

# **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 61**

DIGEST OF SB 61 (Updated February 12, 2020 2:11 pm - DI 135)

Citations Affected: IC 16-31.5; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: EMS personnel licensure interstate compact. Implements the emergency medical services personnel licensure interstate compact.

Effective: July 1, 2020.

# Charbonneau, Merritt, Garten, Randolph Lonnie M, Tallian, Zay

(HOUSE SPONSORS — BACON, VERMILION, KIRCHHOFER)

January 6, 2020, read first time and referred to Committee on Homeland Security and Transportation.

January 14, 2020, reported favorably — Do Pass.

January 16, 2020, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.

January 21, 2020, read third time, passed. Yeas 50, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 4, 2020, read first time and referred to Statutory Committee on Interstate and International Cooperation.
February 13, 2020, reported — Do Pass.



Second Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2020)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 61

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-31.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
3	2020]:
4	ARTICLE 31.5. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
5	PERSONNEL LICENSURE INTERSTATE COMPACT
6	Chapter 1. Purpose
7	Sec. 1. In order to protect the public through verification of
8	competency and ensure accountability for patient care related
-	competency and ensure accountability for patient care related
9	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS)
9	1 1
-	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS)
0	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs),
0 1	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs), advanced EMTs, and paramedics. This compact is intended to
0 1 2	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs), advanced EMTs, and paramedics. This compact is intended to facilitate the day to day movement of EMS personnel across state
0 1 2 3	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs), advanced EMTs, and paramedics. This compact is intended to facilitate the day to day movement of EMS personnel across state boundaries in the performance of their EMS duties as assigned by
0 1 2 3 4	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs), advanced EMTs, and paramedics. This compact is intended to facilitate the day to day movement of EMS personnel across state boundaries in the performance of their EMS duties as assigned by an appropriate authority and authorize state EMS offices to afford
0 1 2 3 4 5	activities, all states license emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, such as emergency medical technicians (EMTs), advanced EMTs, and paramedics. This compact is intended to facilitate the day to day movement of EMS personnel across state boundaries in the performance of their EMS duties as assigned by an appropriate authority and authorize state EMS offices to afford immediate legal recognition to EMS personnel licensed in a



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licensing	and regulation	of EMS	personnel	and that	such st	ate
regulation	shared among t	the memb	oer states w	ill best pro	tect pul	blic
health and	d safetv.					

- Sec. 2. This compact is designed to achieve the following purposes and objectives:
  - (1) Increase public access to EMS personnel.
  - (2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety, especially patient safety.
  - (3) Encourage the cooperation of member states in the areas of EMS personnel licensure and regulation.
  - (4) Support licensing of military members who are separating from an active duty tour and their spouses.
  - (5) Facilitate the exchange of information between member states regarding EMS personnel licensure, adverse action, and significant investigatory information.
  - (6) Promote compliance with the laws governing EMS personnel practice in each member state.
  - (7) Invest all member states with the authority to hold EMS personnel accountable through the mutual recognition of member state licenses.

#### **Chapter 2. Definitions**

- Sec. 1. As used in this article, "advanced emergency medical technician" or "AEMT" means an individual licensed with cognitive knowledge and a scope of practice that corresponds to that level in the National EMS Education Standards and National EMS Scope of Practice Model.
- Sec. 2. As used in this article, "adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which may be imposed against licensed EMS personnel by a state EMS authority or state court, including, but not limited to, actions against an individual's license, such as revocation, suspension, probation, consent agreement, monitoring, or other limitation or encumbrance on the individual's practice, letters of reprimand or admonition, fines, criminal convictions, and state court judgments enforcing adverse actions by the state EMS authority.
- Sec. 3. As used in this article, "alternative program" means a voluntary, nondisciplinary substance abuse recovery program approved by a state EMS authority.
- Sec. 4. As used in this article, "certification" means the successful verification of entry level cognitive and psychomotor competency using a reliable, validated, and legally defensible



