
group member knew on the effective date of the policy that the	8262
individual or group member or dependent of the individual or	8263
group member had AIDS, an AIDS related AIDS-defining condition,	8264
or a positive result of on an HIV test.	8265
(H) A violation of this section is an unfair insurance	8266
practice under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code.	8267

Sec. 3901.46. As used in this section, "membership

organization" means a fraternal or other association or group of	8269
individuals involved in the same occupation, activity, or	8270
interest that is organized and maintained in good faith for	8271
purposes other than to obtain insurance and is not organized or	8272
maintained for the purpose of engaging in activities for gain or	8273
profit.	8274
(A) In underwriting an individual policy of life or	8275
sickness and accident insurance or a group policy of life or	8276
sickness and accident insurance providing coverage for members	8277
of a membership organization, an insurer may require an	8278
applicant for coverage under the policy to submit to an HIV test	8279
only in conjunction with tests for other health conditions. No	8280
applicant shall be required to submit to an HIV test on the	8281
basis of the applicant's sexual orientation or factors described	8282
in division (C)(1) of section 3901.45 of the Revised Code that	8283
are used to ascertain the applicant's sexual orientation.	8284
(B)(1) An insurer that requests an applicant to take an	8285
HIV test shall obtain the applicant's written consent for the	8286
test and shall inform the applicant of the purpose of the test.	8287
The consent form shall include information about the tests to be	8288
performed, the confidentiality of the results, procedures for	8289
notifying the applicant of the results, and a general	8290
interpretation of test results.	8291
(2) The superintendent of insurance shall adopt rules	8292
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing the form and	8293
content of the consent required under division (B)(1) of this	8294
section.	8295
(C) An insurer may disclose the results of a positive HIV	8296

test only to the following persons:

(1) The applicant;	8298
(2) The applicant's or insured's physician or other health	8299
care provider if the applicant or insured provides the insurer	8300
with prior written consent for disclosure;	8301
(3) Another person that the applicant or insured	8302
specifically designates in writing;	8303
(4) A medical information exchange for insurers operated	8304
under procedures intended to ensure confidentiality, including	8305
the use of general codes for results of tests for a number of	8306
diseases and conditions as well as for AIDS or an <del>AIDS related</del>	8307
AIDS-defining condition.	8308
(D) The HIV test or tests to be given the applicant shall	8309
be a test or tests approved by the director of health pursuant	8310
to division (B) of section 3701.241 of the Revised Code. Test	8311
results shall be interpreted strictly in accordance with	8312
guidelines for the use of the tests adopted by the director.	8313
(E) The requirements of division (B) of section 3701.24	8314
and sections 3701.242 and 3701.243 of the Revised Code do not	8315
apply to insurers in the underwriting of an individual policy of	8316
life or sickness and accident insurance or of a group policy of	8317
life or sickness and accident insurance providing coverage for	8318
members of a membership organization, except that an insurer may	8319
make use of the procedures in division (C) of section 3701.243	8320
of the Revised Code.	8321
(F) In underwriting a group policy of life or sickness and	8322
accident insurance, no insurer shall require an individual	8323
seeking coverage, other than an individual seeking coverage	8324
under the policy of a membership organization, to submit to an	8325
HIV test.	8326

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(G) A violation of this section is an unfair insurance	8327
practice under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code.	8328
Sec. 4730.25. (A) The state medical board, by an	8329
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may refuse to	8330
grant a license to practice as a physician assistant to, or may	8331
revoke the license held by, an individual found by the board to	8332
have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	8333
applying for or securing the license.	8334
(B) Except as provided in division (N) of this section,	8335
the board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members,	8336
shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend	8337
an individual's license to practice as a physician assistant or	8338
prescriber number, refuse to issue a license to an applicant,	8339
refuse to renew a license, refuse to reinstate a license, or	8340
reprimand or place on probation the holder of a license for any	8341
of the following reasons:	8342
(1) Failure to practice in accordance with the supervising	8343
physician's supervision agreement with the physician assistant,	8344
including, if applicable, the policies of the health care	8345
facility in which the supervising physician and physician	8346
assistant are practicing;	8347
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	8348
chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	8349
by the board;	8350
(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	8351
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	8352
conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	8353
4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;	8354
(4) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	8355

prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	8356
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	8357
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	8358
(5) Impairment of ability to practice according to	8359
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	8360
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	8361
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	8362
(6) Administering drugs for purposes other than those	8363
authorized under this chapter;	8364
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	8365
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	8366
statement in soliciting or advertising for employment as a	8367
physician assistant; in connection with any solicitation or	8368
advertisement for patients; in relation to the practice of	8369
medicine as it pertains to physician assistants; or in securing	8370
or attempting to secure a license to practice as a physician	8371
assistant.	8372
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	8373
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	8374
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	8375
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	8376
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	8377
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	8378
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	8379
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	8380
(9) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	8381
compensation or other advantage personally or for any other	8382
person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other incurable	8383
condition, can be permanently cured;	8384

(10) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	8385
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	8386
of practice;	8387
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8388
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8389
conviction for, a felony;	8390
(12) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	8391
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	8392
committed;	8393
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8394
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8395
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	8396
practice;	8397
(14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8398
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8399
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	8400
(15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	8401
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8402
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8403
(16) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	8404
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8405
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8406
(17) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8407
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8408
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	8409
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	8410
trafficking in drugs;	8411
(18) Any of the following actions taken by the state	8412

agency responsible for regulating the practice of physician	8413
assistants in another state, for any reason other than the	8414
nonpayment of fees: the limitation, revocation, or suspension of	8415
an individual's license to practice; acceptance of an	8416
individual's license surrender; denial of a license; refusal to	8417
renew or reinstate a license; imposition of probation; or	8418
issuance of an order of censure or other reprimand;	8419
(19) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	8420
standards of care of similar physician assistants under the same	8421
or similar circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to	8422
a patient is established;	8423
(20) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	8424
license to practice as a physician assistant;	8425
(21) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	8426
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	8427
of the Revised Code;	8428
(22) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	8429
the board under section 4730.26 of the Revised Code, including	8430
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board	8431
or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the	8432
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	8433
failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	8434
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	8435
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	8436
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	8437
evidence in issue;	8438
(23) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	8439
the Revised Code;	8440

(24) Prescribing any drug or device to perform or induce

an abortion, or otherwise performing or inducing an abortion;	8442
(25) Failure to comply with section 4730.53 of the Revised	8443
Code, unless the board no longer maintains a drug database	8444
pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	8445
(26) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	8446
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	8447
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	8448
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	8449
(27) Having certification by the national commission on	8450
certification of physician assistants or a successor	8451
organization expire, lapse, or be suspended or revoked;	8452
(28) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	8453
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	8454
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	8455
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	8456
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	8457
United States department of justice;	8458
(29) Failure to comply with terms of a consult agreement	8459
entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section 4729.39 of	8460
the Revised Code.	8461
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	8462
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	8463
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	8464
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	8465
consent agreement with a physician assistant or applicant to	8466
resolve an allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule	8467
adopted under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an	8468
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board,	8469
shall constitute the findings and order of the board with	8470

respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the board 8471 refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and 8472 findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force 8473 or effect.

- (D) For purposes of divisions (B) (12), (15), and (16) of 8475 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 8476 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 8477 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or license holder 8478 committed the act in question. The board shall have no 8479 jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial 8480 court renders a final judgment in the license holder's favor and 8481 that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The 8482 board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases 8483 where the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon 8484 technical or procedural grounds. 8485
- (E) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 8486 any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered 8487 under the provisions of this section or upon the board's 8488 jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section 8489 if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or 8490 a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 8491 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a 8492 hearing prior to the court's order to seal or expunge the 8493 records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, 8494 redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 8495 sealing or expungement of conviction records. 8496
- (F) For purposes of this division, any individual who 8497 holds a license issued under this chapter, or applies for a 8498 license issued under this chapter, shall be deemed to have given 8499 consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when 8500

directed to do so in writing by the board and to have waived all 8501 objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination 8502 reports that constitute a privileged communication. 8503

- (1) In enforcing division (B)(4) of this section, the 8504 board, upon a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 8505 individual who holds, or has applied for, a license issued under 8506 this chapter to the monitoring organization that conducts the 8507 8508 confidential monitoring program established under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 8509 individual to submit to a mental examination, physical 8510 examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental and 8511 physical examination. The expense of the examination is the 8512 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 8513 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent-8514 to an HIV test-ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 8515 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 8516 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 8517 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 8518 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 8519 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 8520 division (B)(4) of this section, the board shall require the 8521 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 8522 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 8523 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 8524 license. An individual affected under this division shall be 8525 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 8526 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 8527 prevailing standards of care. 8528
- (2) For purposes of division (B)(5) of this section, if 8529 the board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 8530 license issued under this chapter or any applicant for a license 8531

suffers such impairment, the board shall refer the individual to	8532
the monitoring organization that conducts the confidential	8533
monitoring program established under section 4731.25 of the	8534
Revised Code. The board also may compel the individual to submit	8535
to a mental or physical examination, or both. The expense of the	8536
examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to	8537
be examined. Any mental or physical examination required under	8538
this division shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or	8539
physician qualified to conduct such examination and approved	8540
under section 4731.251 of the Revised Code.	8541

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 8542 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 8543 against the individual unless the failure is due to 8544 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 8545 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 8546 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 8547 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 8548 suspend the individual's license or deny the individual's 8549 application and shall require the individual, as a condition for 8550 initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure, to submit 8551 to treatment. 8552

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 8553 license suspended under this division, the physician assistant 8554 shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice or 8555 prescribing in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 8556 standards of care. The demonstration shall include the 8557 following: 8558

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under8559section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has8560successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;8561

(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	8562
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	8563
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	8564
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	8565
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	8566
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	8567
individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	8568
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	8569
determination.	8570
The board may reinstate a license suspended under this	8571
division after such demonstration and after the individual has	8572
entered into a written consent agreement.	8573
When the impaired physician assistant resumes practice or	8574
prescribing, the board shall require continued monitoring of the	8575
physician assistant. The monitoring shall include compliance	8576
with the written consent agreement entered into before	8577
reinstatement or with conditions imposed by board order after a	8578
hearing, and, upon termination of the consent agreement,	8579
submission to the board for at least two years of annual written	8580
progress reports made under penalty of falsification stating	8581
whether the physician assistant has maintained sobriety.	8582
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine that	8583
there is clear and convincing evidence that a physician	8584
assistant has violated division (B) of this section and that the	8585
individual's continued practice or prescribing presents a danger	8586
of immediate and serious harm to the public, they may recommend	8587
that the board suspend the individual's license without a prior	8588
hearing. Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration	8589

by the board.

The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	8591
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	8592
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license	8593
without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be	8594
utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	8595
the summary suspension.	8596

The board shall serve a written order of suspension in 8597 accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. 8598 The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during 8599 pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised 8600 8601 Code. If the physician assistant requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be 8602 within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the 8603 physician assistant requests the hearing, unless otherwise 8604 agreed to by both the board and the license holder. 8605

A summary suspension imposed under this division shall 8606 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 8607 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 8608 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 8609 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-8610 five days after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the 8611 order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution of 8612 the summary suspension order, but shall not invalidate any 8613 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 8614

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(11), 8615
(13), or (14) of this section, and the judicial finding of 8616
guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for 8617
intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon 8618
exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for 8619
reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along 8620

with appropriate court documents. Upon receipt of a petition and	8621
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	8622
individual's license. The board may then hold an adjudication	8623
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether the	8624
individual committed the act in question. Notice of opportunity	8625
for hearing shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of	8626
the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an	8627
adjudication held under this division, that the individual	8628
committed the act, or if no hearing is requested, it may order	8629
any of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this	8630
section.	8631

(I) The license to practice issued to a physician 8632 assistant and the physician assistant's practice in this state 8633 are automatically suspended as of the date the physician 8634 assistant pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be 8635 quilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility 8636 for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state or 8637 treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another state 8638 for any of the following criminal offenses in this state or a 8639 substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 8640 jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, 8641 felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross 8642 sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or 8643 aggravated burglary. Continued practice after the suspension 8644 shall be considered practicing without a license. 8645

The board shall notify the individual subject to the 8646 suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the 8647 Revised Code. If an individual whose license is suspended under 8648 this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication 8649 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a 8650 final order permanently revoking the individual's license to 8651

practice.	8652
(J) In any instance in which the board is required by	8653
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity	8654
for hearing and the individual subject to the notice does not	8655
timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of	8656
the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing,	8657
but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of	8658
its members, a final order that contains the board's findings.	8659
In that final order, the board may order any of the sanctions	8660
identified under division (A) or (B) of this section.	8661
(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of	8662
this section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a	8663
written statement of the conditions under which the physician	8664
assistant's license may be reinstated. The board shall adopt	8665
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	8666
governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement.	8667
Reinstatement of a license suspended pursuant to division (B) of	8668
this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	8669
members of the board.	8670
(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue to an	8671
applicant a license to practice as a physician assistant,	8672
revokes an individual's license, refuses to renew an	8673
individual's license, or refuses to reinstate an individual's	8674
license, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	8675
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	8676
forever thereafter ineligible to hold the license and the board	8677
shall not accept an application for reinstatement of the license	8678
or for issuance of a new license.	8679
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	8680

Code, all of the following apply:

(1) The surrender of a license issued under this chapter	8682
is not effective unless or until accepted by the board.	8683
Reinstatement of a license surrendered to the board requires an	8684
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	8685
(2) An application made under this chapter for a license	8686
may not be withdrawn without approval of the board.	8687
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license in	8688
accordance with section 4730.14 of the Revised Code does not	8689
remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary	8690
action under this section against the individual.	8691
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	8692
status, as described in section 4730.141 of the Revised Code,	8693
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	8694
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	8695
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	8696
(N) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an	8697
applicant because of a conviction, plea of guilty, judicial	8698
finding of guilt, judicial finding of eligibility for	8699
intervention in lieu of conviction, or the commission of an act	8700
that constitutes a criminal offense, unless the refusal is in	8701
accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code.	8702
Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an	8703
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may	8704
limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice	8705
or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or	8706
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to	8707

reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on

individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is

probation the holder of a license or certificate if the

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found by the board to have committed fraud during the	8711
administration of the examination for a license or certificate	8712
to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or	8713
deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or	8714
certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by	8715
the board.	8716
(B) Except as provided in division (P) of this section,	8717
the board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members,	8718
shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend	8719
a license or certificate to practice or certificate to	8720
recommend, refuse to issue a license or certificate, refuse to	8721
renew a license or certificate, refuse to reinstate a license or	8722
certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a	8723
license or certificate for one or more of the following reasons:	8724
(1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate	8725
to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when	8726
the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment	8727
given;	8728
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	8729
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	8730
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	8731
modalities for treatment of disease;	8732
(3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised	8733
Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing,	8734
or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate	8735
therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	8736
of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for	8737
intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any	8738
federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or	8739
use of any drug;	8740

use of any drug;

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	8741
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	8742
professional confidence" does not include providing any	8743
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to	8744
307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board;	8745
does not include providing any information, documents, or	8746
reports under sections 307.631 to 307.6410 of the Revised Code	8747
to a drug overdose fatality review committee, a suicide fatality	8748
review committee, or hybrid drug overdose fatality and suicide	8749
fatality review committee; does not include providing any	8750
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.651 to	8751
307.659 of the Revised Code to a domestic violence fatality	8752
review board; does not include providing any information,	8753
documents, or reports to the director of health pursuant to	8754
guidelines established under section 3701.70 of the Revised	8755
Code; does not include written notice to a mental health	8756
professional under section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does	8757
not include the making of a report of an employee's use of a	8758
drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other	8759
than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer	8760
of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33	8761
of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the	8762
immunity from civil liability conferred by section 2305.33 or	8763
4731.62 of the Revised Code upon a physician who makes a report	8764
in accordance with section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health	8765
professional in accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised	8766
Code. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," and	8767
"physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the	8768
Revised Code.	8769
(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	8770

statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in

relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic	8772
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a	8773
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to	8774
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the	8775
board.	8776
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	8777
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	8778
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	8779
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	8780
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	8781
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	8782
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	8783
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	8784
(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	8785
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	8786
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	8787
patient is established;	8788
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	8789
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	8790
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	8791
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	8792
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	8793
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	8794
of practice;	8795
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8796
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8797
conviction for, a felony;	8798

(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in

this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was

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committed;	8801
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8802
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8803
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	8804
practice;	8805
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	8806
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8807
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8808
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8809
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8810
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	8811
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	8812
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8813
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8814
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	8815
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	8816
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	8817
chapter;	8818
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	8819
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	8820
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	8821
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	8822
or business;	8823
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	8824
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	8825
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	8826
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	8827
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	8828

state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	8829
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	8830
organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is	8831
being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated	8832
any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not	8833
appropriate to the individual's profession.	8834

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 8835 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 8836 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 8837 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 8838 8839 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 8840 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 8841 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 8842 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 8843 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 8844 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 8845 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 8846 Code. 8847

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
perceptive skills.

