

**CS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 34(JUD)**

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

**BY THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE**

**Offered: 4/24/19**

**Referred: Finance**

**Sponsor(s): SENATE RULES COMMITTEE BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR**

**A BILL**

**FOR AN ACT ENTITLED**

1 **"An Act relating to probation and parole; relating to early termination of probation and**  
2 **parole; relating to restoration of a driver's license; relating to eligibility for**  
3 **discretionary parole; relating to good time; and providing for an effective date."**

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:**

5 **\* Section 1.** AS 12.55.025(c) is amended to read:

6 (c) Except as provided in (d) of this section, when a defendant is sentenced to  
7 imprisonment, the term of confinement commences on the date of imposition of  
8 sentence unless the court specifically provides that the defendant must report to serve  
9 the sentence on another date. If the court provides another date to begin the term of  
10 confinement, the court shall provide the defendant with written notice of the date,  
11 time, and location of the correctional facility to which the defendant must report. A  
12 defendant shall receive credit for time spent in custody pending trial, sentencing, or  
13 appeal, if the detention was in connection with the offense for which the sentence was  
14 imposed [INCLUDING A TECHNICAL VIOLATION OF PROBATION AS

1 PROVIDED IN AS 12.55.110]. A defendant may not receive credit for more than the  
 2 actual time spent in custody pending trial, sentencing, or appeal. The time during  
 3 which a defendant is voluntarily absent from official detention after the defendant has  
 4 been sentenced may not be credited toward service of the sentence.

5 \* **Sec. 2.** AS 12.55.051(a) is amended to read:

6 (a) If the defendant defaults in the payment of a fine or any installment or of  
 7 restitution or any installment, the court may order the defendant to show cause why  
 8 the defendant should not be sentenced to imprisonment for nonpayment and, if the  
 9 payment was made a condition of the defendant's probation, may revoke the probation  
 10 of the defendant [SUBJECT TO THE LIMITS SET OUT IN AS 12.55.110]. In a  
 11 contempt or probation revocation proceeding brought as a result of failure to pay a  
 12 fine or restitution, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant was unable to pay  
 13 despite having made continuing good faith efforts to pay the fine or restitution. If the  
 14 court finds that the defendant was unable to pay despite having made continuing good  
 15 faith efforts, the defendant may not be imprisoned solely because of the inability to  
 16 pay. If the court does not find that the default was attributable to the defendant's  
 17 inability to pay despite having made continuing good faith efforts to pay the fine or  
 18 restitution, the court may order the defendant imprisoned until the order of the court  
 19 is satisfied [SUBJECT TO THE LIMITS SET OUT IN AS 12.55.110]. A term of  
 20 imprisonment imposed under this section may not exceed one day for each \$50 of the  
 21 unpaid portion of the fine or restitution or one year, whichever is shorter. Credit shall  
 22 be given toward satisfaction of the order of the court for every day a person is  
 23 incarcerated for nonpayment of a fine or restitution.

24 \* **Sec. 3.** AS 12.55.090(g) is amended to read:

25 (g) A probation officer may [SHALL] recommend to the court that probation  
 26 be terminated and a defendant be discharged from probation if the defendant

27 (1) [HAS COMPLETED AT LEAST

28 (A) TWO YEARS ON PROBATION IF THE PERSON WAS  
 29 CONVICTED OF A CLASS A OR CLASS B FELONY THAT IS NOT A  
 30 CRIME UNDER (5) OF THIS SUBSECTION; OR

31 (B) 18 MONTHS ON PROBATION IF THE PERSON WAS

1 CONVICTED OF A CRIME THAT IS NOT A CRIME

2 (i) UNDER (A) OF THIS PARAGRAPH; OR

3 (ii) UNDER (5) OF THIS SUBSECTION;

4 (2)] has completed all treatment programs required as a condition of  
5 probation;

6 **(2)** [(3) HAS NOT BEEN FOUND IN VIOLATION OF  
7 CONDITIONS OF PROBATION BY THE COURT FOR THE PERIOD SPECIFIED  
8 IN (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION;

9 (4)] is currently in compliance with all conditions of probation for all  
10 of the cases for which the person is on probation; and

11 **(3)** [(5)] has not been convicted of an unclassified felony offense, a  
12 sexual felony as defined in AS 12.55.185, or a crime involving domestic violence as  
13 defined in AS 18.66.990.

