- 1 HB244
- 2 198773-4
- 3 By Representative Ball
- 4 RFD: Agriculture and Forestry
- 5 First Read: 20-MAR-19

1	ENGROSSED
2	
3	
4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
7	
8	Relating to animals; to amend Section 3-8-1, Code of
9	Alabama 1975, relating to required rabies vaccines for canidae
10	
	or felidae; to further provide for the possession of certain
11	canidae or felidae; to add Section 3-8-2 to the Code of
12	Alabama 1975, to make it illegal, with certain exceptions, to
13	intentionally or knowingly possess, sell, transfer, or breed
14	any living large felidae, as defined, wolf, with exceptions,
15	or bear, with exceptions; to allow persons who already
16	lawfully possess a large felidae, wolf, or bear to keep the
17	animal under certain conditions; to provide minimum caging
18	requirements under certain conditions; to provide penalties;
19	and in connection therewith to have as its purpose or effect
20	the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local
21	funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution
22	of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
23	Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901,
24	as amended.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. Section 3-8-1, Code of Alabama 1975, is

amended to read as follows:

1 "\$3-8-1.

2 "Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, it shall be illegal to own, maintain, sell, or trade 3 any canidae or felidae for which there is no USDA licensed 4 5 rabies vaccine. Anyone currently owning or maintaining such an 6 animal may keep the animal for the length of the animal's life 7 providing the animal is spayed or neutered and is registered 8 with the Department of Agriculture and Industries. This 9 section does not apply to any zoological parks, circuses, 10 colleges, and universities, animal refuges approved by the Department of Agriculture and Industries, county or municipal 11 humane shelters, the Department of Conservation and Natural 12 13 Resources, or veterinary clinics."

Section 2. Section 3-8-2 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

16 \$3-8-2.

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (1) BEAR. All species of bears, including hybrids thereof, except American black bears (Ursus americanus), that were not bred in captivity.
- (2) LARGE FELIDAE. A tiger, lion, leopard, snow leopard, clouded leopard, jaguar, cheetah, or cougar. The term includes a hybrid large felidae.
 - (3) WOLF. The term does not include a hybrid wolf.
- (b) Notwithstanding Section 3-8-1, or any other law to the contrary, unless exempted by subsection (c) or (d), it

- is unlawful to intentionally or knowingly possess, sell, transfer, or breed any living large felidae, wolf, or bear.
- 3 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to any of the following:

- (1) A Class C exhibitor licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), including, but not limited to, zoological parks and circuses, provided that the licensed exhibitor meets all of the following criteria:
- a. Not have been, nor Shall not have knowingly employ employed any person who has been, convicted of or fined for an offense involving the abuse or neglect of any animal pursuant to any state, local, or federal law and who has direct access to animals owned by the licensee.
- b. Displays the most recent annual USDA inspection report in a prominent place on site, publishes the most recent annual report on its website, and makes the most recent annual report available upon request.

For the purposes of this paragraph, the most recent annual USDA inspection report means the most recent USDA inspection report for which there are no pending appeals on behalf of the licensee. Licensees may redact information that identifies employees by name from the published USDA inspection report.

c. Maintains liability insurance for each occurrence of property damage, bodily injury, or death caused by any large felidae, wolf, or bear owned or possessed by the person.

- d. Maintains a current animal inventory, has a

 written plan for the quick and safe recapture or destruction

 of animals in the event of an escape, including, but not

 limited to, written protocols for training staff on methods of

 safe recapture of the escaped animal, has a disaster plan, and

 makes all of this information available to law enforcement

 upon request.
- 8 (2) A research facility, as defined in the Animal 9 Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. Section 2132(e).

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- (3) A nonprofit wildlife sanctuary that meets all of the following criteria:
- a. Operates a place of refuge where abused, neglected, unwanted, impounded, abandoned, orphaned, or displaced animals are provided care for the lifetime of the animal.
 - b. Does not conduct any commercial activity with respect to large felidaes, wolves, or bears including, but not limited to, the sale, trade, auction, lease, or loan of large felidaes, wolves, or bears or parts of large felidaes, wolves, or bears, or uses large felidaes, wolves, or bears in any manner in a for-profit business or operation.
- 22 c. Does not allow direct contact between the public 23 and large felidaes, wolves, or bears.
- d. Does not use large felidaes, wolves, or bears for entertainment purposes or in a traveling exhibit.
- e. Does not breed, accidently or otherwise, large felidaes, wolves, or bears.

