Second Regular Session Sixty-eighth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 12-0200.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 12-046

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Newell and Hudak,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Nikkel and Levy, Szabo

Senate Committees

House Committees

Education Appropriations

101

102

103

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING DISCIPLINARY MEASURES IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, AND IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, REQUIRING A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ACT.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

Legislative Task Force to Study School Discipline. The bill amends the statutory grounds for suspension or expulsion of a student to increase the discretion of school administrators and school district boards of education (local boards). The only circumstances under which

expulsion remains mandatory are those that involve a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm at school. The bill defines the terms "suspension", "in-school suspension", "out-of-school suspension", and "expulsion".

The bill relocates, with substantive amendments, certain statutory provisions concerning school conduct and discipline codes (codes) and safe school reporting requirements.

Each code shall include criteria distinguishing minor code violations from behavior that will result in the referral of an offending student to a law enforcement agency. Each code shall include a specific policy concerning the prevention of sexual assault and domestic violence.

Each public school of a school district shall require each student enrolled in the public school to be familiar with the provisions of the code.

In creating and enforcing a code, each local board shall:

- ! Ensure that the code is designed to protect students from harm, provide opportunities for students to learn from their mistakes, foster a positive learning community, keep students in school, and implement a graduated set of age-appropriate responses to misconduct that are fair and proportionate in relation to each student's individual conduct;
- ! To the extent practicable, limit the use of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions to incidents that involve conduct that poses a serious and credible threat to the safety of pupils and staff; and
- ! To the extent practicable, use prevention, intervention, restorative justice, peer mediation, counseling, and other approaches to address student misconduct.

In creating a code, each local board shall solicit and consider input from the school district accountability committee of the school district and a local or statewide law enforcement agency.

To the extent practicable, each local board shall assist teachers and other school employees, as may be appropriate, in obtaining training in conflict resolution in and out of the classroom, disciplinary alternatives, and restorative justice for the purpose of preventing violations of the school district's code.

If a student is suspended from school, the suspending authority shall provide an opportunity for the student to make up school work during the period of suspension for full academic credit.

The report of code violations that is required of each school principal as part of the safe school reporting requirements shall specifically identify each violation that resulted in referral to a law enforcement agency.

On and after October 1, 2012, the peace officer standards and

-2- 046

training (P.O.S.T.) board shall create and provide a training curriculum to prepare peace officers to serve as school resource officers. In creating the training curriculum, the P.O.S.T. board shall solicit and, to the extent practicable, implement the suggestions of relevant stakeholders.

On and after October 1, 2013, neither a school administrator nor a local board shall accept the assignment of a peace officer acting in his or her official capacity as school resource officer in a public school unless the peace officer has successfully completed the school resource officer training program.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

1

2	SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly
3	hereby declares that:
4	(a) The use of inflexible "zero-tolerance" policies as a means of
5	addressing disciplinary problems in schools has resulted in unnecessary
6	expulsions, out-of-school suspensions, and referrals to law enforcement
7	agencies;
8	(b) Involvement of students in the criminal or juvenile justice
9	systems should be avoided when addressing minor misbehavior that is
10	typical for a student based on his or her developmental stage;
11	(c) State laws must allow school administrators and local boards
12	of education to use their discretion to determine the appropriate
13	disciplinary response to each incident of student misconduct;
14	(d) Each school district of the state is encouraged, in creating and
15	enforcing a school conduct and discipline code, to protect students and
16	staff from harm, provide opportunities for students to learn from their
17	mistakes, foster a positive learning community, keep students in school,
18	and show mindful consideration of negative impacts that can occur as a
19	result of involvement with the criminal justice system;
20	(e) School discipline policies and practices must apply equally to

-3-

1	all students regardless of their economic status, race, gender, ethnicity,
2	religion, national origin, sexual orientation, or disability; and
3	(f) Each school district of the state is encouraged to include in its
4	school conduct and discipline code a specific policy that:
5	(I) States which violations of the code require a referral to law
6	enforcement due to the serious nature of the violation or as a result of a
7	state or federal reporting law;
8	(II) States which violations of the code may result in a referral to
9	law enforcement, subject to the discretion of a school administration or
10	a local board of education; and
11	(III) States factors that the school district will consider when
12	making a determination as to whether to refer a student to law
13	enforcement, which factors, at a minimum, include:
14	(A) The age of a student;
15	(B) The disciplinary history of a student;
16	(C) Whether a student has a disability;
17	(D) The seriousness of a violation;
18	(E) Whether a violation threatened the safety of any student or
19	staff member; and
20	(F) Whether a lesser intervention would properly address a
21	violation.
22	(2) Now, therefore, the general assembly determines and declares
23	<u>that:</u>
24	(a) To ensure that the best interests of Colorado schools are being
25	served, in accordance with section 2-2-1201, Colorado Revised Statutes
26	(C.R.S.), the legislative service agencies of the general assembly shall
27	conduct a post-enactment review of this act and report their conclusions

-4- 046

1	to the education committees of the house of representatives and senate,
2	or any successor committees, and to the persons described in section
3	<u>2-2-1201 (3), C.R.S.;</u>
4	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2-2-1201 (3),
5	C.R.S., the legislative service agencies of the general assembly shall
6	complete the post-enactment review of this act four years after this act
7	becomes law;
8	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2-2-1201 (2) (a),
9	C.R.S., the review shall not make the determinations described in said
10	section 2-2-1201 (2) (a), C.R.S., but shall include any information
11	reported to the division of criminal justice by school resource officers and
12	other law enforcement officers pursuant to section 22-32-145, C.R.S., as
13	described in section 3 of this act; and by district attorneys pursuant to
14	section 20-1-113, C.R.S., as described in section 10 of this act; and
15	(d) The members of the education committees of the house of
16	representatives and senate, or any successor committees, are encouraged
17	to consider whether to:
18	(I) Continue to require school resource officers and other law
19	enforcement officers and district attorneys to report such information to
20	the division of criminal justice; or
21	(II) Enact legislation to repeal such reporting requirements.
22	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-32-109.1, amend
23	(1), (2) introductory portion, (2) (a), and (2) (b); and add (1.5) as follows:
24	22-32-109.1. Board of education - specific powers and duties
25	- safe school plan - conduct and discipline code - safe school reporting
26	requirements. (1) Definitions. Each school district board of education
27	shall adopt a mission statement for the school district, which statement

-5- 046

1	shall include making safety a priority in each public school of the school
2	district. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
3	REQUIRES:
4	(a) "ACTION TAKEN" MEANS A SPECIFIC TYPE OF DISCIPLINE,
5	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES OF
6	<u>DISCIPLINE:</u>
7	(I) IN-SCHOOL SUSPENSION;
8	(II) OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION;
9	(III) CLASSROOM REMOVAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH BOARD POLICY;
10	(IV) EXPULSION;
11	(V) REFERRAL TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; OR
12	(VI) ANY OTHER FORM OF DISCIPLINE, WHICH SHALL BE
13	OFFICIALLY IDENTIFIED AS PART OF A BOARD POLICY;
14	(b) "BULLYING" MEANS ANY WRITTEN OR VERBAL EXPRESSION, OR
15	PHYSICAL OR ELECTRONIC ACT OR GESTURE, OR A PATTERN THEREOF, THAT
16	IS INTENDED TO COERCE, INTIMIDATE, OR CAUSE ANY PHYSICAL, MENTAL,
17	OR EMOTIONAL HARM TO ANY STUDENT. BULLYING IS PROHIBITED
18	AGAINST ANY STUDENT FOR ANY REASON, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
19	ANY SUCH BEHAVIOR THAT IS DIRECTED TOWARD A STUDENT ON THE BASIS
20	OF HIS OR HER ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE OR AGAINST WHOM FEDERAL AND
21	STATE LAWS PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION UPON ANY OF THE BASES
22	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 22-32-109 (1) (II) (I). THIS DEFINITION IS NOT
23	INTENDED TO INFRINGE UPON ANY RIGHT GUARANTEED TO ANY PERSON BY
24	THE FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION OR TO
25	PREVENT THE EXPRESSION OF ANY RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL, OR
26	PHILOSOPHICAL VIEWS.
27	(c) "Dangerous weapon" has the same meaning as set forth

