

General Assembly

January Session, 2019

Substitute Bill No. 6931

AN ACT CONCERNING DOMESTIC WORKERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (e) of section 31-58 of the general statutes is
 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2020*):

4 (e) "Employee" means any individual employed or permitted to 5 work by an employer but shall not include any individual employed in 6 camps or resorts which are open no more than six months of the year, 7 or in domestic service in or about a private home, except any 8 individual in domestic service employment as defined in the 9 regulations of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act,] or an individual 10 employed in a bona fide executive, administrative or professional 11 capacity as defined in the regulations of the Labor Commissioner or an 12 individual employed by the federal government, or any individual 13 engaged in the activities of an educational, charitable, religious, 14 scientific, historical, literary or nonprofit organization where the 15 employer-employee relationship does not, in fact, exist or where the 16 services rendered to such organizations are on a voluntary basis, or 17 any individual employed as a head resident or resident assistant by a 18 college or university, or any individual engaged in [baby sitting] 19 babysitting of an irregular and intermittent or a casual nature, or an 20 outside salesman as defined in the regulations of the federal Fair Labor 21 Standards Act, or any individual employed by a nonprofit theater,

provided such theater does not operate for more than seven months in
any calendar year, or a member of the armed forces of the state
performing military duty, as such terms are defined in section 27-61;

25 Sec. 2. Section 31-71f of the general statutes is repealed and the 26 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2020*):

(a) Each employer shall: (1) Advise his employees in writing, at the
time of hiring, of the rate of remuneration, hours of employment and
wage payment schedules, and (2) make available to his employees,
either in writing or through a posted notice maintained in a place
accessible to his employees, any employment practices and policies or
change therein with regard to wages, vacation pay, sick leave, health
and welfare benefits and comparable matters.

34 (b) Each employer employing a domestic worker, as defined in 35 section 5 of this act, shall advise the domestic worker in writing, at the 36 time of hiring, of: (1) The rate of remuneration, hours of employment 37 and wage payment schedules; (2) the job duties and responsibilities; (3) 38 the availability of sick leave, days of rest, vacation, personal days and 39 holidays, and whether such days are paid or unpaid, and the rate at which such days accrue; (4) necessary or required modes of 40 transportation, and whether such transportation is provided, paid or 41 42 reimbursed; (5) the availability of health insurance, and whether it is 43 paid or reimbursed; (6) any applicable severance, yearly raises or other 44 forms of compensation; (7) whether the employer may charge any fees 45 or costs for board and lodging; and (8) any other rights afforded to 46 such domestic worker under the provisions of this section, section 53-47 303e, as amended by this act, and sections 5 to 7, inclusive, of this act.

48 Sec. 3. Subdivision (10) of section 46a-51 of the general statutes is
49 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*50 *January 1, 2020*):

51 (10) "Employer" includes the state and all political subdivisions 52 thereof and means any person or employer <u>(A)</u> with three or more persons in such person's or employer's employ, or (B) employing a
domestic worker, as defined in section 5 of this act, without regard to
the total number of domestic workers in such person's or employer's
employ;
Sec. 4. Section 53-303e of the general statutes is repealed and the

58 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2020*):

(a) (1) No employer shall compel any employee (A) engaged in any
commercial occupation, [or] (B) engaged in the work of any industrial
process, or (C) employed as a domestic worker, as defined in section 5
of this act, to work more than six days in any calendar week. An
employee's refusal to work more than six days in any calendar week
shall not constitute grounds for his <u>or her</u> dismissal.

65 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this 66 subsection, a domestic worker may work seven days in any calendar 67 week provided (A) the domestic worker and his or her employer 68 agree, in writing, to such schedule, and (B) the domestic worker is 69 compensated at the appropriate rate, including the overtime rate, if 70 applicable.

