First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 19-0957.01 Shelby Ross x4510

HOUSE BILL 19-1232

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzales-Gutierrez and Catlin,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Coram and Rodriguez,

House Committees

State, Veterans, & Military Affairs

Senate Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE ALIGNMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL

"INDIAN CHILD WELFARE ACT".

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

In 2016, the bureau of Indian affairs in the United States department of the interior published updated guidelines for implementing the federal "Indian Child Welfare Act". The bill updates the current statute to align the compliance requirements with federal law.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. The general assembly
3	finds that the bureau of Indian affairs in the United States department of
4	the interior published updated regulations regarding the implementation
5	of the federal "Indian Child Welfare Act" (ICWA) in 2016, codified at 25
6	CFR 23. The general assembly therefore declares that it is a matter of
7	statewide importance to align Colorado's statute with the updated ICWA
8	regulations to ensure continuing compliance with federal law.
9	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 19-1-126 as
10	follows:
11	19-1-126. Compliance with the federal "Indian Child Welfare
12	Act". (1) Commencing thirty days after May 30, 2002, In each case
13	CHILD-CUSTODY PROCEEDING filed pursuant to this title TITLE 19 to which
14	the terms of the federal "Indian Child Welfare Act", 25 U.S.C. sec. 1901,
15	et seq., apply: including but not limited to certain juvenile delinquency
16	proceedings, dependency or neglect proceedings, termination of parental
17	rights proceedings, and pre-adoptive and adoption proceedings, the
18	petitioning or filing party shall:
19	(a) (I) Make continuing THE COURT SHALL MAKE inquiries to
20	determine whether the child who is the subject of the proceeding is an
21	Indian child, and, if so, shall determine the identity of the Indian child's
22	tribe. In determining the Indian Child's Tribe:
23	(A) THE COURT SHALL ASK THE PETITIONING AND FILING PARTY IN
24	AN EMERGENCY OR VOLUNTARY OR INVOLUNTARY CHILD-CUSTODY
25	PROCEEDING WHETHER THE PETITIONING OR FILING PARTY KNOWS OR HAS
26	REASON TO KNOW THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD. THE INQUIRY IS TO
27	BE MADE AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PROCEEDING, AND ALL

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2	PETITIONING AND FILING PARTY TO INFORM THE COURT IF EITHER PARTY
3	SUBSEQUENTLY RECEIVES INFORMATION THAT PROVIDES REASON TO
4	KNOW THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD.
5	(B) THE RESPONDENT SHALL DISCLOSE ANY INFORMATION
6	INDICATING THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD OR PROVIDE AN
7	IDENTIFICATION CARD INDICATING MEMBERSHIP IN A TRIBE TO THE
8	PETITIONING AND FILING PARTIES AND THE COURT IN A TIMELY MANNER,
9	WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PROCEEDINGS,
10	OR WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER OBTAINING SAID INFORMATION.
11	(II) THE COURT, UPON CONDUCTING THE INQUIRY DESCRIBED IN
12	SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION, HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT A CHILD
13	IS AN INDIAN CHILD IF:
14	(A) ANY PARTICIPANT IN THE CHILD-CUSTODY PROCEEDING,
15	OFFICER OF THE COURT INVOLVED IN THE CHILD-CUSTODY PROCEEDING,
16	INDIAN TRIBE, INDIAN ORGANIZATION, OR AGENCY INFORMS THE COURT
17	THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD;
18	(B) ANY PARTICIPANT IN THE CHILD-CUSTODY PROCEEDING,
19	OFFICER OF THE COURT INVOLVED IN THE CHILD-CUSTODY PROCEEDING,
20	INDIAN TRIBE, INDIAN ORGANIZATION, OR AGENCY INFORMS THE COURT
21	THAT IT HAS DISCOVERED INFORMATION INDICATING THAT THE CHILD IS AN
22	INDIAN CHILD;
23	(C) THE CHILD WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THE CHILD-CUSTODY
24	PROCEEDING GIVES THE COURT REASON TO KNOW HE OR SHE IS AN INDIAN
25	CHILD;
26	(D) THE COURT IS INFORMED THAT THE DOMICILE OR RESIDENCE
27	OF THE CHILD, THE CHILD'S PARENT, OR THE CHILD'S INDIAN CUSTODIAN IS

RESPONSES MUST BE ON THE RECORD. THE COURT SHALL INSTRUCT THE

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ON A RESERVATION OR IN AN ALASKA NATIVE VILLAGE;