-6- 046

1	<u>IN SECTION 22-33-102 (4).</u>
2	(d) "FULL-TIME TEACHER" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS LICENSED
3	PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 60.5 OF THIS TITLE, OR IS AUTHORIZED PURSUANT
4	TO SECTION 22-60.5-111 TO TEACH, AND IS PRIMARILY ENGAGED IN
5	TEACHING DURING A MAJORITY OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL MINUTES PER
6	SCHOOL DAY.
7	(e) "HABITUALLY DISRUPTIVE STUDENT" HAS THE SAME MEANING
8	AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 22-33-106 (1) (c.5).
9	(f) (I) "REFERRAL TO LAW ENFORCEMENT" MEANS A
10	COMMUNICATION BETWEEN A SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR, TEACHER, OR
11	OTHER SCHOOL EMPLOYEE AND A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, WHICH
12	<u>COMMUNICATION:</u>
13	(A) IS INITIATED BY THE SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR, TEACHER, OR
14	OTHER SCHOOL EMPLOYEE; AND
15	(B) CONCERNS BEHAVIOR BY A STUDENT THAT THE SCHOOL
16	ADMINISTRATOR, TEACHER, OR OTHER SCHOOL EMPLOYEE BELIEVES MAY
17	CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF THE SCHOOL CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE CODE
18	OR A CRIMINAL OR DELINQUENT OFFENSE AND FOR WHICH THE SCHOOL
19	ADMINISTRATOR, TEACHER, OR OTHER SCHOOL EMPLOYEE REQUESTS AN
20	INVESTIGATION OR OTHER INVOLVEMENT BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT
21	AGENCY.
22	(II) "REFERRAL TO LAW ENFORCEMENT" DOES NOT INCLUDE:
23	(A) CONTACT WITH A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT IS MADE
24	FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDUCATION, PREVENTION, OR INTERVENTION
25	REGARDING A STUDENT'S BEHAVIOR; OR
26	(B) ROUTINE OR INCIDENTAL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN A
27	SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR TEACHER OR OTHER SCHOOL EMPLOYEE AND A

-7- 046

1	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.
2	(g) "RESTORATIVE JUSTICE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
3	FORTH IN SECTION 22-32-144 (3).
4	(h) "SCHOOL VEHICLE" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET
5	FORTH IN SECTION 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S.
6	(1.5) Mission statement. Each school district board of
7	EDUCATION SHALL ADOPT A MISSION STATEMENT FOR THE SCHOOL
8	DISTRICT, WHICH STATEMENT SHALL INCLUDE MAKING SAFETY FOR ALL
9	STUDENTS AND STAFF A PRIORITY IN EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL OF THE SCHOOL
10	<u>DISTRICT.</u>
11	(2) Safe school plan. In order to provide a learning environment
12	that is safe, conducive to the learning process, and free from unnecessary
13	disruption, following consultation with the school district accountability
14	committee and school accountability committees, parents, teachers,
15	administrators, students, student councils where available, and, where
16	appropriate, the community at large, each school district board of
17	education shall adopt and implement a safe school plan, or review and
18	revise, if AS necessary IN RESPONSE TO ANY RELEVANT DATA COLLECTED
19	BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT, any existing plans or policies already in effect.
20	which In addition to the aforementioned parties, each school
21	DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION, IN ADOPTING AND IMPLEMENTING ITS
22	SAFE SCHOOL PLAN, MAY CONSULT WITH VICTIMS ADVOCACY
23	ORGANIZATIONS, SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGISTS, AND LOCAL LAW
24	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. THE PLAN, AT A MINIMUM, shall include but not
25	be limited to, the following:
26	(a) Conduct and discipline code. (I) A concisely written conduct
27	and discipline code that shall be enforced uniformly, fairly, and

-8-

1	consistently for all students. Copies of the code shall be provided to each
2	student upon enrollment at the elementary, middle, and high school levels
3	and shall be posted or kept on file at each public school in the school
4	district. The school district shall take reasonable measures to
5	ENSURE THAT EACH STUDENT OF EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL IN THE SCHOOL
6	DISTRICT IS FAMILIAR WITH THE CODE. The code shall include, but shall
7	NEED not be limited to:
8	(I) (A) General policies on student conduct, safety, and welfare:
9	(II) (B) General policies and procedures for dealing with students
10	who cause a disruption in the classroom, on school grounds, in A school
11	vehicles as defined in section 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S., VEHICLE, or at A
12	school activities ACTIVITY or sanctioned events EVENT, including a
13	specific policy allowing a teacher to remove a disruptive student from his
14	or her classroom. and, THE POLICY SHALL STATE THAT, upon the third
15	such removal from a teacher's class, to THE TEACHER MAY remove the
16	disruptive student from such THE teacher's class for the remainder of the
17	term of the class; EXCEPT THAT A DISRUPTIVE STUDENT SHALL NOT BE
18	REMOVED FROM A TEACHER'S CLASS FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TERM OF
19	THE CLASS UNLESS THE PRINCIPAL OF THE STUDENT'S SCHOOL OR HIS OR
20	HER DESIGNEE HAS DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED A BEHAVIOR PLAN FOR
21	THE STUDENT. A BEHAVIOR PLAN MAY BE DEVELOPED AFTER THE FIRST
22	SUCH REMOVAL FROM CLASS AND SHALL BE DEVELOPED AFTER THE
23	SECOND REMOVAL FROM CLASS. The general policies and procedures shall
24	include a due process procedure, which at a minimum shall require that.
25	as soon as possible after a removal, the teacher or the school principal
26	shall contact the parent or legal guardian of the student to request his or
27	her attendance at a student-teacher conference regarding the removal. A

-9- 046

1	behavior plan may be developed after the first such removal from class,
2	and shall be developed after the second such removal from class. Any
3	policy or procedure adopted shall comply with applicable federal and
4	state laws, including but not limited to laws regarding students with
5	<u>disabilities.</u>
6	(III) (C) Provisions for the initiation of suspension or expulsion
7	proceedings for students who qualify as habitually disruptive by causing
8	a disruption in the classroom, on school grounds, in school vehicles, or
9	at school activities or sanctioned events for a third time during a single
10	school year or calendar year STUDENTS;
11	(IV) (D) Policies and procedures for the use of acts of reasonable
12	and appropriate physical intervention or force in dealing with disruptive
13	students; except that no board shall adopt a discipline code that includes
14	provisions that are in conflict with the definition of child abuse in section
15	18-6-401 (1), C.R.S., and section 19-1-103 (1), C.R.S.;
16	(V) (E) General policies and procedures for determining the
17	circumstances under and the manner in which disciplinary actions,
18	including suspension and expulsion, shall be imposed in accordance with
19	the provisions of sections 22-33-105 and 22-33-106;
20	(VI) (F) A specific policy concerning gang-related activities in the
21	school, on school grounds, in school vehicles, or AND at school activities
22	or sanctioned events;
23	(VII) (G) Written prohibition, consistent with section 22-33-106,
24	of students from bringing OR POSSESSING dangerous weapons, drugs, or
25	other controlled substances to school, on school grounds, in A school
26	vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school activities ACTIVITY or sanctioned events
27	EVENT and from using drugs OR other controlled substances or tobacco

