Senate Bill 167

By: Senators Hill of the 6th, Dugan of the 30th, Hill of the 4th, Williams of the 27th, Harbison of the 15th and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia
- 2 Annotated, relating to exemptions from ad valorem taxation of property, so as to revise the
- 3 amount of the homestead exemption allowable for disabled veterans and certain relatives; to
- 4 provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

6 SECTION 1.

- 7 Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 8 relating to exemptions from ad valorem taxation of property, is amended by revising Code
- 9 Section 48-5-48, relating to homestead exemption by qualified disabled veterans, filing
- 10 requirements, periodic substantiation of eligibility, and persons eligible without application,
- 11 as follows:

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- 12 "48-5-48.
- 13 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'disabled veteran' means:
- 14 (1) Any veteran who is a citizen and a resident of this state, who was discharged under
- 15 honorable conditions, and who has been adjudicated by the United States Department of
- Veterans Affairs as having a service related disability that renders such veteran as being
- 17 100 percent totally disabled or as being less than 100 percent totally disabled but is
- compensated at the 100 percent level due to individual unemployability or is entitled to
- receive a statutory award from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for:
- 20 (A) Loss or permanent loss of use of one or both feet;
- 21 (B) Loss or permanent loss of use of one or both hands;
- (C) Loss of sight in one or both eyes; or
- 23 (D) Permanent impairment of vision of both eyes of the following status: central visual
- acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye, with corrective glasses, or central visual acuity
- of more than 20/200 if there is a field defect in which the peripheral field has contracted

to such an extent that the widest diameter of visual field subtends on angular distance no greater than 20 degrees in the better eye;

- (2) An American veteran of any war or armed conflict in which any branch of the armed forces of the United States engaged, whether under United States command or otherwise, and that he or she is disabled due to the loss or loss of use of both lower extremities such as to preclude locomotion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; due to blindness in both eyes, having only light perception, together with the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity; or due to the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity together with residuals of organic disease or injury which so affect the functions of balance or propulsion as to preclude locomotion without resort to a wheelchair;
- 36 (3) Any disabled veteran who is not entitled to receive benefits from the Department of 37 Veterans Affairs but who qualifies otherwise, as provided for by Article VII, Section I,
- Paragraph IV of the Constitution of Georgia of 1976;

- (4) An American veteran of any war or armed conflict who is disabled due to loss or loss
 of use of one lower extremity together with the loss or loss of use of one upper extremity
 which so affects the functions of balance or propulsion as to preclude locomotion without
 the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; or
- 43 (5) A veteran becoming eligible for assistance in acquiring housing under Section 2101 of Title 38 of the United States Code as hereafter amended on or after July 1, 1999.
 - (b)(1) Any disabled veteran as defined in any paragraph of subsection (a) of this Code section who is a citizen and resident of Georgia is granted an exemption of the greater of \$32,500.00 \$77,300.00 or the maximum amount which may be granted to a disabled veteran under Section 2102 of Title 38 of the United States Code, as amended, on his or her homestead which such veteran owns and actually occupies as a residence and homestead, such exemption being from all ad valorem taxation for state, county, municipal, and school purposes. As of January 1, 2004, the maximum amount which may be granted to a disabled veteran under the above-stated federal law is \$50,000.00. The value of all property in excess of the exempted amount cited above in this paragraph shall remain subject to taxation.
 - (2) The unremarried surviving spouse or minor children of any such disabled veteran as defined in this Code section shall also be entitled to an exemption of the greater of \$32,500.00 \$77,300.00 or the maximum amount which may be granted to a disabled veteran under Section 2102 of Title 38 of the United States Code, as amended, on the homestead so long as the unremarried surviving spouse or minor children continue actually to occupy the home as a residence and homestead, such exemption being from all ad valorem taxation for state, county, municipal, and school purposes. As of January 1,2004, the maximum amount which may be granted to the unremarried surviving spouse

or minor children of any such disabled veteran under the above-stated federal law is \$50,000.00. The value of all property in excess of such exemption granted to such unremarried surviving spouse or minor children shall remain subject to taxation.

