Second Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 20-0674.01 Jerry Barry x4341

HOUSE BILL 20-1316

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Froelich,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Ginal,

House Committees Public Health Care & Human Services **Senate Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF PARTIES THROUGH THE

102 ENFORCEMENT OF PROPER SURROGACY AGREEMENTS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <u>http://leg.colorado.gov</u>.)

The bill repeals a section on assisted reproduction of the "Uniform Parentage Act" and replaces it with a new "Colorado Surrogacy Agreement Act" (act). The act:

> Establishes eligibility requirements for entering into surrogacy agreements (agreements) and required elements of the agreements;

	 Contains provisions governing the termination of agreements and the effect of a death or a change in marital status of any of the parties to such agreements; Authorizes court orders recognizing and enforcing agreements; and Specifies the duties of persons under the agreements.
1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add article 4.5 to title
3	19 as follows:
4	ARTICLE 4.5
5	Colorado Surrogacy Agreement Act
6	19-4.5-101. Short title. The short title of this article 4.5 is
7	THE "COLORADO SURROGACY AGREEMENT ACT".
8	19-4.5-102. Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL
9	ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT SURROGACY AGREEMENTS
10	EXECUTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 4.5 are in accord with the
11	PUBLIC POLICY OF THIS STATE.
12	(2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS AND DECLARES THAT
13	THE PURPOSE OF THIS ARTICLE 4.5 IS TO:
14	(a) ESTABLISH CONSISTENT STANDARDS AND PROCEDURAL
15	SAFEGUARDS TO PROMOTE THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILDREN WHO
16	ARE BORN AS A RESULT OF SURROGACY AGREEMENTS EXECUTED
17	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 4.5;
18	(b) PROTECT ALL PARTIES INVOLVED IN SURROGACY AGREEMENTS
19	EXECUTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 4.5; AND
20	(c) RECOGNIZE THE TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES IN ASSISTED
21	REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND ALLOW THE USE OF THESE ADVANCES BY
22	INTENDED PARENTS AND GESTATIONAL AND GENETIC SURROGATES

1 ACCORDING TO THE PUBLIC POLICY OF THIS STATE.

2 19-4.5-103. Definitions. As used in this article 4.5, unless
3 THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

4 (1) "ASSISTED REPRODUCTION" MEANS A METHOD OF CAUSING
5 PREGNANCY THROUGH MEANS OTHER THAN BY SEXUAL INTERCOURSE. IN
6 THE FOREGOING CONTEXT, THE TERM INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:

(a) INTRAUTERINE OR INTRACERVICAL INSEMINATION;

8 (b) DONATION OF EGGS OR SPERM;

9 (c) DONATION OF EMBRYOS;

7

10 (d) IN VITRO FERTILIZATION (IVF) AND EMBRYO TRANSFER; AND

11 (e) INTRACYTOPLASMIC SPERM INJECTION.

(2) "ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY" OR "ART" MEANS
ANY MEDICAL OR SCIENTIFIC PROCEDURES OR TREATMENT PROVIDED BY
A MEDICAL PROVIDER, WITH THE INTENT OF HAVING A CHILD.

15 (3) "CHILD" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUALS BORN
16 PURSUANT TO ASSISTED REPRODUCTION WHOSE PARENTAGE MAY BE
17 DETERMINED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 4.5 OR OTHER LAW.

18 (4) "COMPENSATION" MEANS PAYMENT OF ANY VALUABLE19 CONSIDERATION FOR TIME, EFFORT, SUPPORT, PAIN, OR RISK.

20 (5) "DONOR" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL, INCLUDING A GENETIC
21 SURROGATE, WHO PROVIDES GAMETES OR EMBRYOS FOR ASSISTED
22 REPRODUCTION OR A GENETIC SURROGATE.

23 (6) "EMBRYO" MEANS A FERTILIZED EGG THAT HAS THE POTENTIAL
24 TO DEVELOP INTO A FETUS IF TRANSFERRED INTO A UTERUS.

25 (7) "EMBRYO TRANSFER" OR "TRANSFER" MEANS THE PLACEMENT
26 OF AN EMBRYO INTO A UTERUS.