14 \* **Sec. 4.** AS 28.35.030(o) is amended to read:

15 (o) Upon request, the department shall review a driver's license revocation  
16 imposed under (n)(3) of this section and, **unless the revocation was ordered in a**  
17 **case in which the person was also convicted of a crime under AS 11.41.100 -**  
18 **11.41.210, 11.41.280, 11.41.282, or a similar law in another jurisdiction,**

19 (1) may restore the driver's license if

20 (A) the license has been revoked for a period of at least 10  
21 years;

22 (B) the person has not been convicted of a driving-related  
23 criminal offense **or a felony in the 10 years preceding the request for**  
24 **restoration of** [SINCE] the license [WAS REVOKED]; and

25 (C) the person provides proof of financial responsibility;

26 (2) shall restore the driver's license if

27 (A) the person has been granted limited license privileges  
28 under AS 28.15.201(g) and has successfully driven under that limited license  
29 for three years without having the limited license privileges revoked;

30 (B) the person has successfully completed a court-ordered  
31 treatment program under AS 28.35.028 or a rehabilitative treatment program

under AS 28.15.201(h);

(C) the person has not been convicted of a violation of AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032 or a similar law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction since the license was revoked;

(D) the person is otherwise eligible to have the person's driving privileges restored as provided in AS 28.15.211; in an application under this subsection, a person whose license was revoked for a violation of AS 28.35.030(n) or 28.35.032(p) is not required to submit compliance as required under AS 28.35.030(h) or 28.35.032(l); and

(E) the person provides proof of financial responsibility.

\* **Sec. 5.** AS 28.35.032(q) is amended to read:

(q) Upon request, the department shall review a driver's license revocation imposed under (p)(3) of this section and, unless the revocation was ordered in a case in which the person was also convicted of a crime under AS 11.41.100 - 11.41.210, 11.41.280, 11.41.282, or a similar law in another jurisdiction, may restore the driver's license if

(1) the license has been revoked for a period of at least 10 years;

(2) the person has not been convicted of a driving-related criminal offense or a felony in the 10 years preceding the request for restoration of [SINCE] the license [WAS REVOKED]; and

(3) the person provides proof of financial responsibility.

\* **Sec. 6.** AS 33.05.020(h) is amended to read:

(h) The commissioner shall establish by regulation a program that entitles a probationer to a deduction of one-third of the period of probation, rounded off to the nearest day, for compliance [ALLOWING PROBATIONERS TO EARN CREDITS FOR COMPLYING] with the conditions of probation and for loss of the deduction for noncompliance with the conditions [THE CREDITS EARNED REDUCE THE PERIOD OF PROBATION]. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the department from recommending to the court the early discharge of the probationer as provided in AS 33.30. At a minimum, the regulations must

(1) [REQUIRE THAT A PROBATIONER EARN A CREDIT OF 30

1 DAYS FOR EACH 30-DAY PERIOD SERVED IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT  
2 COMPLIED WITH THE CONDITIONS OF PROBATION;

3 (2)] include policies and procedures for

4 (A) calculating and tracking credits earned by probationers;

5 (B) reducing the probationer's period of probation based on the  
6 probationer's compliance with the conditions of probation [CREDITS  
7 EARNED BY THE PROBATIONER]; and

8 (C) notifying a victim under AS 33.30.013;

9 (2) [(3)] require that a probationer convicted of a [SEX OFFENSE AS  
10 DEFINED IN AS 12.63.100 OR A] crime involving domestic violence as defined in  
11 as 18.66.990 complete all treatment programs required as a condition of probation  
12 before discharge based on credits earned under this subsection.

13 \* **Sec. 7.** AS 33.05.020 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

14 (i) A probationer may not be enrolled in the program established under (h) of  
15 this section if the probationer is on probation for

16 (1) an unclassified felony;

17 (2) a sex offense as defined in AS 12.63.100;

18 (3) a felony crime against a person under AS 11.41;

19 (4) a crime involving domestic violence, as defined in AS 18.66.990,  
20 that is an offense under AS 11.41.

