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1	
2	An act relating to child welfare; amending s. 39.01,
3	F.S.; revising the definition of the term
4	"institutional child abuse or neglect"; amending s.
5	39.201, F.S.; requiring the central abuse hotline to
6	accept certain reports or calls for investigation for
7	children who do not live in this state; requiring the
8	Department of Children and Families to initiate an
9	investigation when a report is received from an
10	emergency room physician; amending s. 39.303, F.S.;
11	expanding the types of reports that the department
12	must refer to Child Protection Teams; amending s.
13	39.4015, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term
14	"fictive kin"; amending s. 39.402, F.S.; requiring
15	certain judicial orders to specify that the Department
16	of Children and Families has placement and care
17	responsibility for certain children; amending s.
18	39.407, F.S.; authorizing psychiatric nurses to
19	prescribe psychotropic medications to certain
20	children; revising the time period within which a
21	court must review a child's residential treatment
22	plan; amending s. 39.5086, F.S.; removing a
23	definition; amending s. 39.6225, F.S.; providing a
24	definition; providing for the termination of
25	guardianship assistance benefits under certain
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26 circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made 27 by the act; authorizing the department to adopt rules; 28 amending s. 39.6251, F.S.; requiring a young adult in 29 extended foster care to provide certain documentation 30 or execute a consent for release of certain records; revising permanency goals for young adults in extended 31 32 foster care; allowing return to care through the execution of a voluntary placement agreement; 33 authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 34 35 39.701, F.S.; revising the determinations a court must 36 make to return a child to the custody of his or her 37 parents; requiring the court to make certain orders when a young adult enters extended foster care; 38 39 amending s. 402.56, F.S.; revising membership of the Children and Youth Cabinet; creating s. 402.57, F.S.; 40 41 directing the department to establish a direct-support 42 organization; providing responsibilities and 43 requirements of the direct-support organization; providing for membership and term limits; providing 44 for future repeal; amending s. 409.1451, F.S.; 45 authorizing certain financial awards to be disregarded 46 when applying for other federal assistance; amending 47 s. 409.175, F.S.; revising definitions; revising 48 provisions related to the licensure of family foster 49 50 homes and certain child-caring and child-placing

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51	agencies; requiring the department to post certain
52	information on its website; deleting required number
53	of training hours for foster parents; amending s.
54	409.903, F.S.; revising eligibility for Medicaid
55	coverage for children eligible for the Guardianship
56	Assistance Program; amending s. 409.991, F.S.;
57	revising a definition; amending s. 414.045, F.S.;
58	revising eligibility for child-only funding; amending
59	s. 1009.25, F.S.; revising eligibility for tuition and
60	fee exemptions; providing an effective date.
61	
62	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
63	
64	Section 1. Subsection (37) of section 39.01, Florida
65	Statutes, is amended to read:
66	39.01 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the
67	context otherwise requires:
68	(37) "Institutional child abuse or neglect" means
69	situations of known or suspected child abuse or neglect in which
70	the person allegedly perpetrating the child abuse or neglect is
71	an employee of a <u>public or</u> private school, public or private day
72	care center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency
73	or any other person at such institution responsible for the
74	child's <u>welfare</u> care as defined in subsection (54).
75	Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
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76	39.201, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (1) is added
77	to that subsection, to read:
78	39.201 Mandatory reports of child abuse, abandonment, or
79	neglect; mandatory reports of death; central abuse hotline
80	(2)
81	(d) If the report is of an instance of known or suspected
82	child abuse, abandonment, or neglect <u>which</u> that occurred out of
83	state and the alleged perpetrator and the child alleged to be a
84	victim live out of state, the central abuse hotline <u>may</u> shall
85	not accept the report or call for investigation <u>unless the child</u>
86	is currently being evaluated in a medical facility in this
87	state.
88	1. If the child is currently being evaluated in a medical
89	facility in this state, the central abuse hotline shall accept
90	the report or call for investigation and shall transfer the
91	information on the report or call to the appropriate state or
92	country.
93	2. If the child is not currently being evaluated in a
94	medical facility in this state, the central abuse hotline, but
95	shall transfer the information on the report <u>to or call</u> to the
96	appropriate state <u>or country</u> .
97	(1) The department shall initiate an investigation when it
98	receives a report from an emergency room physician.
99	Section 3. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (4) of
100	section 39.303, Florida Statutes, to read:
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101	39.303 Child Protection Teams and sexual abuse treatment
102	programs; services; eligible cases
103	(4) The child abuse, abandonment, and neglect reports that
104	must be referred by the department to Child Protection Teams of
105	the Department of Health for an assessment and other appropriate
106	available support services as set forth in subsection (3) must
107	include cases involving:
108	(i) A child who does not live in this state who is
109	currently being evaluated in a medical facility in this state.
110	Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
111	39.4015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
112	39.4015 Family finding
113	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
114	(d) "Fictive kin" means an individual who is unrelated to
115	the child by either birth or marriage, but has such a close
116	emotional relationship with the child that he or she may be
117	considered part of the family.
118	Section 5. Paragraph (h) of subsection (8) of section
119	39.402, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
120	39.402 Placement in a shelter
121	(8)
122	(h) The order for placement of a child in shelter care
123	must identify the parties present at the hearing and must
124	contain written findings:
125	1. That placement in shelter care is necessary based on
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126 the criteria in subsections (1) and (2).

127 2. That placement in shelter care is in the best interest128 of the child.

3. That continuation of the child in the home is contrary to the welfare of the child because the home situation presents a substantial and immediate danger to the child's physical, mental, or emotional health or safety which cannot be mitigated by the provision of preventive services.

4. That based upon the allegations of the petition for placement in shelter care, there is probable cause to believe that the child is dependent or that the court needs additional time, which may not exceed 72 hours, in which to obtain and review documents pertaining to the family in order to appropriately determine the risk to the child.

5. That the department has made reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the home. A finding of reasonable effort by the department to prevent or eliminate the need for removal may be made and the department is deemed to have made reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for removal if:

a. The first contact of the department with the familyoccurs during an emergency;

b. The appraisal of the home situation by the department indicates that the home situation presents a substantial and immediate danger to the child's physical, mental, or emotional

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151 health or safety which cannot be mitigated by the provision of 152 preventive services;

153 c. The child cannot safely remain at home, either because 154 there are no preventive services that can ensure the health and 155 safety of the child or because, even with appropriate and 156 available services being provided, the health and safety of the 157 child cannot be ensured; or

d. The parent or legal custodian is alleged to have
committed any of the acts listed as grounds for expedited
termination of parental rights in s. 39.806(1)(f)-(i).

