The House Committee on Governmental Affairs offers the following substitute to HB 757:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
2	primaries and elections generally, so as to provide for the determination of qualifying periods
3	for special elections; to provide for voter registration deadlines for special primary runoffs
4	and any other election or runoff held in conjunction with a special primary runoff; to provide
5	that, in those instances in which a special election is required to fill a partisan office and such
6	partisan office is being filled on a temporary basis by appointment, a special primary and a
7	special election shall be conducted for such office; to provide for the filling of vacancies in

the General Assembly; to provide for related matters; to provide for effective dates; to repeal

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

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12 Chapter 2 of Title 21 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to primaries and 13 elections generally, is amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-132, relating 14 to filing notice of candidacy, nomination petition, and affidavit; payment of qualifying fee; 15 pauper's affidavit and qualifying petition for exemption from qualifying fee; and military 16 service, as follows:

- "(d) All political body and independent candidates shall file their notice of candidacy and pay the prescribed qualifying fee by the date prescribed in this subsection in order to be eligible to have their names placed on the election ballot by the Secretary of State or election superintendent, as the case may be, in the following manner:
 - (1) Each elector for President or Vice President of the United States, or his or her agent, desiring to have the names of his or her candidates for President and Vice President placed on the election ballot shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the fourth Monday in June immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday following the

fourth Monday in June, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays;

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(2) Each candidate for United States Senate, United States House of Representatives, or state office, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the Monday of the thirty-fifth week immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday immediately following such Monday, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, in the case of a general election. In the case of a special election to fill a federal office listed in this subsection, each candidate shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State during a period designated by the Secretary of State which shall be at least two and one-half days in length and shall commence no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than 60 days prior to the special election. In the case of a special election to fill a state office, each candidate shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, in the office of the Secretary of State during a period designated by the Secretary of State which shall be at least two and one-half days in length and shall commence no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than 25 days prior to the special election;

(3) Each In the case of a general election, each candidate for a county office, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file notice of his or her candidacy in the office of the superintendent of his or her county during the period beginning at 9:00 A.M. on the Monday of the thirty-fifth week immediately prior to the election and ending at 12:00 Noon on the Friday immediately following such Monday, notwithstanding the fact that any such days may be legal holidays, in the case of a general election and. In the case of a special election, each candidate for a county office, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file notice of his or her candidacy in the office of the superintendent of his or her county during a period designated by the superintendent which shall be at least two and one-half days in length and shall commence no earlier than the date of the call of the election and no later than 25 days prior to the election in the case of a special election; (4) Each candidate for municipal office or a designee shall file a notice of candidacy in the office of the municipal superintendent of such candidate's municipality during the municipality's qualifying period. Each municipal superintendent shall designate the days of the qualifying period, which shall be no less than three days and no more than five

days. The days of the qualifying period shall be consecutive days. Qualifying periods shall commence no earlier than 8:30 A.M. on the third Monday in August immediately preceding the general election and shall end no later than 4:30 P.M. on the following Friday; and, in the case of a special election, the municipal qualifying period shall commence no earlier than the date of the call and shall end no later than 25 days prior to the election; and

- (5)(A) In extraordinary circumstances as described in Code Section 21-2-543.1, each candidate, or his or her agent, desiring to have his or her name placed on the election ballot shall file a notice of his or her candidacy, giving his or her name, residence address, and the office he or she is seeking, with the office of the Secretary of State no earlier than the date of the call of the special election and no later than ten days after the announcement of such extraordinary circumstances.
- (B) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply where, during the 75 day period beginning on the date of the announcement of the vacancy:
 - (i) A regularly scheduled general election for the vacant office is to be held; or
 - (ii) Another special election for the vacant office is to be held pursuant to a writ for a special election issued by the Governor prior to the date of the announcement of the vacancy.

The hours of qualifying each day shall be from 8:30 A.M. until 4:30 P.M. with one hour allowed for the lunch break; provided, however, that municipalities which have normal business hours which cover a lesser period of time shall conduct qualifying during normal business hours for each such municipality. Except in the case of a special election, notice of the opening and closing dates and the hours for candidates to qualify shall be published at least two weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period."

88 SECTION 2.

- Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-152, relating to conduct of primaries generally and run-off primary, as follows:
 - "(c) A run-off primary shall be a continuation of the primary and only persons who were entitled to vote in the primary shall be entitled to vote therein; and only those votes cast for the persons designated for the runoff shall be counted in the tabulation and canvass of the votes cast. Any elector who votes in the primary of one party shall not be eligible to vote in a primary runoff of any other party other than a primary runoff of the party in whose primary such elector voted. The deadline for persons to apply to register to vote before a run-off primary or any primary, election, or runoff held in conjunction with such run-off primary shall be the close of business on the fifth Monday prior to the date of such run-off

primary or, if such Monday is a legal holiday, by the close of business on the following business day."

