Senate Bill 104

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By: Senators James of the 35th and Rhett of the 33rd

AS PASSED

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, so as to designate the existing crime of hijacking a motor vehicle as being in the first degree and create a new crime of hijacking a motor vehicle in the second degree; to provide for penalties; to change provisions relating to burglary in the second degree involving a vehicle; to amend the Official Code of Georgia Annotated to provide for conforming cross-references; to require the posting of the human trafficking hotline model notice in government buildings; to provide for definitions; to provide for exceptions; to delete the sunset provision; to change provisions relating to punishment for the unlawful manufacture, sale, or distribution of a counterfeit or false proof of insurance document; to prohibit the use of a device to film underneath or through an individual's clothing under certain circumstances; to provide for definitions; to provide for exceptions; to include the sale, manufacture, delivery, or possession of fentanyl and related substances within the prohibition of trafficking certain drugs; to change provisions relating to Schedule I and II controlled substances; to amend Code Section 26-4-115 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to wholesale drug distributors, so as to provide for exceptions; to provide for related matters; to provide for effective dates; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

19 **PART I**20 **SECTION 1-1.**

- 21 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
- amended by revising subsections (b) through (d) of Code Section 16-5-44.1, relating to
- 23 hijacking a motor vehicle, as follows:
- 24 "(b)(1) A person commits the offense of hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree
- 25 when such person while in possession of a firearm or weapon obtains a motor vehicle

from the person an individual or the presence of another individual by force and violence or intimidation or attempts or conspires to do so.

- (2) A person commits the offense of hijacking a motor vehicle in the second degree when such person obtains a motor vehicle from an individual without his or her consent or from the immediate presence of another individual without his or her consent or attempts or conspires to do so.
- (c)(1) A person convicted of the offense of hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than 20 years and a fine of not less than \$10,000.00 nor more than \$100,000.00, provided that any person who has previously committed an offense under the laws of the United States or of Georgia or of any of the several states or of any foreign nation recognized by the United States which if committed in Georgia would have constituted the offense of hijacking a motor vehicle shall be punished by imprisonment for life and a fine of not less than \$100,000.00 nor more than \$500,000.00. The punishment imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be deferred, suspended, or probated. For purposes of this subsection paragraph, the term 'state' shall include the District of Columbia and any territory, possession, or dominion of the United States.
 - (2) A person convicted of the offense of hijacking a motor vehicle in the second degree shall be punished upon a first conviction by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than ten years and a fine of not more than \$5,000.00. Upon a second conviction for hijacking a motor vehicle in the second degree, a person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than three nor more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$5,000.00. Upon a third or subsequent conviction of hijacking a motor vehicle in the second degree, a person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than five nor more than 20 years and a fine of not more than \$5,000.00.
- (d) The offense of hijacking a motor vehicle <u>in the first degree</u> shall be considered a separate offense and shall not merge with any other offense; and the punishment prescribed by subsection (c) of this Code section shall not be deferred, suspended, or probated."

SECTION 1-2.

- Said title is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 16-7-1, relating to burglary, as follows:
 - "(c) A person commits the offense of burglary in the second degree when, without authority and with the intent to commit a felony or theft therein, he or she enters or remains within an occupied, unoccupied, or vacant building, structure, vehicle, railroad car, watercraft, or aircraft. A person who commits the offense of burglary in the second degree shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment

for not less than one nor more than five years. Upon the second and all subsequent convictions for burglary in the second degree, the defendant shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one nor more than eight years."

65 PART II

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66 **SECTION 2-1.**

- The Official Code of Georgia Annotated is amended by replacing "hijacking a motor vehicle" with "hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree" in the following:
- (1) Subparagraph (a)(12)(G) of Code Section 15-11-2, relating to definitions for the Juvenile Code;
- 71 (2) Subparagraph (b)(1)(L) of Code Section 15-11-505, relating to use of detention 72 assessments to determine if detention is warranted and "serious delinquent act" defined;
- 73 (3) Paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Code Section 17-6-1, relating to where offenses
- are bailable, procedure, schedule of bails, and appeal bonds; and
- 75 (4) Subparagraph (a)(2)(C) of Code Section 17-6-12, relating to the discretion of the court to release person charged with a crime on person's own recognizance only.

