HB 139 2020

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to drinking water in public schools; 3 creating s. 1013.29, F.S.; providing legislative 4 findings; defining terms; subject to legislative 5 appropriation, requiring each school district to 6 install filters that meet certain specifications on 7 drinking water sources; requiring such schools to post 8 certain signage on certain water sources and to 9 publish specified information on the school district's 10 website; authorizing school districts to request 11 additional funding to compensate school district staff 12 for the installation or replacement of filters; 13 providing for rulemaking; providing an appropriation; 14 providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Section 1013.29, Florida Statutes, is created 19 to read: 20 1013.29 Prevention of lead in drinking water in public 21 schools.-22 (1)The Legislature finds that: 23 (a) The adverse health effects of lead exposure in 24 children and adults are well documented and no safe blood lead 25 level in children has been identified;

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	(b)	Le	ad a	accumulat	es i	n the	body	and	can	be	ingested	from
vario	us	sour	ces	, includi	.ng w	ater	source	es us	sed	for	drinking,	food
prepa	ırat	cion,	or	cooking;	anc	d						

- (c) All sources of lead should be controlled or eliminated to prevent childhood lead poisoning.
  - (2) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Drinking water source" means any water source used for drinking, food preparation, or cooking. The term also includes water fountains, ice makers, and kitchen sinks.
- (b) "Point of use filter" or "filter" means a water filtration system that treats water at a single tap.
- (3) Subject to the appropriation of funds by the Legislature, for each district school that was built before 1986, each school district shall:
- (a) Install a point of use filter that reduces the lead content in drinking water on each drinking water source and maintain such filters in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 1. The filter must be installed by a school district staff member.
- 2. The filter or all of its component parts must meet the
  NSF International/American National Standards Institute Standard
  53: Drinking Water Treatment Units-Health Effects.
- 3. The filter must have a certified capacity of 7,900 gallons and, at a minimum, must be changed or replaced annually.

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(b) Post a conspicuous sign near each school water source that is not a drinking water source. The sign must include wording and an image that clearly communicate that water from the source should not be used for human consumption or, if applicable, for food preparation or cooking.

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- (c) Publish on its website a list of drinking water sources at such schools. At a minimum, the list must include, for each drinking water source, all of the following:
  - 1. The date on which the current filter was installed.
- 2. The date on which the current filter is scheduled to be changed or replaced.
  - 3. The location of each drinking water source.
- 4. Any actions necessary to comply with the requirements of this section which have been completed or are pending.
- (4) Each school district may request additional funds for the purpose of compensating school district staff for the installation or replacement of filters.
- (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 2. For the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the sum of \$3 million in recurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Education for the purpose of implementing s. 1013.29, Florida Statutes, as created by this act.
  - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

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