## House Bill 348 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

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By: Representatives Collins of the 71<sup>st</sup>, Lumsden of the 12<sup>th</sup>, Hitchens of the 161<sup>st</sup>, Rhodes of the 124<sup>th</sup>, Powell of the 33<sup>rd</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 14 of Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to use of speed detection devices and red light cameras, so as to provide for standards for signs warning of the use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices; to revise a definition; to provide standards for warning signs; to provide for times when a school zone speed limit may be enforced through the use of an automated traffic enforcement safety device; to provide for admissible evidence for proof of a violation of speed limit through the use of speed detection devices; to provide for procedures, conditions, and limitations for issuing citations for the violation of speed limit through the use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices; to provide for procedures for contesting such citations; to provide for nonrenewal eligibility of motor vehicle registration in certain instances; to provide for registration restoration process and prescribe a fee; to amend Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, so as to authorize district attorneys, solicitors-general, and prosecuting attorneys to enforce civil monetary penalties relative to the enforcement of laws regarding speeding in a school zone using recorded images; to amend Code Section 40-6-163 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to duty of driver of vehicle meeting or overtaking school bus, reporting of violations, and civil monetary penalty for violations captured by school bus camera, so as to revise penalties for failure to pay a civil monetary penalty relating to illegal passing of a school bus; to revise

19 procedures for contesting such citations; to provide for nonrenewal eligibility of motor

- 20 vehicle registration in certain instances; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting
- 21 laws; and for other purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 24 Chapter 14 of Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to use of speed
- detection devices and red light cameras, is amended in Code Section 40-14-1.1, relating to
- 26 definitions, by revising paragraph (5) as follows:
- 27 "(5) 'School zone' means the area within 1,000 feet of the boundary of defined in an
- 28 <u>existing master state order or local ordinance as a school zone area for</u> any public or
- 29 private elementary or secondary school."

SECTION 2.

- 31 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 40-14-6, relating to warning signs required
- 32 and signage requirements, by revising subsection (c) as follows:
- 33 "(c) In addition to the signs required under subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section,
- each law enforcement agency using an automated traffic enforcement safety device as
- provided for in Code Section 40-14-18 shall erect signs warning of the use of a stationary
- 36 speed detection device within the approaching school zone. Such signs shall be at least 24
- by 30 inches in area, shall be visible plainly from every lane of traffic, shall be viewable
- in all traffic conditions, and shall not be placed in such a manner that the view of such sign
- is subject to being obstructed by any other vehicle on such highway. An automated traffic
- 40 <u>enforcement safety device warning sign Such signs</u> shall be placed within 500 feet prior
- 41 to the warning sign announcing the reduction of the speed limit for the school speed zone.
- Both automated traffic enforcement safety device warning signs and warning signs

43 announcing the reduction of the speed limit for a school zone shall include lights which 44 flash yellow while the reduction of the speed limit for the school zone is in effect. There 45 shall be a rebuttable presumption that such signs are properly installed pursuant to this

subsection at the time of any alleged violation under this article."

47 SECTION 3.

- 48 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 40-14-8, relating to when case may
- 49 be made and conviction had, as follows:
- 50 "40-14-8.
- 51 (a) No county, city, or campus officer shall be allowed to make a case based on the use of
- any speed detection device, unless the speed of the vehicle exceeds the posted speed limit
- by more than ten miles per hour and no conviction shall be had thereon unless such speed
- is more than ten miles per hour above the posted speed limit.
- 55 (b) The limitations contained in subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply in:
- 56 properly marked school zones one hour before, during, and one hour after the normal hours
- of school operation or programs for care and supervision of students before school, after
- school, or during vacation periods as provided for under Code Section 20-2-65,
- 59 (1) School zones properly marked with warning signs while the reduction of the speed
- 60 limit for the school zone is in effect, when the speed detection device is operated by an
- on-site law enforcement officer;
- 62 (2) Properly in properly marked historic districts;; and
- 63 (3) Properly in properly marked residential zones.
- 64 (c) For purposes of this chapter, thoroughfares with speed limits of 35 miles per hour or
- more shall not be considered residential districts zones. For purposes of this Code section
- 66 <u>chapter</u>, the term 'historic district' means a historic district as defined in <del>paragraph</del> (5) of
- 67 Code Section 44-10-22 and which is listed on the Georgia Register of Historic Places or
- as defined by ordinance adopted pursuant to a local constitutional amendment."

