The Senate Committee on Finance offered the following substitute to HB 1180:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 income taxes, so as to revise the definition of "taxable nonresident"; to provide for taxation 3 of certain nonresidents; to separate into a new Code section provisions related to tax credits 4 for qualified interactive entertainment production companies; to provide for base investment 5 requirements for a qualified production company to qualify for a credit; to provide for a 6 maximum amount of credits that may be transferred each year; to provide for the 7 implementation of such maximum; to provide for an exemption from such maximum; to 8 provide for conditions related to transferability of credits; to provide for the circumstances 9 under which a company qualifies for an additional credit; to authorize certain fees; to require 10 companies to pay court costs if the denial of certification is upheld by a court on appeal; to 11 provide for an application requirement; to provided for rules and regulations; to remove 12 outdated and unnecessary language; to provide a short title; to provide for definitions; to 13 provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal 14 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

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16	SECTION 1.
17	Chapter 7 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to income taxes,
18	is amended in paragraph (11) of Code Section 48-7-1, relating to definitions, by deleting
19	"and" at the end of subparagraph (D), by deleting the period at the end of subparagraph (E)
20	and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by adding a new subparagraph to read as follows:
21	"(F)(i) Every person that is not otherwise a resident of this state for income tax
22	purposes that receives income which is, at any time, derived from residual or royalty
23	payments due to a performing arts activity, including employment, trade, business,
24	profession, or other activity performed or carried on within this state, with respect to
25	a state certified production as defined in Code Sections 48-7-40.26.
26	(ii) For the purposes of this subparagraph and subsection (b) of Code Section
27	48-7-30, the term:
28	(I) 'Performing arts activity' means any activity performed or completed as a part
29	of a state certified production as defined in Code Sections 48-7-40.26.
30	(II) 'Residual payments' means payments to writers, directors, or actors from
31	rebroadcast or exploitation in a secondary market of a recorded production.
32	(III) 'Royalty payments' means payments to an author or composer from the
33	proceeds of a sale or performance of his or her work."
34	SECTION 2.
35	Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 48-7-30, relating
36	to taxation of nonresident's entire net income derived from activities within state, separate

37 accounting possible, applicability, allowed deductions, and applicability of provisions for 38 corporations to nonresidents, as follows:

39 "(b) A taxable nonresident whose income is derived from employment, trade, business, professional, or other activity, including but not limited to performing arts activity, 40

performed or carried on within and outside this state shall be taxed only upon the income 41

derived from carrying on the activity within this state; provided, however, that all income

- 43 derived from residual or royalty payments to a taxable nonresident due to employment,
- 44 trade, business, profession, or other performing arts activity performed or carried on within
- 45 this state, with respect to a state certified production as defined in Code Section 48-7-40.26,
- 46 shall be taxable income whether such income is received within or outside of this state.
- 47 The amount of taxable income may be determined by a separate accounting of the income
- 48 if the commissioner is satisfied that the separate accounting reflects correctly the income
- 49 fairly attributable to this state. Otherwise, the amount of taxable income shall be
- determined in the manner prescribed by this chapter for the allocation and apportionment
- of income of corporations engaged in business within and outside this state."

52 SECTION 3.

- 53 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 48-7-40.26, relating to income tax
- 54 credits for film, gaming, video, or digital production, as follows:
- 55 "48-7-40.26.
- 56 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Entertainment
- 57 Industry Investment Act.'
- 58 (b) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 59 (1) 'Affiliates' means those entities that are included in the production company's or
- 60 qualified interactive entertainment production company's affiliated group as defined in
- Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all other entities that are directly or
- indirectly owned 50 percent or more by members of the affiliated group. For purposes
- of this Code section, notwithstanding its form of organization, a production company
- shall be deemed a member of an affiliated group if it is directly or indirectly owned 50
- 65 percent or more by one or more members of an affiliated group.
- 66 (2) 'Base investment' means the aggregate funds actually invested and expended by a
- 67 production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company as

production expenditures incurred in this state that are directly used in a state certified

- 69 production or productions.
- 70 (3) 'Game platform' means the electronic delivery system used to launch or play an
- 71 interactive game.
- 72 (4) 'Game sequel' means an interactive game which builds upon the theme of a
- 73 previously released interactive game, is distinguished by a new title, and features
- 74 objectives or characters that are recognizably different from the original game.
- 75 (5)(3) 'Multimarket commercial distribution' means paid commercial distribution with
- media buys which extend to markets outside the State of Georgia.
- 77 (6) 'Prereleased interactive game' means a new game, the offering of an existing game
- on a new game platform, or a game sequel that is in the developmental stages of
- 79 production, which may be available to individuals for testing purposes but is not
- 80 generally made available or distributed to consumers or to the general public.
- 81 (7)(4) 'Production company' means a company, other than a qualified interactive
- 82 entertainment production company, primarily engaged in qualified production activities
- which have been approved by the Department of Economic Development. This Such
- term shall not mean or include any form of business owned, affiliated, or controlled, in
- whole or in part, by any company or person which is in default on any tax obligation of
- the state, or a loan made by the state or a loan guaranteed by the state.
- 87 (8)(5) 'Production expenditures' means:
- 88 (A) Preproduction, production, and postproduction expenditures incurred in this state
- that are directly used in a qualified production activity, including, but not limited to, the
- following: set construction and operation; wardrobes, make-up, accessories, and related
- services; costs associated with photography and sound synchronization; expenditures
- excluding license fees incurred with Georgia companies for sound recordings and
- musical compositions; sound recording projects used in feature films, series, pilots, or
- movies; lighting and related services and materials; editing and related services; rental

of facilities and equipment; leasing of vehicles; costs of food and lodging; digital or tape editing; film processing; transfers of film to tape or digital format; sound mixing; computer graphics services; special effects services; visual effects services; animation services; total aggregate payroll; airfare, if purchased through a Georgia travel agency or travel company; insurance costs and bonding, if purchased through a Georgia insurance agency; and other direct costs of producing the project in accordance with generally accepted entertainment industry practices:

(B) This Such term shall not include:

- (i) Postproduction expenditures for footage shot outside the State of Georgia this state, marketing, story rights, or distribution;
- (ii) Any expenditure for work or services not conducted or rendered in Georgia this state. Expenditures for services not performed at the filming site shall only qualify if the vendor is a Georgia vendor. Expenditures for services conducted or rendered both in Georgia and outside Georgia this state shall only qualify to the extent the service is conducted or rendered in Georgia;
- (iii) Expenditures for goods that were not purchased or rented or leased in this state from a Georgia vendor. Expenditures for goods shall only qualify to the extent such goods are used in this state. A vendor that acts as a conduit to enable purchases or rentals to qualify that would not otherwise qualify shall not be considered a Georgia vendor with respect to such purchases, rentals, or leases; or
- (iv) Any transaction subject to taxation imposed by Chapter 8 or 13 of this title for which taxes have not been demonstrably paid:
- (C) This Such term includes payments to a loan-out company by a production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company that has met its withholding tax obligations as set out below provided in this paragraph. The production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company shall withhold Georgia income tax at the rate imposed by subsection (a) of Code Section 48-7-21 on all

payments to loan-out companies for services performed in Georgia. Any amounts so withheld shall be deemed to have been withheld by the loan-out company on wages paid to its employees for services performed in Georgia pursuant to Article 5 of this chapter notwithstanding the exclusion provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (10) of Code Section 48-7-100. The amounts so withheld shall be allocated to the loan-out company's employees based on the payments made to the loan-out company's employees for services performed in Georgia. For purposes of this chapter, loan-out company nonresident employees performing services in Georgia shall be considered taxable nonresidents and the loan-out company shall be subject to income taxation in the taxable year in which the loan-out company's employees perform services in Georgia, notwithstanding any other provisions in this chapter. Such withholding liability shall be subject to penalties and interest in the same manner as the employee withholding taxes imposed by Article 5 of this chapter and the commissioner shall provide by regulation the manner in which such liability shall be assessed and collected: and

