

February 2, 2018

SENATE BILL No. 238

DIGEST OF SB 238 (Updated January 31, 2018 5:32 pm - DI 106)

Citations Affected: IC 2-5; IC 4-23-30.2-9; IC 5-2; IC 5-15-1-1; IC 6-8.1-9.5-12; IC 9-30; IC 11-10-4-3; IC 11-12; IC 11-13; IC 12-23-14; IC 12-26; IC 20-28-5-8; IC 25-23.6-10.1-2; IC 29-3-3-4; IC 31-11-4-18; IC 31-31-10-2; IC 31-32-13-9; IC 31-34-19-6.1; IC 31-37; IC 32-30-10.5; IC 33-23; IC 33-24; IC 33-27-2-7; IC 33-28-3; IC 33-29-2; IC 33-31; IC 33-33; IC 33-34-7-4; IC 33-35-1-1; IC 33-37; IC 33-38; IC 33-39-1-8; IC 33-40-6; IC 34-26; IC 34-28-9.2; IC 35-33-8-3.2; IC 35-33.5-2-5; IC 35-34-1-2; IC 35-36; IC 35-38.

Synopsis: Office of judicial administration. Changes all references to the division of state court administration and the judicial center to the office of judicial administration. Changes all references to the executive director of the division of state court administration and the judicial center to chief administrative officer of the office of judicial administration. Makes various changes to laws governing courts and court officers, including laws concerning evening court sessions, magistrate judges, specialized driving privileges, temporary guardianships, and judicial conference membership. Repeals the law describing the division of state court administration. Repeals the law setting forth the duties of the division of supreme court administration. Repeals the law requiring the judicial center to maintain a roster of instate facilities to provide child services in a residential setting. Makes technical corrections. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 2018.

Bray

January 3, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 1, 2018, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



February 2, 2018

Second Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 238

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 2-5-1.3-17 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2	2018]. Sec. 17. (a) The interim study committee on courts and the
3	judiciary established by section 4(4) of this chapter shall receive
4	reports from the Indiana judicial center concerning the circuit and
5	superior court motion clerk pilot program authorized under
6	IC 33-38-15, if the Indiana judicial center establishes a circuit and
7	superior court motion clerk pilot program.
8	(b) The committee may make recommendations and propose
9	legislation concerning the pilot program.
10	SECTION 2. IC 2-5-36-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2013,
11	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. The commission consists of eighteen (18)
13	members as follows:
14	(1) One (1) legislative member appointed by the speaker of the
15	house of representatives.
16	(2) One (1) legislative member appointed by the minority leader
17	of the house of representatives.



1	(3) One (1) legislative member appointed by the president pro
2	tempore of the senate.
3	(4) One (1) legislative member appointed by the minority leader
4	of the senate.
5	(5) The superintendent of public instruction.
6	(6) The director of the department of child services.
7	(7) One (1) judge or justice with experience in juvenile law
8	appointed by the chief justice of Indiana to serve on the
9	commission for a period of four (4) years.
10	(8) The executive director of the prosecuting attorneys council of
11	Indiana.
12	(9) The executive director of the public defender council of
13	Indiana.
14	(10) The secretary of family and social services.
15	(11) The state health commissioner.
16	(12) The director of the department of correction division of youth
17	services.
18	(13) One (1) representative of the juvenile probation system,
19	appointed by the chief justice of Indiana for a period of four (4)
20	years.
21	(14) The director of the office of management and budget, or the
22	director of the state budget agency, as selected by the governor.
23	(15) A member of the governor's staff, to be appointed by the
24	governor.
25	(16) The executive director chief administrative officer of the
26	division office of state court judicial administration.
27	(17) The director of the division of mental health and addiction.
28	(18) The attorney general, who shall serve as a nonvoting
29	member.
30	SECTION 3. IC 2-5-36-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2017,
31	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. The Indiana office of judicial center
33	administration shall provide support staff for:
34	(1) the commission; and
35	(2) the executive director of the commission.
36	SECTION 4. IC 2-5-36-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.53-2014,
37	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. The commission and this chapter expire
39	January 1, 2019. 2029.
40	SECTION 5. IC 4-23-30.2-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.173-2009,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) The board consists of the following



1	members:
2	(1) The secretary of family and social services, or the secretary's
3	designee.
4	(2) The state superintendent of public instruction, or the state
5	superintendent's designee.
6	(3) The director of the department of child services, or the
7	director's designee.
8	(4) The commissioner of the department of correction, or the
9	commissioner's designee.
10	(5) The director of the Indiana criminal justice institute, or the
11	director's designee.
12	(6) The director of the budget agency, or the director's designee.
13	(7) An executive assistant to the governor designated by the
14	governor, who shall serve as the board's chairperson.
15	(8) The commissioner of the department of workforce
16	development, or the commissioner's designee.
17	(9) The director of the state personnel department, or the
18	director's designee.
19	(10) The director of the civil rights commission, or the director's
20	designee.
21	(11) The director of the division of mental health and addiction or
22	the director's designee.
23	(12) The director of the office of Medicaid policy and planning or
24	the director's designee.
25	(13) A representative of the Indiana office of judicial eenter.
26	administration.
27	(14) A representative of the public defender council of Indiana.
28	(15) A representative of the prosecuting attorneys council of
29	Indiana.
30	(16) A representative of the office of guardian ad litem and court
31	appointed special advocate services.
32	(b) The affirmative votes of a majority of the members appointed to
33	the board are required for the board to take action on any measure,
34	including reports.
35	(c) The board shall meet every two (2) months or more often, at the
36	call of the chairperson.
37	(d) The board shall provide quarterly reports to the governor, the
38	general assembly, and the Indiana criminal justice institute on the
39	progress of the board and on issues affecting the provision of services
40	to members of a vulnerable population. The report to the general
41	assembly must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
42	SECTION 6. IC 5-2-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The board of trustees is
2	composed of:
3	(1) the governor, or his the governor's designee, who shall act as
4	chairman;
5	(2) the attorney general, or his the attorney general's designee;
6	(3) the superintendent of state police, or his the superintendent's
7	designee;
8	(4) the commissioner of the department of correction, or his the
9	commissioner's designee;
10	(5) the executive director of the prosecuting attorneys council;
11	(6) the executive director chief administrative officer of the
12	office of judicial center; administration;
13	(7) the executive director of the public defenders council;
13	(8) the state public defender;
15	(9) eight (8) persons who are appointed by and who serve at the
16	pleasure of the governor, including:
17	(A) one (1) sheriff;
18	(B) one (1) chief of police;
19	(C) one (1) judge of a court with both juvenile jurisdiction and
20	general criminal jurisdiction; and
20	(D) five (5) citizens who have manifested an interest in
21	
22	criminal or juvenile justice, one (1) of whom shall be a
23 24	member of the state advisory group under the Juvenile Justice
	Act.
25	(b) The president pro tempore of the senate, or a senator appointed
26	by him, the president pro tempore, and the speaker of the house of
27	representatives, or a representative appointed by him, the speaker, may
28	serve as nonvoting advisors to the trustees.
29	(c) Trustees appointed by the governor serve an initial three (3) year
30	term and may be reappointed for additional terms. The additional terms
31	may be four (4) years in length.
32	(d) Membership on the board of trustees does not constitute holding
33	a public office.
34	SECTION 7. IC 5-2-9-1.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2010,
35	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1.4. As used in this chapter, "Indiana protective
37	order registry" or "registry" means the Internet based registry of
38	protective orders established under section 5.5 of this chapter and
39	developed and maintained by the division office of state court judicial
40	administration.
41	SECTION 8. IC 5-2-9-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2010,
42	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The Indiana protective order registry is
2	established.
3	(b) The registry is an Internet based, electronic depository for
4	protective orders. Copies of all protective orders shall be retained in the
5	registry.
6	(c) The registry must contain confidential information about
7	protected persons.
8	(d) The division office of state court judicial administration shall
9	create, manage, and maintain the registry.
10	(e) A protective order retained under section 5 of this chapter may
11	be entered in the registry.
12	(f) The division office of state court judicial administration shall
12	make the protective order registry established by this section available
13	so that county case management systems may interface with the
15	protective order registry by not later than December 31, 2009.
16	(g) The division office of state court judicial administration shall
17	submit information concerning a standard protocol for county case
18	management systems to interface with the protective order registry to
19	each:
20	(1) prosecuting attorney; and
21	(2) court.
22	SECTION 9. IC 5-2-9-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2015,
23	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The clerk of a court that issues a protective
25	order shall:
26	(1) provide a copy of the order to the petitioner; and
27	(2) provide a copy of the order and service of process to the
28	respondent or defendant in accordance with the rules of trial
29	procedure.
30	(b) The clerk of a court that issues a protective order or the clerk of
31	a court in which a petition is filed shall maintain a confidential file to
32	secure any confidential information about a protected person
33	designated on a uniform statewide form prescribed by the division
34	office of state court judicial administration.
35	(c) This subsection applies to a protective order that a sheriff or law
36	enforcement agency received under subsection (a) before July 1, 2009,
37	and a confidential form under subsection (b) that was not retained in
38	the registry. The sheriff or law enforcement agency shall:
39	(1) maintain a copy of the protective order in the depository
40	established under this chapter;
41	(2) enter:
42	(A) the date and time the sheriff or law enforcement agency



	, and the second s
1	receives the protective order;
2	(B) the location of the person who is subject to the protective
3	order, if reasonably ascertainable from the information
4	received;
5	(C) the name and identification number of the officer who
6	serves the protective order;
7	(D) the manner in which the protective order is served;
8	(E) the name of the petitioner and any other protected parties;
9	(F) the name, Social Security number, date of birth, and
10	physical description of the person who is the subject of the
11	protective order, if reasonably ascertainable from the
12	information received;
13	(G) the date the protective order expires;
14	(H) a caution indicator stating whether a person who is the
15	subject of the protective order is believed to be armed and
16	dangerous, if reasonably ascertainable from the information
17	received; and
18	(I) if furnished, a Brady record indicator stating whether a
19	person who is the subject of the protective order is prohibited
20	from purchasing or possessing a firearm or ammunition under
21	federal law, if reasonably ascertainable from the information
22	received;
23	on the copy of the protective order or the confidential form; and
24	(3) except for a protective order that is retained in the registry,
25	establish a confidential file in which a confidential form that
26	contains information concerning a protected person is kept.
27	(d) Except for a protective order that is retained in the registry, a
28	protective order may be removed from the depository established under
29	this chapter only if the sheriff or law enforcement agency that
30	administers the depository receives:
31	(1) a notice of termination on a form prescribed or approved by
32	the division office of state court judicial administration;
33	(2) an order of the court; or
34	(3) a notice of termination and an order of the court.
35	(e) If a protective order in a depository established under this
36	chapter is terminated, the person who obtained the order must file a
37	notice of termination on a form prescribed or approved by the division
38	office of state eourt judicial administration with the clerk of the court.
39	The clerk of the court shall:
40	(1) enter the notice of termination into; or
41	(2) provide a copy of the notice of termination to;
42	the registry and provide a copy of the notice of termination to each of



