

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1210

DIGEST OF HB 1210 (Updated February 12, 2020 1:07 pm - DI 104)

Citations Affected: IC 7.1-5; IC 16-18; IC 16-27; IC 16-38; IC 16-39; IC 16-42; IC 35-52.

Synopsis: Various health matters. Establishes penalties for intentionally interfering with an investigation and enforcement of a home health agency by the state department of health (department). Allows the department to use the immunization data registry to store and release nonimmunization personal health information. States that a responsible member of a family may release a deceased patient's medical records if the deceased patient does not have a surviving spouse or child or a personal representative of the estate. Allows mental health records to be disclosed without the consent of the patient for research purposes by rules of the Indiana archives and records (Continued next page)

Effective: April 1, 2020; July 1, 2020.

Zent, Fleming, Barrett, Shackleford

(SENATE SPONSOR — CHARBONNEAU)

January 13, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health. January 16, 2020, reported — Do Pass.

January 21, 2020, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed. January 23, 2020, read third time, passed. Yeas 92, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION
February 5, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider

February 13, 2020, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

administration and the oversight committee on public records. Allows health records to be disclosed by the Indiana archives and records administration to another provider or nonprofit research organization (current law is a nonprofit medical research organization) in connection with a scientific, statistical, or education project. Changes the title of a "certified food handler" to "certified food protection manager" (CFPM). Repeals the definition of "food handler". Requires a CFPM to provide certain documents to the food establishment and obtain a valid certificate every five years. Prohibits using the title "certified food protection manager" unless the person holds a certificate. Provides that a CFPM may be required to be present during all hours of operation if the department and food establishment agreed upon a variance concerning the requirements for the operation of the food establishment. Amends the establishments that are exempt from the certified food protection manager requirements. Establishes new penalties. Provides for the transition of an existing certified food handler to a certified food protection manager. Makes conforming changes.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1210

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 7.1-5-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-2015,
2	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) and
4	subject to section 13 of this chapter, smoking may be allowed in the
5	following:
6	(1) A horse racing facility operated under a permit under
7	IC 4-31-5 and any other permanent structure on land owned or
8	leased by the owner of the facility that is adjacent to the facility.
9	(2) A riverboat (as defined in IC 4-33-2-17) and any other
0	permanent structure that is:
1	(A) owned or leased by the owner of the riverboat; and
12	(B) located on land that is adjacent to:
13	(i) the dock to which the riverboat is moored; or
14	(ii) the land on which the riverboat is situated in the case of
15	a riverboat described in IC 4-33-2-17(2).
16	(3) A facility that operates under a gambling game license under
17	IC 4-35-5 and any other permanent structure on land owned or



1	leased by the owner of the facility that is adjacent to the facility.
2	(4) A satellite facility licensed under IC 4-31-5.5.
3	(5) An establishment owned or leased by a business that meets the
4	following requirements:
5	(A) The business was in business and permitted smoking on
6	December 31, 2012.
7	(B) The business prohibits entry by an individual who is less
8	than twenty-one (21) years of age.
9	(C) The owner or operator of the business holds a beer, liquor,
10	or wine retailer's permit.
11	(D) The business limits smoking in the establishment to
12	smoking with a waterpipe or hookah device.
13	(E) During the preceding calendar year, at least ten percent
14	(10%) of the business's annual gross income was from the sale
15	of loose tobacco for use in a waterpipe or hookah device.
16	(F) The person in charge of the business posts in the
17	establishment conspicuous signs that display the message that
18	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
19	(6) An establishment owned or leased by a business that meets the
20	following requirements:
21	(A) The business prohibits entry by an individual who is less
22	than twenty-one (21) years of age.
23	(B) The owner or operator of the business holds a beer, liquor,
24	or wine retailer's permit.
25	(C) The business limits smoking in the establishment to cigar
26	smoking.
27	(D) During the preceding calendar year, at least ten percent
28	(10%) of the business's annual gross income was from the sale
29	of cigars and the rental of onsite humidors.
30	(E) The person in charge of the business posts in the
31	establishment conspicuous signs that display the message that
32	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
33	(7) A premises owned or leased by and regularly used for the
34	activities of a business that meets all of the following:
35	(A) The business is exempt from federal income taxation
36	under 26 U.S.C. 501(c).
37	(B) The business:
38	(i) meets the requirements to be considered a club under
39	IC 7.1-3-20-1; or
40	(ii) is a fraternal club (as defined in IC 7.1-3-20-7).
41	(C) The business provides food or alcoholic beverages only to
42	its bona fide members and their guests.



