HOUSE BILL No. 1292

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-8-1-5; IC 3-12-1-20; IC 3-13-10; IC 36-6.

Synopsis: Township trustees and board members. Provides that, in a county other than Marion County, an individual may not be a candidate for township trustee or a candidate for membership on the township board if a member of the individual's immediate family (parent, sibling, spouse, or child) is the township trustee or a member of the township board and whose term of office does not end after that election. Provides that, in a county other than Marion County, if an immediate family member of a candidate for election to a township board is elected as the township trustee, the candidate for election to the township board is not elected to the township board (if the township board candidate would otherwise be elected). Provides that, in a county other than Marion County, if two or more candidates for election to a township board are immediate family members, only one of the candidates can be elected. Provides that, if an individual is an immediate family member of: (1) the township trustee of a township; or (2) a member of the township board of the township; that individual is not eligible to fill a vacancy in the office of township trustee or to become a township board member.

Effective: January 1, 2021.

Bacon, Pressel, Zent

January 14, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



Introduced

Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1292

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 3-8-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. (a) This section does not apply to a candidate for federal office.

(b) As used in this section, "felony" means a conviction in any jurisdiction for which the convicted person might have been imprisoned for more than one (1) year.

(c) A person is not disqualified under this section for:

- (1) a felony conviction for which the person has been pardoned;
- (2) a felony conviction that has been:
- 11 (A) reversed;
- 12 (B) vacated;
- 13 (C) set aside;
- 14 (D) not entered because the trial court did not accept the
- 15 person's guilty plea; or 16
 - (E) expunged under IC 35-38-9; or
 - (3) a person's plea of guilty or nolo contendere at a guilty plea



1 2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

17



1	hearing that is not accepted and entered by a trial court.
2	(d) A person is disqualified from assuming or being a candidate for
3	an elected office if any of the following apply to the person:
4	(1) The person gave or offered a bribe, threat, or reward to
5	procure the person's election, as provided in Article 2, Section 6
6	of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
7	(2) The person does not comply with IC 5-8-3 because of a
8	conviction for a violation of the federal laws listed in that statute.
9	(3) In a:
10	(A) jury trial, a jury publicly announces a verdict against the
11	person for a felony;
12	(B) bench trial, the court publicly announces a verdict against
13	the person for a felony; or
14	(C) guilty plea hearing, the person pleads guilty or nolo
15	contendere to a felony.
16	(4) The person has been removed from the office the candidate
17	seeks under Article 7, Section 11 or Article 7, Section 13 of the
18	Constitution of the State of Indiana.
19	(5) The person is a member of the United States armed forces on
20	active duty and prohibited by the United States Department of
21	Defense from being a candidate. or
22	(6) The person is subject to:
23	(A) 5 U.S.C. 1502 (the Little Hatch Act); or
24	(B) 5 U.S.C. 7321-7326 (the Hatch Act);
25	and would violate either federal statute by becoming or remaining
26	the candidate of a political party for nomination or election to an
27	elected office or a political party office.
28	(7) The office is a township office described in IC 36-6-10-2
29	and the person is disqualified from being a candidate for the
30	office under IC 36-6-10-4.
31	(e) The subsequent reduction of a felony to a Class A misdemeanor
32	under IC 35 after the:
33	(1) jury has announced its verdict against the person for a felony;
34	(2) court has announced its verdict against the person for a felony;
35	or
36	(3) person has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony;
37	does not affect the operation of subsection (d).
38	SECTION 2. IC 3-12-1-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
39	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 20. (a) This section does not apply in a
41	county containing a consolidated city.
42	(b) This section applies to an election for either of the following:
_	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