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1	examination.
2	Sec. 5. As used in this article, "commission" means the national
3	administrative body, of which all states that have enacted the
4	compact are members.
5	Sec. 6. As used in this article, "emergency medical technician"
6	or "EMT" means an individual licensed with cognitive knowledge
7	and a scope of practice that corresponds to that level in the
8	National EMS Education Standards and the National EMS Scope
9	of Practice Model.
10	Sec. 7. As used in this article, "home state" means a member
11	state where an individual is licensed to practice emergency medical
12	services.
13	Sec. 8. As used in this article, "license" means the authorization
14	by a state for an individual to practice as an EMT, AEMT,
15	paramedic, or a level between EMT and paramedic.
16	Sec. 9. As used in this article, "medical director" means a
17	physician licensed in a member state who is accountable for the
18	care delivered by EMS personnel.
19	Sec. 10. As used in this article, "member state" means a state
20	that has enacted this compact.
21	Sec. 11. As used in this article, "paramedic" means an
22	individual licensed with cognitive knowledge and a scope of
23	practice that corresponds to that level in the National EMS
24	Education Standards and the National EMS Scope of Practice
25	Model.
26	Sec. 12. As used in this article, "privilege to practice" means an
27	individual's authority to deliver emergency medical services in
28	remote states as authorized under this compact.
29	Sec. 13. As used in this article, "remote state" means a member
30	state in which an individual is not licensed.
31	Sec. 14. As used in this article, "restricted" means the outcome
32	of an adverse action that limits a license or the privilege to
33	practice.
34	Sec. 15. As used in this article, "rule" means a written statement
35	by the interstate commission promulgated under IC 16-31.5-12
36	that:
37	(1) is of general applicability;
38	(2) implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision
39	of the compact; or
40	(3) is an organizational, a procedural, or a practice

requirement of the commission and has the force and effect of

statutory law in a member state and includes the amendment,



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1	repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
2	Sec. 16. As used in this article, "scope of practice" means
3	defined parameters of various duties or services that may be
4	provided by an individual with specific credentials. Whether
5	regulated by rule, statute, or court decision, the term tends to
6	represent the limits of services an individual may perform.
7	Sec. 17. As used in this article, "significant investigatory
8	information" means investigative information that:
9	(1) a state EMS authority, after a preliminary inquiry that
10	includes notification and an opportunity to respond if
11	required by state law, has a reason to believe, if true, would
12	result in the imposition of an adverse action on a license or
13	privilege to practice; or
14	(2) indicates that the individual represents an immediate
15	threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the
16	individual has been notified and has an opportunity to
17	respond.
18	Sec. 18. As used in this article, "state" means any state,
19	commonwealth, district, or territory of the United States.
20	Sec. 19. As used in this article, "state EMS authority" means the
21	board, office, or other agency with the legislative mandate to
22	license EMS personnel.
23	Chapter 3. Home State Licensure
24	Sec. 1. Any member state in which an individual holds a current
25	license shall be deemed a home state for purposes of this compact.
26	Sec. 2. Any member state may require an individual to obtain
27	and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the member
28	state under circumstances not authorized by the privilege to
29	practice under the terms of this compact.
30	Sec. 3. A home state's license authorizes an individual to
31	practice in a remote state under the privilege to practice only if the
32	home state:
33	(1) currently requires the use of the National Registry of
34	Emergency Medical Technicians (NREMT) examination as a
35	condition of issuing initial licenses at the EMT and paramedic
36	level;
37	(2) has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating
38	complaints about individuals;
39	(3) notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms
40	herein, of any adverse action or significant investigatory
41	information regarding an individual;

(4) not later than five (5) years after activation of the



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1	compact, requires a criminal background check of all
2	applicants for initial licensure, including the use of the results
3	of fingerprint or other biometric data checks compliant with
4	the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation with
5	the exception of federal employees who have suitability
6	determination in accordance with 5 CFR 731.202 and submit
7	documentation of such as promulgated in the rules of the
8	commission; and
9	(5) complies with the rules of the commission.
10	Chapter 4. Compact Privilege to Practice
11	Sec. 1. Member states shall recognize the privilege to practice of
12	an individual licensed in another member state that is in
13	conformance with this article.
14	Sec. 2. To exercise the privilege to practice under the terms and
15	provisions of this compact, an individual must:

