General Assembly
Substitute Bill No. 5284
February Session, 2024


## AN ACT REVISING VARIOUS GAMING STATUTES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 12-801 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

As used in section 12-563a and sections 12-800 to 12-818, inclusive, the following terms have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates another meaning:
(1) "Board" or "board of directors" means the board of directors of the corporation;
(2) "Corporation" means the Connecticut Lottery Corporation as created under section 12-802;
(3) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection;
(4) "Division" means the former Division of Special Revenue in the Department of Revenue Services;
(5) "Fantasy contest" has the same meaning as provided in section 12850 as amended by this act;
(6) "Gaming laboratory" means a business entity that (A) specializes in the testing of technology systems for gaming operators licensed in the United States, (B) is licensed by the department as an affiliate pursuant to section 12-815a, as amended by this act, and (C) is not owned or controlled by the corporation;
(7) "Keno" means a lottery game in which a subset of numbers are drawn from a larger field of numbers by a central computer system using an approved random number generator, wheel system device or other drawing device;
[(6)] (8) "Lottery" means (A) the Connecticut state lottery conducted prior to the transfer authorized under section 12-808 by the Division of Special Revenue, (B) after such transfer, the Connecticut state lottery conducted by the corporation pursuant to sections 12-563a and 12-800 to $12-818$, inclusive, and section 12-853, (C) the state lottery referred to in subsection (a) of section $53-278 \mathrm{~g}$, and (D) keno conducted by the corporation pursuant to section 12-806c, or sections 12-851 and 12-853;
[(7) "Keno" means a lottery game in which a subset of numbers are drawn from a larger field of numbers by a central computer system using an approved random number generator, wheel system device or other drawing device;]
[(8)] (9) "Lottery and gaming fund" means a fund or funds established by, and under the management and control of, the corporation, into which all lottery, sports wagering and fantasy contest revenues of the corporation are deposited from which all payments and expenses of the corporation are paid and from which transfers to the General Fund or the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Fund Bonds Special Capital Reserve Fund, established in section 10-183vv, are made pursuant to section 12-812;
(10) "Lottery draw game" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-850, as amended by this act;
(11) "Lottery gaming system" means the complete integrated set of

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hardware and software elements that communicates, records, reports, captures and accounts for gaming data, including, but not limited to, issuing, canceling and validating wagers, determining winners and other functions necessary for the technological operation of the lottery;
(12) "Lottery sales agent" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-850, as amended by this act;
[(9)] (13) "Online lottery ticket sales" means the sale of lottery tickets for lottery draw games through the corporation's Internet web site, an online service or a mobile application, pursuant to a license issued to the corporation under section 12-853;
[(10)] (14) "Online sports wagering" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-850, as amended by this act;
[(11)] (15) "Operating revenue" means total revenue received from lottery sales and sports wagering less all cancelled sales and amounts paid as prizes but before payment or provision for payment of any other expenses;
(16) "Person in charge" means the person designated by a lottery sales agent licensee, or the applicant for such a license, who is responsible for managing such agent's compliance with the provisions of chapters 226 and 229a;
[(12)] (17) "Retail sports wagering" has the same meaning as provided in section $12-850$, as amended by this act; and
[(13)] (18) "Skin" has the same meaning as provided in section 12-850, as amended by this act.

Sec. 2. Section 12-806a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(a) As used in this section, "procedure" has the same meaning as ["procedure", as defined in subdivision (2) of] provided in section 1-120.
(b) The Department of Consumer Protection shall, for the purposes of section 12-568a, subsection (c) of section 12-574, sections 12-802a, 12815 a , as amended by this act, $12-853,12-854,12-863$ to $12-865$, inclusive $_{L}$ as amended by this act, 12-867 and 12-868 and this section, regulate the activities of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation to assure the integrity of the state lottery, retail sports wagering, online sports wagering and fantasy contests. In addition to the requirements of the provisions of chapter 12 and notwithstanding the provisions of section 12-806, the Connecticut Lottery Corporation shall, prior to implementing any procedure designed to assure the integrity of the state lottery, retail sports wagering, online sports wagering and fantasy contests, obtain the written approval of the Commissioner of Consumer Protection in accordance with regulations adopted under section 12-568a.
(c) (1) Each lottery gaming system shall be tested and certified, in a manner and with a frequency deemed necessary by the department to preserve gaming integrity, by a gaming laboratory. If the department suspects that the integrity of the lottery gaming system may be vulnerable or compromised, the department may require that the lottery gaming system be recertified by a gaming laboratory and the new certification submitted to the department.
(2) Each lottery draw game or keno shall be tested and certified, in a manner and with a frequency deemed necessary by the department to preserve gaming integrity, by a gaming laboratory prior to the corporation offering such lottery draw game or keno, provided a lottery draw game shall not require such testing and certification if such game (A) is sold in at least twenty states within the United States, and (B) has been tested by a nationally recognized gaming testing laboratory that is licensed in at least twenty states to perform system and game analysis.
(3) The department may develop technical standards against which gaming laboratories shall test lottery draw games and keno for compliance. If the department develops such standards, the department:
(A) Shall post such standards on the department's Internet web site;
(B) Shall review such standards not less than annually to ensure such standards preserve the integrity of gaming;
(C) May modify or update such standards to respond to a legal interpretation, to include additional standards or amend existing standards as the commissioner deems necessary in order to preserve the integrity of gaming or protect consumers from financial harm, to adjust to changes in technology, relevant standards or platform design, or for any other reason in order to preserve the integrity of gaming;
(D) Shall post any updates to such standards on the department's Internet web site, and such updates shall be effective thirty days after such posting unless the commissioner establishes a later effective date; and
(E) Shall notify the corporation in writing of any update to such standards prior to implementation of such update.
(4) A gaming laboratory engaged in testing and certifying a lottery draw game or keno shall file a report with the department, which shall include (A) the extent to which the lottery draw game or keno meets any technical standards adopted by the commissioner, (B) whether the lottery draw game or keno complies with the requirements of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and (C) any additional information needed by the department to certify the lottery game or keno.
(5) The department shall review the lottery draw game or keno that is being tested for proper functioning, and consider the test results and certification submitted by the gaming laboratory. After completing the evaluation of a lottery draw game or keno, the department may approve the lottery draw game or keno for use in the state. The department may suspend or revoke approval of a lottery draw game or keno without notice if the department has good cause to believe that the continued operation of such game or keno poses a threat to the security and