1 (1) A township trustee. 2 (2) A member of a township board. 3 (c) IC 36-6-10 applies to determining the result of an election 4 described in subsection (b). 5 SECTION 3. IC 3-13-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 6 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. A vacancy in 7 a township office that was last held by a person elected or selected as 8 a candidate of a major political party of the state shall be filled by a 9 caucus under IC 3-13-11. However, section 1.3 of this chapter 10 applies to the filling of a vacancy by a caucus under IC 3-13-11 for 11 a vacancy described in: 12 (1) IC 36-6-10-5(b)(3)(B)(i); or 13 (2) IC 36-6-10-6(b)(3)(B)(i). 14 SECTION 4. IC 3-13-10-1.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 15 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1.3. (a) This chapter does not apply in a 16 17 county containing a consolidated city. (b) As used in this section, "immediate family member" has the 18 19 meaning set forth in IC 36-6-10-3. 20 (c) An individual who is an immediate family member of 21 another individual who serves on the township board may not be 22 selected to fill a vacancy in the office of township trustee of that 23 township. 24 (d) An individual who is an immediate family member of 25 another individual who serves either as: 26 (1) the township trustee; or 27 (2) a member of the township board; 28 may not be selected to fill a vacancy in the office of township board 29 of that township. 30 SECTION 5. IC 36-6-6-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, 31 SECTION 192, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 32 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.3. (a) This section does not 33 apply to a township board in a county containing a consolidated city. 34 (b) During the year preceding a general election for the members of 35 the township board conducted under section 2 of this chapter, a township board may adopt a resolution under this section to provide for 36 37 the staggering of the terms of its members. 38 (c) The resolution described in subsection (b) must provide all the 39 following: (1) That, notwithstanding section 2 of this chapter, the terms of 40 41 the board members elected at the next general election must be as 42 follows:

2020

1 (A) The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes 2 among all the candidates at the election, subject to 3 IC 36-6-10, shall serve a four (4) year term, beginning on 4 January 1 after the next general election. 5 (B) The candidate who receives the second greatest number of 6 votes among all the candidates at the election, subject to 7 IC 36-6-10, shall serve a two (2) year term, beginning on 8 January 1 after the next general election. 9 (C) The candidate who receives the third greatest number of 10 votes among all the candidates at the election, subject to IC 36-6-10, shall serve a two (2) year term, beginning on 11 12 January 1 after the next general election. 13 (2) That the term of office of each board member elected after the 14 first election after adoption of the resolution is four (4) years, 15 beginning January 1 after each board member's general election. 16 (d) If a township board adopts a resolution under this section, 17 election of the board members must occur at the elections as provided 18 in the resolution. 19 (e) If fewer candidates are elected than the number of board 20 members to be elected, the incumbent board member or members that hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State 21 22 of Indiana shall be determined under IC 3-13-10-6.5 by the county 23 executive. The county executive shall determine the length of the term 24 of each incumbent board member if more than one (1) incumbent board 25 member continues to hold office under Article 15, Section 3 of the 26 Constitution of the State of Indiana. The county executive shall 27 consider any applicable language in the resolution adopted by the 28 township in making this determination. 29 (f) If a tie occurs among the candidates for an office elected under 30 subsection (c), the tie is resolved under IC 3-12-9-4. The authority 31 resolving the tie determines the length of the term in accordance with 32 subsection (c) for a person selected to fill an office under this 33 subsection. 34 (g) A township board may repeal a resolution adopted under 35 subsection (b) subject to the following: 36 (1) The resolution may not be repealed earlier than twelve (12) 37 years after the resolution was adopted. 38 (2) The resolution may be repealed only in a year in which an 39 election for members of the township board is not held. 40 (3) The resolution must provide for the election of all members of 41 the township board at the next general election. Notwithstanding 42 subsection (c)(2) and section 2 of this chapter, the term of all the



