Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1209

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 30-4-5-26 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 26. (a) If the trustee has the full, unrestricted power to alienate trust property and the trust expressly states that this exception applies to the trust, IC 32-17-8-3 shall apply to a nonvested property interest or power of appointment contained in the trust by substituting three hundred sixty (360) years instead of ninety (90) years in each place where the term appears in IC 32-17-8-3, unless the terms of the trust require that all beneficial interests in the trust vest or terminate within a lesser period.

(b) When a power of appointment in a trust ("first power") is exercised to create another power of appointment ("second power"), then a nonvested property interest or second power created through the exercise of the first power is considered to have been created at the time of irrevocable exercise of the first power, unless the instrument exercising the first power provides that the second power was created at the time of creation of the first power.

SECTION 2. IC 32-17-8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3. (a) A nonvested property interest is valid if:



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(1) when the interest is created, the interest is certain to vest or terminate not later than twenty-one (21) years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) the interest either vests or terminates within ninety (90) years after the interest's creation. three hundred sixty (360) years after the interest's creation, unless the terms of the trust require that all beneficial interests in the trust vest or terminate within a lesser period of time.

(b) A general power of appointment not presently exercisable because of a condition precedent is valid if:

(1) when the power is created, the condition precedent is certain to be satisfied or become impossible to satisfy not later than twenty-one (21) years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) the condition precedent either is satisfied or becomes impossible to satisfy within ninety (90) years after the condition precedent's creation. three hundred sixty (360) years after the condition precedent's creation, unless the terms of the trust require that all beneficial interests in the trust vest or terminate within a lesser period of time.

(c) A nongeneral power of appointment or a general testamentary power of appointment is valid if:

(1) when the power is created, the power is certain to be irrevocably exercised or otherwise to terminate not later than twenty-one (21) years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) the power is irrevocably exercised or otherwise terminates within ninety (90) years after the power's creation. three hundred sixty (360) years after the power's creation, unless the terms of the trust require that all beneficial interests in the trust vest or terminate within a lesser period of time.

(d) In determining whether a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment is valid under subsection (a)(1), (b)(1), or (c)(1), the possibility that a child will be born to an individual after the individual's death is disregarded.

SECTION 3. IC 32-17-8-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 3.5. When the initial power of appointment in a legacy trust is exercised to create a second power of appointment, a nonvested property interest or the second power of appointment created through the exercise of the initial power of appointment is considered to have been created at the time of the irrevocable



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exercise of the initial power of appointment, unless the instrument exercising the initial power of appointment provides that the second power of appointment was created at the time of the creation of the initial power of appointment.

SECTION 4. IC 32-17-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 6. Upon the petition of an interested person, a court shall reform a disposition in the manner that most closely preserves the transferor's plan of distribution and is within the ninety (90) three hundred sixty (360) years allowed by section 3(a)(2), 3(b)(2), or 3(c)(2) of this chapter if:

(1) a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment becomes invalid under section 3 of this chapter;

(2) a class gift is not but might become invalid under section 3 of this chapter and the time has arrived when the share of any class member is to take effect in possession or enjoyment; or

(3) a nonvested property interest that is not validated by section 3(a)(1) of this chapter can vest but not within ninety (90) three hundred sixty (360) years after the interest's creation.



Speaker of the House of Representatives

President of the Senate

President Pro Tempore

Governor of the State of Indiana

Date: _____ Time: _____



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