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integrity of gaming in the state.
Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 12-810 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(a) The Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200, shall apply to all actions, meetings and records of the corporation, except (1) where otherwise limited by subsection (c) of this section as to new lottery games and serial numbers of unclaimed lottery tickets, (2) with respect to financial, credit and proprietary information submitted by any person to the corporation in connection with any proposal to provide goods, services or professional advice to the corporation as provided in section 12-815, (3) with respect to any personally identifying, financial, credit or wagering information associated with any person's account for Internet games, as defined in section 12-850, as amended by this act, and (4) where otherwise limited by subsection [(f)] $(\mathrm{g})$ of section $12-863$ as amended by this act.

Sec. 4. Section 12-815a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue vendor, affiliate, lottery sales agent and occupational licenses in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner and in accordance with the provisions of this section.
(b) No person or business organization awarded a primary contract by the Connecticut Lottery Corporation to provide facilities, components, goods or services that are necessary for and directly related to the secure operation of the activities of said corporation shall do so unless such person or business organization is issued a vendor license by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection. For the purposes of this subsection, "primary contract" means a contract to provide facilities, components, goods or services to said corporation by a person or business organization (1) that provides any lottery game or any online
wagering system related facilities, components, goods or services and that receives or, in the exercise of reasonable business judgment, can be expected to receive more than seventy-five thousand dollars or twentyfive per cent of its gross annual sales from said corporation, or (2) that has access to the facilities of said corporation and provides services in such facilities without supervision by said corporation. Each applicant for a vendor license shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
(c) No person or business organization, other than a shareholder in a publicly traded corporation, may be a contractor or a subcontractor for the provision of facilities, components, goods or services that are necessary for and directly related to the secure operation of the activities of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation, or may exercise control in or over a vendor licensee unless such person or business organization is licensed as an affiliate licensee by the commissioner. Each applicant for an affiliate license shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
(d) (1) Each employee of a vendor or affiliate licensee who has access to the facilities of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation and provides services in such facilities without supervision by said corporation or performs duties directly related to the activities of said corporation shall obtain an occupational license.
(2) Each officer, director, partner, trustee or owner of a business organization licensed as a vendor or affiliate licensee and any shareholder, executive, agent or other person connected with any vendor or affiliate licensee who, in the judgment of the commissioner, will exercise control in or over any such licensee shall obtain an occupational license.
(3) Each employee of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation shall obtain an occupational license.
(e) The commissioner shall issue occupational licenses in the
following classes: (1) Class I for persons specified in subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of this section; (2) Class II for persons specified in subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section; (3) Class III for persons specified in subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of this section who, in the judgment of the commissioner, will not exercise authority over or direct the management and policies of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation; and (4) Class IV for persons specified in subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of this section who, in the judgment of the commissioner, will exercise authority over or direct the management and policies of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation. Each applicant for a Class I or III occupational license shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of twenty dollars. Each applicant for a Class II or IV occupational license shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of one hundred dollars. The nonrefundable application fee shall accompany the application for each such occupational license.
(f) No person or business organization may be a lottery sales agent unless such person or organization is licensed as a lottery sales agent by the commissioner.
[(f)] (g) In determining whether to grant a vendor, affiliate, lottery sales agent or occupational license to any such person or business organization, the commissioner may require an applicant to provide information as to such [applicant's] applicant and person in charge related to: (1) Financial standing and credit; (2) moral character; (3) criminal record, if any; (4) previous employment; (5) corporate, partnership or association affiliations; (6) ownership of personal assets; and (7) such other information as the commissioner deems pertinent to the issuance of such license, provided the submission of such other information will assure the integrity of the state lottery. The commissioner shall require each applicant for a vendor, affiliate, lottery sales agent or occupational license provided if an applicant for a lottery sales agent is a business organization the commissioner shall require such entity's person in charge to submit to state and national criminal history records checks and may require each such applicant, or person
in charge, to submit to an international criminal history records check before such license is issued. The state and national criminal history records checks required pursuant to this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with section 29-17a. The commissioner shall issue a vendor, affiliate, lottery sales agent or occupational license, as the case may be, to each applicant who satisfies the requirements of this subsection and who is deemed qualified by the commissioner. The commissioner may reject for good cause an application for a vendor, affiliate, lottery sales agent or occupational license.
[(g)] (h) Each vendor, affiliate or Class I or II occupational license shall be effective for not more than one year from the date of issuance. Each Class III or IV occupational license shall remain in effect throughout the term of employment of any such employee holding such a license. The commissioner may require each employee issued a Class IV occupational license to submit information as to such employee's financial standing and credit annually. Initial application for and renewal of any such license shall be in such form and manner as the commissioner shall prescribe.
(i) (1) Upon petition of the corporation, a vendor licensee or an affiliate licensee, the department may authorize an applicant for an occupational license to provisionally perform the work permitted under the license applied for, if: (A) The applicant has filed a completed occupational license application in the form and manner required by the commissioner, and (B) the corporation, vendor licensee or affiliate licensee attests that the provisional authorization is necessary to continue the efficient operation of the lottery, and is based on circumstances that are extraordinary and not designed to circumvent the otherwise applicable licensing procedures.
(2) The department may issue a provisional authorization to an applicant for an occupational license in advance of issuance or denial of such license for a period not to exceed six months. Provisional authorization shall permit such applicant to perform the functions and require the applicant to comply with the requirements of the
occupational license applied for as set forth in the provisions of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter. Provisional authorization shall not constitute approval for an occupational license. During the period of time that any provisional authorization is in effect, the applicant granted such authorization shall be subject to and comply with all applicable statutes and regulations. Any provisional authorization issued by the department shall expire immediately upon the earlier of: (A) The date of issuance of written notice from the department that the occupational license has been approved or denied, or (B) six months after the date the provisional authorization was issued.
(3) An individual whose occupational license application is denied after a period of provisional authorization shall not reapply for an occupational license for a period of one year from the date of the denial.
(4) An individual whose provisional authorization expires pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (2) of this subsection may apply for an additional provisional authorization. The department may issue such additional provisional authorization upon a determination that the conditions of subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection exist.
(j) When an incident occurs, or is reasonably suspected to have occurred, that causes a disruption in the operation, security, accuracy, integrity or availability of the lottery gaming system, the vendor licensed to provide such lottery gaming system shall, immediately upon discovery of such incident, but not later than twenty-four hours after discovery of such incident, provide the department with a written incident report including the details of the incident and the vendor's proposed corrections. Not later than five business days after notifying the department of an incident, the vendor licensee shall provide the department with a written incident report that (1) details the incident, including the root cause of the incident, and (2) outlines the vendor's plan to make corrections, mitigate the effects of the incident and prevent incidents of a similar nature from occurring in the future. If the vendor licensee is unable to determine the root cause and correct the incident