1	members of the township board ends January 1 after the next
2	general election.
2 3	(4) The term of office of the members elected at the next general
4	election is four (4) years, beginning January 1 after that general
5	election.
6	(h) A resolution described in subsection (b) or a resolution repealing
7	a resolution previously adopted under subsection (b):
8	(1) must be filed with the circuit court clerk before January 1 of
9	a year in which an election of board members is scheduled to be
10	held; and
11	(2) takes effect when the ordinance is filed with the circuit court
12	clerk.
13	SECTION 6. IC 36-6-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
14	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JANUARY 1, 2021]:
16	Chapter 10. Township Elections Involving Immediate Family
17	Members
18	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply in a county containing a
19	consolidated city.
20	Sec. 2. This chapter applies only to the election of the following:
21	(1) A township trustee.
22	(2) A member of a township board.
${23}$	Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "immediate family member"
24	refers only to any of the following relatives of an individual:
25	(1) A parent.
26	(2) A sibling.
27	(3) A spouse.
28	(4) A child.
29	(b) A relative by adoption, half-blood, marriage, or remarriage
30	is considered as a relative of whole kinship.
31	Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to an individual if:
32	(1) the individual's immediate family member is the township
33	trustee or a member of the township board; and
34	(2) that immediate family member's term of office does not
35	expire on January 1 following the election.
36	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, an individual described in
37	subsection (a) is disqualified from being a candidate for election:
38	(1) for township trustee of that township; or
39	(2) to the township board of that township.
40	Sec. 5. (a) This section applies if:
41	(1) a candidate for election to the township board is elected to
42	the township board; and



1	
1	(2) an immediate family member of the candidate described
2 3	in subdivision (1) is elected as the township trustee of the same
3 4	township at that election. (b) Notwithstanding IC 3 or any other law, in the sizewestance
4 5	(b) Notwithstanding IC 3 or any other law, in the circumstance
6	described in subsection (a), the following apply:
0 7	(1) The candidate described in subsection $(a)(1)$ may not
8	assume office as a member of the township board.
8 9	(2) The candidate who:(A) is a member of the same political party as the
9 10	(A) is a member of the same pointcar party as the candidate described in subsection (a)(1); and
11	(B) received the next greatest number of votes after the
12	candidate described in subsection (a)(1);
12	is elected to the township board, unless subsection (a)(2) also
14	applies to that candidate, in which case this subdivision in
15	turn applies to that candidate. However, if the candidate
16	described in subsection (a)(1) is not a candidate of a major
17	political party, the office is considered vacant and the vacancy
18	shall be filled as provided in IC 3-13-10.
19	(3) If application of subdivisions (1) and (2) results in fewer
20	candidates than there are township board members to be
21	elected at that election, the following apply to each township
22	board office for which no candidate is elected under this
23	section:
24	(A) The office is considered vacant.
25	(B) The vacancy shall be filled as provided in:
26	(i) IC 3-13-11 or IC 3-13-10, as applicable; and
27	(ii) if applicable, IC 36-6-6-2.3(e).
28	Sec. 6. (a) This section applies if two (2) or more individuals are:
29	(1) immediate family members; and
30	(2) candidates for election to the same township board at the
31	same election.
32	(b) Notwithstanding IC 3 or any other law, in the circumstance
33	described in subsection (a), the following apply:
34	(1) Only the immediate family member who receives the
35	greatest number of votes among the immediate family
36	members is considered elected, subject to subdivision (2).
37	(2) The candidate described in subdivision (1) is elected only
38	if that candidate's vote total, when compared to the vote totals
39	of all other candidates who are not immediate family
40	members of that candidate, would result in that candidate's
41	election.
42	(3) If application of subdivisions (1) and (2) results in fewer

1	candidates than there are township board members to be
2	elected at that election, the following apply to each township
3	board office for which no candidate is elected under this
4	section:
5	(A) The office is considered vacant.
6	(B) The vacancy shall be filled as provided in:
7	(i) IC 3-13-11, if the candidate for whom the vacancy to
8	be filled is a member of a major political party, or
9	IC 3-13-10, if the candidate for whom the vacancy to be
10	filled is not a member of a major political party; and
11	(ii) if applicable, IC 36-6-6-2.3(e).