69 SECTION 4.

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 40-14-9, relating to certain evidence inadmissible and use of device on hill, as follows:

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Evidence obtained by county or municipal law enforcement officers in using speed detection devices, other than automated traffic enforcement safety devices, within 300 feet of a reduction of a speed limit inside an incorporated municipality or within 600 feet of a reduction of a speed limit outside an incorporated municipality or consolidated city-county government shall be inadmissible in the prosecution of a violation of any municipal ordinance, county ordinance, or state law regulating speed; nor shall such evidence be admissible in the prosecution of a violation as aforesaid when such violation has occurred within 30 days following a reduction of the speed limit in the area where the violation took place, except that this 30 day limitation shall not apply to a speeding violation within a highway work zone, as defined in Code Section 40-6-188, or in an area with variable speed limits, as defined in Code Section 40-6-182. No speed detection device shall be employed by county, municipal, or campus law enforcement officers on any portion of any highway which has a grade in excess of 7 percent."

SECTION 5.

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 40-14-18, relating to enforcement of speed limit in school zones with recorded images, civil monetary penalty, and vehicle registration and transfer of title restrictions for failure to pay penalty, as follows:

"40-14-18.

(a)(1) The speed limit within any school zone as provided for in Code Section 40-14-8 and marked pursuant to Code Section 40-14-6 may be enforced by using photographically recorded images for violations which occurred only 30 minutes prior to and 30 minutes after the school's official starting time and 30 minutes prior to and 30 minutes after the

school's official dismissal time and when such violations are in excess of ten miles per hour over the speed limit; provided, however, that, when any portion of a school's property is bisected by a highway, such enforcement may occur on a school day during the time in which instructional classes are taking place and one hour before such classes are scheduled to begin and for one hour after such classes have concluded when such violations are in excess of ten miles per hour over the speed limit.

- (2) Prior to the placement of a device within a school zone, each school within whose school zone such automated traffic enforcement safety device is to be placed shall first apply for and secure a permit from the Department of Transportation for the use of such automated traffic enforcement safety device. Such permit shall be awarded based upon need. The Department of Transportation shall promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of this paragraph.
- (b) For the purpose of enforcement pursuant to this Code section:

- (1) The owner of a motor vehicle shall be liable for a civil monetary penalty to the governing body of the law enforcement agency provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection if such vehicle is found, as evidenced by photographically recorded images, to have been operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit within any school zone and such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law. The amount of such civil monetary penalty shall be \$75.00 for a first violation and \$125.00 for a second or any subsequent violation, in addition to fees associated with the electronic processing of such civil monetary penalty which shall not exceed \$25.00; provided, however, that for a period of 30 days after the first automated traffic enforcement safety device is introduced by a law enforcement agency within a school zone, the driver of a motor vehicle shall not be liable for a civil monetary penalty but shall be issued a civil warning for disregard or disobedience of the speed limit within the school zone;
- (2) A law enforcement agency authorized to enforce the speed limit of a school zone, or an agent working on behalf of a law enforcement agency or governing body, shall send

122 by first class first-class mail addressed to the owner of the motor vehicle within 30 days 123 after obtaining the name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle from the 124 Department of Revenue but no later than 60 days after the date of the alleged violation: 125 (A) A citation for the alleged violation, which shall include the date and time of the violation, the location of the infraction, the maximum speed at which such motor 126 127 vehicle was traveling in photographically recorded images, the maximum speed 128 applicable within such school zone, the civil warning or the amount of the civil 129 monetary penalty imposed, and the date by which a civil monetary penalty shall be 130 paid, and a statement that informs the recipient of the consequences for failure to pay 131 the civil monetary penalty; 132 (B) An image taken from the photographically recorded images showing the vehicle 133 involved in the infraction; 134 (C) A website address where photographically recorded images showing the vehicle 135 involved in the infraction and a duplicate of the information provided for in this 136 paragraph may be viewed; 137 (D) A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a certified peace officer employed 138 by a law enforcement agency authorized to enforce the speed limit of the school zone 139 and stating that, based upon inspection of photographically recorded images, the 140 owner's motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit in 141 the marked school zone and that such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise 142 authorized by law; 143 (E) A statement of the inference provided by paragraph (4) of this subsection and of 144 the means specified therein by which such inference may be rebutted; 145 (F) Information advising the owner of the motor vehicle of the manner in which 146 liability as alleged in the citation may be contested through an administrative hearing 147 which shall include an assigned hearing date to contest liability that shall be no later 148 than 60 days from the date of issuance of the citation; and

