A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community development; amending s. 163.3180, F.S.; prohibiting a local government from applying transportation concurrency or requiring proportionate-share contribution or construction for new business development for a specified period; providing an exception; providing for an extension of the prohibition under certain conditions; providing for applicability; providing for future expiration; amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; prohibiting certain counties, municipalities, and special districts from imposing certain new or existing impact fees for a specified period; providing an exception; providing for an extension of the prohibition under certain conditions; providing for applicability; providing for future expiration; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (7) is added to section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.3180 Concurrency.-

(7) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law, ordinance, or resolution to the contrary, a local government may not apply transportation concurrency within its jurisdiction and may not require a proportionate-share contribution or construction for new business development before July 1, 2016, unless authorized

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by the affirmative majority vote of the local government's governing authority.

- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to proportionate-share contribution or construction assessed on existing developments before July 1, 2013.
- (c) In order to maintain the exemption from transportation concurrency and proportionate-share contribution or construction pursuant to paragraph (a), a new business development must receive a certificate of occupancy by July 1, 2017. If the certificate of occupancy is not received by July 1, 2017, the local government may apply transportation concurrency and require the appropriate proportionate-share contribution or construction for the business development that would have been applied but for this subsection. The new business development must consist of 6,000 square feet or less for anything classified as other than residential. Any outstanding obligation related to the proportionate-share contribution or construction runs with the land and is enforceable against any person claiming a fee interest in the land subject to that obligation.
- (d) This subsection does not apply if it results in a reduction of previously pledged revenue of a local government body for currently outstanding bonds or notes or to a local government with a mobility fee-based funding system in place on or before January 1, 2013.
- (e) Upon written notification to the local government, a developer may elect to have the local government apply transportation concurrency and proportionate-share contribution or construction to a business development.

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(f) This subsection expires July 1, 2017.

Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; definitions; ordinances levying impact fees.—

- (6) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law, ordinance, or resolution to the contrary, a county, municipality, or special district may not impose any new or existing impact fee or any new or existing fee associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts on new business development until July 1, 2016, unless authorized by the affirmative majority vote of the governing authority of the county, municipality, or special district. Any governing authority of a local government imposing an impact fee in existence on July 1, 2012, must reauthorize the imposition of the fee pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any impact fee or fee associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts previously enacted by law, ordinance, or resolution assessed on existing business development before July 1, 2013. The prohibition of fees in paragraph (a) applies only to new business developments that do not exceed 6,000 square feet in size.
- (c) In order to maintain the exemption from impact fees and fees associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts pursuant to paragraph (a), a new business development must receive a certificate of occupancy by July 1, 2017. If the certificate of occupancy is not received by July 1, 2017, the county, municipality, or special district may impose the

appropriate impact fees and fees associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts on the development that would have been applied but for this subsection. Any outstanding obligation related to impact fees and fees associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts on the development runs with the land and is enforceable against any person claiming a fee interest in the land subject to that obligation.

- (d) This subsection does not apply if it results in a reduction of previously pledged revenue of a local government body for currently outstanding bonds or notes or to a local government with a mobility fee-based funding system in place on or before January 1, 2013.
- (e) Upon notification to the county, municipality, or special district, a developer may elect to have impact fees and fees associated with the mitigation of transportation impacts imposed on a development.
 - (f) This subsection expires July 1, 2017.
 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.