1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to cybersecurity incident liability; 3 creating s. 768.401, F.S.; providing that a county, 4 municipality, other political subdivision of the 5 state, commercial entity, or third-party agent that 6 complies with certain requirements is not liable in 7 connection with a cybersecurity incident; requiring certain entities to adopt certain revised frameworks 8 9 or standards within a specified time period; providing that a private cause of action is not established; 10 11 providing that certain failures are not evidence of negligence and do not constitute negligence per se; 12 13 specifying that the defendant in certain actions has a certain burden of proof; providing an effective date. 14 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Section 768.401, Florida Statutes, is created 19 to read: 20 768.401 Limitation on liability for cybersecurity 21 incidents.-22 (1) A county or municipality that substantially complies 23 with s. 282.3185, and any other political subdivision of the 24 state that substantially complies with s. 282.3185 on a 25 voluntary basis, is not liable in connection with a

Page 1 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2024

26 cybersecurity incident. 27 (2) A sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, 28 trust, estate, cooperative, association, or other commercial 29 entity or third-party agent that acquires, maintains, stores, or 30 uses personal information is not liable in connection with a cybersecurity incident if the entity substantially complies with 31 s. 501.171, if applicable, and has: 32 33 (a) Adopted a cybersecurity program that substantially 34 aligns with the current version of any standards, guidelines, or regulations that implement any of the following: 35 36 1. The National Institute of Standards and Technology 37 (NIST) Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure 38 Cybersecurity. 39 2. NIST special publication 800-171. 3. NIST special publications 800-53 and 800-53A. 40 41 4. The Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program 42 security assessment framework. 43 5. The Center for Internet Security (CIS) Critical 44 Security Controls. 45 6. The International Organization for 46 Standardization/International Electrotechnical Commission 27000series (ISO/IEC 27000) family of standards; or 47 48 (b) If regulated by the state or Federal Government, or 49 both, or if otherwise subject to the requirements of any of the following laws and regulations, substantially aligned its 50

Page 2 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2024

2024

51	cybersecurity program to the current version of the following,
52	as applicable:
53	1. The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
54	of 1996 security requirements in 45 C.F.R. part 160 and part 164
55	subparts A and C.
56	2. Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999, Pub. L.
57	No. 106-102, as amended.
58	3. The Federal Information Security Modernization Act of
59	2014, Pub. L. No. 113-283.
60	4. The Health Information Technology for Economic and
61	Clinical Health Act requirements in 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164.
62	(3) The scale and scope of substantial alignment with a
63	standard, law, or regulation under paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph
64	(2)(b) by a covered entity or third-party agent, as applicable,
65	is appropriate if it is based on all of the following factors:
66	(a) The size and complexity of the covered entity or
67	third-party agent.
68	(b) The nature and scope of the activities of the covered
69	entity or third-party agent.
70	(c) The sensitivity of the information to be protected.
71	(4) Any commercial entity or third-party agent covered by
72	subsection (2) that substantially complies with a combination of
73	industry-recognized cybersecurity frameworks or standards to
74	gain the presumption against liability pursuant to subsection
75	(2) must, upon the revision of two or more of the frameworks or
	Page 3 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

76	standards with which the entity complies, adopt the revised
77	frameworks or standards within 1 year after the latest
78	publication date stated in the revisions and, if applicable,
79	comply with the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard
80	(PCI DSS).
81	(5) This section does not establish a private cause of
82	action. Failure of a county, municipality, other political
83	subdivision of the state, or commercial entity to substantially
84	implement a cybersecurity program that is in compliance with
85	this section is not evidence of negligence and does not
86	constitute negligence per se.
87	(6) In an action in connection with a cybersecurity
88	incident, if the defendant is an entity covered by subsection
89	(1) or subsection (2), the defendant has the burden of proof to
90	establish substantial compliance.
91	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
	Page 4 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2024