27 (8) "GAMETE" MEANS A CELL CONTAINING A HAPLOID

-3-

COMPLEMENT OF DNA THAT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO FORM AN EMBRYO
 WHEN COMBINED WITH ANOTHER GAMETE. SPERM AND EGGS ARE
 GAMETES. A GAMETE MAY CONSIST OF NUCLEAR DNA FROM ONE HUMAN
 BEING COMBINED WITH THE CYTOPLASM, INCLUDING CYTOPLASMIC DNA,
 OF ANOTHER HUMAN BEING.

6 (9) "INTENDED PARENT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL, MARRIED OR
7 UNMARRIED, WHO MANIFESTS AN INTENT TO BE LEGALLY BOUND AS A
8 PARENT OF A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION.

9 (10) "MEDICAL EVALUATION" MEANS A COMPLETE CONSULTATION
10 WITH AND EVALUATION BY A LICENSED MEDICAL DOCTOR.

(11) "MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION" MEANS A CONSULTATION
WITH AND, WHEN REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE 4.5, AN ASSESSMENT BY A
LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.

14 (12) "GENETIC SURROGATE" MEANS A WOMAN WHO IS NOT AN
15 INTENDED PARENT AND WHO AGREES TO BECOME PREGNANT THROUGH
16 ASSISTED REPRODUCTION USING THEIR OWN DONATED GAMETES, UNDER
17 A SURROGACY AGREEMENT AS PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 4.5.

18 (13) "GESTATIONAL SURROGATE" MEANS A WOMAN WHO IS NOT
19 AN INTENDED PARENT AND WHO AGREES TO BECOME PREGNANT THROUGH
20 ASSISTED REPRODUCTION USING GAMETES THAT ARE NOT THEIR OWN,
21 UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT AS PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 4.5.

(14) "SURROGACY AGREEMENT" MEANS AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN
ONE OR MORE INTENDED PARENTS AND A WOMAN WHO IS NOT AN
INTENDED PARENT IN WHICH THE WOMAN AGREES TO BECOME PREGNANT
THROUGH ASSISTED REPRODUCTION AND THAT PROVIDES THAT EACH
INTENDED PARENT IS A PARENT OF A CHILD CONCEIVED UNDER THE
AGREEMENT. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, THE TERM REFERS TO BOTH

-4-

A GESTATIONAL SURROGACY AGREEMENT AND A GENETIC SURROGACY
 AGREEMENT.

19-4.5-104. Eligibility requirements. (1) TO EXECUTE AN
AGREEMENT TO ACT AS A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE, A
WOMAN MUST:

(a) BE AT LEAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE;

6

7 (b) PREVIOUSLY HAVE GIVEN BIRTH TO AT LEAST ONE CHILD;

8 (c) COMPLETE A MEDICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO THE
9 SURROGACY ARRANGEMENT BY A LICENSED MEDICAL DOCTOR;

10 (d) COMPLETE A MENTAL-HEALTH CONSULTATION BY A LICENSED
 11 MENTAL-HEALTH PROFESSIONAL; AND

12 (e) HAVE INDEPENDENT LEGAL REPRESENTATION OF THEIR CHOICE
13 THROUGHOUT THE SURROGACY ARRANGEMENT REGARDING THE TERMS OF
14 THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT AND THE POTENTIAL LEGAL CONSEQUENCES
15 OF THE AGREEMENT.

16 (2) TO EXECUTE A SURROGACY AGREEMENT, EACH INTENDED
 17 PARENT, WHETHER OR NOT GENETICALLY RELATED TO THE CHILD, MUST:

18 (a) BE AT LEAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE;

19 (b) COMPLETE A MEDICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO THE20 SURROGACY ARRANGEMENT BY A LICENSED MEDICAL DOCTOR; AND

(c) HAVE INDEPENDENT LEGAL REPRESENTATION OF THE INTENDED
PARENT'S OR PARENTS' CHOICE THROUGHOUT THE SURROGACY
ARRANGEMENT REGARDING THE TERMS OF THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT
AND THE POTENTIAL LEGAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE AGREEMENT.