	,
1	the depositories to which the protective order was sent. The clerk of the
2	court shall maintain the notice of termination in the court's file.
3	(f) If a protective order or form is extended or modified, the person
4	who obtained the extension or modification must file a notice of
5	extension or modification on a form prescribed or approved by the
6	division office of state court judicial administration with the clerk of
7	the court. Except for a protective order retained in the registry, the
8	clerk of the court shall provide a copy of the notice of extension or
9	modification of a protective order to each of the depositories to which
10	the order and a confidential form were sent. The clerk of the court shall
11	maintain the notice of extension or modification of a protective order
12	in the court's file.
13	(g) The clerk of a court that issued an order terminating a protective
14	order that is an ex parte order shall provide a copy of the order to the
15	following:
16	(1) Each party.
17	(2) Except for a protective order retained in the registry, the law
18	enforcement agency provided with a copy of a protective order
19	under subsection (a).
20	SECTION 10. IC 5-2-9-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2009,
21	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. (a) Any information:
23	(1) in a uniform statewide confidential form or any part of a
24	confidential form prescribed by the division office of state court
25	judicial administration that must be filed with a protective order;
26	or
27	(2) otherwise acquired concerning a protected person;
28	is confidential and may not be divulged to any respondent or defendant.
29	(b) Information described in subsection (a) may only be used by:
30 31	(1) a court; (2) a shariff
31	(2) a sheriff; (2) another law enforcement economy
32	(3) another law enforcement agency;(4) a prosecuting attorney; or
33	(4) a prosecuting automey, or (5) a court clerk;
35	to comply with a law concerning the distribution of the information.
36	SECTION 11. IC 5-2-22-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017,
37	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this
39	chapter:
40	(1) "Crime of child abuse" means:
41	(A) neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4) if the dependent is
42	a child and the offense is committed under:



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1	(i) IC 25 A6 1 $A(a)(1)$.
2	(i) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(1); (ii) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(2); or
23	
3 4	(iii) IC 35-46-1-4(a)(3); (D) shild selling (IC 25.46.1.4(d));
4 5	(B) child selling (IC $35-46-1-4(d)$);
	(C) a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) committed
6	against a child; or
7	(D) battery against a child under: (i) $V(2) = 2 \int (1 - i) (2) (1 - i) (1 - i$
8	(i) IC 35-42-2-1(e)(3) (battery on a child);
9	(ii) IC 35-42-2-1(g)(5)(B) (battery causing bodily injury to 1
10	a child);
11	(iii) IC 35-42-2-1(j) (battery causing serious bodily injury to
12	a child); or
13	(iv) IC $35-42-2-1(k)$ (battery resulting in the death of a
14	child).
15	(2) "Division" "Office" refers to the division office of state court
16	judicial administration created under IC 33-24-6-1(b)(2).
17	IC 33-24-6-1.
18	(3) "Registry" means the child abuse registry established under
19	section 2 of this chapter.
20	SECTION 12. IC 5-2-22-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.52-2016,
21	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. Not later than July 1, 2017, The division office
23	shall establish and maintain a child abuse registry.
24	SECTION 13. IC 5-2-22-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.52-2016,
25	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. The registry must contain:
27	(1) the name;
28	(2) the age;
29	(3) the last known city of residence;
30	(4) a photograph, if available;
31	(5) a description of the crime of child abuse conviction; and
32	(6) any other identifying information, as determined by the
33	division; office;
34	of every person convicted of a crime of child abuse.
35	SECTION 14. IC 5-2-22-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.52-2016,
36	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The division office shall publish the registry
38	on the division's office's Internet web site. The registry must be
39	searchable and available to the public.
40	(b) The division office shall ensure that the registry is updated at
41	least one (1) time every thirty (30) days.
42	(c) The division office shall ensure that the registry displays the



1 following or similar words:

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"Based on information submitted to law enforcement, a person whose name appears in this registry has been convicted of a crime of child abuse. However, information on the registry may not be complete.".

6 SECTION 15. IC 5-15-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.171-2015, 7 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 8 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) Any officer, office, court, commission, 9 board, institution, department, agent, or employee of the state, county, 10 or any political subdivision being charged with the duty or authorized or required by law to record, preserve, keep, maintain, or file any 11 12 record, document, plat, paper or instrument-in-writing, may, whenever 13 any such officer, office, court, commission, board, institution, department, agent, or employee of the state, county, or any political 14 15 subdivision shall deem it necessary, for the purpose of recording or copying same, preserving and protecting same, reducing space required 16 17 for storage or filing of same, or any similar purpose, have or cause to have any or all such records recorded, copied, or reproduced by any 18 19 photostatic, photographic, micrographic, electronic, or other process 20 which correctly and accurately copies or reproduces, recreates, or 21 forms a medium of copying or reproducing the original record, 22 document, plat, paper, or instrument-in-writing. Any officer, office, 23 court, commission, board, institution, department, agent, or employee 24 of the state may have or cause to have records recorded, copied, or 25 reproduced under this subsection by any optical imaging process that correctly and accurately copies or reproduces, recreates, or forms a 26 medium of copying or reproducing the original record, document, plat, 27 28 paper, or instrument-in-writing. 29

- (b) The original filing record may be destroyed if:
- (1) the record has been copied or is capable of being reproduced or recreated under subsection (a); and
 - (2) an approved retention schedule allows for the destruction.
 - (c) Copies, recreations, or reproductions made under subsection (a):

(1) shall have the same force and effect at law as the original record destroyed under subsection (b); and

(2) shall be received as evidence in any court where the original 36 record could have been so introduced; 37

38 if the recreations, copies, or reproductions are properly certified as to 39 authenticity and accuracy by a duly constituted official custodian of 40 such records.

41 (d) All micrographics and imaging processes done under this 42 chapter shall comply with the quality standards developed under



1 IC 5-15-5.1-8. 2 (e) This section does not apply to the state court office of judicial 3 administration division of the supreme court. 4 SECTION 16. IC 6-8.1-9.5-12, AS AMENDED BY THE 5 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2018 GENERAL 6 ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. Priority in multiple claims to refunds allowed 8 to be set off under this chapter shall be in the following order: 9 (1) Department of state revenue. 10 (2) Child support bureau. (3) Department of workforce development. 11 12 (4) Family and social services administration for claims 13 concerning the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 14 (TANF) program. (TANF). (5) Family and social services administration for claims 15 concerning the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance 16 17 Program (SNAP). 18 (6) Family and social services administration for claims 19 concerning the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF). 20 (7) Approved postsecondary educational institutions (as defined 21 in IC 21-7-13-6). 22 (8) Office of judicial administration for claims concerning the 23 judicial court technology and automation project fund. 24 (9) A claimant agency described in section 1(1)(A) of this 25 chapter: 26 (A) that is not listed in subdivisions (1) through (8); and 27 (B) that enters into a formal agreement with the department 28 under IC 6-8.1-9-14(d) after December 31, 2017. 29 The priority of multiple claims of claimant agencies in this 30 subsection subdivision must be in the order in time that a 31 claimant agency entered into a formal agreement with the 32 department. 33 (10) United States Internal Revenue Service. 34 (11) A claimant agency described in section 1(1)(A) of this 35 chapter that is not identified in the order priority under 36 subdivisions (1) through (9). The priority of multiple claims of 37 claimant agencies in this subsection subdivision must be in the 38 order in time that a claimant agency has filed a written notice with 39 the department of its intention to effect collection through a set 40 off under this chapter. 41 (12) A claimant agency described in section 1(1)(B) of this

42 chapter. The priority of multiple claims of claimant agencies in



1 this subsection subdivision must be in the order in time that the 2 clearinghouse representing the claimant agency files an 3 application on behalf of the claimant agency to effect collection 4 through a set off under this chapter. 5 SECTION 17. IC 9-30-3-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2007, 6 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 7 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2.5. (a) As used in this chapter, "electronic traffic 8 ticket" means: 9 (1) a traffic information and summons; or 10 (2) a complaint and summons; for traffic cases that is in an electronic format prescribed by the 11 12 division office of state court judicial administration. 13 (b) An electronic traffic ticket may be referred to as an "e-citation". SECTION 18. IC 9-30-3-5.3, AS ADDED BY P.L.206-2007, 14 15 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5.3. In prescribing the contents of an electronic 17 traffic ticket, the division office of state court judicial administration 18 shall require the inclusion in an electronic traffic ticket of the contents 19 required in an information and summons under section 6 of this 20 chapter. The division office of state court judicial administration may 21 modify the prescribed contents of an electronic traffic ticket as 22 necessary for the ticket to be in an electronic format. 23 SECTION 19. IC 9-30-3-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, 24 SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 25 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) The court may issue a warrant for the arrest 26 of a defendant who is an Indiana resident and who fails to appear or 27 answer a traffic information and summons or a complaint and summons 28 served upon the defendant. If the warrant is not executed within thirty 29 (30) days after issue, the court shall promptly forward the court copy 30 of the traffic information and summons or complaint and summons to 31 the bureau indicating that the defendant failed to appear in court as 32 ordered. The court shall then mark the case as failure to appear on the 33 court's records. 34 (b) If a defendant who is not an Indiana resident fails to appear or 35 answer a traffic summons served upon the defendant and upon which 36 the information or complaint has been filed thirty (30) days after the 37 return date of the information and summons or complaint and 38 summons, the court shall promptly forward the court copy of the traffic 39 information and summons or complaint and summons to the bureau. 40 The bureau shall notify the motor vehicle commission of the state of the nonresident defendant of the defendant's failure to appear and also 41