1	(D) The business:
2	(i) provides a separate, enclosed, designated smoking room
3	or area that is adequately ventilated to prevent migration of
4	smoke to nonsmoking areas of the premises;
5	(ii) allows smoking only in the room or area described in
6	item (i);
7	(iii) does not allow an individual who is less than eighteen
8	(18) years of age to enter into the room or area described in
9	item (i); and
0	(iv) allows a guest in the smoking room or area described in
1	item (i) only when accompanied by a bona fide member of
12	the business.
13	(8) A retail tobacco store used primarily for the sale of tobacco
14	products and tobacco accessories that meets the following
15	requirements:
16	(A) The owner or operator of the store holds a valid tobacco
17	sales certificate issued under IC 7.1-3-18.5.
18	(B) The store prohibits entry by an individual who is less than
9	eighteen (18) years of age.
20	(C) The sale of products other than tobacco products and
21	tobacco accessories is merely incidental.
22	(D) The sale of tobacco products accounts for at least
	eighty-five percent (85%) of the store's annual gross sales.
23 24 25	(E) Food or beverages are not sold in a manner that requires
25	consumption on the premises, and there is not an area set aside
26	for customers to consume food or beverages on the premises.
27	(9) A bar or tavern:
28	(A) for which a permittee holds:
29	(i) a beer retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-4;
30	(ii) a liquor retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-9; or
31	(iii) a wine retailer's permit under IC 7.1-3-14;
32	(B) that does not employ an individual who is less than
33	eighteen (18) years of age;
34	(C) that does not allow an individual who:
35	(i) is less than twenty-one (21) years of age; and
36	(ii) is not an employee of the bar or tavern;
37	to enter any area of the bar or tavern; and
38	(D) that is not located in a business that would otherwise be
39	subject to this chapter.
10	(10) A cigar manufacturing facility that does not offer retail sales.
11	(11) A premises of a cigar specialty store to which all of the
12	following apply:



1	(A) The owner or operator of the store holds a valid tobacco
2	sales certificate issued under IC 7.1-3-18.5.
3	(B) The sale of tobacco products and tobacco accessories
4	account for at least fifty percent (50%) of the store's annual
5	gross sales.
6	(C) The store has a separate, enclosed, designated smoking
7	room that is adequately ventilated to prevent migration of
8	smoke to nonsmoking areas.
9	(D) Smoking is allowed only in the room described in clause
10	(C).
11	(E) Individuals who are less than eighteen (18) years of age are
12	prohibited from entering into the room described in clause (C).
13	(F) Cigarette smoking is not allowed on the premises of the
14	store.
15	(G) The owner or operator of the store posts a conspicuous
16	sign on the premises of the store that displays the message that
17	cigarette smoking is prohibited.
18	(H) The store does not prepare any food or beverage that
19	would require a certified food handler protection manager
20	under IC 16-42-5.2.
21	(12) The premises of a business that is located in the business
22	owner's private residence (as defined in IC 3-5-2-42.5) if the only
23	employees of the business who work in the residence are the
24	owner and other individuals who reside in the residence.
25	(b) The owner, operator, manager, or official in charge of an
26	establishment or premises in which smoking is allowed under this
27	section shall post conspicuous signs in the establishment that read
28	"WARNING: Smoking Is Allowed In This Establishment" or other
29	similar language.
30	(c) This section does not allow smoking in the following enclosed
31	areas of an establishment or premises described in subsection (a)(1)
32	through (a)(11):
33	(1) Any hallway, elevator, or other common area where an
34	individual who is less than eighteen (18) years of age is permitted.
35	(2) Any room that is intended for use by an individual who is less
36	than eighteen (18) years of age.
37	(d) The owner, operator, or manager of an establishment or premises
38	that is listed under subsection (a) and that allows smoking shall provide
39	a verified statement to the commission that states that the establishment
40	or premises qualifies for the exemption. The commission may require
41	the owner, operator, or manager of an establishment or premises to

provide documentation or additional information concerning the



1	exemption of the establishment or premises.
2	SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-51.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 51.5. "Certified food
4	handler", protection manager", for purposes of IC 16-42-5.2, has the
5	meaning set forth in IC 16-42-5.2-4.
6	SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-52 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 52. (a) "Certificate" or
8	"certification", for purposes of IC 16-31, means authorization in written
9	form issued by the Indiana emergency medical services commission to
10	a person to furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, advertise, or otherwise
11	engage in providing emergency medical services as a part of a regular
12	course of doing business, either paid or voluntary.
13	(b) "Certificate", for purposes of IC 16-42-5.2, has the meaning
14	set forth in IC 16-42-5.2-4.5.
15	SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-138.3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 2020]. Sec. 138.3: "Food handler", for purposes of IC 16-42-5.2, has
17	the meaning set forth in IC 16-42-5.2-5.
18	SECTION 5. IC 16-27-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) The state health
20	commissioner may take one (1) or more of the following actions on any
21	ground listed in subsection (b):
22	(1) Issue a letter of correction.
23	(2) Issue a probationary license.
24	(3) Conduct a resurvey.
25	(4) Deny renewal of a license.
26	(5) Revoke a license.
27	(6) Impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten
28	thousand dollars (\$10,000).
29	(b) The state health commissioner may take action under subsection
30	(a) on any of the following grounds:
31	(1) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or rules
32	adopted under this chapter.
33	(2) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of an illegal act
34	in a home health agency.
35	(3) Conduct or practice found by the state department to be
36	detrimental to the welfare of the patients of the home health care
37	agency.
38	(c) A person who intentionally:
39	(1) prevents, interferes with, or attempts to impede the work
40	of an employee of the state department in the investigation
41	and enforcement of any provision of this article or rule



