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Senate Bill 228

By: Senators Jones of the 25th, Wilkinson of the 50th, Martin of the 9th, Parent of the 42nd, Jordan of the 6th and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To provide greater protections for individuals who have suffered from childhood sexual
- 2 abuse; to amend Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 9 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- 3 relating to specific periods of limitation, so as to extend the statute of limitations for actions
- 4 for childhood sexual abuse under certain circumstances; to provide for retroactive claims for
- 5 childhood sexual abuse under certain circumstances; to clarify existing law; to revise and
- 6 provide for definitions; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters; to repeal
- 7 conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

9 **SECTION 1.** 

10 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Child Victim Act of 2019."

11 SECTION 2.

- 12 Article 2 of Chapter 3 of Title 9 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 13 specific periods of limitation, is amended by revising Code Section 9-3-33.1, relating to
- 14 actions for childhood sexual abuse, as follows:
- 15 "9-3-33.1.
- 16 (a)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'childhood sexual abuse' means any act
- 17 committed by the defendant against the plaintiff which occurred when the plaintiff was
- under 18 years of age and which would be in violation of:
- 19 (A) Rape, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-1;
- 20 (B) Sodomy or aggravated sodomy, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-2;
- 21 (C) Statutory rape, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-3;
- (D) Child molestation or aggravated child molestation, as prohibited in Code Section
- 23 16-6-4;
- 24 (E) Enticing a child for indecent purposes, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-5;
- 25 (F) Pandering, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-12;

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- 26 (G) Pandering by compulsion, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-14;
- 27 (H) Solicitation of sodomy, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-15;
- 28 (I) Incest, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-22;
- 29 (J) Sexual battery, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-22.1; or
- 30 (K) Aggravated sexual battery, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-22.2.
- 31 (2) Notwithstanding Code Section 9-3-33 and except as provided in subsection (d) of this
- Code section as it existed on June 30, <del>2017</del> <u>2021</u>, any civil action for recovery of
- damages suffered as a result of childhood sexual abuse committed before July 1, 2015,
- shall be commenced on or before the date the plaintiff attains the age of  $\frac{23}{55}$  years.
- 35 (b)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'childhood sexual abuse' means any act
- committed by the defendant against the plaintiff which occurred when the plaintiff was
- under 18 years of age and which would be in violation of:
- 38 (A) Trafficking a person for sexual servitude, as prohibited in Code Section 16-5-46;
- 39 (B) Rape, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-1;
- 40 (C) Statutory rape, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-3, if the defendant was 21 years
- of age or older at the time of the act;
- 42 (D) Aggravated sodomy, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-2;
- 43 (E) Child molestation or aggravated child molestation, as prohibited in Code Section
- 44 16-6-4, unless the violation would be subject to punishment as provided in paragraph
- 45 (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 16-6-4 or paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Code
- 46 Section 16-6-4;
- 47 (F) Enticing a child for indecent purposes, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-5, unless
- 48 the violation would be subject to punishment as provided in subsection (c) of Code
- 49 Section 16-6-5;
- 50 (G) Incest, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-22;
- 51 (H) Aggravated sexual battery, as prohibited in Code Section 16-6-22.2; or
- 52 (I) Part 2 of Article 3 of Chapter 12 of Title 16.
- 53 (2)(A) Notwithstanding Code Section 9-3-33, any civil action for recovery of damages
- suffered as a result of childhood sexual abuse committed on or after July 1, 2015, shall
- be commenced:
- 56 (i) On or before the date the plaintiff attains the age of 23 55 years; or
- 57 (ii) Within two four years from the date that the plaintiff knew or had reason to know
- of such abuse and that such abuse resulted in injury to the plaintiff as established by
- 59 competent medical or psychological evidence.
- 60 (B) When a plaintiff's civil action is filed after the plaintiff attains the age of 23 55
- of years but within two four years from the date that the plaintiff knew or had reason to
- know of such abuse and that such abuse resulted in injury to the plaintiff, the court shall

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determine from admissible evidence in a pretrial finding when the discovery of the alleged childhood sexual abuse occurred. The pretrial finding required under this subparagraph shall be made within six months of the filing of the civil action.

(c)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:

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- 67 (A) 'Entity' means an institution, agency, firm, business, corporation, or other public 68 or private legal entity.
- (B) 'Person' means the individual alleged to have committed the act of childhood sexual abuse.
- 11 (2) If a civil action for recovery of damages suffered as a result of childhood sexual 12 abuse is commenced pursuant to division (b)(2)(A)(i) of this Code section and if the 13 person was a volunteer or employee of an entity that owed a duty of care to the plaintiff, 14 or the person and the plaintiff were engaged in some activity over which such entity had 15 control, damages against such entity shall be awarded under this Code section only if by 16 a preponderance of the evidence there is a finding of negligence on the part of such 17 entity.
  - (3) If a civil action for recovery of damages suffered as a result of childhood sexual abuse is commenced pursuant to division (b)(2)(A)(ii) of this Code section and if the person was a volunteer or employee of an entity that owed a duty of care to the plaintiff, or the person and the plaintiff were engaged in some activity over which such entity had control, damages against such entity shall be awarded under this Code section only if by a preponderance of the evidence there is a finding that there was gross negligence on the part of such entity, that the entity knew or should have known of the alleged conduct giving rise to the civil action, and that such entity failed to take remedial action.
- 86 (d)(1) As used in this subsection, the terms 'entity' and 'person' shall have the same
  87 meaning as set forth in subsection (c) of this Code section.
- (2) For a period of two years following July 1, 2019, plaintiffs of any age who were time
   barred from filing a civil action against any person or entity for injuries resulting from
   childhood sexual abuse due to the expiration of the statute of limitations in effect on June
   30, 2019, shall be allowed to file such actions, thereby reviving those civil actions which
- had lapsed or technically expired under the law in effect on June 30, 2019.
- 93 (3) The revival of a claim as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not apply
  94 to:
- 95 (A) Any claim that has been litigated to finality on the merits in a court of competent 96 jurisdiction prior to July 1, 2019. Termination of a prior civil action on the basis of the 97 expiration of the statute of limitations shall not constitute a claim that has been litigated 98 to finality on the merits; and

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99	(B) Any written settlement agreement which has been entered into between a plaintiff
100	and a defendant when the plaintiff was represented by an attorney who was admitted
101	to practice law in this state at the time of the settlement, and the plaintiff signed such
102	settlement.
103	(4) This subsection shall stand repealed effective July 1, 2021."

104 **SECTION 4.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed. 105