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In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 8853 possible violation, shall refer any individual who is authorized 8854 to practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 8855 pursuant to this chapter to the monitoring organization that 8856 conducts the confidential monitoring program established under 8857 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel 8858

the individual to submit to a mental examination, physical	8859
examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental and a	8860
physical examination. The expense of the examination is the	8861
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	8862
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	8863
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	8864
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	8865
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	8866
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	8867
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual	8868
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this	8869
division, the board shall require the individual to submit to	8870
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	8871
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	8872
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	8873
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	8874
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	8875
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	8876
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the	8877
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or	8878
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter	8879
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	8880
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	8881
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	8882
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	8883
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	8884
constitute a privileged communication.	8885

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section 8886
4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed 8887
under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to 8888
section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 8889

violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 8890 violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 8891 chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 8892

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 8893 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 8894 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 8895 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 8896 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 8897 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 8898 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 8899 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 8900 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 8901 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 8902 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 8903 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 8904 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 8905 Code. 8906

- (21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code 8907 or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health 8908 pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code; 8909
- (22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency 8910 responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 8911 individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 8912 health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 8913 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 8914 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 8915 practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 8916 denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 8917 imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 8918 other reprimand; 8919

(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	8920
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	8921
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	8922
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	8923
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	8924
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	8925
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	8926
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	8927
section;	8928
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	8929
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	8930
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	8931
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	8932
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	8933
United States department of justice;	8934
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	8935
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	8936
human services or other responsible agency;	8937
(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	8938
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	8939
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	8940
other substances that may impair ability to practice.	8941
For the purposes of this division, any individual	8942
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of	8943
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By	8944
filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to	8945
practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to	8946
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	8947
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	8948

waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or

examination	renorts	that	CONSTITUTE	nrivileaed	communications.
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If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 8951 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or 8952 certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board 8953 shall refer the individual to the monitoring organization that 8954 conducts the confidential monitoring program established under 8955 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel 8956 the individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 8957 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 8958 8959 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 8960 a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct 8961 the examination and who is approved under section 4731.251 of 8962 the Revised Code. 8963

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 8964 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 8965 against the individual unless the failure is due to 8966 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 8967 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 8968 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 8969 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 8970 suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 8971 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 8972 condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 8973 licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 8974

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 8975 license or certificate suspended under this division, the 8976 impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability 8977 to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 8978 standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's 8979

license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but	8980
shall not be limited to, the following:	8981
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	8982
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	8983
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	8984
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	8985
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	8986
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	8987
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	8988
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	8989
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	8990
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	8991
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	8992
determination.	8993
The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended	8994
under this division after that demonstration and after the	8995
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	8996
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	8997
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	8998
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	8999
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	9000
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	9001
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	9002
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	9003
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	9004
maintained sobriety.	9005
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	9006
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	9007
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	9008

(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	9009
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	9010
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	9011
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	9012
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	9013
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	9014
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	9015
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	9016
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	9017
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	9018
be required to pay.	9019
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	9020
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	9021
of the Revised Code;	9022
(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	9023
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	9024
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	9025
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	9026
notice in the patient's medical record;	9027
(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	9028
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	9029
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	9030
adopted under that chapter;	9031
(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a	9032
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist,	9033
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with	9034
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to	9035
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the	9036

responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard

<pre>care arrangement;</pre>	9038
(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	9039
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	9040
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	9041
(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	9042
the board under division (F) of this section, including failure	9043
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	9044
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board	9045
in an investigative interview, an investigative office	9046
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	9047
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	9048
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	9049
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	9050
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	9051
testimony or evidence in issue;	9052
(35) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in	9053
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	9054
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	9055
(36) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	9056
the Revised Code;	9057
(37) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	9058
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	9059
(38) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	9060
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	9061
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	9062
(39) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	9063
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	9064
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	9065
Code:	9066

(40) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	9067
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	9068
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	9069
management clinic;	9070
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	9071
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	9072
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	9073
at a pain management clinic;	9074
(42) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	9075
4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board	9076
of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to	9077
section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	9078
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	9079
2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure	9080
to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court	9081
order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or	9082
2919.202 of the Revised Code;	9083
(44) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure	9084
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	9085
pain management clinic classification unless the person	9086
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	9087
with the classification;	9088
(45) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	9089
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	9090
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	9091
with the classification;	9092
(46) Failure to comply with any of the requirements	9093
regarding making or maintaining medical records or documents	9094
described in division (A) of section 2919.192, division (C) of	9095

section 2919.193, division (B) of section 2919.195, or division	9096
(A) of section 2919.196 of the Revised Code;	9097
(47) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	9098
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	9099
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	9100
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	9101
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	9102
4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under section	9103
4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment with	9104
medical marijuana;	9105
(49) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of	9106
division (E)(2) or (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code;	9107
(50) Failure to fulfill the responsibilities of a	9108
collaboration agreement entered into with an athletic trainer as	9109
described in section 4755.621 of the Revised Code;	9110
(51) Failure to take the steps specified in section	9111
4731.911 of the Revised Code following an abortion or attempted	9112
abortion in an ambulatory surgical facility or other location	9113
that is not a hospital when a child is born alive.	9114
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	9115
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	9116
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	9117
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	9118
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	9119
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	9120
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	9121
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	9122
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	9123
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	9124

consent	agreement,	the	admi	ssic	ons	and	find	ings	contained	in	the	9125
consent	agreement	shall	be	of r	no :	force	or	effec	ct.			9126

A telephone conference call may be utilized for

ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an

individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate

to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered

a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the

Revised Code.

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If the board takes disciplinary action against an 9133 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 9134 subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a 9135 violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the Revised Code, 9136 the disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 9137 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 9138 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 9139 more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 9140 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into 9141 under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 9142 or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt 9143 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension 9144 of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 9145 9146 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 9147 license or certificate to practice. 9148

(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of 9149 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 9150 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 9151 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 9152 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 9153 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 9154

favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 9155 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 9156 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 9157 procedural grounds. 9158

(E) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 9159 any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered 9160

- under this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take 9161 9162 action under this section if, based upon a plea of quilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility 9163 for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a 9164 9165 notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal or expunge the records. The board shall not be required 9166 to seal, expunge, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its 9167 records to reflect the court's sealing of conviction records. 9168
- (F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 9169 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 9170 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 9171 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 9172 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 9173 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 9174 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 9175 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 9176 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 9177 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 9178 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 9179 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 9180 board. 9181
- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter9182or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the9183supervising member elected by the board in accordance with9184

section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as

provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president

may designate another member of the board to supervise the

investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of

the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall

participate in further adjudication of the case.

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- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 9191 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 9192 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 9193 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 9194 9195 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 9196 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 9197 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 9198 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 9199 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 9200 office and approval of the secretary of the board. 9201
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 9202 information, the secretary shall determine whether there is 9203 probable cause to believe that the complaint filed alleges a 9204 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it and that 9205 9206 the records sought are relevant to the alleged violation and material to the investigation. The subpoena may apply only to 9207 records that cover a reasonable period of time surrounding the 9208 alleged violation. 9209
- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 9210 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 9211 subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 9212 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 9213 Procedure. 9214

(c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a	9215
sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee or agent	9216
designated by the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the	9217
board may be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the	9218
person named therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at	9219
the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business,	9220
or address on file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an	9221
applicant for or the holder of a license or certificate issued	9222
under this chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by	9223
certified mail, return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall	9224
be deemed served on the date delivery is made or the date the	9225
person refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served	9226
refuses to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be	9227
made to an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is	9228
representing the person.	9229

- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the9234board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of9235section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.9236

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(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under 9237 this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board 9238 pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under 9239 division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is 9240 confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action. 9241

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 9242 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 9243 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 9244

board shall not make public the names or any other identifying	9245
information about patients or complainants unless proper consent	9246
is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient	9247
privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the	9248
Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is	9249
not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial	9250
evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship	9251
exists.	9252

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 9253 9254 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 9255 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 9256 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 9257 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 9258 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 9259 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 9260 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 9261 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 9262 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 9263 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 9264 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 9265 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 9266 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 9267 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 9268 other identifying information about patients or complainants 9269 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 9270 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 9271 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 9272 sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 9273 records. 9274

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report

that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	9276
three months. The report shall contain the following information	9277
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	9278
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	9279
violation;	9280
(b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if	9281
any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is	9282
directed;	9283
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	9284
complaint;	9285
(d) The disposition of the case.	9286
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	9287
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	9288
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	9289
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	9290
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	9291
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	9292
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate	9293
to recommend without a prior hearing:	9294
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	9295
individual has violated division (B) of this section;	9296
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	9297
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	9298
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	9299
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	9300
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	9301
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or	9302
certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call	9303

may be utilized for	reviewing the allegations and taking the	9304
vote on the summary	suspension.	9305

The board shall serve a written order of suspension in 9306 accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. 9307 The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during 9308 pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised 9309 Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension 9310 requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for 9311 the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than 9312 9313 seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual. 9314

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 9315 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 9316 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 9317 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 9318 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-9319 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 9320 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 9321 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 9322 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 9323

(H) If the board takes action under division (B) (9), (11), 9324 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 9325 quilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 9326 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 9327 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 9328 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 9329 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 9330 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 9331 individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may 9332 then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 9333

to determine whether the individual committed the act in	9334
question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given	9335
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the	9336
board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this	9337
division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing	9338
is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions	9339
identified under division (B) of this section.	9340

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 9341 individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 9342 this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 9343 individual's second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial 9344 finding of quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 9345 of the Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 9346 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 9347 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 9348 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 9349 guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is 9350 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 9351 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 9352 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 9353 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 9354 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 9355 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 9356 kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 9357 aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 9358 Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 9359 practicing without a license or certificate. 9360

The board shall notify the individual subject to the 9361 suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the 9362 Revised Code. If an individual whose license or certificate is 9363 automatically suspended under this division fails to make a 9364

timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the	9365
Revised Code, the board shall do whichever of the following is	9366
applicable:	9367
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(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for	9368
a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of	9369
guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the	9370
Revised Code, the board shall enter an order suspending the	9371
individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of	9372
at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board,	9373
imposing a more serious sanction involving the individual's	9374
license or certificate to practice.	9375
(2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this	9376
section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking	9377
the individual's license or certificate to practice.	9378
(J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the	9379
Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and	9380
if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request	9381
a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code,	9382
the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by	9383
an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a	9384
final order that contains the board's findings. In that final	9385
order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under	9386
division (A) or (B) of this section.	9387
(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of	9388

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this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be

the individual's license or certificate to practice may be

be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or

accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which

reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to

certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section

requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	9395
the board.	9396
(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or	9397
certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's	9398
license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an	9399
individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to	9400
reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice,	9401
the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	9402
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	9403
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate	9404
to practice and the board shall not accept an application for	9405
reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a	9406
new license or certificate.	9407
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	9408
Code, all of the following apply:	9409
(1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under	9410
this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by	9411
the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	9412
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or	9413
certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be	9414
considered a special meeting under division (F) of section	9415
121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or	9416
certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative	9417
vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	9418
(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	9419
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	9420
approval of the board.	9421

(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or

certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a

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certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under	9424
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code does not remove or limit	9425
the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under	9426
this section against the individual.	9427
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	9428
status, as described in section 4731.283 of the Revised Code,	9429
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	9430
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	9431
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	9432
(5) At the request of the board, a license or certificate	9433
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	9434
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	9435
permanently revoked.	9436
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	9437
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	9438
copayments as follows:	9439
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	9440
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	9441
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	9442
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	9443
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	9444
available to the board upon request.	9445
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	9446
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	9447
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	9448
(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	9449
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	9450
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	9451
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	9452

communication skills of individuals authorized under this	9453
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	9454
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	9455
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	9456
do all of the following:	9457
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	9458
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	9459
investigation the board conducts under this section;	9460
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	9461
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	9462
reviewers;	9463
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	9464
providers and approve individual educational programs	9465
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	9466
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	9467
educational program.	9468
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	9469
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	9470
the individual who completed the program or other action that	9471
the board determines to be appropriate;	9472
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	9473
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	9474
program.	9475
An individual who participates in an individual	9476
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	9477
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	9478
(P) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an	9479
applicant because of a conviction, plea of guilty, judicial	9480
finding of guilt, judicial finding of eligibility for	9481

intervention in lieu of conviction, or the commission of an act	9482
that constitutes a criminal offense, unless the refusal is in	9483
accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code.	9484

- Sec. 4759.07. (A) The state medical board, by an 9485 affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, shall, except as 9486 provided in division (B) of this section, and to the extent 9487 permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's 9488 license or limited permit, refuse to issue a license or limited 9489 permit to an individual, refuse to renew a license or limited 9490 9491 permit, refuse to reinstate a license or limited permit, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a license or 9492 limited permit for one or more of the following reasons: 9493
- (1) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section 9494
  4759.071 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 9495
  violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 9496
  violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this 9497
  chapter or the rules adopted by the board; 9498
- (2) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 9499 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 9500 relation to the practice of dietetics; or in securing or 9501 attempting to secure any license or permit issued by the board 9502 under this chapter.

As used in division (A)(2) of this section, "false, 9504 fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading statement" means a 9505 statement that includes a misrepresentation of fact, is likely 9506 to mislead or deceive because of a failure to disclose material 9507 facts, is intended or is likely to create false or unjustified 9508 expectations of favorable results, or includes representations 9509 or implications that in reasonable probability will cause an 9510 ordinarily prudent person to misunderstand or be deceived. 9511

(3) Committing fraud during the administration of the	9512
examination for a license to practice or committing fraud,	9513
misrepresentation, or deception in applying for, renewing, or	9514
securing any license or permit issued by the board;	9515
(4) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9516
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9517
conviction for, a felony;	9518
(5) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	9519
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	9520
committed;	9521
(6) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9522
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9523
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	9524
practice;	9525
(7) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	9526
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	9527
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	9528
(8) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9529
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9530
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	9531
(9) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	9532
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	9533
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	9534
(10) A record of engaging in incompetent or negligent	9535
conduct in the practice of dietetics;	9536
(11) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	9537
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or	9538
similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a patient	9539

is established;	9540
(12) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	9541
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	9542
of practice;	9543
(13) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	9544
the board on a license or permit;	9545
(14) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	9546
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	9547
physical illness, including, physical deterioration that	9548
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	9549
(15) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	9550
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	9551
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	9552
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	9553
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	9554
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license; acceptance	9555
of an individual's license surrender; denial of a license;	9556
refusal to renew or reinstate a license; imposition of	9557
probation; or issuance of an order of censure or other	9558
reprimand;	9559
(16) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	9560
or termination of practice privileges by the United States	9561
department of defense or department of veterans affairs;	9562
(17) Termination or suspension from participation in the	9563
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	9564
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts	9565
that also would constitute a violation of division (A)(11),	9566
(12), or (14) of this section;	9567
(18) Impairment of ability to practice according to	9568

acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	9569
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	9570
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	9571
(19) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	9572
the board under division (B) of section 4759.05 of the Revised	9573
Code, including failure to comply with a subpoena or order	9574
issued by the board or failure to answer truthfully a question	9575
presented by the board in an investigative interview, an	9576
investigative office conference, at a deposition, or in written	9577
interrogatories, except that failure to cooperate with an	9578
investigation shall not constitute grounds for discipline under	9579
this section if a court of competent jurisdiction has issued an	9580
order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the individual	9581
to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue;	9582
(20) Representing with the purpose of obtaining	9583
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	9584
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	9585
incurable condition, can be permanently cured.	9586
(B) The board shall not refuse to issue a license or	9587
limited permit to an applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a	9588
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	9589
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for an	9590
offense unless the refusal is in accordance with section 9.79 of	9591
the Revised Code.	9592
(C) Any action taken by the board under division (A) of	9593
this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be	9594
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	9595
the individual's license or permit may be reinstated. The board	9596

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shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for

reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or permit suspended

pursuant to division (A) of this section requires an affirmative 9599 vote of not fewer than six members of the board. 9600

- (D) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or 9601 permit to an applicant, revokes an individual's license or 9602 permit, refuses to renew an individual's license or permit, or 9603 refuses to reinstate an individual's license or permit, the 9604 board may specify that its action is permanent. An individual 9605 subject to a permanent action taken by the board is forever 9606 thereafter ineligible to hold a license or permit and the board 9607 shall not accept an application for reinstatement of the license 9608 or permit or for issuance of a new license or permit. 9609
- (E) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under division 9610 (A) of this section shall be taken pursuant to an adjudication 9611 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that in lieu of 9612 an adjudication, the board may enter into a consent agreement 9613 with an individual to resolve an allegation of a violation of 9614 this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A consent agreement, 9615 when ratified by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six 9616 members of the board, shall constitute the findings and order of 9617 the board with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. 9618 If the board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the 9619 admissions and findings contained in the consent agreement shall 9620 be of no force or effect. 9621

A telephone conference call may be utilized for

ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an

individual's license or permit. The telephone conference call

shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of

section 121.22 of the Revised Code.