25 19-4.5-105. Process requirements for a surrogacy agreement.
26 (1) A SURROGACY AGREEMENT MUST BE EXECUTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH
27 THE FOLLOWING RULES:

-5-

(a) AT LEAST ONE PARTY MUST BE A RESIDENT OF THIS STATE OR
 THE BIRTH MUST OCCUR OR IS ANTICIPATED TO OCCUR IN THIS STATE.

3 (b) A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE AND EACH INTENDED
4 PARENT MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 19-4.5-104.

5 (c) EACH INTENDED PARENT, THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC
6 SURROGATE, AND THE SURROGATE'S SPOUSE, IF ANY, MUST BE PARTIES TO
7 THE AGREEMENT.

8 (d) EACH PARTY LISTED IN SUBSECTION (1)(c) OF THIS SECTION
9 SHALL SIGN THE AGREEMENT.

10 (e) THE SIGNATURE OF EACH PARTY TO THE AGREEMENT MUST BE
11 ATTESTED BY A NOTARIAL OFFICER.

(f) THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE AND THE INTENDED
PARENT OR PARENTS MUST EACH HAVE INDEPENDENT LEGAL
REPRESENTATION THROUGHOUT THE SURROGACY ARRANGEMENT
REGARDING THE TERMS OF THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT AND THE
POTENTIAL LEGAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE AGREEMENT, AND EACH
COUNSEL MUST BE IDENTIFIED IN THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT.

18 (g) THE INTENDED PARENT OR PARENTS MAY PAY FOR
19 INDEPENDENT LEGAL REPRESENTATION FOR THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC
20 SURROGATE.

(h) THE AGREEMENT MUST BE EXECUTED BEFORE A MEDICAL
PROCEDURE OCCURS RELATED TO THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT, OTHER
THAN THE MEDICAL EVALUATION AND MENTAL HEALTH CONSULTATION
REQUIRED BY SECTION 19-4.5-104.

25 19-4.5-106. Required contents of surrogacy agreement. (1) A
26 SURROGACY AGREEMENT MUST COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING
27 REQUIREMENTS:

-6-

(a) A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE AGREES TO ATTEMPT
 TO BECOME PREGNANT BY MEANS OF ASSISTED REPRODUCTION.

3 (b) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 19-4.5-111, THE
4 GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE AND THE SURROGATE'S SPOUSE OR
5 FORMER SPOUSE, IF ANY, HAVE NO CLAIM TO PARENTAGE OF A CHILD
6 CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION UNDER THE AGREEMENT.

7 (c) THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE'S SPOUSE, IF ANY,
8 MUST ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE TO COMPLY WITH THE OBLIGATIONS
9 IMPOSED ON THE SURROGATE BY THE AGREEMENT.

10 (d) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 19-4.5-111, THE
11 INTENDED PARENT OR, IF THERE ARE TWO INTENDED PARENTS, EACH ONE
12 JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY, IMMEDIATELY ON BIRTH WILL BE THE
13 EXCLUSIVE PARENT OR PARENTS OF THE CHILD, REGARDLESS OF NUMBER
14 OF CHILDREN BORN OR GENDER OR MENTAL OR PHYSICAL CONDITION OF
15 EACH CHILD.

16 (e) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 19-4.5-111, THE
17 INTENDED PARENT OR, IF THERE ARE TWO INTENDED PARENTS, EACH
18 PARENT JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY, IMMEDIATELY ON BIRTH WILL ASSUME
19 RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF THE CHILD, REGARDLESS
20 OF THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN OR GENDER OR MENTAL OR PHYSICAL
21 CONDITION OF EACH CHILD.

(f) THE AGREEMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION DISCLOSING
HOW EACH INTENDED PARENT WILL COVER THE AGREED UPON EXPENSES
OF THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE, THE ASSISTED
REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY EXPENSES, AND THE MEDICAL EXPENSES FOR
THE SURROGATE AND THE CHILD.

