HOUSE BILL No. 1214

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-1-24.5; IC 35-52-27-9.3.

Synopsis: Pharmacy benefits managers. Specifies requirements that apply to a pharmacy benefits manager, including fiduciary duties owed a covered entity and contractual requirements for contracts with pharmacies. Provides that a pharmacy benefits manager who knowingly or intentionally violates these provisions commits a Class B misdemeanor.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Kirchhofer, Davisson

January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1214

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 27-1-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]:
4	Chapter 24.5. Pharmacy Benefits Managers
5	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "covered entity" means any
6	of the following:
7	(1) An insurer that issues an accident and sickness insurance
8	policy (as defined in IC 27-8-5-27).
9	(2) A health maintenance organization.
10	(3) A health coverage program provided or administered by
11	a state agency.
12	(4) A self-funded health coverage plan.
13	(b) The term does not include a limited service health
14	maintenance organization.
15	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "covered individual" means an



1 individual who is entitled to coverage under a policy, contract, 2 program, or plan provided or administered by a covered entity. 3 Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "generic drug" means a 4 chemically equivalent copy of a brand name drug with an expired 5 patent. 6 Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "labeler" means a person that: 7 (1) receives prescription drugs from a manufacturer or 8 wholesaler; 9 (2) repackages the drugs for retail sale; and 10 (3) has a labeler code from the federal Food and Drug 11 Administration (21 CFR 270.20 (1999)). Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "maximum allowable cost price" 12 13 means a maximum reimbursement amount for a group of 14 therapeutically equivalent and pharmaceutically equivalent 15 multiple source drugs. 16 Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "pharmaceutical equivalence" 17 has the meaning set forth in the most recent edition of the federal 18 Food and Drug Administration's Orange Book: Approved Drug 19 **Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations.** 20 Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "pharmacy benefits 21 management" means: 22 (1) the procurement of a prescription drug at a negotiated 23 rate for dispensation to a covered individual in Indiana; 24 (2) the administration or management of pharmacy benefits 25 provided by a covered entity; or 26 (3) any of the following services in relation to administration 27 of pharmacy benefits: 28 (A) Mail order pharmacy services. 29 (B) Claim processing, retail network management, and 30 payment of claims to pharmacies for prescription drugs 31 dispensed to covered individuals. 32 (C) Clinical formulary development and management 33 services. 34 (D) Rebate contracting and administration. 35 (E) Patient compliance, therapeutic intervention, and 36 generic substitution programs. 37 (F) Disease management programs. Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "pharmacy benefits manager" 38 39 means a person who performs pharmacy benefits management on 40 behalf of a covered entity. 41 Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "therapeutic equivalence" has 42 the meaning set forth in the federal Food and Drug

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1	Administration's Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with
2	Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations.
3	Sec. 10. A pharmacy benefits manager owes a fiduciary duty to
4	the covered entity and shall do all the following:
5	(1) Perform the pharmacy benefits manager's duties in
6	accordance with the standards of conduct applicable to a
7	fiduciary in an enterprise of similar character with similar
8	aims.
9	(2) Notify the covered entity in writing of any activity, policy,
10	or practice of the pharmacy benefits manager that presents a
11	conflict of interest with the requirements of this chapter.
12	(3) Provide to the covered entity all financial and utilization
13	information requested by the covered entity related to the
14	pharmacy benefits manager's performance on behalf of the
15	covered entity.
16	(4) With respect to the dispensing of a substitute prescription
17	drug to a covered individual, the following:
18	(A) If the substitute prescription drug costs more than the
19	prescribed drug, disclose to the covered entity the cost of
20	both drugs and any benefit or payment accruing to the
21	pharmacy benefits manager as a result of the substitution.
22	(B) Transfer to the covered entity any benefit or payment
23	received by the pharmacy benefits manager as a result of:
24	(i) a substitution described in clause (A); or
25	(ii) a substitution of a lower priced, therapeutically
26	equivalent generic drug for a higher priced prescribed
27	drug.
28	(5) If the pharmacy benefits manager derives any payment or
29	benefit based on volume of sales for the dispensing of certain:
30	(A) prescription drugs; or
31	(B) classes or brands of prescription drugs;
32	in Indiana, transfer to the covered entity the payment or
33	benefit.
34	(6) Disclose to the covered entity all financial terms and
35	arrangements between the pharmacy benefits manager and a
36	prescription drug manufacturer or labeler for any
37	remuneration, including:
38	(A) formulary management and drug switching programs;
39	(B) educational support;
40	(C) claim processing and pharmacy network fees that are
41	charged by retail pharmacies; and
42	(D) data sales fees.