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within the initial five business days, the licensee shall continue to update the department every five business days with written incident reports until the root cause is determined and the incident is corrected. The department may require the vendor licensee to submit the lottery gaming system to a gaming laboratory for recertification.
[(h)] (k) (1) The commissioner may suspend or revoke for good cause a vendor, affiliate lottery sales agent or occupational license after a hearing held before the commissioner in accordance with chapter 54. The commissioner may order summary suspension of any such license in accordance with subsection (c) of section 4-182.
(2) Any such applicant aggrieved by the action of the commissioner concerning an application for a license, or any person or business organization whose license is suspended or revoked, may appeal pursuant to section 4-183.
(3) The commissioner may impose a civil penalty on any licensee for a violation of any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted under section 12-568a in an amount not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars after a hearing held in accordance with chapter 54.
[(i)] (l) The commissioner may require that the books and records of any vendor or affiliate licensee be maintained in any manner which the commissioner may deem best, and that any financial or other statements based on such books and records be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe. The commissioner or a designee may visit, investigate and place expert accountants and such other persons as deemed necessary in the offices or places of business of any such licensee for the purpose of satisfying himself or herself that such licensee is in compliance with the regulations of the department.
[(j)] (m) For the purposes of this section, (1) "business organization" means a partnership, incorporated or unincorporated association, firm, corporation, limited liability company, trust or other form of business
or legal entity; (2) "control" means the power to exercise authority over or direct the management and policies of a licensee; and (3) "person" means any individual.
[(k)] (n) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt such regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