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adopted under this article;

1	(2) prevents or attempts to prevent an employee of the state
2	department from examining any relevant records in the
3	conduct of official duties under this article or rule adopted
4	under this article;
5	(3) prevents or interferes with an employee of the state
6	department in preserving evidence of the breach of any
7	provision of this article or rules adopted by the state
8	department;
9	(4) retaliates or discriminates against a patient, health care
10	representative, power of attorney, employee, agency staff
11	member, or any other person for:
12	(A) contacting or providing information to any state
13	official; or
14	(B) initiating, participating in, or testifying in an action
15	under this article or rules adopted by the state
16	department; or
17	(5) fails to correct or interferes with the correction process
18	within the correction period specified on the citation or
19	approved plan of correction, unless an extension is granted by
20	the director and the corrections are made before expiration of
21	the extension;
22	commits a Class C misdemeanor.
23	(c) (d) In addition to the criminal provisions for violations
24	described in this section, the commissioner may commence an
25	action under IC 4-21.5 applies to an action under this section. for
26	issuance of an order of compliance and assess a civil penalty not to
27	exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
28	SECTION 6. IC 16-38-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.191-2013,
29	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. (a) The state department shall maintain an
31	immunization data registry to collect, store, analyze, release, and report
32	immunization data.
33	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), data in the immunization
34	data registry may be used only for the following purposes:
35	(1) To assure that necessary immunizations are provided and
36	overimmunization is avoided.
37	(2) To assess immunization coverage rates.
38	(3) To determine areas of underimmunization and other
39	epidemiological research for disease control purposes.
40	(4) To document that required immunizations have been provided

as required for school or child care admission.

(5) To accomplish other public health purposes as determined by



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1 2	the state department. (c) The immunization data registry may be used to store and
3	release other nonimmunization personal health information
4	maintained by the state department, including blood lead screening
5	and newborn screening information, so providers and the
6	individual may access the health information. However, section 3
7	of this chapter does not apply to the release of nonimmunization
8	personal health information. Nonimmunization personal health
9	information may be released only in accordance with state and
10	federal laws concerning that personal health information.
11	(c) (d) The state department may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
12	concerning who may input and retrieve information from the
13	immunization data registry.
14	SECTION 7. IC 16-39-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.240-2017,
15	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	APRIL 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Health records may be requested by a
17	competent patient if the patient is:
18	(1) emancipated and less than eighteen (18) years of age; or
19	(2) at least eighteen (18) years of age.
20	(b) If a patient is incompetent, the request for health records may be
21	made by the parent, guardian, or custodian of the patient.
22	(c) Health records of a deceased patient may be requested:
23	(1) by a coroner under IC 36-2-14-21 or by the personal
24	representative of the patient's estate;
25	(2) if the estate of the deceased patient does not have a personal
26	representative, by the spouse of the deceased patient;
27	(3) if the deceased patient does not have a surviving spouse and
28	the deceased patient's estate does not have a personal
29	representative, by:
30	(A) a child of the deceased patient; or
31	(B) the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child of the
32	deceased patient if the child of the deceased patient is
33	incompetent; or
34	(4) if the deceased patient was an incapacitated person for whom
35	a guardian had been appointed under IC 29-3 or the law of
36	another state, by the guardian of the deceased patient, except as
37	provided in subsection (d); or
38	(5) if the deceased patient does not have a surviving spouse or
39	child, and the deceased patient's estate does not have a
40	personal representative, by any responsible member of the
41	family.
42	(d) If:
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1	(1) the deceased patient was an incapacitated person subject to a
2	guardianship at the time of the patient's death; and
3	(2) a personal representative of the estate of the deceased patient
4	is appointed under IC 29-1-7;
5	the guardian of the deceased patient may not request health records of
6	the deceased patient under subsection (c)(4).
7	SECTION 8. IC 16-39-2-6, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL
8	CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2020 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS
9	AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2020]:
10	Sec. 6. (a) Without the consent of the patient, the patient's mental
11	health record may only be disclosed as follows:
12	(1) To individuals who meet the following conditions:
13	(A) Are employed by:
14	(i) the provider at the same facility or agency;
15	(ii) a managed care provider (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127);
16	or
17	(iii) a health care provider or mental health care provider, if
18	the mental health records are needed to provide health care
19	or mental health services to the patient.
20	(B) Are involved in the planning, provision, and monitoring of
21	services.
22	(2) To the extent necessary to obtain payment for services
23	rendered or other benefits to which the patient may be entitled, as
24	provided in IC 16-39-5-3.
25	(3) To the patient's court appointed counsel and to the Indiana
26	protection and advocacy services commission.
27	(4) For research conducted in accordance with IC 16-39-5-3 and
28	the rules of the division of mental health and addiction, the rules
29	of the division of disability and rehabilitative services, or the rules
30	of the provider, or the rules of the Indiana archives and
31	records administration and the oversight committee on public
32	records.
33	(5) To the division of mental health and addiction for the purpose
34	of data collection, research, and monitoring managed care
35	providers (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127) who are operating under
36	a contract with the division of mental health and addiction.
37	(6) To the extent necessary to make reports or give testimony
38	required by the statutes pertaining to admissions, transfers,
39	discharges, and guardianship proceedings.
40	(7) To a law enforcement agency if any of the following
41	conditions are met:
42	(A) A patient escapes from a facility to which the patient is