42 of any action taken by the bureau relative to the Indiana driving



1 privileges of the defendant. If the defendant fails to appear or otherwise 2 answer within thirty (30) days, the court shall mark the case as failure 3 to appear on the court's records. 4 (c) The court may suspend the driving privileges of a defendant who 5 fails to satisfy a judgment entered against the defendant for: 6 (1) violation of a traffic ordinance; or 7 (2) commission of a traffic infraction; 8 by a date set by the court under IC 34-28-5-6. The court shall forward 9 notice to the bureau indicating that the defendant failed to pay as 10 ordered. 11 (d) If the bureau receives a copy of the traffic information and 12 summons or complaint and summons for failure to appear in court 13 under subsection (a) or (b) or a notice of failure to pay under 14 subsection (c), either on a form prescribed by the bureau or in an 15 electronic format prescribed by the division office of state court 16 judicial administration, the bureau shall suspend the driving privileges 17 of the defendant until the defendant appears in court and the case has 18 been disposed of, or until the date payment is received by the court. 19 The order of suspension may be served upon the defendant by mailing 20 the order by first class mail to the defendant at the last address shown 21 for the defendant in the records of the bureau. 22 (e) For nonresidents of Indiana, the order of suspension shall be 23 mailed to the defendant at the address given to the arresting officer or 24 the clerk of court by the defendant as shown by the traffic information 25 or complaint. A copy of the order shall also be sent to the motor vehicle 26 bureau of the state of the nonresident defendant. If: 27 (1) the defendant's failure to appear in court has been certified to 28 the bureau under this chapter; and 29 (2) the defendant subsequently appears in court to answer the 30 charges against the defendant; 31 the court shall proceed to hear and determine the case in the same 32 manner as other cases pending in the court. Upon final determination 33 of the case, the court shall notify the bureau of the determination either 34 in an electronic format or upon forms prescribed by the bureau. The 35 notification shall be made by the court within ten (10) days after the 36 final determination of the case, and information from the original copy 37 of the traffic information and summons or complaint and summons 38 must accompany the notification. 39 SECTION 20. IC 9-30-16-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.120-2017, 40 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 41 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) This section does not apply to specialized 42 driving privileges granted in accordance with section 3.5 of this



chapter. If a court orders a suspension of driving privileges under this 1 2 chapter, or imposes a suspension of driving privileges under 3 IC 9-30-6-9(c), the court may stay the suspension and grant a 4 specialized driving privilege as set forth in this section. 5 (b) An individual who seeks specialized driving privileges must file 6 a petition for specialized driving privileges in each court that has 7 ordered or imposed a suspension of the individual's driving privileges. 8 Each petition must: 9 (1) be verified by the petitioner; 10 (2) state the petitioner's age, date of birth, and address; (3) state the grounds for relief and the relief sought; 11 12 (4) be filed in a circuit or superior court; the court case that 13 resulted in the order of suspension; and 14 (5) be served on the bureau and the prosecuting attorney. A prosecuting attorney shall appear on behalf of the bureau to respond 15 16 to a petition filed under this subsection. (c) Regardless of the underlying offense, specialized driving 17 18 privileges granted under this section shall be granted for: 19 (1) at least one hundred eighty (180) days; and 20 (2) not more than two and one-half (2.5) (2 1/2) years. 21 (d) The terms of specialized driving privileges must be determined 22 by a court. 23 (e) A stay of a suspension and specialized driving privileges may 24 not be granted to an individual who: 25 (1) has previously been granted specialized driving privileges; 26 and 27 (2) has more than one (1) conviction under section 5 of this 28 chapter. 29 (f) An individual who has been granted specialized driving 30 privileges shall: 31 (1) maintain proof of future financial responsibility insurance during the period of specialized driving privileges; 32 33 (2) carry a copy of the order granting specialized driving privileges or have the order in the vehicle being operated by the 34 individual; 35 36 (3) produce the copy of the order granting specialized driving 37 privileges upon the request of a police officer; and 38 (4) carry a validly issued state identification card or driver's 39 license. 40 (g) An individual who holds a commercial driver's license and has 41 been granted specialized driving privileges under this chapter may not, 42 for the duration of the suspension for which the specialized driving

privileges are sought, operate any vehicle that requires the individual to hold a commercial driver's license to operate the vehicle.

3 SECTION 21. IC 9-30-16-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, 4 SECTION 610, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) A person who knowingly or 6 intentionally violates a condition imposed by a court under section 3, 7 3.5, or 4 of this chapter, or imposed under IC 9-30-10-14.2, commits 8 a Class C misdemeanor. The prosecuting attorney may notify the court that issued the specialized driving privileges order of the 9 10 alleged violation. If the specialized driving privilege order is from a different county, the prosecuting attorney may also notify the 11 12 prosecuting attorney in that county of the violation.

(b) For a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), the
court that issued the specialized driving privilege order that was
violated may modify or revoke specialized driving privileges. The
court that issued the specialized driving privilege order that was
violated may order the bureau to lift the stay of a suspension of driving
privileges and suspend the person's driving license as originally
ordered in addition to any additional suspension.

SECTION 22. IC 11-10-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.110-2009,
SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) A committed offender may be involuntarily
transferred to the division of mental health and addiction or to a mental
health facility only if:

(1) the offender has been examined by a psychiatrist employed or
retained by the department and the psychiatrist reports to the
department in writing that, in the psychiatrist's opinion, the
offender has a mental illness and is in need of care and treatment
by the division of mental health and addiction or in a mental
health facility;

31 (2) the director of mental health approves of the transfer if the
32 offender is to be transferred to the division of mental health and
33 addiction; and

34 (3) the department affords the offender a hearing to determine the
and for the transfer, which hearing must comply with the
following minimum standards:

(A) The offender shall be given at least ten (10) days advance
written and verbal notice of the date, time, and place of the
hearing and the reason for the contemplated transfer. This
notice must advise the offender of the rights enumerated in
clauses (C) and (D). Notice must also be given to one (1) of
the following:

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1 (i) The offender's spouse. 2 (ii) The offender's parent. 3 (iii) The offender's attorney. 4 (iv) The offender's guardian. 5 (v) The offender's custodian. 6 (vi) The offender's relative. 7 (B) A copy of the psychiatrist's report must be given to the 8 offender not later than at the time notice of the hearing is 9 given. 10 (C) The offender is entitled to appear in person, speak in the offender's own behalf, call witnesses, present documentary 11 12 evidence, and confront and cross-examine witnesses. 13 (D) The offender is entitled to be represented by counsel or 14 other representative. 15 (E) The offender must be given a written statement of the 16 findings of fact, the evidence relied upon, and the reasons for 17 the action taken. 18 (F) A finding that the offender is in need of mental health care 19 and treatment in the division of mental health and addiction or 20 a mental health facility must be based upon clear and 21 convincing evidence. 22 (b) If the official in charge of the facility or program to which the 23 offender is assigned determines that emergency care and treatment in 24 the division of mental health and addiction or a mental health facility 25 is necessary to control a mentally ill offender who is either gravely 26 disabled or dangerous, that offender may be involuntarily transferred, 27 subject to the approval of the director of the division of mental health 28 and addiction, before holding the hearing described in subsection 29 (a)(3). However, this subsection does not deprive the offender of the 30 offender's right to a hearing. 31 (c) The official in charge of the division of mental health and 32 addiction or facility to which an offender is transferred under this 33 section must give the offender a semiannual written report, based on a 34 psychiatrist's examination, concerning the offender's mental condition 35 and the need for continued care and treatment in the division of mental 36 health and addiction or facility. If the report states that the offender is 37 still in need of care and treatment in the division of mental health and 38 addiction or a mental health facility, the division of mental health and 39 addiction or facility shall, upon request of the offender or a 40 representative in the offender's behalf, conduct a hearing to review the 41 need for that continued care and treatment. The hearing must comply 42 with the minimum standards established by subsection (a)(3). The



division of mental health and addiction or facility to which the offender is transferred under this section may conduct a hearing under this subsection upon its initiative.

(d) If the division of mental health and addiction or facility to which an offender is transferred under this section determines that the offender no longer needs care and treatment in the division of mental health and addiction or facility, the division of mental health and addiction or facility shall return the offender to the custody of the department of correction, and the department of correction shall reassign the offender to another facility or program.

(e) After an offender has been involuntarily transferred to and
accepted by the division of mental health and addiction, the department
shall transmit any information required by the division office of state
court judicial administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined
in IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3.

SECTION 23. IC 11-12-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2017, 16 17 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 18 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (h), a 19 county or group of counties, or a court or a group of courts, seeking 20 financial aid under this chapter must apply to the commissioner in a 21 manner and form prescribed by the commissioner. If the application is 22 for a community corrections program, the application must include a 23 community corrections plan that has been approved by the community 24 corrections board and the county executive or, in a county having a 25 consolidated city, by the city-county council. If the application is for a 26 court supervised recidivism reduction program, the application must 27 include information required by the department. If:

(1) the application is from a county (not including a court); and(2) the county operates a community corrections program;

the application must be approved by the community corrections advisory board. The commissioner shall give priority consideration to applicants that demonstrate collaboration between the local community corrections advisory board and court supervised recidivism reduction programs or juvenile justice programs. No county may receive financial aid until its application is approved by the commissioner.

(b) A community corrections plan must comply with rules adopted under section 5 of this chapter and must include:

(1) a description of each program for which financial aid is sought;

40 (2) the purpose, objective, administrative structure, staffing, and
41 duration of the program;

42 (3) a method to evaluate each component of the program to

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1	determine the overall use of department approved best practices
2	for the program;
3	(4) the program's total operating budget, including all other
4	sources of anticipated income;
5	(5) the amount of community involvement and client participation
6	in the program;
7	(6) the location and description of facilities that will be used in
8	the program;
9	(7) the manner in which counties that jointly apply for financial
10	aid under this chapter will operate a coordinated community
11	corrections program; and
12	(8) a plan of collaboration among the probation department, the
13	community corrections program, and any other local criminal
14	justice agency that receives funding from the department for the
15	provision of community supervision for adult offenders. Counties
16	are encouraged to include the courts, prosecuting attorneys, public
17	defenders, and sheriffs when addressing the needs of the local
18	criminal justice population. The community supervision
19	collaboration plan must be submitted to the department and the
20	Indiana judicial center by January 1, 2016, and must include:
21	(A) a description of the evidence based services provided to
22	felony offenders by the community corrections program and
23	the probation department;
24	(B) the manner in which the community corrections program
25	and the probation department intend to reduce the duplication
26	of services to offenders under community supervision;
27	(C) the manner in which the community corrections program
28	and the probation department intend to coordinate operations
29	and collaborate on the supervision of adult felony offenders;
30	(D) the eligibility criteria established for community based
31	services provided to adult felony offenders;
32	(E) the criteria for using the community corrections program
33	as an intermediate sanction for an offender's violation of
34	probation conditions;
35	(F) a description of how financial aid from the department,
36	program fees, and probation user fees will be used to provide
37	services to adult felony offenders; and
38	(G) documentary evidence of compliance with department
39	rules for community corrections programs and judicial
40	conference of Indiana standards for probation departments.
41	(c) A community corrections plan must be annually updated,
42	approved by the county executive or, in a city having a consolidated



city, by the city-county council, and submitted to the commissioner.

(d) No amendment to or substantial modification of an approved community corrections plan may be placed in effect until the department and county executive, or in a county having a consolidated city, the city-county council, have approved the amendment or modification.