Sec. 5. Section 12-850 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

For the purposes of this section ${ }_{\angle}$ [and] sections 12-851 to 12-871, inclusive, and sections 8 and 9 of this act:
(1) "Business entity" means any partnership, limited liability company, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee or any other legal entity and any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination thereof;
(2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Consumer Protection or the commissioner's designee;
(3) "Connecticut intercollegiate team" means any team associated with an intercollegiate program of a university or college of the state system of public higher education, as described in section 10a-1, an independent institution of higher education, as defined in section 10a173, or a for-profit college or university physically located in the state that offers in-person classes within the state;
(4) "Consumables" means nondurable items, including, but not limited to, dice, playing cards and roulette balls used in live online casino gaming;
(5) "Department" means the Department of Consumer Protection;
(6) "Electronic wagering platform" means the combination of hardware, software and data networks used to manage, administer, offer or control Internet games or retail sports wagering at a facility in this state;
(7) "E-bingo machine" means an electronic device categorized as a class II machine under the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, P.L. 100-497, 25 USC 2701 et seq. used to play bingo that is confined to a game cabinet and is substantially similar in appearance and play to a class III slot machine. "E-bingo machine" does not include any other electronic device, aid, instrument, tool or other technological aid used in the play of any in-person class II bingo game;
(8) "Entry fee" means the amount of cash or cash equivalent that is required to be paid by an individual to a master wagering licensee in order for such individual to participate in a fantasy contest;
(9) "E-sports" means electronic sports and competitive video games played as a game of skill;
(10) "Fantasy contest" means any fantasy or simulated game or contest with an entry fee, conducted over the Internet, including through an Internet web site or a mobile device, in which: (A) The value of all prizes and awards offered to a winning fantasy contest player is established and made known to the players in advance of the game or contest; (B) all winning outcomes reflect the knowledge and skill of the players and are determined predominantly by accumulated statistical results of the performance of participants in events; and (C) no winning outcome is based on the score, point spread or any performance of any single team or combination of teams or solely on any single performance of a contestant or player in any single event. "Fantasy contest" does not include lottery games;
(11) "Gaming entity licensee" means a master wagering licensee, a licensed online gaming operator, a licensed online gaming service provider or a licensed sports wagering retailer;
[(11)] (12) "Handling consumables" means physical contact with, or supervisory oversight over the acceptance, inventory, storage or destruction of, consumables, as well as being responsible for card inspection, counting and shuffling;
[(12)] (13) "Internet games" means (A) online casino gaming; (B) online sports wagering; (C) fantasy contests; (D) keno through the Internet, an online service or a mobile application; and (E) the sale of tickets for lottery draw games through the Internet, an online service or a mobile application;
[(13)] (14) "Keno" has the same meaning as provided in section 12$801 \bumpeq$ as amended by this act;
[(14)] (15) "Key employee" means an individual with the following position or an equivalent title associated with a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming service provider, online gaming operator or sports wagering retailer: (A) President or chief officer, who is the top ranking individual of the licensee and is responsible for all staff and the overall direction of business operations; (B) financial manager, who is the individual who reports to the president or chief officer who is generally responsible for oversight of the financial operations of the licensee, including, but not limited to, revenue generation, distributions, tax compliance and budget implementation; (C) compliance manager, who is the individual that reports to the president or chief officer and who is generally responsible for ensuring the licensee complies with all laws, regulations and requirements related to the operation of the licensee; (D) chief information officer, who is the individual generally responsible for establishing policies or procedures on, or making management decisions related to, information systems; or (E) chief data security officer, who is the individual generally responsible for establishing policies or procedures on, or making management decisions related to, technical systems. "Key employee" includes an individual (i) who is responsible for establishing the policies or procedures on, or making management decisions related to, wagering structures or outcomes for a licensee; or (ii) who has an
ownership interest [, provided the interest held by such individual and such individual's spouse, parent and child, in the aggregate,] that is five per cent or more of the total ownership or interest rights in the licensee. Tribal membership in and of itself shall not constitute ownership for purposes of this subdivision;
[(15)] (16) "Live game employee" means an employee of a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator or online gaming service provider that is operating live online casino gaming who is (A) responsible for handling consumables in a live online casino authorized under this chapter, (B) responsible for presenting live online casino gaming in a live online casino authorized under this chapter, or (C) a direct manager of an individual who is a live game employee under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision;
[(16)] (17) "Lottery draw game" means any game in which one or more numbers, letters or symbols are randomly drawn at predetermined times, but not more frequently than once every four minutes, from a range of numbers, letters or symbols, and prizes are paid to players possessing winning plays, as set forth in each game's official game rules. "Lottery draw game" does not include keno, any game for which lottery draw tickets are not available through a lottery sales agent or any game that simulates online casino gaming;
(18) "Lottery sales agent" means a person that contracts with the Connecticut Lottery Corporation to sell lottery tickets or offer keno at a retail facility in the state and not over the Internet, and is licensed in accordance with chapters 226 and 229a;
[(17)] (19) "Mashantucket Pequot memorandum of understanding" means the memorandum of understanding entered into by and between the state and the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe on January 13, 1993, as amended from time to time;
[(18)] (20) "Mashantucket Pequot procedures" means the Final Mashantucket Pequot Gaming Procedures prescribed by the Secretary
of the United States Department of the Interior pursuant to 25 USC 2710(d)(7)(B)(vii) and published in 56 Federal Register 24996 (May 31, 1991), as amended from time to time;
[(19)] (21) "Master wagering licensee" means (A) the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe, or an instrumentality of or an affiliate wholly-owned by said tribe, if licensed to operate online sports wagering, online casino gaming and fantasy contests pursuant to section 12-852; (B) the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut, or an instrumentality of or an affiliate wholly-owned by said tribe, if licensed to operate online sports wagering, online casino gaming and fantasy contests pursuant to section 12-852; or (C) the Connecticut Lottery Corporation, if licensed pursuant to section 12-853 to operate retail sports wagering, online sports wagering, fantasy contests and keno and to sell tickets for lottery draw games through the Internet, an online service or a mobile application;
[(20)] (22) "Mohegan compact" means the Tribal-State Compact entered into by and between the state and the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut on May 17, 1994, as amended from time to time;
[(21)] (23) "Mohegan memorandum of understanding" means the memorandum of understanding entered into by and between the state and the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut on May 17, 1994, as amended from time to time;
[(22)] (24) "Occupational employee" means an employee of a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, online gaming service provider or sports wagering retailer;
[(23)] (25) "Off-track betting system licensee" means the person or business organization licensed to operate the off-track betting system pursuant to chapter 226;
[(24)] (26) "Online casino gaming" means (A) slots, blackjack, craps, roulette, baccarat, poker and video poker, bingo, live dealer and other peer-to-peer games and any variations of such games, and (B) any

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games authorized by the department, conducted over the Internet, including through an Internet web site or a mobile device, through an electronic wagering platform that does not require a bettor to be physically present at a facility;
[(25)] (27) "Online gaming operator" means a person or business entity that operates an electronic wagering platform and contracts directly with a master wagering licensee to offer (A) one or more Internet games on behalf of such licensee, or (B) retail sports wagering on behalf of such licensee at a facility in this state;
[(26)] (28) "Online gaming service provider" means a person or business entity, other than an online gaming operator, that provides goods or services to, or otherwise transacts business related to Internet games or retail sports wagering with, a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, online gaming service provider or sports wagering retailer;
[(27)] (29) "Online sports wagering" means sports wagering conducted over the Internet, including through an Internet web site or a mobile device, through an electronic wagering platform that does not require a sports bettor to be physically present at a facility that conducts retail sports wagering;
[(28)] (30) "Retail sports wagering" means in-person sports wagering requiring a sports bettor to be physically present at one of the up to fifteen facility locations of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation or a licensed sports wagering retailer in this state;
[(29)] (31) "Skin" means the branded or cobranded name and logo on the interface of an Internet web site or a mobile application that bettors use to access an electronic wagering platform for Internet games;
[(30)] (32) "Sporting event" means any (A) sporting or athletic event at which two or more persons participate, individually or on a team, and may be eligible to receive compensation in excess of actual expenses for such participation in such sporting or athletic event; (B) sporting or
athletic event sponsored by an intercollegiate athletic program of an institution of higher education or an association of such programs; [, except for those in which one of the participants is a Connecticut intercollegiate team and the event is not in connection with a permitted intercollegiate tournament;] (C) Olympic or international sports competition event; or (D) e-sports event. [, except for those in which one of the participants is a Connecticut intercollegiate team and the event is not in connection with a permitted intercollegiate tournament. As used in this subdivision, "permitted intercollegiate tournament" means an intercollegiate e-sports, sporting or athletic event involving four or more intercollegiate teams that involves one or more Connecticut intercollegiate teams and the wager on the tournament is based on the outcome of all games within the tournament.] "Sporting event" does not include horse racing, jai alai or greyhound racing;
[(31)] (33) "Sports governing body" means the organization that prescribes final rules and enforces codes of conduct with respect to a sporting event and participants in the sporting event;
[(32)] (34) "Sports wagering" means risking or accepting any money, credit, deposit or other thing of value for gain contingent in whole or in part, (A) by any system or method of wagering, including, but not limited to, in person or through an electronic wagering platform, and (B) based on (i) a live sporting event or a portion or portions of a live sporting event, including future or propositional events during such an event, or (ii) the individual performance statistics of an athlete or athletes in a sporting event or a combination of sporting events ${ }_{\iota}$ provided a propositional wager shall not be placed on the performance or individual performance statistics of an athlete of a Connecticut intercollegiate team in a sporting event or a combination of sporting events. "Sports wagering" does not include the payment of an entry fee to play a fantasy contest or a fee to participate in e-sports; and
[(33)] (35) "Sports wagering retailer" means a person or business entity that contracts with the Connecticut Lottery Corporation to facilitate retail sports wagering operated by said corporation through an
electronic wagering platform at up to fifteen facilities in this state.
Sec. 6. Subsection (c) of section 12-859 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(c) [(1)] A key employee shall apply for a license on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. Such form shall require the applicant to: [(A)] (1) Submit to a fingerprint-based state and national criminal history records check conducted in accordance with section 2917a, which may include a financial history check if requested by the commissioner, to determine the character and fitness of the applicant for the license, [(B)] (2) provide information related to other business affiliations, and $[(C)]$ (3) provide or allow the department to obtain such other information as the department determines is consistent with the requirements of this section in order to determine the fitness of the applicant to hold a license.
[(2) In place of the criminal history records check described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the commissioner may accept from an applicant for an initial key employee license the submission of a third-party local and national criminal background check that includes a multistate and multijurisdictional criminal record locator or other similar commercial nation-wide database with validation, and other such background screening as the commissioner may require. Any such third-party criminal background check shall be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and accredited by the Professional Background Screening Association.]