(G) A warning that failure to pay the civil monetary penalty or to contest liability in a timely manner on the hearing date as provided for in subsection (d) of this Code section shall waive any right to contest liability;

- (3) Proof that a motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit of the marked school zone shall be evidenced by photographically recorded images. A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a certified peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency and stating that, based upon inspection of photographically recorded images, a motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit in the marked school zone and that such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law shall be prima-facie evidence of the facts contained therein; and
- (4) Liability under this Code section shall be determined based upon a preponderance of the evidence. Prima-facie evidence that the vehicle described in the citation issued pursuant to this Code section was operated in violation of the speed limit of the school zone, together with proof that the defendant was, at the time of such violation, the registered owner of the vehicle, shall permit the trier of fact in its discretion to infer that such owner of the vehicle was the driver of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation. Such an inference may be rebutted if the owner of the vehicle:
  - (A) Testifies under oath in open court or submits to the court a sworn notarized statement that he or she was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation; or
- (B) Presents to the court a certified copy of a police report showing that the vehicle had been reported to the police as stolen prior to the time of the alleged violation.
- (c) A violation for which a civil warning or a civil monetary penalty is imposed pursuant to this Code section shall not be considered a moving traffic violation for the purpose of points assessment under Code Section 40-5-57. Such violation shall be deemed noncriminal, and imposition of a civil warning or civil monetary penalty pursuant to this

Code section shall not be deemed a conviction and shall not be made a part of the operating

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record of the person upon whom such liability is imposed, nor shall it be used for any insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage. A civil monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this Code section shall not be taxed nor shall any additional penalty, fee, or surcharge to a fine be assessed. (d) If a person issued and mailed a citation pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section fails to pay the civil monetary penalty for the violation, or has not filed a police report or notarized statement pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of this Code section in no less than 30 60 nor more than 60 90 days after such mailing as determined and noticed by the law enforcement agency, or failed to appear on the assigned hearing date to contest liability, the agent or law enforcement agency shall send to such person by first class first-class mail a second notice of any unpaid civil monetary penalty, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. No more than a \$5.00 late fee shall be imposed for any unpaid civil monetary penalty imposed under this Code section. The second notice shall include all information required in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Code section other than an assigned hearing date and shall include a new date of return by which the civil monetary penalty shall be paid which shall be no less than 30 days after such mailing as determined and noticed by the law enforcement agency. If such person notified by second notice again fails to pay the civil monetary penalty or file a police report or notarized statement pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of this Code section by the new date of return, such person shall have waived the right to contest the violation and shall be liable for the civil monetary penalty provided for under this Code section, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed.

202 (e) Notices mailed by first class first-class mail pursuant to this Code section shall be adequate notification of the fees and penalties imposed by this Code section. No other notice shall be required for the purposes of this Code section.

(f) Any court having jurisdiction over violations of subsection (a) of this Code section shall have jurisdiction over cases arising under this subsection and shall be authorized to impose the civil monetary penalty provided by this subsection. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the provisions of law governing jurisdiction, procedure, defenses, adjudication, appeal, and payment and distribution of penalties otherwise applicable to violations of subsection (a) of this Code section shall apply to enforcement under this Code section except as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section; provided, however, that any appeal from superior or state court shall be by application in the same manner as that provided by Code Section 5-6-35.

(g) If a violation has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, the agent or governing body shall send to the person who is the registered owner of the motor vehicle a final notice of any unpaid civil monetary penalty authorized by this Code section, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The notice shall inform the registered owner that the agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue if the assessed penalty is not paid within 30 days after the final notice was mailed and such that such referral shall result in the nonrenewal of the registration of such motor vehicle and shall prohibit the title transfer of such motor vehicle within this state of the consequences for failure to pay such penalty and any late fee.