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(F) In enforcing division (A) (14) of this section, the 9627 board, upon a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 9628

individual authorized to practice by this chapter or who has	9629
submitted an application pursuant to this chapter to the	9630
monitoring organization that conducts the confidential	9631
monitoring program established under section 4731.25 of the	9632
Revised Code. The board also may compel the individual to submit	9633
to a mental examination, physical examination, including an HIV-	9634
test, or both a mental and a physical examination. The expense	9635
of the examination is the responsibility of the individual	9636
compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a mental or	9637
physical examination or consent to an HIV test ordered by the	9638
board constitutes an admission of the allegations against the	9639
individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the	9640
individual's control, and a default and final order may be	9641
entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of	9642
evidence. If the board finds an individual unable to practice	9643
because of the reasons set forth in division (A)(14) of this	9644
section, the board shall require the individual to submit to	9645
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	9646
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	9647
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	9648
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	9649
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	9650
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	9651
provisions of the individual's license or permit. For the	9652
purpose of division (A)(14) of this section, any individual who	9653
applies for or receives a license or permit under this chapter	9654
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	9655
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	9656
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	9657
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	9658
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	9659
constitute a privileged communication.	9660

(G) For the purposes of division (A)(18) of this section,	9661
any individual authorized to practice by this chapter accepts	9662
the privilege of practicing in this state subject to supervision	9663
by the board. By filing an application for or holding a license	9664
or permit under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to	9665
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	9666
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	9667
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	9668
examination reports that constitute privileged communications.	9669

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 9670 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for a license or 9671 permit suffers such impairment, the board shall refer the 9672 individual to the monitoring organization that conducts the 9673 confidential monitoring program established under section 9674 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 9675 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 9676 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 9677 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 9678 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 9679 a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct 9680 the examination and who is approved under section 4731.251 of 9681 the Revised Code. 9682

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 9683 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 9684 against the individual unless the failure is due to 9685 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 9686 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 9687 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 9688 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 9689 suspend the individual's license or permit or deny the 9690 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 9691

condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed	9692
license or permit, to submit to treatment.	9693
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	9694
license or permit suspended under this division, the impaired	9695
practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to	9696
resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	9697
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	9698
license or permit. The demonstration shall include, but shall	9699
not be limited to, the following:	9700
(1) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	9701
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	9702
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	9703
(2) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	9704
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	9705
(3) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	9706
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	9707
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	9708
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	9709
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	9710
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	9711
determination.	9712
The board may reinstate a license or permit suspended	9713
under this division after that demonstration and after the	9714
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	9715
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	9716
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	9717
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	9718
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	9719
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	9720

upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	9721
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	9722
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	9723
maintained sobriety.	9724
(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	9725
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	9726
individual's license or permit without a prior hearing:	9727
individual's license of permit without a prior hearing.	9121
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	9728
individual has violated division (A) of this section;	9729
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	9730
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	9731
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	9732
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	9733
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	9734
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or	9735
permit without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may	9736
be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	9737
the summary suspension.	9738
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in	9739
accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.	9740
The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during	9741
pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised	9742
Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension	9743
requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for	9744
the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than	9745
seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless	9746
otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual.	9747

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall

remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final

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adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 9750 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 9751 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-9752 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 9753 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 9754 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 9755 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 9756

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- (I) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. In the final order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) of this section.
- (J) For purposes of divisions (A)(5), (7), and (9) of this 9766 section, the commission of the act may be established by a 9767 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 9768 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 9769 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 9770 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 9771 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 9772 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 9773 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 9774 procedural grounds. 9775
- (K) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 9776 any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered 9777 under this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take 9778 action under this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a 9779

judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility

for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a

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notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order

to seal or expunge the records. The board shall not be required

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to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to

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reflect the court's sealing or expungement of conviction

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records.

(L) If the board takes action under division (A)(4), (6), 9787 or (8) of this section, and the judicial finding of quilt, 9788 quilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 9789 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 9790 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 9791 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 9792 documents. Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration and 9793 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 9794 individual's license or permit. The board may then hold an 9795 adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 9796 whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of 9797 an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with 9798 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant 9799 to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual 9800 committed the act or if no hearing is requested, the board may 9801 order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) of this 9802 section. 9803

(M) The license or permit issued to an individual under
this chapter and the individual's practice in this state are
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automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads
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guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is
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subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in
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lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in
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lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the

following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially	9811
equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated	9812
murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault,	9813
kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition,	9814
aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary.	9815
Continued practice after suspension shall be considered	9816
practicing without a license or permit.	9817
The board shall serve the individual subject to the	9818
suspension in accordance with sections 119 05 and 119 07 of the	9819

The board shall serve the individual subject to the 9818 suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the 9819 Revised Code. If an individual whose license or permit is 9820 automatically suspended under this division fails to make a 9821 timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the 9822 Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently 9823 revoking the individual's license or permit. 9824

- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised 9825 Code, all of the following apply: 9826
- (1) The surrender of a license or permit issued under this 9827 chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the 9828 board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for 9829 acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or 9830 permit. The telephone conference call shall be considered a 9831 special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the 9832 Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or permit surrendered 9833 to the board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six 9834 members of the board. 9835
- (2) An application for a license or permit made under the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval of the board.
  - (3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or permit 9839

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in accordance with this chapter does not remove or limit the	9840
board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under this	9841
section against the individual.	9842
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	9843
status, as described in section 4759.064 of the Revised Code,	9844
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	9845
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	9846
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	9847
(5) At the request of the board, a license or permit	9848
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	9849
permit that the board has suspended, revoked, or permanently	9850
revoked.	9851
Sec. 4760.13. (A) The state medical board, by an	9852
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may refuse to	9853
grant a license to practice as an anesthesiologist assistant to,	9854
or may revoke the license held by, an individual found by the	9855
board to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception	9856
in applying for or securing the license.	9857
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	9858
six members, shall, except as provided in division (C) of this	9859
section, and to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	9860
suspend an individual's license to practice as an	9861
anesthesiologist assistant, refuse to issue a license to an	9862
applicant, refuse to renew a license, refuse to reinstate a	9863
license, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a	9864
license for any of the following reasons:	9865
(1) Permitting the holder's name or license to be used by	9866

(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this

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another person;

chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	9869
by the board;	9870
(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	9871
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	9872
conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	9873
4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;	9874
(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	9875
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or	9876
similar circumstances whether or not actual injury to the	9877
patient is established;	9878
(5) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	9879
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	9880
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	9881
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	9882
(6) Impairment of ability to practice according to	9883
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	9884
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	9885
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	9886
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	9887
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	9888
statement in securing or attempting to secure a license to	9889
practice as an anesthesiologist assistant.	9890
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	9891
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	9892
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	9893
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	9894
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	9895
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	9896
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	9897

person to misunderstand or be deceived.	9898
(9) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or a	9899
thing of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course of	9900
practice;	9901
(10) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9902
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9903
conviction for, a felony;	9904
(11) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	9905
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	9906
committed;	9907
(12) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9908
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9909
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	9910
practice;	9911
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9912
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9913
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	9914
(14) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	9915
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	9916
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	9917
(15) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	9918
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	9919
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	9920
(16) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	9921
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	9922
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	9923
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	9924
trafficking in drugs:	9925

(17) Any of the following actions taken by the state	9926
agency responsible for regulating the practice of	9927
anesthesiologist assistants in another jurisdiction, for any	9928
reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	9929
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	9930
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	9931
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	9932
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	9933
other reprimand;	9934
(18) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	9935
license to practice;	9936
(19) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	9937
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	9938
of the Revised Code;	9939
(20) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	9940
the board under section 4760.14 of the Revised Code, including	9941
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board	9942
or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the	9943
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	9944
failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	9945
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	9946
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	9947
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	9948
evidence in issue;	9949
(21) Failure to comply with any code of ethics established	9950
by the national commission for the certification of	9951
anesthesiologist assistants;	9952
(22) Failure to notify the state medical board of the	9953
more costion on failure to maintain contification from the	0054

revocation or failure to maintain certification from the

national commission for certification of anesthesiologist 9955 assistants.

- (C) The board shall not refuse to issue a certificate to 9957 an applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding 9958 of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 9959 intervention in lieu of conviction for an offense unless the 9960 refusal is in accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code. 9961
- 9962 (D) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under 9963 divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except 9964 that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 9965 consent agreement with an anesthesiologist assistant or 9966 applicant to resolve an allegation of a violation of this 9967 chapter or any rule adopted under it. A consent agreement, when 9968 ratified by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of 9969 the board, shall constitute the findings and order of the board 9970 with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the 9971 board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and 9972 findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force 9973 or effect. 9974
- (E) For purposes of divisions (B) (11), (14), and (15) of 9975 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 9976 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 9977 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or license holder 9978 committed the act in question. The board shall have no 9979 jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial 9980 court renders a final judgment in the license holder's favor and 9981 that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The 9982 board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases 9983 where the trial court issues an order of dismissal on technical 9984

or procedural grounds.

(F) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 9986 any court shall have no effect on a prior board order entered 9987 under the provisions of this section or on the board's 9988 jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section 9989 if, based upon a plea of quilty, a judicial finding of quilt, or 9990 a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 9991 9992 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal or expunge the 9993 9994 records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 9995 sealing or expungement of conviction records. 9996

- (G) For purposes of this division, any individual who 9997 holds a license to practice issued under this chapter, or 9998 applies for a license to practice, shall be deemed to have given 9999 consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when 10000 directed to do so in writing by the board and to have waived all 10001 objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination 10002 reports that constitute a privileged communication.
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(5) of this section, the 10004 board, on a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 10005 individual who holds, or has applied for, a license issued under 10006 this chapter to the monitoring organization that conducts the 10007 confidential monitoring program established under section 10008 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 10009 individual to this chapter to submit to a mental or physical 10010 examination, or both. A physical examination may include an HIV 10011 test.—The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 10012 the individual compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a 10013 mental or physical examination or consent to an HIV test ordered 10014

by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against 1001	15
the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond 1001	16
the individual's control, and a default and final order may be 1001	17
entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 1001	18
evidence. If the board finds an anesthesiologist assistant 1001	19
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in division 1002	20
(B) (5) of this section, the board shall require the 1002	21
anesthesiologist assistant to submit to care, counseling, or 1002	22
treatment by physicians approved or designated by the board, as 1002	23
a condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 1002	24
license to practice. An individual affected by this division 1002	25
shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the 1002	26
ability to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 1002	27
prevailing standards of care. 1002	28

(2) For purposes of division (B)(6) of this section, if 10029 the board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 10030 license to practice issued under this chapter or any applicant 10031 for a license to practice suffers such impairment, the board 10032 shall report the individual to the monitoring organization that 10033 conducts the confidential monitoring program established under 10034 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel 10035 the individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 10036 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 10037 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 10038 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 10039 a treatment provider or physician qualified to conduct such 10040 examination and approved under section 4731.251 of the Revised 10041 Code. 10042

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 10043 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 10044 against the individual unless the failure is due to 10045

circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	10046
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	10047
presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the	10048
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	10049
suspend the individual's license or deny the individual's	10050
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	10051
an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed license to	10052
practice, to submit to treatment.	10053
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	10054
license suspended under this division, the anesthesiologist	10055
assistant shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume	10056
practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards	10057
of care. The demonstration shall include the following:	10058
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	10059
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	10060
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	10061
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	10062
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	10063
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	10064
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	10065
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	10066
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	10067
individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	10068
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	10069
determination.	10070
The board may reinstate a license suspended under this	10071
division after such demonstration and after the individual has	10072
entered into a written consent agreement.	10073

When the impaired anesthesiologist assistant resumes

practice, the board shall require continued monitoring of the	10075
anesthesiologist assistant. The monitoring shall include	10076
monitoring of compliance with the written consent agreement	10077
entered into before reinstatement or with conditions imposed by	10078
board order after a hearing, and, on termination of the consent	10079
agreement, submission to the board for at least two years of	10080
annual written progress reports made under penalty of	10081
falsification stating whether the anesthesiologist assistant has	10082
maintained sobriety.	10083

(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine that 10084 there is clear and convincing evidence that an anesthesiologist 10085 assistant has violated division (B) of this section and that the 10086 individual's continued practice presents a danger of immediate 10087 and serious harm to the public, they may recommend that the 10088 board suspend the individual's license without a prior hearing. 10089 Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the 10090 board. 10091

The board, on review of the allegations and by an 10092 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 10093 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license 10094 without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be 10095 utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on 10096 the summary suspension.

The board shall serve a written order of suspension in 10098 accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. 10099

The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during 10100 pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised 10101 Code. If the anesthesiologist assistant requests an adjudicatory 10102 hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be 10103 within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the 10104

anesthesiologist assistant requests the hearing, unless	10105
otherwise agreed to by both the board and the license holder.	10106
A summary suspension imposed under this division shall	10107
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final	10108
adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section	10109
and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The	10110
board shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days	10111
after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the order	10112
within sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary	10113
suspension order, but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final	10114
adjudicative order.	10115
(I) If the board takes action under division (B)(11),	10116
(13), or $(14)$ of this section, and the judicial finding of	10117
guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for	10118
intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, on	10119
exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for	10120
reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along	10121
with appropriate court documents. On receipt of a petition and	10122
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	10123
license to practice. The board may then hold an adjudication	10124
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether the	10125
individual committed the act in question. Notice of opportunity	10126
for hearing shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of	10127
the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an	10128
adjudication held under this division, that the individual	10129
committed the act, or if no hearing is requested, it may order	10130
any of the sanctions specified in division (B) of this section.	10131
(J) The license to practice of an anesthesiologist	10132

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assistant and the assistant's practice in this state are

automatically suspended as of the date the anesthesiologist

assistant pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be	10135
guilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility	10136
for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state or	10137
treatment of or intervention in lieu of conviction in another	10138
jurisdiction for any of the following criminal offenses in this	10139
state or a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another	10140
jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter,	10141
felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross	10142
sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or	10143
aggravated burglary. Continued practice after the suspension	10144
shall be considered practicing without a license.	10145

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The board shall serve the individual subject to the suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose license is suspended under this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's license to practice.

- (K) In any instance in which the board is required by 10153 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity 10154 for hearing and the individual subject to the notice does not 10155 timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of 10156 the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, 10157 but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of 10158 its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. 10159 In the final order, the board may order any of the sanctions 10160 identified under division (A) or (B) of this section. 10161
- (L) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 10162 this section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a 10163 written statement of the conditions under which the 10164

As introduced	
anesthesiologist assistant's license may be reinstated. The	10165
board shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	10166
	10167
Revised Code governing conditions to be imposed for	
reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license suspended pursuant to	10168
division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of not	10169
fewer than six members of the board.	10170
(M) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license to	10171
practice as an anesthesiologist assistant to an applicant,	10172
revokes an individual's license, refuses to renew an	10173
individual's license, or refuses to reinstate an individual's	10174
license, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	10175
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	10176
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license to practice as	10177
an anesthesiologist assistant and the board shall not accept an	10178
application for reinstatement of the license or for issuance of	10179
a new license.	10180
(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	10181
Code, all of the following apply:	10182
(1) The surrender of a license to practice issued under	10183
this chapter is not effective unless or until accepted by the	10184
board. Reinstatement of a license surrendered to the board	10185
requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	10186
the board.	10187

- (2) An application made under this chapter for a license 10188 to practice may not be withdrawn without approval of the board. 10189
- (3) Failure by an individual to renew a license to 10190 practice in accordance with section 4760.06 of the Revised Code 10191 does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take 10192 disciplinary action under this section against the individual. 10193

(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	10194
status, as described in section 4760.062 of the Revised Code,	10195
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	10196
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	10197
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	10198
Sec. 4761.09. (A) The state medical board, by an	10199
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, shall, except as	10200
provided in division (B) of this section, and to the extent	10201
permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's	10202
license or limited permit, refuse to issue a license or limited	10203
permit to an individual, refuse to renew a license or limited	10204
permit, refuse to reinstate a license or limited permit, or	10205
reprimand or place on probation the holder of a license or	10206
limited permit for one or more of the following reasons:	10207
(1) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10208
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10209
conviction for, a felony;	10210
(2) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	10211
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	10212
committed;	10213
(3) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10214
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10215
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	10216
practice;	10217
(4) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	10218
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	10219
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	10220
(5) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10221
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10222

conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	10223
(6) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	10224
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	10225
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	10226
(7) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section	10227
4761.091 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to	10227
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the	10229
violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this	10223
chapter or the rules adopted by the board;	10230
chapter of the fules adopted by the board,	10231
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	10232
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in	10233
relation to the practice of respiratory care; or in securing or	10234
attempting to secure any license or permit issued by the board	10235
under this chapter.	10236
As used in division (A)(8) of this section, "false,	10237
fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading statement" means a	10238
statement that includes a misrepresentation of fact, is likely	10239
to mislead or deceive because of a failure to disclose material	10240
facts, is intended or is likely to create false or unjustified	10241
expectations of favorable results, or includes representations	10242
or implications that in reasonable probability will cause an	10243
ordinarily prudent person to misunderstand or be deceived.	10244
(9) Committing fraud during the administration of the	10245
examination for a license to practice or committing fraud,	10245
misrepresentation, or deception in applying for, renewing, or	10240
securing any license or permit issued by the board;	10247
securing any ficense of permit issued by the board,	10240
(10) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	10249
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or	10250
similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a patient	10251

is established;	10252
(11) Violating the standards of ethical conduct adopted by	10253
the board, in the practice of respiratory care;	10254
(12) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	10255
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	10256
of practice;	10257
(13) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	10258
the board upon a license or permit;	10259
(14) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	10260
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	10261
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	10262
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	10263
(15) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	10264
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	10265
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	10266
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	10267
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	10268
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license; acceptance	10269
of an individual's license surrender; denial of a license;	10270
refusal to renew or reinstate a license; imposition of	10271
probation; or issuance of an order of censure or other	10272
reprimand;	10273
(16) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	10274
or termination of practice privileges by the United States	10275
department of defense or department of veterans affairs;	10276
(17) Termination or suspension from participation in the	10277
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	10278
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts	10279
that also would constitute a violation of division (A) (10),	10280