-10-

1	products on school grounds, in A school vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school
2	activities ACTIVITY or sanctioned events EVENT;
3	(H) WRITTEN PROHIBITION OF STUDENTS FROM USING OR
4	POSSESSING TOBACCO PRODUCTS ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL
5	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT;
6	(VIII) (I) A written policy concerning searches on school grounds,
7	including SEARCHES OF student lockers;
8	(IX) (J) A dress code policy that encourages school pride and
9	unity, promotes uniformity of dress, and defines and prohibits students
10	from wearing apparel that is deemed disruptive to the classroom
11	environment or to the maintenance of a safe and orderly school. The dress
12	code policy may require students to wear a school uniform or may
13	establish minimum standards of dress; and
14	(X) (A) (K) On and after August 8, 2001, a specific policy
15	concerning bullying prevention and education. Each school district is
16	encouraged to ensure that its policy, at a minimum, incorporates the
17	biennial administration of surveys of students' impressions of the severity
18	of bullying in their schools, as described in section 22-93-104 (1) (c);
19	character building; and the designation of a team of persons at each
20	school of the school district who advise the school administration
21	concerning the severity and frequency of bullying incidents that occur in
22	the school, which team may include, but need not be limited to, law
23	enforcement officials, social workers, prosecutors, health professionals,
24	mental health professionals, SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGISTS, counselors,
25	teachers, administrators, parents, and students. Each school district's
26	policy shall set forth appropriate disciplinary consequences for students
27	who bully other students and for any person who takes any retaliatory

-11- 046

1	action against a student who reports in good faith an incident of bullying,
2	which consequences shall comply with all applicable state and federal
3	<u>laws.</u>
4	(B) For purposes of this subparagraph (X), "bullying" means any
5	written or verbal expression, or physical or electronic act or gesture, or a
6	pattern thereof, that is intended to coerce, intimidate, or cause any
7	physical, mental, or emotional harm to any student. Bullying is prohibited
8	against any student for any reason, including but not limited to any such
9	behavior that is directed toward a student on the basis of his or her
10	academic performance or against whom federal and state laws prohibit
11	discrimination upon any of the bases described in section 22-32-109 (1)
12	(II) (I). This definition is not intended to infringe upon any right
13	guaranteed to any person by the first amendment to the United States
14	constitution or to prevent the expression of any religious, political, or
15	philosophical views.
16	(II) IN CREATING AND ENFORCING A SCHOOL CONDUCT AND
17	DISCIPLINE CODE PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH
18	(a), EACH SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION, ON AND AFTER
19	<u>August 1, 2013, shall:</u>
20	(A) IMPOSE PROPORTIONATE DISCIPLINARY INTERVENTIONS AND
21	CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO IN-SCHOOL
22	SUSPENSIONS, IN RESPONSE TO STUDENT MISCONDUCT, WHICH
23	INTERVENTIONS AND CONSEQUENCES ARE DESIGNED TO REDUCE THE
24	NUMBER OF EXPULSIONS, OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS, AND REFERRALS
25	TO LAW ENFORCEMENT, EXCEPT FOR SUCH REFERRALS TO LAW
26	ENFORCEMENT AS ARE REQUIRED BY STATE OR FEDERAL LAW;
27	(B) INCLUDE PLANS FOR THE APPROPRIATE USE OF PREVENTION,

-12- 046

1	INTERVENTION, RESTORATIVE JUSTICE, PEER MEDIATION, COUNSELING, OR
2	OTHER APPROACHES TO ADDRESS STUDENT MISCONDUCT, WHICH
3	APPROACHES ARE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE STUDENT EXPOSURE TO THE
4	CRIMINAL AND JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM. THE PLANS SHALL STATE THAT
5	A SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION SHALL NOT ORDER A VICTIM'S PARTICIPATION
6	IN A RESTORATIVE JUSTICE PRACTICE OR PEER MEDIATION IF THE ALLEGED
7	VICTIM OF AN OFFENDING STUDENT'S MISCONDUCT ALLEGES THAT THE
8	MISCONDUCT CONSTITUTES UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DEFINED IN
9	SECTION 16-22-102 (9), C.R.S.; A CRIME IN WHICH THE UNDERLYING
10	FACTUAL BASIS INVOLVES DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
11	18-6-800.3 (1), C.R.S.; STALKING AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-3-602,
12	C.R.S.; OR VIOLATION OF A PROTECTION ORDER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
13	<u>18-6-803.5, C.R.S.;</u>
14	(C) Ensure that the implementation of the code complies
15	WITH ALL STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS CONCERNING THE EDUCATION OF
16	STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-20-103 (5); AND
17	(D) Ensure that, in implementing the code, each school of
18	THE SCHOOL DISTRICT SHOWS DUE CONSIDERATION OF THE IMPACT OF
19	CERTAIN VIOLATIONS OF THE CODE UPON VICTIMS OF SUCH VIOLATIONS, IN
20	ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE IX OF THE UNITED STATES
21	CODE AND OTHER STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS.
22	(b) Safe school reporting requirements. A policy whereby the
23	principal of each public school in a school district shall submit annually,
24	in a manner and by a date specified by rule of the state board, a written
25	report to the board of education of such school district concerning the
26	learning environment in the school during that school year. The board of
27	education of the school district annually shall compile the reports from

-13- 046

1	every school in the district and shall submit the compiled report to the
2	department of education in a format specified by rule of the state board.
3	The compiled report shall be made available to the general public. Such
4	report shall include, but need not be limited to, the following specific
5	information for the preceding school year:
6	(I) The total enrollment for the school;
7	(II) The average daily attendance rate at the school;
8	(III) Dropout rates for grades seven through twelve, if such grades
9	are taught at the school; and
10	(IV) The number of conduct and discipline code violations, each
11	of which violations shall be reported only in the most serious category
12	that is applicable to that violation, including but not limited to specific
13	information on IDENTIFYING the number of, and the action taken with
14	respect to, each of the following types of violations:
15	(A) Carrying, bringing, using, or Possessing a dangerous weapon
16	on school grounds, in A school vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school activities
17	ACTIVITY or sanctioned events EVENT without the authorization of the
18	school or the school district;
19	(B) Use or possession of alcohol on school grounds, in A school
20	vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school activities ACTIVITY or sanctioned events
21	EVENT;
22	(C) Use, possession, or sale of a drug or controlled substance on
23	school grounds, in A school vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school activities
24	ACTIVITY or sanctioned events EVENT;
25	(D) Use or possession of A tobacco products PRODUCT on school
26	grounds, in A school vehicles VEHICLE, or at A school activities ACTIVITY
27	or sanctioned events EVENT;