That the department has made reasonable efforts to keep 161 6. 162 siblings together if they are removed and placed in out-of-home care unless such placement is not in the best interest of each 163 164 child. It is preferred that siblings be kept together in a 165 foster home, if available. Other reasonable efforts shall 166 include short-term placement in a group home with the ability to 167 accommodate sibling groups if such a placement is available. The 168 department shall report to the court its efforts to place 169 siblings together unless the court finds that such placement is 170 not in the best interest of a child or his or her sibling.

171 7. That the court notified the parents, relatives that are 172 providing out-of-home care for the child, or legal custodians of 173 the time, date, and location of the next dependency hearing and 174 of the importance of the active participation of the parents, 175 relatives that are providing out-of-home care for the child, or

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176 legal custodians in all proceedings and hearings.

8. That the court notified the parents or legal custodians of their right to counsel to represent them at the shelter hearing and at each subsequent hearing or proceeding, and the right of the parents to appointed counsel, pursuant to the procedures set forth in s. 39.013.

9. That the court notified relatives who are providing out-of-home care for a child as a result of the shelter petition being granted that they have the right to attend all subsequent hearings, to submit reports to the court, and to speak to the court regarding the child, if they so desire.

187 <u>10. That the department has placement and care</u>
 188 responsibility for any child who is not placed in the care of a
 189 parent at the conclusion of the shelter hearing.

Section 6. Subsection (3) and paragraphs (g), (h), and (i) of subsection (6) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

193 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination 194 and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse 195 examination of person with or requesting child custody.-

(3) (a)1. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph
(b)1. or paragraph (e), before the department provides
psychotropic medications to a child in its custody, the
prescribing physician <u>or a psychiatric nurse</u>, as defined in s.
394.455, shall attempt to obtain express and informed consent,

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as defined in s. 394.455(15) and as described in s. 201 202 394.459(3)(a), from the child's parent or legal guardian. The 203 department must take steps necessary to facilitate the inclusion 204 of the parent in the child's consultation with the physician or 205 psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455. However, if the 206 parental rights of the parent have been terminated, the parent's 207 location or identity is unknown or cannot reasonably be 208 ascertained, or the parent declines to give express and informed consent, the department may, after consultation with the 209 210 prescribing physician or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, seek court authorization to provide the psychotropic 211 212 medications to the child. Unless parental rights have been terminated and if it is possible to do so, the department shall 213 214 continue to involve the parent in the decisionmaking process 215 regarding the provision of psychotropic medications. If, at any time, a parent whose parental rights have not been terminated 216 217 provides express and informed consent to the provision of a 218 psychotropic medication, the requirements of this section that 219 the department seek court authorization do not apply to that 220 medication until such time as the parent no longer consents.

221 2. Any time the department seeks a medical evaluation to 222 determine the need to initiate or continue a psychotropic 223 medication for a child, the department must provide to the 224 evaluating physician <u>or psychiatric nurse</u>, as defined in <u>s</u>. 225 394.455, all pertinent medical information known to the

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226 department concerning that child.

227 If a child who is removed from the home under s. (b)1. 228 39.401 is receiving prescribed psychotropic medication at the 229 time of removal and parental authorization to continue providing 230 the medication cannot be obtained, the department may take 231 possession of the remaining medication and may continue to 232 provide the medication as prescribed until the shelter hearing, if it is determined that the medication is a current 233 prescription for that child and the medication is in its 234 235 original container.

236 2. If the department continues to provide the psychotropic 237 medication to a child when parental authorization cannot be 238 obtained, the department shall notify the parent or legal 239 guardian as soon as possible that the medication is being 240 provided to the child as provided in subparagraph 1. The child's 241 official departmental record must include the reason parental 242 authorization was not initially obtained and an explanation of why the medication is necessary for the child's well-being. 243

3. If the department is advised by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 <u>or a psychiatric nurse, as</u> <u>defined in s. 394.455</u>, that the child should continue the psychotropic medication and parental authorization has not been obtained, the department shall request court authorization at the shelter hearing to continue to provide the psychotropic medication and shall provide to the court any information in its

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251 possession in support of the request. Any authorization granted 252 at the shelter hearing may extend only until the arraignment 253 hearing on the petition for adjudication of dependency or 28 254 days following the date of removal, whichever occurs sooner.

255 4. Before filing the dependency petition, the department 256 shall ensure that the child is evaluated by a physician licensed 257 under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a psychiatric nurse, as 258 defined in s. 394.455, to determine whether it is appropriate to continue the psychotropic medication. If, as a result of the 259 evaluation, the department seeks court authorization to continue 260 261 the psychotropic medication, a motion for such continued 262 authorization shall be filed at the same time as the dependency petition, within 21 days after the shelter hearing. 263

264 (c) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e), the 265 department must file a motion seeking the court's authorization 266 to initially provide or continue to provide psychotropic 267 medication to a child in its legal custody. The motion must be supported by a written report prepared by the department which 268 269 describes the efforts made to enable the prescribing physician 270 or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, to obtain 271 express and informed consent for providing the medication to the 272 child and other treatments considered or recommended for the child. In addition, the motion must be supported by the 273 prescribing physician's or psychiatric nurse's signed medical 274 275 report providing:

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1. The name of the child, the name and range of the dosage of the psychotropic medication, and that there is a need to prescribe psychotropic medication to the child based upon a diagnosed condition for which such medication is being prescribed.

281 2. A statement indicating that the physician <u>or</u>
282 <u>psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455,</u> has reviewed all
283 medical information concerning the child which has been
284 provided.

3. A statement indicating that the psychotropic medication, at its prescribed dosage, is appropriate for treating the child's diagnosed medical condition, as well as the behaviors and symptoms the medication, at its prescribed dosage, is expected to address.

4. An explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment; the recognized side effects, risks, and contraindications of the medication; drug-interaction precautions; the possible effects of stopping the medication; and how the treatment will be monitored, followed by a statement indicating that this explanation was provided to the child if age appropriate and to the child's caregiver.

5. Documentation addressing whether the psychotropic medication will replace or supplement any other currently prescribed medications or treatments; the length of time the child is expected to be taking the medication; and any

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301 additional medical, mental health, behavioral, counseling, or 302 other services that the prescribing physician <u>or psychiatric</u> 303 <u>nurse, as defined in s. 394.455</u>, recommends.