1	committed under IC 12-26.
2	(B) The superintendent of the facility determines that failure
3	to provide the information may result in bodily harm to the
4	patient or another individual.
5	(C) A patient commits or threatens to commit a crime on
6	facility premises or against facility personnel.
7	(D) A patient is in the custody of a law enforcement officer or
8	agency for any reason and:
9	(i) the information to be released is limited to medications
10	currently prescribed for the patient or to the patient's history
11	of adverse medication reactions; and
12	(ii) the provider determines that the release of the
13	medication information will assist in protecting the health,
14	safety, or welfare of the patient.
15	Mental health records released under this clause must be
16	maintained in confidence by the law enforcement agency
17	receiving them.
18	(8) To a coroner or medical examiner, in the performance of the
19	individual's duties.
20	(9) To a school in which the patient is enrolled if the
21	superintendent of the facility determines that the information will
22	assist the school in meeting educational needs of the patient.
23	(10) To the extent necessary to satisfy reporting requirements
24	under the following statutes:
25	(A) IC 12-10-3-10.
26	(B) IC 12-24-17-5.
27	(C) IC 16-41-2-3.
28	(D) IC 31-25-3-2.
29	(E) IC 31-33-5-4.
30	(F) IC 34-30-16-2.
31	(G) IC 35-46-1-13.
32	(11) To the extent necessary to satisfy release of information
33	requirements under the following statutes:
34	(A) IC 12-24-11-2.
35	(B) IC 12-24-12-3, IC 12-24-12-4, and IC 12-24-12-6.
36	(C) IC 12-26-11.
37	(12) To another health care provider in a health care emergency.
38	(13) For legitimate business purposes as described in
39	IC 16-39-5-3.
40	(14) Under a court order under IC 16-39-3.
41	(15) With respect to records from a mental health or
42	developmental disability facility, to the United States Secret



I	Service if the following conditions are met:
2	(A) The request does not apply to alcohol or drug abuse
3	records described in 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2 unless authorized by
4	a court order under 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2(b)(2)(c).
5	(B) The request relates to the United States Secret Service's
6	protective responsibility and investigative authority under 18
7	U.S.C. 3056, 18 U.S.C. 871, or 18 U.S.C. 879.
8	(C) The request specifies an individual patient.
9	(D) The director or superintendent of the facility determines
10	that disclosure of the mental health record may be necessary
11	to protect a person under the protection of the United States
12	Secret Service from serious bodily injury or death.
13	(E) The United States Secret Service agrees to only use the
14	mental health record information for investigative purposes
15	and not disclose the information publicly.
16	(F) The mental health record information disclosed to the
17	United States Secret Service includes only:
18	(i) the patient's name, age, and address;
19	(ii) the date of the patient's admission to or discharge from
20	the facility; and
21	(iii) any information that indicates whether or not the patient
22	has a history of violence or presents a danger to the person
23	under protection.
24	(16) To the statewide waiver ombudsman established under
25	IC 12-11-13, in the performance of the ombudsman's duties.
26	(b) If a licensed mental health professional or licensed paramedic,
27	in the course of rendering a treatment intervention, determines that a
28	patient may be a harm to himself or herself or others, the licensed
29	mental health professional or licensed paramedic may request a
30	patient's individualized mental health safety plan from a psychiatric
31	crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, or psychiatric residential
32	treatment provider. Each psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient
33	unit, and psychiatric residential treatment provider shall, upon request
34	and without the consent of the patient, share a patient's individualized
35	mental health safety plan that is in the standard format established by
36	the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-21-5-6 to with
37	the following individuals who demonstrate proof of licensure and
38	commit to protecting the information in compliance with state and
39	federal privacy laws:
40	(1) A licensed mental health professional.
41	(2) A licensed paramedic.
42	An individualized mental health safety plan disclosed under this



subsection may be used only to support a patient's welfare and safety
and is considered otherwise confidential information under applicable
state and federal laws.
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- (c) After information is disclosed under subsection (a)(15) and if the patient is evaluated to be dangerous, the records shall be interpreted in consultation with a licensed mental health professional on the staff of the United States Secret Service.
- (d) A person who discloses information under subsection (a)(7), (a)(15), or subsection (b) in good faith is immune from civil and criminal liability.

