Senate Bill 76

By: Senators Jackson of the 24th, Wilkinson of the 50th, Jones of the 25th, Bethel of the 54th, Miller of the 49th and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to motor vehicles, so
2	as to provide for definitions; to provide for the safe operation of a motorcycle or bicycle
3	through an inoperative traffic-control signal; to require drivers of motor vehicles to stop at
4	crosswalks with pedestrian-activated rectangular rapid flash beacons; to make it unlawful to
5	activate such devices when there is no intent to cross a roadway; to remove provisions
6	regarding height of handlebars; to provide for a short title; to provide for related matters; to
7	repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.
8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:
9	SECTION 1.
10	This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Motorcycle Mobility Safety Act."
11	SECTION 2.
12	Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to motor vehicles, is amended
13	in Code Section 40-1-1, relating to definitions, by adding a new paragraph to read as follows:
14	"(50.02) 'Rectangular rapid flash beacon' means user-activated amber light emitting diodes
15	(LEDs) that supplement warning signals at unsignalized intersections or mid-block
16	crosswalks. Such devices emit an irregular flash pattern and may be activated by
17	pedestrians manually by a push button or passively by a pedestrian detection system. The
18	term shall be interchangeable with LED rapid-flash system, stutter flash, or LED beacons."
19	SECTION 3.
20	Said title is further amended in Code Section 40-6-20, relating to obedience to traffic-control
21	devices, by revising subsections (a) and (e) as follows:
22	"(a) The driver of any vehicle shall obey the instructions of an official traffic-control
23	device applicable thereto, placed in accordance with this chapter, unless otherwise directed
24	by a police officer, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency
25	vehicle in this chapter. A violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor, except as

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26	otherwise provided by paragraph (2) of subsection (e) and subsection (f) of this Code
27	section."
28	"(e)(1) Except as provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the The disregard or
29	disobedience of the instructions of any official traffic-control device or signal placed in
30	accordance with the provisions of this chapter by the driver of a vehicle shall be deemed
31	prima-facie evidence of a violation of law, without requiring proof of who and by what
32	authority such sign or device has been erected.
33	(2) If a driver has stopped pursuant to the instructions of a traffic-control device and has
34	a reasonable belief that the traffic-control device or signal is inoperative due to the
35	lightweight design of his or her motorcycle or bicycle, the driver may disregard or
36	disobey the instructions of the traffic-control device or signal and proceed through the
37	intersection, provided that:
38	(A) There is no other motor vehicle within 500 feet approaching or entering the same
39	intersection from a different highway, or from the same highway approaching or
40	entering the intersection from the opposite direction; and
41	(B) The driver cautiously proceeds through the intersection with reasonable care and
42	consideration for all other applicable rules of the road.
43	Nothing in this paragraph shall restrict the permissibility of a driver to make a right turn
44	as provided for in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Code Section 40-6-21.
45	(3) A driver who acts or purports to act pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall
46	maintain the burden of proving that he or she acted in accordance with paragraph (2) of
47	this subsection. Such driver's cause or proximate cause of an accident while acting or
48	purporting to act pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be prima-facie
49	evidence that such driver did not exercise the requisite level of caution, care, or
50	consideration required for compliance with the law.
51	(4) As used in this subsection, the term 'reasonable belief' means the belief of a
52	reasonable person in consideration of the conditions of his or her stop, including but not
53	limited to the number of seconds he or she has been stopped or the number of signal
54	changes he or she has observed of the traffic-control device or signal which did not
55	include a change of instruction to him or her."

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SECTION 4.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 40-6-91, relating to right of way incrosswalks, as follows:

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59	″40-6-91.
60	(a) The driver of a vehicle shall stop and remain stopped to allow a pedestrian to cross the
61	roadway within a crosswalk when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon
62	which the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching and is within one lane
63	of the half of the roadway on which the vehicle is traveling or onto which it is turning. For
64	the purposes of this subsection, 'half of the roadway' means all traffic lanes carrying traffic
65	in one direction of travel.
66	(b) The driver of a vehicle shall stop and remain stopped to allow a pedestrian to cross the
67	roadway within a crosswalk when an approved rectangular rapid flash beacon or similar
68	device has been activated.
69	(c) No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into
70	the path of a vehicle which is so close that it is impractical for the driver to yield. No
71	pedestrian shall manually activate or intentionally cause to be activated a rapid flash

- 72 <u>beacon or similar device at a crosswalk unless such person intends to cross a roadway.</u>
- 73 (c)(d) Subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply under the conditions stated in
 74 subsection (b) of Code Section 40-6-92.
- 75 (d)(e) Whenever any vehicle is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked
- crosswalk at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the driver of any
- 77 other vehicle approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass such stopped vehicle."
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SECTION 5.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 40-6-314, relating to footrests andhandlebars, as follows:
- 81 ″40-6-314.

(a) Any motorcycle carrying a passenger, other than in a sidecar or enclosed cab, shall be

- 83 equipped with footrests for such passenger.
- 84 (b) No person shall operate any motorcycle with handlebars more than 15 inches in height
- 85 above that portion of the seat occupied by the operator or with a backrest more commonly
- 86 known as a sissy bar that is designed in such a way as to create a sharp point at its apex."
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SECTION 6.

88 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.