(e) A copy of the final plan as approved by the department shall be made available to the board in a timely manner.

9 (f) The commissioner may, subject to availability of funds, give 10 priority in issuing additional financial aid to counties with a community 11 supervision collaboration plan approved by the department and the 12 Indiana office of judicial center. administration. The additional 13 financial aid may be used for any evidence based service or program 14 in the approved plan.

(g) Purposes for which the commissioner may award financial aidunder this chapter include:

(1) assisting a county in defraying the expenses of incarceration;(2) funding mental health, addiction, and cognitive behavior

19 treatment programs for incarcerated persons;

20 (3) funding mental health, addiction, and cognitive behavior
21 treatment programs for persons who are on probation, are
22 supervised by a community corrections program, or are
23 participating in a pretrial diversion program offered by a
24 prosecuting attorney;

25 (4) funding work release and other community corrections26 programs;

27 (5) reimbursing a county for probation officer and community28 correction officer salaries; and

(6) funding a court appointed forensic advocate program (as described in IC 35-36-12) for persons who are on probation, are supervised by a community corrections program, or are participating in a pretrial diversion program.
(h) If the application described in subsection (a) is for a juvenile

(h) If the application described in subsection (a) is for a juvenile justice program, the county executive, or in a county having a consolidated city, the city-county council, may apply directly to the division of youth services in a manner and form prescribed by the commissioner.

SECTION 24. IC 11-12-3.7-7.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2015,
 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.5. The following persons shall provide or be
 provided information and training concerning diversion programs or
 other probationary programs available for individuals with an addictive

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1	disorder, including information on medication assisted treatment within
2	these programs:
3	(1) Judges, provided by the Indiana office of judicial center.
4	administration.
5	(2) Prosecutors, provided by the prosecuting attorneys council.
6	(3) Public defenders, provided by the public defender council of
7	Indiana.
8	SECTION 25. IC 11-13-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2016,
9	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this section, "board" refers to the
11	board of directors of the judicial conference of Indiana established by
12	IC 33-38-9-3.
13	(b) The board shall adopt rules consistent with this chapter,
14	prescribing minimum standards concerning:
15	(1) educational and occupational qualifications for employment
16	as a probation officer;
17	(2) compensation of probation officers;
18	(3) protection of probation records and disclosure of information
19	contained in those records;
20	(4) presentence investigation reports;
21	(5) a schedule of progressive probation incentives and violation
22	sanctions, including judicial review procedures; and
23	(6) qualifications for probation officers to administer probation
24	violation sanctions under IC 35-38-2-3(e).
25	(c) The conference shall prepare a written examination to be used
26	in establishing lists of persons eligible for appointment as probation
27	officers. The conference shall prescribe the qualifications for entrance
28	to the examination and establish a minimum passing score and rules for
29	the administration of the examination after obtaining recommendations
30	on these matters from the probation standards and practices advisory
31	committee. The examination must be offered at least once every other
32	month.
33	(d) The conference shall, by its rules, establish an effective date for
34	the minimum standards and written examination for probation officers.
35	(e) The conference shall provide probation departments with
36	training and technical assistance for:
37	(1) the implementation and management of probation case
38	classification; and
39	(2) the development and use of workload information.
40	The staff of the Indiana judicial center may include a probation case
41	management coordinator and probation case management assistant.
42	(f) The conference shall, in cooperation with the department of child
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1 services and the department of education, provide probation 2 departments with training and technical assistance relating to special 3 education services and programs that may be available for delinquent 4 children or children in need of services. The subjects addressed by the 5 training and technical assistance must include the following: 6 (1) Eligibility standards. 7 (2) Testing requirements and procedures. 8 (3) Procedures and requirements for placement in programs 9 provided by school corporations or special education cooperatives under IC 20-35-5. 10 11 (4) Procedures and requirements for placement in residential 12 special education institutions or facilities under IC 20-35-6-2. (5) Development and implementation of individual education 13 14 programs for eligible children in: 15 (A) accordance with applicable requirements of state and 16 federal laws and rules; and 17 (B) coordination with: 18 (i) individual case plans; and 19 (ii) informal adjustment programs or dispositional decrees 20 entered by courts having juvenile jurisdiction under 21 IC 31-34 and IC 31-37. 22 (6) Sources of federal, state, and local funding that is or may be 23 available to support special education programs for children for 24 whom proceedings have been initiated under IC 31-34 and 25 IC 31-37. Training for probation departments may be provided jointly with 26 27 training provided to child welfare caseworkers relating to the same 28 subject matter. 29 (g) The conference shall, in cooperation with the division of mental 30 health and addiction (IC 12-21) and the division of disability and 31 rehabilitative services (IC 12-9-1), provide probation departments with 32 training and technical assistance concerning mental illness, addictive 33 disorders, intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities, 34 including evidence based treatment programs for mental illness and 35 addictive disorders and cognitive behavior treatment. 36 (h) The conference shall make recommendations to courts and 37 probation departments concerning: 38 (1) selection, training, distribution, and removal of probation 39 officers: 40 (2) methods and procedure for the administration of probation, 41 including investigation, supervision, workloads, record keeping, 42 and reporting; and



1 (3) use of citizen volunteers and public and private agencies. 2 (i) The conference may delegate any of the functions described in 3 this section to the advisory committee or the Indiana office of judicial 4 center. administration. 5 SECTION 26. IC 11-13-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) The compact 6 7 administrator selected by the state council under IC 11-13-4.5 is the 8 administrator for probationers participating in the interstate compact 9 for the supervision of parolees and probationers under this chapter and 10 under IC 11-13-5. 11 (b) The judicial conference of Indiana may establish a staff position 12 within the Indiana office of judicial center administration to which the 13 duties of the compact administrator may be delegated. 14 (c) The judicial conference of Indiana shall adopt rules under 15 IC 4-22-2 prescribing duties and procedures for administering 16 probationers participating in the interstate compact under this chapter 17 and under IC 11-13-5. 18 SECTION 27. IC 11-13-4.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2011, 19 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 20 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "council" refers to: 21 (1) the state council for interstate adult offender supervision 22 described in section 1 of this chapter (Article III of the interstate 23 compact for adult offender supervision); and 24 (2) the state council for interstate juvenile supervision described 25 in section 1.5 of this chapter (Article VIII of the interstate 26 compact for juveniles). 27 (b) The council consists of the following members: 28 (1) The commissioner of the department of correction. 29 (2) The executive director chief administrative officer of the 30 Indiana office of judicial center. administration or the chief 31 administrative officer's designee. 32 (3) The executive director of the Indiana criminal justice institute. 33 (4) One (1) member of a victim's group appointed by the governor 34 upon recommendation of the executive director of the Indiana 35 criminal justice institute. 36 (5) The executive director of the Indiana sheriffs' association. 37 (6) The executive director of the public defender council of 38 Indiana. 39 (7) The executive director of the prosecuting attorneys council of 40 Indiana. 41 (8) One (1) member of the general assembly appointed by the 42 chairman of the legislative council. The legislative member serves

1	at the pleasure of the chairman of the legislative council.
2	(9) The compact administrator, if the compact administrator is not
3	already a member of the council.
4	(10) The director of the department of child services.
5	(11) The president of the Indiana council of juvenile and family
6	court judges.
7	(c) The executive director chief administrative officer of the
8	Indiana office of judicial center administration shall serve as the
9	chairperson of the council.
10	(d) The Indiana office of judicial center administration shall staff
11	the council.
12	(e) The council shall meet at the call of the chairperson or upon
13	request by a majority of the members, but at least one (1) time per
14	calendar year.
15	(f) The commissioner of the department of correction shall appoint
16	sufficient deputy compact administrators to fulfill Indiana's obligations
17	under the interstate compact for adult offender supervision with respect
18	to out-of-state offenders who are on parole.
19	(g) The executive director chief administrative officer or designee
20	of the Indiana office of judicial center administration shall appoint
21	sufficient deputy compact administrators to fulfill Indiana's obligations
22	under the interstate compact for adult offender supervision with respect
23	to out-of-state offenders who are on probation.
24	(h) The council has the following duties:
25	(1) The council shall receive the recommendation of the
26	commissioner of the department of correction and the executive
27	director chief administrative officer of the Indiana office of
28	judicial center administration concerning the appointment of a
29	compact administrator.
30	(2) The council shall appoint the compact administrator, who
31	shall serve as commissioner on the interstate commission. If the
32	compact administrator is unable to serve as commissioner at a
33	meeting of the interstate commission, the council shall designate
34	another person to serve in place of the compact administrator.
35	(3) The council shall oversee activities of the interstate
36	commission.
37	(4) The council may make recommendations concerning the
38	operation of the interstate compact within Indiana and to facilitate
39	the implementation of the rules and bylaws adopted by the
40	interstate commission.
41	(5) The council shall carry out the duties of the state council
42	under section 1.5 of this chapter.



(i) The expenses of the council shall be paid from appropriations made to the Indiana judicial center. supreme court.

 (j) Each member of the council who is not a state employee is not entitled to the minimum salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(k) Each member of the council who is a state employee but who is
not a member of the general assembly is entitled to reimbursement for
traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses
actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as provided
in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana
department of administration and approved by the budget agency.

(l) Each member of the council who is a member of the general
assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage, and travel
allowances paid to legislative members of interim study committees
established by the legislative council. Per diem, mileage, and travel
allowances paid under this subsection shall be paid from appropriations
made to the legislative council or the legislative services agency.

(m) A member of the council who is a member of the general assembly serves as a nonvoting member.

(n) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members appointed to the council are required for the committee to take action on any measure, including making a recommendation.