(h) The agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue not sooner than 30 days after the final notice required under subsection (g) was mailed if a violation of an ordinance or resolution adopted under this article Code section has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, except in cases where there is an

adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no

- 230 <u>civil monetary penalty shall be imposed</u>. The referral to the Department of Revenue shall
- include the following:
- 232 (1) Any information known or available to the agent or governing body concerning the
- license plate number, year of registration, and the name of the owner of the motor
- vehicle;
- 235 (2) The date on which the violation occurred;
- 236 (3) The citation number issued for the violation; and
- 237 (3)(4) The date when the notice required under this Code section was mailed; and
- 238 (4) The seal, logo, emblem, or electronic seal of the governing body.
- 239 (i) If the Department of Revenue receives a referral under subsection (h) of this Code
- section, such referral shall be entered into the motor vehicle database data base within five
- 241 days of receipt and the Department of Revenue shall refuse to renew the registration of the
- 242 motor vehicle and shall prohibit the title transfer of such vehicle within this state unless and
- 243 until the civil monetary penalty plus any late fee is paid to the agent or governing body.
- 244 The Department of Revenue shall mail a notice to the registered owner:
- 245 (1) That the registration of the vehicle involved in the violation will not be permitted to
- 246 be renewed;
- 247 (2) That the title of the vehicle involved in the violation will not be permitted to be
- 248 transferred in this state:
- 249 (3) That the aforementioned penalties are being imposed due to the failure to pay the
- 250 civil monetary penalty and any late fee for an ordinance violation adopted under the
- 251 authority of this Code section; and
- 252 (4) Of the procedure that the person may follow to remove the penalties.
- 253 (j) The Department of Revenue shall remove the penalties penalty on a vehicle if any
- person presents the Department of Revenue with adequate proof from the agent or
- 255 governing body that the penalty and any late fee, if applicable, has been paid.

256 (k) Recorded images made for purposes of this Code section shall not be a public record 257 for purposes of Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.

- 258 (l) A civil warning or civil monetary penalty under this Code section on the owner of a 259 motor vehicle shall not be imposed if the operator of the vehicle was arrested or issued a 260 citation and notice to appear by a certified peace officer for the same violation.
- 261 (m) The money collected and remitted to the governing body pursuant to paragraph (1) of 262 subsection (b) of this Code section shall only be used by such governing body to fund local 263 law enforcement or public safety initiatives. This subsection shall not preclude the 264 appropriation of a greater amount than collected and remitted under this subsection."

265 **SECTION 6.** 

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Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, is amended in Code Section 15-9-155, relating to prosecuting attorney's duties and authority in probate courts in counties in which there are no state courts, by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(A) as follows:

"(A) In the prosecution of any violation of the laws or ordinances of such county which is within the jurisdiction of such probate court and punishable by confinement or a fine or both or by a civil penalty authorized by Code Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18;"

272 **SECTION 7.** 

- 273 Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-6, relating to duties of district attorney, 274 by revising paragraph (5) as follows:
- 275 "(5) To prosecute civil actions to enforce any civil penalty set forth in Code 276 Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18 and to prosecute or defend any other civil action in the 277 prosecution or defense of which the state is interested, unless otherwise specially 278 provided for;"

279	SECTION 8.
280	Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-66, relating to duties and authority of
281	solicitors-general of state courts, by revising paragraph (4) of subsection (b) as follows:
282	"(4) To prosecute civil actions to enforce any civil penalty set forth in Code
283	Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18 and when authorized by law to prosecute or defend any
284	civil action in the state court in the prosecution or defense of which the state is interested,
285	unless otherwise specially provided for;"
286	SECTION 9.
287	Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-96, relating to authority of prosecuting
288	attorney of municipal courts, by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(A) as follows:
289	"(A) In the prosecution of any violation of the laws or ordinances of such municipality
290	which is within the jurisdiction of such municipal court and punishable by confinement
291	or a fine or both or by a civil penalty authorized by Code Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18;
292	and"
293	SECTION 10.

Code Section 40-6-163 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to duty of driver of vehicle meeting or overtaking school bus, reporting of violations, and civil monetary penalty for violations captured by school bus camera, is amended by revising subparagraph (d)(3)(B) and paragraphs (4), (5), and (7) through (10) of subsection (d) as follows:

"(B) The law enforcement agency authorized to enforce the provisions of this Code section shall send by <u>first class</u> <u>first-class</u> mail addressed to the owner of the motor vehicle not later than ten days after obtaining the name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle <u>from the Department of Revenue</u>:

