1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to chiropractors; amending s. 460.402, 3 F.S.; revising an exemption from regulation under ch. 460, F.S., for certain chiropractic students; amending 4 5 s. 460.403, F.S.; conforming definitions to changes 6 made by the act; amending s. 460.406, F.S.; revising 7 application requirements for licensure by examination; 8 conforming cross-references to changes made by the 9 act; amending s. 460.4062, F.S.; revising requirements 10 for the issuance of a chiropractic medicine faculty certificate without examination; conforming a 11 12 provision to changes made by the act; amending ss. 460.4061, 460.4165, 460.4167, and 400.9905, F.S.; 13 14 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 15 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 460.402, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 460.402 Exceptions.—The provisions of this chapter shall 22 not apply to: 23 A chiropractic student enrolled in a chiropractic 24 school, college, or program accredited by an accrediting agency

Page 1 of 15

recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United

States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States

based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council on Chiropractic Education and participating in either:

- (a) A community-based internship under the direct supervision of a doctor of chiropractic medicine who is credentialed as an adjunct faculty member of a chiropractic college in which the student is enrolled; or
- (b) A chiropractic college clinical internship under the direct supervision of a doctor of chiropractic medicine who is a full-time, part-time, or adjunct faculty member of a chiropractic college located in this state and accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council on Chiropractic Education and who holds a current, active Florida chiropractor's license.

Section 2. Subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection

(9) of section 460.403, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 460.403 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

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- (4)(a) "Community-based internship" means a program in which a student enrolled in the last year of a chiropractic college accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council on Chiropractic Education is approved to obtain required pregraduation clinical experience in a chiropractic clinic or practice under the direct supervision of a doctor of chiropractic medicine approved as an adjunct faculty member of the chiropractic college in which the student is enrolled, according to the teaching protocols for the clinical practice requirements of the college.
- (b) "Chiropractic college clinical internship" means a program in which a student enrolled in a chiropractic college located in this state and accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United

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States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council on Chiropractic Education obtains clinical experience pursuant to the chiropractic college's curriculum in a classroom or chiropractic clinic operated by the chiropractic college, according to the teaching protocols for the clinical practice requirements of the college.

"Practice of chiropractic medicine" means a noncombative principle and practice consisting of the science, philosophy, and art of the adjustment, manipulation, and treatment of the human body in which vertebral subluxations and other malpositioned articulations and structures that are interfering with the normal generation, transmission, and expression of nerve impulse between the brain, organs, and tissue cells of the body, thereby causing disease, are adjusted, manipulated, or treated, thus restoring the normal flow of nerve impulse which produces normal function and consequent health by chiropractic physicians using specific chiropractic adjustment or manipulation techniques taught in chiropractic colleges accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board

as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council on Chiropractic Education. No person other than a licensed chiropractic physician may render chiropractic services, chiropractic adjustments, or chiropractic manipulations.

Section 3. Section 460.406, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.406 Licensure by examination.

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a chiropractic physician must apply to the department to take the licensure examination. There shall be an application fee set by the board not to exceed \$100 which shall be nonrefundable. There shall also be an examination fee not to exceed \$500 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of portions of the examination from the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners or a similar national organization, which may be refundable if the applicant is found ineligible to take the examination. The department shall examine each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (a) $\underline{1}$. Completed the application form and remitted the appropriate fee.
- 2.-(b) Submitted proof satisfactory to the department that he or she is not less than 18 years of age.

Page 5 of 15

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3.(c) Submitted proof satisfactory to the department that he or she is a graduate of a chiropractic college which is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs or has status with the Council on Chiropractic Education or its predecessor agency. However, any applicant who is a graduate of a chiropractic college that was initially accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education in 1995, who graduated from such college within the 4 years immediately preceding such accreditation, and who is otherwise qualified shall be eligible to take the examination. No application for a license to practice chiropractic medicine shall be denied solely because the applicant is a graduate of a chiropractic college that subscribes to one philosophy of chiropractic medicine as distinguished from another.

4.a.(d)1. For an applicant who has matriculated in a chiropractic college <u>before</u> prior to July 2, 1990, completed at least 2 years of residence college work, consisting of a minimum of one-half the work acceptable for a bachelor's degree granted

Page 6 of 15

on the basis of a 4-year period of study, in a college or university accredited by an accrediting agency recognized and approved by the United States Department of Education. However, before prior to being certified by the board to sit for the examination, each applicant who has matriculated in a chiropractic college after July 1, 1990, shall have been granted a bachelor's degree, based upon 4 academic years of study, by a college or university accredited by a regional accrediting agency which is a member of the Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.

b.(1)2. Effective July 1, 2000, completed, before prior to matriculation in a chiropractic college, at least 3 years of residence college work, consisting of a minimum of 90 semester hours leading to a bachelor's degree in a liberal arts college or university accredited by an accrediting agency recognized and approved by the United States Department of Education. However, before prior to being certified by the board to sit for the examination, each applicant who has matriculated in a chiropractic college after July 1, 2000, shall have been granted a bachelor's degree from an institution holding accreditation for that degree from a regional accrediting agency which is recognized by the United States Department of Education. The applicant's chiropractic degree must consist of credits earned in the chiropractic program and may not include academic credit for courses from the bachelor's degree; or

Page 7 of 15

(II)	Completed an educational program located outside of
the United	States, if the board finds the educational program is
reasonably	comparable to the requirement of this paragraph based
on informa	tion that includes evaluations by third parties with
experience	in evaluating the comparability of educational
programs.	