(12), or (14) of this section;	10281
(18) Impairment of ability to practice according to	10282
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	10283
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	10284
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	10285
(19) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	10286
the board under division (E) of section 4761.03 of the Revised	10287
Code, including failure to comply with a subpoena or order	10288
issued by the board or failure to answer truthfully a question	10289
presented by the board in an investigative interview, an	10290
investigative office conference, at a deposition, or in written	10291
interrogatories, except that failure to cooperate with an	10292
investigation shall not constitute grounds for discipline under	10293
this section if a court of competent jurisdiction has issued an	10294
order that either quashes a subpoena or permits the individual	10295
to withhold the testimony or evidence in issue;	10296
(20) Practicing in an area of respiratory care for which	10297
the person is clearly untrained or incompetent or practicing in	10298
a manner that conflicts with section 4761.17 of the Revised	10299
Code;	10300
(21) Employing, directing, or supervising a person who is	10301
not authorized to practice respiratory care under this chapter	10302
in the performance of respiratory care procedures;	10303
(22) Misrepresenting educational attainments or authorized	10304
functions for the purpose of obtaining some benefit related to	10305
the practice of respiratory care;	10306
(23) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of	10307
the Revised Code;	10308
(24) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	10309

compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	10310
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	10311
incurable condition, can be permanently cured.	10312
Disciplinary actions taken by the board under division (A)	10313
of this section shall be taken pursuant to an adjudication under	10314
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that in lieu of an	10315
adjudication, the board may enter into a consent agreement with	10316
an individual to resolve an allegation of a violation of this	10317
chapter or any rule adopted under it. A consent agreement, when	10318
ratified by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	10319
the board, shall constitute the findings and order of the board	10320
with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the	10321
board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and	10322
findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no	10323
effect.	10324
A telephone conference call may be utilized for	10325
ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an	10326
individual's license or permit. The telephone conference call	10327
shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of	10328
section 121.22 of the Revised Code.	10329
(B) The board shall not refuse to issue a license or	10330
limited permit to an applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a	10331
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	10332
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for an	10333
offense unless the refusal is in accordance with section 9.79 of	10334

(C) Any action taken by the board under division (A) of this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which the individual's license or permit may be reinstated. The board 

the Revised Code.

shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for 10340 reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or permit suspended 10341 pursuant to division (A) of this section requires an affirmative 10342 vote of not fewer than six members of the board. 10343

- (D) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or 10344 permit to an applicant, revokes an individual's license or 10345 permit, refuses to renew an individual's license or permit, or 10346 refuses to reinstate an individual's license or permit, the 10347 board may specify that its action is permanent. An individual 10348 10349 subject to a permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or permit and the board 10350 shall not accept an application for reinstatement of the license 10351 or permit or for issuance of a new license or permit. 10352
- (E) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 10353 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 10354 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 10355 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 10356 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 10357 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 10358 final order that contains the board's findings. In the final 10359 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 10360 division (A) of this section. 10361
- (F) In enforcing division (A) (14) of this section, the 10362 board, upon a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 10363 individual authorized to practice by this chapter or who has 10364 submitted an application pursuant to this chapter to the 10365 monitoring organization that conducts the confidential 10366 monitoring program established under section 4731.25 of the 10367 Revised Code. The board also may compel the individual to submit 10368 to a mental examination, physical examination, including an HIV 10369

test, or both a mental and a physical examination. The expense	10370
of the examination is the responsibility of the individual	10371
compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a mental or	10372
physical examination or consent to an HIV test ordered by the	10373
board constitutes an admission of the allegations against the	10374
individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the	10375
individual's control, and a default and final order may be	10376
entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of	10377
evidence. If the board finds an individual unable to practice	10378
because of the reasons set forth in division (A)(14) of this	10379
section, the board shall require the individual to submit to	10380
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	10381
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	10382
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	10383
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	10384
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	10385
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	10386
provisions of the individual's license or permit. For the	10387
purpose of division (A)(14) of this section, any individual who	10388
applies for or receives a license or permit to practice under	10389
this chapter accepts the privilege of practicing in this state	10390
and, by so doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to	10391
submit to a mental or physical examination when directed to do	10392
so in writing by the board, and to have waived all objections to	10393
the admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	10394
constitute a privileged communication.	10395

(G) For the purposes of division (A) (18) of this section, 10396 any individual authorized to practice by this chapter accepts 10397 the privilege of practicing in this state subject to supervision 10398 by the board. By filing an application for or holding a license 10399 or permit under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to 10400

have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	10401
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	10402
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	10403
examination reports that constitute privileged communications.	10404
If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized	10405
to practice by this chapter or any applicant for a license or	10406

permit suffers such impairment, the board shall refer the 10407 individual to the monitoring organization that conducts the 10408 confidential monitoring program established under section 10409 10410 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 10411 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 10412 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 10413 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 10414 a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct 10415 the examination and who is approved under section 4731.251 of 10416

10417

the Revised Code.

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 10418 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 10419 against the individual unless the failure is due to 10420 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 10421 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 10422 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 10423 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 10424 suspend the individual's license or permit or deny the 10425 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 10426 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 10427 license or permit, to submit to treatment. 10428

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 10429 license or permit suspended under this division, the impaired 10430

practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to	10431
resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	10432
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	10433
license or permit. The demonstration shall include, but shall	10434
not be limited to, the following:	10435
(1) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	10436
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	10437
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	10438
(2) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	10439
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	10440
(3) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	10441
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	10442
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	10443
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	10444
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	10445
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	10446
determination.	10447
The board may reinstate a license or permit suspended	10448
under this division after that demonstration and after the	10449
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	10450
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	10451
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	10452
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	10453
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	10454
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	10455
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	10456
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	10457
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	10458

maintained sobriety.

(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	10460
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	10461
individual's license or permit without a prior hearing:	10462
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	10463
individual has violated division (A) of this section;	10464
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	10465
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	10466
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	10467
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	10468
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	10469
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or	10470
permit without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may	10471
be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	10472
be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on the summary suspension.	10472
the summary suspension.	10473
the summary suspension.  The board shall serve a written order of suspension in	10473 10474
the summary suspension.  The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.	10473 10474 10475
the summary suspension.  The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during	10473 10474 10475 10476
the summary suspension.  The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477
the summary suspension.  The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478 10479
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478 10479
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478 10479 10480
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual.	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478 10479 10480 10481
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.  The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual.  Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall	10473 10474 10475 10476 10477 10478 10479 10480 10481 10482

board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-

five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue

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the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution	10489
of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any	10490
subsequent, final adjudicative order.	10491

- (I) For purposes of divisions (A)(2), (4), and (6) of this 10492 section, the commission of the act may be established by a 10493 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 10494 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 10495 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 10496 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 10497 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 10498 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 10499 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 10500 procedural grounds. 10501
- (J) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 10502 any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered 10503 under this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take 10504 action under this section if, based upon a plea of quilty, a 10505 judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility 10506 for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a 10507 notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order 10508 to seal or expunge the records. The board shall not be required 10509 to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to 10510 reflect the court's sealing or expungement of conviction 10511 records. 10512
- (K) If the board takes action under division (A)(1), (3), 10513 or (5) of this section, and the judicial finding of guilt, 10514 guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 10515 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 10516 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 10517 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 10518

documents. Upon receipt of a petition for reconsideration and	10519
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	10520
individual's license or permit. The board may then hold an	10521
adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine	10522
whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of	10523
an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with	10524
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant	10525
to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual	10526
committed the act or if no hearing is requested, the board may	10527
order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) of this	10528
section.	10529

(L) The license or permit issued to an individual under 10530 this chapter and the individual's practice in this state are 10531 automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 10532 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be quilty of, or is 10533 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 10534 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 10535 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 10536 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 10537 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 10538 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 10539 kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 10540 aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 10541 Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 10542 practicing without a license or permit. 10543

The board shall serve the individual subject to the 10544 suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the 10545 Revised Code. If an individual whose license or permit is 10546 automatically suspended under this division fails to make a 10547 timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the 10548 Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently 10549

revoking the individual's license or permit.	10550
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	10551
Code, all of the following apply:	10552
(1) The surrender of a license or permit issued under this	10553
chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the	10554
board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	10555
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or	10556
permit. The telephone conference call shall be considered a	10557
special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the	10558
Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or permit surrendered	10559
to the board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	10560
members of the board.	10561
(2) An application for a license or permit made under the	10562
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval	10563
of the board.	10564
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or permit	10565
in accordance with this chapter does not remove or limit the	10566
board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under this	10567
section against the individual.	10568
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	10569
status, as described in section 4761.062 of the Revised Code,	10570
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	10571
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	10572
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	10573
(5) At the request of the board, a license or permit	10574
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	10575
permit that the board has suspended, revoked, or permanently	10576
revoked.	10577
Sec. 4762.13. (A) The state medical board, by an	10578

affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may refuse to	10579
grant a license to practice as an oriental medicine practitioner	10580
or license to practice as an acupuncturist to, or may revoke the	10581
license held by, an individual found by the board to have	10582
committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for	10583
or securing the license.	10584
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	10585
six members, shall, except as provided in division (C) of this	10586
section, and to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	10587
suspend an individual's license to practice, refuse to issue a	10588
license to an applicant, refuse to renew a license, refuse to	10589
reinstate a license, or reprimand or place on probation the	10590
holder of a license for any of the following reasons:	10591
(1) Permitting the holder's name or license to be used by	10592
another person;	10593
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	10594
	10594 10595
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	10595
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;	10595 10596
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board; (3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	10595 10596 10597
<ul><li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li><li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or</li></ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599 10600
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599 10600
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599 10600 10601 10602
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or similar circumstances whether or not actual injury to the</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599 10600 10601 10602 10603
<ul> <li>(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;</li> <li>(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or similar circumstances whether or not actual injury to the patient is established;</li> </ul>	10595 10596 10597 10598 10599 10600 10601 10602 10603 10604

adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	10608
(6) Impairment of ability to practice according to	10609
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	10610
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	10611
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	10612
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	10613
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	10614
statement in soliciting or advertising for patients or in	10615
securing or attempting to secure a license to practice as an	10616
oriental medicine practitioner or license to practice as an	10617
acupuncturist.	10618
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	10619
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	10620
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	10621
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	10622
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	10623
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	10624
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	10625
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	10626
(9) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	10627
compensation or other advantage personally or for any other	10628
person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other incurable	10629
condition, can be permanently cured;	10630
(10) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or a	10631
thing of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course of	10632
practice;	10633
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10634
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10635
conviction for, a felony;	10636

(12) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	10637
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	10638
committed;	10639
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10640
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10641
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	10642
practice;	10643
(14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10644
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10645
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	10646
(15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	10647
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	10648
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	10649
(16) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	10650
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	10651
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	10652
	10650
(17) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10653
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10654
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	10655
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	10656
trafficking in drugs;	10657
(18) Any of the following actions taken by the state	10658
agency responsible for regulating the practice of oriental	10659
medicine or acupuncture in another jurisdiction, for any reason	10660
other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, revocation,	10661
or suspension of an individual's license to practice; acceptance	10662
of an individual's license surrender; denial of a license;	10663
refusal to renew or reinstate a license; imposition of	10664
probation; or issuance of an order of censure or other	10665

reprimand;	10666
(19) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	10667
license to practice as an oriental medicine practitioner or	10668
license to practice as an acupuncturist;	10669
(20) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	10670
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	10671
of the Revised Code;	10672
(21) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	10673
the board under section 4762.14 of the Revised Code, including	10674
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board	10675
or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the	10676
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	10677
failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	10678
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	10679
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	10680
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	10681
evidence in issue;	10682
(22) Failure to comply with the standards of the national	10683
certification commission for acupuncture and oriental medicine	10684
regarding professional ethics, commitment to patients,	10685
commitment to the profession, and commitment to the public;	10686
(23) Failure to have adequate professional liability	10687
insurance coverage in accordance with section 4762.22 of the	10688
Revised Code;	10689
(24) Failure to maintain a current and active designation	10690
as a diplomate in oriental medicine, diplomate of acupuncture	10691
and Chinese herbology, or diplomate in acupuncture, as	10692
applicable, from the national certification commission for	10693
acupuncture and oriental medicine, including revocation by the	10694

commission of the individual's designation, failure by the	10695
individual to meet the commission's requirements for	10696
redesignation, or failure to notify the board that the	10697
appropriate designation has not been maintained.	10698

- (C) The board shall not refuse to issue a certificate to 10699 an applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding 10700 of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 10701 intervention in lieu of conviction for an offense unless the 10702 refusal is in accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code. 10703
- (D) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under 10704 divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to 10705 an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except 10706 that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 10707 consent agreement with an oriental medicine practitioner or 10708 acupuncturist or applicant to resolve an allegation of a 10709 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A 10710 consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not 10711 fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the 10712 findings and order of the board with respect to the matter 10713 addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a 10714 consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the 10715 10716 consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.
- (E) For purposes of divisions (B) (12), (15), and (16) of 10717 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 10718 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 10719 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or license holder 10720 committed the act in question. The board shall have no 10721 jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial 10722 court renders a final judgment in the license holder's favor and 10723 that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The 10724

board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases	10725
where the trial court issues an order of dismissal upon	10726
technical or procedural grounds.	10727

- (F) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 10728 any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered 10729 under the provisions of this section or upon the board's 10730 jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section 10731 if, based upon a plea of quilty, a judicial finding of quilt, or 10732 a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 10733 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a 10734 hearing or entered into a consent agreement prior to the court's 10735 order to seal or expunge the records. The board shall not be 10736 required to seal, destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its 10737 records to reflect the court's sealing or expungement of 10738 conviction records. 10739
- (G) For purposes of this division, any individual who 10740 holds a license to practice issued under this chapter, or 10741 applies for a license to practice, shall be deemed to have given 10742 consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when 10743 directed to do so in writing by the board and to have waived all 10744 objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination 10745 reports that constitute a privileged communication. 10746
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(5) of this section, the 10747 board, upon a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 10748 individual who holds, or has applied for, a license under this 10749 chapter to the monitoring organization that conducts the 10750 confidential monitoring program established under section 10751 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 10752 individual to submit to a mental examination, physical 10753 examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental and 10754

physical examination. The expense of the examination is the	10755
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	10756
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	10757
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	10758
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	10759
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	10760
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	10761
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an oriental	10762
medicine practitioner or acupuncturist unable to practice	10763
because of the reasons set forth in division (B)(5) of this	10764
section, the board shall require the individual to submit to	10765
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	10766
designated by the board, as a condition for an initial,	10767
continued, reinstated, or renewed license to practice. An	10768
individual affected by this division shall be afforded an	10769
opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability to resume	10770
practicing in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	10771
standards of care.	10772

(2) For purposes of division (B)(6) of this section, if 10773 the board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 10774 license to practice issued under this chapter or any applicant 10775 for a license suffers such impairment, the board shall refer the 10776 individual to the monitoring organization that conducts the 10777 confidential monitoring program established under section 10778 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 10779 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 10780 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 10781 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 10782 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 10783 a treatment provider or physician qualified to conduct such 10784 examination and approved under section 4731.251 of the Revised 10785

Code.	10786
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination	10787
ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations	10788
against the individual unless the failure is due to	10789
circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	10790
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	10791
presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the	10792
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	10793
suspend the individual's license or deny the individual's	10794
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	10795
an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed license, to submit	10796
to treatment.	10797
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	10798
license suspended under this division, the oriental medicine	10799
practitioner or acupuncturist shall demonstrate to the board the	10800
ability to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and	10801
prevailing standards of care. The demonstration shall include	10802
the following:	10803
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	10804
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	10805
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	10806
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	10807
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	10808
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	10809
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	10810
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	10811
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	10812
individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	10813

assessments and shall describe the basis for their

determination.	10815
The board may reinstate a license suspended under this	10816
division after such demonstration and after the individual has	10817
entered into a written consent agreement.	10818
When the impaired individual resumes practice, the board	10819
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	10820
monitoring shall include monitoring of compliance with the	10821
written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement or	10822
with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	10823
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	10824
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	10825
made under penalty of falsification stating whether the	10826
individual has maintained sobriety.	10827
(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	10828
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	10829
individual's license to practice without a prior hearing:	10830
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	10831
oriental medicine practitioner or acupuncturist has violated	10832
division (B) of this section;	10833
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	10834
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	10835
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	10836
the board. The board, upon review of the allegations and by an	10837
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	10838
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license	10839
without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be	10840
utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	10841
the summary suspension.	10842
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in	10843

accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.	10844
The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during	10845
pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised	10846
Code. If the oriental medicine practitioner or acupuncturist	10847
requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for	10848
the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than	10849
seven days, after the hearing is requested, unless otherwise	10850
agreed to by both the board and the license holder.	10851

A summary suspension imposed under this division shall 10852 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 10853 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 10854 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 10855 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days 10856 after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the order 10857 within sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary 10858 suspension order, but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final 10859 adjudicative order. 10860

(I) If the board takes action under division (B) (11), 10861 (13), or (14) of this section, and the judicial finding of 10862 guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for 10863 intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon 10864 exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for 10865 reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along 10866 with appropriate court documents. Upon receipt of a petition and 10867 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 10868 license. The board may then hold an adjudication under Chapter 10869 119. of the Revised Code to determine whether the individual 10870 committed the act in question. Notice of opportunity for hearing 10871 shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised 10872 Code. If the board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under 10873 this division, that the individual committed the act, or if no 10874

hearing is requested,	it may order any of the sanctions	10875
specified in division	(B) of this section.	10876

(J) The license to practice of an oriental medicine 10877 practitioner or acupuncturist and the practitioner's or 10878 acupuncturist's practice in this state are automatically 10879 suspended as of the date the practitioner or acupuncturist 10880 pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, 10881 or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for 10882 intervention in lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or 10883 intervention in lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for 10884 10885 any of the following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 10886 jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, 10887 felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross 10888 sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or 10889 aggravated burglary. Continued practice after the suspension 10890 shall be considered practicing without a license. 10891

The board shall serve the individual subject to the 10892 suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the 10893 Revised Code. If an individual whose license is suspended under 10894 this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication 10895 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a 10896 final order permanently revoking the individual's license. 10897

(K) In any instance in which the board is required by

Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity

for hearing and the individual subject to the notice does not

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timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of

the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing,

but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of

its members, a final order that contains the board's findings.

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In the final order, the board may order any of th	ne sanctions	10905
identified under division (A) or (B) of this sect	cion.	10906
(L) Any action taken by the board under div	ision (R) of	10907
this section resulting in a suspension shall be a		10908
written statement of the conditions under which t		10909
be reinstated. The board shall adopt rules in acc		10910
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing condit		10911
imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a lic	ense suspended:	10912
pursuant to division (B) of this section requires	an affirmative	10913
vote of not fewer than six members of the board.		10914
(M) When the board refuses to grant or issu	e a license to	10915
an applicant, revokes an individual's license, re	efuses to renew	10916
an individual's license, or refuses to reinstate	an individual's	10917
license, the board may specify that its action is	permanent. An	10918
individual subject to a permanent action taken by	the board is	10919
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license t	co practice as	10920
an oriental medicine practitioner or license to p	practice as an	10921
acupuncturist and the board shall not accept an a	application for	10922
reinstatement of the license or for issuance of a	new license.	10923
(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of	the Revised	10924
Code, all of the following apply:	ene nevisea	10925
code, all of the following apply.		10925
(1) The surrender of a license to practice	as an oriental	10926
medicine practitioner or license to practice as a	an acupuncturist	10927
issued under this chapter is not effective unless	or until	10928
accepted by the board. Reinstatement of a license	e surrendered to	10929
the board requires an affirmative vote of not few	ver than six	10930
members of the board.		10931
	C 1'	10000
(2) An application made under this chapter	ior a license	10932

may not be withdrawn without approval of the board.

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(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license in	10934
accordance with section 4762.06 of the Revised Code does not	10935
remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary	10936
action under this section against the individual.	10937
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	10938
status, as described in section 4762.062 of the Revised Code,	10939
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	10940
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	10941
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	10942
Sec. 4774.13. (A) The state medical board, by an	10943
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may refuse to	10944
grant a license to practice as a radiologist assistant to, or	10945
may revoke the license held by, an individual found by the board	10946
to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	10947
applying for or securing the license.	10948
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	10949
six members, shall, except as provided in division (C) of this	10950
section, and to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	10951
suspend an individual's license to practice as a radiologist	10952
assistant, refuse to issue a license to an applicant, refuse to	10953
renew a license, refuse to reinstate a license, or reprimand or	10954
place on probation the holder of a license for any of the	10955
following reasons:	10956
(1) Permitting the holder's name or license to be used by	10957
another person;	10958
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	10959
chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	10960
by the board;	10961

(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or

indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	10963
conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	10964
4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;	10965
(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	10966
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or	10967
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similar circumstances whether or not actual injury to the	10968
patient is established;	10969
(5) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	10970
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	10971
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	10972
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	10973
(6) Impairment of ability to practice according to	10974
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	10975
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	10976
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	10977
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	10978
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	10979
statement in securing or attempting to secure a license to	10980
practice as a radiologist assistant.	10981
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	10982
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	10983
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	10984
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	10985
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	10986
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	10987
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	10988
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	10989
(9) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or a	10990

thing of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course of

practice;	10992
(10) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10993
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	10994
conviction for, a felony;	10995
(11) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	10996
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	10997
committed;	10998
(12) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	10999
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11000
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	11001
practice;	11002
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11003
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11004
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	11005
(14) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	11006
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	11007
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	11008
(15) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	11009
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	11010
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	11011
(16) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11012
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11013
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	11014
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	11015
trafficking in drugs;	11016
(17) Any of the following actions taken by the state	11017
agency responsible for regulating the practice of radiologist	11018
assistants in another jurisdiction, for any reason other than	11019

the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, revocation, or	11020
suspension of an individual's license to practice; acceptance of	11021
an individual's license surrender; denial of a license; refusal	11022
to renew or reinstate a license; imposition of probation; or	11023
issuance of an order of censure or other reprimand;	11024
(18) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	11025
license to practice as a radiologist assistant;	11026
(19) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	11027
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	11028
of the Revised Code;	11029
(20) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	11030
the board under section 4774.14 of the Revised Code, including	11031
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board	11032
or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the	11033
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	11034
failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	11035
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	11036
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	11037
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	11038
evidence in issue;	11039
(21) Failure to maintain a license as a radiographer under	11040
Chapter 4773. of the Revised Code;	11041
(22) Failure to maintain certification as a registered	11042
radiologist assistant from the American registry of radiologic	11043
technologists, including revocation by the registry of the	11044
assistant's certification or failure by the assistant to meet	11045
the registry's requirements for annual registration, or failure	11046
to notify the board that the certification as a registered	11047
radiologist assistant has not been maintained;	11048

(23) Failure to comply with any of the rules of ethics	11049
included in the standards of ethics established by the American	11050
registry of radiologic technologists, as those rules apply to an	11051
individual who holds the registry's certification as a	11052
registered radiologist assistant.	11053

- (C) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an 11054 applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of 11055 guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 11056 in lieu of conviction for an offense unless the refusal is in 11057 accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code. 11058
- (D) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under 11059 divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to 11060 an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except 11061 that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 11062 consent agreement with a radiologist assistant or applicant to 11063 resolve an allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule 11064 adopted under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an 11065 affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board, 11066 shall constitute the findings and order of the board with 11067 respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the board 11068 refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and 11069 findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force 11070 or effect. 11071
- (E) For purposes of divisions (B) (11), (14), and (15) of 11072 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 11073 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 11074 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or license holder 11075 committed the act in question. The board shall have no 11076 jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial 11077 court renders a final judgment in the license holder's favor and 11078

that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The	11079
board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases	11080
where the trial court issues an order of dismissal on technical	11081
or procedural grounds.	11082

- (F) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by 11083 any court shall have no effect on a prior board order entered 11084 under the provisions of this section or on the board's 11085 jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section 11086 if, based upon a plea of quilty, a judicial finding of quilt, or 11087 a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 11088 11089 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal or expunge the 11090 records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, 11091 redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 11092 sealing or expungement of conviction records. 11093
- (G) For purposes of this division, any individual who 11094 holds a license to practice as a radiologist assistant issued 11095 under this chapter, or applies for a license, shall be deemed to 11096 have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 11097 when directed to do so in writing by the board and to have 11098 waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or 11099 examination reports that constitute a privileged communication. 11100
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(5) of this section, the 11101 board, on a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 11102 individual who holds, or has applied for, a license to practice 11103 as a radiologist assistant issued under this chapter to the 11104 monitoring organization that conducts the confidential 11105 monitoring program established under section 4731.25 of the 11106 Revised Code. The board also may compel the individual to submit 11107 to a mental or physical examination, or both. A physical 11108

examination may include an HIV test. The expense of the	11109
examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to	11110
be examined. Failure to submit to a mental or physical	11111
examination <del>or consent to an HIV test</del> ordered by the board	11112
constitutes an admission of the allegations against the	11113
individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the	11114
individual's control, and a default and final order may be	11115
entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of	11116
evidence. If the board finds a radiologist assistant unable to	11117
practice because of the reasons set forth in division (B)(5) of	11118
this section, the board shall require the radiologist assistant	11119
to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians	11120
approved or designated by the board, as a condition for an	11121
initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed license. An	11122
individual affected by this division shall be afforded an	11123
opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability to resume	11124
practicing in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	11125
standards of care.	11126

(2) For purposes of division (B)(6) of this section, if 11127 the board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 11128 license to practice as a radiologist assistant issued under this 11129 chapter or any applicant for a license suffers such impairment, 11130 the board shall refer the individual to the monitoring 11131 organization that conducts the confidential monitoring program 11132 established under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board 11133 also may compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 11134 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 11135 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 11136 mental or physical examination required under this division 11137 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician 11138 qualified to conduct such examination and approved under section 11139

4731.251 of the Revised Code.	11140
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination	11141
ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations	11142
against the individual unless the failure is due to	11143
circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	11144
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	11145
presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the	11146
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	11147
suspend the individual's license or deny the individual's	11148
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	11149
an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed license to	11150
practice, to submit to treatment.	11151
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	11152
license suspended under this division, the radiologist assistant	11153
shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	11154
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The	11155
demonstration shall include the following:	11156
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	11157
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	11158
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	11159
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	11160
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	11161
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	11162
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	11163
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	11164

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prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by

assessments and shall describe the basis for their

determination.

individuals or providers approved by the board for making such

The board may reinstate a license suspended under this	11169
division after such demonstration and after the individual has	11170
entered into a written consent agreement.	11171

When the impaired radiologist assistant resumes practice, 11172 the board shall require continued monitoring of the radiologist 11173 assistant. The monitoring shall include monitoring of compliance 11174 with the written consent agreement entered into before 11175 reinstatement or with conditions imposed by board order after a 11176 hearing, and, on termination of the consent agreement, 11177 submission to the board for at least two years of annual written 11178 progress reports made under penalty of falsification stating 11179 whether the radiologist assistant has maintained sobriety. 11180

(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine that 11181 there is clear and convincing evidence that a radiologist 11182 assistant has violated division (B) of this section and that the 11183 individual's continued practice presents a danger of immediate 11184 and serious harm to the public, they may recommend that the 11185 board suspend the individual's license to practice without a 11186 prior hearing. Written allegations shall be prepared for 11187 11188 consideration by the board.

The board, on review of the allegations and by an 11189 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 11190 the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license 11191 without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be 11192 utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on 11193 the summary suspension.

The board shall serve a written order of suspension in 11195 accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. 11196

The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during 11197 pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised 11198

Code. If the radiologist assistant requests an adjudicatory	11199
hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be	11200
within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the	11201
radiologist assistant requests the hearing, unless otherwise	11202
agreed to by both the board and the license holder.	11203

A summary suspension imposed under this division shall 11204 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 11205 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 11206 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 11207 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days 11208 11209 after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the order within sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary 11210 suspension order, but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final 11211 adjudicative order. 11212

(I) If the board takes action under division (B) (10), 11213 (12), or (13) of this section, and the judicial finding of 11214 quilt, quilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for 11215 intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, on 11216 exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for 11217 reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along 11218 with appropriate court documents. On receipt of a petition and 11219 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 11220 license to practice as a radiologist assistant. The board may 11221 then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 11222 to determine whether the individual committed the act in 11223 question. Notice of opportunity for hearing shall be given in 11224 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board 11225 finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this division, 11226 that the individual committed the act, or if no hearing is 11227 requested, it may order any of the sanctions specified in 11228 division (B) of this section. 11229

(J) The license to practice of a radiologist assistant and	11230
the assistant's practice in this state are automatically	11231
suspended as of the date the radiologist assistant pleads guilty	11232
to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is subject	11233
to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11234
conviction in this state or treatment <u>of or</u> intervention in lieu	11235
of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the following	11236
criminal offenses in this state or a substantially equivalent	11237
criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated murder,	11238
murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, kidnapping,	11239
rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, aggravated arson,	11240
aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. Continued practice	11241
after the suspension shall be considered practicing without a	11242
license.	11243

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The board shall serve the individual subject to the suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose license is suspended under this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's license.

- (K) In any instance in which the board is required by 11250 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity 11251 for hearing and the individual subject to the notice does not 11252 timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of 11253 the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, 11254 but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of 11255 its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. 11256 In the final order, the board may order any of the sanctions 11257 identified under division (A) or (B) of this section. 11258
  - (L) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of

this section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a	11260
written statement of the conditions under which the radiologist	11261
assistant's license may be reinstated. The board shall adopt	11262
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	11263
governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement.	11264
Reinstatement of a license suspended pursuant to division (B) of	11265
this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six	11266
members of the board.	11267
(M) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license to	11268
practice as a radiologist assistant to an applicant, revokes an	11269
individual's license, refuses to renew an individual's license,	11270
or refuses to reinstate an individual's license, the board may	11271
specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a	11272
permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter	11273
ineligible to hold a license to practice as a radiologist	11274
assistant and the board shall not accept an application for	11275
reinstatement of the license or for issuance of a new license.	11276
(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	11277
Code, all of the following apply:	11278
(1) The surrender of a license to practice as a	11279
radiologist assistant issued under this chapter is not effective	11280
unless or until accepted by the board. Reinstatement of a	11281
license surrendered to the board requires an affirmative vote of	11282
not fewer than six members of the board.	11283
(2) An application made under this chapter for a license	11284
to practice may not be withdrawn without approval of the board.	11285
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license to	11286
practice in accordance with section 4774.06 of the Revised Code	11287

does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take

disciplinary action under this section against the individual.	11289
(4) The placement of an individual's license on retired	11290
status, as described in section 4774.062 of the Revised Code,	11291
does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any	11292
disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the	11293
license as it existed before being placed on retired status.	11294
Sec. 4778.14. (A) The state medical board, by an	11295
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may refuse to	11296
grant a license to practice as a genetic counselor to, or may	11297
revoke the license held by, an individual found by the board to	11298
have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	11299
applying for or securing the license.	11300
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	11301
six members, shall, except as provided in division (C) of this	11302
section, and to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or	11303
suspend an individual's license to practice as a genetic	11304
counselor, refuse to issue a license to an applicant, refuse to	11305
renew a license, refuse to reinstate a license, or reprimand or	11306
place on probation the holder of a license for any of the	11307
following reasons:	11308
(1) Permitting the holder's name or license to be used by	11309
another person;	11310
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	11311
chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	11312
by the board;	11313
(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	11314
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	11315
conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	11316

4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the board;

(4) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	11318
standards of care of similar practitioners under the same or	11319
similar circumstances whether or not actual injury to the	11320
patient is established;	11321
(5) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	11322
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	11323
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	11324
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	11325
(6) Impairment of ability to practice according to	11326
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of substance	11327
use disorder or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or	11328
other substances that may impair ability to practice;	11329
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	11330
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	11331
statement in securing or attempting to secure a license to	11332
practice as a genetic counselor.	11333
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	11334
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	11335
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	11336
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	11337
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	11338
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	11339
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	11340
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	11341
(9) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or a	11342
thing of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course of	11343
practice;	11344
(10) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11345

or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 11346

conviction for, a felony;	11347
(11) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	11348
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	11349
committed;	11350
(12) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11351
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11352
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	11353
practice;	11354
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11355
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11356
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	11357
(14) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	11358
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	11359
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	11360
(15) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	11361
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	11362
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	11363
(16) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	11364
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	11365
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	11366
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	11367
trafficking in drugs;	11368
(17) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	11369
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	11370
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	11371
health care services in this state or in another jurisdiction,	11372
for any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the	11373
limitation, revocation, or suspension of an individual's license	11374
to practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	11375

denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	11376
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	11377
other reprimand;	11378
(18) Violation of the conditions placed by the board on a	11379
license to practice as a genetic counselor;	11380
(19) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	11381
the board under section 4778.18 of the Revised Code, including	11382
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board	11383
or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the	11384
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	11385
failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	11386
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	11387
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	11388
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	11389
evidence in issue;	11390
(20) Failure to maintain the individual's status as a	11391
certified genetic counselor;	11392
(21) Failure to comply with the code of ethics established	11393
by the national society of genetic counselors.	11394
(C) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an	11395
applicant because of a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of	11396
guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention	11397
in lieu of conviction for an offense unless the refusal is in	11398
accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code.	11399
(D) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	11400
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	11401
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	11402
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	11403
consent agreement with a genetic counselor or applicant to	11404

resolve an allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule	11405
adopted under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an	11406
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board,	11407
shall constitute the findings and order of the board with	11408
respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the board	11409
refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and	11410
findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force	11411
or effect.	11412

A telephone conference call may be utilized for 11413 ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 11414 individual's license. The telephone conference call shall be 11415 considered a special meeting under division (F) of section 11416 121.22 of the Revised Code.

- (E) For purposes of divisions (B)(11), (14), and (15) of 11418 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 11419 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 11420 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or license holder 11421 11422 committed the act in question. The board shall have no jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where the trial 11423 court renders a final judgment in the license holder's favor and 11424 that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The 11425 board shall have jurisdiction under these divisions in cases 11426 where the trial court issues an order of dismissal on technical 11427 11428 or procedural grounds.
- (F) The sealing or expungement of conviction records by

  any court shall have no effect on a prior board order entered

  under the provisions of this section or on the board's

  jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section

  11432

  if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or

  a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of

  11434

conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a 11435 hearing or took other formal action under Chapter 119. of the 11436 Revised Code prior to the court's order to seal or expunge the 11437 records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, 11438 redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 11439 sealing or expungement of conviction records.

- (G) For purposes of this division, any individual who 11441 holds a license to practice as a genetic counselor, or applies 11442 for a license, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit 11443 to a mental or physical examination when directed to do so in 11444 writing by the board and to have waived all objections to the 11445 admissibility of testimony or examination reports that 11446 constitute a privileged communication.
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(5) of this section, the 11448 board, on a showing of a possible violation, shall refer any 11449 individual who holds, or has applied for, a license to practice 11450 as a genetic counselor to the monitoring organization that 11451 conducts the confidential monitoring program established under 11452 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel 11453 11454 the individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both. A physical examination may include an HIV test. The 11455 11456 expense of the examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Failure to submit to a 11457 mental or physical examination or consent to an HIV test-ordered 11458 by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against 11459 the individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond 11460 the individual's control, and a default and final order may be 11461 entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 11462 evidence. If the board finds a genetic counselor unable to 11463 practice because of the reasons set forth in division (B)(5) of 11464 this section, the board shall require the genetic counselor to 11465

submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved	11466
or designated by the board, as a condition for an initial,	11467
continued, reinstated, or renewed license to practice. An	11468
individual affected by this division shall be afforded an	11469
opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability to resume	11470
practicing in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	11471
standards of care.	11472

(2) For purposes of division (B)(6) of this section, if 11473 the board has reason to believe that any individual who holds a 11474 license to practice as a genetic counselor or any applicant for 11475 a license suffers such impairment, the board shall refer the 11476 individual to the monitoring organization that conducts the 11477 confidential monitoring program established under section 11478 4731.25 of the Revised Code. The board also may compel the 11479 individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 11480 both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of 11481 the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical 11482 examination required under this division shall be undertaken by 11483 a treatment provider or physician qualified to conduct such 11484 examination and approved under section 4731.251 of the Revised 11485 Code. 11486

11487 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 11488 against the individual unless the failure is due to 11489 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 11490 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 11491 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 11492 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 11493 suspend the individual's license or deny the individual's 11494 application and shall require the individual, as a condition for 11495 an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed license, to submit 11496

to treatment.	11497
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	11498
license suspended under this division, the genetic counselor	11499
shall demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	11500
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The	11501
demonstration shall include the following:	11502
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	11503
section 4731.251 of the Revised Code that the individual has	11504
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	11505
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	11506
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	11507
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	11508
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	11509
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	11510
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	11511
individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	11512
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	11513
determination.	11514
The board may reinstate a license suspended under this	11515
division after such demonstration and after the individual has	11516
entered into a written consent agreement.	11517
When the impaired genetic counselor resumes practice, the	11518
board shall require continued monitoring of the genetic	11519
counselor. The monitoring shall include monitoring of compliance	11520
with the written consent agreement entered into before	11521
reinstatement or with conditions imposed by board order after a	11522
hearing, and, on termination of the consent agreement,	11523
submission to the board for at least two years of annual written	11524
progress reports made under penalty of falsification stating	11525

whether the genetic counselor has maintained sobriety.	11526
(H) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	11527
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	11528
individual's license to practice without a prior hearing:	11529
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that a	11530
genetic counselor has violated division (B) of this section;	11531
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	11532
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	11533
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	11534
the board. The board, on review of the allegations and by an	11535
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	11536
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license	11537
without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be	11538
utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on	11539
the summary suspension.	11540
The board shall serve a written order of suspension in	11541
accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the Revised Code.	11542
The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during	11543
pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised	11544
Code. If the genetic counselor requests an adjudicatory hearing	11545
by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within	11546
fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the genetic	11547
counselor requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by	11548
both the board and the genetic counselor.	11549
A summary suspension imposed under this division shall	11550
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final	11551
adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section	11552
and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The	11553

board shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days

after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the order	11555
within sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary	11556
suspension order, but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final	11557
adjudicative order.	11558

- (I) If the board takes action under division (B)(10), 11559 (12), or (13) of this section, and the judicial finding of 11560 guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for 11561 intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, on 11562 exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for 11563 11564 reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court documents. On receipt of a petition and 11565 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 11566 license to practice as a genetic counselor. The board may then 11567 hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to 11568 determine whether the individual committed the act in question. 11569 Notice of opportunity for hearing shall be given in accordance 11570 with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, 11571 pursuant to an adjudication held under this division, that the 11572 individual committed the act, or if no hearing is requested, it 11573 may order any of the sanctions specified in division (B) of this 11574 section. 11575
- (J) The license to practice as a genetic counselor and the 11576 counselor's practice in this state are automatically suspended 11577 as of the date the genetic counselor pleads guilty to, is found 11578 by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is subject to a judicial 11579 finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in 11580 this state or treatment of or intervention in lieu of conviction 11581 in another jurisdiction for any of the following criminal 11582 offenses in this state or a substantially equivalent criminal 11583 offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, 11584 voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, 11585

sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, aggravated arson,	11586
aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. Continued practice	11587
after the suspension shall be considered practicing without a	11588
license.	11589

The board shall serve the individual subject to the

suspension in accordance with sections 119.05 and 119.07 of the

Revised Code. If an individual whose license is suspended under

this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication

under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a

final order permanently revoking the individual's license to

practice.

11590

- (K) In any instance in which the board is required by 11597 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of opportunity 11598 for hearing and the individual subject to the notice does not 11599 timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of 11600 the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, 11601 but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of 11602 its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. 11603 In the final order, the board may order any of the sanctions 11604 identified under division (A) or (B) of this section. 11605
- (L) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 11606 this section resulting in a suspension shall be accompanied by a 11607 written statement of the conditions under which the license of 11608 the genetic counselor may be reinstated. The board shall adopt 11609 rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 11610 governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement. 11611 Reinstatement of a license suspended pursuant to division (B) of 11612 this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six 11613 members of the board. 11614
  - (M) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license to

practice as a genetic counselor to an applicant, revokes an	11616
individual's license, refuses to renew an individual's license,	11617
or refuses to reinstate an individual's license, the board may	11618
specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a	11619
permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter	11620
ineligible to hold a license to practice as a genetic counselor	11621
and the board shall not accept an application for reinstatement	11622
of the license or for issuance of a new license.	11623
(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	11624
Code, all of the following apply:	11625
(1) The surrender of a license to practice as a genetic	11626
counselor is not effective unless or until accepted by the	11627

- (1) The surrender of a license to practice as a genetic

  counselor is not effective unless or until accepted by the

  11627

  board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for

  acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license. The

  telephone conference call shall be considered a special meeting

  under division (F) of section 121.22 of the Revised Code.

  Reinstatement of a license surrendered to the board requires an

  affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board.

  11633
- (2) An application made under this chapter for a license 11634 to practice may not be withdrawn without approval of the board. 11635
- (3) Failure by an individual to renew a license in 11636 accordance with section 4778.06 of the Revised Code does not 11637 remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary 11638 action under this section against the individual. 11639
- (4) The placement of an individual's license on retired

  status, as described in section 4778.072 of the Revised Code,

  does not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any

  disciplinary action against the individual with regard to the

  license as it existed before being placed on retired status.

  11644

Sec. 5120.16. (A) Persons sentenced to any institution,	11645
division, or place under the control of the department of	11646
rehabilitation and correction are committed to the control,	11647
care, and custody of the department. Subject to division (B) of	11648
this section, the director of rehabilitation and correction or	11649
the director's designee may direct that persons sentenced to the	11650
department, or to any institution or place within the	11651
department, shall be conveyed initially to an appropriate	11652
facility established and maintained by the department for	11653
reception, examination, observation, and classification of the	11654
persons so sentenced. If a presentence investigation report was	11655
not prepared pursuant to section 2947.06 or 2951.03 of the	11656
Revised Code or Criminal Rule 32.2 regarding any person	11657
sentenced to the department or to any institution or place	11658
within the department, the director or the director's designee	11659
may order the department's field staff to conduct an offender	11660
background investigation and prepare an offender background	11661
investigation report regarding the person. The investigation and	11662
report shall be conducted in accordance with division (A) of	11663
section 2951.03 of the Revised Code and the report shall contain	11664
the same information as a presentence investigation report	11665
prepared pursuant to that section.	11666

When the examination, observation, and classification of 11667 the person have been completed by the facility and a written 11668 report of the examination, observation, and classification is 11669 filed with the commitment papers, the director or the director's 11670 designee, subject to division (B) of this section, shall assign 11671 the person to a suitable state institution or place maintained 11672 by the state within the director's department or shall designate 11673 that the person is to be housed in a county, multicounty, 11674 municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or 11675

workhouse, if authorized by section 5120.161 of the Revised	11676
Code, there to be confined, cared for, treated, trained, and	11677
rehabilitated until paroled, released in accordance with section	11678
2929.20, 2967.26, 2967.28, or 5120.036 of the Revised Code, or	11679
otherwise released under the order of the court that imposed the	11680
person's sentence. No person committed by a probate court, a	11681
trial court pursuant to section 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402	11682
of the Revised Code subsequent to a finding of not guilty by	11683
reason of insanity, or a juvenile court shall be assigned to a	11684
state correctional institution.	11685

11705

If a person is sentenced, committed, or assigned for the 11686 commission of a felony to any one of the institutions or places 11687 maintained by the department or to a county, multicounty, 11688 municipal, municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or 11689 workhouse, the department, by order duly recorded and subject to 11690 division (B) of this section, may transfer the person to any 11691 other institution, or, if authorized by section 5120.161 of the 11692 Revised Code, to a county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-11693 county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse. 11694

- (B) If the case of a child who is alleged to be a 11695 delinquent child is transferred for criminal prosecution to the 11696 appropriate court having jurisdiction of the offense pursuant to 11697 section 2152.12 of the Revised Code, if the child is convicted 11698 of or pleads guilty to a felony in that case, if the child is 11699 sentenced to a prison term, as defined in section 2901.01 of the 11700 Revised Code, and if the child is under eighteen years of age 11701 when delivered to the custody of the department of 11702 rehabilitation and correction, all of the following apply 11703 regarding the housing of the child: 11704
  - (1) Until the child attains eighteen years of age, subject

to divisions (B)(2), (3), and (4) of this section, the	11706
department shall house the child in a housing unit in a state	11707
correctional institution separate from inmates who are eighteen	11708
years of age or older.	11709
(2) The department is not required to house the child in	11710
the manner described in division (B)(1) of this section if the	11711
child does not observe the rules and regulations of the	11712
institution or the child otherwise creates a security risk by	11713
being housed separately.	11714
(3) If the department receives too few inmates who are	11715
under eighteen years of age to fill a housing unit in a state	11716
correctional institution separate from inmates who are eighteen	11717
years of age or older, as described in division (B)(1) of this	11718
section, the department may house the child in a housing unit in	11719
a state correctional institution that includes both inmates who	11720
are under eighteen years of age and inmates who are eighteen	11721
years of age or older and under twenty-one years of age.	11722
(4) Upon the child's attainment of eighteen years of age,	11723
the department may house the child with the adult population of	11724
the state correctional institution.	11725
(C) The director or the director's designee shall develop	11726
a policy for dealing with problems related to infection with the	11727
human immunodeficiency virus. The policy shall include methods	11728
of identifying individuals committed to the custody of the	11729
department who are at high risk of infection with the virus and	11730
counseling those individuals.	11731
Arrangements for housing individuals diagnosed as having	11732
AIDS or an AIDS-related AIDS-defining condition shall be made by	11733

the department based on security and medical considerations and

in accordance with division (B) of this section, if applicable.	11735
Sec. 5120.163. At the time of reception and at other times	11736
the director determines to be appropriate, the department of	11737
rehabilitation and correction may examine and test a prisoner	11738
for tuberculosis, HIV-infection, hepatitis, including but not	11739
limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, and other contagious diseases.	11740
The department may test and treat involuntarily a prisoner in a	11741
state correctional institution who refuses to be tested or	11742
treated for tuberculosis, HIV—infection, hepatitis, including	11743
but not limited to hepatitis A, B, and C, or another contagious	11744
disease.	11745
Section 2. That existing sections 307.93, 341.14, 341.19,	11746
341.21, 341.23, 341.34, 753.02, 753.04, 753.16, 753.21,	11747
2151.358, 2152.82, 2152.83, 2152.84, 2152.851, 2301.57, 2903.11,	11748
2907.24, 2907.241, 2907.25, 2907.27, 2907.28, 2921.38, 2923.125,	11749
2923.128, 2923.1213, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2941.1425, 2950.04,	11750
2950.041, 2950.07, 2950.10, 2950.11, 2950.13, 2953.31, 2953.34,	11751
3701.24, 3701.241, 3701.242, 3701.243, 3701.244, 3701.245,	11752
3701.246, 3701.247, 3701.249, 3901.45, 3901.46, 4730.25,	11753
4731.22, 4759.07, 4760.13, 4761.09, 4762.13, 4774.13, 4778.14,	11754
5120.16, and 5120.163 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	11755
Section 3. That section 2927.13 of the Revised Code is	11756
hereby repealed.	11757
Section 4. That the versions of sections 2950.11 and	11758
2950.13 of the Revised Code that are scheduled to take effect	11759
January 1, 2025, be amended to read as follows:	11760
Sec. 2950.11. (A) Regardless of when the sexually oriented	11761
offense or child-victim oriented offense was committed, if a	11762
person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of,	11763

or has pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-	11764
victim oriented offense or a person is or has been adjudicated a	11765
delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or a	11766
child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile	11767
offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender	11768
registrant based on that adjudication, and if the offender or	11769
delinquent child is in any category specified in division (F)(1)	11770
(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the sheriff with whom the	11771
offender or delinquent child has most recently registered under	11772
section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and	11773
the sheriff to whom the offender or delinquent child most	11774
recently sent a notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04	11775
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, within the period of time	11776
specified in division (C) of this section, shall provide a	11777
written notice containing the information set forth in division	11778
(B) of this section to all of the persons described in divisions	11779
(A)(1) to (10) of this section. If the sheriff has sent a notice	11780
to the persons described in those divisions as a result of	11781
receiving a notice of intent to reside and if the offender or	11782
delinquent child registers a residence address that is the same	11783
residence address described in the notice of intent to reside,	11784
the sheriff is not required to send an additional notice when	11785
the offender or delinquent child registers. The sheriff shall	11786
provide the notice to all of the following persons:	11787

- (1) (a) Any occupant of each residential unit that is located within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent child's residential premises, that is located within the county served by the sheriff, and that is not located in a multi-unit building. Division (D)(3) of this section applies regarding notices required under this division.
  - (b) If the offender or delinquent child resides in a

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multi-unit building, any occupant of each residential unit that	11795
is located in that multi-unit building and that shares a common	11796
hallway with the offender or delinquent child. For purposes of	11797
this division, an occupant's unit shares a common hallway with	11798
the offender or delinquent child if the entrance door into the	11799
occupant's unit is located on the same floor and opens into the	11800
same hallway as the entrance door to the unit the offender or	11801
delinquent child occupies. Division (D)(3) of this section	11802
applies regarding notices required under this division.	11803

(c) The building manager, or the person the building owner 11804 11805 or condominium unit owners association authorizes to exercise management and control, of each multi-unit building that is 11806 located within one thousand feet of the offender's or delinquent 11807 child's residential premises, including a multi-unit building in 11808 which the offender or delinquent child resides, and that is 11809 located within the county served by the sheriff. In addition to 11810 notifying the building manager or the person authorized to 11811 exercise management and control in the multi-unit building under 11812 this division, the sheriff shall post a copy of the notice 11813 prominently in each common entryway in the building and any 11814 other location in the building the sheriff determines 11815 appropriate. The manager or person exercising management and 11816 control of the building shall permit the sheriff to post copies 11817 of the notice under this division as the sheriff determines 11818 appropriate. In lieu of posting copies of the notice as 11819 described in this division, a sheriff may provide notice to all 11820 occupants of the multi-unit building by mail or personal 11821 contact; if the sheriff so notifies all the occupants, the 11822 sheriff is not required to post copies of the notice in the 11823 common entryways to the building. Division (D)(3) of this 11824 section applies regarding notices required under this division. 11825

(d) All additional persons who are within any category of	11826
neighbors of the offender or delinquent child that the attorney	11827
general by rule adopted under section 2950.13 of the Revised	11828
Code requires to be provided the notice and who reside within	11829
the county served by the sheriff;	11830
(2) The executive director of the public children services	11831
agency that has jurisdiction within the specified geographical	11832
notification area and that is located within the county served	11833
by the sheriff;	11834
(3)(a) The superintendent of each board of education of a	11835
school district that has schools within the specified	11836
geographical notification area and that is located within the	11837
county served by the sheriff;	11838
(b) The principal of the school within the specified	11839
geographical notification area and within the county served by	11840
the sheriff that the delinquent child attends;	11841
(c) If the delinquent child attends a school outside of	11842
the specified geographical notification area or outside of the	11843
school district where the delinquent child resides, the	11844
superintendent of the board of education of a school district	11845
that governs the school that the delinquent child attends and	11846
the principal of the school that the delinquent child attends.	11847
(4)(a) The appointing or hiring officer of each chartered	11848
nonpublic school located within the specified geographical	11849
notification area and within the county served by the sheriff or	11850
of each other school located within the specified geographical	11851
notification area and within the county served by the sheriff	11852
and that is not operated by a board of education described in	11853
division (A)(3) of this section;	11854