-14- 046

1	(E) Being willfully disobedient or openly and persistently defiant
2	or repeatedly interfering with the school's ability to provide educational
3	opportunities to, and a safe environment for, other students;
4	(F) Commission of an act on school grounds, IN A SCHOOL
5	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT that, if
6	committed by an adult, would be considered first degree assault, as
7	described in section 18-3-202, C.R.S., second degree assault, as described
8	in section 18-3-203, C.R.S., or vehicular assault, as described in section
9	<u>18-3-205, C.R.S.;</u>
10	(G) Behavior on school property GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE,
11	OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT that is detrimental to
12	the welfare or safety of other students or of school personnel, including
13	but not limited to incidents of bullying as described by subparagraph (X)
14	of paragraph (a) of this subsection (2), and other behavior that creates a
15	threat of physical harm to the student or to other students;
16	(H) Willful destruction or defacement of school property;
17	(I) Commission of an act on school grounds, IN A SCHOOL
18	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT that, if
19	committed by an adult, would be considered third degree assault, as
20	described in section 18-3-204, C.R.S., or disorderly conduct, as described
21	in section 18-9-106 (1) (d), C.R.S., but not disorderly conduct involving
22	firearms or other deadly weapons, as described in section 18-9-106(1)(e)
23	and (1) (f), C.R.S.;
24	(J) Commission of an act on school grounds IN A SCHOOL
25	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT that, if
26	committed by an adult, would be considered robbery; and
27	(K) Other violations of the code of conduct and discipline that

-15- 046

1	resulted in documentation of the conduct in a student's record;
2	(V) For purposes of subparagraph (IV) of this paragraph (b),
3	"action taken" means the specific type of discipline, including but not
4	limited to the following categories of discipline:
5	(A) In-school suspension;
6	(B) Out-of-school suspension;
7	(C) Classroom removal in accordance with board policy;
8	(D) Expulsion;
9	(E) Referral to a law enforcement agency; or
10	(F) Any other form of discipline, which shall be officially
11	identified as part of a board policy;
12	(VI) The conduct and discipline code violations required to be
13	reported pursuant to subparagraph (IV) of this paragraph (b) shall
14	specifically identify each conduct and discipline code violation by a
15	student with a disability and each action taken with respect to each
16	violation by a student with a disability;
17	(VII) The average class size for each public elementary school,
18	middle school or junior high school, and senior high school in the state
19	calculated as the total number of students enrolled in the school divided
20	by the number of full-time teachers in the school; For purposes of this
21	subparagraph (VII), "full-time teacher" means a person who is licensed
22	pursuant to article 60.5 of this title or is authorized pursuant to section
23	22-60.5-111 to teach, and is primarily engaged in teaching during a
24	substantial majority of the instructional minutes per school day. AND
25	(VIII) On and after August 8, 2001, The school's policy
26	concerning bullying prevention and education, including information
2.7	related to the development and implementation of any bullying prevention

-16- 046

1	<u>programs.</u>
2	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-32-145 as
3	<u>follows:</u>
4	22-32-145. School use of on-site peace officers as school
5	resource officers - notifications of arrests and notices issued -
6	reporting requirements. (1) If a school resource officer or other
7	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER ACTING IN HIS OR HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY ON
8	SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OF
9	SANCTIONED EVENT ARRESTS A STUDENT OF THE SCHOOL, THE OFFICER
10	SHALL NOTIFY THE PRINCIPAL OF THE SCHOOL OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE OF
11	THE ARREST WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER THE ARREST.
12	(2) IF A SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER OR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT
13	OFFICER ACTING IN HIS OR HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY ON SCHOOL GROUNDS
14	IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT
15	ISSUES A SUMMONS, TICKET, OR OTHER NOTICE REQUIRING THE
16	APPEARANCE OF A STUDENT OF THE SCHOOL IN COURT OR AT A POLICE
17	STATION FOR INVESTIGATION RELATING TO AN OFFENSE ALLEGEDLY
18	COMMITTED ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL
19	ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT, THE OFFICER SHALL NOTIFY THE
20	PRINCIPAL OF THE SCHOOL OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE OF THE ISSUANCE OF
21	THE SUMMONS, TICKET, OR OTHER NOTICE WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE
22	ISSUANCE OF THE SUMMONS, TICKET, OR OTHER NOTICE.
23	(3) A SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE
24	PROVISIONS OF THE CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE CODE OF THE SCHOOL TO
25	WHICH HE OR SHE IS ASSIGNED.
26	(4) Commencing August 1, 2013, and continuing each
27	AUGUST 1 THEREAFTER, EACH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY EMPLOYING

-17- 046

1	OR CONTRACTING WITH ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO IS ACTING
2	OR HAS ACTED IN HIS OR HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN
3	A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT
4	SHALL REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE CREATED IN SECTION
5	24-33.5-502, C.R.S., IN AGGREGATE FORM WITHOUT PERSONAL
6	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION, DATA ABOUT THE CASES HANDLED BY THE
7	AGENCY ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL
8	ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT. EACH SUCH REPORT SHALL INCLUDE, AT
9	A MINIMUM, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION RELATING TO THE PRECEDING
10	TWELVE MONTHS:
11	(a) The number of students investigated by the officer for
12	DELINQUENT OFFENSES, INCLUDING THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS
13	INVESTIGATED FOR EACH TYPE OF DELINQUENT OFFENSE FOR WHICH THE
14	OFFICER INVESTIGATED AT LEAST ONE STUDENT;
15	(b) The number of students arrested by the officer,
16	INCLUDING THE OFFENSE FOR WHICH EACH SUCH ARREST WAS MADE;
17	(c) The number of summonses or tickets issued by the
18	OFFICER TO STUDENTS; AND
19	(d) THE AGE, GENDER, SCHOOL, AND RACE OR ETHNICITY OF EACH
20	STUDENT WHOM THE OFFICER ARRESTED OR TO WHOM THE OFFICER ISSUED
21	A SUMMONS, TICKET, OR OTHER NOTICE REQUIRING THE APPEARANCE OF
22	THE STUDENT IN COURT OR AT A POLICE STATION FOR INVESTIGATION
23	RELATING TO AN OFFENSE ALLEGEDLY COMMITTED ON SCHOOL GROUNDS,
24	IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT.
25	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 22-33-102 as
26	<u>follows:</u>
27	22-33-102 Definitions As used in this article unless the context

-18-

1	otherwise requires:
2	(1) "Academic year" means that portion of the school year during
3	which the public schools are in regular session, beginning about the first
4	week in September and ending about the first week in June of the next
5	year, or that portion of the school year which constitutes the minimum
6	period during which a pupil must be enrolled.
7	(2) "Adult" means a person who has reached the age of
8	twenty-one years.
9	(3) "Board of education" means the school board, board of
10	directors, and board of education of a school district.
11	(4) "DANGEROUS WEAPON" MEANS:
12	(a) A FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-1-901 (3) (h), C.R.S.;
13	(b) Any pellet gun, BB gun, or other device, whether
14	OPERATIONAL OR NOT, DESIGNED TO PROPEL PROJECTILES BY SPRING
15	ACTION OR COMPRESSED AIR;
16	(c) A FIXED-BLADE KNIFE WITH A BLADE THAT EXCEEDS THREE
17	INCHES IN LENGTH;
18	(d) A SPRING-LOADED KNIFE OR A POCKET KNIFE WITH A BLADE
19	EXCEEDING THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN LENGTH; OR
20	(e) ANY OBJECT, DEVICE, INSTRUMENT, MATERIAL, OR SUBSTANCE,
21	WHETHER ANIMATE OR INANIMATE, THAT IS USED OR INTENDED TO BE
22	USED TO INFLICT DEATH OR SERIOUS BODILY INJURY.
23	(5) "DELINQUENT ACT" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
24	SECTION 19-1-103 (36), C.R.S.
25	(4) (6) "Executive officer" means the superintendent of schools or
26	that THE head administrative officer designated by the A board of
27	education to execute its policy decisions.