SECTION 9. IC 16-39-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "association" refers to an Indiana hospital trade association founded in 1921.

- (b) As used in this section, "data aggregation" means a combination of information obtained from the health records of a provider with information obtained from the health records of one (1) or more other providers to permit data analysis that relates to the health care operations of the providers.
- (c) Except as provided in IC 16-39-4-5, the original health record of the patient is the property of the provider and as such may be used by the provider without specific written authorization for legitimate business purposes, including the following:
 - (1) Submission of claims for payment from third parties.
 - (2) Collection of accounts.
 - (3) Litigation defense.
 - (4) Quality assurance.
 - (5) Peer review.
 - (6) Scientific, statistical, and educational purposes.
- (d) In use under subsection (c), the provider shall at all times protect the confidentiality of the health record and may disclose the identity of the patient only when disclosure is essential to the provider's business use or to quality assurance and peer review.
- (e) A provider **or the Indiana archives and records administration** may disclose a health record to another provider or to a nonprofit medical research organization to be used in connection with a joint scientific, statistical, or educational project. Each party that receives information from a health record in connection with the joint project shall protect the confidentiality of the health record and may not disclose the patient's identity except as allowed under this article.
- (f) A provider may disclose a health record or information obtained from a health record to the association for use in connection with a data



aggregation project undertaken by the association. However, the
provider may disclose the identity of a patient to the association only
when the disclosure is essential to the project. The association may
disclose the information it receives from a provider under this
subsection to the state department to be used in connection with a
public health activity or data aggregation of inpatient and outpatient
discharge information submitted under IC 16-21-6-6. The information
disclosed by:

- (1) a provider to the association; or
- (2) the association to the state department; under this subsection is confidential.
- (g) Information contained in final results obtained by the state department for a public health activity that:
 - (1) is based on information disclosed under subsection (f); and
 - (2) identifies or could be used to determine the identity of a patient;

is confidential. All other information contained in the final results is not confidential.

(h) Information that is:

- (1) advisory or deliberative material of a speculative nature; or
- (2) an expression of opinion;

including preliminary reports produced in connection with a public health activity using information disclosed under subsection (f), is confidential and may only be disclosed by the state department to the association and to the provider who disclosed the information to the association.

- (i) The association shall, upon the request of a provider that contracts with the association to perform data aggregation, make available information contained in the final results of data aggregation activities performed by the association in compliance with subsection (f).
- (j) A person who recklessly violates or fails to comply with subsections (e) through (h) commits a Class C infraction. Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense.
 - (k) This chapter does not do any of the following:
 - (1) Repeal, modify, or amend any statute requiring or authorizing the disclosure of information about any person.
 - (2) Prevent disclosure or confirmation of information about patients involved in incidents that are reported or required to be reported to governmental agencies and not required to be kept confidential by the governmental agencies.

SECTION 10. IC 16-42-5.2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 1. Except as provided in this chapter, a corporation or local health department may not impose any registration, certification, or licensing requirements on food handling or **certified** food handlers: protection managers.

SECTION 11. IC 16-42-5.2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.139-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), This chapter does not apply to a food establishment when the food establishment's food handling activities do not include the cooking of raw food of an animal origin or are limited solely to one (1) or more of the following:

- (1) Heating or serving precooked foods.
- (2) Preparing or serving a continental breakfast such as rolls, coffee, juice, milk, and cold cereal.
- (3) Preparing or serving nonalcoholic or alcoholic beverages that are not potentially hazardous beverages or ice.
- (4) Preparing or serving packaged or unpackaged **low hazard** foods, that are not potentially hazardous foods, including elephant ears, funnel cakes, cotton candy, confectionaries, baked goods, popcorn, and chips and grinding coffee beans.
- (5) Providing prepackaged food in its original package.
- (b) This subsection does not apply to a pharmacy that is a food establishment that provides only prepackaged food products for sale. A food establishment that has more than ten thousand (10,000) square feet in total retail sales space at the food establishment location must comply with this chapter.

SECTION 12. IC 16-42-5.2-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.139-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.5. (a) An organization that is exempt from the state gross retail tax under IC 6-2.5-5-21(b)(1)(B), IC 6-2.5-5-21(b)(1)(C), or IC 6-2.5-5-21(b)(1)(D) is exempt from complying with the requirements of this chapter.

(b) This section does not prohibit an exempted organization from waiving the exemption and using a certified food handler. protection manager.

