SENATE BILL No. 173

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-31.5-2; IC 35-38-11.

Synopsis: Expungement of addiction related convictions. Establishes a procedure to permit a person: (1) with an addiction disorder related conviction; and (2) who has completed a high intensity residential treatment program; to have the person's addiction disorder related conviction expunged.

Effective: July 1, 2019.

Crider

January 3, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 173

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-31.5-2-3.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3.8. "Addiction disorder related
4	conviction", for purposes of IC 35-38-11, has the meaning set forth
5	in IC 35-38-11-2.
6	SECTION 2. IC 35-31.5-2-152.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2019]: Sec. 152.3. "High intensity residential
9	treatment program", for purposes of IC 35-38-11, has the meaning
0	set forth in IC 35-38-11-2.
1	SECTION 3. IC 35-38-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2019]:
4	Chapter 11. Expungement of Addiction Disorder Related
5	Convictions
6	Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter
7	applies only to a person with an addiction disorder related



1	conviction.
2	(b) This chapter does not apply to a person convicted of:
3	(1) murder;
4	(2) voluntary manslaughter; or
5	(3) a sex offense.
6	Sec. 2. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
7	(1) "Addiction disorder" means a diagnosable chronic
8	substance use disorder of sufficient duration to meet
9	diagnostic criteria in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic
10	and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the
11	American Psychiatric Association.
12	(2) "Addiction disorder related conviction" means a
13	conviction:
14	(A) in which the unlawful possession, distribution,
15	cultivation, or manufacture of a controlled substance is a
16	material element of the offense;
17	(B) in which intoxication or impairment by means of
18	alcohol or a controlled substance is a material element of
19	the offense; or
20	(C) for an offense motivated, in whole or in part, by an
21	addiction disorder.
22	The term includes a conviction for an offense committed with
23	the purpose of obtaining money to purchase a controlled
24	substance.
25	(3) "High intensity residential treatment program" means an
26	inpatient residential treatment program for treatment of
27	mental health and addiction disorders that:
28	(A) is certified by the division of mental health and
29	addiction as providing evidence based mental health and
30	addiction treatment services;
31	(B) provides twenty-four (24) hour inpatient care for a
32	patient in a residential treatment facility with licensed
33	therapists;
34	(C) requires the patient to reside in the residential
35	treatment facility for at least twenty-eight (28) days; and
36	(D) provides follow-up treatment in a transitional facility
37	or on an outpatient basis for at least six (6) months
38	following the patient's discharge from the residential
39	facility.
40	(4) "Sex offense" has the meaning set forth in IC 11-8-8-5.2.
41	Sec. 3. (a) A person who has successfully completed a high

intensity residential treatment program, including successful



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1	completion of at least six (6) months of follow-up treatment
2	following the person's discharge from the residential treatment
3	facility, may petition a court to expunge the person's addiction
4	disorder related conviction records, including records contained
5	in:
6	(1) a court's files;
7	(2) the files of the department of correction;
8	(3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and
9	(4) the files of any other person that provided treatment or
10	services to the petitioning person under a court order;
11	that relate to the person's addiction disorder related conviction.
12	(b) A person who files a petition to expunge addiction disorder
13	related conviction records shall file the petition in the sentencing
14	court in the county of conviction.
15	(c) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that:
16	(1) the person was convicted of an offense described in section
17	2(2) of this chapter;
18	(2) the person has successfully completed a high intensity
19	residential treatment program; and
20	(3) the person has not been charged with another offense;
21	the court may order the addiction disorder related conviction
22	records described in subsection (a) expunged in accordance with
23	section 4 of this chapter. The court may order the expungement of
24	some or all of the person's addiction disorder related convictions.
25	Sec. 4. (a) If a court orders a person's addiction disorder related
26	conviction records expunged under section 3 of this chapter, the
27	court shall do the following with respect to the specific records
28	expunged by the court:
29	(1) Order:
30	(A) the department of correction;
31	(B) the bureau of motor vehicles; and
32	(C) each:
33	(i) law enforcement agency; and
34	(ii) other person;
35	that incarcerated, provided treatment for, or provided
36	other services for the person under an order of a court;
37	to prohibit the release of the person's records or information
38	in the person's records to anyone without a court order, other
39	than a law enforcement officer acting in the course of the
40	officer's official duty.
41	(2) Order the central repository for criminal history
41	. ,
42	information maintained by the state police department to seal