101 **SECTION 3.**

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Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (d) of Code Section 21-2-218, relating to cancellation of registration in former state or county and address changes and corrections, as follows:

"(d) In the event that an elector moves to a residence within the county or municipality but into a different precinct or who moves to a residence in the same precinct but at a different address and fails to notify the board of registrars of such fact by the fifth Monday prior to an election or primary, such elector shall vote in the precinct of such elector's former residence for such election or primary and for any runoffs resulting therefrom. The superintendent of an election shall make available at each polling place forms furnished by the Secretary of State which shall be completed by each such elector to reflect such elector's present legal residence. Such forms may also be used to notify the board of registrars of a change in an elector's name. The board of registrars shall thereafter place the elector in the proper precinct and voting districts and correct the list of electors accordingly. If the elector is placed in a precinct other than the one in which such elector has previously been voting, such elector shall be notified of the new polling place by first-class mail."

118 **SECTION 4.**

119 Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (10) of subsection (a) and subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-501, relating to number of votes required for election, 120 as follows:

"(10) The run-off primary, special primary runoff, run-off election, or special election runoff shall be a continuation of the primary, special primary, election, or special election for the particular office concerned. Only Except as provided in subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-152, only the electors who were duly registered to vote and not subsequently deemed disqualified to vote in the primary, special primary, election, or special election for candidates for that particular office shall be entitled to vote therein, and only those votes cast for the persons designated as candidates in such run-off primary, special primary runoff, run-off election, or special election runoff shall be counted in the tabulation and canvass of the votes cast. No elector shall vote in a run-off primary or special primary runoff in violation of Code Section 21-2-224."

"(c) In instances in which no municipal candidate receives a majority of the votes cast and the municipal charter or ordinances do not provide for nomination or election by a plurality

vote, a run-off primary or election shall be held between the candidates receiving the two highest numbers of votes. Such runoff shall be held on the twenty-eighth day after the day of holding the first primary or election, unless such run-off date is postponed by court order; provided, however, that, in the case of a runoff from a municipal special election that is held in conjunction with a special election for a federal office and not in conjunction with a general primary or general election, the municipality may conduct such runoff from such municipal special election on the date of the special election runoff for the federal office. Only Except as provided in subsection (c) of Code Section 21-2-152, only the electors entitled to vote in the first primary or election shall be entitled to vote in any run-off primary or election resulting therefrom; provided, however, that no elector shall vote in a run-off primary in violation of Code Section 21-2-216. The run-off primary or election shall be a continuation of the first primary or election, and only those votes cast for the candidates receiving the two highest numbers of votes in the first primary or election shall be counted. No write-in votes may be cast in such a primary, run-off primary, or run-off election. If any candidate eligible to be in a runoff withdraws, dies, or is found to be ineligible, the remaining candidates receiving the two highest numbers of votes shall be the candidates in such runoff. The municipal candidate receiving the highest number of the votes cast in such run-off primary or run-off election to fill the nomination or public office sought shall be declared the winner. The municipality shall give written notice to the Secretary of State of such runoff as soon as such municipality certifies the preceding primary, special primary, election, or special election."

155 **SECTION 5.**

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Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 21-2-540, relating to conduct of special elections generally, as follows:

"(b) At least 29 days shall intervene between the call of a special primary and the holding of same, and at least 29 days shall intervene between the call of a special election and the holding of same. The period during which candidates may qualify to run in a special primary or a special election shall remain open for a minimum of two and one-half days. Such period shall be designated by the Secretary of State for a special primary or special election involving a federal or state office, by the county election superintendent for a county office, and by the municipal election superintendent for a municipal office. In the case of a special primary or special election for a federal office, such period shall commence not earlier than the date of the call of the special primary or special election. In the case of a special primary or special election for a state, county, or municipal office, such period shall commence not earlier than the date of the call of the special primary or special

election and shall end not later than 25 days prior to such special primary or special election. Special elections which are to be held in conjunction with the presidential preference primary, a state-wide general primary, or state-wide general election shall be called at least 90 days prior to the date of such presidential preference primary, state-wide general primary, or state-wide general election; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to special elections held on the same date as such presidential preference primary, state-wide general primary, or state-wide general election but conducted completely separate and apart from such state-wide general primary or state-wide general election using different ballots or voting equipment, facilities, poll workers, and paperwork. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, special elections which are to be held in conjunction with the state-wide general primary or state-wide general election in 2014 shall be called at least 60 days prior to the date of such state-wide general primary or state-wide general election."