-19-

1	(4.5) (7) "General educational development tests" or "GED"
2	means the battery of tests given at an authorized testing center, which
3	tests are designed and published by the GED testing service of the
4	American council on education to measure the major outcomes and
5	concepts generally associated with four years of high school education.
6	Each GED testing center must have a current contract with the American
7	council on education and be authorized by the commissioner of education.
8	(8) "HABITUALLY DISRUPTIVE STUDENT" HAS THE SAME MEANING
9	AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 22-33-106 (1) (c.5).
10	(4.7) (9) "Informal hearing" means an opportunity for a child to
11	explain his or her position regarding a disruption in the classroom or an
12	incident constituting THAT OCCURRED ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL
13	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT AND THAT
14	CONSTITUTED grounds for discipline.
15	(5) (10) "Parent" means the mother or father of a child or any
16	other person having custody of a child.
17	(11) "SCHOOL VEHICLE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
18	SECTION 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S.
19	(6) (12) "State board" means the state board of education.
20	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-33-105, amend
21	(2) (c),(3) (d) (III), and (6) as follows:
22	22-33-105. Suspension, expulsion, and denial of admission.
23	(2) In addition to the powers provided in section 22-32-110, the board of
24	education of each district may:
25	(c) Deny admission to, or expel for any period not extending
26	beyond one year, any child whom the board of education, in accordance
27	with the limitations imposed by this article, shall determine does not

-20- 046

1	<u>qualify for admission to, or continued attendance at, the public schools of</u>
2	the district. A board of education may delegate such powers to its
3	executive officer or to a designee who shall serve as a hearing officer. If
4	the hearing is conducted by a designee acting as a hearing officer, the
5	hearing officer shall forward findings of fact and recommendations to the
6	executive officer at the conclusion of the hearing. The executive officer
7	shall render a written opinion within five days after a hearing conducted
8	by the executive officer or by a hearing officer. The executive officer
9	shall report on each case acted upon at the next meeting of the board of
10	education, briefly describing the circumstances and the reasons for the
11	executive officer's action. When delegated, an appeal may be taken from
12	A CHILD WHO IS DENIED ADMISSION OR EXPELLED AS AN OUTCOME OF THE
13	HEARING SHALL HAVE TEN DAYS AFTER THE DENIAL OF ADMISSION OR
14	EXPULSION TO APPEAL the decision of the executive officer to the board
15	of education, AFTER WHICH TIME THE DECISION TO GRANT OR DENY THE
16	APPEAL SHALL BE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION. The
17	appeal shall consist of a review of the facts that were presented and that
18	were determined at the hearing conducted by the executive officer or by
19	a designee acting as a hearing officer, arguments relating to the decision,
20	and questions of clarification from the board of education. No board of
21	education shall deny admission to, or expel, any child without a hearing,
22	if one is requested by the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child,
23	at which evidence may be presented in the child's behalf. If the child is
24	denied admission or expelled, the child shall be entitled to a review of the
25	decision of the board of education in accordance with section 22-33-108.
26	(3) (d) The suspending authority shall:
27	(III) Provide an opportunity for a pupil to make up school work

-21- 046

1	during the period of suspension FOR FULL OR PARTIAL ACADEMIC CREDIT
2	TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE. The intent of this provision is to provide an
3	opportunity for the pupil to reintegrate into the educational program of
4	the district and to help prevent the pupil from dropping out of
5	SCHOOL BECAUSE OF AN INABILITY TO REINTEGRATE INTO THE
6	EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM following the period of suspension. which The
7	school district should take THIS INTENT into consideration when
8	determining the amount of credit a student will receive for this makeup
9	work.
10	(6) When a pupil is expelled by a school district, for the remainder
11	of the school year, the PUPIL'S parent, guardian, or legal custodian is
12	responsible for seeing that the compulsory school attendance statute is
13	complied with PUPIL COMPLIES WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE
14	during the period of expulsion. from such school district.
15	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-33-106, amend
16	(1) introductory portion, (1) (c.5) (I), (1) (c.5) (II), (1) (c.5) (III), (1) (d),
17	(2) introductory portion, (3) introductory portion, (4) (a), and (4) (b) (I);
18	and add (1) (g), (1.2), and (1.5) as follows:
19	22-33-106. Grounds for suspension, expulsion, and denial of
20	admission. (1) The following shall MAY be grounds for suspension or
21	expulsion of a child from a public school during a school year:
22	(c.5) (I) Declaration as an A habitually disruptive student. pursuant
23	to the provisions of this paragraph (c.5).
24	(II) For purposes of this paragraph (c.5), "habitually disruptive
25	student" means a child who has been suspended pursuant to paragraph
26	(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this subsection (1) three times during the course of
27	the school year for causing CAUSED a material and substantial disruption

-22- 046

1	in the classroom, on school grounds, on IN a school vehicle, as defined in
2	section 42-1-102 (88.5), C.R.S., or at A school activities ACTIVITY or
3	events because of behavior that was initiated, willful, and overt on the
4	part of the child SANCTIONED EVENT THREE OR MORE TIMES DURING THE
5	COURSE OF A SCHOOL YEAR. Any student who is enrolled in a public
6	school may be subject to being declared an A habitually disruptive
7	student.
8	(III) The student and the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian
9	shall have been notified in writing of each suspension DISRUPTION
10	counted toward declaring the student as habitually disruptive pursuant to
11	this paragraph (c.5) and the student and parent, legal guardian, or legal
12	custodian shall have been notified in writing and by telephone or other
13	means at the home or the place of employment of the parent or legal
14	guardian of the definition of "habitually disruptive student".
15	(d) (I) Serious violations in a school building or in or on school
16	property, which suspension or expulsion shall be mandatory; except that
17	expulsion shall be mandatory for the following violations: Carrying,
18	bringing, using, or possessing a dangerous weapon without the
19	authorization of the school or the school district; the sale of a drug or
20	controlled substance as defined in section 12-22-303, C.R.S.; or the
21	commission of an act which if committed by an adult would be robbery
22	pursuant to part 3 of article 4 of title 18, C.R.S., or assault pursuant to
23	part 2 of article 3 of title 18, C.R.S., other than the commission of an act
24	that would be third degree assault under section 18-3-204, C.R.S., if
25	committed by an adult.
26	(II) As used in this paragraph (d), "dangerous weapon" means:
27	(A) A firearm, whether loaded or unloaded;

-23- 046

1	(B) Any pellet or BB gun or other device, whether operational or
2	not, designed to propel projectiles by spring action or compressed air;
3	(C) A fixed blade knife with a blade that measures longer than
4	three inches in length or a spring loaded knife or a pocket knife with a
5	blade longer than three and one-half inches; or
6	(D) Any object, device, instrument, material, or substance,
7	whether animate or inanimate, used or intended to be used to inflict death
8	or serious bodily injury.
9	(III) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (I) of this
10	paragraph (d), carrying, bringing, or possessing a dangerous weapon
11	without the authorization of the school or the school district shall not
12	require mandatory expulsion if, when the student discovers that he or she
13	has carried, brought, or is in possession of a dangerous weapon, the
14	student notifies a teacher, administrator, or other authorized person in the
15	school district as soon as possible and delivers the dangerous weapon to
16	the teacher, administrator, or other authorized person. Nothing in this
17	subparagraph (III) shall be construed as prohibiting a school district from
18	expelling a student under the circumstances specified in this subparagraph
19	(III) if such expulsion would be in accordance with the school district's
20	discipline code. Committing one of the following offenses on
21	SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR
22	SANCTIONED EVENT:
23	(I) Possession of a dangerous weapon without the
24	AUTHORIZATION OF THE SCHOOL OR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT;
25	(II) The use, possession, or sale of a drug or controlled
26	SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-22-303, C.R.S.; OR
27	(III) THE COMMISSION OF AN ACT THAT, IF COMMITTED BY AN