- 137 (D) Production expenditures by a production company shall be subject to any limitations or reductions imposed by subsection (1) (k) of this Code section.
- 139 (9)(6) 'Qualified Georgia promotion' means a qualified promotion of this state approved 140 by the Department of Economic Development consisting of a:
 - (A) Qualified movie production which includes a five-second long static or animated logo that promotes Georgia in the end credits before the below-the-line crew crawl for the life of the project and which includes a link to Georgia on the project's web page;
 - (B) Qualified TV production which includes an embedded five-second long Georgia promotion during each broadcast worldwide for the life of the project and which includes a link to Georgia on the project's web page; or
- 147 (C) Qualified music video which includes the Georgia logo at the end of each video 148 and within online promotions; or

(D) Qualified interactive game which includes a 15 second long Georgia advertisement

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150 in units sold and embedded in online promotions. 151 (10) 'Qualified interactive entertainment production company' means a company that: (A) Maintains a business location physically located in Georgia; 152 (B)(i) Through December 31, 2017, in the calendar year directly preceding the start 153 of the taxable year of the qualified interactive entertainment production company, had 154 155 a total aggregate payroll of \$500,000.00 or more for employees working within the 156 state; or 157 (ii) On or after January 1, 2018, had a total aggregate payroll of \$250,000.00 or more for employees working within the state in the taxable year the qualified interactive 158 entertainment production company claims the tax credits; 159 (C) Has gross income less than \$100 million for the taxable year; and 160 (D) Is primarily engaged in qualified production activities related to interactive 161 entertainment which have been approved by the Department of Economic 162 163 Development. 164 This term shall not mean or include any form of business owned, affiliated, or controlled, 165 in whole or in part, by any company or person which is in default on any tax obligation 166 of the state, or a loan made by the state or a loan guaranteed by the state. 167 (11)(7) 'Qualified production activities' means the production of new film, video, or 168 digital projects produced in this state and approved by the Department of Economic 169 Development as state certified productions, including only the following: feature films, series, pilots, movies for television, televised commercial advertisements, and music 170 videos, interactive entertainment, or prereleased interactive games. Such activities term 171 shall include projects recorded in this state, in whole or in part, in either short or long 172 173 form, animation and music, fixed on a delivery system which includes without limitation 174 film, videotape, computer disc, laser disc, and any element of the digital domain, from 175 which the program is viewed or reproduced, and which is intended for multimarket

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commercial distribution via theaters, video on demand, direct to DVD, digital platforms designed for the distribution of interactive games, licensing for exhibition by individual television stations, groups of stations, networks, advertiser supported sites paid subscription based platform, cable television stations, or public broadcasting stations. Such term shall not include the coverage of news or athletic events, local interest programming, instructional videos, corporate videos, any project that is not intended for multimarket commercial distribution, or any project not shot, recorded, or originally created in Georgia. (12)(8) 'Resident' means an individual as designated pursuant to paragraph (10) of Code Section 48-7-1, as amended. (13)(9) 'State certified production' means a production engaged in qualified production activities which have been approved by the Department of Economic Development in accordance with regulations promulgated pursuant to this Code section. In the instance of a 'work work for hire' hire in which one production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company hires another production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company to produce a project or contribute elements of a project for pay, the hired company shall be considered a service provider for the hiring company, and the hiring company shall be entitled to the film tax credit allowed under this Code section. (14)(10) 'Total aggregate payroll' means the total sum expended by a production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company on salaries paid to employees working within this state in a state certified production or productions. For purposes of this paragraph: (A) With respect to a single employee, the portion of any salary which exceeds \$500,000.00 for a single production shall not be included when calculating total aggregate payroll; and

(B) All payments to a single employee and any legal entity in which the employee has any direct or indirect ownership interest shall be considered as having been paid to the employee and shall be aggregated regardless of the means of payment or distribution.

- (c) For any production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates that invest in a state certified production approved by the Department of Economic Development and whose average annual total production expenditures in this state did not exceed \$30 million for 2002, 2003, and 2004, there shall be allowed an income tax credit against the tax imposed under this article. The tax credit under this subsection shall be allowed if the base investment by a production company and its affiliates that invest in state certified productions in this state equals or exceeds \$500,000.00 \$750,000.00 for qualified production activities a single state certified production or \$8 million for all state certified productions, except that any qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed the tax credit under this subsection if the base investment in this state equals or exceeds \$250,000.00 for qualified production activities on or after January 1, 2018, and shall be calculated as follows:
 - (1) The production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed a tax credit equal to 20 percent of the base investment in this state; and (2)(A) The production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed an additional tax credit equal to 10 percent of such base investment if, as determined as a result of the audit required by subsection (k) of this Code section, the qualified production activity includes a qualified Georgia promotion. Such additional tax credit shall be allowed for any qualified production that includes a qualified Georgia promotion upon its release to the general public. In lieu of the inclusion of the Georgia promotional logo, the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company may offer alternative marketing opportunities to be evaluated by the Department of Economic Development to ensure that they offer equal or greater promotional value to the State of Georgia. The

229	Department of Economic Development shall electronically certify to the Department
230	of Revenue when the requirements of this subparagraph and paragraph (2) of subsection
231	(d) of this Code section have been met. state certified production meets at least four of
232	the following criteria:
233	(i) At least 50 percent of the number of crew members performing services in this
234	state are Georgia residents;
235	(ii) At least 50 percent of the total number of vendors providing goods or services in
236	this state are Georgia vendors;
237	(iii) It incurs at least \$30 million of production expenditures in this state;
238	(iv) At least 50 percent of its principal photography days occur in one or more
239	counties that have been underutilized by production companies as listed by the
240	Department of Economic Development as of January 1, 2026;
241	(v) At least 50 percent of its principal photography days in studio facilities are in
242	studio facilities in this state, including, but not limited to, soundstages and backlots,
243	or the company or its affiliates:
244	(I) Make capital improvements to a studio facility in this state that are in a form
245	and manner approved by the Department of Economic Development based on the
246	value of the capital improvements relative to the amount of tax credit sought; or
247	(II) Owns a studio facility in this state or enters into a lease of at least five years in
248	duration with a studio facility in this state with at least 100,000 square feet of
249	production space, including, but not limited to, soundstages, backlots, and
250	production offices;
251	(vi) The company contracts with Georgia vendors for 20 percent of such production's
252	postproduction expenditures or contracts with Georgia vendors for 20 percent of such
253	production's visual effects expenditures;

254 (vii) The company participates in or supports at least one Georgia workforce development program, including, but not limited to, a Georgia Film Academy 255 256 program; 257 (viii) It includes a qualified Georgia promotion, or the company engages in 258 alternative marketing opportunities approved by the Department of Economic Development based on a determination that such activities offer promotional value 259 260 to the state equal to or greater than the promotional value of a qualified Georgia 261 promotion; or 262 (ix) The company contracts for the recording in Georgia of elements of the state 263 certified production's music score or one or more songs included in the state certified production's soundtrack, licenses music from a Georgia resident or company doing 264 265 business in Georgia, or contracts with one or more Georgia residents for the composition or performance of music for incorporation into the state certified 266 production's music score or one or more songs included into the state certified 267 268 production's soundtrack. 269 (B) The Department of Economic Development shall prepare an annual report detailing 270 the alternative marketing opportunities it has approved under the provisions of 271 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The report shall include, but not be limited to: 272 (i) The goals and strategy behind each alternative marketing opportunity approved 273 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph: 274 (ii) The names of all production companies approved by the Department of Economic Development to provide alternative marketing opportunities; 275 276 The estimated value to the state of each approved alternative marketing 277 opportunity compared to the estimated value of the Georgia promotional logo; and 278 (iv) The names of all production companies who that chose to include the Georgia promotional logo in their its final production instead of offering the state an 279 280 alternative marketing proposal.

