1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to corporal punishment in public 3 schools; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; providing that only school principals, and not teachers, may 4 5 administer corporal punishment to public school 6 students; requiring school principals to notify 7 students' parents in writing and receive written 8 consent before administering corporal punishment; 9 requiring school principals who have administered 10 corporal punishment to provide parents with written 11 explanations of the punishment; amending s. 1003.01, 12 F.S.; revising the definition of the term "corporal punishment"; conforming a provision to changes made by 13 14 the act; amending s. 1003.32, F.S.; authorizing teachers and other instructional personnel to request 15 16 that principals administer corporal punishment; 17 removing corporal punishment as an option for teachers to use to manage student behavior; prohibiting 18 19 principals from administering corporal punishment unless the principal has taken specified actions; 20 21 prohibiting principals from administering corporal 22 punishment to students with disabilities; providing an effective date. 23

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (4) DISCIPLINE.—
- (c) Corporal punishment.-
- 1. In accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.32, corporal punishment of a public school student may only be administered by a teacher or school principal within guidelines prepared by of the school principal and according to district school board policy. The school principal must notify the student's parent in writing, and the student's parent must provide written consent, before the principal administers the punishment. Another adult must be present and must be informed in the student's presence of the reason for the punishment. A Upon request, the teacher or school principal who has administered corporal punishment must provide the parent with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the other adult who was present.
 - 2. A district school board having a policy authorizing the

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use of corporal punishment as a form of discipline shall review its policy on corporal punishment once every 3 years during a district school board meeting held pursuant to s. 1001.372. The district school board shall take public testimony at the board meeting. If such board meeting is not held in accordance with this subparagraph, the portion of the district school board's policy authorizing corporal punishment expires.

Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(7) "Corporal punishment" means the moderate use of physical force or physical contact by a teacher or principal as may be necessary to maintain discipline or to enforce school rule through the use of a paddle. However, the term "corporal punishment" does not include the use of such reasonable force by a teacher or principal as may be necessary for self-protection or to protect other students from disruptive students.

Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 1003.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.32 Authority of teacher; responsibility for control of students; district school board and principal duties.—Subject to law and to the rules of the district school board, each teacher or other member of the staff of any school shall have such authority for the control and discipline of students as may be assigned to him or her by the principal or the principal's

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designated representative and shall keep good order in the classroom and in other places in which he or she is assigned to be in charge of students.

- (1) In accordance with this section and within the framework of the district school board's code of student conduct, teachers and other instructional personnel shall have the authority to undertake any of the following actions in managing student behavior and ensuring the safety of all students in their classes and school and their opportunity to learn in an orderly and disciplined classroom:
- (k) Request the principal to administer use corporal punishment according to school board policy and at least the following procedures, if a teacher feels that corporal punishment is necessary:
- 1. The use of corporal punishment shall be approved in principle by the principal before it is used, but approval is not necessary for each specific instance in which it is used. The principal shall prepare guidelines for administering such punishment which identify the types of punishable offenses and, the conditions under which the punishment may shall be administered, and the specific personnel on the school staff authorized to administer the punishment.
- 2. A teacher or principal may administer corporal punishment only in the presence of another adult who is informed beforehand, and in the student's presence, of the reason for the

101 punishment.

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- 3. A principal may not administer corporal punishment to a student unless the principal has notified the student's parent in writing and received written consent from the student's parent before the principal administers the punishment. However, a principal may not administer corporal punishment to a student with any disability as that term is defined in s. 1002.51(2).
- 4. A teacher or principal who has administered corporal punishment shall, upon request, provide the student's parent with a written explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the other adult who was present.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.