77 PART III
78 SECTION 3-1.

- Code Section 16-11-131 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to possession of a firearm by convicted felons and first-offender probationers, is amended by revising subsection (e) as follows:
- 82 "(e) As used in this Code section, the term 'forcible felony' means any felony which 83 involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person and further includes, without limitation, murder; murder in the second degree; burglary in any degree; 84 robbery; armed robbery; home invasion in any degree; kidnapping; hijacking of an aircraft 85 or hijacking a motor vehicle in the first degree; aggravated stalking; rape; aggravated child 86 molestation; aggravated sexual battery; arson in the first degree; the manufacturing, 87 transporting, distribution, or possession of explosives with intent to kill, injure, or 88 89 intimidate individuals or destroy a public building; terroristic threats; or acts of treason or insurrection." 90

91 **SECTION 3-2.**

92 Title 17 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to criminal procedure, is 93 amended by revising division (a)(11)(A)(vi) of Code Section 17-7-130, relating to

- 94 proceedings upon plea of mental incompetence to stand trial, as follows:
- 95 "(vi) Hijacking of a motor vehicle in the first degree or hijacking an aircraft;"

96 **SECTION 3-3.**

- 97 Said title is further amended by revising paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of Code Section
- 98 17-10-9.1, relating to voluntary surrender to county jail or correctional institution, as follows:
- 99 "(6) Aircraft hijacking and hijacking of a motor vehicle in the first degree;"

100 PART IV

101 **SECTION 4-1.**

- Said title is further amended by repealing subsection (e), adding a new subsection, and
- revising subsections (a), (b), and (d) of Code Section 16-5-47, relating to posting model
- 104 notice with human trafficking hotline information in businesses and on Internet and
- termination, as follows:
- 106 "(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 107 (1) 'Adult entertainment establishment' means any place of business or commercial
- establishment wherein:
- 109 (A) The entertainment or activity therein consists of nude or substantially nude persons
- dancing with or without music or engaged in movements of a sexual nature or
- movements simulating sexual intercourse, oral copulation, sodomy, or masturbation;
- (B) The patron directly or indirectly is charged a fee or required to make a purchase
- in order to view entertainment or activity which consists of persons exhibiting or
- modeling lingerie or similar undergarments; or
- 115 (C) The patron directly or indirectly is charged a fee to engage in personal contact by
- employees, devices, or equipment, or by personnel provided by the establishment.
- Such term shall include, but shall not be limited to, bathhouses, lingerie modeling studios,
- and related or similar activities. Such term shall not include businesses or commercial
- establishments which have as their sole purpose the improvement of health and physical
- fitness through special equipment and facilities, rather than entertainment.
- 121 (2) 'Agricultural products' means raising, growing, harvesting, or storing of crops;
- feeding, breeding, or managing livestock, equine, or poultry; producing or storing feed
- for use in the production of livestock, including, but not limited to, cattle, calves, swine,
- hogs, goats, sheep, equine, and rabbits, or for use in the production of poultry, including,

but not limited to, chickens, hens, ratites, and turkeys; producing plants, trees, Christmas

- trees, fowl, equine, or animals; or the production of producing aquacultural, horticultural,
- viticultural, silvicultural, grass sod, dairy, livestock, poultry, egg, and apiarian products.
- 128 (3) 'Bar' means an establishment that is devoted to the serving of alcoholic beverages for
- consumption by guests on the premises and in which the serving of food is only
- incidental to the consumption of those beverages, including, but not limited to, taverns,
- nightclubs, cocktail lounges, and cabarets.
- 132 (4) 'Day hauler' means any person who is employed by a farm labor contractor to
- transport, or who for a fee transports, by motor vehicle, workers to render personal
- services in connection with the production of any farm products to, for, or under the
- direction of a third person; provided, however, that such term shall not include a person
- who produces agricultural products.
- 137 (5) 'Farm labor contractor' means any person who, for a fee, employs workers to render
- personal services in connection with the production of any farm products to, for, or under
- the direction of a third person, or who recruits, solicits, supplies, or hires workers on
- behalf of an employer engaged in the growing or producing of farm products, and who,
- for a fee, provides in connection therewith one or more of the following services:
- furnishes board, lodging, or transportation for those workers; supervises, times, checks,
- 143 counts, weighs, or otherwise directs or measures their work; or disburses wage payments
- to such persons; provided, however, that such term shall not include a person who
- produces agricultural products.
- 146 (5.1) 'Government building with public access' means a building or portion of a building
- owned or leased by a government entity.
- 148 (5.2) 'Government entity' means an office, agency, authority, department, commission,
- board, body, division, instrumentality, or institution of the executive, legislative, or
- judicial branch of the state government and any county, municipal corporation, or
- consolidated government within this state.
- 152 (6) 'Hotel' means any hotel, inn, or other establishment which offers overnight
- accommodations to the public for hire.
- 154 (7) 'Massage therapist' means a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 24A of Title 43.
- 155 (8) 'Primary airport' shall have the same meaning as set forth in 49 U.S.C. Section
- 156 47102(16).
- (9) 'Substantially nude' means dressed in a manner so as to display any portion of the
- female breast below the top of the areola or displaying any portion of any person's pubic
- hair, anus, cleft of the buttocks, vulva, or genitals.
- 160 (10) 'Truck stop' means a privately owned and operated facility that provides food, fuel,
- shower or other sanitary facilities, and lawful overnight truck parking.