281 The report required under this paragraph subparagraph shall be completed no later than 282 January 1 of each year and presented to each member of the House Committee on Ways 283 and Means, the Senate Finance Committee, the Senate Economic Development and 284 Tourism Committee, the House Committee on Economic Development and Tourism, 285 and the Governor. 286 (C) The additional percentage of tax credit allowed by this paragraph and by paragraph 287 (2) of subsection (d) of this Code section shall not be allowed to a production company 288 for any qualified production activity or state certified production that has not been 289 commercially distributed in multiple markets. 290 (D) The additional percentage of tax credit that is allowed by this paragraph and by 291 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Code section shall not be issued final 292 certification pursuant to subsection (1) (k) of this Code section unless and until the state 293 certified production has been commercially distributed in multiple markets within five 294 years of the date that the project was first certified by the Department of Economic 295 Development:; and 296 (3) The base investment and the amount of the credit allowed by this subsection and by 297 subsection (d) of this Code section with respect to a production company shall be subject 298 to the limitations of and any reductions required by subsection (H) (k) of this Code section. 299 For any production company or qualified interactive entertainment production 300 company and its affiliates that invest in a state certified production approved by the 301 Department of Economic Development and whose average annual total production 302 expenditures in this state exceeded \$30 million for 2002, 2003, and 2004, there shall be 303 allowed an income tax credit against the tax imposed under this article. For purposes of 304 this subsection, the excess base investment in this state is computed by taking the current 305 year production expenditures in a state certified production and subtracting the average of 306 the annual total production expenditures for 2002, 2003, and 2004. The tax credit shall be 307 calculated as follows:

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(1) If the excess base investment by a production company and its affiliates that invest in state certified productions in this state equals or exceeds \$500,000.00 \$750,000.00 for a single state certified production or \$8 million for all state certified productions, or \$250,000.00 for qualified interactive entertainment production activities on or after January 1, 2018, the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates shall be allowed a tax credit of 20 percent of such excess base investment; and (2)(A) The production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates shall be allowed an additional tax credit equal to 10 percent of the excess base investment if, as determined as a result of the audit required by subsection (k) of this Code section, the qualified production activities include a qualified Georgia promotion. Such additional tax credit shall be allowed for any qualified production that includes a qualified Georgia promotion upon its release to the general public. In lieu of the inclusion of the Georgia promotional logo, the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company may offer marketing opportunities to be evaluated by the Department of Economic Development to ensure that they offer equal or greater promotional value to the State of Georgia state certified production meets at least four of the criteria provided in divisions (c)(2)(A)(i) through (c)(2)(A)(ix). (B) The Department of Economic Development shall prepare an annual report detailing the marketing opportunities it has approved under the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The report shall include, but not be limited to: (i) The goals and strategy behind each marketing opportunity approved pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph; (ii) The names of all production companies approved by the Department of Economic Development to provide alternative marketing opportunities; (iii) The estimated value to the state of each approved alternative marketing opportunity compared to the estimated value of the Georgia promotional logo; and

335 (iv) The names of all production companies who chose to include the Georgia 336 promotional logo in their final production instead of offering the state an alternative 337 marketing proposal. 338 The report required under this paragraph shall be completed no later than January 1 of each year and presented to each member of the House Committee on Ways and Means, 339 the Senate Finance Committee, the Senate Economic Development and Tourism 340 341 Committee, the House Committee on Economic Development and Tourism, and the 342 Governor. 343 (e)(1) In no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this Code 344 section for qualified interactive entertainment production companies and affiliates exceed \$25 million for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and before January 345 1, 2014. The maximum credit for any qualified interactive entertainment production 346 347 company and its affiliates shall be \$5 million for such taxable year. When the \$25 348 million cap is reached, the tax credit for qualified interactive entertainment production 349 companies shall expire for such taxable years. 350 (2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2015, 351 the amount of tax credits allowed under this Code section for qualified interactive 352 entertainment production companies and affiliates shall not exceed \$12.5 million. 353 (3) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, 354 the amount of tax credits allowed under this Code section for qualified interactive 355 entertainment production companies and affiliates shall not exceed \$12.5 million. 356 (4) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, and before January 1, 2018, the amount of tax credits allowed under this Code section for qualified interactive 357 358 entertainment production companies and affiliates shall not exceed \$12.5 million for each 359 taxable year. (5)(A) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the amount of tax 360 361 credits allowed under this Code section for qualified interactive entertainment

362 production companies and affiliates shall not exceed \$12.5 million for each taxable 363 year. 364 (B) Beginning on or after January 1, 2018, qualified interactive entertainment 365 production companies are eligible for tax credits for prereleased interactive game 366 production; provided, however, that such credits shall not be available for a period which exceeds three years. 367 368 (6) The maximum allowable credit claimed for any qualified interactive entertainment 369 production company and its affiliates shall not exceed \$1.5 million in any single year. 370 (7) Qualified interactive entertainment production companies seeking to claim a tax credit under the provisions of this Code section shall submit an application to the 371 commissioner for preapproval of such tax credit. The commissioner shall be authorized 372 to promulgate any rules and regulations and forms necessary to implement and administer 373 374 the provisions of this Code section. The commissioner shall preapprove the tax credits 375 based on the order in which properly completed applications were submitted. In the event that two or more applications were submitted on the same day and the amount of 376 funds available will not be sufficient to fully fund the tax credits requested, the 377 378 commissioner shall prorate the available funds between or among the applicants. 379 (8) No qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed to claim an amount of tax credits under this Code section for any single year in excess of its total 380 381 aggregate payroll expended to employees working within this state for the calendar year that the qualified interactive entertainment production company claims the tax credits. 382 Any amount in excess of such limit shall not be eligible for carry forward to the 383 succeeding years' tax liability, nor shall such excess amount be eligible for use against 384 the qualified interactive entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly 385 payment under Code Section 48-7-103, nor shall such excess amount be assigned, sold, 386 or transferred to any other taxpaver. 387

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(9) Before the Department of Economic Development issues its approval to the qualified interactive entertainment production company for the qualified production activities related to interactive entertainment, the qualified interactive entertainment production company must certify to the department that: (A) The qualified interactive entertainment production company maintains a business location physically located in this state; and (B) The qualified interactive entertainment production company had expended a total aggregate payroll of \$500,000.00 or more, or \$250,000.00 or more on or after January 1, 2018, for employees working within this state during the taxable year of the qualified interactive entertainment production company. The department shall issue a certification that the qualified interactive entertainment production company meets the requirements of this paragraph; provided, however, that the department shall not issue any certifications before July 1, 2014. The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall provide such certification to the Department of Economic Development. The Department of Economic Development shall not issue its approval until it receives such certification. (10)(A) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, the qualified interactive entertainment production company shall report to the Department of Revenue on its Georgia income tax return the monthly average number of full-time employees subject to Georgia income tax withholding for the taxable year as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, a full-time employee shall mean a person who performs a job that requires a minimum of 35 hours a week, and pays at or above the average wage earned in the county with the lowest average wage earned in this state, as reported in the most recently available annual issue of the Georgia Employment and Wages Averages Report of the Department of Labor.