Sec. 7. Subsection (b) of section 12-859a of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(b) [(1)] A live game employee shall apply for a live game employee
license on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. Such form shall require the applicant to: [(A)] (1) Submit to a fingerprintbased state and national criminal history records check conducted in accordance with section 29-17a, which may include a financial history check if requested by the commissioner, to determine the character and fitness of the applicant for the license, [(B)] (2) provide information related to other business affiliations, and [(C)] (3) provide, or allow the department to obtain, such other information as the department determines is consistent with the requirements of this section in order to determine the fitness of the applicant to hold a license.
[(2) In place of the criminal history records check described in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the commissioner may accept from a live game employee applicant the submission of a third-party local and national criminal background check that includes a multistate and multijurisdictional criminal record locator or other similar commercial nation-wide database with validation, and other such background screening as the commissioner may require. Any such third-party criminal background check shall be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and accredited by the Professional Background Screening Association.]

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) In place of the criminal history records check required of an applicant for a key employee license under subsection (c) of section 12-859 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, an applicant for a live game employee license under subsection (b) of section 12-859a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, an applicant for a lottery sales agent license, or person in charge of such agent, under subsection $(\mathrm{g})$ of section 12-815a, as amended by this act, the commissioner may accept from such applicant the submission of a third-party local and national criminal background check that includes a multistate and multijurisdictional criminal record locator or other similar commercial nation-wide database with validation, and other
such background screening as the commissioner may require. Any such third-party criminal background check shall be conducted by a thirdparty consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and accredited by the Professional Background Screening Association.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) Upon petition of the holder of a master wagering, online gaming operator, online gaming service provider or sports wagering retailer licensee, the commissioner may authorize an applicant for a key employee license under section 12-859 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or a live game employee license under subsection (b) of section 12-859a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, to provisionally perform the work permitted under the license applied for, if:
(1) The applicant has filed a completed key employee or live game employee license application, as applicable, in the form and manner required by the department, and
(2) The master wagering, online gaming operator, online gaming service provider or sports wagering retailer licensee attests that the provisional authorization is necessary to continue the efficient operation of Internet games or retail sports wagering, and is based on circumstances that are extraordinary and not designed to circumvent the otherwise applicable licensing procedures.
(b) The department may issue a provisional authorization to an applicant for a key employee or live game employee license in advance of issuance or denial of such key employee or live game employee license, as applicable, for a period not to exceed six months. Provisional authorization shall permit such applicant to perform the functions and require the applicant to comply with the requirements of the license applied for as set forth in the provisions of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter. Provisional authorization shall not constitute approval for a key employee or live game employee license. During the period of time that any provisional authorization is in effect,
the applicant granted such authorization shall be subject to and comply with all applicable statutes and regulations. Any provisional authorization issued by the department shall expire immediately upon the earlier of: (1) The date of issuance of written notice from the commissioner that the key employee or live game employee license, as applicable, has been approved or denied, or (2) six months after the date the provisional authorization was issued.
(c) An individual whose key employee or live game employee license application is denied after a period of provisional authorization shall not reapply for such a license for a period of one year from the date of the denial.
(d) An individual whose provisional authorization expires pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section may apply for an additional provisional authorization. The commissioner may issue such additional provisional authorization upon a determination that the conditions of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section exist.