304 The department must notify all parties of the (d)1. 305 proposed action taken under paragraph (c) in writing or by 306 whatever other method best ensures that all parties receive 307 notification of the proposed action within 48 hours after the 308 motion is filed. If any party objects to the department's motion, that party shall file the objection within 2 working 309 310 days after being notified of the department's motion. If any party files an objection to the authorization of the proposed 311 312 psychotropic medication, the court shall hold a hearing as soon as possible before authorizing the department to initially 313 314 provide or to continue providing psychotropic medication to a 315 child in the legal custody of the department. At such hearing and notwithstanding s. 90.803, the medical report described in 316 317 paragraph (c) is admissible in evidence. The prescribing physician or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, does 318 319 not need to not attend the hearing or testify unless the court 320 specifically orders such attendance or testimony, or a party 321 subpoenas the physician or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 322 394.455, to attend the hearing or provide testimony. If, after considering any testimony received, the court finds that the 323 department's motion and the physician's or the psychiatric 324 325 nurse's medical report meet the requirements of this subsection

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326 and that it is in the child's best interests, the court may 327 order that the department provide or continue to provide the 328 psychotropic medication to the child without additional 329 testimony or evidence. At any hearing held under this paragraph, 330 the court shall further inquire of the department as to whether 331 additional medical, mental health, behavioral, counseling, or 332 other services are being provided to the child by the department 333 which the prescribing physician or psychiatric nurse, as defined 334 in s. 394.455, considers to be necessary or beneficial in treating the child's medical condition and which the physician 335 336 or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, recommends or 337 expects to provide to the child in concert with the medication. 338 The court may order additional medical consultation, including 339 consultation with the MedConsult line at the University of 340 Florida, if available, or require the department to obtain a 341 second opinion within a reasonable timeframe as established by 342 the court, not to exceed 21 calendar days, after such order based upon consideration of the best interests of the child. The 343 344 department must make a referral for an appointment for a second 345 opinion with a physician or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 346 394.455, within 1 working day. The court may not order the 347 discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication if such order is contrary to the decision of the prescribing physician 348 or psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, unless the court 349 350 first obtains an opinion from a licensed psychiatrist, if

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351 available, or, if not available, a physician licensed under 352 chapter 458 or chapter 459, stating that more likely than not, 353 discontinuing the medication would not cause significant harm to 354 the child. If, however, the prescribing psychiatrist specializes 355 in mental health care for children and adolescents, the court 356 may not order the discontinuation of prescribed psychotropic medication unless the required opinion is also from a 357 358 psychiatrist who specializes in mental health care for children and adolescents. The court may also order the discontinuation of 359 prescribed psychotropic medication if a child's treating 360 361 physician, licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or 362 psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, states that continuing the prescribed psychotropic medication would cause 363 364 significant harm to the child due to a diagnosed nonpsychiatric 365 medical condition.

366 2. The burden of proof at any hearing held under this367 paragraph shall be by a preponderance of the evidence.

368 (e)1. If the child's prescribing physician or psychiatric 369 nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, certifies in the signed medical 370 report required in paragraph (c) that delay in providing a 371 prescribed psychotropic medication would more likely than not 372 cause significant harm to the child, the medication may be provided in advance of the issuance of a court order. In such 373 374 event, the medical report must provide the specific reasons why 375 the child may experience significant harm and the nature and the

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376 extent of the potential harm. The department must submit a 377 motion seeking continuation of the medication and the 378 physician's or psychiatric nurse's medical report to the court, the child's guardian ad litem, and all other parties within 3 379 380 working days after the department commences providing the 381 medication to the child. The department shall seek the order at 382 the next regularly scheduled court hearing required under this 383 chapter, or within 30 days after the date of the prescription, whichever occurs sooner. If any party objects to the 384 385 department's motion, the court shall hold a hearing within 7 386 days.

2. Psychotropic medications may be administered in advance of a court order in hospitals, crisis stabilization units, and in statewide inpatient psychiatric programs. Within 3 working days after the medication is begun, the department must seek court authorization as described in paragraph (c).

392 (f)1. The department shall fully inform the court of the 393 child's medical and behavioral status as part of the social 394 services report prepared for each judicial review hearing held 395 for a child for whom psychotropic medication has been prescribed or provided under this subsection. As a part of the information 396 397 provided to the court, the department shall furnish copies of all pertinent medical records concerning the child which have 398 been generated since the previous hearing. On its own motion or 399 400 on good cause shown by any party, including any guardian ad

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401 litem, attorney, or attorney ad litem who has been appointed to 402 represent the child or the child's interests, the court may 403 review the status more frequently than required in this 404 subsection.

405 2. The court may, in the best interests of the child, 406 order the department to obtain a medical opinion addressing 407 whether the continued use of the medication under the 408 circumstances is safe and medically appropriate.

The department shall adopt rules to ensure that 409 (g) 410 children receive timely access to clinically appropriate 411 psychotropic medications. These rules must include, but need not 412 be limited to, the process for determining which adjunctive 413 services are needed, the uniform process for facilitating the prescribing physician's or psychiatric nurse's ability to obtain 414 415 the express and informed consent of a child's parent or 416 quardian, the procedures for obtaining court authorization for 417 the provision of a psychotropic medication, the frequency of medical monitoring and reporting on the status of the child to 418 419 the court, how the child's parents will be involved in the 420 treatment-planning process if their parental rights have not 421 been terminated, and how caretakers are to be provided 422 information contained in the physician's or psychiatric nurse's signed medical report. The rules must also include uniform forms 423 424 to be used in requesting court authorization for the use of a 425 psychotropic medication and provide for the integration of each

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426 child's treatment plan and case plan. The department must begin 427 the formal rulemaking process within 90 days after the effective 428 date of this act.

429 (6) Children who are in the legal custody of the 430 department may be placed by the department, without prior 431 approval of the court, in a residential treatment center 432 licensed under s. 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 433 395 for residential mental health treatment only pursuant to 434 this section or may be placed by the court in accordance with an 435 order of involuntary examination or involuntary placement 436 entered pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children 437 placed in a residential treatment program under this subsection 438 must have a guardian ad litem appointed.

(g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of each month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a written report regarding the child's progress toward achieving the goals specified in the individualized plan of treatment.

2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the status of the child's residential treatment plan no later than <u>60 days</u> 3 months after the child's admission to the residential treatment program. An independent review of the child's progress toward achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan must be completed by a qualified evaluator and submitted to the court before its <u>60-day</u> 3-month review.

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3. For any child in residential treatment at the time a

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451 judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's 452 continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject 453 of the judicial review.