- (1) be at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- (2) possess a current unrestricted license in a member state as an EMT, an AEMT, a paramedic, or a state recognized and licensed level with a scope of practice and authority between EMT and paramedic; and
- (3) practice under the supervision of a medical director.
- Sec. 3. An individual providing patient care in a remote state under the privilege to practice shall function within the scope of practice authorized by the home state unless and until modified by an appropriate authority in the remote state as may be defined in the rules of the commission.
- Sec. 4. Except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, an individual practicing in a remote state will be subject to the remote state's authority and laws. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, restrict, suspend, or revoke an individual's privilege to practice in the remote state and may take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of the remote state's citizens. If a remote state takes action, the remote state shall promptly notify the home state and the commission.
- Sec. 5. If an individual's license in any home state is restricted or suspended, the individual shall not be eligible to practice in a remote state until the privilege to practice under the individual's home state license is restored.
- Sec. 6. If an individual's privilege to practice in any remote state is restricted, suspended, or revoked, the individual shall not be eligible to practice in any remote state until that individual's privilege to practice is restored.



1	<b>Chapter 5. Conditions of Practice in a Remote State</b>
2	Sec. 1. An individual may practice in a remote state under a
3	privilege to practice only in the performance of the individual's
4	EMS duties as assigned by an appropriate authority, as defined in
5	the rules of the commission and under the following circumstances
6	(1) The individual originates a patient transport in a homo
7	state and transports the patient to a remote state.
8	(2) The individual originates in the home state and enters a
9	remote state to pick up a patient and provide care and
10	transport of the patient to the home state.
11	(3) The individual enters a remote state to provide patien
12	care or transport within that remote state.
13	(4) The individual enters a remote state to pick up a patien
14	and provide care and transport to a third member state.
15	(5) Other conditions as determined by rules promulgated by
16	the commission.
17	Chapter 6. Relationship to Emergency Management Assistance
18	Compact
19	Sec. 1. Upon a member state's governor's declaration of a state
20	of emergency or disaster that activates the Emergency
21	Management Assistance Compact (EMAC), all relevant terms and
22	provisions of EMAC shall apply and to the extent any terms of
23	provisions of this compact conflict with EMAC, the terms of
24	EMAC shall prevail with respect to any individual practicing in the
25	remote state in response to such declarations.
26	Chapter 7. Veterans, Service Members Separating from Active
27	<b>Duty Military, and Their Spouses</b>
28	Sec. 1. Member states shall consider:
29	(1) a veteran;
30	(2) an active military service member;
31	(3) a member of the National Guard and reserves separating
32	from an active duty tour; and
33	(4) a spouse of an individual described in subdivisions (1)
34	through (3);
35	who holds a current valid and unrestricted NREMT certification
36	at or above the level of the state license being sought as satisfying
37	the minimum training and examination requirements for the
38	licensure.
39	Sec. 2. Member states shall expedite the processing of licensure
40	applications submitted by:
41	(1) veterans;
42	(2) active military service members;



(3) members of the National Guard and reserves, separating

2	from an active duty; and
3	(4) the spouse of an individual described in subdivisions (1)
4	through (3).
5	Sec. 3. All individuals functioning with a privilege to practice
6	under this chapter remain subject to the adverse action provisions
7	of IC 16-31.5-8.
8	Chapter 8. Adverse Actions
9	Sec. 1. A home state shall have exclusive power to impose
10	adverse action against an individual's license issued by the home
11	state.
12	Sec. 2. If an individual's license in any home state is restricted
13	or suspended, the individual shall not be eligible to practice in a
14	remote state under the privilege to practice until the individual's
15	home state license is restored.
16	Sec. 3. (a) All home state adverse action orders shall include a
17	statement that the individual's compact privileges are inactive. The
18	order may allow the individual to practice in remote states with
19	prior written authorization from both the home state and remote
20	state's EMS authority.
21	(b) An individual currently subject to adverse action in the
22	home state shall not practice in any remote state without prior
23	authorization from both the home state and remote state's EMS
24	authority.
25	Sec. 4. A member state shall report adverse actions and any
26	occurrences that the individual's compact privileges are restricted
27	suspended, or revoked to the commission in accordance with the
28	rules of the commission.
29	Sec. 5. A remote state may take adverse action on an
30	individual's privilege to practice within that state.
31	Sec. 6. Any member state may take adverse action against an
32	individual's privilege to practice in that state based on the factual
33	findings of another member state, so long as each state follows its
34	own procedures for imposing the adverse action.
35	Sec. 7. A home state's EMS authority shall investigate and take
36	appropriate action with respect to reported conduct in a remote
37	state as the home state would if the conduct had occurred within
38	the home state. In such cases, the home state's law shall control in
39	determining the appropriate adverse action.
40	Sec. 8. (a) Nothing in this compact shall override a member

state's decision that participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and that participation shall remain