Sec. 10. Section 12-863 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(a) (1) An individual may only place a sports wager through retail sports wagering or online sports wagering outside of the reservations of the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe and the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut or place a wager through online casino gaming conducted outside of such reservations, if the wagering is authorized pursuant to sections 12-852 to 12-854, inclusive, and the individual (A) has attained the age of twenty-one, and (B) is physically present in the state when placing the wager, and, in the case of retail sports wagering, is physically present at a retail sports wagering facility in this state.
(2) An individual may only participate in a fantasy contest outside of the reservations of the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe and the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut if the contest is authorized pursuant to section 12-852 or 12-853, and the individual has attained the age of
eighteen.
(b) Any electronic wagering platform used to (1) conduct online sports wagering or online casino gaming, (2) conduct keno through the Internet web site, an online service or a mobile application of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation, (3) conduct retail sports wagering, (4) sell lottery draw game tickets through the Internet web site, online service or mobile application of the Connecticut Lottery Corporation, or (5) conduct fantasy contests, shall be developed to:
(A) Verify that an individual (i) with an account for online sports wagering, online casino gaming or retail sports wagering is twenty-one years of age or older and is physically present in the state when placing a wager or, in the case of retail sports wagering, is physically present at a retail sports wagering facility, (ii) with an account to participate in keno or to purchase lottery draw game tickets is eighteen years of age or older and is physically present in the state when participating or purchasing such tickets, or (iii) with an account for fantasy contests is eighteen years of age or older;
(B) Provide a mechanism to prevent the unauthorized use of a wagering account; and
(C) Maintain the security of wagering, participation or purchasing data and other confidential information.
(c) A master wagering licensee and a licensed online gaming operator, online gaming service provider and sports wagering retailer shall each, where applicable based on the services provided:
(1) Prohibit an individual from establishing more than one account on each electronic wagering platform operated by the licensee;
(2) Limit a person to the use of only one debit card or only one credit card for an account, and place a monetary limit on the use of a credit card over a period of time, provided single-use stored value instruments purchased by cash or debit card only, including, but not limited to, a gift
card or a lottery terminal printed value voucher, may be used pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (d) of section 12-853;
(3) Allow a person to limit the amount of money that may be deposited into an account, and spent per day through an account;
(4) Provide that any money in an online account belongs solely to the owner of the account and may be withdrawn by the owner;
(5) Establish a voluntary self-exclusion process to allow a person to (A) exclude himself or herself from establishing an account, (B) exclude himself or herself from placing wagers through an account, or (C) limit the amount such person may spend using such an account;
(6) Provide responsible gambling and problem gambling information to participants; and
(7) Conspicuously display on each applicable Internet web site or mobile application:
(A) A link to a description of the provisions of this subsection;
(B) A link to responsible gambling information;
(C) A toll-free telephone number an individual may use to obtain information about problem gambling;
(D) A link to information about the voluntary self-exclusion process described in subdivision (5) of this subsection;
(E) A clear display or periodic pop-up message of the amount of time an individual has spent on the operator's Internet web site or mobile application;
(F) A means to initiate a break in play to discourage excessive play; and
(G) A clear display of the amount of money available to the
individual in his or her account.
(d) At least every five years, each master wagering licensee shall be subject to an independent review of operations conducted pursuant to such license for responsible play, as assessed by industry standards and performed by a third party approved by the department, which review shall be paid for by the licensee.
(e) [No advertisement of online casino gaming, online sports wagering or retail sports wagering may] Advertising, marketing and other promotional materials published, aired, displayed or disseminated by or on behalf of any gaming entity licensee shall:
(1) [Depict] Not depict an individual who is, or appears to be, under twenty-one years of age, unless such individual is a professional athlete or a collegiate athlete who, if permitted by applicable law, is able to profit from the use of his or her name and likeness; [or]
(2) Not be aimed exclusively or primarily at individuals under twenty-one years of age $\underline{\text { or at individuals under eighteen years of age if }}$ pertaining exclusively to keno, online lottery ticket sales or fantasy contests, or any combination thereof;
(3) Not directly advertise, target or promote Internet games or retail sports wagering to specific individuals, rather than a general audience, who are excluded pursuant to a self-exclusion process as described in subdivision (5) of subsection (c) of this section, through methods, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, telephone calls, text messages, direct messaging applications, mail and social media;
(4) State that individuals shall be eighteen or twenty-one years of age or older, as applicable, to participate in the type of gaming advertised, marketed or promoted;
(5) Not contain images, symbols, celebrity or entertainer endorsements or language designed to appeal specifically to those under twenty-one years of age, or, if pertaining exclusively to keno,
online lottery ticket sales or fantasy contests, or any combination thereof, to those under eighteen years of age;
(6) Not contain inaccurate or misleading information that would reasonably be expected to confuse and mislead patrons in order to induce them to engage in gaming;
(7) Not be published, aired, displayed or disseminated to a media outlet or on social media, that appeal primarily to individuals under twenty-one years or age, or, if pertaining exclusively to keno, online lottery ticket sales or fantasy contests, or any combination thereof, to those under eighteen years of age;
(8) Not be placed before any audience where the majority of the viewers or participants is presumed to be under twenty-one years of age, or, if pertaining exclusively to keno, online lottery ticket sales or fantasy contests, or any combination thereof, to those under eighteen years of age;
(9) Not imply greater chances of winning compared to other licensees;
(10) Not imply greater chances of winning based on wagering in greater quantity or amount, except for a lottery draw game that was approved prior to January 1, 2024, is available for patron wagering as of the effective date of this section, includes features approved by the department that increase the chances of winning and is not exclusively sold by lottery sales agents;
(11) Not contain claims or representations that gaming will guarantee an individual's social, financial or personal success;
(12) Not use any type, size, location, lighting, illustration, graphic, depiction or color resulting in the obscuring of any material fact; and
(13) If a direct or targeted advertisement or promotion sent to an individual, including, but not limited to, electronic mail or text message,
include a clear and conspicuous Internet link that allows the recipient to unsubscribe by clicking on one link.
(f) No master wagering licensee, online gaming operator licensee or sports wagering retailer licensee may enter into an agreement with a third party to conduct advertising or marketing on behalf of, or to the benefit of, such licensee that provides that compensation is dependent on, or related to, the volume of individuals who become patrons, the volume or amount of wagers placed or the outcome of wagers. A master wagering licensee or online gaming operator licensee may compensate a third party for advertising services based on the click through of an individual to an online gaming operator licensee's Internet web site, provided such compensation is not based on an individual creating an account or placing a wager.
[(f)] (g) The name and any personally identifying information of a person who is participating or who has participated in the voluntary self-exclusion process established pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection (c) of this section or established by the Department of Consumer Protection in regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (4) of section 12-865 shall not be deemed public records, as defined in section 1-200, and shall not be available to the public under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1200, except:
(1) The Department of Consumer Protection or Connecticut Lottery Corporation may disclose the name and personally identifying information of such person to a master wagering licensee, licensed online gaming operator, licensed online gaming service provider or licensed sports wagering retailer as necessary to achieve the purposes of the voluntary self-exclusion process established pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection (c) of this section or established by the Department of Consumer Protection in regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (4) of section 12-865; and
(2) The Connecticut Lottery Corporation may disclose the name and
any relevant records of such person, other than records regarding such person's participation in the voluntary self-exclusion process, if such person claims a winning lottery ticket or if such person claims or is paid a winning wager from online sports wagering or retail sports wagering or is paid a prize from a fantasy contest.