454 4. If at any time the court determines that the child is 455 not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court 456 shall order the department to place the child in the least 457 restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her 458 needs.

(h) After the initial <u>60-day</u> 3-month review, the court
must conduct a review of the child's residential treatment plan
every 90 days.

462 (i) The department must adopt rules for implementing 463 timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by 464 qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes 465 for completing the 60-day 3-month independent review by the 466 qualified evaluators of the child's progress toward achieving 467 the goals and objectives of the treatment plan which review must 468 be submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care 469 Administration must adopt rules for the registration of 470 qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the evaluators 471 to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a 472 reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified evaluators. 473

474 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 39.5086, Florida 475 Statutes, is amended to read:

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476 39.5086 Kinship navigator programs.-477 DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: (1)(a) "Fictive kin" has the same meaning as provided in 478 479 39.4015(2)(d). 480 (a) (b) "Kinship care" means the full-time care of a child 481 placed in out-of-home care by the court in the home of a 482 relative or fictive kin. 483 (b) (c) "Kinship navigator program" means a program 484 designed to ensure that kinship caregivers are provided with 485 necessary resources for the preservation of the family. (c) (d) "Relative" means an individual who is caring full 486 487 time for a child placed in out-of-home care by the court and 488 who: Is related to the child within the fifth degree by 489 1. 490 blood or marriage to the parent or stepparent of the child; or 491 Is related to a half-sibling of that child within the 2. 492 fifth degree by blood or marriage to the parent or stepparent. Section 8. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection 493 494 (2), and subsections (6) and (10) of section 39.6225, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (15) is added to that 495 496 section, to read: 497 39.6225 Guardianship Assistance Program.-The department shall establish and operate the 498 (1)Guardianship Assistance Program to provide guardianship 499 500 assistance payments to relatives, next of kin, and fictive kin

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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501	who meet the eligibility requirements established in this
502	section. For purposes of administering the program, the term:
503	(a) "Child" means an individual who has not attained 21
504	years of age.
505	(b) "Relative" means fictive kin, relative, or next of kin
506	as those terms are defined in s. 39.01.
507	<u>(c)</u> (b) "Young adult" means an individual who has attained
508	18 years of age but who has not attained 21 years of age.
509	(2) To approve an application for the program, the
510	department shall determine that all of the following
511	requirements have been met:
512	(b) The court has granted legal custody to the guardian
513	pursuant to <u>s. 39.6221</u> s. 39.521 or s. 39.522 .
514	(6) Guardianship assistance benefits shall be terminated
515	if:
516	(a) The child <u>has attained 18 years of age</u> , or the child
517	has attained 21 years of age if he or she meets the requirements
518	of subsection (9); is absent from the home of the guardian for a
519	period of at least 60 consecutive calendar days, unless the
520	child:
521	1. Is absent due to medical care, school attendance,
522	runaway status, or detention in a Department of Juvenile Justice
523	facility; and
524	2. Continues to be under the care and custody of the
525	guardian.

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526	(b) The child has not attained 18 years of age and the
527	guardian is no longer legally responsible for the support of the
528	child; or The court modifies the placement of the child and the
529	guardian is no longer eligible to receive guardianship
530	assistance benefits
531	(c) The child no longer receives support from the
532	guardian.
533	(10) The case plan must describe the following for each
534	child with a permanency goal of permanent guardianship in which
535	the guardian is <u>pursuing</u> in receipt of guardianship assistance
536	payments:
537	(a) The manner in which the child meets program
538	eligibility requirements.
539	(b) The manner in which the department determined that
540	reunification or adoption is not appropriate.
541	(c) Efforts to discuss adoption with the child's permanent
542	guardian.
543	(d) Efforts to discuss guardianship assistance with the
544	child's parent or the reasons why efforts were not made.
545	(e) The reasons why a permanent placement with the
546	prospective guardian is in the best interest of the child.
547	(f) The reasons why the child is separated from his or her
548	siblings during placement, if applicable.
549	(g) Efforts to consult the child, if the child is 14 years
550	of age or older, regarding the permanent guardianship

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551	arrangement.
552	(15) The department may adopt rules necessary to
553	administer this section.
554	Section 9. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (a) of
555	subsection (4), and subsection (6) of section 39.6251, Florida
556	Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to that
557	section, to read:
558	39.6251 Continuing care for young adults
559	(2) The primary goal for a child in care is permanency. A
560	child who is living in licensed care on his or her 18th birthday
561	and who has not achieved permanency under s. 39.621 is eligible
562	to remain in licensed care under the jurisdiction of the court
563	and in the care of the department. A child is eligible to remain
564	in licensed care if he or she is:
565	(a) Completing secondary education or a program leading to
566	an equivalent credential;
567	(b) Enrolled in an institution that provides postsecondary
568	or vocational education;
569	(c) Participating in a program or activity designed to
570	promote or eliminate barriers to employment;
571	(d) Employed for at least 80 hours per month; or
572	(e) Unable to participate in programs or activities listed
573	in paragraphs (a)-(d) full time due to a physical, intellectual,
574	emotional, or psychiatric condition that limits participation.
575	Any such barrier to participation must be supported by
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576 documentation in the child's case file or school or medical 577 records of a physical, intellectual, or psychiatric condition 578 that impairs the child's ability to perform one or more life 579 activities.

580

581 The young adult must furnish documentation to the department or 582 lead agency of his or her participation in one of the programs 583 or activities listed in paragraphs (a)-(d), or his or her 584 inability to participate in one of the programs or activities as 585 provided in paragraph (e), or authorize the release of his or 586 her records to the department or lead agency.

(3) The permanency goal for a young adult who chooses to
remain in care past his or her 18th birthday is to transition to
<u>independence</u> from licensed care to independent living.

590 The young adult must reside in a supervised living (4)(a) 591 environment that is approved by the department or a community-592 based care lead agency. The young adult shall live 593 independently, but in an environment in which he or she is 594 provided supervision, case management, and supportive services 595 by the department or lead agency. Such an environment must offer 596 developmentally appropriate freedom and responsibility to 597 prepare the young adult for adulthood. For the purposes of this subsection, a supervised living arrangement may include a 598 599 licensed foster home, licensed group home, college dormitory, 600 shared housing, apartment, or another housing arrangement if the

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arrangement is approved by the community-based care lead agency and is acceptable to the young adult, with first choice being a licensed foster home. A young adult may continue to reside with the same licensed foster family or group care provider with whom he or she was residing at the time he or she reached the age of 18 years.