1	the person's expunged conviction records. Records sealed
2	under this subdivision may be disclosed only to:
3	(A) a prosecuting attorney, if:
4	(i) authorized by a court order; and
5	(ii) needed to carry out the official duties of the
6	prosecuting attorney;
7	(B) a defense attorney, if:
8	(i) authorized by a court order; and
9	(ii) needed to carry out the professional duties of the
10	defense attorney;
11	(C) a probation department, if:
12	(i) authorized by a court order; and
13	(ii) necessary to prepare a presentence report;
14	(D) the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the
15	Department of Homeland Security, if disclosure is required
16	to comply with an agreement relating to the sharing of
17	criminal history information;
18	(E) the:
19	(i) supreme court;
20	(ii) members of the state board of law examiners;
21	(iii) executive director of the state board of law
22	examiners; and
23	(iv) employees of the state board of law examiners, in
24	accordance with rules adopted by the state board of law
25	examiners;
26	for the purpose of determining whether an applicant
27	possesses the necessary good moral character for
28	admission to the bar;
29	(F) a person required to access expunged records to
30	comply with the Secure and Fair Enforcement for
31	Mortgage Licensing Act (12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.) or
32	regulations adopted under the Secure and Fair
33	Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing Act; and
34	(G) the bureau of motor vehicles, the Federal Motor
35	Carrier Safety Administration, and the Commercial
36	Drivers License Information System (CDLIS), if disclosure
37	is required to comply with federal law relating to reporting
38	a conviction for a violation of a traffic control law.
39	(3) Notify the clerk of the supreme court to seal any records
40	in the clerk's possession that relate to the conviction.
41	A probation department may provide an unredacted version of a
42	presentence report disclosed under subdivision (2)(C) to any



1	person authorized by law to receive a presentence report.
2	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), if a petition to expunge
3	a person's addiction disorder related conviction records is granted
4	under section 3 of this chapter, the records of:
5	(1) the sentencing court;
6	(2) a juvenile court;
7	(3) a court of appeals; and
8	(4) the supreme court;
9	concerning the person's addiction disorder related conviction shall
10	be permanently sealed. However, a petition for expungement
11	granted under section 3 of this chapter does not affect an existing
12	or pending driver's license suspension.
13	(c) If a petition to expunge addiction disorder related conviction
14	records is granted under section 3 of this chapter with respect to
15	the records of a person who is named as an appellant or an
16	appellee in an opinion or memorandum decision by the supreme
17	court or the court of appeals, the court shall:
18	(1) redact the opinion or memorandum decision as it appears
19	on the computer gateway administered by the office of
20	technology so that it does not include the petitioner's name (in
21	the same manner that opinions involving juveniles are
22	redacted); and
23	(2) provide a redacted copy of the opinion or memorandum
24	decision to any publisher or organization to whom the opinion
25	or memorandum decision is provided after the date of the
26	order of expungement.
27	The supreme court and court of appeals are not required to
28	destroy or otherwise dispose of any existing copy of an opinion or
29	memorandum decision that includes the petitioner's name.
30	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), a prosecuting attorney may
31	submit a written application to a court that granted an
32	expungement petition under this chapter to gain access to any
33	records that were permanently sealed under subsection (b), if the
34	records are relevant in a new prosecution of the person. If a
35	prosecuting attorney who submits a written application under this
36	subsection shows that the records are relevant for a new
37	prosecution of the person, the court that granted the expungement
38	petition shall:
39	(1) order the records to be unsealed; and
40	(2) allow the prosecuting attorney who submitted the written
41	application to have access to the records.

If a court orders records to be unsealed under this subsection, the



court shall	order the records to be permanently resealed at the
earliest pos	ssible time after the reasons for unsealing the records
cease to ex	ist. However, if the records are admitted as evidence
against the	person in a new prosecution that results in the person's
conviction,	or are used to enhance a sentence imposed on the
,	new prosecution, the court is not required to reseal the
records.	•

- (e) If a person whose addiction disorder related conviction records are expunged under section 3 of this chapter is required to register as a sex offender based on the commission of a felony that has been expunged:
 - (1) the expungement does not affect the operation of the sex offender registry Internet web site, any person's ability to access the person's records, records required to be maintained concerning sex or violent offenders, or any registration requirement imposed on the person; and
 - (2) the expunged conviction must be clearly marked as expunged on the sex offender registry Internet web site.
- (f) Expungement of a crime of domestic violence under section 3 of this chapter does not restore a person's right to possess a firearm. The right of a person convicted of a crime of domestic violence to possess a firearm may be restored only in accordance with IC 35-47-4-7.
- (g) If the court issues an order granting a petition for expungement under section 3 of this chapter, the court shall include in its order the information described in section 5(a) of this chapter.
- Sec. 5. (a) A person may seek an expungement under section 3 of this chapter by filing a verified petition for expungement. The petition must include the following:
 - (1) The petitioner's full name and all other legal names or aliases by which the petitioner is or has been known.
 - (2) The petitioner's date of birth.
 - (3) The petitioner's addresses from the date of the offense to the date of the petition.
 - (4) The name and address of the high intensity residential treatment program.
 - (5) The case number or court cause number, if available.
 - (6) The petitioner shall affirm that no criminal investigation or charges are pending against the petitioner.
 - (7) The petitioner shall affirm that the petitioner has not committed another crime within the period required for