(b) Any employee, who believes that his <u>or her</u> discharge was in violation of subsection (a) of this section may appeal such discharge to the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration. If said board finds that the employee was discharged in violation of said subsection (a), it may order whatever remedy will make the employee whole, including but not limited to_z reinstatement to his <u>or her</u> former or a comparable position.

(c) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall befined not more than two hundred dollars.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2020*) (a) For the purposes of this section and sections 6 and 7 of this act:

82 (1) "Domestic worker" means any individual or employee who is

83 paid or who is told he or she will be paid to perform work of a 84 domestic nature in or about a private dwelling, including, but not 85 limited to, housekeeping, home management, child care, caretaking of 86 individuals, including sick, convalescing and elderly individuals, 87 laundering, meal preparation, home companion services and other 88 household services for occupants of the private dwelling or the guests 89 of such occupants. "Domestic worker" does not include (A) a babysitter 90 whose employment is irregular and intermittent or of a casual nature, 91 or (B) a personal care attendant providing services pursuant to a state-92 funded program, including, but not limited to, (i) the program for 93 individuals with acquired brain injuries, established pursuant to 94 section 17b-260a of the general statutes, (ii) the personal care assistance 95 program, established pursuant to section 17b-605a of the general 96 statutes, (iii) the Connecticut home care program for the elderly, 97 established pursuant to section 17b-342 of the general statutes, (iv) the 98 pilot program to provide home care services to disabled persons, 99 established pursuant to section 17b-617 of the general statutes, (v) the 100 individual and family support waiver program administered by the 101 Department of Developmental Services, and (vi) the comprehensive 102 waiver program administered by the Department of Developmental 103 Services;

104 (2) "Employer" means any owner or any person, partnership, 105 corporation, limited liability company or association of persons acting 106 directly as, or on behalf of, or in the interest of an employer in relation 107 to a domestic worker and shall include for the purposes of chapter 567 108 of the general statutes a (A) homemaker-companion agency, as defined 109 in section 20-670 of the general statutes, (B) registry, as defined in 110 section 20-670 of the general statutes, or (C) homemaker-home health 111 aide agency, as defined in section 19a-490 of the general statutes, that 112 refers a domestic worker to a consumer to provide (i) homemaker 113 services, (ii) companion services, or (iii) homemaker-home health aide 114 services;

115 (3) "Consumer" means an individual receiving homemaker services,

116 companion services or homemaker-home health aide services from a

117 homemaker-companion agency, registry or homemaker-home health118 aide agency;

(4) "Homemaker services" means homemaker services, as defined insection 20-670 of the general statutes;

(5) "Companion services" means companion services, as defined insection 20-670 of the general statutes;

(6) "Homemaker-home health aide services" means homemakerhome health aide services, as defined in section 19a-490 of the general
statutes;

(7) "Live-in domestic worker" means a domestic worker who resides
in or about an employer's private dwelling for at least four consecutive
twenty-four-hour periods during at least two consecutive weeks
within one calendar year;

(8) "Full-time employment" means an average working period offorty hours or more per week within the previous month; and

(9) "Part-time employment" means an average working period ofless than forty hours per week within the previous month.

(b) No employer shall (1) restrict or interfere with a domestic
worker's private communications that are made when the domestic
worker is not expected to be working, (2) seize, search or inspect the
domestic worker's personal belongings, or (3) engage in any conduct
against a domestic worker that violates subsection (a) of section 53a192a of the general statutes or any other section of the general statutes.

(c) No employer of a live-in domestic worker shall enter a live-in
domestic worker's designated living area in or about the employer's
private dwelling without such live-in domestic worker's informed and
voluntary consent, except that the employer may enter such
designated living area if emergency repairs are required, if (1) securing

such live-in domestic worker's consent within a reasonable time is not
feasible, and (2) the employer provides notice to the live-in domestic
worker that the employer entered the live-in domestic worker's
designated living area to conduct such emergency repairs within a
reasonable time after doing so.