21 \* **Sec. 8.** AS 33.05.040(a) is amended to read:

22 (a) A probation officer shall

23 (1) furnish to each probationer under the supervision of the officer a  
24 written statement of the conditions of probation and shall instruct the probationer  
25 regarding the same;

26 (2) keep informed concerning the conduct and condition of each  
27 probationer under the supervision of the officer and shall report on the probationer to  
28 the court placing that person on probation;

29 (3) use all suitable methods, not inconsistent with the conditions  
30 imposed by the court, to aid probationers and to bring about improvements in their  
31 conduct and condition;

(4) keep records of the probation work, [INCLUDING ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS AND INCENTIVES THE PROBATION OFFICER IMPOSES UNDER AS 33.05.020(g),] keep accurate and complete accounts of all money collected from persons under the supervision of the officer, give receipts for money collected and make at least monthly returns of it, make the reports to the court and the commissioner required by them, and perform other duties the court may direct;

(5) perform duties with respect to persons on parole as the commissioner shall request, and in that service shall be termed a parole officer;

(6) [USE ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS AND INCENTIVES DEVELOPED UNDER AS 33.05.020(g) TO RESPOND TO A PROBATIONER'S NEGATIVE AND POSITIVE BEHAVIOR, INCLUDING RESPONSES TO TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS OF CONDITIONS OF PROBATION, IN A WAY THAT IS INTENDED TO INTERRUPT NEGATIVE BEHAVIOR IN A SWIFT, CERTAIN, AND PROPORTIONAL MANNER AND SUPPORT PROGRESS WITH A RECOGNITION OF POSITIVE BEHAVIOR;

(7)] upon determining that a probationer under the supervision of the officer meets the requirements of AS 12.55.090(g), consider recommending [RECOMMEND] to the court [AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE] that probation be terminated and the probationer be discharged from probation;

(7) [(8)] for each probationer who owes restitution and who is under the supervision of the officer, create a restitution payment schedule based on the probationer's income and ability to pay if the court has not already set a restitution payment schedule;

(8) [(9)] accommodate the diligent efforts of each probationer to secure and maintain steady employment or to participate in educational courses or training programs when prescribing the times at which a probationer shall report;

(9) [(10)] permit each probationer to travel in the state to make diligent efforts to secure and maintain steady employment or to participate in educational courses or training programs if the travel is not inconsistent with other terms and conditions of probation;

**(10) report on the probationer by making a recommendation to the court to revoke probation or to maintain existing probation conditions.**

\* **Sec. 9.** AS 33.16.060(a) is amended to read:

(a) The board shall

(1) serve as the parole authority for the state;

(2) **upon receiving a prisoner's application,** consider the suitability for parole of **the** [A] prisoner **if the prisoner** [WHO] is eligible for discretionary parole **or** [AT LEAST 90 DAYS BEFORE THE PRISONER'S FIRST DATE OF ELIGIBILITY AND UPON RECEIPT OF THE PRISONER'S APPLICATION FOR] special medical parole;

(3) impose parole conditions on all prisoners released under special medical, discretionary, or mandatory parole;

(4) under AS 33.16.210, discharge a person from parole when custody is no longer required;

(5) maintain records of the meetings and proceedings of the board;

(6) recommend to the governor and the legislature changes in the law administered by the board;

(7) recommend to the governor or the commissioner changes in the practices of the department and of other departments of the executive branch necessary to facilitate the purposes and practices of parole;

(8) upon request of the governor, review and recommend applicants for executive clemency; and

(9) execute other responsibilities prescribed by law.

\* **Sec. 10.** AS 33.16.090(a) is amended to read:

(a) A prisoner sentenced to an active term of imprisonment of at least 181 days may, in the discretion of the board, be released on discretionary parole if the prisoner

(1) has served the amount of time specified under (b) of this section, except that

(A) a prisoner sentenced to one or more mandatory 99-year terms under AS 12.55.125(a) or one or more definite terms under

AS 12.55.125(l) is not eligible for consideration for discretionary parole;

(B) a prisoner is not eligible for consideration of discretionary parole if made ineligible by order of a court under AS 12.55.115;

(C) a prisoner imprisoned under AS 12.55.086 is not eligible for discretionary parole unless the actual term of imprisonment is more than one year;