(6) A young adult who is between the ages of 18 and 21 and
who has left care may return to care by applying to the
community-based care lead agency for readmission through the
<u>execution of a voluntary placement agreement</u>. The communitybased care lead agency shall readmit the young adult if he or
she continues to meet the eligibility requirements in this
section.

(a) The department shall develop a standard procedure and
application packet for readmission to care to be used by all
community-based care lead agencies.

617 (b) Within 30 days after the young adult has been 618 readmitted to care, the community-based care lead agency shall 619 assign a case manager to update the case plan and the transition 620 plan and to arrange for the required services. Updates to the case plan and the transition plan and arrangements for the 621 622 required services shall be undertaken in consultation with the young adult. The department shall petition the court to 623 624 reinstate jurisdiction over the young adult. Notwithstanding s. 625 39.013(2), the court shall resume jurisdiction over the young

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626 adult if the department establishes that he or she continues to 627 meet the eligibility requirements in this section. 628 (10)The department shall adopt rules to administer this 629 section. 630 Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 631 39.701, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (f) and (g) 632 are added to subsection (4) of that section, to read: 633 39.701 Judicial review.-634 (2) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN YOUNGER THAN 18 YEARS OF 635 AGE.-Orders.-636 (d) 637 1. Based upon the criteria set forth in paragraph (c) and 638 the recommended order of the citizen review panel, if any, the 639 court shall determine whether or not the social service agency 640 shall initiate proceedings to have a child declared a dependent 641 child, return the child to the parent, continue the child in 642 out-of-home care for a specified period of time, or initiate 643 termination of parental rights proceedings for subsequent 644 placement in an adoptive home. Amendments to the case plan must 645 be prepared as provided prescribed in s. 39.6013. If the court 646 finds that the prevention or reunification efforts of the 647 department will allow the child to remain safely at home or be

648 safely returned to the home, the court shall allow the child to 649 remain in or return to the home after making a specific finding 650 of fact that the reasons for the creation of the case plan have

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been remedied to the extent that the child's safety, well-being, and physical, mental, and emotional health will not be endangered.

654 2. The court shall return the child to the custody of his 655 or her the parents at any time it determines that the 656 circumstances that caused the out-of-home placement, and any issues subsequently identified, have been remedied to the extent 657 658 that returning the child to the home with an in-home safety plan 659 prepared or approved by the department they have substantially complied with the case plan, if the court is satisfied that 660 661 reunification will not be detrimental to the child's safety, 662 well-being, and physical, mental, and emotional health.

3. If, in the opinion of the court, the social service agency has not complied with its obligations as specified in the written case plan, the court may find the social service agency in contempt, shall order the social service agency to submit its plans for compliance with the agreement, and shall require the social service agency to show why the child could not safely be returned to the home of the parents.

670 4. If, at any judicial review, the court finds that the 671 parents have failed to substantially comply with the case plan 672 to the degree that further reunification efforts are without 673 merit and not in the best interest of the child, on its own 674 motion, the court may order the filing of a petition for 675 termination of parental rights, regardless of whether or not the

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676 time period as contained in the case plan for substantial 677 compliance has expired.

678 5. Within 6 months after the date that the child was 679 placed in shelter care, the court shall conduct a judicial 680 review hearing to review the child's permanency goal as 681 identified in the case plan. At the hearing the court shall make 682 findings regarding the likelihood of the child's reunification 683 with the parent or legal custodian. In making such findings, the court shall consider the level of the parent or legal 684 685 custodian's compliance with the case plan and demonstrated 686 change in protective capacities compared to that necessary to 687 achieve timely reunification within 12 months after the removal 688 of the child from the home. The court shall also consider the frequency, duration, manner, and level of engagement of the 689 690 parent or legal custodian's visitation with the child in 691 compliance with the case plan. If the court makes a written 692 finding that it is not likely that the child will be reunified 693 with the parent or legal custodian within 12 months after the 694 child was removed from the home, the department must file with 695 the court, and serve on all parties, a motion to amend the case 696 plan under s. 39.6013 and declare that it will use concurrent 697 planning for the case plan. The department must file the motion within 10 business days after receiving the written finding of 698 699 the court. The department must attach the proposed amended case plan to the motion. If concurrent planning is already being 700

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vsed, the case plan must document the efforts the department istaking to complete the concurrent goal.

703 6. The court may issue a protective order in assistance, 704 or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In 705 addition to the requirements included in the case plan, the 706 protective order may set forth requirements relating to reasonable conditions of behavior to be observed for a specified 707 708 period of time by a person or agency who is before the court; 709 and the order may require any person or agency to make periodic 710 reports to the court containing such information as the court in 711 its discretion may prescribe.

712 7. If, at any judicial review, the court determines that 713 the child shall remain in out-of-home care in a placement other 714 than with a parent, the court shall order that the department 715 has placement and care responsibility for the child.

(4) REVIEW HEARINGS FOR YOUNG ADULTS IN FOSTER CARE.—
717 During each period of time that a young adult remains in foster
718 care, the court shall review the status of the young adult at
719 least every 6 months and must hold a permanency review hearing
720 at least annually.

(f) If the young adult elects to voluntarily leave extended foster care for the sole purpose of ending a removal episode and immediately thereafter executes a voluntary placement agreement with the department to reenroll in extended foster care, the court shall enter an order finding that the

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726	prior removal episode has ended. Under these circumstances, the
727	court maintains jurisdiction and a petition to reinstate
728	jurisdiction as provided in s. 39.6251(6)(b) is not required.
729	(g)1. When a young adult enters extended foster care by
730	executing a voluntary placement agreement, the court shall enter
731	an order within 180 days after execution of the agreement that
732	determines whether the placement is in the best interest of the
733	young adult. For purposes of this paragraph, a placement may
734	include a licensed foster home, licensed group home, college
735	dormitory, shared housing, apartment, or another housing
736	arrangement, if the arrangement is approved by the community-
737	based care lead agency and is acceptable to the young adult.
738	2. When a young adult is in extended foster care, each
739	judicial review order shall provide that the department has
740	placement and care responsibility for the young adult.
741	3. When a young adult is in extended foster care, the
742	court shall enter an order at least every 12 months that
743	includes a finding of whether the department has made reasonable
744	efforts to finalize the permanency plan currently in effect.
745	Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
746	402.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
747	402.56 Children's cabinet; organization; responsibilities;
748	annual report
749	(4) MEMBERSThe cabinet shall consist of 16 members
750	including the Governor and the following persons:
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751	(a)1. The Secretary of Children and Families;
752	2. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice;
753	3. The director of the Agency for Persons with
754	Disabilities;
755	4. The director of the Office of Early Learning;
756	5. The State Surgeon General;
757	6. The Secretary of Health Care Administration;
758	7. The Commissioner of Education;
759	8. The director of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office;
760	9. <u>A representative</u> The director of the Office of Adoption
761	and Child Protection;
762	10. A superintendent of schools, appointed by the
763	Governor; and
764	11. Five members who represent children and youth advocacy
765	organizations and who are not service providers, appointed by
766	the Governor.
767	Section 12. Section 402.57, Florida Statutes, is created
768	to read:
769	402.57 Direct-support organization
770	(1) The Department of Children and Families shall
771	establish a direct-support organization to assist the Children
772	and Youth Cabinet established in s. 402.56 in carrying out its
773	purposes and responsibilities, primarily regarding fostering
774	public awareness of children and youth issues and developing new
775	partners in the effort to serve children and youth by raising