SECTION 13. IC 16-42-5.2-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 3.7. As used in this chapter, "certificate" means a certificate, letter, or other document that verifies that the individual has passed an accreditation examination given by an accredited testing service recognized by the Conference for Food Protection or an equivalent nationally



1	recognized certification program as determined by the state
2	department of health.
3	SECTION 14. IC 16-42-5.2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 4. As used in this
5	chapter, "certified food handler" protection manager" means a food
6	handler who holds a certificate. described in section 7 of this chapter.
7	SECTION 15. IC 16-42-5.2-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
8	1, 2020]. Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "food handler" means an
9	individual who:
10	(1) is an owner, an operator, a manager, or an employee of a food
11	establishment; and
12	(2) is responsible for or oversees the storage, preparation, display,
13	or serving of food to the public.
14	SECTION 16. IC 16-42-5.2-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
15	1, 2020]. Sec. 6. After December 31, 2004, at least one (1) food handler
16	at a food establishment must be a certified food handler.
17	SECTION 17. IC 16-42-5.2-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
18	1, 2020]. Sec. 7. A food handler who holds a certificate recognized by
19	the Conference for Food Protection or an equivalent nationally
20	recognized certification program as determined by the state department
21	of health meets the food borne illness prevention training requirements
22	established by the state department of health.
23	SECTION 18. IC 16-42-5.2-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 7.1. (a) A certified food protection
26	manager must do the following:
27	(1) Provide the food establishment where the certified food
28	protection manager is employed with a copy of the
29	individual's certificate and photo identification card.
30	(2) Obtain a valid certificate every five (5) years.
31	(b) An individual may not work as a certified food protection
32	manager with an expired certificate.
33	SECTION 19. IC 16-42-5.2-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 7.5. An individual may not use
36	the title "certified food protection manager" or indicate that the
37	individual is a certified food protection manager unless the
38	individual holds a valid certificate.
39	SECTION 20. IC 16-42-5.2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 8. (a) After December

31, 2004, A food establishment must have at least one (1) certified food

handler protection manager responsible for all periods of the food



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establishment's operation. However, a certified food handler protection manager need not be present at the food establishment during all hours of operation.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the state department and food establishment enter into a variance concerning requirements for the operation of the food establishment, a certified food protection manager may be required to be present at the food establishment during all hours of operation if agreed upon in the variance.

SECTION 21. IC 16-42-5.2-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: **Sec. 8.5. A food establishment must do the following:**

- (1) Provide the name and copies of the certificate and photo identification card for the certified food protection manager to an inspector from a governmental regulatory authority.
- (2) Remove the certificate from the food establishment when the certified food protection manager terminates employment with the food establishment.

SECTION 22. IC 16-42-5.2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9. After December 31, 2004, A food establishment that begins operation or changes ownership shall comply with section 8 of this chapter not later than six (6) months after beginning operation or changing ownership.

SECTION 23. IC 16-42-5.2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 10. After December 31, 2004, If a food establishment does not have a certified food handler protection manager because a certified food handler protection manager terminates employment with the food establishment, the owner or operator of the food establishment shall comply with section 8 of this chapter not later than three (3) months after the termination date of the previous certified food handler. protection manager.

SECTION 24. IC 16-42-5.2-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 11. After December 31, 2004, If more than one (1) food establishment operated by the same individual is located on the same property or on contiguous properties, only one (1) certified food handler protection manager is required for the food establishments.

SECTION 25. IC 16-42-5.2-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 12. (a) After December 31, 2004, An individual who violates any of the provisions of this chapter **before July 1, 2020,** is subject to the penalties prescribed by



1	the executive board under section 13 of this chapter. This subsection
2	expires January 1, 2021.
3	(b) After June 30, 2020, a person that violates section 7.1(b) of
4	this chapter is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed fifty dollars
5	(\$50) per day per violation.
6	(c) After June 30, 2020, a person that violates section 7.1(a)(1),
7	7.5, 8, 8.5, 9, or 10 of this chapter is subject to a civil penalty not to
8	exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) per day per violation.
9	SECTION 26. IC 16-42-5.2-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 13. Not later than
11	December 31, 2003, The executive board shall may adopt rules under
12	IC 4-22-2 establishing standards for:
13	(1) the administration of this chapter; and
14	(2) the imposition of penalties for violations of this chapter.
15	SECTION 27. IC 16-42-5.2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 14. This chapter does
17	not limit the authority of a corporation or local health department to
18	license require a permit for retail food establishments.
19	SECTION 28. IC 16-42-5.2-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 16. (a) Except for an individual
22	whose certification expires on July 1, 2020, an individual who was
23	a certified food handler on June 30, 2020, is considered a certified
24	food protection manager on July 1, 2020.
25	(b) This section expires June 30, 2021.
26	SECTION 29. IC 35-52-16-9.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
27	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 9.7. IC 16-27-1-12 defines a crime

SECTION 30. An emergency is declared for this act.