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- (b) Member states must require individuals who enter any alternative programs to agree not to practice in any other member state during the term of the alternative program without prior authorization from such other member state.
- Chapter 9. Additional Powers Invested in a Member State's EMS Authority
- Sec. 1. (a) A member state's EMS authority, in addition to any other powers granted under state law, is authorized under this compact to issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence.
- (b) Subpoenas issued by a member state's EMS authority for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another member state, or both, shall be enforced in the remote state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in considering subpoenas issued in its own proceedings.
- (c) The issuing state EMS authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence, or both, are located.
- Sec. 2. A member state's EMS authority, in addition to any other powers granted under state law, is authorized under this compact to issue cease and desist orders to restrict, suspend, or revoke an individual's privilege to practice in the state.
- **Chapter 10. Establishment of the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice**
- Sec. 1. The compact states hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice.
- Sec. 2. (a) The commission is a body politic and an instrumentality of the compact states.
- (b) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
- (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
  - Sec. 3. (a) Each member state shall have and be limited to one



- (1) delegate. The responsible official of the state EMS authority or the official's designee shall be the delegate to this compact for each member state. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the delegate is appointed.
- (b) Any vacancy occurring in the commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the member state in which the vacancy exists. In the event that more than one (1) board, office, or other agency with the legislative mandate to license EMS personnel at and above the level of EMT exists, the governor of the state will determine which entity will be responsible for assigning the delegate.
- (c) Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission. A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
- Sec. 4. (a) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
- (b) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in IC 16-31.5-12.
- (c) The commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission must discuss the following:
  - (1) Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under the compact.
  - (2) The employment, compensation, discipline, or other personnel matters, practice, or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal personnel practice and procedures.
  - (3) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation.
  - (4) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services, or real estate.
  - (5) Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person.
  - (6) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.
  - (7) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of



1	personal privacy.
2	(8) Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law
3	enforcement purposes.
4	(9) Disclosure of information related to any investigatory
5	reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the
6	commission or other committee charged with responsibility of
7	investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant
8	to the compact.
9	(10) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal
10	or member state statute.
11	(d) If a meeting or portion of a meeting is closed pursuant to this
12	section, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that
13	the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant
14	exempting provision.
15	(e) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly
16	describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full
17	and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore,
18	including a description of the views expressed. All documents
19	considered in connection with an action shall be identified in the
20	minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall
21	remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the
22	commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
23	Sec. 5. The commission shall, by a majority vote of the delegates,
24	prescribe bylaws or rules, or both, to govern the commission's
25	conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
26	purposes and exercise the powers of the compact, including, but
27	not limited to, the following:
28	(1) Establishing the fiscal year of the commission.
29	(2) Providing reasonable standards and procedures:
30	(A) for the establishment and meetings of other
31	committees; and
32	(B) governing any general or specific delegation of any
33	authority or function of the commission.
34	(3) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
35	conducting meetings of the commission, ensuring reasonable
36	advance notice of all meetings, and providing an opportunity
37	for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with
38	enumerated exceptions designed to protect the public's
39	interest, the privacy of individuals, and proprietary
40	information, including trade secrets. The commission may
41	meet in closed session only after a majority of the membership