183 **SECTION 6.**

- Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (e) and by adding a new subsection
- to Code Section 21-2-540, relating to conduct of special elections generally, to read as
- 186 follows:

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- 187 "(e) Candidates in special elections for partisan offices shall be listed alphabetically on the
- ballot and, except where a special primary has been held, may choose to designate on the
- ballot their party affiliation. The party affiliation selected by a candidate shall not be
- changed following the close of qualifying.
- (f) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in those instances in which:
- 192 (1) A special election is required to fill a partisan office;
- 193 (2) Such partisan office is being filled on a temporary basis by appointment;
- 194 (3) Such special election is being conducted in conjunction with a November general
- 195 <u>election; and</u>
- 196 (4) The vacancy occurs prior to the qualifying period for the general primary to be held
- in the year of such November state-wide general election,
- 198 <u>a special primary and a special election shall be conducted for such office with the special</u>
- primary being held in conjunction with such general primary. Otherwise, only a special
- 200 <u>election shall be required.</u> In the event that only one candidate qualifies for nomination in
- 201 the special primary of a political party, no special primary shall be conducted for such
- 202 political party, the candidate shall be deemed to have voted for himself or herself, and the
- 203 <u>candidate shall be the nominee of such political party in the special election and shall be</u>
- designated on the ballot as the nominee of such political party."

SECTION 7.

Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 21-2-544, relating to special elections for General Assembly vacancies, as follows:

208 "21-2-544.

Whenever a vacancy shall occur or exist in either house of the General Assembly, such vacancy shall be filled as follows:

(1) If such vacancy shall occur during a session of the General Assembly, the Governor shall issue, within ten days after the occurrence of such vacancy, a writ of election to the Secretary of State for a special election to fill such vacancy which shall be held on the date named in the writ, which shall not be fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days after its issuance;

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this Code section, if such vacancy shall occur after the conclusion of the regular session which is held during the first year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly, but more than 60 days prior to the Tuesday following the first Monday in November of the first year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly, the Governor may issue at any time but no later than 60 days prior to the Tuesday following the first Monday in November of the first year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly a writ of election to the Secretary of State for a special primary and special election to fill such vacancy. Such special primary which shall be held not fewer than 30 days nor more than 60 days after its the issuance of the writ nor later than 60 days prior to the Tuesday following the first Monday in November of the first year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly and the special election shall be held following such special primary in accordance with Code Section 21-2-540;

(3) If such vacancy shall occur after the conclusion of the regular session of the General Assembly held during the first year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly during the period beginning 60 days prior to the Tuesday following the first Monday in November of such year and ending on the day prior to the beginning of the regular session of the General Assembly held during the second year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly, the Governor shall issue, within ten days after the occurrence of such vacancy, a writ of election to the Secretary of State for a special election to fill such vacancy which shall be held on the date named in the writ, which shall not be fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days after its issuance;

(4) If such vacancy shall occur following the election of a member of the General Assembly but prior to such member taking office, such vacancy shall be filled in accordance with Code Section 21-2-504, but such election shall be called within ten days

of such vacancy and shall be held not fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days following the date of such call;

(5) If such vacancy shall occur following the conclusion of the regular session of the

- (5) If such vacancy shall occur following the conclusion of the regular session of the General Assembly during the second year of the term of office of members of the General Assembly, the issuance of a writ of election to fill such vacancy shall be in the discretion of the Governor except as otherwise provided in paragraph (6) of this Code section and if the Governor chooses to issue such writ of election to fill such vacancy, such <u>vacancy shall be filled by a special primary, and the special election shall be held on the date dates</u> named in the writ. The special primary which shall not be fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days after its the issuance of the writ, and the special election shall be held following such special primary in accordance with Code Section 21-2-540; or
 - (6)(A) If such vacancy shall exist at a time when the members of the General Assembly shall be required to meet in special session, the Governor shall issue, within two days after the calling of an extraordinary session of the General Assembly during the existence of such vacancy, a writ of election to the Secretary of State for a special election to fill such vacancy which shall be held on the date named in the writ, which shall not be fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days after its issuance; or
 - (B) If such vacancy shall occur after the issuance by the Governor of a call for an extraordinary session of the General Assembly, but prior to the conclusion of such extraordinary session, the Governor shall issue, within five days after the occurrence of such vacancy, a writ of election to the Secretary of State for a special election to fill such vacancy which shall be held on the date named in the writ, which shall not be fewer than 30 nor more than 60 days after its issuance.
- Upon receiving the writ of election from the Governor, the Secretary of State shall then transmit the writ of election to the superintendent of each county involved and shall publish the call of the special election and, if appropriate, special primary."

267 SECTION 8.

Sections 6 and 7 of this Act shall become effective on January 1, 2021. The remaining sections of this Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.

SECTION 9.

272 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.