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776	money; submitting requests for and receiving grants from the
777	Federal Government, the state or its political subdivisions,
778	private foundations, and individuals; and making expenditures to
779	or for the benefit of the cabinet. The sole purpose for the
780	direct-support organization is to support the cabinet. The
781	direct-support organization must be:
782	(a) Incorporated under chapter 617 and approved by the
783	Department of State as a Florida corporation not for profit.
784	(b) Organized and operated to make expenditures to or for
785	the benefit of the cabinet.
786	(c) Approved by the department to be operating for the
787	benefit of and in a manner consistent with the goals of the
788	cabinet and in the best interest of the state.
789	(2) The board of directors of the direct-support
790	organization shall consist of seven members appointed by the
791	Governor. Each member of the board of directors shall be
792	appointed to a 4-year term. However, for the purpose of
793	providing staggered terms, the initial appointments shall be for
794	either 2 years or 4 years, as determined by the Governor.
795	(3) The direct-support organization shall operate under a
796	written contract with the department.
797	(4) All moneys received by the direct-support organization
798	must be deposited into an account of the direct-support
799	organization and shall be used in a manner consistent with the
800	goals of the cabinet.

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801	(5) This section is repealed October 1, 2024, unless
802	reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.
803	Section 13. Subsections (9) and (10) of section 409.1451,
804	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (10) and (11),
805	respectively, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) is amended, and a
806	new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:
807	409.1451 The Road-to-Independence Program
808	(2) POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION SERVICES AND SUPPORT
809	(b) The amount of the financial assistance shall be as
810	follows:
811	1. For a young adult who does not remain in foster care
812	and is attending a postsecondary school as provided in s.
813	1009.533, the amount is \$1,256 monthly.
814	2. For a young adult who remains in foster care, is
815	attending a postsecondary school, as provided in s. 1009.533,
816	and continues to reside in a licensed foster home, the amount is
817	the established room and board rate for foster parents. This
818	takes the place of the payment provided for in s. 409.145(4).
819	3. For a young adult who remains in foster care, but
820	temporarily resides away from a licensed foster home for
821	purposes of attending a postsecondary school as provided in s.
822	1009.533, the amount is \$1,256 monthly. This takes the place of
823	the payment provided for in s. 409.145(4).
824	4. For a young adult who remains in foster care, is
825	attending a postsecondary school as provided in s. 1009.533, and
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continues to reside in a licensed group home, the amount is 826 827 negotiated between the community-based care lead agency and the 828 licensed group home provider. 829 For a young adult who remains in foster care, but 5. 830 temporarily resides away from a licensed group home for purposes 831 of attending a postsecondary school as provided in s. 1009.533, the amount is \$1,256 monthly. This takes the place of a 832 833 negotiated room and board rate. 6. The amount of the award may be disregarded for purposes 834 835 of determining the eligibility for, or the amount of, any other 836 federal or federally supported assistance. 837 6.7. A young adult is eligible to receive financial assistance during the months when he or she is enrolled in a 838 839 postsecondary educational institution. 840 FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR YOUNG ADULTS RECEIVING (9) 841 SERVICES.-Financial awards to young adults receiving services 842 under subsections (2) and (3) and s. 39.6251 may be disregarded 843 for purposes of determining the eligibility for, or the amount 844 of, any other federal or federally supported assistance for 845 which the department is required to determine eligibility for 846 the program. 847 Section 14. Paragraphs (e), (j), and (m) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (c) of 848 849 subsection (6), subsection (7), paragraph (b) of subsection (9),

850 paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (12), and paragraphs (b)

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851 and (d) of subsection (14) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, 852 are amended to read:

409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential
child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public
records exemption.-

856

(2) As used in this section, the term:

(e) "Family foster home" means a private residence
licensed by the department in which children who are unattended
by a parent or legal guardian are provided 24-hour care. The
term does not include an adoptive home that has been approved by
the department or approved by a licensed child-placing agency
for children placed for adoption.

"Personnel" means all owners, operators, employees, 863 (j) 864 and volunteers working in a child-placing agency, family foster 865 home, or residential child-caring agency who may be employed by 866 or do volunteer work for a person, corporation, or agency that 867 holds a license as a child-placing agency or a residential 868 child-caring agency, but the term does not include those who do 869 not work on the premises where child care is furnished and have 870 no direct contact with a child or have no contact with a child 871 outside of the presence of the child's parent or quardian. For 872 purposes of screening, the term includes any member, over the age of 12 years, of the family of the owner or operator or any 873 874 person other than a client, over the age of 12 years, residing 875 with the owner or operator if the agency or family foster home

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876 is located in or adjacent to the home of the owner or operator 877 or if the family member of, or person residing with, the owner 878 or operator has any direct contact with the children. Members of 879 the family of the owner or operator, or persons residing with 880 the owner or operator, who are between the ages of 12 years and 881 18 years are not required to be fingerprinted, but must be 882 screened for delinquency records. For purposes of screening, the 883 term also includes owners, operators, employees, and volunteers working in summer day camps, or summer 24-hour camps providing 884 885 care for children. A volunteer who assists on an intermittent 886 basis for less than 10 hours per month shall not be included in the term "personnel" for the purposes of screening if a person 887 888 who meets the screening requirement of this section is always 889 present and has the volunteer in his or her line of sight.

(m) "Screening" means the act of assessing the background of personnel <u>or level II through level V family foster homes</u> and includes, but is not limited to, employment history checks as provided in chapter 435, using the level 2 standards for screening set forth in that chapter.

(5) The department shall adopt and amend rules for the levels of licensed care associated with the licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and childplacing agencies. The rules may include criteria to approve waivers to licensing requirements when applying for a childspecific license.