414 (B) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, and before January 1, 415 2017, the qualified interactive entertainment production company shall report such 416 number for such taxable year and separately for each of the prior two taxable years. (C) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the qualified interactive 417 418 entertainment production company shall report such number for each respective taxable 419 vear. 420 (D) Notwithstanding Code Sections 48-2-15, 48-7-60, and 48-7-61, for such taxable 421 years, the commissioner shall report yearly to the House Committee on Ways and 422 Means and the Senate Finance Committee. The report shall include the name, tax year 423 beginning, and monthly average number of full-time employees for each qualified 424 interactive entertainment production company. The first report shall be submitted by 425 June 30, 2016, and each year thereafter by June 30. 426 (f)(1)(e)(1) Where If the amount of such credit or credits tax credits allowed under this 427 <u>Code section</u> exceeds the production company's or qualified interactive entertainment 428 production company's liability for such taxes owed pursuant to this article in a taxable 429 year, the excess may be taken as a credit against such production company's or qualified 430 interactive entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly payment under 431 Code Section 48-7-103. Each employee whose employer receives credit against such 432 production company's or qualified interactive entertainment production company's 433 quarterly or monthly payment under Code Section 48-7-103 shall receive credit against 434 his or her income tax liability under Code Section 48-7-20 for the corresponding taxable 435 year for the full amount which would be credited against such liability prior to the 436 application of the credit provided for in this subsection. Credits against quarterly or 437 monthly payments under Code Section 48-7-103 and credits against liability under Code 438 Section 48-7-20 established by this subsection shall not constitute income to the 439 production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company.

440 (2) If a production company and its affiliates, or a qualified interactive entertainment 441 production company and its affiliates, claim the a credit authorized under Code Section 442 48-7-40, 48-7-40.1, 48-7-40.17, or 48-7-40.18, then the production company and its 443 affiliates, or the qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates, 444 will shall only be allowed to claim the credit authorized under this Code section to the extent that the Georgia resident employees included in the credit calculation authorized 445 446 under this Code section and taken by the production company and its affiliates, or the 447 qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates, on such tax 448 return under this Code section have been permanently excluded from the credit 449 authorized under Code Section 48-7-40, 48-7-40.1, 48-7-40.17, or 48-7-40.18. (g)(f) Any tax credits with respect to a state certified production earned by a production 450 company or qualified interactive entertainment production company and previously 451 452 claimed but not used by such production company or qualified interactive entertainment 453 production company against its income tax liability may be transferred or sold in whole or in part by such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production 454 455 company to another Georgia taxpayer; provided, however, that such transfers and sales 456 shall be subject to the following conditions: 457 (1)(A) The total amount of all transfers or sales in a calendar year shall not exceed an 458 amount equal to 2.3 percent of the total budget in the General Appropriations Act as 459 passed and signed into law for the corresponding fiscal year. 460 (B) The Department of Revenue shall issue tax credit certificates that identify the calendar year in which the credit may first be transferred or sold. Such tax credit 461 certificates shall identify the current calendar year as the first year such certificates may 462 be transferred or sold for the amount of credits allowed to be transferred or sold 463 464 pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. 465 (C) Any tax credit certificates available to be issued by the Department of Revenue in

the current calendar year in excess of the amount of credits allowed to be transferred

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467 or sold pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be issued and available to 468 be transferred or sold in the next calendar year for which such amount has not been 469 reached in the order in which final certificates were available to be issued by the 470 department but for reaching the annual limit, and the amount of such credit certificates 471 shall count toward the amount of credits allowed to be transferred or sold pursuant to 472 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph for that year. 473 (D) A production company may elect to not transfer or sell in whole or in part tax 474 credits with respect to a state certified production to another Georgia taxpayer pursuant to subsection (f) of this Code section and may use such tax credit in the taxable year in 475 476 which it is issued final certification. Tax credits that a production company makes an election to not sell or transfer shall not count toward the maximum amount allowed to 477 be transferred or sold pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The production 478 479 company shall make the election on a form and in a manner provided by the 480 department. 481 (E) A tax credit certificate issued pursuant to subparagraph (B) or subparagraph (C) 482 of this paragraph shall count toward the amount of credits allowed to be transferred or 483 sold pursuant to subparagraph (A) of this paragraph only in the year such certificate 484 was issued by the Department of Revenue; 485 (1)(2) Such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company may make only a single transfer or sale of tax credits earned in a taxable year: 486 provided, however, that the transfer or sale may involve one or more transferees: 487 (2)(3) Such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production 488 company shall submit to the Department of Economic Development and to the 489 490 Department of Revenue a written notification of any transfer or sale of tax credits within 491 30 days after the transfer or sale of such tax credits. The notification shall include such 492 production company's or qualified interactive entertainment production company's tax 493 credit balance prior to transfer, the credit certificate number, the remaining balance after

494 transfer, all tax identification numbers for each transferee, the date of transfer, the amount 495 transferred, and any other information required by the Department of Economic 496 Development or the Department of Revenue; 497 (3)(4) Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in the disallowance of the tax 498 credit until the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production 499 company is in full compliance; 500 (4)(5) The transfer or sale of this tax credit does not extend the time in which such tax 501 credit can be used. The carry-forward period for a tax credit that is transferred or sold 502 shall begin on the date on which the tax credit was originally earned or for a tax credit subject to the provisions of subsection (1) (k) of this Code section, the date on which the 503 504 final certification for such tax credit was issued pursuant to said subsection; 505 (5)(6) A transferee shall have only such rights to claim and use the tax credit that were available to such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production 506 507 company at the time of the transfer, except for the use of the credit in paragraph (1) (k) 508 of subsection (f) (e) of this Code section. To the extent that such production company 509 or qualified interactive entertainment production company did not have rights to claim 510 or use the tax credit at the time of the transfer, the Department of Revenue shall either 511 disallow the tax credit claimed by the transferee or recapture the tax credit from the transferee; provided, however, that the Department of Revenue shall not recapture a tax 512 513 credit from the transferee if the tax credit was issued a valid final certification pursuant 514 to subsection (1) (k) of this Code section. The transferee's recourse is against such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company 515 516 transferor; and (6)(7) The transferee must shall acquire the tax credits in this Code section for a 517 minimum of 60 percent of the amount of the tax credits so transferred. 518

519 (h) The credit granted under this Code section shall be subject to the following conditions 520 and limitations; provided, however, that this subsection shall not apply to a production 521 company subject to the requirements of subsection (h.1) or (l) of this Code section:

- (1) The credit may be taken beginning with the taxable year in which the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company has met the investment requirement. For each year in which such production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company either claims or transfers the credit, the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company shall attach a schedule to the production company's or qualified interactive entertainment production company's Georgia income tax return which will set forth the following information, as a minimum:
- 530 (A) A description of the qualified production activities, along with the certification 531 from the Department of Economic Development;
- 532 (B) A detailed listing of the employee names, social security numbers, and Georgia wages when salaries are included in the base investment;
- 534 (C) The amount of tax credit claimed for the taxable year;

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- 535 (D) Any tax credit previously taken by the production company or qualified interactive
 536 entertainment production company against Georgia income tax liabilities or the
 537 production company's or qualified interactive entertainment production company's
 538 quarterly or monthly payments under Code Section 48-7-103;
- (E) The amount of tax credit carried over from prior years;
- 540 (F) The amount of tax credit utilized by the production company or qualified 541 interactive entertainment production company in the current taxable year; and
- 542 (G) The amount of tax credit to be carried over to subsequent tax years;
 - (2) In the initial year in which the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company claims the credit granted in this Code section, the production company or qualified interactive entertainment production company shall

546 include in the description of the qualified production activities required by subparagraph 547 (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection information which demonstrates that the activities 548 included in the base investment or excess base investment equal or exceed \$500,000.00 during such year, or \$250,000.00 on or after January 1, 2018, for qualified interactive 549 entertainment production companies; and 550 (3) In no event shall the amount of the tax credit under this Code section for a taxable 551 552 year exceed the production company's or qualified interactive entertainment production 553 company's income tax liability. Any unused credit amount shall be allowed to be carried 554 forward for five years from the close of the taxable year in which the investment occurred. No such credit shall be allowed the production company or qualified 555 556 interactive entertainment production company against prior years' tax liability. (h.1)(1) For any projects certified by the Department of Economic Development on or 557 558 after January 1, 2021, the (f.1)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'Georgia based qualified production facility' 559 560 means a facility consisting of purpose-built studio sound stages: 561 (A) That was substantially completed between January 1, 2023, and June 30, 2027, and 562 in which the construction investment for such facility was in excess of \$100 million 563 dollars for such purpose-built studio sound stages; or 564 (B) That has more than 1.5 million square feet of stage space. (2) The conditions provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) shall not apply to tax 565 credits for state certified productions that meet one of the following criteria: 566 (A) The state certified production filmed at least 50 percent of its principal 567 photography days in a Georgia based qualified production facility; or 568 (B) The state certified production filmed at least 50 percent of its principal 569 570 photography days in one or more counties that have been underutilized by production 571 companies as listed by the Department of Economic Development as of January 1, 572 2026.