votes to close a meeting in whole or in part. As soon as



1	practicable, the commission must make public a copy of the
2	vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of each member
3	with no proxy votes allowed.
4	(4) Establishing the titles, duties and authority, and
5	reasonable procedures of the election of the officers of the
6	commission.
7	(5) Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the
8	establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the
9	commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other
10	similar laws of any member state, the bylaws shall exclusively
11	govern the personnel policies and programs of the
12	commission.
13	(6) Promulgating a code of ethics to address permissible and
14	prohibited activities of commission members and employees.
15	(7) Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of
16	the commission and the equitable disposition of any surplus
17	funds that may exist after the termination of the compact
18	after the payment or reserving of all the commission's debts
19	and obligations, or both.
20	Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall publish the commission's
21	bylaws and file a copy thereof, and a copy of any amendment
22	thereto, with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the
23	member states, if any.
24	(b) The commission shall maintain the commission's financial
25	records in accordance with the bylaws.
26	Sec. 7. The commission shall meet and take such actions as are
27	consistent with the provisions of this compact and the bylaws.
28	Sec. 8. The commission shall have the following powers:
29	(1) To promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate
30	implementation and administration of this compact. The rules
31	shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in
32	all member states.
33	(2) To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the
34	name of the commission, provided that the standing of any
35	state EMS authority or other regulatory body responsible for
36	EMS personnel licensure to sue or be sued under applicable
37	law shall not be affected.
38	(3) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
39	(4) To borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel,
40	including, but not limited to, employees of a member state.
41	(5) To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix

compensation, define duties, grant such individuals



1	appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the
2	compact, and to establish the commission's personnel policies
3	and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications
4	of personnel, and other related personnel matters.
5	(6) To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of
6	money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to
7	receive, utilize, and dispose of the same, provided that at all
8	times the commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of
9	impropriety or conflict of interest, or both.
10	(7) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations
11	of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property,
12	real, personal, or mixed, provided that at all times the
13	commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of
14	impropriety.
15	(8) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
16	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
17	or mixed.
18	(9) To establish a budget and make expenditures.
19	(10) To borrow money.
20	(11) To appoint committees, including advisory committees
21	comprised of members, state regulators, state legislators or
22	their representatives, consumer representatives, and such
23	other interested persons as may be designated in this compact
24	and the bylaws.
25	(12) To provide and receive information from, and to
26	cooperate with, law enforcement agencies.
27	(13) To adopt and use an official seal.
28	(14) To perform such other functions as may be necessary or
29	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent
30	with the state regulation of EMS personnel licensure and
31	practice.
32	Sec. 9. (a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment
33	of, the reasonable expenses of the commission's establishment,
34	organization, and ongoing activities.
35	(b) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue
36	sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies,
37	materials, and services.
38	(c) The commission may levy on and collect an annual

assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties

to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission

and the commission's staff, which must be in a total amount

sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for



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which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.

- (d) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the obligations, nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
- (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under the commission's bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become a part of the annual report of the commission.
- Sec. 10. (a) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability, or both, for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
- (b) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining the person's own counsel, and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- (c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of



the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

### **Chapter 11. Coordinated Data Base**

- Sec. 1. The commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a coordinated data base and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and significant investigatory information on all licensed individuals in member states.
- Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the coordinated data base on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable as required by the rules of the commission, including the following:
  - (1) Identifying information.
- (2) Licensure data.

- (3) Significant investigatory information.
- (4) Adverse actions against an individual's license.
- (5) An indicator that an individual's privilege to practice is restricted, suspended, or revoked.
- (6) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program participants.
- (7) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reasons for such denial.
- (8) Other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact, as determined by the rules of the commission.
- Sec. 3. The coordinated data base administrator shall promptly notify all member states of any adverse action taken against, or significant investigative information on, any individual in a member state.
- Sec. 4. Member states contributing information to the coordinated data base may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.
- Sec. 5. Any information submitted to the coordinated data base that is subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the information shall be removed from