27 (g) THE AGREEMENT MUST PERMIT THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC

-7-

SURROGATE TO MAKE ALL HEALTH AND WELFARE DECISIONS REGARDING
 THEMSELVES AND THEIR PREGNANCY. THIS ARTICLE 4.5 DOES NOT
 ENLARGE OR DIMINISH THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE'S RIGHT
 TO TERMINATE THEIR PREGNANCY.

5 (h) THE AGREEMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION ABOUT EACH
6 PARTY'S RIGHT UNDER THIS ARTICLE 4.5 TO TERMINATE THE SURROGACY
7 AGREEMENT.

8

(2) A SURROGACY AGREEMENT MAY PROVIDE FOR:

9 (a) PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION, SUPPORT, AND REASONABLE 10 EXPENSES; AND

(b) REIMBURSEMENT OF SPECIFIC AGREED UPON EXPENSES IF THE
AGREEMENT IS TERMINATED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 4.5.

13 (3) A RIGHT CREATED UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT IS NOT
14 ASSIGNABLE AND THERE IS NO THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARY OF THE
15 AGREEMENT OTHER THAN THE CHILD.

16 (4) IN THE EVENT THAT ANY OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
17 SECTION ARE NOT MET, A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION SHALL
18 DETERMINE PARENTAGE BASED ON THE PARTIES' INTENT.

19 19-4.5-107. Effect of subsequent change of marital status.
20 (1) UNLESS A SURROGACY AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY PROVIDES OTHERWISE:

(a) THE MARRIAGE OF A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE
AFTER THE AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY ALL PARTIES DOES NOT AFFECT THE
VALIDITY OF THE AGREEMENT, THEIR SPOUSE'S CONSENT TO THE
AGREEMENT IS NOT REQUIRED, AND THEIR SPOUSE IS NOT A PRESUMED
PARENT OF A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION UNDER THE
AGREEMENT; AND

27 (b) THE DISSOLUTION, ANNULMENT, DECLARATION OF INVALIDITY,

-8-

1 LEGAL SEPARATION, OR SEPARATE MAINTENANCE OF THE GESTATIONAL OR 2 GENETIC SURROGATE AFTER THE AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY ALL PARTIES 3 DOES NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF THE AGREEMENT.

4 (2) UNLESS A SURROGACY AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY PROVIDES 5 OTHERWISE:

6 (a) THE MARRIAGE OF AN INTENDED PARENT AFTER THE 7 AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY ALL PARTIES DOES NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY 8 OF A SURROGACY AGREEMENT, THE CONSENT OF THE SPOUSE OF THE 9 INTENDED PARENT IS NOT REQUIRED, AND THE SPOUSE OF THE INTENDED 10 PARENT IS NOT, BASED ON THE AGREEMENT, A PARENT OF A CHILD 11 CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION UNDER THE AGREEMENT; AND 12 (b) THE DISSOLUTION, ANNULMENT, DECLARATION OF INVALIDITY, 13 LEGAL SEPARATION, OR SEPARATE MAINTENANCE OF AN INTENDED PARENT 14 AFTER THE AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY ALL PARTIES DOES NOT AFFECT THE 15 VALIDITY OF THE AGREEMENT AND, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN 16 SECTION 19-4.5-110 OR 19-4.5-112, THE INTENDED PARENTS ARE THE 17

18 **19-4.5-108.** Termination of surrogacy agreement. (1) A PARTY 19 TO A SURROGACY AGREEMENT MAY TERMINATE THE AGREEMENT, AT ANY 20 TIME BEFORE A GAMETE OR AN EMBRYO TRANSFER, BY GIVING NOTICE OF 21 TERMINATION IN A RECORD TO ALL OTHER PARTIES. IF A GAMETE OR AN 22 EMBRYO TRANSFER DOES NOT RESULT IN A PREGNANCY, A PARTY MAY 23 TERMINATE THE AGREEMENT AT ANY TIME BEFORE A SUBSEQUENT 24 GAMETE OR EMBRYO TRANSFER.

PARENTS OF THE CHILD.