**(D) a prisoner sentenced to a single sentence within or below a presumptive range set out in AS 12.55.125(c), (d)(2) - (4), (e)(3) and (4), or (i) who has not been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole release is not eligible for consideration of discretionary parole;**

**(E) a prisoner sentenced to a single sentence, including a consecutive or partially consecutive sentence, that is not eligible for a good time deduction under AS 33.20.010(a)(3) and that has not been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole release is not eligible for consideration of discretionary parole; or**

(2) is at least 60 years of age, has served at least 10 years of a sentence for one or more crimes in a single judgment, and has not been convicted of an unclassified felony or a sexual felony as defined in AS 12.55.185.

\* **Sec. 11.** AS 33.16.090(b) is amended to read:

(b) A prisoner eligible under (a)(1) of this section who is sentenced

(1) to a single sentence under AS 12.55.125(a) or (b) may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the mandatory minimum term under AS 12.55.125(a) or (b), **one-half** [ONE-THIRD] of the active term of imprisonment imposed, or any term set under AS 12.55.115, whichever is greatest;

(2) to a single sentence within or below a presumptive range set out in AS 12.55.125(i)(1) and (2), and has not been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole release, may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the term imposed, less good time earned under AS 33.20.010;



(3) to a single sentence under AS 12.55.125(c), (d)(2) - (4), (e)(3) and (4), or (i) [AS 12.55.125(i)], and has been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole release during the second half of the sentence, may not be released on discretionary parole until

(A) the prisoner has served that portion of the active term of imprisonment required by the three-judge panel; and

(B) in addition to the factors set out in AS 33.16.100(a), the board determines that

(i) the prisoner has successfully completed all rehabilitation programs ordered by the three-judge panel that were made available to the prisoner; and

(ii) the prisoner would not constitute a danger to the public if released on parole;

(4) to a single enhanced sentence under AS 12.55.155(a) that is above the applicable presumptive range may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the greater of the following:

(A) an amount of time, less good time earned under AS 33.20.010, equal to the upper end of the presumptive range plus one-fourth of the amount of time above the presumptive range; or

(B) any term set under AS 12.55.115;

(5) to a single sentence under any other provision of law may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served at least one-fourth of the active term of imprisonment, any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under any provision of law, or any term set under AS 12.55.115, whichever is greatest;

(6) to concurrent sentences may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the greatest of

(A) any mandatory minimum sentence or sentences imposed under any provision of law;

(B) any term set under AS 12.55.115; or

(C) the amount of time that is required to be served under (1) - (5) or (8) of this subsection for the sentence imposed for the primary crime,

1 had that been the only sentence imposed;

2 (7) to consecutive or partially consecutive sentences may not be  
3 released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the greatest of

4 (A) the composite total of any mandatory minimum sentence or  
5 sentences imposed under any provision of law, including AS 12.55.127;

6 (B) any term set under AS 12.55.115; or

7 (C) the amount of time that is required to be served under (1) -  
8 (5) or (8) of this subsection for the sentence imposed for the primary crime,  
9 had that been the only sentence imposed, plus one-quarter of the composite  
10 total of the active term of imprisonment imposed as consecutive or partially  
11 consecutive sentences imposed for all crimes other than the primary crime;

12 (8) to a single sentence under AS 12.55.125(d) for an offense under  
13 AS 11.71.030(a)(1) or (2) [AS 12.55.125(i)(3) AND (4)], and has not been allowed by  
14 the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole  
15 release, may not be released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served [,  
16 AFTER A DEDUCTION FOR GOOD TIME EARNED UNDER AS 33.20.010,] one-  
17 half of the active term of imprisonment imposed.

18 \* **Sec. 12.** AS 33.16.100(a) is amended to read:

19 (a) The board may authorize the release of a prisoner [CONVICTED OF AN  
20 UNCLASSIFIED FELONY] who is otherwise eligible under AS 12.55.115 and  
21 AS 33.16.090(a)(1) on discretionary parole if it determines a reasonable probability  
22 exists that

23 (1) the prisoner will live and remain at liberty without violating any  
24 laws or conditions imposed by the board;

25 (2) the prisoner's rehabilitation and reintegration into society will be  
26 furthered by release on parole;

27 (3) the prisoner will not pose a threat of harm to the public if released  
28 on parole; and

29 (4) release of the prisoner on parole would not diminish the  
30 seriousness of the crime.