162 (b) Effective September 15, 2013, the following businesses and other establishments shall
163 post the notice described in subsection (c) of this Code section, or a substantially similar
164 notice, in English, Spanish, and any other language deemed appropriate by the director of
165 the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, in each public restroom for the business or
166 establishment and either in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of the business or
167 establishment or in another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and employees

where similar notices are customarily posted:

(1) Adult entertainment establishments;

170 (2) Bars;

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- 171 (3) Primary airports;
- 172 (4) Passenger rail or light rail stations;
- 173 (5) Bus stations;
- 174 (6) Truck stops;
- 175 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care hospitals;
- 176 (8) Urgent care centers;
- 177 (9) Farm labor contractors and day haulers;
- 178 (10) Privately operated job recruitment centers;
- 179 (11) Safety rest areas located along interstate highways in this state;
- 180 (12) Hotels; and
- 181 (13) Businesses and establishments that offer massage or bodywork services by a person
- who is not a massage therapist; and
- 183 (14) Government buildings; provided, however, that in the case of leased property, this
- paragraph shall only apply to public restrooms that are a part of such lease for exclusive
- use by the government entity."
- 186 "(c.1) Every government entity shall, on the homepage of its website, provide an identified
- hyperlink to the model notice that is on the Georgia Bureau of Investigation website as
- provided for in subsection (c) of this Code section.
- (d)(1) A law enforcement officer shall notify, in writing, any business or establishment
- that has failed to comply with this Code section that it has failed to comply with the
- requirements of this Code section and if it does not correct the violation within 30 days
- from the date of receipt of the notice, the owner of such business or establishment shall
- be charged with a violation of this Code section and upon conviction shall be guilty of
- the misdemeanor offense of failure to post the National Human Trafficking Resource
- 195 Center hotline number and may be punished by a fine of not more than \$500.00; but the
- provisions of Chapter 11 of Title 17 and any other provision of law to the contrary
- notwithstanding, the costs of such prosecution shall not be taxed nor shall any additional
- penalty, fee, or surcharge to a fine for such offense be assessed against an owner for

conviction thereof. Upon a second or subsequent conviction, the owner shall be guilty of a high and aggravated misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$5,000.00. The notice required by this subsection may be hand delivered to the noncomplying business or establishment or mailed to it at the address of such business or establishment.

(2) This subsection shall not apply to government entities."

205 **PART V**

206 **SECTION 5-1.**

- 207 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-9-5, relating to counterfeit or false 208 proof of insurance document, as follows:
- 209 "16-9-5.

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- 210 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'proof of insurance document' means any
- document issued by, on behalf of, or purportedly on behalf of an insurer to a motor vehicle
- 212 policyholder or applicant for motor vehicle coverage, which document is designed to
- 213 constitute proof or evidence of the minimum motor vehicle liability insurance required by
- law for the purposes of Code Section 40-6-10.
- (b)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture, sell, or distribute
- a counterfeit or false proof of insurance document.
- 217 (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess a counterfeit or false proof of insurance
- document that he or she knows to be a counterfeit or false proof of insurance document.
- 219 (3) A proof of insurance document shall be deemed counterfeit or false if the proof of
- insurance document has been altered, modified, or originally issued in any manner which
- contains false information concerning the insurer, the owner, the motor vehicle, or the
- insurance thereon.
- (c)(1) Any person who violates paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section on
- 224 the first offense shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who violates paragraph
- (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section for the second or any subsequent offense shall
- be guilty of a felony and <u>upon conviction</u> shall be punished by a fine of not more than
- \$5,000.00 \\$10,000.00 or by imprisonment for not more than three years less than two nor
- 228 <u>more than ten years</u>, or both.
- (2) Any person who violates paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Code section shall
- 230 <u>upon conviction</u> be guilty of <u>and be punished as for</u> a misdemeanor."