27 SECTION 28. IC 11-13-4.5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2011, 28 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an 30 Indiana offender or delinquent child on probation or parole who applies 31 to be transferred out of state under the interstate compact for adult 32 supervision or the interstate compact for juveniles shall pay an 33 application fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125). The 34 application fee shall be used to cover the costs of administering the 35 interstate compact for adult offender supervision and the interstate 36 compact for juveniles. 37

(b) An offender or delinquent child who has been found indigent by
a trial court at the time the offender applies to be transferred out of
state under the interstate compact for adult supervision or the interstate
compact for juveniles may, at the court's discretion, be required to pay
a lesser amount of the cost of the application fee under subsection (a).
 (c) An Indiana offender or delinquent child who is on probation

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1 shall pay the application fee to the county probation department. 2 (d) An Indiana offender or delinquent child who is on parole shall 3 pay the application fee to the department of correction. 4 (e) The application fee paid by an Indiana offender or delinquent 5 child who is on probation shall be transferred to the county treasurer. 6 The county treasurer shall deposit fifty percent (50%) of the money 7 collected under this subsection into the county offender transportation 8 fund and shall transmit the remaining fifty percent (50%) of the money 9 collected under this subsection to the Indiana judicial center supreme 10 court for deposit in the general fund, to be used to cover the cost of 11 administering the interstate compact for adult offender supervision and 12 the interstate compact for juveniles. (f) The executive director chief administrative officer or designee 13 14 of the Indiana office of judicial center administration shall submit a 15 proposed budget for expenditure of the money deposited in the general 16 fund under this section to the budget agency in accordance with 17 IC 4-12-1. 18 (g) The application fee paid by an Indiana offender or delinquent 19 child who is on parole shall be deposited into the general fund to be 20 used to cover the cost of administering the interstate compact for adult 21 offender supervision and the interstate compact for juveniles. 22 (h) The commissioner of the department of correction shall submit 23 a proposed budget for expenditure of the money deposited in the 24 general fund under this section to the budget agency in accordance with 25 IC 4-12-1. 26 (i) The office of judicial center administration and the department 27 of correction shall develop a process to ensure that a sex or violent 28 offender who transfers to or out of Indiana under the compact will be 29 registered appropriately. 30 SECTION 29. IC 12-23-14-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 31 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. Before an alcohol 32 and drug services program may be established in a county, the court 33 must do the following: 34 (1) Have a written statement from the Indiana office of judicial 35 center administration approving the establishment of the 36 program and the plans for operation before the court may submit 37 the petition to the legislative and appropriating body for approval. (2) Obtain the approval of the legislative and appropriating body 38 39 from which the court derives the court's money. 40 SECTION 30. IC 12-23-14-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, 41 SECTION 165, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 42 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section,



"board" refers to the board of directors of the judicial conference of 1 2 Indiana established by IC 33-38-9-3. 3 (b) As used in this section, "effective date" means the date 4 established by the board after which minimum employment standards 5 are required for persons employed in court drug and alcohol programs. 6 (c) A program established under this chapter is subject to the 7 regulatory powers of the Indiana office of judicial center 8 administration established by IC 33-38-9-4. 9 (d) With regard to alcohol and drug services programs established under this chapter, the Indiana office of judicial center administration 10 may do the following: 11 12 (1) Ensure that programs comply with rules adopted under this 13 section and applicable federal regulations. 14 (2) Revoke the authorization of a program upon a determination that the program does not comply with rules adopted under this 15 16 section and applicable federal regulations. 17 (3) Make agreements and contracts with: 18 (A) another department, authority, or agency of the state; 19 (B) another state; 20 (C) the federal government; (D) a state educational institution or a private postsecondary 21 22 educational institution: or 23 (E) a public or private agency; 24 to effectuate the purposes of this chapter. 25 (4) Directly, or by contract, approve and certify programs 26 established under this chapter. 27 (5) Require, as a condition of operation, that each program created or funded under this chapter be certified according to 28 29 rules established by the Indiana office of judicial eenter. 30 administration. 31 (6) Adopt rules to implement this chapter. 32 (e) The board shall adopt rules concerning standards, requirements, 33 and procedures for initial certification, recertification, and 34 decertification of alcohol and drug services programs. 35 (f) The board may adopt rules concerning educational and 36 occupational qualifications needed to be employed by or to provide 37 services to a court alcohol and drug services program. If the board 38 adopts qualifications under this subsection: 39 (1) the board shall establish an effective date after which any 40 person employed by a court alcohol and drug services program 41 must meet the minimum qualifications adopted under this 42 subsection; and



1 (2) the minimum employment qualifications adopted under this 2 subsection do not apply to a person who is employed: 3 (A) by a certified court alcohol and drug program before the 4 effective date; or 5 (B) as administrative personnel. 6 (g) The board may delegate any of the functions described in 7 subsections (e) and (f) to the court alcohol and drug program advisory 8 committee or the Indiana office of judicial center. administration. 9 SECTION 31. IC 12-23-14-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013, 10 SECTION 182, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 11 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) The Indiana judicial center 12 supreme court drug and alcohol programs fund is established for the 13 purpose of administering, certifying, and supporting alcohol and drug 14 services programs under this chapter. The fund shall be administered 15 by the Indiana office of judicial center administration established by 16 IC 33-38-9-4. **IC 33-24-6-1.** 17 (b) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not 18 currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same 19 manner as other public funds may be invested. 20 (c) Money in the fund at the end of the fiscal year does not revert to 21 the state general fund. 22 (d) The Indiana office of judicial center administration may award 23 a grant from the fund to a probation department or a community 24 corrections program to increase substance abuse treatment access for 25 individuals on probation or individuals placed in a community 26 corrections program who are under court supervision and who have 27 been diagnosed with a substance abuse disorder or co-occurring 28 disorder. 29 (e) To receive a grant under this section, a probation department or 30 community corrections program and the agency that will be providing 31 treatment if the grant is approved must submit an application to the 32 Indiana office of judicial center: administration: 33 (1) on a form; and 34 (2) in the manner; 35 prescribed by the Indiana office of judicial center. administration. 36 (f) The Indiana office of judicial center administration shall 37 determine the amount of a grant awarded under this section in 38 consultation with the division of mental health and addiction and the 39 local probation department or community corrections program. 40 (g) Mental health and substance abuse counseling provided by 41 grants under this section must be contracted for with a certified mental 42 health or addiction provider as determined by the division of mental



1 health and addiction.

2 SECTION 32. IC 12-26-1-1.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2015, 3 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1.5. The following shall, in consultation with the 5 division of mental health and addiction, provide or be provided 6 information and training concerning involuntary commitment, 7 including the use of involuntary commitment for individuals who have 8 a substance abuse or addiction condition: 9 (1) Judges, provided by the Indiana office of judicial center. 10 administration. 11 (2) Prosecutors, provided by the prosecuting attorneys council. 12 (3) Public defenders, provided by the public defender council of 13 Indiana. 14 SECTION 33. IC 12-26-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.110-2009, 15 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) If, upon the completion of the hearing and 16 consideration of the record, the court finds that the individual is 17 18 mentally ill and either dangerous or gravely disabled, the court may 19 order the individual to: 20 (1) be committed to an appropriate facility; or 21 (2) enter an outpatient treatment program under IC 12-26-14 for 22 a period of not more than ninety (90) days. 23 (b) The court's order must require that the superintendent of the 24 facility or the attending physician file a treatment plan with the court 25 within fifteen (15) days of the individual's admission to the facility 26 under a commitment order. 27 (c) If the commitment ordered under subsection (a) is to a state 28 institution administered by the division of mental health and addiction, 29 the record of commitment proceedings must include a report from a 30 community mental health center stating both of the following: 31 (1) That the community mental health center has evaluated the 32 individual. 33 (2) That commitment to a state institution administered by the 34 division of mental health and addiction under this chapter is 35 appropriate. 36 (d) The physician who makes the statement required by section 2(c)37 of this chapter may be affiliated with the community mental health 38 center that submits to the court the report required by subsection (c). 39 (e) If the commitment is of an adult to a research bed at Larue D. 40 Carter Memorial Hospital as set forth in IC 12-21-2-3, the report from 41 a community mental health center is not required. 42 (f) If a commitment ordered under subsection (a) is to a state



1 institution administered by the division of disability and rehabilitative 2 services, the record of commitment proceedings must include a report 3 from a service coordinator employed by the division of disability and 4 rehabilitative services stating that, based on a diagnostic assessment of 5 the individual, commitment to a state institution administered by the 6 division of disability and rehabilitative services under this chapter is 7 appropriate. 8 (g) If the court makes a finding under subsection (a) (including a 9 finding in reference to a child under IC 31-37-18-3), the court shall 10 transmit any information required by the division office of state court 11 judicial administration to the division office of state court judicial administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined in 12 13 IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3. 14 SECTION 34. IC 12-26-7-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.110-2009, 15 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) If at the completion of the hearing and the 17 consideration of the record an individual is found to be mentally ill and 18 either dangerous or gravely disabled, the court may enter either of the 19 following orders: 20 (1) For the individual's custody, care, or treatment, or continued 21 custody, care, or treatment in an appropriate facility. 22 (2) For the individual to enter an outpatient therapy program 23 under IC 12-26-14. 24 (b) An order entered under subsection (a) continues until any of the 25 following occurs: 26 (1) The individual has been: 27 (A) discharged from the facility; or 28 (B) released from the therapy program. 29 (2) The court enters an order: 30 (A) terminating the commitment; or 31 (B) releasing the individual from the therapy program. 32 (c) If the court makes a finding under subsection (a), the court shall 33 transmit any information required by the division office of state court 34 judicial administration to the division office of state court judicial 35 administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined in 36 IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3. 37 SECTION 35. IC 20-28-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.252-2017, 38 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 39 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies when a prosecuting 40 attorney knows that a licensed employee of a public school or a 41 nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection

42 (c). The prosecuting attorney shall immediately give written notice of



1	the conviction to the following:
2	(1) The state superintendent.
3	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), the superintendent of
4	the school corporation that employs the licensed employee or the
5	equivalent authority if a nonpublic school employs the licensed
6	employee.
7	(3) The presiding officer of the governing body of the school
8	corporation that employs the licensed employee, if the convicted
9	licensed employee is the superintendent of the school corporation.
10	(b) The superintendent of a school corporation, presiding officer of
11	the governing body, or equivalent authority for a nonpublic school shall
12	immediately notify the state superintendent when the individual knows
13	that a current or former licensed employee of the public school or
14	nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection
15	(c), or when the governing body or equivalent authority for a nonpublic
16	school takes any final action in relation to an employee who engaged
17	in any offense listed in subsection (c).
18	(c) Except as provided in section 8.5 of this chapter, the department
19	shall permanently revoke the license of a person who is known by the
20	department to have been convicted of any of the following felonies:
21	(1) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
22	(2) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).
23	(3) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
24	(4) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its repeal).
25	(5) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
26	(6) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b) or IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
27	(7) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
28	(8) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
29	(9) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
30	(10) Sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9).
31	(11) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
32	(12) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug
33	(IC 35-48-4-1).
34	(13) Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
35	(14) Manufacturing methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.2).
36	(15) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
37	(IC 35-48-4-2).
38	(16) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance
39	(IC 35-48-4-3).
40	(17) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4).
41	(18) Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
42	(19) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony



1	(IC 35-48-4-10).
2	(20) Dealing in a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike
3	substance (IC 35-48-4-10.5, or IC 35-48-4-10(b) before its
4	amendment in 2013).
5	(21) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(d) or
6	IC 35-42-4-4(e)).
7	(22) Homicide (IC 35-42-1).
8	(23) Voluntary manslaughter (IC $35-42-1-3$).
9	(24) Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).
10	(25) Battery as any of the following:
11	(A) A Class A felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
12	2014) or a Level 2 felony (for a crime committed after June
13	30, 2014).
14	(B) A Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
15	2014) or a Level 3 felony (for a crime committed after June
16	30, 2014).
17	(C) A Class C felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
18	2014) or a Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after June
19	30, 2014).
20	(26) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
21	(27) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).
22	(28) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (before its repeal).
23	(29) Arson as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
24	committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 2, Level 3, or Level
25	4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014)
26	(IC 35-43-1-1(a)).
27	(30) Burglary as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
28	committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3,
29	or Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014)
30	(IC 35-43-2-1).
31	(31) Human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5).
32	(32) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
33	this subsection.
34	(33) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
35	in this subsection.
36	(d) The department shall permanently revoke the license of a person
37	who is known by the department to have been convicted of a federal
38	offense or an offense in another state that is comparable to a felony
39	listed in subsection (c).
40	(e) A license may be suspended by the state superintendent as $a = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2} $
41	specified in IC 20-28-7.5.
42	(f) The department shall develop a data base of information on



1 school corporation employees who have been reported to the 2 department under this section. 3 (g) Upon receipt of information from the division office of state 4 court judicial administration in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3 5 concerning persons convicted of an offense listed in subsection (c), the 6 department shall: 7 (1) cross check the information received from the division office 8 of state court judicial administration with information concerning 9 licensed teachers (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) maintained by 10 the department; and (2) if a licensed teacher (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) has been 11 convicted of an offense described in subsection (c), revoke the 12 13 licensed teacher's license. 14 SECTION 36. IC 25-23.6-10.1-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.122-2009, 15 SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) This article may not be construed to limit 17 addiction counselor or clinical addiction counselor services performed 18 by a person who does not use a title specified in this article and who is 19 any of the following: 20 (1) A licensed or certified health care professional acting within 21 the scope of the person's license or certificate, including a: 22 (A) social worker licensed under this article; 23 (B) clinical social worker licensed under this article; 24 (C) marriage and family therapist licensed under this article; 25 (D) mental health counselor licensed under this article; 26 (E) psychologist licensed under IC 25-33; 27 (F) physician licensed under IC 25-22.5; or 28 (G) nurse licensed under IC 25-23; 29 and who has training and experience in addiction counseling. 30 (2) A student, an intern, or a trainee pursuing a course of study in 31 medicine or psychology or a course of study to gain licensure 32 under this article: 33 (A) in an accredited eligible postsecondary educational 34 institution or training institution accredited by the Council for 35 Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational 36 Programs; 37 (B) through a National Association of Alcohol and Drug 38 Abuse Counselors approved academic education provider; or 39 (C) by a graduate accumulating experience required for 40 licensure if: 41 (i) the services are performed under qualified supervision 42 and constitute a part of the person's supervised course of



1	study or other level of supervision; and
2	(ii) the student or graduate uses a title that contains the term
3	"intern", "student", or "trainee".
4	(3) A nonresident of Indiana if the person performs addiction
5	counseling or therapy in Indiana for not more than:
6	(A) five (5) days in any one (1) month; or
7	(B) fifteen (15) days in any one (1) calendar year;
8	and the person is authorized to perform such services under the
9	laws of the state or country in which the person resides.
10	(4) A rabbi, priest, Christian Science practitioner, minister, or
11	other member of the clergy.
12	(5) An employee or a volunteer for an organization performing
13	charitable, religious, or educational functions or providing
14	pastoral counseling or other assistance.
15	(6) A person who provides school counseling.
16	(7) A governmental employee who remains in the same job
17	classification or job family of that job classification.
18	(8) An employee of a court alcohol and drug program, a drug
19	court, or a reentry court certified by the Indiana office of Judicial
20	Center judicial administration when performing assigned job
21	duties.
22	(9) A probation officer when performing assigned job duties.
23	(b) This section does not prohibit a person referred to in subsection
24	(a) from qualifying for licensure under this article.
25	SECTION 37. IC 29-3-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2011,
26	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) If:
28	(1) a guardian has not been appointed for an incapacitated person
29	or minor;
30	(2) an emergency exists;
31	(3) the welfare of the incapacitated person or minor requires
32	immediate action; and
33	(4) no other person appears to have authority to act in the
34	circumstances;
35	the court, on petition by any person or on its own motion, may appoint
36	a temporary guardian for the incapacitated person or minor for a
37	specified period not to exceed ninety (90) days. Upon notice and
38	hearing, the court may, with good cause shown, grant one (1)
39	extension of the temporary guardianship for not more than ninety
40	(90) days. No such appointment shall be made except after notice and
41	hearing unless it is alleged and found by the court that immediate and
42	irreparable injury to the person or injury, loss, or damage to the



1 property of the alleged incapacitated person or minor may result before 2 the alleged incapacitated person or minor can be heard in response to 3 the petition. If a temporary guardian is appointed without advance 4 notice and the alleged incapacitated person or minor files a petition that 5 the guardianship be terminated or the court order modified, the court 6 shall hear and determine the petition at the earliest possible time. 7 (b) If: 8 (1) a petition is filed under this section for the appointment of a 9 temporary guardian; and 10 (2) each person required to receive notice under IC 29-3-6-1(a) 11 has not: 12 (A) received a complete copy of the petition and notice required by IC 29-3-6-2 before the court considers and acts on 13 14 the petition; or 15 (B) received actual notice of the filing of the petition and specifically waived in writing the necessity for service of the 16 17 notice required under IC 29-3-6-2 before the court considers and acts on the petition; 18 19 the petitioner shall, on the earlier of the date the court enters an order 20 scheduling a hearing on the petition or the date the court enters an 21 order appointing a temporary guardian, serve complete copies of the 22 petition, the court's order, and the notice required by IC 29-3-6-2 on 23 every person entitled to receive notice under IC 29-3-6-1(a) and on 24 each additional person to whom the court directs that notice be given. 25 The requirements of this subsection are in addition to the petitioner's obligations under Rule 65 of the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure to 26 27 make a specific showing of the petitioner's efforts to provide advance 28 notice to all interested persons or the reasons why advance notice 29 cannot or should not be given. 30 (c) If the court finds that a previously appointed guardian is not 31 effectively performing fiduciary duties and that the welfare of the 32 protected person requires immediate action, the court may suspend the 33 authority of the previously appointed guardian and appoint a temporary guardian for the protected person for any period fixed by the court. The 34 35 authority of the previously appointed guardian is suspended as long as

(d) A temporary guardian appointed under this section has only the responsibilities and powers that are ordered by the court. The court shall order only the powers that are necessary to prevent immediate and substantial injury or loss to the person or property of the alleged incapacitated person or minor in an appointment made under this

a temporary guardian appointed under this subsection has authority to

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1	section.
2	(e) Proceedings under this section are not subject to the provisions
3	of IC 29-3-4.
4	(f) A proceeding under this section may be joined with a proceeding
5	under IC 29-3-4 or IC 29-3-5.
6	SECTION 38. IC 31-11-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.22-2012,
7	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 18. (a) The clerk of the circuit court shall forward
9	records of marriage to the state department of health on at least a
10	monthly basis. A clerk:
11	(1) may forward a record of marriage to the state department of
12	health in:
13	(A) a paper form; or
14	(B) an electronic form by using:
15	(i) an automated system developed by the office of judicial
16	technology and automation project; administration; or
17	(ii) another automated system approved by the state
18	department of health; and
19	(2) who forwards a record of marriage to the state department of
20	health in an electronic form is not required to forward the record
21	of marriage to the state department of health in a paper form.
22	(b) The state department of health shall:
23	(1) prescribe a form for recording marriages;
24	(2) accept a court order under section 17 of this chapter (or
25	IC 31-7-3-15.5 before its repeal) in place of a marriage certificate;
26	(3) prepare an annual index of all marriages solemnized in
27	Indiana and furnish at least one (1) index to the Indiana state
28	library; and
29	(4) furnish reports on records of marriage published by the state
30	department of health to the Indiana state library.
31	SECTION 39. IC 31-31-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) Each probation
33	department shall, not later than October 1 of each year, file a report
34	with the division office of state court judicial administration that
35	includes the information the probation department is required to
36 37	maintain under section 1 of this chapter.
37	(b) The report under subsection (a) must:
38 39	(1) cover the previous state fiscal year; and(2) include at least the following:
40	(A) The number of delinquent children and children in need of
40 41	services who received juvenile law services.
42	(B) Demographic information relating to the delinquent
12	(D) Demographic information relating to the definquent



1 children and children in need of services who received 2 juvenile law services. 3 (C) All financial information relating to juvenile law services 4 provided to delinquent children and children in need of 5 services. 6 SECTION 40. IC 31-32-13-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 7 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. When a court issues 8 an order or an emergency order under this chapter: 9 (1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and 10 (2) the petitioner shall file a confidential form prescribed or approved by the division office of state court judicial 11 12 administration with the clerk. 13 SECTION 41. IC 31-34-19-6.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.48-2012, 14 SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 15 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6.1. (a) Before entering its dispositional decree or 16 a modification to a dispositional decree, the juvenile court shall do the 17 following: 18 (1) Consider the recommendations for the needs of the child for 19 care, treatment, rehabilitation, or placement made by the 20 department in the department's predispositional report. (2) Consider the recommendations for the needs of the child for 21 22 care, treatment, rehabilitation, or placement made by the parent, 23 guardian or custodian, guardian ad litem or court appointed 24 special advocate, foster parent, other caretaker of the child, or 25 other party to the proceeding. 26 (3) If the juvenile court determines that the best interests of the 27 child require consideration of other dispositional options, submit 28 the juvenile court's own recommendations for care, treatment, 29 rehabilitation, or placement of the child. 30 (b) If the juvenile court accepts the recommendations in the 31 department's predispositional report, the juvenile court shall enter its 32 dispositional decree with its findings and conclusions under section 10 33 of this chapter. 34 (c) If during or after conclusion of the dispositional hearing or 35 modification hearing, the juvenile court does not accept the recommendations of the department as set out under subsection (a) in 36 37 the predispositional report and states that the juvenile court wants the 38 department to consider the recommendations made under subsection 39 (a)(2) or (a)(3), the dispositional hearing or modification hearing shall 40 be continued for not more than seven (7) business days after service of notice of the juvenile court's determination. The department shall 41 42 consider the recommendations that the juvenile court requested the

1 department to consider and submit to the juvenile court a supplemental 2 predispositional report stating the department's final recommendations 3 and reasons for accepting or rejecting the recommendations that were 4 not included in the department's original predispositional report. If the 5 juvenile court accepts the recommendations in the department's 6 supplemental report, the juvenile court may adopt the 7 recommendations as its findings and enter its dispositional decree. 8 (d) The juvenile court shall accept each final recommendation of the

9 department contained in a supplemental predispositional report 10 submitted under subsection (c), unless the juvenile court finds that a recommendation is: 11

12 (1) unreasonable, based on the facts and circumstances of the 13 case; or 14

(2) contrary to the welfare and best interests of the child.