-24- 046

1	ADULT, WOULD BE ROBBERY PURSUANT TO PART 3 OF ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE
2	18, C.R.S., OR ASSAULT PURSUANT TO PART 2 OF ARTICLE 3 OF TITLE 18,
3	<u>C.R.S.</u> , <u>other than the commission of an act that would be third</u>
4	DEGREE ASSAULT UNDER SECTION 18-3-204, C.R.S., IF COMMITTED BY AN
5	ADULT.
6	(g) Pursuant to Section 22-12-105 (3), making a false
7	ACCUSATION OF CRIMINAL ACTIVITY AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE OF AN
8	EDUCATIONAL ENTITY TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES OR SCHOOL
9	DISTRICT OFFICIALS OR PERSONNEL.
10	(1.2) EACH SCHOOL DISTRICT IS ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER EACH
11	OF THE FOLLOWING FACTORS BEFORE SUSPENDING OR EXPELLING A
12	<u>STUDENT PURSUANT TO A PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION:</u>
13	(a) The age of the student;
14	(b) THE DISCIPLINARY HISTORY OF THE STUDENT;
15	(c) Whether the student has a disability;
16	(d) The seriousness of the violation committed by the
17	STUDENT;
18	(e) Whether the violation committed by the student
19	THREATENED THE SAFETY OF ANY STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER; AND
20	(f) Whether a lesser intervention would properly address
21	THE VIOLATION COMMITTED BY THE STUDENT.
22	(1.5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in
23	ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 20 U.S.C. SEC. 7151, A STUDENT
24	WHO IS DETERMINED TO HAVE BROUGHT A FIREARM TO A SCHOOL, OR TO
25	HAVE POSSESSED A FIREARM AT A SCHOOL, SHALL BE EXPELLED FOR A
26	PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR; EXCEPT THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT
27	OF THE STUDENT'S SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY MODIFY THIS REQUIREMENT FOR

-25-

1	A STUDENT ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS IF SUCH MODIFICATION IS IN
2	<u>WRITING.</u>
3	(2) Subject to the district's responsibilities under article 20 of this
4	title, the following shall MAY be grounds for expulsion from or denial of
5	admission to a public school, or diversion to an appropriate alternate
6	<u>program:</u>
7	(3) The following shall MAY constitute additional grounds for
8	denial of admission to a public school:
9	(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (4),
10	a school district shall prohibit any student who is expelled from a public
11	school of the school district pursuant to paragraph (c) or (d) of subsection
12	(1) of this section OR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION
13	from enrolling or reenrolling in the same school in which the victim of
14	the offense or member of a victim's immediate family is enrolled or
15	employed. If the school district has no actual knowledge of the name of
16	the victim of the offense for which the student was expelled, the
17	provisions of this subsection (4) shall be implemented only upon request
18	of the victim or a member of the victim's immediate family.
19	(b) In any school district that has only one school in which the
20	expelled student can enroll, the school district shall either:
21	(I) Prohibit the student expelled from the school district pursuant
22	to paragraph (c) or (d) of subsection (1) of this section OR PURSUANT TO
23	SUBSECTION (1.5) OF THIS SECTION from enrolling or reenrolling in the
24	same school in which the victim of the offense or member of a victim's
25	immediate family is enrolled or employed; or
26	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-302, amend
27	(1) (e); and add (1) (f) as follows:

-26- 046

1	22-11-302. School district accountability committees - powers
2	and duties. (1) Each school district accountability committee shall have
3	the following powers and duties:
4	(e) TO CONSIDER INPUT AND RECOMMENDATIONS FROM the school
5	accountability committee for the principal's OF EACH school shall provide
6	input and recommendations to the district accountability committee and
7	the district administration concerning the principal's evaluation OF THE
8	SCHOOL DISTRICT TO FACILITATE THE EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE
9	OF THE SCHOOL'S PRINCIPAL FOR THE PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 9 OF THIS
10	TITLE; AND
11	(f) TO PROVIDE INPUT TO THE LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD CONCERNING
12	THE CREATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF ITS SCHOOL CONDUCT AND
13	DISCIPLINE CODE.
14	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-503, amend
15	(3) (c) as follows:
16	22-11-503. Performance reports - contents - rules. (3) In
17	addition to any information specified by rule of the state board, each
18	school performance report shall include the following information
19	concerning the operations and environment of the public school that is the
20	subject of the report:
21	(c) As described in state board rule, the occurrence of each of the
22	following types of incidents DESCRIBED IN SECTION 22-32-109.1 (2) (b)
23	(IV), expressed as a number and as a percentage of the total occurrences
24	of all of the incidents;
25	(I) Substance abuse - drugs;
26	(II) Substance abuse - alcohol;
27	(III) Substance abuse - tobacco;

-27- 046

1	(IV) Felony assaults;
2	(V) Fights;
3	(VI) Possession of dangerous weapons; and
4	(VII) Other violations of the code of conduct at the public school:
5	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-37-103, amend
6	(3) as follows:
7	22-37-103. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
8	otherwise requires:
9	(3) "In-school suspension" means a suspension pursuant to section
10	22-33-105 in Period of time during which, pursuant to section
11	22-33-105, the student is suspended PROHIBITED from participation
12	PARTICIPATING in regular school activities but remains in the school
13	environment and receives continuous CONTINUES TO RECEIVE educational
14	instruction, supervision, and discipline.
15	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 20-1-113 as
16	<u>follows:</u>
17	20-1-113. Reporting of criminal proceedings involving public
18	school students. (1) ON OR BEFORE AUGUST 1, 2013, AND ON OR BEFORE
19	EACH AUGUST 1 THEREAFTER, THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF EACH JUDICIAL
20	DISTRICT, OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE, SHALL REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF
21	CRIMINAL JUSTICE CREATED IN SECTION 24-33.5-502, C.R.S.
22	INFORMATION ABOUT OFFENSES ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED BY
23	A STUDENT THAT HAVE OCCURRED ON SCHOOL GROUNDS, IN A SCHOOL
24	VEHICLE, OR AT A SCHOOL ACTIVITY OR SANCTIONED EVENT WITHIN THE
25	JUDICIAL DISTRICT DURING THE PRECEDING TWELVE MONTHS.
26	(2) The information reported by each district attorney
7	DIDCHANT TO CURSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE THE

-28- 046

1	NUMBER OF OFFENSES FILED IN COURT, INCLUDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF
2	EACH TYPE OF SUCH OFFENSES, THE DISPOSITION OF EACH CASE, AND THE
3	AGE, GENDER, SCHOOL, AND RACE OR ETHNICITY OF EACH STUDENT THAT
4	THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY PROSECUTED.
5	(3) THE INFORMATION REPORTED BY EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY
6	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE, TO THE
7	EXTENT PRACTICABLE AND TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH INFORMATION IS
8	COLLECTED BY THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
9	THIS SECTION:
10	(a) The number of offenses that were referred to the
11	DISTRICT ATTORNEY BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AND WERE NOT
12	FILED IN COURT, INCLUDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF EACH TYPE OF SUCH
13	OFFENSES; AND
14	(b) The number of offenses for which the district attorney
15	REFERRED AN OFFENDER TO A JUVENILE DIVERSION PROGRAM OR OTHER
16	ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM, INCLUDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF EACH TYPE
17	OF SUCH OFFENSES.
18	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-31-303, amend
19	(1) (i); and add (1) (j) as follows:
20	24-31-303. Duties - powers of the P.O.S.T. board. (1) The
21	P.O.S.T. board has the following duties:
22	(i) To promulgate rules and regulations that establish the criteria
23	that shall be applied in determining whether to recommend peace officer
24	status for a group or specific position as provided in section 16-2.5-201
25	(4), C.R.S.; AND
26	(j) Toestablish standards for training of school resource
27	OFFICERS, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 24-31-312.