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901 (b) The requirements for licensure and operation of family 902 foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-903 placing agencies shall include:

904 1. The operation, conduct, and maintenance of these homes 905 and agencies and the responsibility which they assume for 906 children served and the evidence of need for that service.

907 2. The provision of food, clothing, educational 908 opportunities, services, equipment, and individual supplies to 909 assure the healthy physical, emotional, and mental development 910 of the children served.

911 3. The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and general 912 adequacy of the premises, including fire prevention and health 913 standards, to provide for the physical comfort, care, and well-914 being of the children served.

915 4. The ratio of staff to children required to provide
916 adequate care and supervision of the children served and, in the
917 case of <u>family</u> foster homes, the maximum number of children in
918 the home.

5. The good moral character based upon screening,
education, training, and experience requirements for personnel
and family foster homes.

922 6. The department may grant exemptions from
923 disqualification from working with children or the
924 developmentally disabled as provided in s. 435.07.

925

7. The provision of preservice and inservice training for

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926 all foster parents and agency staff.

927 8. Satisfactory evidence of financial ability to provide
928 care for the children in compliance with licensing requirements.
929 9. The maintenance by the agency of records pertaining to
930 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children served,

931 including written case plans and reports to the department.

932 10. The provision for parental involvement to encourage 933 preservation and strengthening of a child's relationship with 934 the family.

935

11. The transportation safety of children served.

936 12. The provisions for safeguarding the cultural,937 religious, and ethnic values of a child.

938 13. Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of children939 served.

940 (6)

941 Upon application, the department shall conduct a (b) 942 licensing study based on its licensing rules; shall inspect the 943 home or the agency and the records, including financial records, 944 of the agency; and shall interview the applicant. The department 945 may authorize a licensed child-placing agency to conduct the 946 licensing study of a family foster home to be used exclusively 947 by that agency and to verify to the department that the home meets the licensing requirements established by the department. 948 949 The department shall post on its website a list of the agencies 950 authorized to conduct such studies. Upon certification by a

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951 licensed child-placing agency that a family foster home meets 952 the licensing requirements and upon receipt of a letter from a 953 community-based care lead agency in the service area where the 954 home will be licensed which indicates that the family foster 955 home meets the criteria established by the lead agency, the 956 department shall issue the license. A letter from the lead 957 agency is not required if the lead agency where the proposed 958 home is located is directly supervising foster homes in the same 959 service area.

(c) A licensed family foster home, child-placing agency, 960 961 or residential child-caring agency which applies for renewal of 962 its license shall submit to the department a list of personnel 963 or household members who have worked or resided on a continuous 964 basis at the applicant family foster home or agency since 965 submitting fingerprints to the department, identifying those for 966 whom a written assurance of compliance was provided by the 967 department and identifying those personnel or household members who have recently begun working or residing at the family foster 968 969 home or agency and are awaiting the results of the required 970 fingerprint check, along with the date of the submission of 971 those fingerprints for processing. The department shall by rule 972 determine the frequency of requests to the Department of Law Enforcement to run state criminal records checks for such 973 974 personnel or household members except for those personnel or 975 household members awaiting the results of initial fingerprint

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976 checks for employment at the applicant family foster home or 977 agency.

978 (7) (a) The department may extend a license expiration date once for a period of up to 30 days. However, the department may 979 980 not extend a license expiration date more than once during a 981 licensure period. The department may issue a provisional license 982 to an applicant who is unable to conform to the licensing requirements at the time of the study, but who is believed able 983 984 to meet the licensing requirements within the time allowed by 985 the provisional license. The issuance of a provisional license 986 shall be contingent upon the submission to the department of an 987 acceptable written plan to overcome the deficiency by the 988 expiration date of the provisional license.

989 (b) A provisional license may be issued when the applicant 990 fails to meet licensing requirements in matters that are not of 991 immediate danger to the children and the agency has submitted a 992 corrective action plan which is approved by the department. A 993 provisional license may be issued if the screening material has been timely submitted; however, a provisional license may not be 994 issued unless the applicant is in compliance with the 995 996 requirements in this section for screening of personnel. 997 (c) A provisional license shall not be issued for a period

998 in excess of 1 year and shall not be subject to renewal; and it

999 may be suspended if periodic inspection by the department

1000 indicates that insufficient progress has been made toward

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1001	compliance with the requirements.
1002	(9)
1003	(b) Any of the following actions by a <u>family foster</u> home
1004	or its household members or <u>an</u> agency or its personnel is a
1005	ground for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license:
1006	1. An intentional or negligent act materially affecting
1007	the health or safety of children in the home or agency.
1008	2. A violation of the provisions of this section or of
1009	licensing rules <u>adopted</u> promulgated pursuant to this section.
1010	3. Noncompliance with the requirements for good moral
1011	character as specified in paragraph (5)(b).
1012	4. Failure to dismiss personnel or remove a household
1013	member found in noncompliance with requirements for good moral
1014	character.
1015	5. Failure to comply with the requirements of ss. 63.0422
1016	and 790.335.
1017	(12)
1018	(b) It is unlawful for any person, agency, <u>family foster</u>
1019	home, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for
1020	children to:
1021	1. Willfully or intentionally fail to comply with the
1022	requirements for the screening of personnel and family foster
1023	homes or the dismissal of personnel or removal of household
1024	members found not to be in compliance with the requirements for
1025	good moral character as specified in paragraph (5)(b).
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Use information from the criminal records obtained 1026 2. under this section for any purpose other than screening a person 1027 1028 for employment as specified in this section or to release such 1029 information to any other person for any purpose other than 1030 screening for employment as specified in this section. 1031 It is unlawful for any person, agency, family foster (C) 1032 home, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for 1033 children to use information from the juvenile records of any 1034 person obtained under this section for any purpose other than 1035 screening for employment as specified in this section or to release information from such records to any other person for 1036 1037 any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in 1038 this section. 1039 (14)1040 As a condition of licensure, foster parents shall (b) successfully complete a minimum of 21 hours of preservice 1041 1042 training. The preservice training shall be uniform statewide and 1043 shall include, but not be limited to, such areas as: 1044 1. Orientation regarding agency purpose, objectives, 1045 resources, policies, and services; 1046 2. Role of the foster parent as a treatment team member; 1047 Transition of a child into and out of foster care, 3. 1048 including issues of separation, loss, and attachment; Management of difficult child behavior that can be 1049 4.