15 (e) If the juvenile court does not accept one (1) or more of the department's final recommendations contained in the department's 16 17 supplemental predispositional report, the juvenile court shall:

(1) enter its dispositional decree with its written findings and 18 19 conclusions under sections 6 and 10 of this chapter; and

(2) specifically state why the juvenile court is not accepting the final recommendations of the department.

22 (f) If the juvenile court enters its findings and decree under 23 subsections (d) and (e), the department may appeal the juvenile court's 24 decree under any available procedure provided by the Indiana Rules of 25 Trial Procedure or the Indiana Rules of Appellate Procedure to allow any disputes arising under this section to be decided in an expeditious 26 27 manner.

28 (g) If the department prevails on appeal, the department shall pay 29 the following costs and expenses incurred by or on behalf of the child 30 before the date of the final decision:

31 (1) Any programs or services implemented during the appeal 32 initiated under subsection (f), other than the cost of an 33 out-of-home placement ordered by the juvenile court.

(2) Any out-of-home placement ordered by the juvenile court and 34 35 implemented after entry of the dispositional decree or modification order, if the court has made written findings that the 36 37 placement is an emergency required to protect the health and 38 welfare of the child.

39 If the court has not made written findings that the placement is an 40 emergency, the department shall file a notice with the Indiana office of judicial center. administration. 41

42 SECTION 42. IC 31-37-17-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.48-2012,

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1	SECTION 71, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) If consistent with the safety and best interest
3	of the child and the community, the probation officer preparing the
4 5	report shall recommend care, treatment, rehabilitation, or placement
5 6	that:
0 7	(1) is:
8	(A) in the least restrictive (most family like) and most
o 9	appropriate setting available; and
9 10	(B) close to the parents' home, consistent with the best interest and special needs of the child;
10	(2) least interferes with family autonomy;
11	(2) least interferes with family autohomy, (3) is least disruptive of family life;
12	(4) imposes the least restraint on the freedom of the child and the
13 14	child's parent, guardian, or custodian; and
15	(5) provides a reasonable opportunity for participation by the
16	child's parent, guardian, or custodian.
17	(b) If the report recommends a placement or services for which the
18	department will be responsible for payment under IC 31-40-1, the
19	report must include a risk assessment and needs assessment for the
20	child. The probation officer shall submit to the department a copy of
21	the report and the financial report prepared by the probation officer.
22	(c) If the report does not include the:
23	(1) risk assessment and needs assessment required in subsection
24	(b); or
25	(2) information required to be provided under section $1(a)(3)$ of
26	this chapter;
27	the department shall file a notice with the Indiana office of judicial
28	center. administration.
29	SECTION 43. IC 31-37-19-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2017,
30	SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. If a court enters a dispositional
32	decree that includes a no contact order under section $1(a)(7)$ of this
33	chapter:
34	(1) the clerk of the court that enters a dispositional decree that
35	includes a no contact order under section $1(a)(7)$ of this chapter
36	shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
37	(2) the petitioner shall file a confidential form prescribed or
38	approved by the division office of state court judicial
39	administration with the clerk.
40	SECTION 44. IC 31-37-19-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 22. If a court issues a
42	dispositional decree that includes a no contact order under section



1	
1	6(b)(2)(G) of this chapter:
2	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
3	(2) the petitioner shall file a confidential form prescribed or
4	approved by the division office of state court judicial
5	administration with the clerk.
6	SECTION 45. IC 32-30-10.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.102-2012,
7	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to a foreclosure action
9	that is filed after June 30, 2009. Except as provided in subsection (e)
10	and section $10(g)$ of this chapter, not later than thirty (30) days before
11	a creditor files an action for foreclosure, the creditor shall send to the
12	debtor by certified mail a presuit notice on a form prescribed by the
13	authority. The notice required by this subsection must do the following:
14	(1) Inform the debtor that:
15	(A) the debtor is in default;
16	(B) the debtor is encouraged to obtain assistance from a
17	mortgage foreclosure counselor; and
18	(C) if the creditor proceeds to file a foreclosure action and
19	obtains a foreclosure judgment, the debtor has a right to do the
20	following before a sheriff's sale is conducted:
21	(i) Appeal a finding of abandonment by a court under
22	IC 32-30-10.6.
23	(ii) Redeem the real estate from the judgment under
24	IC 32-29-7-7.
25	(iii) Retain possession of the property under
26	IC 32-29-7-11(b), subject to the conditions set forth in
27	IC 32-29-7-11(b).
28	(2) Provide the contact information for the Indiana Foreclosure
29	Prevention Network.
30	(3) Include the following statement printed in at least 14 point
31	boldface type:
32	"NOTICE REQUIRED BY STATE LAW
33	Mortgage foreclosure is a complex process. People may
34	approach you about "saving" your home. You should be
35	careful about any such promises. There are government
36	agencies and nonprofit organizations you may contact for
37	helpful information about the foreclosure process. For the
38	name and telephone number of an organization near you,
39	please call the Indiana Foreclosure Prevention Network.".
40	(b) The notice required by subsection (a) shall be sent to:
41	(1) the address of the mortgaged property; or
42	(2) the last known mailing address of the debtor if the creditor's



1 records indicate that the mailing address of the debtor is other 2 than the address of the mortgaged property. 3 If the creditor provides evidence that the notice required by subsection 4 (a) was sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, and in 5 accordance with this subsection, it is not necessary that the debtor 6 accept receipt of the notice for an action to proceed as allowed under 7 this chapter. 8 (c) Except as provided in subsection (e) and section 10(g) of this 9 chapter, if a creditor files an action to foreclose a mortgage, the creditor 10 shall: 11 (1) in the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2009, 12 but before July 1, 2011, include with the complaint served on the 13 debtor, on a form prescribed by the authority; and 14 (2) subject to subsection (f), in the case of a foreclosure action 15 filed after June 30, 2011, include on the first page of the summons 16 that is served on the debtor in conjunction with the complaint; 17 a notice that informs the debtor of the debtor's right to participate in a 18 settlement conference, subject to section 9(b) of this chapter. The 19 notice under subdivision (1) or (2) must inform the debtor that the 20 debtor may schedule a settlement conference by notifying the court, not 21 later than thirty (30) days after the complaint is served on the debtor, 22 of the debtor's intent to participate in a settlement conference. 23 (d) If a creditor files an action to foreclose a mortgage, the creditor 24 shall do the following: 25 (1) Include with the complaint filed with the court: 26 (A) except as provided in subsection (e) and section 10(g) of 27 this chapter, a copy of the notices sent to the debtor under 28 subsections (a) and (c), if the foreclosure action is filed after 29 June 30, 2009, but before July 1, 2011; or 30 (B) the following, if the foreclosure action is filed after June 31 30, 2011: 32 (i) Except as provided in subsection (e) and section 10(g) of 33 this chapter, a copy of the notice sent to the debtor under 34 subsection (a). 35 (ii) The following most recent contact information for the 36 debtor that the creditor has on file: all telephone numbers 37 and electronic mail addresses for the debtor and any mailing 38 address described in subsection (b)(2). The contact 39 information provided under this item is confidential under 40 IC 5-14-3-4(a)(13). 41 (2) For a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011, at the time 42 the complaint is filed with the court, send:

1	(A) by certified mail, return receipt requested; and
2	(B) to the last known mailing address of the insurance
3	company;
4	a copy of the complaint filed with the court to the insurance
5	company of record for the property that is the subject of the
6	foreclosure action.
7	It is not necessary that the insurance company accept receipt of the
8	copy of the complaint for the creditor to satisfy the requirement of
9	subdivision (2). A creditor's failure to provide a copy of the complaint
10	as required by subdivision (2) does not affect the foreclosure action or
11	subject the creditor to any liability. Subject to section 9(b) of this
12	chapter, in the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011,
13	upon the filing of the complaint by the creditor, the court shall send to
14	the debtor, by United States mail and to the address of the mortgaged
15	property, or to an address for the debtor provided by the creditor under
16	subdivision (1)(B)(ii), if applicable, a notice that informs the debtor of
17	the debtor's right to participate in a settlement conference. The court's
18	notice must inform the debtor that the debtor may schedule a settlement
19	conference by notifying the court of the debtor's intent to participate in
20	a settlement conference. The court's notice must specify a date by
21	which the debtor must request a settlement conference, which date
22	must be the date that is thirty (30) days after the date of the creditor's
23	service of the complaint on the debtor under subsection (c), as
24	determined by the court from the service list included with the
25	complaint filed with the court. The court may not delegate the duty to
26	send the notice the court is required to provide under this subsection to
27	the creditor or to any other person.
28	(e) A creditor is not required to send the notices described in this
29	section if:
30	(1) the mortgage is secured by a dwelling that is not occupied by
31	the debtor as the debtor's primary residence;
32	(2) the mortgage has been the subject of a prior foreclosure
33	prevention agreement under this chapter and the debtor has
34	defaulted with respect to the terms of that foreclosure prevention
35	agreement; or
36	(3) bankruptcy law prohibits the creditor from participating in a
37	settlement conference under this chapter with respect to the
38	mortgage.
39	(f) Not later than June 1, 2011, the authority, in consultation with
40	the division office of state court judicial administration, shall prescribe
41	language for the notice required under subsection $(c)(2)$ to be included
42	on the first page of the summons that is served on the debtor in a



1 foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011. The language must convey 2 the same information as the form prescribed by the authority under 3 subsection (c)(1) for foreclosure actions filed after June 30, 2009, but 4 before July 1, 2011. The authority shall make the language prescribed 5 under this subsection available on the authority's Internet web site. A 6 creditor complies with subsection (c)(2) in a foreclosure action filed 7 after June 30, 2011, if the creditor includes on the first page of the 8 summons served on the debtor: 9 (1) the language that is prescribed by the authority under this 10 subsection and made available on the authority's Internet web site; 11 or 12 (2) language that conveys the same information as the language that is prescribed by the authority under this subsection and made 13 14 available on the authority's Internet web site. 15 SECTION 46. IC 32-30-10.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2011, 16 SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 17 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. (a) Unless a settlement conference is not 18 required under this chapter, the court shall issue a notice of a 19 settlement conference if the debtor contacts the court to schedule a 20 settlement conference as described in section 8(c) of this chapter. The 21 court's notice of a settlement conference must do the following: 22 (1) Order the creditor and the debtor to conduct a settlement 23 conference on or before a date and time specified in the notice, 24 which date: 25 (A) must not be earlier than twenty-five (25) days after the 26 date of the notice under this section or later than sixty (60) 27 days after the date of the notice under this section, in the case 28 of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2009, but before 29 July 1, 2011; and 30 (B) must not be earlier than forty (40) days after the date of the 31 notice under this section or later than sixty (60) days after the 32 date of the notice under this section, in the case of a 33 foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011; 34 for the purpose of attempting to negotiate a foreclosure prevention 35 agreement. 36 (2) Encourage the debtor to contact a mortgage foreclosure 37 counselor before the date of the settlement conference. The notice 38 must provide the contact information for the Indiana Foreclosure 39 Prevention Network. 40 (3) Require the debtor to do the following: 41 (A) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 42 2011, provide, not later than a date specified in the order,