(b) Regardless of the location of the school, the appointing or hiring officer of a chartered nonpublic school that the delinquent child attends. (5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or site administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by the sheriff;	11855 11856 11857 11858 11859 11860 11861 11862 11863 11864 11865
that the delinquent child attends.  (5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or site administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by	11857 11858 11859 11860 11861 11862 11863 11864
(5) The director, head teacher, elementary principal, or site administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by	11858 11859 11860 11861 11862 11863 11864
site administrator of each preschool program governed by Chapter 3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by	11859 11860 11861 11862 11863 11864
3301. of the Revised Code that is located within the specified geographical notification area and within the county served by	11860 11861 11862 11863 11864
geographical notification area and within the county served by	11861 11862 11863 11864
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(6) The administrator of each child care center or type A	11864
family child care home that is located within the specified	
geographical notification area and within the county served by	$\tau + 0000$
the sheriff, and each holder of a license to operate a type B	11866
family child care home that is located within the specified	11867
geographical notification area and within the county served by	11868
the sheriff. As used in this division, "child care center,"	11869
"type A family child care home," and "type B family child care	11870
home" have the same meanings as in section 5104.01 of the	11871
Revised Code.	11872
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(7) The president or other chief administrative officer of	11873
each institution of higher education, as defined in section	11874
2907.03 of the Revised Code, that is located within the	11875
specified geographical notification area and within the county	11876
served by the sheriff, and the chief law enforcement officer of	11877
the state university law enforcement agency or campus police	11878
department established under section 3345.04 or 1713.50 of the	11879
Revised Code, if any, that serves that institution;	11880
(8) The sheriff of each county that includes any portion	11881
of the specified geographical notification area;	11882

(9) If the offender or delinquent child resides within the

county served by the sheriff, the chief of police, marshal, or	11884
other chief law enforcement officer of the municipal corporation	11885
in which the offender or delinquent child resides or, if the	11886
offender or delinquent child resides in an unincorporated area,	11887
the constable or chief of the police department or police	11888
district police force of the township in which the offender or	11889
delinquent child resides;	11890
(10) Volunteer organizations in which contact with minors	11891
or other vulnerable individuals might occur or any organization,	11892
company, or individual who requests notification as provided in	11893
division (J) of this section.	11894
(B) The notice required under division (A) of this section	11895
shall include all of the following information regarding the	11896
subject offender or delinquent child:	11897
(1) The offender's or delinquent child's name;	11898
(2) The address or addresses of the offender's or public	11899
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant's residence,	11900
school, institution of higher education, or place of employment,	11901
as applicable, or the residence address or addresses of a	11902
delinquent child who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile	11903
offender registrant;	11904
(3) The sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	11905
offense of which the offender was convicted, to which the	11906
offender pleaded guilty, or for which the child was adjudicated	11907
a delinquent child;	11908
(4) A statement that identifies the category specified in	11909
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section that includes	11910
the offender or delinquent child and that subjects the offender	11911
or delinquent child to this section;	11912

(5) The offender's or delinquent child's photograph.	11913
(C) If a sheriff with whom an offender or delinquent child	11914
registers under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the	11915
Revised Code or to whom the offender or delinquent child most	11916
recently sent a notice of intent to reside under section 2950.04	11917
or 2950.041 of the Revised Code is required by division (A) of	11918
this section to provide notices regarding an offender or	11919
delinquent child and if, pursuant to that requirement, the	11920
sheriff provides a notice to a sheriff of one or more other	11921
counties in accordance with division (A)(8) of this section, the	11922
sheriff of each of the other counties who is provided notice	11923
under division (A)(8) of this section shall provide the notices	11924
described in divisions (A)(1) to (7) and (A)(9) and (10) of this	11925
section to each person or entity identified within those	11926
divisions that is located within the specified geographical	11927

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(D)(1) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 11930 section to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent 11931 child shall provide the notice to the neighbors that are 11932 described in division (A)(1) of this section and the notices to 11933 law enforcement personnel that are described in divisions (A)(8) 11934 and (9) of this section as soon as practicable, but no later 11935 than five days after the offender sends the notice of intent to 11936 reside to the sheriff and again no later than five days after 11937 the offender or delinquent child registers with the sheriff or, 11938 if the sheriff is required by division (C) of this section to 11939 provide the notices, no later than five days after the sheriff 11940 is provided the notice described in division (A)(8) of this 11941 section. 11942

notification area and within the county served by the sheriff in

question.

A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this section	11943
to provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child	11944
shall provide the notices to all other specified persons that	11945
are described in divisions (A)(2) to (7) and (A)(10) of this	11946
section as soon as practicable, but not later than seven days	11947
after the offender or delinquent child registers with the	11948
sheriff or, if the sheriff is required by division (C) of this	11949
section to provide the notices, no later than five days after	11950
the sheriff is provided the notice described in division (A)(8)	11951
of this section.	11952

- (2) If an offender or delinquent child in relation to whom 11953 division (A) of this section applies verifies the offender's or 11954 delinquent child's current residence, school, institution of 11955 higher education, or place of employment address, as applicable, 11956 with a sheriff pursuant to section 2950.06 of the Revised Code, 11957 the sheriff may provide a written notice containing the 11958 information set forth in division (B) of this section to the 11959 persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this section. 11960 If a sheriff provides a notice pursuant to this division to the 11961 sheriff of one or more other counties in accordance with 11962 division (A)(8) of this section, the sheriff of each of the 11963 other counties who is provided the notice under division (A)(8) 11964 of this section may provide, but is not required to provide, a 11965 written notice containing the information set forth in division 11966 (B) of this section to the persons identified in divisions (A) 11967 (1) to (7) and (A) (9) and (10) of this section. 11968
- (3) A sheriff may provide notice under division (A)(1)(a) 11969 or (b) of this section, and may provide notice under division 11970 (A)(1)(c) of this section to a building manager or person 11971 authorized to exercise management and control of a building, by 11972 mail, by personal contact, or by leaving the notice at or under 11973

the entry door to a residential unit. For purposes of divisions	11974
(A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section, and the portion of division	11975
(A)(1)(c) of this section relating to the provision of notice to	11976
occupants of a multi-unit building by mail or personal contact,	11977
the provision of one written notice per unit is deemed as	11978
providing notice to all occupants of that unit.	11979
(E) All information that a sheriff possesses regarding an	11980
offender or delinquent child who is in a category specified in	11981
division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section that is	11982
described in division (B) of this section and that must be	11983
provided in a notice required under division (A) or (C) of this	11984
section or that may be provided in a notice authorized under	11985
division (D)(2) of this section is a public record that is open	11986
to inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	11987
The sheriff shall not cause to be publicly disseminated by	11988
means of the internet any of the information described in this	11989
division that is provided by a delinquent child unless that	11990
child is in a category specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or	11991
(c) of this section.	11992
(C) OI CHIS SECTION.	11992
(F)(1) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this	11993
section, the duties to provide the notices described in	11994
divisions (A) and (C) of this section apply regarding any	11995
offender or delinquent child who is in any of the following	11996
categories:	11997
(a) The offender is a tier III sex offender/child-victim	11998
offender, and a court has not removed pursuant to section	11999
2950.152 of the Revised Code the offender's duty to comply with	12000
sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, or	12001
the delinquent child is a public registry-qualified juvenile	12002

offender registrant, and a juvenile court has not removed

pursuant to section 2950.15 of the Revised Code the delinquent 12004 child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 12005 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code.

- (b) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-12007 victim offender who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile 12008 offender registrant, the delinquent child was subjected to this 12009 section prior to January 1, 2008, as a sexual predator, habitual 12010 sex offender, child-victim predator, or habitual child-victim 12011 offender, as those terms were defined in section 2950.01 of the 12012 Revised Code as it existed prior to January 1, 2008, and a 12013 juvenile court has not removed pursuant to section 2152.84 or 12014 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty to 12015 comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of 12016 the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not removed pursuant to 12017 section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the delinquent child's duty 12018 to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the 12019 Revised Code. 12020
- (c) The delinquent child is a tier III sex offender/child-12021 victim offender who is not a public registry-qualified juvenile 12022 offender registrant, the delinquent child was classified a 12023 juvenile offender registrant on or after January 1, 2008, the 12024 court has imposed a requirement under section 2152.82, 2152.83, 12025 or 2152.84 of the Revised Code subjecting the delinquent child 12026 to this section, and a juvenile court has not removed pursuant 12027 to section 2152.84 or 2152.85 of the Revised Code the delinquent 12028 child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 12029 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code or a juvenile court has not 12030 removed pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code the 12031 delinquent child's duty to comply with sections 2950.04, 12032 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code. 12033

(2) The notification provisions of this section do not	12034
apply to a person described in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c)	12035
of this section if a court finds at a hearing after considering	12036
the factors described in this division that the person would not	12037
be subject to the notification provisions of this section that	12038
were in the version of this section that existed immediately	12039
prior to January 1, 2008. In making the determination of whether	12040
a person would have been subject to the notification provisions	12041
under prior law as described in this division, the court shall	12042
consider the following factors:	12043
(a) The offender's or delinquent child's age;	12044
(b) The offender's or delinquent child's prior criminal or	12045
delinquency record regarding all offenses, including, but not	12046
limited to, all sexual offenses;	12047
(c) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense	12048
for which sentence is to be imposed or the order of disposition	12049
is to be made;	12050
15 to be made,	12000
(d) Whether the sexually oriented offense for which	12051
sentence is to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be	12052
made involved multiple victims;	12053
(e) Whether the offender or delinquent child used drugs or	12054
alcohol to impair the victim of the sexually oriented offense or	12055
to prevent the victim from resisting;	12056
(f) If the offender or delinquent child previously has	12057
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a	12057
delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an	12059
adult would be, a criminal offense, whether the offender or	12039
delinquent child completed any sentence or dispositional order	12060
imposed for the prior offense or act and, if the prior offense	12062

or act was a sex offense or a sexually oriented offense, whether	12063
the offender or delinquent child participated in available	12064
programs for sexual offenders;	12065
(g) Any mental illness or mental disability of the	12066
offender or delinquent child;	12067
(h) The nature of the offender's or delinquent child's	12068
sexual conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual	12069
context with the victim of the sexually oriented offense and	12070
whether the sexual conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a	12071
sexual context was part of a demonstrated pattern of abuse;	12072
(i) Whether the offender or delinquent child, during the	12073
commission of the sexually oriented offense for which sentence	12074
is to be imposed or the order of disposition is to be made,	12075
displayed cruelty or made one or more threats of cruelty;	12076
(j) Whether the offender or delinquent child would have	12077
been a habitual sex offender or a habitual child victim offender	12078
under the definitions of those terms set forth in section	12079
2950.01 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to	12080
January 1, 2008;	12081
(k) Any additional behavioral characteristics that	12082
contribute to the offender's or delinquent child's conduct.	12083
(G)(1) The department of children and youth shall compile,	12084
maintain, and update in January and July of each year, a list of	12085
all agencies, centers, or homes of a type described in division	12086
(A)(2) or (6) of this section that contains the name of each	12087
agency, center, or home of that type, the county in which it is	12088
located, its address and telephone number, and the name of an	12089
administrative officer or employee of the agency, center, or	12090
home.	12091

(2) The department of education and workforce shall	12092
compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year,	12093
a list of all boards of education, schools, or programs of a	12094
type described in division (A)(3), (4), or (5) of this section	12095
that contains the name of each board of education, school, or	12096
program of that type, the county in which it is located, its	12097
address and telephone number, the name of the superintendent of	12098
the board or of an administrative officer or employee of the	12099
school or program, and, in relation to a board of education, the	12100
county or counties in which each of its schools is located and	12101
the address of each such school.	12102

- (3) The department chancellor—of higher education shall

  compile, maintain, and update in January and July of each year,

  a list of all institutions of a type described in division (A)

  (7) of this section that contains the name of each such

  institution, the county in which it is located, its address and

  telephone number, and the name of its president or other chief

  administrative officer.
- (4) A sheriff required by division (A) or (C) of this 12110 section, or authorized by division (D)(2) of this section, to 12111 provide notices regarding an offender or delinquent child, or a 12112 designee of a sheriff of that type, may request the department 12113 of children and youth, department of education and workforce, or 12114 department chancellor of higher education, by telephone, in 12115 person, or by mail, to provide the sheriff or designee with the 12116 names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the appropriate 12117 persons and entities to whom the notices described in divisions 12118 (A)(2) to (7) of this section are to be provided. Upon receipt 12119 of a request, the department shall provide the requesting 12120 sheriff or designee with the names, addresses, and telephone 12121 numbers of the appropriate persons and entities to whom those 12122

notices are to be provided.

(H)(1) Upon the motion of the offender or the prosecuting	12124
attorney of the county in which the offender was convicted of or	12125
pleaded guilty to the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	12126
oriented offense for which the offender is subject to community	12127
notification under this section, or upon the motion of the	12128
sentencing judge or that judge's successor in office, the judge	12129
may schedule a hearing to determine whether the interests of	12130
justice would be served by suspending the community notification	12131
requirement under this section in relation to the offender. The	12132
judge may dismiss the motion without a hearing but may not issue	12133
an order suspending the community notification requirement	12134
without a hearing. At the hearing, all parties are entitled to	12135
be heard, and the judge shall consider all of the factors set	12136
forth in division (K) of this section. If, at the conclusion of	12137
the hearing, the judge finds that the offender has proven by	12138
clear and convincing evidence that the offender is unlikely to	12139
commit in the future a sexually oriented offense or a child-	12140
victim oriented offense and if the judge finds that suspending	12141
the community notification requirement is in the interests of	12142
justice, the judge may suspend the application of this section	12143
in relation to the offender. The order shall contain both of	12144
these findings.	12145

The judge promptly shall serve a copy of the order upon 12146 the sheriff with whom the offender most recently registered 12147 under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code 12148 and upon the bureau of criminal identification and 12149 investigation.

An order suspending the community notification requirement 12151 does not suspend or otherwise alter an offender's duties to 12152

comply with sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of	12153
the Revised Code and does not suspend the victim notification	12154
requirement under section 2950.10 of the Revised Code.	12155
(2) A prosecuting attorney, a sentencing judge or that	12156
judge's successor in office, and an offender who is subject to	12157
the community notification requirement under this section may	12158
initially make a motion under division (H)(1) of this section	12159
upon the expiration of twenty years after the offender's duty to	12160
comply with division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.04,	12161
division (A)(2), (3), or (4) of section 2950.041 and sections	12162
2950.05 and 2950.06 of the Revised Code begins in relation to	12163
the offense for which the offender is subject to community	12164
notification. After the initial making of a motion under	12165
division (H)(1) of this section, thereafter, the prosecutor,	12166
judge, and offender may make a subsequent motion under that	12167
division upon the expiration of five years after the judge has	12168
entered an order denying the initial motion or the most recent	12169
motion made under that division.	12170
(3) The offender and the prosecuting attorney have the	12171
right to appeal an order approving or denying a motion made	12172
under division (H)(1) of this section.	12173
(4) Divisions (H)(1) to (3) of this section do not apply	12174
to any of the following types of offender:	12175
(a) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	12176
violent sex offense or designated homicide, assault, or	12177
kidnapping offense and who, in relation to that offense, is	12178
adjudicated a sexually violent predator;	12179
(b) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	12180

sexually oriented offense that is a violation of division (A)(1)

(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code committed on or after	12182
January 2, 2007, and either who is sentenced under section	12183
2971.03 of the Revised Code or upon whom a sentence of life	12184
without parole is imposed under division (B) of section 2907.02	12185
of the Revised Code;	12186
(c) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	12187
sexually oriented offense that is attempted rape committed on or	12188
after January 2, 2007, and who also is convicted of or pleads	12189
guilty to a specification of the type described in section	12190
2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code;	12191
(d) A person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an	12192
offense described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of	12193
section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and who is sentenced for	12194
that offense pursuant to that division;	12195
(e) An offender who is in a category specified in division	12196
(F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section and who, subsequent to	12197
being subjected to community notification, has pleaded guilty to	12198
or been convicted of a sexually oriented offense or child-victim	12199
oriented offense.	12200
(I) If a person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, has	12201
been convicted of, or has pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented	12202
offense or a child-victim oriented offense or a person is or has	12203
been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a sexually	12204
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is	12205
classified a juvenile offender registrant or is an out-of-state	12206
juvenile offender registrant based on that adjudication, and if	12207
the offender or delinquent child is not in any category	12208
specified in division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section,	12209
the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child has most	12210
recently registered under section 2950.04, 2950.041, or 2950.05	12211

of the Revised Code and the sheriff to whom the offender or	12212
delinquent child most recently sent a notice of intent to reside	12213
under section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, within	12214
the period of time specified in division (D) of this section,	12215
shall provide a written notice containing the information set	12216
forth in division (B) of this section to the executive director	12217
of the public children services agency that has jurisdiction	12218
within the specified geographical notification area and that is	12219
located within the county served by the sheriff.	12220
(J) Each sheriff shall allow a volunteer organization or	12221
other organization, company, or individual who wishes to receive	12222
the notice described in division (A)(10) of this section	12223
regarding a specific offender or delinquent child or notice	12224
regarding all offenders and delinquent children who are located	12225
in the specified geographical notification area to notify the	12226
sheriff by electronic mail or through the sheriff's web site of	12227
this election. The sheriff shall promptly inform the bureau of	12228
criminal identification and investigation of these requests in	12229
accordance with the forwarding procedures adopted by the	12230
attorney general pursuant to section 2950.13 of the Revised	12231
Code.	12232
(K) In making a determination under division (H)(1) of	12233
this section as to whether to suspend the community notification	12234
requirement under this section for an offender, the judge shall	12235
consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to,	12236
all of the following:	12237
(1) The offender's age;	12238
(2) The offender's prior criminal or delinquency record	12239

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regarding all offenses, including, but not limited to, all

sexually oriented offenses or child-victim oriented offenses;

