### COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE SUBSTITUTE TO SB 3

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
2	elementary and secondary education, so as to enact the "Creating Opportunities Needed Now
3	to Expand Credentialed Training (CONNECT) Act"; to provide for industry credentialing
4	for students who complete certain focused programs of study; to provide for industry
5	credentialing in individual graduation plans; to provide for the identification of certain
6	critical and emerging occupations; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters;
7	to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
9	SECTION 1.
10	This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Creating Opportunities Needed Now to
11	Expand Credentialed Training (CONNECT) Act."
12	SECTION 2.
13	Chapter 2 of Title 20 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to elementary and
14	secondary education, is amended by revising Code Section 20-2-145.1, relating to career
15	education, as follows:
16	"20-2-145.1.
17	The State Board of Education shall prescribe a minimum course of study in career
18	education for students in grades kindergarten six through 12. Such minimum course of
19	study shall be age appropriate and shall include, but not be limited to, career awareness,
20	career exploration, and career oriented learning experiences. Career oriented learning
21	experiences shall include, but not be limited to, participation in work based learning
22	programs such as internships, apprenticeships, cooperative education, or employability skill
23	development. The State Board of Education shall ensure that career oriented learning
24	experiences include rigorous industry credentialing, as defined in Code Section 20-2-326,

26	SECTION 3.
27	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 20-2-159.1, relating to focused
28	programs of study, as follows:
29	"20-2-159.1.
30	(a) The No later than July 1, 2013, the Department of Education shall develop, and the
31	State Board of Education shall approve, state models and industry required content
32	standards, after consultation with industries in Georgia and in collaboration with the
33	Technical College System of Georgia and the University System of Georgia to ensure
34	alignment with postsecondary opportunities, for the following focused programs of study,
35	as defined in Code Section 20-2-326, including, but not limited to:
36	(1) Agriculture, food, and natural resources;
37	(2) Architecture and construction;
38	(3) Arts, audio-video technology, and communications;
39	(4) Business, management, and administration;
40	(5) Education and training;
41	(6) Finance;
42	(7) Health science;
43	(8) Hospitality and tourism;
44	(9) Human services;
45	(10) Information technology;
46	(11) Law, public safety, and security;
47	(12) Manufacturing;
48	(13) Government and public administration;
49	(14) Marketing, sales, and service;
50	(15) Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics; and
51	(16) Transportation, distribution, and logistics; and
52	<u>(17) Energy</u> .
53	Such focused programs of study may be combined around these and other related clusters.
54	(b) The focused programs of study established pursuant to this Code section may include
55	or be revised to include industry certifications or industry credentialing, as defined in Code
56	Section 20-2-326, pertinent to any such focused program of study. After consultation with
57	employers and industries in Georgia, the Department of Education and the Technical
58	College System of Georgia shall jointly establish a list of industry credentials that are
59	required by Georgia employers. Such list shall be made available on the Department of
60	Education and the Technical College System of Georgia websites. Such list shall be

if such rigorous industry credentialing has been created or endorsed by Georgia employers."

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annually reviewed and updated as appropriate and made available prior to the beginning
 of the annual competitive grant application process provided for in subsection (j) of Code

63 <u>Section 20-2-260.</u>"

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**SECTION 4.** 

- Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 20-2-159.4,
   relating to policies and guidelines for awarding units of high school credit based on
   demonstrated proficiency, as follows:
- 68 "(c) The state board shall identify assessments, including various commercial assessments,
  69 for immediate use for students to demonstrate subject area competency, which may
  70 include, but not be limited to:
- 71 (1) Advanced placement exams;
- 72 (2) ACT course assessment;
- (3) Industry-specific certificates and credentials industry credentialing, as defined in
   <u>Code Section 20-2-326</u>, for career, technical, and agricultural education courses;
  - (4) College Level Examination Program (CLEP) exams; and
    - (5) Nationally recognized foreign language performance assessments.
- 77 The state board shall establish a process for reviewing and approving performance based assessments developed commercially, by the state, or by a local school system. Initially, 78 79 the state board shall limit the number of credits earned though such educational options to 80 three credits per student until the practice is proven to yield student outcomes at least 81 equivalent to those found in standard seat-time courses. The policy shall ensure that credit 82 for demonstrated proficiency is reported on student transcripts in the same way that seat-time credit is recorded. The state board shall review such policy after three years to 83 84 determine if student outcomes from these educational options are equivalent to, if not better than, student outcomes in traditional courses." 85
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#### **SECTION 5.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-161.2,
relating to work based learning programs, as follows:

89 "(b) Any student aged 16 15 or over in any public school in this state may enroll in a work 90 based learning program which is offered at that public school and which is approved for 91 secondary credit by the department. Such student shall be granted release time from the 92 public school to work as a student learner for any business or governmental enterprise 93 which is approved by the local work based learning coordinator as a qualified employer 94 pursuant to this Code section and work based learning program guidelines established by 95 the department. A student shall receive secondary credit for such work based learning only

under the conditions established by the department. The department is authorized to 96 97 establish work based learning programs and guidelines to assist local school systems in 98 operating such programs and to promulgate such policies, standards, procedures, criteria, 99 and administrative requirements as may be necessary to implement the program by rules and regulations. The work based learning programs established pursuant to this Code 100 section may include, but not be limited to, employability skill development, service 101 learning, cooperative education, internships, and youth apprenticeships. The department 102 103 shall collaborate with the Department of Labor and the Technical College System of Georgia in developing such policies and procedures. The department's work based learning 104 105 programs shall include but not be limited to the following:

- (1) A detailed training agreement and training plan between employer and student that
   identifies specific work tasks that will develop workplace competency;
- 108 (2) A minimum of one unit of credit in a career pathway course related to the work based
  109 learning placement;
- (3) A minimum number of hours of on-the-job training as required in the department'sguidelines for awarding secondary credit;
- 112 (4) On-site evaluation of the student's performance;
- 113 (5) Training remediation as necessary at the school site;
- (6) A broad range of skills but shall be focused on skills related to the student's careerpathway;
- (7) Development of materials by the business, industry, and labor community in
  conjunction with the department to promote the awareness of work based learning
  opportunities for high school students and encourage recruitment; and
- (8) Structural linkage between secondary and postsecondary components of the program
   leading to the awarding of a high school diploma and a postsecondary credential, which
   may include industry credentialing, as defined in Code Section 20-2-326, related to the
   student's career pathway."

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### **SECTION 6.**

- Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (5) of and adding a new paragraph to
  subsection (b) and by revising paragraph (5) of subsection (c) and subsections (j) and (k) of
  Code Section 20-2-260, relating to capital outlay funds generally, as follows:
- "(5) 'Educational facilities' shall include buildings, fixtures, and equipment necessary for
  the effective and efficient operation of the program of public education required by this
  article, which, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, shall include classrooms,
  libraries, rooms and space for physical education, space for fine arts, restrooms,
  specialized laboratories, cafeterias, media centers, building equipment, building fixtures,

132furnishings, career, technical, and agricultural education labs and facilities to support133industry credentialing, related exterior facilities, landscaping and paving, and similar134items which the State Board of Education may determine necessary. The following135facilities are specifically excluded: swimming pools, tracks, stadiums, and other facilities136or portions of facilities used primarily for athletic competition and the central and area137administrative offices of local units of administration."

138 "(8.1) 'Industry credentialing' shall have the same meaning as in Code Section 20-2-326."

139 "(5) To develop a state-wide needs assessment for purposes of planning and developing policies, anticipating state-wide needs for educational facilities, and providing assistance 140 to local school systems in developing educational facilities plans. The state-wide needs 141 142 assessment shall be developed from, among other sources, vital statistics published by the Department of Public Health, census data published by the Bureau of the Census, local 143 144 school system educational facilities and real property inventories, educational facilities 145 surveys, full-time equivalent student projection research, and educational facilities construction plans; shall reflect circumstances where rapid population growth is caused 146 147 by factors not reflected in full-time equivalent student projection research; and shall give 148 priority to elementary school construction. In addition, the state board shall develop a 149 consistent, systematic research approach to full-time equivalent student projections which 150 will be used in the development of needs within each local unit. Projections shall not be 151 confined to full-time equivalent resident students but shall be based on full-time 152 equivalent student counts which include full-time equivalent nonresident students, 153 whether or not such full-time equivalent nonresident students attend school pursuant to 154 a contract between local school systems and shall also account for properties owned by the Technical College System of Georgia for the purposes of a college and career 155 156 academy. The full-time equivalent projection shall be calculated in accordance with subsection (m) of this Code section. The survey team will use such projections in 157 determining the improvements needed for the five-year planning period. The state board 158 159 shall also develop schedules for allowable square footage and cost per square foot and 160 review these schedules annually. The cost estimate for each recommended improvement 161 included in the plan shall be based on these schedules. Any increase in cost or square 162 footage for a project beyond that allowed by state board schedules for such projects shall be the responsibility of the local school system and shall not count toward present or 163 164 future required local participation. The schedules for allowable square footage and cost 165 per square foot shall be specified in regulations by the State Board of Education;"

166 "(j) <u>The State Board of Education shall establish an annual competitive grant program for</u>
 167 <u>renovation, modernization, replacement, or purchase of equipment for the enhancement of</u>
 168 <u>programs that are currently certified or in the process of achieving industry certification in</u>

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169	educational facilities that align with industry credentials on the list developed pursuant to
170	Code Section 20-2-159.1 or have been (1) linked to an occupation that addresses a critical
171	local or state-wide workforce need, (2) linked to an occupation that is identified as part of
172	the skilled trade industry, or (3) linked to an occupation that is identified in an emerging
173	field or technology. The State Board of Education in awarding grants shall give priority
174	to local programs that demonstrate local industry support and postsecondary partnerships
175	that are linked to the verified industry need. Reserved.
176	(k) The State Board of Education shall request separate appropriations for each of the
177	following categories:
178	(1) Regular entitlements pursuant to subsection (g) of this Code section;
179	(2) Regular advance funding projects pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (4) of
180	subsection (h) of this Code section;
181	(3) Construction projects resulting from the consolidation of schools across local school
182	system lines pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (h) of this Code section;
183	(4) Construction projects resulting from merger of local school systems pursuant to
184	subsection (a) of Code Section 20-2-291 or by agreement between two or more local
185	school systems; and
186	(5) Advance funding projects for consolidation or reorganization of schools pursuant to
187	subsection (i) of this Code section: and
188	(6) Equipment grants to enhance industry credentialing pursuant to subsection (j) of this
189	Code section."
190	SECTION 7.
191	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 20-2-326, relating to definitions
192	relative to the "Building Resourceful Individuals to Develop Georgia's Economy Act," as
193	follows:
194	"20-2-326.
195	For purposes of this part, the term:
196	(1) 'Articulation' means agreement between a high school and a postsecondary institution
197	regarding the awarding of both secondary and postsecondary credit for a dual enrollment
198	course.
199	(2) 'Choice technical high school' means a high school, other than the high school to
200	which a student is assigned by virtue of his or her residence and attendance zone, which
201	is designed to prepare a high school student for postsecondary education and for
202	employment in a career field. A choice technical high school may be operated by a local
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203 school system or a technical school or college. A choice technical high school may also

204 be operated as a charter school under a governance board composed of parents, 205 employers, and representatives from the local board of education.

- (3) 'Chronically low-performing high school' means a public high school in this state that
  has a graduation rate of less than 60 percent for three consecutive years, as determined
  in accordance with methodology established by the National Governors Association's
  Compact on High School Graduation Data, or that has received an unacceptable rating
  for three consecutive years, as defined by the Office of Student Achievement.
- (4) 'College and career academy' means a specialized school established as a charter
  school or pursuant to a contract for a strategic waivers school system or charter system,
  which formalizes a partnership that demonstrates a collaboration between business,
  industry, and community stakeholders to advance work force development between one
  or more local boards of education, a private individual, a private organization, or a state
  or local public entity in cooperation with one or more postsecondary institutions.
- (5) 'Focused program of study' means a rigorous academic core combined with a focus
  in mathematics and science; a focus in humanities, fine arts, and foreign language; or a
  coherent sequence of career pathway courses that is aligned with graduation requirements
  established by the State Board of Education and content standards established pursuant
  to Part 2 of this article that prepares a student for postsecondary education or immediate
  employment after high school graduation.
- (6) 'Graduation plan' means a student specific plan developed in accordance with
   subsection (c) of Code Section 20-2-327 detailing the courses necessary for a high school
   student to graduate from high school and to successfully transition to postsecondary
   education and the work force.
- (7) 'Industry certification' means a process of program evaluation that ensures that
  individual programs meet <u>state, national, or international</u> industry standards in the areas
  of curriculum, teacher qualification, lab specifications, equipment, and industry
  involvement.
- (7.1) 'Industry credentialing' means a process through which students are assessed by an
   independent third-party certifying entity using predetermined standards for knowledge,
   skills, and competencies, resulting in the award of individual certification or state
   licensure or an occupational competency that is state, nationally, or internationally
   recognized.
- (8) 'Public college or university' means a two-year or four-year college, university, or
  other institution under the auspices of the Board of Regents of the University System of
  Georgia.
- (9) 'Small learning community' means an autonomous or semiautonomous small learning
  environment within a large high school which is made up of a subset of students and

241 teachers for a two-year, three-year, or four-year period. The goal of a small learning community is to achieve greater personalization of learning with each community led by 242 243 a principal or instructional leader. A small learning community blends academic studies 244 around a broad career or academic theme where teachers have common planning time to connect teacher assignments and assessments to college and career readiness standards. 245 246 Students voluntarily apply for enrollment in a small learning community but must be 247 accepted, and such enrollment must be approved by the student's parent or guardian. A small learning community also includes a college and career academy organized around 248 249 a specific career theme which integrates academic and career instruction, provides work 250 based learning opportunities, and prepares students for postsecondary education and 251 employment, with support through partnerships with local employers, community 252 organizations, and postsecondary institutions.

(10) 'Teacher adviser system' means a system where an individual professional educator
in the school assists a small group of students and their parents or guardians throughout
the students' high school careers to set postsecondary goals and help them prepare
programs of study, utilizing assessments and other data to track academic progress on a
regular basis; communicates frequently with parents or guardians; and provides
advisement, support, and encouragement as needed.

- (11) 'Technical school or college' means a school, college, institution, or other branch of
  the Technical College System of Georgia."
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#### **SECTION 8.**

Said chapter is further amended by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 20-2-327, relating
 to recognition of advanced proficiency/honors courses and counseling and development of
 individual graduation plans, as follows:

265 "(c) Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, students in the sixth, seventh, and eighth grades shall be provided counseling, advisement, career awareness, career interest and 266 career demand inventories, and information to assist them in evaluating their academic 267 268 skills and career interests. Before the end of the second semester of the eighth grade, students shall develop an individual graduation plan in consultation with their parents, 269 270 guardians, or individuals appointed by the parents or guardians to serve as their designee. High school students shall be provided guidance, advisement, and counseling annually that 271 will enable them to successfully complete their individual graduation plans, preparing them 272 273 for a seamless transition to postsecondary study, further training, or employment, including 274 information regarding occupations, degrees, industry credentials, certifications, and 275 technical skills; work-ready skills in demand by Georgia employers through the 276 department's career pipeline website; and other career related inventories made available

- through the Technical College System of Georgia or the Office of Student Achievement. 277 An individual graduation plan shall: 278 279 (1) Include rigorous academic core subjects and focused course work coursework in 280 mathematics and science or in humanities, fine arts, and foreign language or sequenced 281 career pathway course work coursework; 282 (2) Incorporate provisions of a student's Individualized Education Program (IEP), where 283 applicable; (3) Align educational and broad career goals and a student's course of study; 284 285 (4) Be based on the student's selected academic and career focus area as approved by the 286 student's parent or guardian; 287 (5) Include experience based, career oriented learning experiences which may include, 288 but not be limited to, participation in work based learning programs such as internships, apprenticeships, cooperative education, service learning, and employability skill 289 290 development; 291 (6) Include any applicable industry credentialing that pertains to the student's focused 292 program of study; 293 (6)(7) Include opportunities for postsecondary studies through articulation, dual 294 enrollment, and joint enrollment; 295 (7)(8) Be flexible to allow change in the course of study but be sufficiently structured to 296 meet graduation requirements and qualify the student for admission to postsecondary 297 education; and 298 (8)(9) Be approved by the student and the student's parent or guardian with guidance 299 from the student's school counselor or teacher adviser. An individual graduation plan shall be reviewed annually, and revised, if appropriate, upon 300 301 approval by the student and the student's parent or guardian with guidance from the student's school counselor or teacher adviser. An individual graduation plan may be 302 303 changed at any time throughout a student's high school career upon approval by the student 304 and the student's parent or guardian with guidance from the student's school counselor or 305 teacher adviser." 306 **SECTION 9.** 307 Said chapter is further amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows: 308 ″<u>20-2-327.1.</u> 309 (a) The State Board of Education, in collaboration with the Technical College System of 310 Georgia, shall facilitate and encourage industry credentialing for career, technical, and
- 311 <u>agricultural education programs utilizing existing career pathways and individual</u>
- 312 graduation plans. Further, local school systems are authorized and encouraged to align

313	competency based career education, along with enhanced work based learning experiences,
314	as provided for in Code Section 20-2-161.2, to facilitate and make available to students
315	opportunities to receive industry credentialing in critical and emerging occupations in
316	Georgia.

317 (b) No later than December 31, 2018, and annually thereafter, the Department of
 318 Education shall produce a report identifying the industry credentialing attainment levels

319 for the previous calendar year. Such report shall include the current and projected regional

- 320 <u>business and industry needs for the purpose of establishing annual goals and strategies to</u>
- 321 <u>increase attainment rates of industry credentialing, including the development of additional</u>
- 322 <u>industry credentials to enhance current industry certified programs.</u>"
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### **SECTION 10.**

- Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 20-2-328, relating to a competitive
   grant program, as follows:
- 326 "20-2-328.

(a) Subject to appropriations by the General Assembly, the State Board of Education shall 327 328 establish a competitive grant program for local school systems to implement school reform 329 measures in selected high schools. The state board shall establish program requirements 330 in accordance with the provisions of this Code section and shall establish grant criteria, 331 which shall include that priority encourage alignment with industry credentialing, including 332 postsecondary partnerships between the Technical College System of Georgia and college 333 and career academies and other career, technical, and agricultural education programs in 334 high schools. Priority for reform grants shall be given to chronically low-performing high schools in accordance with subsection (b) of this Code section or to high schools enhancing 335 336 career, technical, and agricultural education programs to allow for greater attainment of industry credentialing in accordance with subsection (b.1) of this Code section. 337

- (b)(1) The State Board of Education shall develop an evidence based model program for
  chronically low-performing high schools receiving a reform grant pursuant to this Code
  section for addressing at-risk students, which shall include various programs and
  curricula that have proven to be effective for at-risk students focusing on:
- 342 (A) Identification of students at risk for being poorly prepared for the next grade level
  343 or for dropping out of school;
- 344 (B) Strengthening retention of ninth grade students in school and reducing high failure
  345 rates;
- 346 (C) Improving more students' performances to grade level standards in reading and
  347 mathematics by the end of ninth grade;

- (D) Assisting students and their parents or guardians in setting an outcome career and
  educational goal and identifying a focused program of study to achieve such goal; and
  (E) Assisting students in learning and applying study skills, coping skills, and other
- 351 habits that produce successful students and adults.
- 352 (2) The at-risk model program shall include:
- 353 (A) Diagnostic assessments to identify strengths and weaknesses in the core academic
  354 areas;
- 355 (B) A process for identifying at-risk students, closely monitored by the Department of 356 Education in collaboration with local school systems to ensure that students are being 357 properly identified and provided timely, appropriate guidance and assistance and to 358 ensure that no group is disproportionately represented; and
- 359 (C) An evaluation component in each high school to ensure the programs are providing
  360 students an opportunity to graduate with a high school diploma.
- 361 (3) The at-risk model program may include various components designed to result in
   362 more students facilitating a successful start in high school and passing ninth grade such
   363 as:
- 364 (A) Utilizing a flexible schedule that increases students' time in core language
   365 arts/reading and mathematics studies designed to eliminate academic deficiencies;
- 366 (B) Maintaining a student-teacher ratio in ninth grade that is no higher than any other
  367 grade level ratio in high school;
- 368 (C) Utilizing experienced and effective teachers as leaders for teacher teams in ninth
   369 grade to improve instructional planning, delivery, and reteaching strategies;
- (D) Assigning students to a teacher mentor who will meet with them frequently to
  provide planned lessons on study skills and other habits of success that help students
  become independent learners and who will help them receive the assistance they need
  to successfully pass ninth grade; and
- (E) Including ninth grade career courses which incorporate a series of miniprojects throughout the school year that require the application of ninth grade level reading, mathematics, and science skills to complete while students learn to use a range of technology and help students explore a range of educational and career options that will assist them in formulating post high school goals and give them a reason to stay in school and work toward achieving their stated goals.
- (b.1) The State Board of Education shall develop criteria for reform grants for high schools
   that enhance career, technical, and agricultural education programs to allow for greater
   attainment of industry credentialing including postsecondary partnerships between the
   Technical College System of Georgia and college and career academies and other career,
   technical, and agricultural education programs in high schools. The grants may also be

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385	used to require that career, technical, and agricultural education teachers participate in
386	industry credentialing training to teach courses that lead to industry credentialing.
387	(c) The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and regulations for chronically
388	low-performing high schools receiving a reform grant pursuant to this Code section to
389	make the high schools more relevant to and effective for all students. Such rules shall
390	encourage high schools to implement a comprehensive school reform research based model
391	that focuses on:
392	(1) Setting high expectations for all students;
393	(2) Personalizing individual graduation plans for students;
394	(3) Developing small learning communities or college and career academies with a
395	rigorous academic foundation and emphasis in broad career fields of study;
396	(4) Using project based instruction embedded with strong academics to improve
397	relevancy in learning;
398	(5) Fostering collaboration among academic and career/technical teachers;
399	(6) Implementing nontraditional scheduling in ninth grade for students behind in their
400	grade level;
401	(7) Promoting parental involvement; and
402	(8) Training teachers to work with low-performing students and their parents or
403	guardians.
404	(d) This Code section shall be subject to appropriations by the General Assembly."
405	SECTION 11.
406	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 20-2-329, relating to requirements
407	for high schools that receive a reform grant, as follows:
408	"20-2-329.
409	High schools that receive a reform grant grants as chronically low-performing high schools
410	pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-328 shall:

411 (1) Provide focused programs of study which are designed to provide a well-rounded 412 education for students by fostering artistic creativity, critical thinking, and self-discipline 413 through the teaching of academic content, knowledge, and skills that students will use in 414 the workplace, further education, and life. The focused programs of study, whether 415 provided at a choice technical high school, a college and career academy, a traditional 416 high school, or on site at a technical school or college or a public college or university, 417 shall be aligned with graduation requirements established by the State Board of Education 418 and content standards established pursuant to Part 2 of this article, including, at a minimum, four years of mathematics, Algebra I and higher, and four years of English, 419 420 with an emphasis on developing reading and writing skills to meet college and career

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421 readiness standards <u>or including high school diploma requirements established pursuant</u>
 422 to Code Section 20-2-149.2;

423 (2) Implement a teacher adviser system;

424 (3) Provide students in the ninth through twelfth grades information on educational programs offered in high school, in technical and community colleges, in colleges and 425 426 universities, and through work based learning programs and how these programs can lead to a variety of career fields. Local school systems shall provide career awareness and 427 exploratory opportunities such as field trips, speakers, educational and career information 428 429 centers, job shadowing, and classroom centers to assist students and their parents or guardians, with guidance from school counselors and teacher advisers, in revising, if 430 appropriate, the individual graduation plan developed pursuant to subsection (c) of Code 431 432 Section 20-2-327;

(4) Enroll students no later than ninth grade into one of the following options for earning
a high school diploma and preparing students for postsecondary education and a career
which will include a structured program of academic study with in-depth studies in:

436 (A) Mathematics and science;

437 (B) Humanities, fine arts, and foreign language; or

- 438 (C) A career pathway that leads to passing an employer certification industry 439 credentialing exam in a high demand, high skill, or high wage career field or to an 440 associate's degree or bachelor's degree.
- The awarding of a special education diploma to any disabled student who has not completed all of the requirements for a high school diploma, but who has completed his or her Individualized Education Program (IEP) shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this paragraph;
- (5) Implement the at-risk model program developed by the State Board of Education
  pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 20-2-328;
- (6) Comply with the rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education
  for chronically low-performing high schools pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section
  20-2-328; and
- (7) Schedule annual conferences to assist students and their parents or guardians in
  setting educational and career goals and creating individual graduation plans beginning
  with students in the eighth grade and continuing through high school. These conferences
  shall include, but are not limited to, assisting the student in identifying educational and
  career interests and goals, selecting a career and academic focus area, and developing an
  individual graduation plan."

## 456

# **SECTION 12.**

457 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.