303 (i) A citation for the alleged violation, which shall include the date and time of the 304 violation, the location of the infraction, the amount of the civil monetary penalty 305 imposed, and the date by which the civil monetary penalty shall be paid, and a 306 statement that informs the recipient of the consequences for failure to pay the civil 307 monetary penalty; 308 (ii) An image taken from the recorded image showing the vehicle involved in the 309 infraction; 310 (iii) A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a certified peace officer employed 311 by a law enforcement agency authorized to enforce this Code section and stating that, 312 based upon inspection of recorded images, the owner's motor vehicle was operated 313 in disregard or disobedience of subsection (a) of this Code section and that such 314 disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law; 315 (iv) A statement of the inference provided by subparagraph (D) of this paragraph and 316 of the means specified therein by which such inference may be rebutted; 317 (v) Information advising the owner of the motor vehicle of the manner and time in 318 which liability as alleged in the citation may be contested in court which shall include 319 an assigned hearing date no later than 60 days from the date of issuance of the 320 citation; and 321 (vi) A warning that failure to pay the civil monetary penalty or to contest liability in 322 a timely manner on the assigned hearing date shall waive any right to contest liability 323 and result in a civil monetary penalty;" 324 "(4) A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not 325 be considered a moving traffic violation for the purpose of points assessment under Code 326 Section 40-5-57. Such violation shall be deemed noncriminal, and imposition of a civil 327 penalty pursuant to this subsection shall not be deemed a conviction and shall not be

made a part of the operating record of the person upon whom such liability is imposed,

nor shall it be used for any insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance

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coverage. A civil monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be taxed nor shall any additional penalty, fee, or surcharge to a fine be assessed.

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If a person is mailed a citation by first class first-class mail pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of this subsection, such person may pay the penalty or request a court contest the citation on the assigned hearing date. Any citation executed pursuant to this paragraph shall provide to the person issued the citation at least 30 60 business days from the mailing of the citation to inspect information collected by the video recording device in connection with the violation. If the person requesting a court date issued a citation fails to appear on the date and time of such the assigned hearing or if a person has not paid the penalty for the violation or filed a police report or notarized statement pursuant to subparagraph (D) of paragraph (3) of this subsection, such person shall then be sent a second citation by first class first-class mail. No more than a \$5.00 late fee shall be imposed for any unpaid civil monetary penalty imposed under this The second citation shall include all information required in subsection. subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) of this subsection for the initial citation and shall include a except for the assigned hearing date and time. If a person fails to appear on the date and time of such hearing set out in the second citation or if the person has failed to pay the penalty or file an appropriate document for rebuttal, the person issued the second citation shall have waived the right to contest the violation and shall be liable for the civil monetary penalty provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection."

"(7) If a violation has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, the agent or governing body shall send to the person who is the registered owner of the motor vehicle a final notice of any unpaid civil monetary penalty authorized by this Code section, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The notice shall inform the registered owner that the agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue if the assessed penalty and any late fee is not paid

within 30 days after the final notice was mailed and that such referral shall result in the nonrenewal of the registration of such motor vehicle and shall prohibit the title transfer of such motor vehicle within this state of the consequences for failure to pay such penalty and any late fee.

- (8) The agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue not sooner than 30 days after the final notice required under paragraph (7) of this subsection was mailed if a violation of an ordinance or resolution adopted under this article <u>Code section</u> has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The referral to the Department of Revenue shall include the following:
- (A) Any information known or available to the agent or governing body concerning the license plate number, year of registration, and the name of the owner of the motor vehicle;
- 371 (B) The date on which the violation occurred;

- 372 (C) The citation number issued for the violation; and
- (C)(D) The date when the notice required under this Code section was mailed; and
- 374 (D) The seal, logo, emblem, or electronic seal of the governing body.
  - (9) If the Department of Revenue receives a referral under paragraph (8) of this subsection, such referral shall be entered into the motor vehicle data base within five days of receipt and the Department of Revenue shall refuse to renew the registration of such motor vehicle and shall prohibit the title transfer of such vehicle within this state unless and until the civil monetary penalty plus any late fee is paid to the agent or governing body. The Department of Revenue shall mail a notice to the registered owner of such motor vehicle that informs such owner:
  - (A) That the registration of the vehicle involved in the violation will not be permitted to be renewed;

392	governing body that the penalty and any late fee, if applicable, has been paid."
391	person presents the Department of Revenue with adequate proof from the agent or
390	(10) The Department of Revenue shall remove the penalties penalty on a vehicle if any
389	(D) Of the procedure that the person may follow to remove the penalties.
388	authority of this Code section; and
387	civil monetary penalty plus any late fee for an ordinance violation adopted under the
386	(C) That the aforementioned penalties are being imposed due to the failure to pay the
385	transferred in this state;
384	(B) That the title of the vehicle involved in the violation will not be permitted to be

393 **SECTION 11.** 

394 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.