25 (2) UNLESS A SURROGACY AGREEMENT PROVIDES OTHERWISE, ON 26 TERMINATION OF THE AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS 27 SECTION, THE PARTIES ARE RELEASED FROM THE AGREEMENT; EXCEPT

-9-

THAT EACH INTENDED PARENT REMAINS RESPONSIBLE FOR EXPENSES THAT
 ARE REIMBURSABLE UNDER THE AGREEMENT AND INCURRED BY THE
 GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE THROUGH THE DATE OF
 TERMINATION.

5 (3) EXCEPT IN A CASE INVOLVING FRAUD, NO PARTY IS LIABLE TO
6 ANY OTHER PARTY FOR A PENALTY OR LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR
7 TERMINATING A SURROGACY AGREEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION.

8 19-4.5-109. Establishment of parent-child relationship under
9 surrogacy agreement. (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN
10 SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION OR SECTION 19-4.5-110 (2) OR
11 19-4.5-112, ON BIRTH OF A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION
12 UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT EACH INTENDED PARENT IS, BY
13 OPERATION OF LAW, A PARENT OF THE CHILD.

14 (2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS
15 SECTION OR SECTION 19-4.5-112, NEITHER A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC
16 SURROGATE NOR THE SURROGATE'S SPOUSE OR FORMER SPOUSE, IF ANY,
17 IS A PARENT OF THE CHILD.

18 (3) IF A CHILD IS ALLEGED TO BE A GENETIC CHILD OF THE WOMAN 19 WHO AGREED TO BE A GESTATIONAL SURROGATE, THE COURT SHALL 20 ORDER GENETIC TESTING OF THE CHILD. IF THE CHILD IS A GENETIC CHILD 21 OF THE WOMAN WHO AGREED TO BE A GESTATIONAL SURROGATE, 22 PARENTAGE MUST BE DETERMINED BASED ON ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 19. 23 (4) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS 24 SECTION OR SECTION 19-4.5-110(2) OR 19-4.5-112, IF, DUE TO A CLINICAL 25 OR LABORATORY ERROR, A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION 26 UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT IS NOT GENETICALLY RELATED TO AN 27 INTENDED PARENT OR A DONOR WHO DONATED TO THE INTENDED PARENT

OR PARENTS, EACH INTENDED PARENT, AND NOT THE GESTATIONAL OR
 GENETIC SURROGATE AND THE SURROGATE'S SPOUSE OR FORMER SPOUSE,
 IF ANY, IS A PARENT OF THE CHILD, SUBJECT TO ANY OTHER CLAIM OF
 PARENTAGE.

5 (5) A DONOR IS NOT A PARENT OF A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED
6 REPRODUCTION.

7 19-4.5-110. Parentage of deceased intended parent under
8 surrogacy agreement. (1) SECTION 19-4.5-109 APPLIES TO AN INTENDED
9 PARENT EVEN IF THE INTENDED PARENT DIED DURING THE PERIOD
10 BETWEEN THE TRANSFER OF A GAMETE OR EMBRYO AND THE BIRTH OF THE
11 CHILD.

12 (2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 19-4.5-112, AN
13 INTENDED PARENT IS NOT A PARENT OF A CHILD CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED
14 REPRODUCTION UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT IF THE INTENDED
15 PARENT DIES BEFORE THE TRANSFER OF A GAMETE OR EMBRYO UNLESS:

(a) THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES OTHERWISE; AND

16

17 (b) THE TRANSFER OF A GAMETE OR EMBRYO OCCURS NOT LATER
18 THAN THIRTY-SIX MONTHS AFTER THE DEATH OF THE INTENDED PARENT OR
19 BIRTH OF THE CHILD OCCURS NOT LATER THAN FORTY-FIVE MONTHS AFTER
20 THE DEATH OF THE INTENDED PARENT.