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- (E) THE COURT IS INFORMED THAT THE CHILD IS OR HAS BEEN A WARD OF A TRIBAL COURT, AS DEFINED IN 25 U.S.C. SEC. 1903; OR
- (F) THE COURT IS INFORMED THAT THE CHILD OR THE CHILD'S 5 PARENT POSSESSES AN IDENTIFICATION CARD INDICATING MEMBERSHIP IN AN INDIAN TRIBE.
 - (b) If the petitioning or filing party knows or has reason to believe KNOW, AS DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, that the child who is the subject of the proceeding is an Indian child, THE PETITIONING OR FILING PARTY SHALL send notice by registered OR CERTIFIED mail, return receipt requested, to the parent or Indian custodian of such THE child AND to the tribal agent of the Indian child's tribe as designated in title 25 of the code of federal regulations, part 23 25 CFR 23, or, if such agent has not been designated, to the highest-elected or highest-appointed official of the Indian child's tribe, to the highest-elected or highest-appointed tribal judge of the Indian child's tribe, and to the social service department of the Indian child's tribe; and THERE IS NO DESIGNATED TRIBAL AGENT, THE PETITIONING OR FILING PARTY SHALL CONTACT THE TRIBE TO BE DIRECTED TO THE APPROPRIATE OFFICE OR INDIVIDUAL.
 - (c) Disclose The Petitioning or filing Party shall disclose in the complaint, petition, or other commencing pleading filed with the court that the child who is the subject of the proceeding is an Indian child and the identity of the Indian child's tribe or what efforts the petitioning or filing party has made in determining whether the child is an Indian child. If the child who is the subject of the proceeding is determined to be an Indian child, the petitioning or filing party shall further identify what

1232 -4reasonable efforts have been made to send notice to the persons identified in paragraph (b) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION. The postal receipts indicating that notice was properly sent by such THE petitioning or filing party to the parent or Indian custodian of the Indian child and to the Indian child's tribe shall MUST be attached to the complaint, petition, or other commencing pleading filed with the court; except that, if notification has not been perfected at the time the initial complaint, petition, or other commencing pleading is filed with the court or if the postal receipts have not been received back from the post office, the petitioning or filing party shall identify such circumstances to the court and shall thereafter file the postal receipts with the court. within ten days after the filing of the complaint, petition, or other commencing pleading ANY RESPONSES SENT BY THE TRIBAL AGENTS TO THE PETITIONING OR FILING PARTY, THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, OR THE COURT MUST BE DISTRIBUTED TO THE PARTIES AND DEPOSITED WITH THE COURT.

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(2) In any of the cases identified in subsection (1) of this section in which the initial complaint, petition, or other commencing pleading does not disclose whether the child who is the subject of the proceeding is an Indian child, the court shall inquire of the parties at the first hearing whether the child is an Indian child and, if so, whether the parties have complied with the procedural requirements set forth in the federal "Indian Child Welfare Act", 25 U.S.C. sec. 1901, et seq. If there is reason to know the child is an Indian child but the court does not have sufficient evidence to determine that the child is or is not an Indian child, the court shall:

(a) CONFIRM, BY WAY OF A REPORT, DECLARATION, OR TESTIMONY

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INCLUDED IN THE RECORD, THAT THE PETITIONING OR FILING PARTY USED DUE DILIGENCE TO IDENTIFY AND WORK WITH ALL OF THE TRIBES OF WHICH THERE IS REASON TO KNOW THE CHILD MAY BE A MEMBER, OR ELIGIBLE FOR MEMBERSHIP, TO VERIFY WHETHER THE CHILD IS IN FACT A MEMBER, OR A BIOLOGICAL PARENT IS A MEMBER AND THE CHILD IS ELIGIBLE FOR MEMBERSHIP; AND

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- (b) TREAT THE CHILD AS AN INDIAN CHILD, UNLESS AND UNTIL IT IS DETERMINED ON THE RECORD THAT THE CHILD DOES NOT MEET THE DEFINITION OF AN INDIAN CHILD.
- (3) The state department of human services and the county departments of human or social services are encouraged to work cooperatively in the sharing of information that any of such agencies obtains or receives concerning any federally recognized tribal entities existing outside the state of Colorado, including but not limited to information about the appropriate person from a tribal entity to contact with the notice prescribed by this section IF THE COURT RECEIVES INFORMATION THAT THE CHILD MAY HAVE INDIAN HERITAGE BUT DOES NOT HAVE SUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO DETERMINE THAT THERE IS REASON TO KNOW THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL DIRECT THE PETITIONING AND FILING PARTY TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE IN GATHERING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT WOULD ASSIST THE COURT IN DETERMINING WHETHER THERE IS REASON TO KNOW THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD. THE COURT SHALL DIRECT THE PETITIONING AND FILING PARTY TO MAKE A RECORD OF THE EFFORT TAKEN TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THERE IS REASON TO KNOW THAT THE CHILD IS AN INDIAN CHILD.

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1	(4) (a) In any of the cases identified in subsection (1) of this
2	section involving an Indian child, in determining whether to transfer such
3	a case to a tribal court, the court is encouraged to consider the following
4	guidelines:
5	(I) The court may find that good cause exists to deny a transfer of
6	the proceeding to the tribal court if the Indian child's tribe does not have
7	a tribal court; or
8	(II) The court may find that good cause exists to deny a transfer
9	of the proceeding to the tribal court if:
10	(A) Either of the Indian child's parents objects to such a transfer;
11	or
12	(B) The proceeding was at an advanced stage when the petition to
13	transfer the proceeding to the tribal court was received from the Indian
14	child's tribe and the petitioning party did not file the petition to transfer
15	to the tribal court promptly after receiving the notice of hearing.
16	(b) The burden of proof under this subsection (4) shall be on the
17	party opposing a transfer of the case IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE CHILD
18	IS AN INDIAN CHILD, THE COURT SHALL ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE
19	REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL "INDIAN CHILD WELFARE ACT", 25
20	U.S.C. SEC. 1901, ET SEQ.
21	SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
22	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
23	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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