231	PART VA
232	SECTION 5A-1.
233	Said title is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:
234	" <u>16-11-91.</u>
235	(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
236	(1) 'Device' means an instrument or apparatus used for observing, photographing,
237	videotaping, recording, or transmitting visual images, including but not limited to a
238	camera, photographic equipment, video equipment, mobile phone, or other similar
239	equipment.
240	(2) 'Intimate parts' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 16-6-22.1.
241	(b)(1) Notwithstanding Code Section 16-11-90, it shall be unlawful for any person to,
242	knowingly and without the consent of the individual observed, use or install a device for
243	the purpose of surreptitiously observing, photographing, videotaping, filming, or video
244	recording such individual underneath or through such individual's clothing, for the
245	purpose of viewing the intimate parts of the body of or the undergarments worn by such
246	individual, under circumstances in which such individual has a reasonable expectation
247	of privacy, regardless of whether it occurs in a public place.
248	(2) It shall be unlawful to disseminate any image or recording with knowledge that it was
249	taken or obtained in violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection.
250	(c) Any person convicted of violating this Code section shall be guilty of a felony and,
251	upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one year nor
252	more than five years, a fine of not more than \$10,000.00, or both, or in the discretion of the
253	court, as for a misdemeanor.
254	(d) Subsection (b) of this Code section shall not apply to:
255	(1) The lawful activities of law enforcement and prosecution agencies; or
256	(2) A business's or entity's surveillance device used in the ordinary course of its business,
257	provided that signage conspicuously warns of such surveillance and the use of such
258	device is primarily designed to detect unlawful activity.
259	(e) Any violation of this Code section shall constitute a separate offense and shall not

merge with any other crimes set forth in this title."

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PART VI262 **SECTION 6-1.**

Said title is further amended by revising subparagraph (c)(3)(B) of Code Section 16-13-30, relating to purchase, possession, manufacture, distribution, or sale of controlled substances or marijuana, as follows:

"(B) This paragraph shall not apply to morphine, heroin, or opium, or any substance identified in subparagraph (RR) or (SS) of paragraph (1) or paragraph (13), (14), or (15) of Code Section 16-13-25, or subparagraph (A), (C.5), (F), (U.1), (V), or (V.2) of paragraph (2) of Code Section 16-13-26 or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer; rather, the provisions of Code Section 16-13-31 shall control these substances."

SECTION 6-2.

Said title is further amended by revising the introductory language to paragraph (1) of subsection (a), paragraph (2) of subsection (a), subsection (b), and the introductory language to subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) of Code Section 16-13-31, relating to trafficking in cocaine, illegal drugs, marijuana, or methamphetamine, as follows:

- "(a)(1) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state or who is in possession of 28 grams or more of cocaine or of any mixture with a purity of 10 percent or more of cocaine, as described in Schedule II, in violation of this article commits the felony offense of trafficking in cocaine and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:"
- "(2) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state or who is in possession of any mixture with a purity of less than 10 percent of cocaine, as described in Schedule II, in violation of this article commits the felony offense of trafficking in cocaine if the total weight of the mixture multiplied by the percentage of cocaine contained in the mixture exceeds any of the quantities of cocaine specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection. Upon conviction thereof, such person shall be punished as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, depending upon the quantity of cocaine such person is charged with selling, manufacturing, delivering, or bringing into this state or possessing.
- (b) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, manufactures, delivers, brings into this state, or has possession of four grams or more of any morphine, or opium, or substance identified in subparagraph (RR) or (SS) of paragraph (1) or paragraph (13), (14), or (15) of Code Section 16-13-25, or subparagraph (A), (C.5), (F), (U.1), (V), or (V.2) of paragraph (2) of Code Section 16-13-26 or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in Schedules I and II, or four grams or more of any mixture

containing any such substance in violation of this article commits the felony offense of trafficking in illegal drugs and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:

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- (1) If the quantity of such substances involved is four grams or more, but less than 14 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years and shall pay a fine of \$50,000.00;
- 301 (2) If the quantity of such substances involved is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of ten years and shall pay a fine of \$100,000.00; and
- 304 (3) If the quantity of such substances involved is 28 grams or more, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years and shall pay a fine of \$500,000.00.
- 307 (c) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, manufactures, grows, delivers, brings into this state, or has possession of a quantity of marijuana exceeding ten pounds commits the offense of trafficking in marijuana and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:"
- 311 "(d) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, manufactures, delivers,
 312 or brings into this state 200 grams or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing
 313 methaqualone, as described in paragraph (6) of Code Section 16-13-25, in violation of this
 314 article commits the felony offense of trafficking in methaqualone and, upon conviction
 315 thereof, shall be punished as follows:"
 - "(e) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who sells, delivers, or brings into this state or has possession of 28 grams or more of methamphetamine, amphetamine, or any mixture containing either methamphetamine or amphetamine, as described in Schedule II, in violation of this article commits the felony offense of trafficking in methamphetamine or amphetamine and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:"
- "(f) Any Except as authorized by this article, any person who manufactures methamphetamine, amphetamine, or any mixture containing either methamphetamine or amphetamine, as described in Schedule II, in violation of this article commits the felony offense of trafficking methamphetamine or amphetamine and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:"

326 **PART VII** 327 **SECTION 7-1.**

328	Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-13-25, relating to Schedule I controlled
329	substances, by adding two new subparagraphs to paragraph (1) to read as follows:
330	"(RR) 3,4-dichloro-N-[(1-dimethylamino)cyclohexylmethyl]benzamide (AH-7921);
331	(SS) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl)-N-methylbenzamide (U-47700);"
332	SECTION 7-2.
333	Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-13-25, relating to Schedule I controlled
334	substances, by replacing the period with a semicolon at the end of subparagraph (V) of
335	paragraph (12) and by adding three new paragraphs to read as follows:
336	"(13) The fentanyl analog structural class, including any of the following derivatives,
337	their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, unless specifically utilized as part of the
338	manufacturing process by a commercial industry of a substance or material not intended
339	for human ingestion or consumption, as a prescription administered under medical
340	supervision, or for research at a recognized institution, whenever the existence of these
341	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation or
342	unless specifically excepted or listed in this or another schedule, structurally derived from
343	fentanyl, and whether or not further modified in any of the following ways:
344	(A) Substitution anywhere on the phenethyl group with:
345	(i) Alkyl group;
346	(ii) Hydroxyl group;
347	(iii) Halide group;
348	(B) Replacement of the phenethyl group with:
349	(i) Thienyl ethyl group, which can be further substituted with:
350	(I) Alkyl group;
351	(II) Hydroxyl group;
352	(III) Halide group;
353	(ii) Oxotetrazol ethyl group, which can be further substituted with:
354	(I) Alkyl group;
355	(II) Hydroxyl group;
356	(III) Halide group;
357	(iii) Alkyl group;
358	(iv) Thienyl methyl group, which can be further substituted with:
359	(I) Alkyl group;
360	(II) Hydroxyl group;
361	(III) Halide group;
362	(v) Benzyl group, which can be further substituted with:
363	(I) Alkyl group;

364 (II) Hydroxyl group; 365 (III) Halide group; 366 (vi) Furanyl ethyl group, which can be further substituted with: 367 (I) Alkyl group; (II) Hydroxyl group; 368 369 (III) Halide group; (vii) Phenyl alkyl group, which can be further substituted with: 370 371 (I) Alkyl group; 372 (II) Hydroxyl group; 373 (III) Halide group; (viii) Pyridinyl ethyl group, which can be further substituted with: 374 375 (I) Alkyl group; 376 (II) Hydroxyl group; 377 (III) Halide group; 378 (ix) Diazole ethyl group, which can be further substituted with: 379 (I) Alkyl group; 380 (II) Hydroxyl group; 381 (III) Halide group; 382 (IV) Nitro group; 383 (x) Thiazole ethyl group, which can be further substituted with: 384 (I) Alkyl group; 385 (II) Hydroxyl group; 386 (III) Halide group; (xi) Benzoxazolinone ethyl group, which can be further substituted with: 387 388 (I) Alkyl group; 389 (II) Hydroxyl group; 390 (III) Halide group; (C) Substitution anywhere on the piperidine ring with: 391 392 (i) Alkyl group; 393 (ii) Allyl group; 394 (iii) Phenyl group; 395 (iv) Ester group; 396 (v) Ether group; (vi) Pyridine group, which can be further substituted with: 397 398 (I) Alkyl group; 399 (II) Hydroxyl group; 400 (III) Halide group;