573 (3) To qualify for the exemption from the conditions provided in paragraph (1) of 574 subsection (f) pursuant to this subsection, the Georgia based qualified production facility shall submit such documentation as required by the Department of Economic 575 576 Development to show that the criteria of paragraph (2) of this subsection have been met. The Department of Economic Development shall certify each state certified production 577 that meets such requirements and submit such certification to the Department of Revenue. 578 579 (g)(1) The tax credit provided for in this Code section if covered under the schedule 580 provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this Code section shall not be allowed, 581 claimed, assigned, sold, transferred, or utilized in any manner by a production company 582 until final certification is issued pursuant to subsection (1) (k) of this Code section and 583 except under the following conditions and limitations of provided in this subsection. 584 (2) A production company seeking the tax credit allowed by this Code section shall 585 apply for the tax credit in the manner provided by the Department of Revenue within one 586 year from the date that it completes a state certified production. The following 587 information shall be submitted with the application or prior to the commencement of an 588 audit required by subsection (1) (k) of this Code section: 589 (A) A description of the state certified production, along with its certification as a state 590 certified production by the Department of Economic Development; 591 (B) A detailed accounting of all qualified production activities and the attendant production expenditures included in the base investment for the state certified 592 593 production; 594 (C) A detailed listing of the employee names, social security numbers, and Georgia 595 wages when salaries are included in the base investment; 596 (D) Receipts for tangible personal property included in the base investment as 597 requested by the Department of Revenue or the eligible auditor hired to conduct the 598 audit for the state certified production;

(E) Contracts for goods or services included in the base investment as requested by the

- Department of Revenue or the eligible auditor hired to conduct the audit for the state
- 601 certified production;
- (F) An Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 completed and issued by each vendor for
- which expenditures are included in the base investment as requested by the Department
- of Revenue or the eligible auditor hired to conduct the audit for the state certified
- 605 production;
- (G) Notification as provided for in paragraph (7) of subsection (h) (k) of this Code
- section of any intent to utilize an eligible auditor;
- 608 (H) A description of the status of the distribution of the state certified production and
- information related to any qualified Georgia promotion connected with such
- 610 production;
- (I) For any projects certified by the Department of Economic Development on or after
- January 1, 2026, a description of the status of satisfying the requirements of
- 613 <u>subparagraph (c)(2)(A) or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) if the total amount of the tax</u>
- credit sought for the state certified production includes the additional credit allowed in
- subparagraph (c)(2)(A) or paragraph (2) of subsection (d);
- 616 (I)(J) The total amount of the tax credit sought for the state certified production; and
- 617 (J)(K) A statement affirming that the contents of the application are true and correct.
- 618 (3) If a production company is issued final certification of a tax credit pursuant to
- subsection (1) (k) of this Code section, such tax credit shall be considered earned in the
- taxable year in which it is issued final certification.
- 621 (4) For each year in which the production company either claims or transfers the tax
- credit, the production company shall attach a schedule to the production company's
- Georgia income tax return which will shall set forth the following information, as a
- 624 minimum:
- 625 (A) The amount of tax credit claimed for the taxable year;

(B) Any tax credit previously taken by the production company against Georgia

- income tax liabilities or the production company's quarterly or monthly payments under
- 628 Code Section 48-7-103;
- (C) The amount of tax credit carried over from prior years;
- (D) The amount of tax credit utilized by the production company in the current taxable
- year; and
- (E) The amount of tax credit to be carried over to subsequent tax years.
- (5) In no event shall the amount of the tax credit subject to subsection (H) (k) of this Code
- section for a taxable year exceed the production company's income tax liability. Any
- unused credit amount shall be allowed to be carried forward for three years from the close
- of the taxable year in which the tax credit was issued its final certification pursuant to
- subsection (1) (k) of this Code section. No such credit shall be allowed the production
- 638 company against prior years' tax liability.
- 639 (6) This subsection shall not apply to qualified interactive entertainment production
- 640 companies.
- 641 (i)(h)(1) The Department of Economic Development shall:
- 642 (A) Certify each production that qualifies determine through the promulgation of rules
- and regulations what projects qualify for the tax credits authorized under paragraph (1)
- of subsection (c) of this Code section and paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this Code
- section:
- (B) Establish an approval process for any criteria that require approval from the
- Department of Economic Development as provided in divisions (c)(2)(A)(v) and
- 648 (c)(2)(A)(viii) of this Code section;
- 649 (C) Submit such certifications and approvals Certification shall be submitted to the state
- 650 revenue commissioner; and
- (D) Promulgate rules and regulations as are necessary to implement this subsection.

652 (2) The Department of Economic Development may charge reasonable fees associated 653 with the certification process established pursuant to this paragraph. (3) If the Department of Economic Development prevails in court in an appeal of the 654 655 denial of certification, the production company shall pay all court costs. 656 (i) The state revenue commissioner shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to implement and administer this Code section. 657 658 (k)(i) Any production company, except as provided in subsection (l) (k) of this Code 659 section, or qualified interactive entertainment production company claiming, transferring, 660 or selling the tax credit shall be required to reimburse the Department of Revenue for any 661 department initiated audits relating to the tax credit. This subsection shall not apply to routine tax audits of a taxpayer which may include the review of the credit provided in this 662 663 Code section. 664 (1)(k)(1)(A) For any project certified by the Department of Economic Development on 665 or after January 1, 2021, a tax credit allowed by this Code section to a production company shall not be claimed, assigned, sold, transferred, or utilized in any manner until 666 667 the production company applies for the tax credit as provided in subsection (h.1) of this Code section and the department issues a final certification of the tax credit pursuant to 668 669 this subsection if the total amount of such tax credit sought for the project exceeds \$2.5 670 million. 671 (B) For any project certified by the Department of Economic Development on or after January 1, 2022, a tax credit allowed by this Code section to a production company 672 673 shall not be claimed, assigned, sold, transferred, or utilized in any manner until the production company applies for the tax credit as provided in subsection (h.1) of this 674 Code section and the department issues a final certification of the tax credit pursuant 675 676 to this subsection if the total amount of such tax credit sought for the project exceeds 677 \$1.25 million.

(C) For any project certified by the Department of Economic Development on or after January 1, 2023, a No tax credit allowed by this Code section to a production company shall not be claimed, assigned, sold, transferred, or utilized in any manner until the production company applies for the tax credit as provided in subsection (h.1) (g) of this Code section and the department issues a final certification of the tax credit pursuant to this subsection.

- (2) In accordance with the schedule provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, prior Prior to certifying a tax credit pursuant to this Code section, the Department of Revenue shall conduct or cause to be conducted an audit of each tax credit allowed by this Code section by either the department or an independent third party certified by the department in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection as an eligible auditor.
- 689 (3)(A) The Department of Revenue shall provide for the certification and decertification of certified public accountants as eligible auditors.
 - (B) To obtain certification as an eligible auditor, an accountant shall:
 - (i) Register with the department;

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- (ii) Maintain its registration with the Georgia State Board of Accountancy;
- 694 (iii) Agree to and be capable of completing audits related to this Code section in accordance with this Code section and procedures developed by the department;
 - (iv) Successfully complete all training required by the department;
 - (v) Pay to the department a registration fee that the department shall set in an amount that reflects the expenses incurred by the department as a result of this paragraph; and
 - (vi) Post and maintain any bond that the department establishes may require for each eligible auditor.
- 701 (C) The Department of Revenue shall decertify an eligible auditor if such auditor:
- 702 (i) Fails to meet the conditions or comply with the provisions of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph; or

704 (ii) Completes an audit and violates the requirements of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (4) of this subsection.