Sec. 11. Section 12-864 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2024):
(a) (1) No athlete, coach or referee who takes part in a sporting event and no individual participating in e-sports shall place any sports wager on any sporting event in which such athlete, coach, referee or individual is participating.
(2) No athlete, coach or referee who takes part in a sporting event of a sports governing body; employee of a sports governing body holding a position of authority or influence sufficient to exert influence over participants in a sporting event; employee of a member team of a sports governing body holding a position of authority or influence sufficient to exert influence over participants in a sporting event; or personnel of any bargaining unit of a sports governing body's athletes or referees, shall place any wager on any sporting event overseen by such governing body.
(3) No owner with a direct or indirect legal or beneficial ownership interest of five per cent or more of a member team of a sports governing body shall place any wager on a sporting event in which such member team participates. Tribal membership in and of itself shall not constitute ownership for purposes of this section.
(b) In determining which individuals are prohibited from placing a wager under subsection (a) of this section, a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, sports wagering retailer or online gaming service provider shall use reasonably available public information and exercise reasonable efforts to obtain information from the department or the relevant sports governing body regarding (1)
owners with a direct or indirect legal or beneficial ownership interest of five per cent or more of a member team of a sports governing body; and (2) employees holding a position of authority or influence sufficient to exert influence over participants in sporting events.
(c) An individual shall only place a [sports] wager on such individual's behalf and shall not wager on the account of, or for, any other person. No master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, sports wagering retailer or online gaming service provider shall accept a wager from a person on the account of, or for, any other person.
(d) An officer, director, owner, key employee, live game employee or occupational employee of a master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, sports wagering retailer or online gaming service provider or a family member who resides in the same household as such officer, director, owner, key employee or occupational employee, shall not place any wager [on a sporting event] with such master wagering licensee or its licensed sports wagering retailer or online gaming operator. Tribal membership in and of itself shall not constitute ownership for purposes of this section.
(e) A master wagering licensee or a licensed online gaming operator, sports wagering retailer or online gaming service provider shall not knowingly pay any winnings to a person who places a wager in violation of this section.
(f) A sports governing body may request that the commissioner restrict, limit or exclude wagering on a sporting event or events by providing notice in such form and manner as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner may take such action as the commissioner deems necessary to ensure the integrity of wagering on such sporting event or events.

Sec. 12. Subsection (f) of section 12-574 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
passage):
(f) (1) No person may participate in this state in any activity permitted under this chapter as an employee of an association, concessionaire, vendor, totalizator or affiliate licensee unless such person is licensed as an occupational licensee by the commissioner under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act. Whether located in or out of this state, no officer, director, partner, trustee or owner of a business organization which obtains a license in accordance with this section may continue in such capacity unless such officer, director, partner, trustee or owner is licensed as an occupational licensee by the commissioner as an owner under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act. An occupational license shall also be obtained by any shareholder, key executive, agent or other person connected with any association, concessionaire, vendor, totalizator or affiliate licensee, who in the judgment of the commissioner will exercise control in or over any such licensee. Such person shall apply for a license not later than thirty days after the commissioner requests [him] such person, in writing, to do so as a pari-mutuel employee under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act. The commissioner shall complete his investigation of an applicant for an occupational license and notify such applicant of his decision to approve or deny the application within one year after its receipt, or, if the commissioner determines good cause exists for extending such period of investigation and gives the applicant a reasonable opportunity for a hearing, by the date prescribed by the commissioner.
(2) Upon petition by the holder of an association, vendor, totalizator or affiliate license, the commissioner may authorize an applicant for an occupational license under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act, to provisionally perform the work permitted under the occupational license applied for, if:
(A) The applicant has filed a completed application for such occupational license in the form and manner required by the commissioner, and
(B) Such association, vendor, totalizator or affiliate licensee attests that the provisional authorization is necessary to continue the efficient operation of pari-mutuel wagering, and is based on circumstances that are extraordinary and not designed to circumvent the otherwise applicable licensing procedures.
(3) The commissioner may issue a provisional authorization to an applicant for an occupational license under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act, in advance of issuance or denial of such occupational license for such applicant for a period not to exceed six months. Provisional authorization shall permit such applicant to perform the functions and require the applicant to comply with the requirements of the occupational license applied for as set forth in the provisions of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter. Provisional authorization shall not constitute approval for an occupational license under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act. During the period of time that any provisional authorization is in effect, the applicant granted such authorization shall be subject to and comply with all applicable statutes and regulations. Any provisional authorization issued by the commissioner shall expire immediately upon the earlier of: (A) The date of issuance of written notice from the commissioner that the occupational license has been approved or denied, or (B) six months after the date the provisional authorization was issued.
(4) An individual whose occupational license application is denied after a period of provisional authorization shall not reapply for an occupational license under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 12-578, as amended by this act, for a period of one year from the date of the denial.
(5) An individual whose provisional authorization expires pursuant to subparagraph (B) of subdivision (3) of this subsection, may apply for an additional provisional authorization. The commissioner may issue such additional provisional authorization upon a determination that the conditions of subparagraph (B) of subdivision (2) of this subsection