- 5. (e) Successfully completed the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners certification examination in parts I, II, III, and IV, and the physiotherapy examination of the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners, with a score approved by the board.
- $\underline{6.(f)}$ Submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant; or
- (b) For an applicant who holds a valid license to practice chiropractic in another state or territory of the United States, demonstrated that he or she:
- 1. Has actively practiced chiropractic in another state or territory of the United States for the preceding 10 years without having his or her license acted against by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction.
- 2. Meets the requirements of subparagraphs (a)1., 2., 3., 4., and 6.

Page 8 of 15

The board may require an applicant who graduated from an institution accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education more than 10 years before the date of application to the board to take the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners Special Purposes Examination for Chiropractic, or its equivalent, as determined by the board. The board shall establish by rule a passing score.

- (2) For those applicants applying for the certification examination who have matriculated prior to July 1, 1996, in a chiropractic college, the board shall waive the provisions of subparagraph (1)(a)3. paragraph (1)(c) if the applicant is a graduate of a chiropractic college which has been denied accreditation or approval on the grounds that its curriculum does not include the training in acupuncture necessary for the completion of the certification examination or is a graduate of a chiropractic college where acupuncture is not taught or offered if the college is accredited by or has status with the Council on Chiropractic Education or its predecessor.
- (3) An applicant for the licensure examination may elect not to take the certification examination to use acupuncture. The department shall, in addition to the licensing exam, offer an examination for certification to use acupuncture. An applicant may elect to take the certification examination at the time of taking the licensure examination. Passage of the

Page 9 of 15

certification examination shall not grant any applicant the right to practice chiropractic medicine absent the passage of the licensing examination.

- (4) The department shall submit written notification within 5 working days to applicants who have successfully completed the requirements of subparagraphs (1) (a)1.-5.

 paragraphs (1)(a)-(e) and who have successfully passed the state licensure examination. An applicant who is notified in writing by the department of the successful completion of requirements in subparagraphs (1)(a)1.-5. paragraphs (1)(a)-(e) and who has successfully passed the state licensure examination may lawfully practice pending receipt of the certificate of licensure, and the written notification shall act as evidence of licensure entitling the chiropractic physician to practice for a maximum period of 45 days or until the licensing fee is received by the department whichever is sooner.
- (5) A student in a school or college of chiropractic accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with experience in evaluating the comparability of educational programs the Council

on Chiropractic Education or its successor in the final year of the program may file an application pursuant to subsection (1), take all examinations required for licensure, and submit a set of fingerprints, and pay all fees required for licensure. A chiropractic student who successfully completes the licensure examinations and who otherwise meets all requirements for licensure as a chiropractic physician during the student's final year must have graduated before being certified for licensure pursuant to this section.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 460.4062, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

460.4062 Chiropractic medicine faculty certificate.-

- (1) The department may issue a chiropractic medicine faculty certificate without examination to an individual who remits a nonrefundable application fee, not to exceed \$100 as determined by rule of the board, and who demonstrates to the board that he or she meets the following requirements:
- (a) Is a graduate of <u>a</u> an accredited school or college of chiropractic accredited by <u>an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education or a course of study leading to a degree in chiropractic from an institution of higher education located outside the United States that is approved by the board as reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States based on information that includes evaluations by third parties with</u>

Page 11 of 15

276 experience in evaluating the comparability of educational 277 programs the Council on Chiropractic Education.

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- (b) Holds a valid current license to practice chiropractic medicine in another jurisdiction in the United States.
- (c) Is at least 21 years of age and of good moral character.
- (d) Has not committed any act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for discipline under this chapter or chapter 456.
- (e)1. Performs research or has been offered and has accepted a full-time or part-time faculty appointment to teach in a program of chiropractic medicine at a publicly funded state university or college or at a college of chiropractic located in the state and accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education the Council on Chiropractic Education; and
- 2. Provides a certification from the dean of the appointing college acknowledging the appointment.
- Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 460.4061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 460.4061 Restricted license.-
- (1) An applicant for licensure as a chiropractic physician may apply to the department for a restricted license without undergoing a state or national written or clinical competency examination for licensure if the applicant initially applies not

Page 12 of 15

later than October 31, 1994, for the restricted license and:

- (a) Holds a degree from a college of chiropractic accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education the Council on Chiropractic Education or its predecessor agency and holds a bachelor's degree.
- Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section 460.4165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 460.4165 Certified chiropractic physician's assistants.-
- (13) CERTIFIED CHIROPRACTIC ASSISTANT CERTIFICATION RENEWAL.—The certification must be renewed biennially.
- (b) Each certified chiropractic physician's assistant shall biennially complete 24 hours of continuing education courses approved by the board and sponsored by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education chiropractic colleges accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education and approved by the board. The board shall approve those courses that build upon the basic courses required for the practice of chiropractic medicine, and the board may also approve courses in adjunctive modalities. The board may make exception from the requirements of this section in emergency or hardship cases. The board may adopt rules within the requirements of this section which are necessary for its implementation.
 - Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section

Page 13 of 15

326 460.4167, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.4167 Proprietorship by persons other than licensed chiropractic physicians.—

- (1) A person may not employ a chiropractic physician licensed under this chapter or engage a chiropractic physician licensed under this chapter as an independent contractor to provide services that chiropractic physicians are authorized to offer under this chapter, unless the person is any of the following:
- (d) A clinical facility that is affiliated with a college of chiropractic accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education the Council on Chiropractic Education at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

Section 8. Paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9905 Definitions.-

- (4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not apply to:
- (j) Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of chiropractic accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by

Page 14 of 15

351	the United States Secretary of Education the Council on
352	Chiropractic Education at which training is provided for
353	chiropractic students.
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355	Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a
356	clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive
357	reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss.
358	627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).
359	Section 9. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 15 of 15