1	expungement.
2	(8) The petitioner shall affirm that the petitioner has
3	successfully completed a high intensity residential treatment
4	program.
5	(9) The petitioner shall list all convictions, the cause number
6	of each conviction, if known, the date of the conviction, and
7	any appeals from the conviction and the date any appellate
8	opinion was handed down, if applicable.
9	(10) The petitioner shall separately list the addiction disorder
10	related convictions that the petitioner wishes expunged, with
11	a concise explanation of why these convictions are addiction
12	disorder related convictions.
13	(11) The petitioner shall include:
14	(A) the petitioner's Social Security number;
15	(B) the petitioner's driver's license number;
16	(C) the date of the petitioner's arrest, if applicable; and
17	(D) the date of the petitioner's addiction disorder related
18	conviction.
19	(b) The petitioner may include any other information that the
20	petitioner believes may assist the court.
21	(c) A person who files a petition under this section is required to
22	pay the filing fee required in civil cases. The court may reduce or
23	waive this fee if the person is indigent.
24	(d) The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition upon the
25	prosecuting attorney in accordance with the Indiana Rules of Trial
26	Procedure.
27	(e) The prosecuting attorney shall inform each victim of the
28	offense for which expungement is sought of the victim's rights
29	under IC 35-40-6 by contacting the victim at the victim's last
30	known address.
31	(f) The prosecuting attorney shall reply to the petition not later
32	than thirty (30) days after receipt. If the prosecuting attorney fails
33	to timely reply to the petition:
34	(1) the prosecuting attorney has waived any objection to the
35	petition; and
36	(2) the court shall proceed to consider the petition under
37	section 6 of this chapter.
38	Sec. 6. (a) If the prosecuting attorney does not object or has
39	waived objection to the petition under section 5 of this chapter, the
40	court may grant a petition for expungement under section 3 of this
41	chapter without a hearing.

(b) The court may summarily deny a petition for expungement



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under section 3 of this chapter if the petition does not meet the
requirements of section 5 of this chapter, or if the statements
contained in the petition demonstrate that the petitioner is not
entitled to relief.

- (c) If the prosecuting attorney objects to the petition, the prosecuting attorney shall file the reasons for objecting to the petition with the court and serve a copy of the objections on the petitioner at the time the prosecuting attorney objects to the petition. The court shall set the matter for hearing not sooner than thirty (30) days after service of the petition on the prosecuting attorney.
- (d) A victim of the offense for which expungement is sought may submit an oral or written statement in support of or in opposition to the petition at the time of the hearing.
- (e) At the hearing, the petitioner must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the facts alleged in the verified petition are true.
- Sec. 7. The grant or denial of a petition under this chapter is an appealable final order.
- Sec. 8. A petitioner may seek to expunge more than one (1) addiction disorder related conviction under this chapter at the same time. The petitioner shall consolidate all addiction disorder related convictions that the petitioner wishes to expunge from the same county in one (1) petition. A petitioner who wishes to expunge convictions from separate counties must file a petition in each county in which a conviction was entered.
- Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), it is unlawful discrimination for any person to:
 - (1) suspend;
 - **(2) expel;**

- (3) refuse to employ;
- (4) refuse to admit;
- (5) refuse to grant or renew a license, permit, or certificate necessary to engage in any activity, occupation, or profession; or
- (6) otherwise discriminate against;
- any person because of a conviction or record expunged under this chapter.
- (b) Except as provided in section 4(f) of this chapter, the civil rights of a person whose conviction has been expunged under this chapter shall be fully restored, including the right to vote, to hold public office, to be a proper person under IC 35-47-1-7(2), and to



serve as a juror. (c) A person whose record is expunged under this chapter shall be treated as if the person had never been convicted of the offense. However, upon a subsequent arrest or conviction for an unrelated offense, the prior expunged conviction: (1) may be considered by the court in determining the sentence imposed for the new offense; (2) is a prior unrelated conviction for purposes of: (A) a habitual offender enhancement; and (B) enhancing the new offense based on a prior conviction; and (3) may be admitted as evidence in the proceeding for a new offense as if the conviction had not been expunged. (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), a person that discriminates against a person as described in subsection (a) commits a Class C infraction and may be held in contempt by the court issuing the order of expungement or by any other court of general jurisdiction. (e) Subsection (d) does not apply to a person to whom sealed records may be disclosed under section 4(a)(2) of this chapter. (f) Any person may file a written motion of contempt to bring an alleged violation of this section to the attention of a court. In addition, the person is entitled to injunctive relief. (g) In a judicial or administrative proceeding alleging negligence or other fault, an order of expungement may be introduced as evidence of a person's exercise of due care in hiring, retaining, licensing, certifying, admitting to a school or program, or otherwise transacting business or engaging in activity with a person to whom an order of expungement was issued under this chapter. (h) A conviction that has been expunged under this chapter is not admissible as evidence in an action for negligent hiring, admission, or licensure against a person that relied on the order. (i) An expungement case under this chapter, and all documents filed in the case, become confidential when the court issues an order granting the petition. However, until the court issues an order granting the petition, documents filed in the case are not confide		
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agreement is invalid and unenforceable as against public policy.



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1	(b) This section does not prohibit the finding of a waiver of the
2	right to expungement under this chapter based on a failure to
3	comply with the provisions of this chapter.
4	Sec. 11. The remedies provided by this chapter are in addition
5	to, and separate from, any other expungement remedies provided
6	by law.