31 \* **Sec. 13.** AS 33.16.100 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(h) If the board considers an application for discretionary parole and denies parole because the prisoner does not meet the standards in (a) or (g) of this section, the board may make the prisoner ineligible for further consideration of discretionary parole or require that additional time be served before the prisoner is again eligible for consideration for discretionary parole.

\* **Sec. 14.** AS 33.16.130(a) is repealed and reenacted to read:

(a) A prisoner eligible for discretionary parole may apply to the board for discretionary parole. As part of the application for parole, the prisoner shall submit to the board a parole release plan that includes information concerning the prisoner's plan for employment, residence, and rehabilitation if released on parole.

\* **Sec. 15.** AS 33.16.130(b) is amended to read:

(b) **Before the board determines a prisoner's suitability for discretionary parole, the prisoner is entitled to a hearing before the board.** The [COMMISSIONER OR THE COMMISSIONER'S DESIGNEE SHALL FURNISH TO THE] prisoner **shall be furnished** a copy of the preparole reports listed in AS 33.16.110(a), and the prisoner shall be permitted access to all records that the board will consider in making its decision except those that are made confidential by law. The prisoner may also respond in writing to all materials the board considers, be present at the hearing, and present evidence to the board.

\* **Sec. 16.** AS 33.16.210(c) is amended to read:

(c) A parole officer **may** [SHALL] recommend to the board early discharge for a parolee who

(1) has completed at least one year on parole;

(2) has completed all treatment programs required as a condition of parole;

(3) **is currently in compliance with all conditions of parole for all of the cases for which the person is on parole** [HAS NOT BEEN FOUND IN VIOLATION OF CONDITIONS OF PAROLE BY THE BOARD FOR AT LEAST ONE YEAR]; and

(4) has not been convicted of

(A) an unclassified felony offense under AS 11;

1 (B) a sexual felony as defined in AS 12.55.185; or

2 (C) a crime involving domestic violence as defined in  
3 AS 18.66.990.

4 \* **Sec. 17.** AS 33.16.220(b) is amended to read:

5 (b) Except as provided in (e) of this section, within 15 working days after the  
6 arrest and incarceration of a parolee for violation of a condition of parole [, OTHER  
7 THAN A TECHNICAL VIOLATION UNDER AS 33.16.215], the board or its  
8 designee shall hold a preliminary hearing. At the preliminary hearing, the board or its  
9 designee shall determine if there is probable cause to believe that the parolee violated  
10 the conditions of parole and, when probable cause exists, whether the parolee should  
11 be released pending a final revocation hearing. A finding of probable cause at a  
12 preliminary hearing in a criminal case is conclusive proof of probable cause that a  
13 parole violation occurred.

14 \* **Sec. 18.** AS 33.16.220(i) is amended to read:

15 (i) If, after the final revocation hearing, the board finds that the parolee has  
16 violated a condition of parole imposed under AS 33.16.150(a), (b), or (f), or a law or  
17 ordinance, the board may revoke all or a portion of the remaining period of parole  
18 [SUBJECT TO THE LIMITS SET OUT IN AS 33.16.215,] or change any condition  
19 of parole. A parolee's period of parole is tolled from the date of filing with the parole  
20 board of a violation report until the date of the final revocation hearing [FOR  
21 ABSCONDING AND THE DATE OF THE PAROLEE'S ARREST, IF THE  
22 PAROLE BOARD FINDS, AFTER A HEARING, THAT THE PAROLEE  
23 VIOLATED PAROLE BY ABSCONDING, AS DEFINED IN AS 33.16.215(f). THE  
24 BOARD MAY NOT EXTEND THE PERIOD OF PAROLE BEYOND THE  
25 MAXIMUM RELEASE DATE CALCULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT ON THE  
26 PAROLEE'S ORIGINAL SENTENCE PLUS ANY TIME THAT HAS BEEN  
27 TOLLED AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION].