150 (d) No employer of a domestic worker shall monitor a domestic 151 worker's activities or communications by any means other than direct 152 observation, including the use of a computer, telephone, wire, radio, 153 camera or electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photo-optical systems, 154 without such domestic worker's informed and voluntary consent, 155 except that an employer may use such devices to monitor a domestic worker while he or she is performing care-giving tasks, including, but 156 not limited to, babysitting, child care and caretaking of sick, 157 158 convalescing or elderly individuals.

159 (e) A domestic worker who is required to utilize cleaning products 160 as part of his or her employment shall have the right to (1) alert his or 161 her employer to health hazards and allergies that the domestic worker believes to be related to these cleaning products, (2) negotiate with his 162 163 or her employer regarding the substitution of alternative cleaning 164 products, and (3) substitute cleaning products he or she believes to be less harmful to his or her health, or to the health of others, except 165 166 where the employer can demonstrate medical necessity for the use of a 167 particular cleaning product.

168 (f) (1) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (2) of this 169 subsection, if a domestic worker has been employed by an employer 170 for a period of ninety days or longer, such employer shall provide the 171 domestic worker with written notice prior to the termination of 172 employment. Such notice shall be provided not less than seven days 173 prior to the effective date of such termination, except that, if such 174 domestic worker is a live-in domestic worker, such notice shall be 175 provided not less than fourteen days prior to the effective date of such 176 termination.

177 (2) If a domestic worker has been employed by an employer for a 178 period of ninety days or longer, such employer may terminate such 179 domestic worker's employment immediately and without written notice, provided such employer compensates such domestic worker at 180 181 a rate not less than the amount the domestic worker would have 182 earned had the employer continued to employ such domestic worker 183 after providing notice of such termination pursuant to subdivision (1) 184 of this subsection.

185 (g) The provisions of subsection (f) of this section shall not apply to any employer who terminates a domestic worker due to the domestic 186 187 worker's wilful misconduct in the course of his or her employment. For 188 the purposes of this subsection, "wilful misconduct" means deliberate 189 misconduct in wilful disregard of the employer's interest and includes 190 any abuse, assault or other harmful or destructive conduct committed 191 by the domestic worker against the employer, the employer's 192 possessions, members of the employer's family, guests or other 193 individuals residing in or about the employer's private dwelling.

(h) Compensation provided in lieu of notice of termination pursuant
to subdivision (2) of subsection (f) of this section shall be provided
upon termination of the domestic worker's employment. Such
compensation shall not release an employer from any obligation to
make payments as may be necessary to comply with chapter 567 of the
general statutes or any other applicable municipal, state or federal law.

200 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2020) No employer shall 201 discharge, discipline, penalize, retaliate against or in any manner 202 discriminate against a domestic worker because such domestic worker 203 has (1) complained to the employer, an authorized representative of 204 the domestic worker or any other person, (2) filed a complaint or 205 instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, (3) testified or 206 intends to testify in any such proceeding, or (4) exercised any right 207 afforded to him or her by any provision of sections 31-58, 31-71f, 46a-208 51 and 53-303e of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or 209 sections 5 to 7, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective January 1, 2020*) A domestic worker or terminated domestic worker may bring an action in Superior Court against an employer to recover any appropriate relief, including rehiring or reinstatement to his or her previous job, payment of back wages and any interest due on such wages, compensation for the denial of days of leave, reestablishment of employee benefits or any other remedies that the court deems appropriate.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	January 1, 2020	31-58(e)
Sec. 2	January 1, 2020	31-71f
Sec. 3	January 1, 2020	46a-51(10)
Sec. 4	January 1, 2020	53-303e
Sec. 5	January 1, 2020	New section
Sec. 6	January 1, 2020	New section
Sec. 7	January 1, 2020	New section

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

Technical changes were made in Sections 1, 4, 5, 6 and 7, for clarity and proper form.

LAB Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO