Senate Bill 347 By: Senator Bethel of the 54th

AS PASSED SENATE

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to insurance, so as to 1 2 provide for extensive changes to the captive insurance company provisions of this title; to provide for definitions for types of captive insurance companies; to provide for creation and 3 4 regulation of different types of captive insurance companies; to provide for certain 5 exemptions; to change certain requirements; to provide for regulation by the Commissioner; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 6 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA: 8 **SECTION 1.** 9 Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to insurance, is amended by 10 revising Chapter 41, relating to captive insurance companies, as follows: 11 "CHAPTER 41 12 33-41-1. 13 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Captive Insurance Company 14 Act.' 15 33-41-2. Terms not otherwise defined in this chapter shall have the same meaning ascribed to them 16 in this title. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the term: 17 (1) 'Affiliate' means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, 18 19 trust, or estate that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, 20 is controlled by, or is under common control with one or more of the shareholders or 21 members of a captive insurance company. Affiliates shall also include employees of any 22 shareholder or member, or any affiliate thereof, of a captive insurance company. For the 23 purpose of the foregoing definition of affiliate, 'control' means:

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

- 24 (A) Ownership of shares of a corporation possessing 50 percent or more of the total voting power of all classes of shares entitled to vote or possessing 50 percent or more 25 26 of the total value of the outstanding shares of the corporation; and 27 (B) Ownership of 50 percent or more by value of the beneficial or membership 28 interests in a partnership, trust, limited liability company, or estate. 29 (2) 'Agency captive insurance' company means: (A) An insurance company that is owned or controlled by an insurance agency, 30 brokerage, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary, or an affiliate thereof, 31 32 or under common ownership or control with such agency, brokerage, managing general
- agent, or reinsurance intermediary, and that only reinsures the risk of insurance or
 annuity contracts placed by or through such agency, brokerage, managing general
 agent, or reinsurance intermediary; or
- 36 (B) An insurance company that is owned or controlled by a marketer, producer,
 37 administrator, issuer, or provider of service contracts or warranties and that only
 38 reinsures the contractual liability arising out of such service contracts or warranties sold
 39 through such marketer, producer, administrator, issuer, or provider.
- 40 (2)(3) 'Association' means any membership organization whose members consist of a 41 group of individuals, corporations, partnerships, or other <u>entities or</u> associations who 42 engage in similar or related professional, trade, or business activities and who collectively 43 own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting interests of an 44 association captive insurance company or of a <u>corporation person</u> that is the sole 45 shareholder of an association captive insurance company.
- 46 (3)(4) 'Association captive insurance company' means any domestic insurance company
 47 granted a certificate of authority under this chapter to insure or reinsure the similar or
 48 related risks of members and affiliates of members of its association.
- (4)(5) 'Captive insurance company' means any pure captive insurance company,
 association captive insurance company, <u>agency captive insurance company</u>, industrial
 insured captive insurance company, or risk retention group captive insurance company.
 (5)(6) 'Controlled unaffiliated business' means:

53 (A) A person:

- 54 (i) That is not an affiliate <u>of the parent;</u>
- (ii) That has an existing contractual relationship with an affiliate <u>of the parent</u> under
 which the affiliate bears a potential financial loss; and
- 57 (iii) The risks of which are managed by a captive insurance company under an58 arrangement approved by the Commissioner; or
- (B) A reinsurance pooling arrangement with other captive insurance companies thatis approved by the Commissioner.

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

- 61 (6)(7) 'Industrial insured' means an insured:
 62 (A) Who procures the insurance of any risk or risks through the use of the services of
 63 a full-time employee who acts as an insurance manager, risk manager, or insurance
 64 buyer or through the services of a person licensed as a property and casualty agent,
 65 broker, or counselor in such person's state of domicile;
- (B) Whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least
 \$25,000.00; and
- 68 (C) Who either:
- 69

71

(i) Has at least 25 full-time employees;

- 70 (ii) Has gross assets in excess of \$3 million; or
 - (iii) Has annual gross revenues in excess of \$5 million.

72 (7)(8) 'Industrial insured captive insurance company' means any domestic insurance 73 company granted a certificate of authority under this chapter to insure or reinsure the 74 risks of industrial insureds and their affiliates and which has as its shareholders or 75 members only industrial insureds that are insured or reinsured by the industrial insured 76 captive insurance company or which has as its sole shareholder or sole member $\frac{1}{77}$ 77 corporation an entity whose only shareholders owners are industrial insureds that are 78 insured or reinsured by the industrial insured captive insurance company.

- (8)(9) 'Parent' means a corporation <u>an entity</u> which directly owns shares representing
 more than 50 percent of the total outstanding voting power and value of a pure captive
 insurance company.
- (9)(10) 'Pure captive insurance company' means any domestic insurance company
 granted a certificate of authority under this chapter to insure or reinsure the risks of its
 parent and affiliates of its parent, and controlled unaffiliated business.
- (10)(11) 'Risk retention group captive insurance company' is any pure, association, or
 industrial insured captive insurance company which has been granted a certificate of
 authority under this chapter and determined by the Commissioner to be established and
 maintained as a 'risk retention group' as defined under the federal Liability Risk Retention
 Act of 1986, as amended. A risk retention group may be chartered and licensed either
 under this chapter or under Chapter 40 of this title.
- (11)(12) 'Transact,' as used in this chapter, shall not include the organizational activities
 associated with the preliminary formation, incorporation, petitioning for a certificate of
 authority, and initial capitalization of a captive insurance company.
- 94 33-41-3.
- 95 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Code section and the other provisions
- 96 of this chapter, a captive insurance company, where permitted by its charter <u>articles of</u>

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

97 incorporation, may engage in the business of any of the following kinds of insurance or 98 reinsurance: 99 (1) Casualty, as described in Code Section 33-7-3 but excluding accident and sickness 100 insurance as defined in Code Section 33-7-2, except for a pure captive insurance company, which may engage in the business of accident and sickness insurance as 101 102 defined in Code Section 33-7-2; (2) Marine and transportation, as described in Code Section 33-7-5; 103 (3) Property, as described in Code Section 33-7-6; and 104 105 (4) Surety, as described in Code Section 33-7-7. (b) Insurance policies and bonds issued by a captive insurance company for workers' 106 compensation insurance and motor vehicle accident insurance shall be in conformity with 107 all minimum requirements for coverages and coverage amounts established by the state for 108 such types of insurance. Such insurance policies and bonds issued by a captive insurance 109 110 company shall constitute satisfactory proof that the motor vehicle owners or employers, as applicable, insured under such policies or bonds have satisfied the requirements for motor 111 vehicle accident insurance prescribed by Code Section 33-34-4 and for workers' 112 compensation insurance prescribed by Code Section 34-9-121. 113 114 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this Code section: 115 (1) A captive insurance company may shall not insure or reinsure any risks resulting 116 from: 117 (A) Any personal, familial, or household responsibilities; or 118 (B) Activities other than risks resulting from responsibilities arising out of any 119 business, whether profit or nonprofit; trade; product; services, including professional or fiduciary services; or commercial premises or commercial operations; 120 121 (2) A captive insurance company may only cede reinsurance as provided in Code Section 122 33-41-14; (3) A pure captive insurance company may only insure or reinsure the risks of its parent, 123 and affiliates of its parent, and its controlled unaffiliated business; 124 (4) An association captive insurance company may only insure or reinsure the risks of 125 the members of its association and their affiliates; 126 (5) An industrial insured captive insurance company may only insure or reinsure the 127 risks of the industrial insureds, and their affiliates, that are its shareholders or 128 shareholders of its sole shareholder; and 129 (6) A risk retention group captive insurance company may only insure or reinsure the 130 risks of its group members. 131 (d) A captive insurance company may reinsure the risks insured or reinsured either directly 132 or indirectly by: 133

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

- 134 (1) Any other captive insurance company; or
- (2) Any foreign or alien insurance company which satisfies the ownership or
 membership requirements of a captive insurance company under this chapter; provided,
 however, that the risks insured or reinsured from the foreign or alien insurance company
 are solely those of its owners or members or their affiliates.
- 139 33-41-4.
- 140 No captive insurance company may transact any insurance in this state unless:
- 141 (1) It first obtains from the Commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing it to142 transact insurance in this state;
- 143 (2) It maintains its principal place of business in this state;
- 144 (3) Any organization providing the principal administrative or management services to
- such captive insurance company shall maintain its principal place of business in this state
- 146 and shall be approved by the Commissioner; and
- 147 (4) Its board of directors holds at least one meeting each year in this state.
- 148 33-41-5.
- (a) A pure captive insurance company <u>or an agency captive insurance company</u> must be
 incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares.
- (b) An association captive insurance company, or an industrial insured captive insurance
- 152 company, or a risk retention group captive insurance company must <u>shall</u> be incorporated:
- 153 (1) As a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares; or
- (2) As a mutual insurer without capital stock, the governing body of which is elected byits members.
- 156 (c) The applicable statutes of this state relating to the powers and procedures of domestic

157 corporations formed for profit shall apply to captive insurance companies, except where

- 158 in conflict with the express provisions of this chapter or regulations promulgated
- 159 <u>hereunder</u>; provided, however, that captive insurance companies are exempt from the
- 160 requirements of subsection (b) of Code Section 33-14-5.
- 161 (d) The incorporation procedures of Code Sections 33-14-4 through 33-14-6, inclusive,
- and the amendment procedures of Code Section 33-14-8 shall apply to captive insurance
- 163 companies; provided, however, that captive insurance companies are exempt from the
- 164 publishing and probate court certification requirements of Code Sections 33-14-5 and
- 165 <u>33-14-8</u>.

166 33-41-6.

(a) A captive insurance company shall not use any name which is either similar,
misleading, or confusing with respect to any other name already in use by any other captive
insurance company, domestic mutual or stock insurance company, corporation, or
association organized or doing business in this state. The Secretary of State Commissioner
shall not issue a charter to approve the articles of incorporation of an applicant attempting
to use such a name nor shall the Commissioner approve an application for a certificate of
authority from such applicant.

(b)(1) With the exception of risk retention group captive insurance companies, the name
 of a captive insurance company shall include the words 'captive insurance <u>company.'</u>
 company' and have such word or words, abbreviation, suffix, or prefix included in the
 name or attached to it in such a manner as to clearly indicate that it is a corporation.

(2) The name of a risk retention group captive insurance company shall include the
words 'risk retention group captive insurance <u>company.'</u> company' and have such word
or words, abbreviation, suffix, or prefix included in the name or attached to it in such a
manner as to clearly indicate that it is a corporation.

- (c) If the captive insurance company is a mutual insurer, the word 'mutual' shall also bea part of the name.
- 184 33-41-7.

(a) The affairs of every captive insurance company shall be managed by not less than threedirectors.

(b) At least one of the directors of every captive insurance company shall be a resident of

188 this state, and a majority of the directors shall be citizens of the United States.

189 (c) Every captive insurance company shall report to the Commissioner within 30 days after

- 190 any change in its directors including in its report a statement of the business and
- 191 professional background and affiliations of any new director.
- 192 33-41-8.

(a) The amount of minimum capital or surplus required for each captive insurancecompany shall be determined on an individual basis, however:

195 (1) A pure captive insurance company shall maintain at least \$250,000.00 in surplus;

(2) An association captive insurance company shall maintain at least \$500,000.00 in
surplus;

198 (3) An agency captive insurance company shall maintain at least \$250,000.00 in surplus;

199 (3)(4) An industrial insured captive insurance company shall maintain at least
 200 \$500,000.00 in surplus; and

201 (4)(5) A risk retention group shall maintain at least \$500,000.00 in surplus.

- The Commissioner may require additional capital or surplus of any captive insurance company in an amount he or she deems appropriate under the circumstances based on the captive insurance company's business plan as described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 33-41-10. Additional capital or surplus may be required if the captive insurance company's business plan indicates that an increase is required in order for the captive insurance company to meet its contractual obligations to its policyholders or to maintain its solvency.
- (b) Minimum capital or surplus of up to \$500,000.00 shall be maintained in any of thefollowing:

211 (1) Cash;

(2) Certificates of deposit or similar certificates or evidences of deposits in banks or trust
 companies but only to the extent that the certificates or deposits are insured by the
 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or

- (3) Savings accounts, certificates of deposit, or similar certificates or evidences of
 deposit in savings and loan associations and building and loan associations but only to
 the extent that the same are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance
 Corporation: or
- (4) Promissory notes or other obligations of shareholders secured by one or more letters
 of credit, as described in Code Section 33-41-9.

(c) One hundred thousand dollars of the minimum capital or surplus <u>of an association</u>
 <u>captive insurance company</u>, an industrial insured captive insurance company, or a risk
 <u>retention group captive insurance company</u> must be deposited with the state prior to the

- issuance of a certificate of authority.
- (d) Any additional capital or surplus in excess of \$500,000.00 required by the
 Commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section may be provided and
 maintained in any of the following:
- (1) Any eligible investments of minimum capital or surplus authorized under CodeSection 33-11-5;
- 230 (2) Promissory notes or other obligations of shareholders secured by one or more letters
- of credit, as described in Code Section 33-41-9; or
- (3) Any other investments approved by the Commissioner that do not impair thefinancial solvency of the captive insurance company.
- 234 33-41-9.
- (a) Any letter of credit used to meet the requirements set forth in Code Sections 33-41-8,
- 236 33-41-12, and 33-41-14 <u>shall be</u>:

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

- 237 (1) Must be clean, <u>Clean</u>, irrevocable, and unconditional;
- (2) Must be issued Issued by a bank approved by the Commissioner, which is either a
 bank chartered by the State of Georgia or a national bank which is a member of the
 Federal Reserve System;
- (3) Must provide that it is presentable <u>Presentable</u> and payable within the State ofGeorgia; and
- 243 (4) Must be provided Provided in conformity with any other requirements established
 244 by the Commissioner.
- 245 (b) The Commissioner may require any captive insurance company to draw upon its letters
- of credit at any time, in amounts determined by the Commissioner, if the Commissioner
- 247 determines that such action is necessary for the protection of the interests of the captive
- 248 insurance company's policyholders.
- 249 33-41-10.

(a) The application for an original certificate of authority for a captive insurance companymust be filed with the Commissioner and shall contain the following:

- (1) A certified copy of the captive insurance company's <u>adopted or proposed</u> articles of
 incorporation and bylaws;
- 254 (2) A business plan which shall contain the following:

(A) A plan of operation or a feasibility study describing the anticipated activities and
 results of the captive insurance company which shall include:

- (i) A description of the coverages, coverage limits and deductibles, and premium
 rating systems for the lines of insurance or reinsurance that the captive insurance
 company intends to offer;
- (ii) Historical and expected loss experience of the risks to be insured or reinsured bythe captive insurance company;
- (iii) Pro forma financial statements and projections of the proposed businessoperations of the captive insurance company;
- (iv) An analysis of the adequacy of the captive insurance company's proposed
 premiums and capital and surplus levels relative to the risks to be insured or reinsured
 by the captive insurance company;
- (v) A statement of the captive insurance company's net retained limit of liability on
 any contract of insurance or reinsurance it intends to issue and the nature of any
 reinsurance it intends to cede;
- (vi) A statement certifying that the captive insurance company's investment policy
 is in compliance with this title and specifying the type of investments to be made
 pursuant to Code Section 33-41-18;

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

(vii) A statement identifying the geographic areas in which the captive insurancecompany intends to operate;

- (viii) A statement identifying the persons or organizations who will perform the
 captive insurance company's major operational functions, including management,
 underwriting, accounting, investment of assets, claims adjusting and loss control, and
 the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of such persons or
 organizations; and
- (ix) Whenever required by the Commissioner, an appropriate opinion by a qualified
 independent casualty actuary regarding the adequacy of the captive insurance
 company's proposed capital, surplus, and premium levels; and
- (B) Such other items deemed relevant by the Commissioner in ascertaining whether 283 284 the proposed captive insurance company will be able to meet its contractual obligations. (b) In determining whether to approve an application for an original or renewal certificate 285 of authority to a captive insurance company, the Commissioner shall examine the items 286 submitted to him pursuant to subsections (a), (e), and (f) of this Code section. The 287 Commissioner may rely upon and accept the reports of independent agents who may 288 289 include licensed insurance counselors, brokers, agents, or adjusters discussed under 290 Chapter 23 of this title, certified actuarial consultants, certified public accountants, risk 291 managers, and examiners of insurance companies in order to facilitate his examination of 292 the application for a certificate of authority by a captive insurance company. The expenses 293 and charges of such independent agents shall be paid directly by the captive insurance 294 company.
- (c) Each captive insurance company shall pay to the Commissioner an amount equal to all
 costs of examining, investigating, and processing its application for an original or renewal
 certificate of authority. In addition, it shall pay a fee for the initial year of registration and
 a renewal fee for each year thereafter in the amount periodically imposed under this title
 upon other domestic insurance companies.
- (d) Pursuant to Code Section 33-3-15, if the Commissioner is satisfied that the documents
 and statements filed by the captive insurance company comply with the provisions of this
 chapter, he shall notify the captive insurance company of his intention to issue a certificate
 of authority.
- 304 (e) After the captive insurance company has been notified pursuant to subsection (d) of305 this Code section, the captive insurance company shall provide the Commissioner with:
- 306 (1) Evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner that the minimum capital or surplus
 307 required for the particular captive insurance company under Code Section 33-41-8 has
 308 been paid in and that the appropriate amount thereof has been deposited with the state;
 309 and

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

(2) A financial statement showing the assets and liabilities of the captive insurance
company which is certified by its president and calculated in accordance with the
accounting standards set out in Chapter 10 of this title, except as modified by this chapter.
Thereafter, the Commissioner shall promptly issue a certificate of authority authorizing the
captive insurance company to transact insurance in this state until the thirtieth day of June
thereafter.

316 (f) Any material change in the items required under subsection (a) of this Code section

317 shall require the prior approval of the Commissioner. Any material change which is not

- disapproved by the Commissioner within 30 days after its submission shall be deemed
- approved.

320 33-41-11.

(a) The certificate of authority of a captive insurance company to transact insurance in this
state may be refused; or suspended; or not be renewed pursuant to Code Sections 33-3-17
through 33-3-19, inclusive.

324 (b) A certificate of authority shall expire, be renewed, and be amended by the 325 Commissioner pursuant to Code Section 33-3-16<u>; provided, however, that captive</u> 326 insurance companies shall not be subject to the publishing requirements of such Code 327 section.

328 33-41-12.

329 For the purposes of determining the financial condition of a captive insurance company,

including, but not limited to, the maintenance of adequate reserves pursuant to Code

331 Section 33-41-13, the reporting of business affairs pursuant to Code Section 33-41-15, and

the examinations and investigations pursuant to Code Section 33-41-16, there shall beallowed as assets of a captive insurance company:

- (1) Those assets described in Code Section 33-10-1;
- 335 (2) Those assets otherwise authorized by Code Sections 33-41-8 and 33-41-14; and
- 336 (3) Obligations for premium payments, provided <u>that</u> such obligations are secured by
- letters of credit, as described in Code Section 33-41-9; and
- 338 (4) Assets that are approved by the Commissioner as admitted assets under rules adopted
 339 pursuant to this chapter.
- 340 33-41-13.

341 (a) Every captive insurance company shall maintain reserves in an amount estimated in the

- 342 aggregate to provide for the payment of all unpaid losses and claims incurred, whether
- 343 reported or unreported, for which such captive insurance company may be liable, together
 - S. B. 347 - 10 -

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

with the expenses of adjustment or settlement of such losses and claims. Every captive
insurance company shall keep a complete and itemized record, in a form satisfactory to the
Commissioner, showing all losses and claims on which it has received notice.

(b) If the loss experience of a captive insurance company shows that its loss reserves,
however estimated, are inadequate, the Commissioner shall require the captive insurance
company to maintain increased amounts of loss reserves as are needed to make its loss
reserves adequate.

351 (c) Every captive insurance company shall maintain an unearned premium reserve on all

policies in force which shall never be less in the aggregate than the captive insurance

353 company's actual liability to all its insureds for the return of gross unearned premiums

354 computed pursuant to the method commonly referred to as the monthly pro rata method.

355 33-41-14.

(a) A captive insurance company may cede any part of its risks to a reinsurer pursuant to
a written reinsurance agreement and may take credit as an asset or a deduction from its
liabilities for the amount of reinsurance premiums recoverable under such reinsurance
agreement:

360 (1) If the reinsurer is in compliance with Code Section 33-7-14;

361 (2) To the extent that assets are deposited or withheld from the reinsurer under a written
 362 trust or escrow agreement approved by the Commissioner pursuant to an express
 363 provision in the reinsurance agreement as security for the payment of the reinsurer's
 364 obligations thereunder, provided that:

365 (A) The assets deposited or withheld are held subject to withdrawal by, and under the366 control of, the ceding captive insurance company; or

367 (B) The assets deposited or withheld are placed in a trust or escrow account for such
368 purposes in a bank which is either chartered by the State of Georgia or a national bank
369 which is a member of the Federal Reserve System and withdrawals cannot be made
370 without the express written consent of the ceding captive insurance company;

371 (3) To the extent of the amount of a letter of credit, as described in Code Section
372 33-41-9, given pursuant to an express provision in the reinsurance agreement as security
373 for the payment of the reinsurer's obligations thereunder; or

(4) When the Commissioner shall otherwise authorize such credits or deductions.

(b) Any assets deposited or withheld under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Code
section must be in the form of cash, as defined in Code Section 33-11-6, or securities which
must have a market value equal to or greater than the credit taken and are qualified as
allowed assets for a domestic insurer under Chapter 11 of this title.

- 379 (c) No credit shall be allowed for reinsurance in any unauthorized assuming reinsurer
- 380 unless such reinsurer designates the Commissioner as agent for service of process in any
- 381 action arising out of, or in connection with, such reinsurance.
- 382 33-41-15.
- 383 Each captive insurance company shall be required to file annual and other reports of its
- business affairs and operations as prescribed by Code Section 33-3-21.
- 385 33-41-16.

(a) The Commissioner or his or her designated agent may visit each captive insurance
company at any time and examine its affairs in order to ascertain its financial condition, its
ability to fulfill its contractual obligations, and its compliance with this chapter. For these
purposes, the Commissioner or his or her designated agent shall have free access to all of
the books and records relating to the business of the captive insurance company. The
expenses and charges of any examination conducted pursuant to this Code section shall be
paid directly by the captive insurance company examined.

(b) When necessary or desirable to assist in any examination under this Code section, the
Commissioner may retain such independent agents as described in subsection (b) of Code
Section 33-41-10, as the Commissioner deems appropriate, in order to facilitate his or her
examination under this Code section. The expenses and charges of such persons so
retained or designated shall be paid directly by the captive insurance company. The
provision of subsection (g) of Code Section 33-2-14 shall apply to examinations of any
captive insurance company.

400 (c) All portions of license applications reasonably designated confidential by or on behalf 401 of an applicant pure or agency captive insurance company, all information and documents, and any copies of the foregoing, produced or obtained by or submitted or disclosed to the 402 403 Commissioner pursuant to this chapter that are reasonably designated confidential by a pure or agency captive insurance company, and all examination reports, preliminary 404 405 examination reports, working papers, recorded information, other documents, and any 406 copies of any of the foregoing, produced or obtained by or submitted or disclosed to the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter shall be given confidential treatment, except as to 407 disclosures consented to by the pure or agency captive insurance company, and shall not 408 409 be subject to subpoena, shall not be made public by the Commissioner, and shall not be provided or disclosed to any other person at any time except to: 410

411 (1) Insurance commissioners of any state or of any foreign country or jurisdiction,412 provided that:

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

- (A) Such receiving party shall agree in writing to maintain the confidentiality of such
 information; and
 (B) The laws of the receiving party require such information to be and to remain
 confidential; or
- 417 (2) A law enforcement official or agency of this state, any other state, or the United418 States of America so long as such official or agency agrees in writing to hold it
- 419 confidential and in a manner consistent with this Code section.
- 420 33-41-17.
- 421 The Commissioner may impose fines as prescribed by Code Section 33-3-20.
- 422 33-41-18.
- 423 Except as provided in Code Section 33-41-8:

(1) An <u>Risk retention group captive insurance companies</u>, industrial insured captive 424 425 insurance companies, and association captive insurance company companies shall comply 426 with the investment requirements contained in Article 2 of Chapter 11 of this title; and (2) No pure <u>Pure</u> captive insurance company or industrial insured <u>companies and agency</u> 427 428 captive insurance company companies shall not be subject to any restrictions on eligible 429 investments whatever, including those limitations contained in Chapter 11 of this title; 430 provided, however, that the Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investment that 431 threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such captive insurance company.

- 432 33-41-19.
- (a) No captive insurance company shall be required to join or use the rates, rating systems,
 underwriting rules, or policy or bond forms of a rating or advisory organization as defined
 in Code Section 33-9-2.
- (b) No captive insurance company shall be required to file its premium rates or policy 436 forms with, or seek approval of such rates or forms from, the Commissioner or any other 437 438 authority of this state. However, the Commissioner may impose minimum premiums upon 439 association captive insurance companies which write insurance coverage required by law and do not participate in the Georgia Insurers Insolvency Pool. 440 (c) Each captive insurance company shall provide the following notice in ten-point type 441 442 on the front page and declaration page on all policies and on the front page of all applications for policies: 443
- 444 'This captive insurance company is not subject to all of the insurance laws and regulations
 445 of the State of Georgia. State insurers insolvency guaranty funds are not available to the
 446 policyholders of this captive insurance company.'

447 33-41-20.

(a)(1) No captive insurance company other than an association or industrial insured 448 captive insurance company issuing workers' compensation insurance contracts shall be 449 permitted to join or contribute financially to the Georgia Insurers Insolvency Pool under 450 Chapter 36 of this title or any other plan, pool, or association guaranty or insolvency fund 451 in this state. Other than an association or industrial insured captive insurance company 452 issuing workers' compensation insurance contracts, no captive insurance company, or its 453 454 insureds or claimants against its insureds, nor its parent or any affiliated company shall receive any benefit from the Georgia Insurers Insolvency Pool or any other plan, pool, 455 or association guaranty or insolvency fund for claims arising out of the operations of such 456 457 captive insurance company.

458 (2) No captive insurance company shall be required to participate in any FAIR Plan459 established and maintained in this state under Chapter 33 of this title.

460 (3) No captive insurance company shall be required to participate in any joint
461 underwriting association established and maintained in this state under Chapter 9 of this
462 title.

(b) Captive insurance companies shall be assessed on the same basis as self-insurers for
the purpose of payments to the Subsequent Injury Trust Fund as described in Chapter 9 of
Title 34.

466 33-41-20.1.

(a) On and after January 1, 2008, every association and industrial insured captive
insurance company issuing workers' compensation insurance contracts shall become a
member of the Georgia Insurers Insolvency Pool under Chapter 36 of this title as to
workers' compensation only. Such captive insurance companies shall be liable for
assessments pursuant to Code Section 33-36-7 and for all other obligations imposed
pursuant to Chapter 36 of this title as to workers' compensation only.

(b) Except as provided for in Code Section 33-36-20, the Georgia Insurers Insolvency Pool
shall not be liable for any claims incurred by any captive insurance company before
January 1, 2008.

476 33-41-21.

477 The provisions of Chapter 37 of this title shall apply to and govern the rehabilitation,

478 reorganization, conservation, and liquidation of captive insurance companies.

LC 37 2146ERS (SCS)

479 33-41-22.

480 In lieu of any other taxes imposed by this title, all captive insurance companies licensed481 under this chapter shall pay the following taxes:

482 (1) A tax at the rate of 0.4 percent on the first \$20 million and 0.3 percent on each dollar
483 thereafter on its direct premiums collected, after deducting from the direct premiums
484 subject to the tax the amounts paid to policyholders as return premiums which must
485 include dividends on unabsorbed premiums or premium deposits returned or credited to
486 policyholders;

487 (2) A tax at the rate of 0.225 percent on the first \$20 million of assumed reinsurance 488 premium, and 0.150 percent on the next \$20 million and 0.050 percent on the next \$20 million, and 0.025 percent of each dollar thereafter. However, no reinsurance tax applies 489 490 to premiums for risks or portions of risks that are subject to taxation on a direct basis 491 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this Code section. No reinsurance premium tax shall be 492 payable in connection with the receipt of assets in exchange for the assumption of loss 493 reserves and other liabilities of another insurer under common ownership and control, 494 provided that the Commissioner verifies that such transaction is part of a plan to 495 discontinue the operations of such other insurer, and if the intent of the parties to such 496 transaction is to renew or maintain such business with the captive insurance company;

(3) If the aggregate taxes to be paid by a captive insurance company calculated under
paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Code section amount to more than \$100,000.00 in any year,
the captive insurance company shall pay a maximum tax of \$100,000.00 for that year;

500 (4) Two or more captive insurance companies under common ownership and control501 shall be taxed as though they were a single captive insurance company; and

502 (5) The tax provided for in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Code section shall be calculated

503 on an annual basis, notwithstanding policies or contracts of insurance or contracts of 504 reinsurance issued on a multiyear basis. In the case of multiyear policies or contracts, the 505 premium shall be prorated for purposes of determining the tax due.

506 33-41-23.

507 The Commissioner may establish such rules and regulations and issue such interpretive508 rulings as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

509 33-41-24.

- 510 Any provisions of this title which are inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter shall
- 511 not apply to captive insurance companies; provided, however, that pure and agency captive
- 512 insurance companies shall not be subject to the requirements of Chapter 13 of this title."

SECTION 2.

514 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.