- 1 (4) A duly incorporated nonprofit animal protection 2 organization, such as a humane society or shelter, temporarily 3 housing a large felidae, wolf, or bear at the written request 4 of law enforcement, including any county sheriff, police 5 officer, animal control agent appointed pursuant to Section 6 3-1-13 or 13A-11-242, or any warden deputized pursuant to 7 Section 9-11-5, acting under the authority of this section.
 - (5) A licensed veterinary hospital, for the purpose of providing treatment to a large felidae, wolf, or bear.
 - (6) A law enforcement officer, as described in subdivision (4) of subsection (c), for purposes of enforcement.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (7) A motion picture or television production company employing or contracting with a dealer or exhibitor licensed under the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. Section 2133, or with a carrier or intermediate handler registered under the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. Section 2136, for the transportation, exhibition, or use of dangerous animals in its motion picture or television production.
- (d) Subsection (b) does not apply to a person who unlawfully possesses a large felidae, wolf, or bear prior to the effective date of the act adding this section, if the person meets all of the following criteria:
- (1) Maintains veterinary records, acquisition papers, or other documents or records that the person or entity possessed the animal prior to the effective date of the act adding this section.

1 (2) Has not acquired additional large felidaes,
2 wolves, or bears after the effective date of the act adding
3 this section, whether by purchase, donation, or breeding.

- (3) Has not been convicted of an offense involving the abuse or neglect of any animal pursuant to local, state, or federal law.
- (4) Has not had a license or permit regarding the care, possession, exhibition, breeding, or sale of animals revoked or suspended by any local, state, or federal agency.
- (5) Has developed and is prepared to implement an escape and disaster plan, maintains a current animal inventory list, and makes the plans and list available to law enforcement, upon request.
- (6) Has shown to his or her local law enforcement agency proof of liability insurance for each occurrence of property damage, bodily injury, or death caused by any dangerous wild animal possessed by the person. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term local law enforcement agency means the municipal police department, if a municipality has a police department, or the county sheriff's office in all other cases.
- (7) At least 72 hours prior to the sale or relocation of an existing large felidae, wolf, or bear, the person has notified local law enforcement, identifying the recipient of the animal. At all times, possession, sale, transfer, and transport of a large felidae, wolf, or bear

shall conform with all applicable local, state, and federal laws.

- (8) Obtains a surety bond of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) providing coverage for property damage, bodily injury, or death caused by any large felidae, wolf, or bear owned or possessed by the person.
 - (9) The person owning an existing large felidae, wolf, or bear complies with the following minimum caging standards within one year of the effective date of the act adding this section:
 - a. For all large felidae, wolves, and bears, all of the following shall be required:
 - 1. The caging facility shall have a buffer zone of not less than 35 feet between the caging and the person's property line.
 - 2. The caging shall be bounded by a perimeter fence of not less than eight feet in height, constructed of not less than 11 and one-half gauge chain link or equivalent strength material, and a minimum of three feet from cages holding animals, or other fencing, buildings, or other protection of the enclosure where the animal is kept, sufficiently to deter entry by the public, and also to prevent the escape from the property of any animal that may escape the primary caging. All gates to the perimeter fence shall be locked.
 - 3. All cages and enclosures shall be locked. Animals may not be kept in uncovered enclosures that are less than 1,000 square feet, except as specified by this section.

4. All cages shall be constructed with a den, nest box, or other connected housing unit that can be closed off and locked with the animal inside for the safe servicing and cleaning of the open area. In lieu of a nest box, a divided cage with a divided door between the two compartments may be used. No entry into cages containing large felidae, wolves, or bears shall be allowed without first locking the animal into the den, nest box, or other housing.

