HOUSE BILL No. 1559

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-31.5-2; IC 35-47-4.

Synopsis: Surrender of firearms for domestic violence crimes. Provides that a person who: (1) has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence; and (2) knowingly or intentionally possesses a firearm; commits possession of a firearm by a domestic batterer, a Class A misdemeanor. Provides certain defenses. Requires a court to issue an order, upon entry of a judgment of conviction for a crime of domestic battery or a crime of domestic violence, that: (1) prohibits ownership or possession of a firearm until the defendant's right to possess a firearm is restored; and (2) requires the defendant to surrender: (A) any firearm owned or possessed by the defendant; and (B) any valid license or permit to carry a handgun (license); to a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer with jurisdiction over the area where the defendant's offense occurred, where the defendant resides, or where the defendant plans to reside. Requires a court to order an appropriate law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer to seize, within 72 hours, any firearm or license owned or possessed by a defendant convicted of domestic battery or a crime of domestic violence. Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally fails to surrender: (1) all firearms owned or possessed by the person; or (2) any valid license or permit to carry a handgun possessed by the person; after being convicted of domestic battery or a crime of domestic violence commits unlawful retention of a firearm or license by a domestic batterer, a Class A misdemeanor. Enhances the offense to a Level 6 felony if the person has a prior unrelated conviction for the offense. Provides certain defenses. Specifies how a confiscated firearm or license shall be: (1) returned to the rightful owner; or (2) disposed of; if a defendant's right to possess a firearm is restored. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

Smith V

January 17, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1559

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-31.5-2-78, AS AMENDED BY P.L.181-2014,
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 78. "Crime of domestic violence", for purposes of
4	IC 5-2-6.1, IC 35-38-9, and IC 35-47-4-7, IC 35-47-4, means an
5	offense or the attempt to commit an offense that:
6	(1) has as an element the:
7	(A) use of physical force; or
8	(B) threatened use of a deadly weapon; and
9	(2) is committed against a:
10	(A) current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the
11	defendant;
12	(B) person with whom the defendant shared a child in
13	common;
14	(C) person who was cohabiting with or had cohabited with the
15	defendant as a spouse, parent, or guardian; or
16	(D) person who was or had been similarly situated to a spouse,
17	parent, or guardian of the defendant.



1	SECTION 2. IC 35-31.5-2-183, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-2018,
2	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 183. (a) "Law enforcement agency," for purposes
4	of receiving information concerning a violation of IC 35-42-3.5-1
5	through IC 35-42-3.5-1.4 (human trafficking), means:
6	(1) an agency or department of:
7	(A) the state; or
8	(B) a political subdivision of the state;
9	whose principal function is the apprehension of criminal
10	offenders; and
11	(2) the attorney general.
12	(b) "Law enforcement agency", for purposes of IC 35-47-4 and
13	IC 35-47-15, has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47-15-2.
14	SECTION 3. IC 35-31.5-2-187.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
15	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 187.4. "License", for purposes of
17	IC 35-47-4-6.3 and IC 35-47-4-6.5, has the meaning set forth in
18	IC 35-47-4-6.3(a)(3).
19	SECTION 4. IC 35-31.5-2-319.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 319.5. "Surrender", for purposes
22	of IC 35-47-4-6.3 and IC 35-47-4-6.5, has the meaning set forth in
23	IC 35-47-4-6.3(a)(4).
24	SECTION 5. IC 35-47-4-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.118-2007,
25	SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 6. (a) A person who has been convicted of:
27	(1) domestic battery under IC 35-42-2-1.3; or
28	(2) a crime of domestic violence (as defined in
29	IC 35-31.5-2-78);
30	and who knowingly or intentionally possesses a firearm commits
31	unlawful possession of a firearm by a domestic batterer, a Class A
32	misdemeanor.
33	(b) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that:
34	(1) the person's right to possess a firearm has been restored under
35	IC 35-47-4-7; section 7 of this chapter; or
36	(2) the person, at the time of the commission of the offense,
37	was:
38	(A) subject to a written court order under section 6.5 of
39	this chapter; and
40	(B) awaiting confiscation of the firearm by an appropriate
41	law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer as
42	described in section 6.5(b) of this chapter.