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exist.
Sec. 13. Section 12-578 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
(a) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, governing registration and the issuance and annual renewal of licenses and payment of annual nonrefundable application fees for the same in accordance with the following schedule:
(1) Registration: (A) Stable name, one hundred dollars; (B) partnership name, one hundred dollars; (C) colors, twenty dollars; (D) kennel name, one hundred dollars.
(2) [Licenses:] Occupational licenses: (A) Owner, one hundred dollars; (B) trainer, one hundred dollars; (C) assistant trainer, one hundred dollars; (D) jockey, forty dollars; (E) jockey agent, for each jockey, one hundred dollars; (F) stable employees, including exercise boy, groom, stable foreman, hot walker, outrider, twenty dollars; (G) veterinarian, one hundred dollars; $(\mathrm{H})$ jockey apprentice, forty dollars; (I) driver, one hundred dollars; (J) valet, twenty dollars; (K) blacksmith, twenty dollars; (L) plater, twenty dollars; (M) [concessionaire, for each concession, two hundred fifty dollars; (N) concessionaire affiliate, for each concession of the concessionaire, two hundred fifty dollars; (O)] concession employees, twenty dollars; $[(\mathrm{P})](\mathrm{N})$ jai alai players, one hundred dollars; $[(\mathrm{Q})](\mathrm{O})$ officials and supervisors, one hundred dollars; [(R)] (P) pari-mutuel employees, forty dollars; [(S)] (Q) other personnel engaged in activities regulated under this chapter, twenty dollars; [(T) vendor, for each contract, two hundred fifty dollars; (U) totalizator, for each contract, two hundred fifty dollars; (V) vendor and totalizator affiliates, for each contract of the vendor or totalizator, two hundred fifty dollars; (W)] or (R) gaming employee, forty dollars. $[;(X)$ nongaming vendor, two hundred fifty dollars; $(\mathrm{Y})$ gaming services, five hundred dollars; and $(\mathrm{Z})$ gaming affiliate, two hundred fifty dollars. For the purposes of this subdivision, "concessionaire affiliate" means a business organization, other than a shareholder in a publicly traded
corporation, that may exercise control in or over a concessionaire; and "concessionaire" means any individual or business organization granted the right to operate an activity at a dog race track or off-track betting facility for the purpose of making a profit that receives or, in the exercise of reasonable business judgment, can be expected to receive more than twenty-five thousand dollars or twenty-five per cent of its gross annual receipts from such activity at such track or facility.]
(3) Business entity licenses: (A) Concessionaire, for each concession, two hundred fifty dollars; (B) concessionaire affiliate, for each concession of the concessionaire, two hundred fifty dollars; (C) vendor, for each contract, two hundred fifty dollars; (D) totalizator, for each contract, two hundred fifty dollars; (E) vendor and totalizator affiliates, for each contract of the vendor or totalizator, two hundred fifty dollars; (F) nongaming vendor, two hundred fifty dollars; (G) gaming services, five hundred dollars; and (H) gaming affiliate, two hundred fifty dollars. For the purposes of this subdivision, "concessionaire" means any individual or business organization granted the right to operate an activity at a dog race track or off-track betting facility for the purpose of making a profit that receives or, in the exercise of reasonable business judgment, can be expected to receive more than twenty-five thousand dollars or twenty-five per cent of its gross annual receipts from such activity at such track or facility, and "concessionaire affiliate" means a business organization, other than a shareholder in a publicly traded corporation, that may exercise control in or over a concessionaire.
(b) The commissioner shall require each applicant for a license under subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of this section to submit to state and national criminal history records checks before such license is issued. The criminal history records checks required pursuant to this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with section 29-17a.

Sec. 14. Section 29-18c of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):

The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection may appoint not more than four persons employed as investigators in the security unit of the Department of Consumer Protection, upon the nomination of the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, to act as special police officers in said unit. Such appointees shall serve at the pleasure of the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection. During such tenure, they shall have all the powers conferred on state police officers while investigating or making arrests for any offense arising from the operation of any off-track betting system, retail sports wagering, as defined in section 12-850, as amended by this act, Internet games, as defined in section 12-850, as amended by this act, or the conduct of any lottery game. Such special police officers shall be certified under the provisions of sections 7-294a to 7-294e, inclusive.

Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 7-177 of the 2024 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2024):
(a) All prizes given at any bazaar or raffle shall be merchandise, tangible personal property or a ticket, coupon, gift card or gift certificate, entitling the winner to merchandise, tangible personal property, services, transportation on a common carrier by land, water or air and to any tour facilities provided in connection therewith, or to participation in a lottery conducted under chapter 226. Such ticket, coupon, gift card or gift certificate shall not be refundable. No cash prizes or prizes consisting of alcoholic liquor shall be given, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and section 7-177a, and no prize shall be redeemed or redeemable for cash, except tickets for a lottery conducted under chapter 226 or gift certificates awarded in accordance with subsection (e) of section 7-185a. No animal shall be given as a prize. For the purposes of this section, coins whose trading value exceeds their face value and coins not commonly in circulation shall not be deemed a cash prize.

Sec. 16. Section 53-250 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2024):

Any person who uses any animal, including a fish, reptile or bird for the purpose of soliciting any alms, collection, contribution, subscription, donation or payment of money, or uses any animal including a fish, reptile or bird as a prize or award in the operation of any game or device, or exhibits any wild animal in connection with any business for the purpose of attracting trade upon any street, highway or public park or at any fair, exhibition or place of amusement, recreation or entertainment, or owns, keeps or has in [his] such person's custody any animal, including a fish, reptile or bird for any such purpose, shall be guilty of a class D misdemeanor, but no provision of this section shall be construed so as to apply (1) to the exhibition of any animal, including a fish, reptile or bird by (A) any educational institution; or (B) in a zoological garden or in connection with any theatrical exhibition or circus, or (2) to the use of any animal in a cow-chip raffle.

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section 1 | from passage | 12-801 |
| Sec. 2 | from passage | 12-806a |
| Sec. 3 | from passage | 12-810(a) |
| Sec. 4 | from passage | 12-815a |
| Sec. 5 | from passage | 12-850 |
| Sec. 6 | from passage | 12-859(c) |
| Sec. 7 | from passage | 12-859a(b) |
| Sec. 8 | from passage | New section |
| Sec. 9 | from passage | New section |
| Sec. 10 | from passage | 12-863 |
| Sec. 11 | October 1, 2024 | 12-864 |
| Sec. 12 | from passage | 12-574(f) |
| Sec. 13 | from passage | 12-578 |
| Sec. 14 | from passage | 29-18c |
| Sec. 15 | October 1, 2024 | 7-177(a) |
| Sec. 16 | October 1, 2024 | 53-250 |

PS Joint Favorable Subst.

