HOUSE BILL No. 1285

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-9-7-4.

Synopsis: Campaign violations. Provides that a political party or other person may not: (1) solicit or receive money or other property as a condition that the person, another person, or a political party support or slate a candidate; (2) pay money or give other property in exchange for the support or slating of a candidate by a person or a political party; or (3) require an individual to refrain from seeking the nomination of a political party for an elected office in a primary election if the political party does not slate the individual as the political party's choice for election to the office. Provides that a civil penalty may be assessed against a political party or other person of not more than three times the value of the money or property solicited, received, paid, or given in violation of the prohibition. Provides that any agreement entered into in violation of the prohibition is void.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

Bartlett

January 10, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1285

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-9-7-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
3	2019]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies only to the solicitation,
4	payment, receipt, or acceptance of money or other property to be
5	paid or given by a candidate seeking the nomination of a political
6	party at a primary election.
7	(b) This section does not prohibit a political party from
8	requiring a candidate to pay reasonable expenses for any of the
9	following as a condition of the political party's support of the
10	candidate:
11	(1) Office space.
12	(2) Administrative expenses.
13	(3) Use of poll lists.
14	(4) Other reasonable expenses incurred by the political party
15	in support of the candidate's candidacy.
16	(c) As used in this section, "agency" refers to the following:
17	(1) The election division, if the commission is the enforcement



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1	authority. (2) The county election board if the county election board is
2 3	(2) The county election board, if the county election board is
	the enforcement authority.
4 5	(d) As used in this section, "enforcement authority" refers to
	either of the following:
6	(1) The commission, which has exclusive jurisdiction under
7	this section for matters relating to elections and candidate
8	for state, legislative, and judicial offices.
9	(2) The county election board, which has jurisdiction under
10	this section for matters relating to elections and candidate
11	for local and school board offices.
12	(e) A political party or other person may not do any of the
13	following:
14	(1) Solicit or receive money or other property as a condition
15	that the person, another person, or a political party suppor
16	or slate a candidate.
17	(2) Pay money or give other property in exchange for the
18	support or slating of a candidate by a person or a politica
19	party.
20	(3) Require an individual to refrain from seeking the
21	nomination of a political party for an elected office in
22	primary election if the political party does not slate the
23	individual as the political party's choice for election to the
24	office.
25	(f) If the enforcement authority determines that a political party
26	or other person has violated subsection (e), the following apply:
27	(1) The enforcement authority may assess a civil penalty
28	against the political party or other person of not more than
29	three (3) times the value of the money or property solicited
30	received, paid, or given.
31	(2) Any agreement entered into in violation of subsection (e
32	is void.
33	(g) Proceedings of an enforcement authority under this section
34	are subject to IC 4-21.5.
35	(h) If the commission is the enforcement authority,
36	commission member, or the co-directors, with the authorization o
37	the commission, may conduct a hearing or an investigation, take
38	evidence, and report back to the commission for its consideration
39	and action. If a county election board is the enforcement authority
40	a county election board member may conduct a hearing or an
41	investigation, take evidence, and report back to the board for it
42	consideration and action.
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1	(i) If a civil penalty is imposed under this section, any
2	investigative costs incurred and documented by the agency shall be
3	added to the civil penalty imposed.
4	(j) Civil penalties and investigative costs shall be deposited as
5	follows:
6	(1) If the enforcement authority is the commission, penalties
7	and costs shall be deposited in the campaign finance
8	enforcement account, established by IC 3-6-4.1-24.
9	(2) If the enforcement authority is a county election board
10	penalties and costs shall be deposited in the county election
11	and registration fund. If the county does not have a county
12	election and registration fund, penalties and costs shall be
13	deposited in the county general fund.
14	(k) An enforcement authority may, upon the unanimous vote of
15	its entire membership, find that imposition of a civil penalty
16	required to be imposed under this section would be unjust under
17	the circumstances and do either of the following:
18	(1) Waive the penalty.
19	(2) Reduce the penalty to an amount specified by the
20	enforcement authority.
21	(l) If a person is notified by the agency that the enforcement
22	authority may assess a proposed civil penalty under this section
23	against the person, the person may enter into an agreement with
24	the agency to pay the proposed penalty and waive a hearing before
25	the enforcement authority. An agreement entered into under this
26	subsection must:
27	(1) provide for the payment of the entire proposed civi
28	penalty not later than the date of the execution of the
29	agreement; and
30	(2) be presented to the enforcement authority by the agency
31	for ratification at the enforcement authority's next regularly
32	scheduled meeting.