29 30 concerning home health agencies.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred House Bill 1210, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1210 as introduced.)

KIRCHHOFER

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred House Bill No. 1210, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 7, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 16-39-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.240-2017, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) Health records may be requested by a competent patient if the patient is:

- (1) emancipated and less than eighteen (18) years of age; or
- (2) at least eighteen (18) years of age.
- (b) If a patient is incompetent, the request for health records may be made by the parent, guardian, or custodian of the patient.
 - (c) Health records of a deceased patient may be requested:
 - (1) by a coroner under IC 36-2-14-21 or by the personal representative of the patient's estate;
 - (2) if the estate of the deceased patient does not have a personal representative, by the spouse of the deceased patient;
 - (3) if the deceased patient does not have a surviving spouse and the deceased patient's estate does not have a personal representative, by:
 - (A) a child of the deceased patient; or
 - (B) the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child of the deceased patient if the child of the deceased patient is incompetent; or
 - (4) if the deceased patient was an incapacitated person for whom a guardian had been appointed under IC 29-3 or the law of



another state, by the guardian of the deceased patient, except as provided in subsection (d); or

(5) if the deceased patient does not have a surviving spouse or child, and the deceased patient's estate does not have a personal representative, by any responsible member of the family.

(d) If:

- (1) the deceased patient was an incapacitated person subject to a guardianship at the time of the patient's death; and
- (2) a personal representative of the estate of the deceased patient is appointed under IC 29-1-7;

the guardian of the deceased patient may not request health records of the deceased patient under subsection (c)(4).

SECTION 8. IC 16-39-2-6, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2020 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2020]: Sec. 6. (a) Without the consent of the patient, the patient's mental health record may only be disclosed as follows:

- (1) To individuals who meet the following conditions:
 - (A) Are employed by:
 - (i) the provider at the same facility or agency;
 - (ii) a managed care provider (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127); or
 - (iii) a health care provider or mental health care provider, if the mental health records are needed to provide health care or mental health services to the patient.
 - (B) Are involved in the planning, provision, and monitoring of services.
- (2) To the extent necessary to obtain payment for services rendered or other benefits to which the patient may be entitled, as provided in IC 16-39-5-3.
- (3) To the patient's court appointed counsel and to the Indiana protection and advocacy services commission.
- (4) For research conducted in accordance with IC 16-39-5-3 and the rules of the division of mental health and addiction, the rules of the division of disability and rehabilitative services, or the rules of the provider, or the rules of the Indiana archives and records administration and the oversight committee on public records.
- (5) To the division of mental health and addiction for the purpose of data collection, research, and monitoring managed care providers (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127) who are operating under



- a contract with the division of mental health and addiction.
- (6) To the extent necessary to make reports or give testimony required by the statutes pertaining to admissions, transfers, discharges, and guardianship proceedings.
- (7) To a law enforcement agency if any of the following conditions are met:
 - (A) A patient escapes from a facility to which the patient is committed under IC 12-26.
 - (B) The superintendent of the facility determines that failure to provide the information may result in bodily harm to the patient or another individual.
 - (C) A patient commits or threatens to commit a crime on facility premises or against facility personnel.
 - (D) A patient is in the custody of a law enforcement officer or agency for any reason and:
 - (i) the information to be released is limited to medications currently prescribed for the patient or to the patient's history of adverse medication reactions; and
 - (ii) the provider determines that the release of the medication information will assist in protecting the health, safety, or welfare of the patient.

Mental health records released under this clause must be maintained in confidence by the law enforcement agency receiving them.

- (8) To a coroner or medical examiner, in the performance of the individual's duties.
- (9) To a school in which the patient is enrolled if the superintendent of the facility determines that the information will assist the school in meeting educational needs of the patient.
- (10) To the extent necessary to satisfy reporting requirements under the following statutes:
 - (A) IC 12-10-3-10.
 - (B) IC 12-24-17-5.
 - (C) IC 16-41-2-3.
 - (D) IC 31-25-3-2.
 - (E) IC 31-33-5-4.
 - (F) IC 34-30-16-2.
 - (G) IC 35-46-1-13.
- (11) To the extent necessary to satisfy release of information requirements under the following statutes:
 - (A) IC 12-24-11-2.
 - (B) IC 12-24-12-3, IC 12-24-12-4, and IC 12-24-12-6.