(3) The age of the victim of the sexually oriented offense	12242
or child-victim oriented offense the offender committed;	12243
(4) Whether the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	12244
oriented offense the offender committed involved multiple	12245
victims;	12246
(5) Whether the offender used drugs or alcohol to impair	12247
the victim of the sexually oriented offense or child-victim	12248
oriented offense the offender committed or to prevent the victim	12249
<pre>from resisting;</pre>	12250
(6) If the offender previously has been convicted of,	12251
pleaded guilty to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for	12252
committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a	12253
criminal offense, whether the offender completed any sentence or	12254
dispositional order imposed for the prior offense or act and, if	12255
the prior offense or act was a sexually oriented offense or a	12256
child-victim oriented offense, whether the offender or	12257
delinquent child participated in available programs for sex	12258
offenders or child-victim offenders;	12259
(7) Any mental illness or mental disability of the	12260
offender;	12261
(8) The nature of the offender's sexual conduct, sexual	12262
contact, or interaction in a sexual context with the victim of	12263
the sexually oriented offense the offender committed or the	12264
nature of the offender's interaction in a sexual context with	12265
the victim of the child-victim oriented offense the offender	12266
committed, whichever is applicable, and whether the sexual	12267
conduct, sexual contact, or interaction in a sexual context was	12268
part of a demonstrated pattern of abuse;	12269
(9) Whether the offender, during the commission of the	12270

sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense the	12271
offender committed, displayed cruelty or made one or more	12272
threats of cruelty;	12273
(10) Any additional behavioral characteristics that	12274
contribute to the offender's conduct.	12275
conclidate to the offender b conduct.	12270
(L) As used in this section, "specified geographical	12276
notification area" means the geographic area or areas within	12277
which the attorney general, by rule adopted under section	12278
2950.13 of the Revised Code, requires the notice described in	12279
division (B) of this section to be given to the persons	12280
identified in divisions (A)(2) to (8) of this section.	12281
Sec. 2950.13. (A) The attorney general shall do all of the	12282
following:	12283
(1) No later than July 1, 1997, establish and maintain a	12284
state registry of sex offenders and child-victim offenders that	12285
is housed at the bureau of criminal identification and	12286
investigation and that contains all of the registration, change	12287
of residence, school, institution of higher education, or place	12288
of employment address, and verification information the bureau	12289
receives pursuant to sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and	12290
2950.06 of the Revised Code regarding each person who is	12291
convicted of, pleads guilty to, has been convicted of, or has	12292
pleaded guilty to a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim	12293
oriented offense and each person who is or has been adjudicated	12294
a delinquent child for committing a sexually oriented offense or	12295
a child-victim oriented offense and is classified a juvenile	12296
offender registrant or is an out-of-state juvenile offender	12297
registrant based on that adjudication, all of the information	12298
the bureau receives pursuant to section 2950.14 of the Revised	12299
Code, and any notice of an order terminating or modifying an	12300

offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	12301
2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code the	12302
bureau receives pursuant to section 2152.84, 2152.85, or 2950.15	12303
of the Revised Code, and any notice of an order terminating an	12304
offender's or delinquent child's duty to comply with sections	12305
2950.04, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code the bureau	12306
receives pursuant to section 2950.152 of the Revised Code. For a	12307
person who was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the sexually	12308
oriented offense or child-victim related offense, the registry	12309
also shall indicate whether the person was convicted of or	12310
pleaded guilty to the offense in a criminal prosecution or in a	12311
serious youthful offender case. The registry shall not be open	12312
to inspection by the public or by any person other than a person	12313
identified in division (A) of section 2950.08 of the Revised	12314
Code. In addition to the information and material previously	12315
identified in this division, the registry shall include all of	12316
the following regarding each person who is listed in the	12317
registry:	12318

- (a) A citation for, and the name of, all sexually oriented 12319 offenses or child-victim oriented offenses of which the person 12320 was convicted, to which the person pleaded guilty, or for which 12321 the person was adjudicated a delinquent child and that resulted 12322 in a registration duty, and the date on which those offenses 12323 were committed;
- (b) The text of the sexually oriented offenses or childvictim oriented offenses identified in division (A)(1)(a) of
  this section as those offenses existed at the time the person
  12327
  was convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or was adjudicated a
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  delinquent child for committing those offenses, or a link to a
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  database that sets forth the text of those offenses;
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(c) A statement as to whether the person is a tier I sex	12331
offender/child-victim offender, a tier II sex offender/child-	12332
victim offender, or a tier III sex offender/child-victim	12333
offender for the sexually oriented offenses or child-victim	12334
oriented offenses identified in division (A)(1)(a) of this	12335
section;	12336
(d) The community supervision status of the person,	12337
including, but not limited to, whether the person is serving a	12338
community control sanction and the nature of any such sanction,	12339
whether the person is under supervised release and the nature of	12340
the release, or regarding a juvenile, whether the juvenile is	12341
under any type of release authorized under Chapter 2152. or	12342
5139. of the Revised Code and the nature of any such release;	12343
(e) The offense and delinquency history of the person, as	12344
determined from information gathered or provided under sections	12345
109.57 and 2950.14 of the Revised Code;	12346
(f) The bureau of criminal identification and	12347
investigation tracking number assigned to the person if one has	12348
been so assigned, the federal bureau of investigation number	12349
assigned to the person if one has been assigned and the bureau	12350
of criminal identification and investigation is aware of the	12351
number, and any other state identification number assigned to	12352
the person of which the bureau is aware;	12353
(g) Fingerprints and palmprints of the person;	12354
(h) A DNA specimen, as defined in section 109.573 of the	12355
Revised Code, from the person;	12356
(i) Whether the person has any outstanding arrest	12357
warrants;	12358
(j) Whether the person is in compliance with the person's	12359

duties under this chapter.

(2) In consultation with local law enforcement 12361 representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that 12362 contain guidelines necessary for the implementation of this 12363 chapter; 12364

- (3) In consultation with local law enforcement 12365 representatives, adopt rules for the implementation and 12366 administration of the provisions contained in section 2950.11 of 12367 the Revised Code that pertain to the notification of neighbors 12368 of an offender or a delinquent child who has committed a 12369 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and 12370 is in a category specified in division (F)(1) of that section 12371 and rules that prescribe a manner in which victims of a sexually 12372 oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed by 12373 an offender or a delinquent child who is in a category specified 12374 in division (B)(1) of section 2950.10 of the Revised Code may 12375 make a request that specifies that the victim would like to be 12376 provided the notices described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of 12377 section 2950.10 of the Revised Code; 12378
- (4) In consultation with local law enforcement 12379 representatives and through the bureau of criminal 12380 identification and investigation, prescribe the forms to be used 12381 by judges and officials pursuant to section 2950.03 or 2950.032 12382 of the Revised Code to advise offenders and delinquent children 12383 of their duties of filing a notice of intent to reside, 12384 registration, notification of a change of residence, school, 12385 institution of higher education, or place of employment address 12386 and registration of the new school, institution of higher 12387 education, or place of employment address, as applicable, and 12388 address verification under sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 12389

and 2050 Of of the Davised Code and processible the forms to be	1 2 2 0 0
and 2950.06 of the Revised Code, and prescribe the forms to be	12390
used by sheriffs relative to those duties of filing a notice of	12391
intent to reside, registration, change of residence, school,	12392
institution of higher education, or place of employment address	12393
notification, and address verification;	12394
(5) Make copies of the forms prescribed under division (A)	12395
(4) of this section available to judges, officials, and	12396
sheriffs;	12397
(6) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	12398
investigation, provide the notifications, the information and	12399
materials, and the documents that the bureau is required to	12400
provide to appropriate law enforcement officials and to the	12401
federal bureau of investigation pursuant to sections 2950.04,	12402
2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code;	12403
(7) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	12404
investigation, maintain the verification forms returned under	12405
the address verification mechanism set forth in section 2950.06	12406
of the Revised Code;	12407
(8) In consultation with representatives of the officials,	12408
judges, and sheriffs, adopt procedures for officials, judges,	12409
and sheriffs to use to forward information, photographs, and	12410
fingerprints to the bureau of criminal identification and	12411
investigation pursuant to the requirements of sections 2950.03,	12412
2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, and 2950.11 of the Revised	12413
Code;	12414
(9) In consultation with the director of education, the	12415
director of children and youth, and the director of	12416
rehabilitation and correction, adopt rules that contain	12417
guidelines to be followed by boards of education of a school	12418

district, chartered nonpublic schools or other schools not	12419
operated by a board of education, preschool programs, child care	12420
centers, type A family child care homes, licensed type B family	12421
child care homes, and institutions of higher education regarding	12422
the proper use and administration of information received	12423
pursuant to section 2950.11 of the Revised Code relative to an	12424
offender or delinquent child who has committed a sexually	12425
oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense and is in a	12426
category specified in division (F)(1) of that section;	12427
(10) In consultation with local law enforcement	12428
representatives and no later than July 1, 1997, adopt rules that	12429
designate a geographic area or areas within which the notice	12430
described in division (B) of section 2950.11 of the Revised Code	12431
must be given to the persons identified in divisions (A)(2) to	12432
(8) and (A)(10) of that section;	12433
(11) Through the bureau of criminal identification and	12434
investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and	12435
operate on the internet a sex offender and child-victim offender	12436
database that contains information for every offender who has	12437
committed a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented	12438
offense and registers in any county in this state pursuant to	12439

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section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code and for every

registers in any county in this state pursuant to either such

section. The bureau shall not include on the database the

the name of any school or institution of higher education

delinquent child who has committed a sexually oriented offense,

is a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant, and

identity of any offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile

offender registrant's victim, any offender's or public registry-

qualified juvenile offender registrant's social security number,

attended by any offender or public registry-qualified juvenile

offender registrant, the name of the place of employment of any	12450
offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12451
registrant, any tracking or identification number described in	12452
division (A)(1)(f) of this section, or any information described	12453
in division (C)(7) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised	12454
Code. The bureau shall provide on the database, for each	12455
offender and each public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12456
registrant, at least the information specified in divisions (A)	12457
(11)(a) to (h) of this section. Otherwise, the bureau shall	12458
determine the information to be provided on the database for	12459
each offender and public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12460
registrant and shall obtain that information from the	12461
information contained in the state registry of sex offenders and	12462
child-victim offenders described in division (A)(1) of this	12463
section, which information, while in the possession of the	12464
sheriff who provided it, is a public record open for inspection	12465
as described in section 2950.081 of the Revised Code. The	12466
database is a public record open for inspection under section	12467
149.43 of the Revised Code, and it shall be searchable by	12468
offender or public registry-qualified juvenile offender	12469
registrant name, by county, by zip code, and by school district.	12470
The database shall provide a link to the web site of each	12471
sheriff who has established and operates on the internet a sex	12472
offender and child-victim offender database that contains	12473
information for offenders and public registry-qualified juvenile	12474
offender registrants who register in that county pursuant to	12475
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code, with the link	12476
being a direct link to the sex offender and child-victim	12477
offender database for the sheriff. The bureau shall provide on	12478
the database, for each offender and public registry-qualified	12479
juvenile offender registrant, at least the following	12480
information:	12481

(a) The information described in divisions (A)(1)(a), (b),	12482
(c), and (d) of this section relative to the offender or public	12483
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant;	12484
(b) The address of the offender's or public registry-	12485
qualified juvenile offender registrant's school, institution of	12486
higher education, or place of employment provided in a	12487
registration form;	12488
(c) The information described in division (C)(6) of	12489
section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code;	12490
(d) A chart describing which sexually oriented offenses	12491
and child-victim oriented offenses are included in the	12492
definitions of tier I sex offender/child-victim offender, tier	12493
II sex offender/child-victim offender, and tier III sex	12494
offender/child-victim offender;	12495
(e) Fingerprints and palmprints of the offender or public	12496
registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant and a DNA	12497
specimen from the offender or public registry-qualified juvenile	12498
offender registrant;	12499
(f) The information set forth in division (B) of section	12500
2950.11 of the Revised Code;	12501
(g) Any outstanding arrest warrants for the offender or	12502
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant;	12503
(h) The offender's or public registry-qualified juvenile	12504
offender registrant's compliance status with duties under this	12505
chapter.	12506
(12) Develop software to be used by sheriffs in	12507
establishing on the internet a sex offender and child-victim	12508
offender database for the public dissemination of some or all of	12509

the information and materials described in division (A) of	12510
section 2950.081 of the Revised Code that are public records	12511
under that division, that are not prohibited from inclusion by	12512
division (B) of that section, and that pertain to offenders and	12513
public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrants who	12514
register in the sheriff's county pursuant to section 2950.04 or	12515
2950.041 of the Revised Code and for the public dissemination of	12516
information the sheriff receives pursuant to section 2950.14 of	12517
the Revised Code and, upon the request of any sheriff, provide	12518
technical guidance to the requesting sheriff in establishing on	12519
the internet such a database;	12520

(13) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 12521 investigation, not later than January 1, 2004, establish and 12522 operate on the internet a database that enables local law 12523 enforcement representatives to remotely search by electronic 12524 means the state registry of sex offenders and child-victim 12525 offenders described in division (A)(1) of this section and any 12526 information and materials the bureau receives pursuant to 12527 sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, 2950.06, and 2950.14 of the 12528 Revised Code. The database shall enable local law enforcement 12529 representatives to obtain detailed information regarding each 12530 offender and delinquent child who is included in the registry, 12531 including, but not limited to the offender's or delinquent 12532 child's name, aliases, residence address, name and address of 12533 any place of employment, school, institution of higher 12534 education, if applicable, license plate number of each vehicle 12535 identified in division (C)(5) of section 2950.04 or 2950.041 of 12536 the Revised Code to the extent applicable, victim preference if 12537 12538 available, date of most recent release from confinement if applicable, fingerprints, and palmprints, all of the information 12539 and material described in divisions (A)(1)(a) to (h) of this 12540

section regarding the offender or delinquent child, and other	12541
identification parameters the bureau considers appropriate. The	12542
database is not a public record open for inspection under	12543
section 149.43 of the Revised Code and shall be available only	12544
to law enforcement representatives as described in this	12545
division. Information obtained by local law enforcement	12546
representatives through use of this database is not open to	12547
inspection by the public or by any person other than a person	12548
identified in division (A) of section 2950.08 of the Revised	12549
Code.	12550

- (14) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 12551 investigation, maintain a list of requests for notice about a 12552 specified offender or delinquent child or specified geographical 12553 notification area made pursuant to division (J) of section 12554 2950.11 of the Revised Code and, when an offender or delinquent 12555 child changes residence to another county, forward any requests 12556 for information about that specific offender or delinquent child 12557 to the appropriate sheriff; 12558
- (15) Through the bureau of criminal identification and 12559 investigation, establish and operate a system for the immediate 12560 notification by electronic means of the appropriate officials in 12561 12562 other states specified in this division each time an offender or delinquent child registers a residence, school, institution of 12563 higher education, or place of employment address under section 12564 2950.04 or 2950.041 of the Revised Code or provides a notice of 12565 a change of address or registers a new address under division 12566 (A) or (B) of section 2950.05 of the Revised Code. The immediate 12567 notification by electronic means shall be provided to the 12568 appropriate officials in each state in which the offender or 12569 delinquent child is required to register a residence, school, 12570 institution of higher education, or place of employment address. 12571

The notification shall contain the offender's or delinquent	12572
child's name and all of the information the bureau receives from	12573
the sheriff with whom the offender or delinquent child	12574
registered the address or provided the notice of change of	12575
address or registered the new address.	12576
(B) The attorney general in consultation with local law	12577
enforcement representatives, may adopt rules that establish one	12578
or more categories of neighbors of an offender or delinquent	12579
child who, in addition to the occupants of residential premises	12580
and other persons specified in division (A)(1) of section	12581
2950.11 of the Revised Code, must be given the notice described	12582
in division (B) of that section.	12583
(C) No person, other than a local law enforcement	12584
representative, shall knowingly do any of the following:	12585
(1) Gain or attempt to gain access to the database	12586
established and operated by the attorney general, through the	12587
bureau of criminal identification and investigation, pursuant to	12588
division (A)(13) of this section.	12589
(2) Permit any person to inspect any information obtained	12590
through use of the database described in division (C)(1) of this	12591
section, other than as permitted under that division.	12592
(D) As used in this section, "local law enforcement	12593
representatives" means representatives of the sheriffs of this	12594
state, representatives of the municipal chiefs of police and	12595
marshals of this state, and representatives of the township	12596
constables and chiefs of police of the township police	12597
departments or police district police forces of this state.	12598
Section 5. That the existing versions of sections 2950.11	12599
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and 2950.13 of the Revised Code that are scheduled to take

effect January 1, 2025, are hereby repealed.	12601
Section 6. Sections 4 and 5 of this act take effect January 1, 2025.	12602 12603
Section 7. The General Assembly, applying the principle	12604
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	12605
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	12606
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	12607
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	12608
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	12609
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	12610
as presented in this act:	12611
Section 307.93 of the Revised Code as amended by both S.B.	12612
16 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly.	12613
Section 2151.358 of the Revised Code as amended by both	12614
H.B. 343 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly.	12615
Section 2903.11 of the Revised Code as amended by both	12616
S.B. 20 and S.B. 201 of the 132nd General Assembly.	12617
Costion 2007 20 of the Deviced Code as emended by both	10610
Section 2907.28 of the Revised Code as amended by both	12618
H.B. 483 and S.B. 143 of the 130th General Assembly.	12619
Section 2923.125 of the Revised Code as amended by both	12620
H.B. 281 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly.	12621
Section 2923.128 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B.	12622
281, S.B. 215, and S.B. 288, all of the 134th General Assembly.	12623
Section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as amended by both	12624
H.B. 281 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly.	12625