28 \* **Sec. 19.** AS 33.16.270 is amended to read:

29 **Sec. 33.16.270. Compliance [EARNED COMPLIANCE] credits.** The  
30 commissioner shall establish by regulation a program that entitles a parolee to a  
31 deduction of one-third of the period of parole, rounded off to the nearest day, for

**compliance** [ALLOWING PAROLEES TO EARN CREDITS FOR COMPLYING] with the conditions of parole **and for loss of the deduction for noncompliance with the conditions** [THE EARNED COMPLIANCE CREDITS REDUCE THE PERIOD OF PAROLE]. Nothing in this section prohibits the department from recommending to the board the early discharge of the parolee as provided in this chapter. At a minimum, the regulations must

(1) [REQUIRE THAT A PAROLEE EARN A CREDIT OF 30 DAYS FOR EACH 30-DAY PERIOD SERVED IN WHICH THE PAROLEE COMPLIED WITH THE CONDITIONS OF PAROLE;

(2)] include policies and procedures for

(A) calculating and tracking credits earned by parolees;

(B) reducing the parolee's period of parole based on **the parolee's compliance with the conditions of parole;** [CREDITS EARNED BY THE PAROLEE] and

**(C)** notifying a victim under AS 33.30.013;

**(2)** [(3)] require that a parolee convicted of a [SEX OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN AS 12.63.100 OR A] crime involving domestic violence, **as defined in AS 18.66.990,** complete all treatment programs required as a condition of parole before discharge based on credits earned under this section.

\* **Sec. 20.** AS 33.16.270 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(b) A parolee may not earn credits under (a) of this section if the parolee is on parole for

(1) an unclassified felony;

(2) a sex offense as defined in AS 12.63.100;

(3) a felony crime against a person under AS 11.41;

(4) a crime involving domestic violence, as defined in AS 18.66.990,

that is an offense under AS 11.41.

\* **Sec. 21.** AS 33.20.010(c) is repealed and reenacted to read:

(c) A prisoner may not be awarded a good time deduction under (a) of this section for any period spent in a treatment program, in a private residence, or on electronic monitoring.

1     \* **Sec. 22.** AS 44.19.645(g) is amended to read:

2             (g) The Department of Corrections shall report quarterly to the working group  
3 authorized in (b)(3) of this section. The report shall include the following information:

4                 (1) data on pretrial decision making and outcomes, including  
5 information on pretrial detainees admitted for a new criminal charge; detainees  
6 released at any point before case resolution; time spent detained before first release or  
7 case resolution; pretrial defendant risk level and charge; pretrial release  
8 recommendations made by pretrial services officers; pretrial conditions imposed on  
9 pretrial detainees by judicial officers, including amount of bail, and supervision  
10 conditions; and information on pretrial outcomes, including whether or not the  
11 defendant appeared in court or was re-arrested during the pretrial period;

12                (2) data on offenders admitted to the Department of Corrections for a  
13 new criminal conviction, including the offense type, number of prior felony  
14 convictions, sentence length, and length of stay;

15                (3) data on the population of the Department of Corrections, using a  
16 one-day snapshot on the first day of the first month of each quarter, broken down by  
17 type of admission, offense type, and risk level;

18                (4) data on offenders on probation supervised by the Department of  
19 Corrections, including the total number of offenders supervised using a one-day  
20 snapshot on the first month of each quarter; admissions to probation; assignments to a  
21 program under AS 33.05.020(f); probation sentence length; time served on the  
22 sentence; whether probation was successfully completed, any new convictions for a  
23 felony offense, and any sentences to a term of imprisonment while on probation;

24                (5) data on parole, including the number of offenders supervised on  
25 parole, using a one-day snapshot on the first month of each quarter; the number of  
26 parole hearings; the parole grant rate and number of parolees released on discretionary  
27 and special medical parole; and information on parolees, including time spent on  
28 parole, whether parole was successfully completed, any new convictions for a new  
29 felony offense, and any sentences to a term of imprisonment while on parole;

30                (6) data on the implementation of policies from the 2015 justice  
31 reinvestment report, including the number and percentage of offenders who earn

1 compliance credits under AS 33.05.020(h) or AS 33.16.270 in one or more months,  
 2 and the total amount of credits earned; [THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF  
 3 SANCTIONS ISSUED UNDER AS 33.05.020(g) BEFORE A PETITION TO  
 4 REVOKE PROBATION OR PAROLE IS FILED;] and the most common violations  
 5 of probation or parole; and

6 (7) data on probation and parole revocations, including information on  
 7 probationers and parolees admitted for a supervision violation pre-case and post-case  
 8 resolution; [PROBATIONERS AND PAROLEES ADMITTED SOLELY FOR A  
 9 TECHNICAL VIOLATION;] probationers and parolees admitted for a new arrest; the  
 10 number of previous revocations on the current sentence, if any; the length of time held  
 11 pre-case resolution; the length of time to case resolution; and the length of stay.

12 \* **Sec. 23.** AS 12.30.055(b); 12.55.100(a)(2)(H), 12.55.110(c), 12.55.110(d), 12.55.110(e),  
 13 12.55.110(f), 12.55.110(g), 12.55.110(h); AS 33.05.020(g), 33.05.080(1);  
 14 AS 33.16.090(b)(2), 33.16.100(f), 33.16.180(8), 33.16.210(b), 33.16.215, 33.16.220(j),  
 15 33.16.240(h), 33.16.900(2); and AS 33.20.010(a)(4) are repealed.

16 \* **Sec. 24.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to  
 17 read:

18 REPORT ON REHABILITATIVE SERVICES. The Department of Corrections shall  
 19 develop a needs assessment of all rehabilitative services for each institution, including  
 20 education, treatment, vocational education, secular and faith-based, and pro-social programs.  
 21 On or before January 31, 2020, the Department of Corrections shall provide a written report  
 22 regarding the needs assessments to the senate secretary and chief clerk of the house of  
 23 representatives and notify the legislature that the report is available.

24 \* **Sec. 25.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to  
 25 read:

26 APPLICABILITY. (a) The following sections apply to sentences imposed on or after  
 27 the effective date of those sections for conduct occurring on or after the effective date of those  
 28 sections:

- 29 (1) AS 12.55.025(c), as amended by sec. 1 of this Act;
- 30 (2) AS 12.55.051(a), as amended by sec. 2 of this Act;
- 31 (3) AS 33.16.090(a), as amended by sec. 10 of this Act; and

1 (4) AS 33.16.090(b), as amended by sec. 11 of this Act.

2 (b) The following sections apply to probation ordered on or after the effective date of  
3 those sections for conduct occurring on or after the effective date of those sections:

4 (1) AS 12.55.090(g), as amended by sec. 3 of this Act;

5 (2) AS 33.05.020(h), as amended by sec. 6 of this Act;

6 (3) AS 33.05.020(i), enacted by sec. 7 of this Act; and

7 (4) AS 33.05.040(a), as amended by sec. 8 of this Act.

8 (c) The following sections apply to parole ordered on or after the effective date of  
9 those sections for conduct occurring on or after the effective date of those sections:

10 (1) AS 33.16.060(a), as amended by sec. 9 of this Act;

11 (2) AS 33.16.100(h), enacted by sec. 13 of this Act;

12 (3) AS 33.16.130(a), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 14 of this Act;

13 (4) AS 33.16.130(b), as amended by sec. by sec. 15 of this Act;

14 (5) AS 33.16.210(c), as amended by sec. 16 of this Act;

15 (6) AS 33.16.220(b), as amended by sec. 17 of this Act;

16 (7) AS 33.16.220(i), as amended by sec. 18 of this Act;

17 (8) AS 33.16.270, as amended by sec. 19 of this Act;

18 (9) AS 33.16.270(b), enacted by sec. 20 of this Act; and

19 (10) AS 33.20.010(c), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 21 of this Act.

20 (d) AS 33.16.100(a), as amended by sec. 12 of this Act, applies to parole granted on  
21 or after the effective date of sec. 12 of this Act, for conduct occurring before, on, or after the  
22 effective date of this Act.

23 (e) AS 28.35.030(o), as amended by sec. 4 of this Act, and AS 28.35.032(q), as  
24 amended by sec. 5 of this Act, apply to revocation of a driver's license occurring before, on,  
25 or after the effective date of this Act, for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective  
26 date of this Act.

27 \* **Sec. 26.** This Act takes effect July 1, 2019.