- (C) IC 12-26-11.
- (12) To another health care provider in a health care emergency.
- (13) For legitimate business purposes as described in IC 16-39-5-3.
- (14) Under a court order under IC 16-39-3.
- (15) With respect to records from a mental health or developmental disability facility, to the United States Secret Service if the following conditions are met:
 - (A) The request does not apply to alcohol or drug abuse records described in 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2 unless authorized by a court order under 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2(b)(2)(c).
 - (B) The request relates to the United States Secret Service's protective responsibility and investigative authority under 18 U.S.C. 3056, 18 U.S.C. 871, or 18 U.S.C. 879.
 - (C) The request specifies an individual patient.
 - (D) The director or superintendent of the facility determines that disclosure of the mental health record may be necessary to protect a person under the protection of the United States Secret Service from serious bodily injury or death.
 - (E) The United States Secret Service agrees to only use the mental health record information for investigative purposes and not disclose the information publicly.
 - (F) The mental health record information disclosed to the United States Secret Service includes only:
 - (i) the patient's name, age, and address;
 - (ii) the date of the patient's admission to or discharge from the facility; and
 - (iii) any information that indicates whether or not the patient has a history of violence or presents a danger to the person under protection.
- (16) To the statewide waiver ombudsman established under IC 12-11-13, in the performance of the ombudsman's duties.
- (b) If a licensed mental health professional or licensed paramedic, in the course of rendering a treatment intervention, determines that a patient may be a harm to himself or herself or others, the licensed mental health professional or licensed paramedic may request a patient's individualized **mental health** safety plan from a psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, or psychiatric residential treatment provider. Each psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, and psychiatric residential treatment provider shall, upon request and without the consent of the patient, share a patient's individualized mental health safety plan that is in the standard format established by



the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-21-5-6 to with the following individuals who demonstrate proof of licensure and commit to protecting the information in compliance with state and federal privacy laws:

- (1) A licensed mental health professional.
- (2) A licensed paramedic.

An individualized mental health safety plan disclosed under this subsection may be used only to support a patient's welfare and safety and is considered otherwise confidential information under applicable state and federal laws.

- (c) After information is disclosed under subsection (a)(15) and if the patient is evaluated to be dangerous, the records shall be interpreted in consultation with a licensed mental health professional on the staff of the United States Secret Service.
- (d) A person who discloses information under subsection (a)(7), (a)(15), or subsection (b) in good faith is immune from civil and criminal liability.

SECTION 9. IC 16-39-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2020]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "association" refers to an Indiana hospital trade association founded in 1921.

- (b) As used in this section, "data aggregation" means a combination of information obtained from the health records of a provider with information obtained from the health records of one (1) or more other providers to permit data analysis that relates to the health care operations of the providers.
- (c) Except as provided in IC 16-39-4-5, the original health record of the patient is the property of the provider and as such may be used by the provider without specific written authorization for legitimate business purposes, including the following:
 - (1) Submission of claims for payment from third parties.
 - (2) Collection of accounts.
 - (3) Litigation defense.
 - (4) Quality assurance.
 - (5) Peer review.
 - (6) Scientific, statistical, and educational purposes.
- (d) In use under subsection (c), the provider shall at all times protect the confidentiality of the health record and may disclose the identity of the patient only when disclosure is essential to the provider's business use or to quality assurance and peer review.
- (e) A provider or the Indiana archives and records administration may disclose a health record to another provider or to



a nonprofit medical research organization to be used in connection with a joint scientific, statistical, or educational project. Each party that receives information from a health record in connection with the joint project shall protect the confidentiality of the health record and may not disclose the patient's identity except as allowed under this article.

- (f) A provider may disclose a health record or information obtained from a health record to the association for use in connection with a data aggregation project undertaken by the association. However, the provider may disclose the identity of a patient to the association only when the disclosure is essential to the project. The association may disclose the information it receives from a provider under this subsection to the state department to be used in connection with a public health activity or data aggregation of inpatient and outpatient discharge information submitted under IC 16-21-6-6. The information disclosed by:
 - (1) a provider to the association; or
- (2) the association to the state department; under this subsection is confidential.
- (g) Information contained in final results obtained by the state department for a public health activity that:
 - (1) is based on information disclosed under subsection (f); and
 - (2) identifies or could be used to determine the identity of a patient;

is confidential. All other information contained in the final results is not confidential.

- (h) Information that is:
 - (1) advisory or deliberative material of a speculative nature; or
 - (2) an expression of opinion;

including preliminary reports produced in connection with a public health activity using information disclosed under subsection (f), is confidential and may only be disclosed by the state department to the association and to the provider who disclosed the information to the association.

- (i) The association shall, upon the request of a provider that contracts with the association to perform data aggregation, make available information contained in the final results of data aggregation activities performed by the association in compliance with subsection (f).
- (j) A person who recklessly violates or fails to comply with subsections (e) through (h) commits a Class C infraction. Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense.
 - (k) This chapter does not do any of the following:



- (1) Repeal, modify, or amend any statute requiring or authorizing the disclosure of information about any person.
- (2) Prevent disclosure or confirmation of information about patients involved in incidents that are reported or required to be reported to governmental agencies and not required to be kept confidential by the governmental agencies.".

Page 11, after line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 30. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1210 as printed January 17, 2020.)

CHARBONNEAU, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