1	Sec. 11. (a) A pharmacy benefits manager providing
2	information described in section 10(3) or 10(6) of this chapter may
$\frac{2}{3}$	designate the information as confidential.
4	(b) Information designated as confidential under subsection (a)
5	may not be disclosed to any person by the covered entity without
6	the consent of the pharmacy benefits manager, except that
7	disclosure may be made in a court filing:
8	(1) under IC 27-4-1;
9	(1) when ordered by an Indiana court for good cause shown;
10	or
11	(3) when made in a court filing under seal until otherwise
12	ordered by the court.
13	(c) This section does not limit the authority of the department
14	to investigate compliance with this chapter.
15	Sec. 12. A pharmacy benefits manager shall, with respect to a
16	pharmacy with which the pharmacy benefits manager has entered
17	into a contract, do all the following:
18	(1) Provide to the pharmacy:
19	(A) the market based sources used to determine the
20	maximum allowable cost price lists of the pharmacy
21	benefits manager at the beginning of each calendar year;
22	and
23	(B) updated price information at least every seven (7)
24	calendar days through an agreed upon updating process.
25	(2) Disclose to the pharmacy:
26	(A) the market based sources described in subdivision (1);
27	and
28	(B) the identity of the pharmacy network or pharmacy to
29	which each maximum allowable cost price list applies in an
30	accessible and usable format.
31	(3) Ensure that maximum allowable cost prices are not set
32	below market based sources available for purchase by
33	pharmacies.
34	(4) Provide an agreed upon administrative appeals procedure
35	to allow a pharmacy to appeal a listed maximum allowable
36	cost price, including the following requirements:
37	(A) The pharmacy benefits manager must respond to the
38	pharmacy not more than seven (7) calendar days after the
39	pharmacy contests a maximum allowable cost price.
40	(B) If an update to a maximum allowable cost price is
41	determined by the pharmacy benefits manager to be
42	warranted:



1	(i) the effective date of the undetermined he networking
	(i) the effective date of the update must be retroactive
2 3	based on the date of the appealing pharmacy's invoice;
	(ii) the adjustment must be effective for all pharmacies
4	in the pharmacy network of the appealing pharmacy;
5	and
6	(iii) each pharmacy described in item (ii) must be
7	permitted to rebill retroactively to the effective date.
8	(C) If the pharmacy benefits manager denies an appeal, the
9	pharmacy benefits manager must provide to the appealing
10	pharmacy the federal Food and Drug Administration's
11	National Drug Code Directory number of the prescription
12	drug from a wholesaler in Indiana.
13	(5) Not place a prescription drug on a maximum allowable
14	cost price list unless:
15	(A) there are at least three (3) therapeutically equivalent,
16	multiple source, generic drugs that are nationally available
17	to be substituted for the prescription drug with a
18	significant cost difference;
19	(B) the prescription drug:
20	(i) is listed as therapeutically equivalent and
21	pharmaceutically equivalent, or is listed as "A" rated, in
22	the most recent edition of the federal Food and Drug
23	Administration's Orange Book: Approved Drug
24	Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations; or
25	(ii) has a similar rating by another nationally recognized
26	reference; and
27	(C) the prescription drug is available from wholesalers for
28	purchase by all pharmacies in Indiana and is not obsolete
29	or temporarily unavailable.
30	(6) Disclose to a covered entity all the following:
31	(A) Whether the pharmacy benefits manager uses the same
32	maximum allowable cost price list with respect to:
33	(i) billing the covered entity; and
34	(ii) reimbursing all pharmacies with which the pharmacy
35	benefits manager has entered into a contract.
36	(B) If the pharmacy benefits manager uses multiple
37	maximum allowable cost price lists, any differences
38	between the amount paid to a pharmacy and the amount
39	charged to the covered entity.
40	Sec. 12. A pharmacy benefits manager who knowingly or
41	intentionally violates this chapter commits a Class B misdemeanor.
42	SECTION 2. IC 35-52-27-9.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

- CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 1
- 2 3 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9.3. IC 27-1-24.5-12 defines a
- crime concerning pharmacy benefits managers.