19-4.5-111. Court order of parentage under surrogacy
agreement. (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 19-4.5-110
(3) OR 19-4.5-112, BEFORE, ON, OR AFTER THE BIRTH OF A CHILD
CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY PURSUANT TO A
SURROGACY AGREEMENT, A PARTY TO THE AGREEMENT MAY COMMENCE
A PROCEEDING IN THE JUVENILE COURT BY FILING A PETITION FOR
DETERMINATION OF PARENT CHILD RELATIONSHIP WITH ADMISSIONS OF

MATERNITY AND PATERNITY, AS APPLICABLE BY THE INTENDED PARENTS,
 AND ADMISSIONS OF NON-MATERNITY AND NON-PATERNITY BY THE
 GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE AND THEIR SPOUSE, AS APPLICABLE
 AND FOR AN ORDER OR JUDGMENT:

5 (a) DECLARING THAT EACH INTENDED PARENT IS A PARENT OF THE
6 CHILD AND ORDERING THAT PARENTAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES VEST
7 IMMEDIATELY ON THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD EXCLUSIVELY IN EACH
8 INTENDED PARENT;

9 (b) DECLARING THAT THE GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE
10 AND THE SURROGATE'S SPOUSE OR FORMER SPOUSE, IF ANY, ARE NOT THE
11 PARENTS OF THE CHILD;

12 (c) DESIGNATING THE CONTENT OF THE BIRTH RECORD IN
13 ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 2 OF TITLE 25 AND DIRECTING THE COLORADO
14 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT OR STATE REGISTRAR
15 TO DESIGNATE EACH INTENDED PARENT AS A PARENT OF THE CHILD;

16 (d) TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF THE CHILD AND THE PARTIES,
17 DECLARING THAT THE COURT RECORD IS NOT OPEN TO INSPECTION;

18 (e) IF NECESSARY, THAT THE CHILD BE SURRENDERED TO THE19 INTENDED PARENT OR PARENTS; AND

20 (f) FOR OTHER RELIEF THE COURT DETERMINES NECESSARY AND
21 PROPER.

(2) THE COURT MAY ISSUE AN ORDER OR JUDGMENT UNDER
SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION BEFORE THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD. THE
COURT SHALL STAY ENFORCEMENT OF THE ORDER OR JUDGMENT UNTIL
THE BIRTH OF THE CHILD.

26 (3) NEITHER THIS STATE NOR THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF
27 PUBLIC HEALTH & ENVIRONMENT IS A NECESSARY PARTY TO A

-12-

1 PROCEEDING UNDER SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.

2 (4) THE PETITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION
3 MUST SET FORTH THE FACTS OF THE SURROGACY ARRANGEMENT.

4 19-4.5-112. Effect of surrogacy agreement. (1) A SURROGACY
5 AGREEMENT THAT COMPLIES WITH SECTIONS 19-4.5-104, 19-4.5-105 AND
6 19-4.5-106, IS ENFORCEABLE.

7 (2) IF A CHILD WAS CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION 8 UNDER A SURROGACY AGREEMENT THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH 9 SECTIONS19-4.5-104, 19-4.5-105, AND 19-4.5-106, THE COURT SHALL 10 DETERMINE THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF THE PARTIES TO THE AGREEMENT 11 CONSISTENT WITH THE INTENT OF THE PARTIES AT THE TIME OF EXECUTION 12 OF THE AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY TO THE AGREEMENT AND ANY 13 INDIVIDUAL WHO AT THE TIME OF THE EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT 14 WAS A SPOUSE OF A PARTY TO THE AGREEMENT HAS STANDING TO 15 MAINTAIN A PROCEEDING TO ADJUDICATE AN ISSUE RELATED TO THE 16 ENFORCEMENT OF THE AGREEMENT.

17 (3) EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED IN A SURROGACY
18 AGREEMENT OR SUBSECTION (4) OR (5) OF THIS SECTION, IF THE
19 AGREEMENT IS BREACHED BY THE SURROGATE OR ONE OR MORE INTENDED
20 PARENTS, THE NON-BREACHING PARTY IS ENTITLED TO THE REMEDIES
21 AVAILABLE AT LAW OR IN EQUITY.

(4) SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE IS NOT A REMEDY AVAILABLE FOR
BREACH BY A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC SURROGATE OF A PROVISION IN
THE AGREEMENT THAT THE SURROGATE BE IMPREGNATED, TERMINATE OR
NOT TERMINATE A PREGNANCY, OR SUBMIT TO MEDICAL PROCEDURES.