1	the coordinated data base.
2	Chapter 12. Rulemaking
3	Sec. 1. The commission shall exercise the commission's
4	rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this chapter
5	and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shal
6	become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment
7	Sec. 2. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states
8	rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same
9	manner used to adopt the compact, then the rule shall have no
10	further force and effect in any member state.
11	Sec. 3. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a
12	regular or special meeting of the commission.
13	Sec. 4. (a) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule by
14	the commission, and at least sixty (60) days in advance of the
15	meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the
16	commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
17	(1) on the Internet web site of the commission; and
18	(2) on the Internet web site of each member state EMS
19	authority or the publication in which each state would
20	otherwise publish proposed rules.
21	(b) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
22	(1) the proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in
23	which the rule will be considered and voted upon;
24	(2) the text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason
25	for the proposed rule;
26	(3) a request for comments on the proposed rule from any
27	interested person; and
28	(4) the manner in which interested persons may submit notice
29	to the commission of their intention to attend the public
30	hearing and any written comments.
31	Sec. 5. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission
32	shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
33	arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
34	Sec. 6. The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
35	hearing before the commission adopts a rule or amendment if a
36	hearing is requested by:
37	(1) at least twenty-five (25) persons;
38	(2) a governmental subdivision or agency; or
39	(3) an association having at least twenty-five (25) members.
40	Sec. 7. (a) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule of
41	amendment, the commission shall publish the place, time, and date



of the scheduled public hearing.

- (b) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
- (c) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
- (d) No transcript of the hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is made, in which case the person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of producing the transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms and conditions as a transcript. This subsection shall not preclude the commission from making a transcript of the recording of the hearing if it so chooses.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this chapter.
- Sec. 8. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- Sec. 9. The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- Sec. 10. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
- Sec. 11. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this chapter shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule. For purposes of this section, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:
  - (1) meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;



1	(2) prevent a loss of commission or member state funds;
2	(3) meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative
3	rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
4	(4) protect public health and safety.
5	Sec. 12. (a) The commission or an authorized committee of the
6	commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or
7	amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors
8	in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public
9	notice of any revisions shall be posted on the Internet web site of
10	the commission.
11	(b) The revisions shall be subject to challenge by any person for
12	a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be
13	challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material
14	change to a rule.
15	(c) A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the
16	chair of the commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no
17	challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further
18	action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect
19	without the approval of the commission.
20	Chapter 13. Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
21	Sec. 1. (a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of
22	state government in each member state shall enforce this compact
23	and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the
24	compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and
25	the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory
26	law.
27	(b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the
28	rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member
29	state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact that may
30	affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the commission.
31	(c) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process
32	in any proceeding described in this section, and shall have standing
33	to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide
34	service of process to the commission shall render a judgment or
35	order void as to the commission, this compact, or promulgated
36	rules.
37	Sec. 2. (a) If the commission determines that a member state has
38	defaulted in the performance of the obligations or responsibilities
39	under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall:
40	(1) provide written notice to the defaulting state and other
41	member states of the nature of the default, the proposed

means of curing the default, or any other action to be taken by



1	the commission; and
2	(2) provide remedial training and specific technical assistance
3	regarding the default.
4	(b) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting
5	state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative

- (b) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of the termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
- (c) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.
- (d) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
- (e) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.
- (f) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has the commission's principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- Sec. 3. (a) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes, as appropriate.
- Sec. 4. (a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of the commission's discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.
- (b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or



the federal district where the commission has the commission's principal offices against a member state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

(c) The remedies under this chapter shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.

Chapter 14. Date of Implementation of the Interstate Commission for EMS Personnel Practice and Associated Rules, Withdrawal, and Amendment

- Sec. 1. The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the compact.
- Sec. 2. Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
- Sec. 3. (a) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact.
- (b) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after enactment of the repealing statute.
- (c) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's EMS authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
- Sec. 4. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any EMS personnel licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
- Sec. 5. This compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until the amendment is enacted into the



1	laws of all member states.
2	Chapter 15. Construction and Severability
3	Sec. 1. This compact shall be liberally construed so as to
4	effectuate the purposes thereof. If this compact shall be held
5	contrary to the constitution of any member state, the compact shall
6	remain in full force and effect as to the remaining member states.
7	Sec. 2. Nothing in this compact supersedes state law or rules
8	related to licensure of EMS agencies.
9	SECTION 2. IC 34-30-2-70.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
10	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2020]: Sec. 70.5. IC 16-31.5-10-10
12	(Concerning the interstate commission for EMS personnel and
13	practice).



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Transportation, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 61, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 61 as introduced.)

CRIDER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 0

### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Statutory Committee on Interstate and International Cooperation, to which was referred Senate Bill 61, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 61 as printed January 15, 2020.)

**BACON** 

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0

