1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public records; creating s. 3 394.464, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for petitions for voluntary and 4 5 involuntary admission for mental health treatment, 6 court orders, related records, and personal 7 identifying information regarding persons seeking 8 mental health treatment and services; providing 9 exceptions authorizing the release of such petitions, 10 orders, records, and identifying information to certain persons and entities; providing applicability; 11 12 prohibiting a clerk of court from publishing personal identifying information on a court docket or in a 13 14 publicly accessible file; providing for retroactive application; providing for future legislative review 15 16 and repeal of the exemption; providing a statement of 17 public necessity; providing a contingent effective 18 date. 19 20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 21 22 Section 1. Section 394.464, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 23 394.464 Court records; confidentiality.-24 25 (1)All petitions for voluntary and involuntary admission

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26	for mental health treatment, court orders, and related records
27	that are filed with or by a court under this part are
28	confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I
29	of the State Constitution. Pleadings and other documents made
30	confidential and exempt by this section may be disclosed by the
31	clerk of the court, upon request, to any of the following:
32	(a) The petitioner.
33	(b) The petitioner's attorney.
34	(c) The respondent.
35	(d) The respondent's attorney.
36	(e) The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if
37	applicable.
38	(f) In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's
39	parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate.
40	(g) The respondent's treating health care practitioner.
41	(h) The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.
42	(i) The Department of Children and Families, without
43	charge.
44	(j) The Department of Corrections, without charge, if the
45	respondent is committed or is to be returned to the custody of
46	the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children
47	and Families.
48	(k) A person or entity authorized to view records upon a
49	court order for good cause. In determining if there is good
50	cause for the disclosure of records, the court must weigh the

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person or entity's need for the information against potential harm to the respondent from the disclosure.

- (2) This section does not preclude the clerk of the court from submitting the information required by s. 790.065 to the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (3) The clerk of the court may not publish personal identifying information on a court docket or in a publicly accessible file.
- (4) A person or entity receiving information pursuant to this section shall maintain that information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (5) The exemption under this section applies to all documents filed with a court before, on, or after July 1, 2019.
- (6) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset

  Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed

  on October 2, 2024, unless reviewed and saved from repeal

  through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that petitions for voluntary and involuntary admission for mental health treatment and related court orders and records that are filed with or by a court under part I or part III of chapter 394, Florida Statutes, and the personal identifying information of a person seeking mental health treatment published on a court docket and maintained by the clerk of the

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court under part I or part III of chapter 394, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from disclosure under s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. The mental health of a person, including a minor, is a medical condition, which should be protected from dissemination to the public. A person's mental health is also an intensely private matter. The public stigma associated with a mental health condition may cause persons in need of treatment to avoid seeking treatment and related services if the record of such condition is accessible to the public. Without treatment, a person's condition may worsen, the person may harm himself or herself or others, and the person may become a financial burden on the state. The content of such records or personal identifying information should not be made public merely because they are filed with or by a court or placed on a docket. Making such petitions, orders, records, and identifying information confidential and exempt from disclosure will protect such persons from the release of sensitive, personal information which could damage their and their families' reputations. The publication of personal identifying information on a physical or virtual docket, regardless of whether any other record is published, defeats the purpose of protections otherwise provided. Further, the knowledge that such sensitive, personal information is subject to disclosure could have a chilling effect on a person's willingness to seek out and comply with

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## mental health treatment services.

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Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that CS/CS/HB 361 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

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