26 (5) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
27 SECTION, IF AN INTENDED PARENT IS DETERMINED TO BE A PARENT OF THE

-13-

1 CHILD, SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE IS A REMEDY AVAILABLE FOR:

2 (a) BREACH OF THE AGREEMENT BY A GESTATIONAL OR GENETIC
3 SURROGATE WHICH PREVENTS THE INTENDED PARENT FROM EXERCISING
4 IMMEDIATELY ON BIRTH OF THE CHILD THE FULL RIGHTS OF PARENTAGE;
5 OR

6 (b) BREACH BY THE INTENDED PARENT WHICH PREVENTS THE
7 INTENDED PARENT'S ACCEPTANCE, IMMEDIATELY ON BIRTH OF THE CHILD
8 CONCEIVED BY ASSISTED REPRODUCTION UNDER THE AGREEMENT, OF THE
9 DUTIES OF PARENTAGE.

10 19-4.5-113. Duty to support. (1) The establishment of the
PARENT AND CHILD RELATIONSHIP PURSUANT TO A VALID SURROGACY
AGREEMENT AND THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 4.5 IS THE BASIS UPON
WHICH AN ACTION FOR CHILD SUPPORT MAY BE BROUGHT AGAINST THE
INTENDED PARENT AND ACTED UPON BY THE COURT WITHOUT FURTHER
EVIDENTIARY PROCEEDINGS.

16 (2) THE BREACH OF THE SURROGACY AGREEMENT BY THE
17 INTENDED PARENT DOES NOT RELIEVE THE INTENDED PARENT OF THE
18 SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED BY THE PARENT AND CHILD RELATIONSHIP
19 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 4.5.

20 (3) THE DONOR IS NOT THE LEGAL PARENT OF THE CHILD THEREBY
21 CONCEIVED AND HAS NO RIGHTS OR DUTIES STEMMING FROM THE
22 CONCEPTION OF THE CHILD.

23 19-4.5-114. Certain provisions of law not applicable to
24 surrogacy agreements. (1) A SURROGACY AGREEMENT IS NOT
25 CONSIDERED:

26 (a) AN ADOPTION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 5 OF THIS TITLE 19; OR
27 (b) A SURRENDER OF CUSTODY OR TERMINATION OF PARENTAL

-14-

RIGHTS OF THE CHILD BY THE DONOR IN VIOLATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS
 OF ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 19.

3 (2) THE PAYMENT OF REASONABLE EXPENSES AND SUPPORT IN
4 CONNECTION WITH A VALID SURROGACY AGREEMENT DOES NOT
5 CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF SECTION 19-5-213.

6 SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal section
7 19-4-106.

8 SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-1-103, amend
9 (44.5); and repeal (91.5) as follows:

10 19-1-103. Definitions. As used in this title 19 or in the specified
portion of this title 19, unless the context otherwise requires:

(44.5) "Donor", as used in section 19-4-106 SECTION 19-4.5-103,
means an individual who produces eggs or sperm used for assisted
reproduction, whether or not for consideration. "Donor" does not include
a husband who provides sperm, or a wife who provides eggs, to be used
for assisted reproduction by the wife.

(91.5) "Record", as used in section 19-4-106, means information
that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or
other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

20 SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-25-126, amend
21 (1)(f) as follows:

13-25-126. Genetic tests to determine parentage. (1) (f) A
report of genetic testing shall be in a record defined in section 19-1-103
(91.5), C.R.S., and signed under penalty of perjury by a designee of the
testing laboratory. A report made pursuant to the requirements of this
article is self-authenticating.

27 **SECTION 5.** Act subject to petition - effective date. This act

takes effect January 1, 2021; except that, if a referendum petition is filed 1 2 pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this 3 act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item, 4 5 section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the 6 general election to be held in November 2020 and, in such case, will take effect January 1, 2021, or on the date of the official declaration of the 7 8 vote thereon by the governor, whichever is later.