- 5. All cages shall be constructed of chain link or equivalent materials and shall be well braced and securely anchored at or below ground level to prevent the escape of the animal by digging or erosion. Cages shall be constructed using steel clamps, steel ties, or steel braces of equivalent strength as the material required for cage construction.
- b. For large felidae, all of the following shall be required:
- 1. For one to two large felidae, the cage shall be not less than 480 square feet and not less than eight feet high.
- 2. Uncovered outdoor cages for lions and tigers shall be more than 1,000 square feet, shall have vertical jump walls of at least 10 feet high, with a two feet, 45 degree, inward angle overhang, or jump walls of at least 12 feet high without an overhang. Vertical walls shall be constructed with a minimum of nine gauge chain link or equivalent strength material. The inward angle fencing shall be constructed with a

minimum 11 and one-half gauge chain link or equivalent
strength material.

2.0

- 3. Leopards, cougars, and jaguars may not be kept in uncovered enclosures. Cages containing leopards and jaguars shall be constructed with a minimum of nine gauge chain link or equivalent strength material. Cages containing cougars shall be constructed with a minimum of 11 and one-half gauge chain link or equivalent strength material.
- 4. Tigers shall have a four feet by six feet pool, two feet deep, or a 100 gallon tub or larger for each tiger in the enclosure.
- c. For bears, all of the following shall be required:
- 1. Uncovered outdoor cages for bears shall be more than 1,000 square feet, shall have vertical jump walls of at least 10 feet high with a four feet, 45 degree inward angle overhang. Vertical walls shall be constructed with a minimum of nine gauge chain link or equivalent strength material. Inward angle overhang shall be constructed of 11 and one-half gauge chain link or equivalent strength material.
- 2. All cages for bears shall be furnished with den boxes, elevated platforms that will accommodate all bears simultaneously, devices to provide stimulation or manipulation compatible with the species, including, but not limited to, boxes, balls, barrels, drums, and foraging items, and several logs for clawing or climbing.

- 3. Bears shall have a four feet by six feet pool,
 two feet deep, or a 100 gallon tub or larger for each bear in
 the enclosure.
 - d. For wolves, all of the following shall be required:

2.0

- 1. For one to two wolves, the cage shall be not less than 288 square feet and not less than eight feet high with concrete flooring or buried wire mesh to prevent escaping by digging.
- 2. Uncovered outdoor cages for wolves shall be over 1,000 square feet, shall have vertical jump walls of at least eight feet high with a 45 degree inward angle overhang that is two feet wide, or jump walls of at least 10 feet high without an overhang. Vertical walls shall be constructed with a minimum of 11 and one-half gauge chain link or equivalent strength material.
- 3. All cages for wolves shall contain den boxes and elevated platforms that will accommodate all of the wolves in the enclosure simultaneously, several logs, protected shelf areas at no more than one foot above ground level, gnawing items, including, but not limited to, tree branches, boxes, balls, bones, barrels, drums, and rawhide, and pools.
- (e) This section is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other laws protecting animal welfare. This section is not intended, and may not be construed, to limit any other state law or rule protecting the welfare of animals. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a local

governing body from adopting or enforcing any rule or law that
places further restrictions or additional requirements on the
possession, sale, transfer, or breeding of large felidae,
wolves, or bears.

2.0

- (f) Any law enforcement officer, as described in subdivision (4) of subsection (c), with or without a warrant, may arrest any person who violates this section in his or her presence or view and may execute any warrant or other process issued by any officer or court of competent jurisdiction, and with a search warrant or as incident to a lawful arrest, may search for and seize any large felidae, wolf, or bear possessed in violation of this section or any rules issued pursuant to this section.
- (g) A violation of subsection (b) is a Class A misdemeanor.

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

Τ	
2	
3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7 8	Read for the first time and referred to the House of Representatives committee on Agriculture and Forestry
9 10 11	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar with 1 substitute and 11-APR-19
12	
13 14 15	Read for the third time and passed as amended 25-APR-19 Yeas 75, Nays 9, Abstains 15
16 17 18 19	Jeff Woodard Clerk