- 706 (D) The Department of Revenue may decertify an eligible auditor if such auditor fails
- to complete an audit in accordance with subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (F), or (G) of
- paragraph (4) of this subsection or meets any other grounds for decertification as
- provided in regulations promulgated by the department.
- 710 (4) Each audit shall:
- 711 (A) Be completed in accordance with this Code section and procedures developed by
- 712 the department;
- 713 (B) Utilize sampling methods that the department may adopt;
- 714 (C) Follow regulations that shall be published by the department regarding
- expenditures incurred with related persons or related members as such terms are
- 716 defined in Code Section 48-7-28.3;
- 717 (D) Verify each reported expenditure that is included in the audit and identify and
- exclude each such expenditure that does not fully meet the conditions of this Code
- 719 section;
- 720 (E) Exclude any expenditure not submitted with or that was incurred after the
- application required by subsection (h.1) (g) of this Code section was submitted;
- 722 (F) Not be performed by an eligible accounting entity that is not determined to be
- independent as provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Code
- of Professional Conduct with respect to the production company or any of its related
- persons or related members as such terms are defined in Code Section 48-7-28.3 or as
- otherwise provided by the Department of Revenue; and
- (G) Be submitted to the department which shall review the audit, make adjustments as
- necessary, and issue a final certification to the production company.
- 729 (5) The Department of Revenue shall:
- 730 (A) Promulgate rules and regulations and implement this subsection;

731 (B) Publish and regularly update a list of all eligible auditors that a production

- company may hire to conduct the audit required by this subsection;
- 733 (C) Publish on its <u>public</u> website the application for certification of eligible auditors
- as well as all requirements related to certification and conducting an audit pursuant to
- 735 this subsection;
- 736 (D) Publish the registration fee required by division (3)(B)(v) of this subsection and
- any bond required pursuant to division (3)(B)(vi) of this subsection;
- (E) Determine whether a sampling method shall be used for the audits required by this
- subsection, the appropriate sample method and size, and if a sampling method is used,
- ensure that it accurately captures a truly representative sample of all ineligible
- expenditures across all submitted expenditures and projects the type, rate, and amount
- of ineligible expenditures across all submitted expenditures;
- (F) Perform the audit of expenditures when, due to confidentiality of information, the
- eligible auditor is unable to access necessary information that the department is able
- 745 access;
- (G) Review each audit conducted by an eligible auditor, conduct the portions of the
- audit described in subparagraph (F) of this paragraph, perform additional auditing as
- necessary, adjust the value of the tax credit as necessary, finalize the audit, and issue
- the final certification of the tax credit to the taxpayer; and
- (H) For an audit that it conducts without an eligible auditor, complete the audit, adjust
- 751 the value of the tax credit as necessary, and issue the final certification of the tax credit
- 752 to the taxpayer.
- 753 (6) The production company applying for a final certification of a tax credit pursuant to
- 754 this subsection shall agree and be required to reimburse the department for all costs
- 755 incurred by the performance of a related audit, or any portion thereof, including for
- review of an audit conducted by an eligible auditor, prior to the issuance of such final
- 757 certification.

758 (7) The cost of any such audit whether conducted in whole or in part by the department,

- an eligible auditor, or a combination of the two shall be borne by the production company
- and shall not be included as an expenditure claimed pursuant to this Code section.
- 761 (8) This subsection shall not apply to qualified interactive entertainment production
- 762 companies."
- 763 **SECTION 4.**
- 764 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
- 765 "48-7-40.37.
- 766 (a) This Code section shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Interactive
- 767 Entertainment Industry Investment Act.'
- 768 (b) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 769 (1) 'Affiliates' means those entities that are included in the qualified interactive
- entertainment production company's affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the
- Internal Revenue Code and all other entities that are directly or indirectly owned 50
- percent or more by members of the affiliated group.
- 773 (2) 'Base investment' means the aggregate funds actually invested and expended by a
- 774 qualified interactive entertainment production company as production expenditures
- incurred in this state that are directly used in a state certified production or productions.
- 776 (3) 'Game platform' means the electronic delivery system used to launch or play an
- interactive game.
- 778 (4) 'Game sequel' means an interactive game which builds upon the theme of a
- previously released interactive game, is distinguished by a new title, and features
- objectives or characters that are recognizably different from the original game.
- 781 (5) 'Multimarket commercial distribution' means paid commercial distribution with
- media buys which extend to markets outside the State of Georgia.

783 (6) 'Prereleased interactive game' means a new game, the offering of an existing game
784 on a new game platform, or a game sequel that is in the developmental stages of
785 production, which may be available to individuals for testing purposes but is not
786 generally made available or distributed to consumers or to the general public.

(7) 'Production expenditures' means:

- (A) Preproduction, production, and postproduction expenditures incurred in this state that are directly used in a qualified production activity, including, but not limited to, the following: set construction and operation; wardrobes, make-up, accessories, and related services; costs associated with photography and sound synchronization; expenditures excluding license fees incurred with Georgia companies for sound recordings and musical compositions; lighting and related services and materials; editing and related services; rental of facilities and equipment; leasing of vehicles; costs of food and lodging; digital or tape editing; sound mixing; computer graphics services; special effects services; animation services; total aggregate payroll; airfare, if purchased through a Georgia travel agency or travel company; insurance costs and bonding, if purchased through a Georgia insurance agency; and other direct costs of producing the project in accordance with generally accepted interactive entertainment industry practices;
- 801 (B) Such term shall not include:
- 802 (i) Postproduction expenditures for footage shot outside this state, marketing, story
 803 rights, or distribution;
 - (ii) Any expenditure for work or services not conducted or rendered in this state.

 Expenditures for services not performed at the filming site shall only qualify if the vendor is a Georgia vendor. Expenditures for services conducted or rendered both in and outside this state shall only qualify to the extent the service is conducted or rendered in Georgia;

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(iii) Expenditures for goods that were not purchased or rented or leased in this state from a Georgia vendor. Expenditures for goods shall only qualify to the extent such goods are used in this state. A vendor that acts as a conduit to enable purchases or rentals to qualify that would not otherwise qualify shall not be considered a Georgia vendor with respect to such purchases, rentals, or leases; or (iv) Any transaction subject to taxation imposed by Chapter 8 or 13 of this title for which taxes have not been demonstrably paid; and (C) Such term includes payments to a loan-out company by a qualified interactive entertainment production company that has met its withholding tax obligations as provided in this paragraph. The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall withhold Georgia income tax at the rate imposed by subsection (a) of Code Section 48-7-21 on all payments to loan-out companies for services performed in Georgia. Any amounts so withheld shall be deemed to have been withheld by the loan-out company on wages paid to its employees for services performed in Georgia pursuant to Article 5 of this chapter notwithstanding the exclusion provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (10) of Code Section 48-7-100. The amounts so withheld shall be allocated to the loan-out company's employees based on the payments made to the loan-out company's employees for services performed in Georgia. For purposes of this chapter, loan-out company nonresident employees performing services in Georgia shall be considered taxable nonresidents and the loan-out company shall be subject to income taxation in the taxable year in which the loan-out company's employees perform services in Georgia, notwithstanding any other provisions in this chapter. Such withholding liability shall be subject to penalties and interest in the same manner as the employee withholding taxes imposed by Article 5 of this chapter, and the commissioner shall provide by regulation the manner in which such liability shall be assessed and collected.