401 (vii) Thiazole group, which can be further substituted with: 402 (I) Alkyl group; 403 (II) Hydroxyl group; 404 (III) Halide group; 405 (viii) Oxadiazole group, which can be further substituted with: 406 (I) Alkyl group; 407 (II) Hydroxyl group; 408 (III) Halide group; 409 (IV) Ether group; 410 (D) Substitution anywhere on the propanamide group with: 411 (i) Cyclic alkyl group; 412 (ii) Acyclic alkyl group: 413 (iii) Methoxy group; (E) Replacement of the propanamide group with: 414 415 (i) Acryloyl amino group; 416 (ii) Acetamide group, which itself can be further substituted with a cyclic alkyl 417 group; 418 (iii) Methoxy acetamide group; 419 (iv) Furanyl amide group; (F) Substitution anywhere on the phenyl ring with: 420 421 (i) Halide group; 422 (ii) Methoxy group; 423 (iii) Alkyl group; 424 (G) Replacement of the phenyl ring with the pyrazine ring; 425 (14) The piperidinyl-sulfonamide structural class, including any of the following compounds, derivatives, their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, halogen analogues, or 426 homologues, unless specifically utilized as part of the manufacturing process by a 427 428 commercial industry of a substance or material not intended for human ingestion or 429 consumption, as a prescription administered under medical supervision, or for research 430 at a recognized institution, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, or salts of 431 isomers, halogen analogues, or homologues is possible within the specific chemical 432 designation or unless specifically excepted or listed in this or another schedule, 433 structurally derived from piperidinyl-sulfonamide, and whether or not further modified 434 in any of the following ways: 435 (A) By substitution at the 1-position of the piperidinyl ring with any of the following: 436 (i) Alkyl group; 437 (ii) Phenyl alkyl group;

438 (iii) Amino substituted phenyl alkyl group; 439 (iv) Nitro substituted phenyl alkyl group; 440 (v) Cycloalkyl group; 441 (vi) Alkenyl substituent group; 442 (B) By substitution at the 3-position or 4-position of the piperidinyl ring with any of 443 the following: 444 (i) Halide group; 445 (ii) Alkyl group; 446 (iii) Alkoxy substituent; 447 (C) By substitution on the sulfonamide with any of the following: 448 (i) Pyridyl group; 449 (ii) Alkyl group; 450 (iii) Phenyl group; 451 (iv) Phenyl alkyl group; 452 (v) Alkoxy substituted phenyl group; 453 (vi) Halogen substituted phenyl group; 454 (vii) Nitro substituted phenyl group; 455 (viii) Amino substituted phenyl group; 456 (ix) Alkanoylamino substituted phenyl group; (x) Amido substituted phenyl group; 457 458 (15) The 1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethy)-piperazine (MT-45) structural class, 459 including any of the following derivatives, their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, unless 460 specifically utilized as part of the manufacturing process by a commercial industry of a 461 substance or material not intended for human ingestion or consumption, as a prescription 462 administered under medical supervision, or for research at a recognized institution, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, or salts of isomers is possible within the 463 specific chemical designation or unless specifically excepted or listed in this or another 464 schedule, structurally derived from 1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethy)-piperazine 465 (MT-45), and whether or not further modified in any of the following ways: 466 (A) Replacement of the cyclohexyl group with any of the following: 467 468 (i) Cycloheptyl group; 469 (ii) Cyclooctyl group; 470 (B) Substitution on the diphenyl groups with any of the following: 471 (i) Hydroxyl group; 472 (ii) Halide; 473 (iii) Alkoxy group; 474 (iv) Alkyl group;

475 (v) Ester group; (vi) Phenyl ether group." 476 477 **SECTION 7-3.** Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-13-26, relating to Schedule II controlled 478 479 substances, by adding new subparagraphs to paragraph (2) to read as follows: 480 "(C.5) Carfentanil;" "(V.2) Thiafentanil;" 481 SECTION 7-4. 482 Said title is further amended in Code Section 16-13-26, relating to Schedule II controlled 483 484 substances, by revising subparagraph (E) of paragraph (3) as follows: "(E) Carfentanil Reserved;" 485 486 **PART VIII SECTION 8-1.** 487 488 Code Section 26-4-115 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to wholesale drug 489 distributors, is amended by adding a new subsection to read as follows: 490 "(g) Transfers of drugs from a licensed hospital pharmacy to an entity that is affiliated with 491 or owned by the hospital shall not be deemed wholesale distributors of drugs." 492 **PART IX** 493 **SECTION 9-1.** This part and Parts VI through VIII of this Act shall become effective upon its approval by 494 495 the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval and the remaining parts shall become effective on July 1, 2017. 496

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SECTION 9-2.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.