-29- 046

1	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-31-312 as
2	<u>follows:</u>
3	24-31-312. School resource officer training. (1) ON OR BEFORE
4	JANUARY 1, 2014, THE POST BOARD SHALL IDENTIFY A SCHOOL RESOURCE
5	OFFICER TRAINING CURRICULUM TO PREPARE PEACE OFFICERS.
6	(2) To the extent practicable, the training curriculum
7	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCORPORATE THE
8	SUGGESTIONS OF RELEVANT STAKEHOLDERS AND ADVOCATES.
9	(3) (a) In assigning peace officers to serve as school
10	RESOURCE OFFICERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-32-145, C.R.S., EACH LAW
11	ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IS ENCOURAGED TO ENSURE THAT SUCH PEACE
12	OFFICERS HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE SCHOOL RESOURCE
13	OFFICER TRAINING CURRICULUM DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
14	SECTION, OR WILL COMPLETE SAID TRAINING WITHIN SIX MONTHS AFTER
15	BEGINNING THE ASSIGNMENT.
16	(b) On and after January 1, 2015, each county sheriff and
17	EACH MUNICIPAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OF THE STATE SHALL
18	EMPLOY AT LEAST ONE PEACE OFFICER WHO HAS SUCCESSFULLY
19	COMPLETED THE TRAINING CURRICULUM DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF
20	THIS SECTION.
21	(4) For the purposes of section 22-32-145, C.R.S., the
22	TRAINING CURRICULUM PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
23	SECTION SHALL INCLUDE A MEANS OF RECOGNIZING AND IDENTIFYING
24	PEACE OFFICERS WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE THE TRAINING
25	<u>CURRICULUM.</u>
26	(5) In providing the training curriculum described in
2.7	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, THE P.O.S.T. BOARD MAY INCLUDE

-30-

1	PROVISIONS TO ALLOW FOR THE AWARDING OF CREDIT TO A PEACE OFFICER
2	WHO HAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED A SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER
3	CERTIFICATION CURRICULUM OFFERED BY ONE OR MORE PUBLIC OR
4	PRIVATE ENTITIES, WHICH ENTITIES SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY THE P.O.S.T.
5	BOARD.
6	(6) THE P.O.S.T. BOARD MAY CHARGE A FEE TO EACH PEACE
7	OFFICER WHO ENROLLS IN THE TRAINING CURRICULUM DESCRIBED IN
8	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE AMOUNT OF THE FEE SHALL NOT
9	EXCEED THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS INCURRED BY THE P.O.S.T.
10	BOARD IN PROVIDING THE CURRICULUM.
11	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-503,
12	amend (1) (y) and (1) (z); and add (1) (aa) as follows:
13	24-33.5-503. Duties of division. (1) The division has the
14	<u>following duties:</u>
15	(y) To develop, in cooperation with the department of corrections
16	and the state board of parole, a parole board action form; and
17	(z) To provide training on the Colorado risk assessment scale and
18	the administrative release guideline instrument as required by section
19	17-22.5-404 (2) (c), C.R.S.; AND
20	(aa) TO RECEIVE THE INFORMATION REPORTED TO THE DIVISION BY
21	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-32-145, C.R.S.,
22	AND BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS PURSUANT TO SECTION 20-1-113, C.R.S.,
23	AND PROVIDE THE INFORMATION, AS SUBMITTED TO THE DIVISION, TO ANY
24	MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC UPON REQUEST, IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT
25	INCLUDE ANY IDENTIFYING INFORMATION REGARDING ANY STUDENT. IF
26	THE DIVISION PROVIDES THE INFORMATION TO A MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC
27	UPON REQUEST PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (aa), THE DIVISION MAY

-31- 046

1	CHARGE A FEE TO THE PERSON, WHICH FEE SHALL NOT EXCEED THE DIRECT
2	AND INDIRECT COSTS INCURRED BY THE DIVISION IN PROVIDING THE
3	INFORMATION.
4	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-2-117, amend
5	(1.5) as follows:
6	22-2-117. Additional power - state board - waiver of
7	requirements - rules. (1.5) Notwithstanding any provision of this
8	section or any other provision of law, the state board shall not waive
9	requirements contained in article 11 of this title or sections 22-7-409.
10	22-32-105, 22-32-109 (1) (bb) (I) and (2), 22-32-109.1 (2) (a), and
11	22-33-104 (4) SECTIONS 22-7-409, 22-32-105, 22-32-109 (1) (bb) (I) AND
12	(2), 22-32-109.1 (2) (a), 22-32-145, AND 22-33-104 (4).
13	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-30.5-116.
14	amend (2) as follows:
15	22-30.5-116. Charter schools - school bullying policies
16	required. (2) For the purposes of this section, "bullying" shall have the
17	same meaning as set forth in section 22-32-109.1 (2) (a) (X) (B) SECTION
18	<u>22-32-109.1 (1) (b).</u>
19	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-30.5-502.
20	amend (2.5) as follows:
21	22-30.5-502. Definitions. As used in this part 5, unless the
22	context otherwise requires:
23	(2.5) "Bullying" shall have the same meaning as set forth in
24	section 22-32-109.1 (2) (a) (X) (B) SECTION 22-32-109.1 (1) (b).
25	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-204, amend
26	(2.3) (a) as follows:
2.7	18-1.3-204. Conditions of probation. (2.3) (a) When granting

-32- 046

1	probation, the court may, as a condition of probation, require any
2	defendant who is less than eighteen years of age at the time of sentencing
3	to attend school or an educational program or to work toward the
4	attainment of a high school diploma or a GED, as that term is defined in
5	section 22-33-102 (4.5) (7), C.R.S.; except that the court shall not require
6	any such juvenile to attend a school from which he or she has been
7	expelled without the prior approval of that school's local board of
8	education.
9	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 19-2-207 as
10	<u>follows:</u>
11	19-2-207. Juvenile parole board - authority. The board shall
12	have the authority to grant, deny, defer, suspend, revoke, or specify or
13	modify the conditions of any parole for any juvenile committed to the
14	department of human services under section 19-2-601 or 19-2-907 in such
15	a manner as is in the best interests of the juvenile and the public. In
16	addition to any other conditions, the board may require, as a condition of
17	parole, any adjudicated juvenile to attend school or an educational
18	program or to work toward the attainment of a high school diploma or a
19	GED, as that term is defined in section 22-33-102 (4.5) (7), C.R.S.;
20	except that the board shall not require any such juvenile to attend a school
21	from which he or she has been expelled without the prior approval of that
22	school's local board of education. The board shall promulgate rules that
23	establish criteria under which its parole decisions are made. The board
24	shall have the duties and responsibilities specified in part 10 of this
25	article.
26	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2-1002, amend
27	(1) (a), (3) (b) (I), and (9) (c) (I) as follows:

-33- 046

1	19-2-1002. Juvenile parole (1) Juvenile parole board -
2	hearing panels authority. (a) The juvenile parole board, referred to in
3	this part 10 as the "board", established pursuant to section 19-2-206 is
4	authorized to grant, deny, defer, suspend, revoke, or specify or modify the
5	conditions of any parole for any juvenile committed to the department of
6	human services as provided in sections 19-2-601 and 19-2-907. In
7	addition to any other conditions, the board may require, as a condition of
8	parole, any adjudicated juvenile to attend school or an educational
9	program or to work toward the attainment of a high school diploma or a
10	GED, as that term is defined in section 22-33-102 (4.5) (7), C.R.S.;
11	except that the board shall not require any such juvenile to attend a school
12	from which he or she has been expelled without the prior approval of that
13	school's local board of education. The board may modify any of its
14	decisions, or those of the hearing panel, except an order of discharge.
15	(3) (b) (I) In addition to any other conditions, the hearing panel
16	may require, as a condition of parole, any adjudicated juvenile to attend
17	school or an educational program or to work toward the attainment of a
18	high school diploma or a GED, as that term is defined in section
19	22-33-102 (4.5) (7), C.R.S.; except that the hearing panel shall not require
20	any such juvenile to attend a school from which he or she has been
21	expelled without the prior approval of that school's local board of
22	education.
23	(9) Parole discharge. (c) The board may discharge a juvenile
24	from parole before completion of the mandatory six-month parole period
25	when the board finds that the juvenile meets, at a minimum, all of the
26	following conditions of special achievement:
27	(I) Graduation from a public or accredited nonpublic high school

-34- 046

1	or completion of a GED, as that term is defined in section 22-33-102 (4.5)
2	<u>(7), C.R.S.;</u>
3	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 25-9-106.5
4	<u>as follows:</u>
5	25-9-106.5. Education and experience - substitution allowed.
6	Water and wastewater facility operator applicants must have a high
7	school diploma or have successfully completed the GED as defined in
8	section 22-33-102 (4.5) (7), C.R.S.; except that experience or relevant
9	training may be substituted for the high school diploma or GED.
10	Education, training as established under section 25-9-104 (2), and
11	cross-experience may be substituted for experience requirements for
12	certification as a water facility operator, as a water distribution system
13	operator, as a domestic wastewater facility operator, as a wastewater
14	collection system operator, as an industrial wastewater treatment facility
15	operator, or as a multiple facility operator; except that at least fifty
16	percent of any experience requirement shall be met by actual on-site
17	operating experience in a water facility or a wastewater facility, as the
18	case may be. For the lowest classification of operator in each category,
19	the board may establish rules allowing complete substitution of education
20	for experience for any applicant who passes the applicable examination.
21	For purposes of this section, "cross-experience" means that experience as
22	a wastewater treatment facility operator may be substituted for experience
23	requirements for certification as water treatment facility operator and vice
24	<u>versa.</u>
25	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-33-203, amend
26	(2) (b) and (3) as follows:
27	22-33-203. Educational alternatives for expelled students.

-35- 046

1	(2) (b) The educational services provided pursuant to this section are
2	designed to provide a second chance for the student to succeed in
3	achieving an education. While receiving educational services, a student
4	may be suspended or expelled pursuant to the CONDUCT AND discipline
5	code of the school district providing the educational services and the
6	provisions of part 1 of this article. Except as required by federal law, the
7	expelling school district is not required to provide educational services to
8	any student who is suspended or expelled while receiving educational
9	services pursuant to this section until the period of the suspension or
10	expulsion is completed.
11	(3) If a student is expelled for the remainder of the school year
12	and the student is not receiving educational services pursuant to this
13	section, the school district shall contact the expelled student's parent or
14	guardian at least once every sixty days until the beginning of the next
15	school year to determine whether the student is receiving educational
16	services from some other source; except that the school district need not
17	contact a student's parent or guardian after the student is enrolled in
18	another school district or in an independent or parochial school or if the
19	student is committed to the department of human services or is sentenced
20	pursuant to article 2 of title 19, C.R.S.
21	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-30.5-505,
22	amend (9) as follows:
23	22-30.5-505. State charter school institute - institute board -
24	appointment - powers and duties - rules. (9) The institute shall ensure
25	that each institute charter school addresses the expulsion, suspension, and
26	education of expelled or suspended students in a manner consistent with
27	the intents and purposes of sections 22-33-106 and 22-33-203 SECTIONS

-36- 046

1	22-33-105, 22-33-106, AND 22-33-203.
2	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-38-103, amend
3	(2) as follows:
4	22-38-103. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
5	otherwise requires:
6	(2) "Expelled student" means a student who is in the sixth,
7	seventh, eighth, or ninth grade, who is under seventeen years of age, and
8	who has been expelled from school pursuant to section 22-33-105. for a
9	period in excess of thirty days.
10	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-93-101, amend
11	(1) as follows:
12	22-93-101. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context
13	otherwise requires:
14	(1) "Bullying" shall have the same meaning as set forth in section
15	22-32-109.1 (2) (a) (X) (B) SECTION 22-32-109.1 (1) (b).
16	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-2-1201, add (8)
17	as follows:
18	2-2-1201. Accountability clauses - post-enactment review of
19	implementation of bills by legislative service agencies - definitions -
20	repeal. (8) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS
21	SECTION, IN CONDUCTING THE POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW OF SENATE BILL
22	12-046, ENACTED IN 2012, THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICE AGENCIES SHALL
23	NOT BE SUBJECT TO:
24	(I) THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION; OR
25	(II) THE REQUIREMENT IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION THAT
26	THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICE AGENCIES COMPLETE THE POST-ENACTMENT
27	REVIEW NO LATER THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE

-37- 046

1	IWO-IEAR OR FIVE-IEAR ANNIVERSARI, AS APPLICABLE, OF THE
2	ENACTMENT OF SENATE BILL 12-046.
3	(b) In conducting the post-enactment review of Senate
4	BILL 12-046, THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICE AGENCIES SHALL SUBMIT TO THE
5	MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATION COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF
6	REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, ANY
7	INFORMATION REPORTED TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE BY
8	SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS AND OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
9	PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-32-145, C.R.S., AND BY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS
10	PURSUANT TO SECTION 20-1-113, C.R.S. THE COMMITTEE MEMBERS ARE
11	ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER WHETHER TO:
12	(I) CONTINUE TO REQUIRE SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS AND
13	OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO
14	REPORT SUCH INFORMATION TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE; OR
15	(II) INTRODUCE LEGISLATION TO REPEAL SUCH REPORTING
16	REQUIREMENTS.
17	(c) The legislative service agencies shall complete the
18	POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW OF SENATE BILL 12-046 NO LATER THAN ONE
19	HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE FOUR-YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF THE
20	ENACTMENT OF THE BILL.
21	(d) This subsection (8) is repealed, effective September 1,
22	<u>2016.</u>
23	SECTION 26. No appropriation. The general assembly has
24	determined that this act can be implemented within existing
25	appropriations, and therefore no separate appropriation of state moneys
26	is necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
27	SECTION 27. Accountability. Four years after this act becomes

-38-

1	<u>law and in accordance with section 2-2-1201, Colorado Revised Statutes,</u>
2	the legislative service agencies of the Colorado General Assembly shall
3	conduct a post-enactment review of the implementation of this act
4	utilizing the information contained in the legislative declaration set forth
5	in section 1 of this act, and report their conclusions to the education
6	committees of the House of Representatives and Senate, or any successor
7	committees.
8	SECTION 28. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
9	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
10	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
11	8, 2012, if adjournment sine die is on May 9, 2012); except that, if a
12	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
13	state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
14	within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
15	unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
16	November 2012 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
17	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

-39-