835 (8) 'Qualified Georgia promotion' means a qualified promotion of this state approved by 836 the Department of Economic Development consisting of a qualified interactive game 837 which includes a 15 second long Georgia advertisement in units sold and embedded in 838 online promotions. (9) 'Qualified interactive entertainment production company' means a company that: 839 (A) Maintains a business location physically located in this state; 840 841 (B) Has a total aggregate payroll of \$250,000.00 or more for employees working 842 within the state in the taxable year the qualified interactive entertainment production 843 company claims the tax credits; (C) Has gross income of less than \$100 million for the taxable year; and 844 845 (D) Is primarily engaged in qualified production activities related to interactive 846 entertainment. Such term shall not mean or include any form of business owned, affiliated, or controlled, 847 848 in whole or in part, by any company or person which is in default on any tax obligation 849 of the state or a loan made by the state or a loan guaranteed by the state. 850 (10) 'Qualified production activities' means the production of new digital projects 851 produced in this state and approved by the Department of Economic Development as 852 state certified productions, including only the following: interactive entertainment or 853 prereleased interactive games. Such term shall include projects created in this state, in 854 whole or in part, animation, and music fixed on a delivery system which includes without 855 limitation computer disc, laser disc, and any element of the digital domain and which is 856 intended for multimarket commercial distribution via digital platforms designed for the

859 <u>this state.</u>

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860 (11) 'Resident' means an individual as designated pursuant to paragraph (10) of Code

distribution of interactive games. Such term shall not include any project that is not

intended for multimarket commercial distribution or any project not originally created in

861 <u>Section 48-7-1.</u>

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(12) 'State certified production' means a production engaged in qualified production activities which have been approved by the Department of Economic Development in accordance with regulations promulgated pursuant to this Code section. In the instance of a work for hire in which one qualified interactive entertainment production company hires another qualified interactive entertainment production company to produce a project or contribute elements of a project for pay, the hired company shall be considered a service provider for the hiring company, and the hiring company shall be entitled to the tax credit under this Code section. (13) 'Total aggregate payroll' means the total sum expended by a qualified interactive entertainment production company on salaries paid to employees working within this state in a state certified production or productions. For purposes of this paragraph: (A) With respect to a single employee, the portion of any salary which exceeds \$500,000.00 for a single production shall not be included when calculating total aggregate payroll; and (B) All payments to a single employee and any legal entity in which the employee has any direct or indirect ownership interest shall be considered as having been paid to the employee and shall be aggregated regardless of the means of payment or distribution. (c) For any qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates that invest in a state certified production and whose average annual total production expenditures in this state did not exceed \$30 million for 2002, 2003, and 2004, there shall be allowed an income tax credit against the tax imposed under this article. The tax credit under this subsection shall be allowed if the base investment in this state equals or exceeds \$250,000.00, and shall be calculated as follows: (1) The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed a tax credit equal to 20 percent of the base investment in this state; and (2)(A) The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed an additional tax credit equal to 10 percent of such base investment if the qualified

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production activity includes a qualified Georgia promotion. Such additional tax credit shall be allowed for any qualified production that includes a qualified Georgia promotion upon its release to the general public. In lieu of the inclusion of the Georgia promotional logo, the qualified interactive entertainment production company may offer alternative marketing opportunities to be evaluated by the Department of Economic Development to ensure that they offer equal or greater promotional value to the State of Georgia. The Department of Economic Development shall electronically certify to the Department of Revenue when the requirements of this paragraph and paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Code section have been met. (B) The Department of Economic Development shall prepare an annual report detailing the marketing opportunities it has approved under the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The report shall include, but not be limited to: (i) The goals and strategy behind each marketing opportunity approved pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph; (ii) The names of all qualified interactive entertainment production companies approved by the Department of Economic Development to provide alternative marketing opportunities; The estimated value to the state of each approved alternative marketing opportunity compared to the estimated value of the Georgia promotional logo; and (iv) The names of all qualified interactive entertainment production companies that chose to include the Georgia promotional logo in its final production instead of offering the state an alternative marketing proposal. The report required under this subparagraph shall be completed no later than January 1 of each year and presented to each member of the House Committee on Ways and Means, the Senate Finance Committee, the Senate Economic Development and Tourism Committee, the House Committee on Economic Development and Tourism, and the Governor.

916 (d) For any qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates that invest in a state certified production and whose average annual total production 917 918 expenditures in this state exceeded \$30 million for 2002, 2003, and 2004, there shall be 919 allowed an income tax credit against the tax imposed under this article. For purposes of 920 this subsection, the excess base investment in this state is computed by taking the current year production expenditures in a state certified production and subtracting the average of 921 922 the annual total production expenditures for 2002, 2003, and 2004. The tax credit shall be 923 calculated as follows: 924 (1) If the excess base investment in this state equals or exceeds \$250,000,00, the qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates shall be allowed 925 a tax credit of 20 percent of such excess base investment; and 926 (2)(A) The qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates 927 shall be allowed an additional tax credit equal to 10 percent of the excess base 928 929 investment if the qualified production activities include a qualified Georgia promotion. Such additional tax credit shall be allowed for any qualified production that includes 930 931 a qualified Georgia promotion upon its release to the general public. In lieu of the 932 inclusion of the Georgia promotional logo, the qualified interactive entertainment 933 production company may offer marketing opportunities to be evaluated by the 934 Department of Economic Development to ensure that they offer equal or greater 935 promotional value to the State of Georgia. (B) The Department of Economic Development shall prepare an annual report detailing 936 the marketing opportunities it has approved under the provisions of subparagraph (A) 937 938 of this paragraph. The report shall include, but not be limited to: 939 (i) The goals and strategy behind each marketing opportunity approved pursuant to 940 the provisions of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;

941 (ii) The names of all qualified interactive entertainment production companies 942 approved by the Department of Economic Development to provide alternative 943 marketing opportunities; 944 (iii) The estimated value to the state of each approved alternative marketing opportunity compared to the estimated value of the Georgia promotional logo; and 945 (iv) The names of all qualified interactive entertainment production companies that 946 947 chose to include the Georgia promotional logo in its final production instead of 948 offering the state an alternative marketing proposal. 949 The report required under this subparagraph shall be completed no later than January 1 of each year and presented to each member of the House Committee on Ways and 950 951 Means, the Senate Finance Committee, the Senate Economic Development and Tourism Committee, the House Committee on Economic Development and Tourism. 952 953 and the Governor. 954 (e)(1) In no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this Code 955 section for qualified interactive entertainment production companies and affiliates exceed 956 \$12.5 million for each taxable year. 957 (2) Qualified interactive entertainment production companies are eligible for tax credits 958 for prereleased interactive game production; provided, however, that such credits shall 959 not be available for a period which exceeds three years. (3) The maximum allowable credit claimed for any qualified interactive entertainment 960 961 production company and its affiliates shall not exceed \$1.5 million in any single year. 962 (4) Qualified interactive entertainment production companies seeking to claim a tax credit under the provisions of this Code section shall submit an application to the 963 commissioner for preapproval of such tax credit. The commissioner shall preapprove the 964 tax credits based on the order in which properly completed applications were submitted. 965 In the event that two or more applications were submitted on the same day and the 966