1	SECTION 6. IC 35-47-4-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2019]: Sec. 6.3. (a) The following definitions apply throughou
4	this section:
5	(1) "Crime of domestic violence" has the meaning set forth in
6	IC 35-31.5-2-78.
7	(2) "Domestic batterer" means a person:
8	(A) who has been convicted of domestic battery
9	(IC 35-42-2-1.3) or a crime of domestic violence; and
10	(B) whose right to possess a firearm has not been restored
11	under section 7 of this chapter.
12	(3) "License" means any license or permit to carry a
13	handgun.
14	(4) "Surrender" means to make available for confiscation by
15	a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer having
16	jurisdiction over one (1) or more of the following:
17	(A) The location of the offense.
18	(B) The location of the defendant's residence.
19	(C) The location of the defendant's residence during the
20	pendency of the defendant's sentence.
21	(b) A domestic batterer who knowingly or intentionally fails to
22	surrender any:
23	(1) firearm; or
24	(2) license;
25	owned or possessed by the domestic batterer commits unlawfu
26	retention of a firearm or license by a domestic batterer, a Class A
27	misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Level 6 felony if the person
28	has a prior unrelated conviction for an offense under this section
29	(c) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that:
30	(1) a court did not issue a written order described in section
31	6.5(a) of this chapter before the domestic batterer's failure to
32	surrender any firearm or license owned or possessed by the
33	domestic batterer; or
34	(2) the appropriate law enforcement agency or law
35	enforcement officer failed to confiscate a firearm or license
36	eligible for confiscation under this section in a timely manner
37	(d) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that a
38	firearm or license subject to confiscation by a law enforcemen
39	agency or a law enforcement officer under this section was in the
40	possession of a third party not specified in the court order
41	described in section 6.5(a) of this chapter.

(e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent a



1	person who is:
2	(1) the rightful owner of a firearm confiscated under this
3	section; and
4	(2) not otherwise disqualified or prohibited from owning or
5	possessing a firearm under state or federal law;
6	from reclaiming a confiscated firearm from the law enforcement
7	agency or law enforcement officer responsible for originally
8	confiscating the firearm.
9	SECTION 7. IC 35-47-4-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
10	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
l 1	1, 2019]: Sec. 6.5. (a) A court, upon entering a judgment of
12	conviction for domestic battery or a crime of domestic violence,
13	shall issue a written order that does the following:
14	(1) Prohibits the defendant from owning or possessing a
15	firearm.
16	(2) Requires the defendant to surrender all firearms and
17	licenses owned or possessed by the defendant.
18	(3) Orders an appropriate law enforcement:
19	(A) agency; or
20	(B) officer;
21	to confiscate all firearms and all licenses owned or possessed
22	by the defendant.
23	(4) Advises the defendant of the rights described in section 7
24	of this chapter.
25	(b) A law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer
26	subject to a written court order described in subsection (a) shall
27	comply with subsection (a) not later than seventy-two (72) hours
28	after receipt of the written court order described in subsection (a).
29	SECTION 8. IC 35-47-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.181-2014,
30	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 7. (a) Notwithstanding IC 35-47-2, IC 35-47-2.5,
32	the restoration of the right to serve on a jury under IC 33-28-5-18, the
33	restoration of the right to vote under IC 3-7-13-5, or the expungement
34	of a crime of domestic violence under IC 35-38-9, and except as
35	provided in subsections (b), (c), and (f), a person who has been
36	convicted of a crime of domestic violence may not possess a firearm.
37	(b) Not earlier than five (5) years after the date of conviction, a
38	person who has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence may
39	petition the court for restoration of the person's right to possess a
10	firearm. In determining whether to restore the person's right to possess
1 1	a firearm, the court shall consider the following factors:

(1) Whether the person has been subject to:



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1	(A) a protective order;
2	(B) a no contact order;
3	(C) a workplace violence restraining order; or
4	(D) any other court order that prohibits the person from
5	possessing a firearm.
6	(2) Whether the person has successfully completed a substance
7	abuse program, if applicable.
8	(3) Whether the person has successfully completed a parenting
9	class, if applicable.
10	(4) Whether the person still presents a threat to the victim of the
l 1	crime.
12	(5) Whether there is any other reason why the person should not
13	possess a firearm, including whether the person failed to satisfy
14	a specified condition under subsection (c) or whether the person
15	has committed a subsequent offense.
16	(c) The court may condition the restoration of a person's right to
17	possess a firearm upon the person's satisfaction of specified conditions.
18	(d) If the court denies a petition for restoration of the right to
19	possess a firearm, the person may not file a second or subsequent
20	petition until one (1) year has elapsed after the filing of the most recent
21	petition.
22	(e) A person has not been convicted of a crime of domestic violence
	for purposes of subsection (a) if the person has been pardoned.
24	(f) The right to possess a firearm shall be restored to a person whose
23 24 25 26	conviction is reversed on appeal or on postconviction review at the
26	earlier of the following:
27	(1) At the time the prosecuting attorney states on the record that
28	the charges that gave rise to the conviction will not be refiled.
29	(2) Ninety (90) days after the final disposition of the appeal or the
30	postconviction proceeding.
31	(g) If a defendant's right to possess a firearm is restored under
32	this section, any:
33	(1) written court order issued under section 6.5 of this chapter
34	shall be vacated;
35	(2) firearm confiscated under section 6.5 of this chapter shall
36	be:
37	(A) disposed of; or
38	(B) returned to the rightful owner;
39	in the manner described in IC 35-47-3; and
10	(3) valid license confiscated under section 6.5 of this chapter
11	shall be made available to the defendant not later than
12	coverty two (72) hours after the defendant's right to passes



1 a firearm has been restored.