- (b.1) The unremarried surviving spouse or minor children of any disabled veteran shall also be entitled to an exemption of the greater of \$32,500.00 \$77,300.00 or the maximum amount on a which may be granted to a disabled veteran under Section 2102 of Title 38 of the United States Code, as amended, on his or her homestead, or any subsequent homestead within the same county, where such spouse or minor children continue to occupy the home as a homestead, such exemption being from ad valorem taxation for state, county, municipal, and school purposes.
- 73 (b.2) If a disabled veteran actually occupies a home as his or her legal residence that one
 74 of his or her children actually occupies as a homestead, such child shall be entitled to an
 75 exemption from ad valorem taxation on such homestead for state, county, municipal, and
 76 school purposes in the amount of the greater of \$77,300.00 or the maximum amount which
 77 may be granted to a disabled veteran under Section 2102 of Title 38 of the United States
- 78 <u>Code, as amended.</u>

- (c)(1) Any disabled veteran qualifying pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section for the homestead exemption provided for in this Code section shall file with the tax commissioner or tax receiver a letter from the Department of Veterans Affairs or the Department of Veterans Service stating the qualifying disability.
 - (2) Any disabled veteran qualifying pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Code section for the homestead exemption provided for in this Code section shall file with the tax commissioner or tax receiver a copy of his DD form 214 (discharge papers from his or her military records) along with a letter from a doctor who is licensed to practice medicine in this state stating that he or she is disabled due to loss or loss of use of both lower extremities such as to preclude locomotion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair; due to blindness in both eyes, having only light perception, together with the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity; or due to the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity together with residuals of organic disease or injury which so affect the functions of balance or propulsion as to preclude locomotion without resort to a wheelchair. Prior to approval of an exemption, a county board of tax assessors may require the applicant to provide not more than two additional doctors' letters if the board is in doubt as to the applicant's eligibility for the exemption.
 - (3) Any disabled veteran qualifying pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Code section for the homestead exemption provided for in this Code section shall file with the tax commissioner or tax receiver a letter from a doctor who is licensed to practice medicine in this state stating the qualifying disability. Prior to approval of an

exemption, a county board of tax assessors may require the applicant to provide not more than two additional doctors' letters if the board is in doubt as to the applicant's eligibility for the exemption. (4) Any disabled veteran qualifying pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of this

- (4) Any disabled veteran qualifying pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of this Code section for the homestead exemption provided for in this Code section shall file with the tax commissioner or tax receiver a letter from the Department of Veterans Affairs or the Department of Veterans Service stating the eligibility for such housing assistance.
- (d) Each disabled veteran shall file for the exemption only once in the county of his <u>or her</u> residence. Once filed, the exemption shall automatically be renewed from year to year, except as provided in subsection (e) of this Code section. Such exemption shall be extended to the unremarried surviving spouse or minor children at the time of <u>his such disabled veteran's</u> death so long as they continue to occupy the home as a residence and homestead. In the event a disabled veteran who would otherwise be entitled to the exemption dies or becomes incapacitated to the extent that he or she cannot personally file for such exemption, the spouse, the unremarried surviving spouse, or the <u>minor</u> children at the time of the disabled veteran's death <u>of such veteran</u> may file for the exemption and such exemption may be granted as if the disabled veteran had made personal application therefor.
- (e) Not more often than once every three years, the county board of tax assessors may require the holder of an exemption granted pursuant to this Code section to substantiate his or her continuing eligibility for the exemption. In no event may the board require more than three doctors' letters to substantiate <u>such</u> eligibility.
- (f) Any person who as of January 1, 1991, has applied and is eligible for the exemption for disabled veterans, their surviving spouses, and minor children formerly provided for by the sixth unnumbered subparagraph of Article VII, Section I, Paragraph IV of the Constitution of 1976; the exemption for disabled veterans provided for in Article VII, Section II, Paragraph V of the Constitution of 1983; or the exemption for disabled veterans formerly provided for by Code Section 48-5-48.3 as enacted by an Act approved April 11, 1986 (Ga. L. 1986, p. 1445), shall be eligible for the exemption granted by subsection (b) of this Code section without applying for such exemption."

SECTION 2.

132 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.