967 amount of funds available will not be sufficient to fully fund the tax credits requested, the 968 commissioner shall prorate the available funds between or among the applicants. 969 (5) No qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed to claim 970 an amount of tax credits under this Code section for any single year in excess of its total 971 aggregate payroll expended to employees working within this state for the calendar year 972 that the qualified interactive entertainment production company claims the tax credits. Any amount in excess of such limit shall not be eligible for carry forward to the 973 974 succeeding years' tax liability, nor shall such excess amount be eligible for use against the qualified interactive entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly 975 976 payment under Code Section 48-7-103, nor shall such excess amount be assigned, sold, 977 or transferred to any other taxpayer. (6) Before the Department of Economic Development issues its approval to the qualified 978 979 interactive entertainment production company for the qualified production activities, the 980 qualified interactive entertainment production company shall certify to the department 981 that: 982 (A) The qualified interactive entertainment production company maintains a business 983 location physically located in this state; and 984 (B) The qualified interactive entertainment production company had expended a total 985 aggregate payroll of \$250,000.00 or more for employees working within this state during the taxable year of the qualified interactive entertainment production company. 986 987 The department shall issue a certification that the qualified interactive entertainment production company meets the requirements of this paragraph. The qualified interactive 988 entertainment production company shall provide such certification to the Department of 989 990 Economic Development. The Department of Economic Development shall not issue its approval until it receives such certification. 991 992 (7)(A) The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall report to the Department of Revenue on its Georgia income tax return the monthly average number 993

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of full-time employees subject to Georgia income tax withholding for the taxable year as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph. As used in this paragraph, the term 'full-time employee' means a person who performs a job that requires a minimum of 35 hours per week and receives compensation at or above the average wage earned in the county with the lowest average wage earned in this state as reported in the most recently available annual issue of the Georgia Employment and Wages Averages Report of the Department of Labor. (B) The qualified interactive entertainment production company shall report such number for each respective taxable year. (C) Notwithstanding Code Sections 48-2-15, 48-7-60, and 48-7-61, for such taxable years, the commissioner shall report yearly to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Finance Committee. Such report shall include the name, tax year beginning, and monthly average number of full-time employees for each qualified interactive entertainment production company and shall be submitted by June 30 of each year. (f)(1) If the amount of tax credits allowed under this Code section exceeds the qualified interactive entertainment production company's liability for taxes owed under this article in a taxable year, the excess may be taken as a credit against such qualified interactive entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly payment under Code Section 48-7-103. Each employee whose employer receives credit against such qualified interactive entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly payment under Code Section 48-7-103 shall receive credit against his or her income tax liability under Code Section 48-7-20 for the corresponding taxable year for the full amount which would be credited against such liability prior to the application of the credit provided for in this subsection. Credits against quarterly or monthly payments under Code Section 48-7-103 and credits against liability under Code Section 48-7-20 established by this subsection shall not constitute income to the qualified interactive entertainment production company.

1021 (2) If a qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates claim 1022 the credit authorized under Code Section 48-7-40, 48-7-40.1, 48-7-40.17, or 48-7-40.18, 1023 then the qualified interactive entertainment production company and its affiliates shall 1024 only be allowed to claim the credit authorized under this Code section to the extent that the Georgia resident employees included in the credit calculation authorized under this 1025 Code section and taken by the qualified interactive entertainment production company 1026 1027 and its affiliates on such tax return under this Code section have been permanently 1028 excluded from the credit authorized under Code Section 48-7-40, 48-7-40.1, 48-7-40.17. 1029 or 48-7-40.18. 1030 (g) Any tax credits with respect to a state certified production earned by a qualified 1031 interactive entertainment production company and previously claimed but not used by such 1032 qualified interactive entertainment production company against its income tax may be 1033 transferred or sold in whole or in part by such qualified interactive entertainment 1034 production company to another Georgia taxpayer, subject to the following conditions: 1035 (1) Such qualified interactive entertainment production company may make only a single 1036 transfer or sale of tax credits earned in a taxable year; provided, however, that the transfer 1037 or sale may involve one or more transferees; 1038 (2) Such qualified interactive entertainment production company shall submit to the 1039 Department of Economic Development and to the Department of Revenue a written 1040 notification of any transfer or sale of tax credits within 30 days after the transfer or sale 1041 of such tax credits. The notification shall include such qualified interactive entertainment 1042 production company's tax credit balance prior to transfer, the credit certificate number, 1043 the remaining balance after transfer, all tax identification numbers for each transferee, the date of transfer, the amount transferred, and any other information required by the 1044 Department of Economic Development or the Department of Revenue; 1045

1046 (3) Failure to comply with this subsection shall result in the disallowance of the tax 1047 credit until the qualified interactive entertainment production company is in full 1048 compliance; 1049 (4) The transfer or sale of this tax credit does not extend the time in which such tax credit can be used. The carry-forward period for a tax credit that is transferred or sold shall 1050 begin on the date on which the tax credit was originally earned; 1051 1052 (5) A transferee shall have only such rights to claim and use the tax credit that were 1053 available to such qualified interactive entertainment production company at the time of the transfer, except for the use of the credit in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of this Code 1054 section. To the extent that such qualified interactive entertainment production company 1055 1056 did not have rights to claim or use the tax credit at the time of the transfer, the 1057 Department of Revenue shall recapture the tax credit from the transferor. The transferee's 1058 recourse is against such qualified interactive entertainment production company; and 1059 (6) The transferee shall acquire the tax credits in this Code section for a minimum of 60 1060 percent of the amount of the tax credits so transferred. 1061 (h) The credit granted under this Code section shall be subject to the following conditions 1062 and limitations: 1063 (1) The credit may be taken beginning with the taxable year in which the qualified 1064 interactive entertainment production company has met the investment requirement. For 1065 each year in which such qualified interactive entertainment production company either 1066 claims or transfers the credit, the qualified interactive entertainment production company 1067 shall attach a schedule to the qualified interactive entertainment production company's 1068 Georgia income tax return which shall set forth the following information, as a minimum: (A) A description of the qualified production activities, along with the certification 1069 1070 from the Department of Economic Development; 1071 (B) A detailed listing of the employee names, social security numbers, and Georgia

wages when salaries are included in the base investment;

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- 1073 (C) The amount of tax credit claimed for the taxable year;
- (D) Any tax credit previously taken by the qualified interactive entertainment
- production company against Georgia income tax liabilities or the qualified interactive
- 1076 entertainment production company's quarterly or monthly payments under Code Section
- 1077 48-7-103;
- (E) The amount of tax credit carried forward from prior years;
- (F) The amount of tax credit utilized by the qualified interactive entertainment
- production company in the current taxable year; and
- (G) The amount of tax credit to be carried forward to subsequent tax years;
- 1082 (2) In the initial year in which a qualified interactive entertainment production company
- claims the credit granted in this Code section, the qualified interactive entertainment
- production company shall include in the description of the qualified production activities
- required by subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection information which
- demonstrates that the activities included in the base investment or excess base investment
- 1087 equal or exceed \$250,000.00; and
- 1088 (3) In no event shall the amount of the tax credit under this Code section for a taxable
- 1089 year exceed the qualified interactive entertainment production company's income tax
- liability. Any unused credit amount shall be allowed to be carried forward for five years
- from the close of the taxable year in which the investment occurred. No such credit shall
- be allowed the qualified interactive entertainment production company against prior
- 1093 years' tax liability.
- (i)(1) The Department of Economic Development shall:
- (A) Certify each production that qualifies for the tax credits authorized under this Code
- section;
- (B) Submit such certifications to the commissioner; and
- (C) Promulgate rules and regulations as are necessary to implement this subsection.

(2) The Department of Economic Development may charge reasonable fees associated
 with the certification process established pursuant to this paragraph.

- 1101 (i) The commissioner shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to
- implement and administer this Code section.
- 1103 (k) No qualified interactive entertainment production company shall be allowed a credit
- under this Code section and Code Section 48-7-40.26 in the same year."

1105 **SECTION 5.**

- 1106 (a) This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2026, and shall be applicable to taxable
- 1107 years beginning on or after such date.
- 1108 (b) Section 3 of this Act shall apply to projects certified by the Department of Economic
- 1109 Development on or after January 1, 2026.

1110 **SECTION 6.**

1111 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.