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intensified by placement, by prior abuse or neglect, and by

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1051 prior placement disruptions; Prevention of placement disruptions; 1052 5. 1053 6. Care of children at various developmental levels, 1054 including appropriate discipline; and 1055 7. Effects of foster parenting on the family of the foster 1056 parent. 1057 (d) Before Prior to licensure renewal, each level II 1058 through level V foster parent must shall successfully complete 8 hours of inservice training. Each level I foster parent shall 1059

1060 successfully complete 4 hours of inservice training. Periodic time-limited training courses shall be made available for 1061 1062 selective use by foster parents. Such inservice training shall include subjects affecting the daily living experiences of 1063 1064 foster parenting as a foster parent. For a foster parent 1065 participating in the required inservice training, the department shall reimburse such parent for travel expenditures and, if both 1066 1067 parents in a home are attending training or if the absence of 1068 the parent would leave the children without departmentally 1069 approved adult supervision, the department shall make provision 1070 for child care or shall reimburse the foster parents for child 1071 care purchased by the parents for children in their care.

Section 15. Subsection (4) of section 409.903, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1074 409.903 Mandatory payments for eligible persons.—The 1075 agency shall make payments for medical assistance and related

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1076 services on behalf of the following persons who the department, 1077 or the Social Security Administration by contract with the 1078 Department of Children and Families, determines to be eligible, 1079 subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests 1080 set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these 1081 Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of 1082 moneys and any limitations established by the General 1083 Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

(4) A child who is eligible under Title IV-E of the Social
Security Act for subsidized board payments, foster care, or
adoption subsidies, and a child for whom the state has assumed
temporary or permanent responsibility and who does not qualify
for Title IV-E assistance but is in foster care, shelter or
emergency shelter care, or subsidized adoption. This category
includes:

1091 (a) A young adult who is eligible to receive services 1092 under s. 409.1451, until the young adult reaches 21 years of 1093 age, without regard to any income, resource, or categorical 1094 eligibility test that is otherwise required.

1095 (b) This category also includes A person who as a child 1096 was eligible under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act for 1097 foster care or the state-provided foster care and who is a 1098 participant in the Road-to-Independence Program.

1099(c) A child who is eligible for the Guardianship1100Assistance Program as provided in s. 39.6225.

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1101	Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
1102	409.991, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1103	409.991 Allocation of funds for community-based care lead
1104	agencies
1105	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1106	(a) "Core services funds" means all funds allocated to
1107	community-based care lead agencies operating under contract with
1108	the department pursuant to s. 409.987, with the following
1109	exceptions:
1110	1. Funds appropriated for independent living;
1111	2. Funds appropriated for maintenance adoption subsidies;
1112	3. Funds allocated by the department for protective
1113	investigations training;
1114	4. Nonrecurring funds;
1115	5. Designated mental health wrap-around services funds;
1116	and
1117	6. Funds for special projects for a designated community-
1118	based care lead agency; and
1119	7. Funds appropriated for the Guardianship Assistance
1120	Program under s. 39.6225.
1121	Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
1122	414.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1123	414.045 Cash assistance program.—Cash assistance families
1124	include any families receiving cash assistance payments from the
1125	state program for temporary assistance for needy families as

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defined in federal law, whether such funds are from federal funds, state funds, or commingled federal and state funds. Cash assistance families may also include families receiving cash assistance through a program defined as a separate state program.

(1) For reporting purposes, families receiving cash assistance shall be grouped into the following categories. The department may develop additional groupings in order to comply with federal reporting requirements, to comply with the datareporting needs of the board of directors of CareerSource Florida, Inc., or to better inform the public of program progress.

(b) Child-only cases.-Child-only cases include cases that do not have an adult or teen head of household as defined in federal law. Such cases include:

1141 1. Children in the care of caretaker relatives, if the 1142 caretaker relatives choose to have their needs excluded in the 1143 calculation of the amount of cash assistance.

1144 2. Families in the Relative Caregiver Program as provided 1145 in s. 39.5085.

3. Families in which the only parent in a single-parent family or both parents in a two-parent family receive supplemental security income (SSI) benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended. To the extent permitted by federal law, individuals receiving SSI shall be excluded as

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1151 household members in determining the amount of cash assistance, and such cases shall not be considered families containing an 1152 1153 adult. Parents or caretaker relatives who are excluded from the 1154 cash assistance group due to receipt of SSI may choose to 1155 participate in work activities. An individual whose ability to 1156 participate in work activities is limited who volunteers to 1157 participate in work activities shall be assigned to work 1158 activities consistent with such limitations. An individual who volunteers to participate in a work activity may receive child 1159 1160 care or support services consistent with such participation.

1161 4. Families in which the only parent in a single-parent 1162 family or both parents in a two-parent family are not eligible 1163 for cash assistance due to immigration status or other 1164 limitation of federal law. To the extent required by federal 1165 law, such cases shall not be considered families containing an 1166 adult.

5. To the extent permitted by federal law and subject to appropriations, special needs children who have been adopted pursuant to s. 409.166 and whose adopting family qualifies as a needy family under the state program for temporary assistance for needy families. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in s. 414.075, s. 414.085, or s. 414.095, a family shall be considered a needy family if:

a. The family is determined by the department to have anincome below 200 percent of the federal poverty level;

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1176	b. The family meets the requirements of s. 414.095(2) and
1177	(3) related to residence, citizenship, or eligible noncitizen
1178	status; and
1179	c. The family provides any information that may be
1180	necessary to meet federal reporting requirements specified under
1181	Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act.
1182	6. Families in the Guardianship Assistance Program as
1183	provided in s. 39.6225.
1184	
1185	Families described in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or
1186	subparagraph 3. may receive child care assistance or other
1187	supports or services so that the children may continue to be
1188	cared for in their own homes or in the homes of relatives. Such
1189	assistance or services may be funded from the temporary
1190	assistance for needy families block grant to the extent
1191	permitted under federal law and to the extent funds have been
1192	provided in the General Appropriations Act.
1193	Section 18. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
1194	1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1195	1009.25 Fee exemptions
1196	(1) The following students are exempt from the payment of
1197	tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that
1198	provides workforce education programs, Florida College System
1199	institution, or state university:
1200	(d) A student who is or was at the time he or she reached
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1201 18 years of age in the custody of a relative or nonrelative 1202 under s. 39.5085 or s. 39.6225 or who was adopted from the 1203 Department of Children and Families after May 5, 1997. Such 1204 exemption includes fees associated with enrollment in applied 1205 academics for adult education instruction. The exemption remains 1206 valid until the student reaches 28 years of age. 1207

Section 19. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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