

General Assembly

Committee Bill No. 6916

January Session, 2019

LCO No. 6224



Referred to Committee on LABOR AND PUBLIC EMPLOYEES

Introduced by: (LAB)

AN ACT EXPANDING REMEDIES AND POTENTIAL LIABILITY FOR UNREASONABLY CONTESTED OR DELAYED WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIMS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 31-300 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2019*):
- 3 (a) As soon as may be after the conclusion of any hearing, but no 4 later than one hundred twenty days after such conclusion, the 5 commissioner shall send to each party a written copy of the commissioner's findings and award. The commissioner shall, as part of 6 the written award, inform the employee or the employee's dependent, 8 as the case may be, of any rights the individual may have to an annual 9 cost-of-living adjustment or to participate in a rehabilitation program 10 administered by the Department of Rehabilitation Services under the 11 provisions of this chapter. The commissioner shall retain the original 12 findings and award in said commissioner's office. If no appeal from the 13 decision is taken by either party within twenty days thereafter, such 14 award shall be final and may be enforced in the same manner as a 15 judgment of the Superior Court. The court may issue execution upon

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any uncontested or final award of a commissioner in the same manner as in cases of judgments rendered in the Superior Court; and, upon the filing of an application to the court for an execution, the commissioner in whose office the award is on file shall, upon the request of the clerk of said court, send to the clerk a certified copy of such findings and award. In cases where, through the fault or neglect of the employer or insurer, adjustments of compensation have been unduly delayed, or where through such fault or neglect, payments have been unduly delayed, the commissioner [may] shall include in the award interest at the rate prescribed in section 37-3a and a reasonable attorney's fee in the case of undue delay in adjustments of compensation and [may] shall include in the award in the case of undue delay in payments of compensation, interest at twelve per cent per annum and a reasonable attorney's fee. Payments not commenced within thirty-five days after the filing of a written notice of claim shall be presumed to be unduly delayed unless a notice to contest the claim is filed in accordance with section 31-297. In cases where there has been delay in either adjustment or payment, which delay has not been due to the fault or neglect of the employer or insurer, whether such delay was caused by appeals or otherwise, the commissioner [may] shall allow interest at such rate, not to exceed the rate prescribed in section 37-3a, as may be fair and reasonable, taking into account whatever advantage the employer or insurer, as the case may be, may have had from the use of the money, the burden of showing that the rate in such case should be less than the rate prescribed in section 37-3a to be upon the employer or insurer. In cases where the claimant prevails and the commissioner finds that the employer or insurer has unreasonably contested liability, the commissioner [may] shall allow to the claimant a reasonable attorney's fee. No employer or insurer shall discontinue or reduce payment on account of total or partial incapacity under any such award, if it is claimed by or on behalf of the injured person that such person's incapacity still continues, unless such employer or insurer notifies the commissioner and the employee of such proposed discontinuance or reduction in the manner prescribed in section 31-296

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and the commissioner specifically approves such discontinuance or reduction in writing. The commissioner shall render the decision within fourteen days of receipt of such notice and shall forward to all parties to the claim a copy of the decision not later than seven days after the decision has been rendered. If the decision of the commissioner finds for the employer or insurer, the injured person shall return any wrongful payments received from the day designated by the commissioner as the effective date for the discontinuance or reduction of benefits. Any employee whose benefits for total incapacity are discontinued under the provisions of this section and who is entitled to receive benefits for partial incapacity as a result of an award, shall receive those benefits commencing the day following the designated effective date for the discontinuance of benefits for total incapacity. In any case where the commissioner finds that the employer or insurer has discontinued or reduced any such payment without having given such notice and without the commissioner having approved such discontinuance or reduction in writing, the commissioner shall allow the claimant a reasonable attorney's fee together with interest at the rate prescribed in section 37-3a on the discontinued or reduced payments.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of section 31-284 with respect to the exclusivity of remedy between the employee and the employer shall not apply to an action by an employee against an insurer or third-party administrator for breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the handling of claims under this chapter or for a violation of chapter 704 or 735a or section 38a-815 or 42-110b. A claimant for benefits under this chapter is a third-party beneficiary of a contract of insurance for an employer's liability for benefits under this chapter and of a contract for a third-party administration of claims for benefits under this chapter, and such insurer or third-party administrator owes to such a claimant a duty of good faith and fair dealing and a duty not to contest benefits unreasonably nor to delay benefits unreasonably. The provisions of chapters 704 and 735a do not preempt a commonlaw action for breach of this covenant of good faith and fair dealing

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84 and exhaustion of administrative remedies under this chapter is not 85 required prior to the filing of such action, provided benefits awarded 86 or penalties imposed pursuant to chapter 568 shall be credited against 87 any duplicative damages awarded pursuant to such action. Damages in successful actions against an insurer or third-party administrator 88 89 under this subsection may include, but need not be limited to, 90 demonstrable economic damages, damages for mental or physical 91 injury, pain or suffering arising from the misconduct of the insurer or 92 third-party administrator and attorneys' fees.

(c) No insurer, third-party administrator or organization authorized to handle workers' compensation claims pursuant to chapter 568 shall be allowed to seek indemnification from any employer or organization as a result of a claim brought pursuant to this section.

97 (d) No insurer, third-party administrator or organization authorized 98 to handle workers' compensation claims pursuant to chapter 568 shall 99 seek increases in premium or agreed-upon compensation due to any 100 claim brought pursuant to this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
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Section 1	October 1, 2019		31-300

Statement of Purpose:

To clarify the law regarding bad faith handling of workers' compensation claims.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

Co-Sponsors: REP. JOHNSON, 49th Dist.; REP. CURREY, 11th Dist.

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