1	which date must be the date that is thirty (30) days before the
2	date of the settlement conference specified by the court under
3	subdivision (1), a copy of the debtor's loss mitigation package
4	to the following:
5	(i) The creditor's attorney, as identified by the creditor in the
6	complaint, at the address specified in the complaint.
7	(ii) The court, at an address specified by the court.
8	In setting forth the requirement described in this clause, the
9	court shall reference the listing that must be included as an
10	attachment to the notice under subdivision (8), and shall direct
11	the debtor to consult the attachment in compiling the debtor's
12	loss mitigation package.
13	(B) Bring the following to the settlement conference:
14	(i) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30,
15	2009, but before July 1, 2011, documents needed to engage
16	in good faith negotiations with the creditor, including
17	documentation of the debtor's present and projected future
18	income, expenses, assets, and liabilities (including
19	documentation of the debtor's employment history), and any
20	other documentation or information that the court
21	determines is needed for the debtor to engage in good faith
22	negotiations with the creditor. The court shall identify any
23	documents required under this item with enough specificity
24	to allow the debtor to obtain the documents before the
25	scheduled settlement conference.
26	(ii) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30,
27	2011, the debtor's loss mitigation package.
28	Any document submitted to the court under this subdivision as
29	part of the debtor's loss mitigation package is confidential under
30	IC 5-14-3-4(a)(13).
31	(4) Require the creditor to do the following:
32	(A) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30,
33	2011, send to the debtor, by certified mail and not later than a
34	date specified in the order, which date must be the date that is
35	thirty (30) days before the date of the settlement conference
36	specified by the court under subdivision (1), the following
37	transaction history for the mortgage:
38	(i) A payment record substantiating the default, such as a
39	payment history.
40	(ii) An itemization of all amounts claimed by the creditor as
41	being owed on the mortgage, such as an account payoff
42	statement.



1	If the creditor provides evidence that the transaction history
2	required by this clause was sent by certified mail, return
3	receipt requested, it is not necessary that the debtor accept
4	receipt of the transaction history for an action to proceed as
5	allowed under this chapter.
6	(B) Bring the following to the settlement conference:
7	(i) A copy of the original note and mortgage.
8	(ii) A payment record substantiating the default, such as a
9	payment history.
10	(iii) An itemization of all amounts claimed by the creditor as
11	being owed on the mortgage, such as an account payoff
12	statement.
13	(iv) Any other documentation that the court determines is
14	needed.
15	(5) Inform the parties that:
16	(A) each party has the right to be represented by an attorney or
17	assisted by a mortgage foreclosure counselor at the settlement
18	conference; and
19	(B) subject to subsection (b), an attorney or a mortgage
20	foreclosure counselor may participate in the settlement
21	conference in person or by telephone.
22	(6) Inform the parties that the settlement conference will be
23	conducted at the county courthouse, or at another place
24 25	designated by the court, on the date and time specified in the
	notice under subdivision (1) unless the parties submit to the court
26	a stipulation to: (A) modify the data time, and place of the settlement
27	(A) modify the date, time, and place of the settlement
28	conference; or
29	(B) hold the settlement conference by telephone at a date and
30 31	time agreed to by the parties.
	(7) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011,
32 33	inform the parties of the following:
	(A) That if the parties stipulate under subdivision (6) to
34 35	modify the date of the settlement conference:
	(i) the debtor must provide the debtor's loss mitigation
36	package to the creditor and to the court, as described in rule division (2) at least thirty (20) down have the settlement
37	subdivision (3), at least thirty (30) days before the settlement
38 39	conference date, as modified by the parties; and
39 40	(ii) the creditor must send to the debtor, by certified mail, the transaction history described in subdivision $(A)(A)$ at
	the transaction history described in subdivision $(4)(A)$ at least thirty (20) days before the sattlement conference data
41 42	least thirty (30) days before the settlement conference date,
42	as modified by the parties.



 conduct the settlement conference by telephone, the parties shall ensure the availability of any technology needed to allow simultaneous participation in the settlement conference by all participants. (8) In the case of a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011, include as an attachment the loss mitigation package listing prescribed by the authority under subsection (i). (b) An attorney for the creditor shall attend the settlement conference, and an authorized representative of the creditor shall be available by telephone during the settlement conference. In addition, the court may require any person that is a party to the foreclosure action to appear at or participate in a settlement conference held under this chapter, and, for cause shown, the court may order the creditor and the debtor to reconvene a settlement conference at any time before judgment is entered. Any: (1) costs to a creditor associated with a settlement conference under this chapter; or (2) civil penalty imposed on a creditor by the court in connection with a violation of a court order issued in the case; may not be charged to or collected from the debtor, either directly or indirectly. (a) The creditor shall ensure that any person representing the creditor: (b) The creditor agree to enter into a foreclosure prevention agreement; thas authority to represent the creditor in negotiating a foreclosure prevention agreement with the debtor. (c) It as a result of a settlement conference held under this chapter, the debtor and the creditor agree to enter into a foreclosure prevention agreement, the agreement shall be reduced to writing and signed by both parties, and each party shall retain a copy of the signed agreement. Not later than seven (7) business days after the s	1	(B) That if the parties stipulate under subdivision (6)(B) to
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13action to appear at or participate in a settlement conference held under14this chapter, and, for cause shown, the court may order the creditor and15the debtor to reconvene a settlement conference at any time before16judgment is entered. Any:17(1) costs to a creditor associated with a settlement conference18under this chapter; or19(2) civil penalty imposed on a creditor by the court in connection20with a violation of a court order issued in the case;21may not be charged to or collected from the debtor, either directly or22indirectly.23(c) At the court's discretion, a settlement conference may or may not24be attended by a judicial officer.25(d) The creditor shall ensure that any person representing the26creditor:27(1) at a settlement conference scheduled under this section; or28(2) in any negotiations with the debtor designed to reach29agreement on the terms of a foreclosure prevention agreement;30has authority to represent the creditor in negotiating a foreclosure31prevention agreement with the debtor.32(e) If, as a result of a settlement conference held under this chapter,34the debtor and the creditor agree to enter into a foreclosure prevention35both parties, and each party shall retain a copy of the signed agreement.36Not later than seven (7) business days after the signing of the37foreclosure prevention agreement. At the election of the creditor, the38 <td>12</td> <td></td>	12	
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41 (f) If, as a result of a settlement conference held under this chapter.		
	41	(f) If, as a result of a settlement conference held under this chapter,
42 the debtor and the creditor are unable to agree on the terms of a	42	the debtor and the creditor are unable to agree on the terms of a



1	foreclosure prevention agreement:
2	(1) the creditor shall, not later than seven (7) business days after
3	the conclusion of the settlement conference, file with the court a
4	notice indicating that the settlement conference held under this
5	chapter has concluded and a foreclosure prevention agreement
6	was not reached; and
7	(2) the foreclosure action filed by the creditor may proceed as
8	otherwise allowed by law, subject to the court's right under
9	subsection (b) to order the creditor and the debtor to reconvene a
10	settlement conference at any time before judgment is entered.
11	(g) If:
12	(1) a foreclosure is dismissed by the creditor under subsection (e)
13	after a foreclosure prevention agreement is reached; and
14	(2) a default in the terms of the foreclosure prevention agreement
15	later occurs;
16	the creditor or its assigns may bring a foreclosure action with respect
17	to the mortgage that is the subject of the foreclosure prevention
18	agreement without sending the notices described in section 8 of this
19	chapter.
20	(h) Participation in a settlement conference under this chapter
21	satisfies any mediation or alternative dispute resolution requirement
22	established by court rule.
23	(i) Not later than June 1, 2011, the authority shall prescribe a list of
24	documents that must be included as part of a debtor's loss mitigation
25	package in a foreclosure action filed after June 30, 2011. In prescribing
26	the list of documents required by this subsection, the authority:
27	(1) shall require those documents that:
28	(A) provide information about a debtor's present and projected
29	future income, expenses, assets, and liabilities; and
30	(B) are necessary for a creditor to make underwriting decisions
31	or other determinations in connection with a potential
32	foreclosure prevention agreement with the debtor to whom the
33	documents apply; and
34	(2) may amend the list:
35	(A) in response to changes in any federal loan modification
36	programs; or
37	(B) as otherwise determined to be necessary by the authority.
38	The authority shall make the list prescribed under this subsection
39	available on the authority's Internet web site. The division office of
40	state court judicial administration shall make the list prescribed under
41	this subsection available on the Internet web site maintained by the
42	state's judicial branch. If the authority determines that an amendment



1 to the list is necessary under subdivision (2), the authority shall notify 2 the division office of state court judicial administration of the 3 amendment as soon as practicable before the amendment takes effect 4 and shall update the list on the authority's Internet web site not later 5 than the effective date of the amendment. Upon receiving notice of an 6 amendment to the list from the authority, the division office of state 7 court judicial administration shall update the list on the Internet web 8 site maintained by the state's judicial branch not later than the effective 9 date of the amendment. 10 SECTION 47. IC 33-23-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2008, 11 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 12 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. Except as provided under sections 5(14) and 13 9(b) of this chapter, a magistrate 14 (1) does not have the power of judicial mandate. and 15 (2) may not enter a final appealable order unless sitting as a judge 16 pro tempore or a special judge. 17 SECTION 48. IC 33-23-13-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 18 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. If a judge or 19 prosecuting attorney is sued for civil damages or equitable relief and 20 the suit would be construed, under notice pleading, as arising out of an 21 act performed within the scope of the duties of the judge or prosecuting 22 attorney, the attorney general shall: 23 (1) defend the judge or prosecuting attorney in the suit; or 24 (2) authorize the executive director chief administrative officer of the division office of state court judicial administration to hire 25 26 private counsel to provide the defense. 27 SECTION 49. IC 33-23-15-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2011, 28 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) If a person described in section 1 of this 30 chapter: 31 (1) has been released from commitment; or 32 (2) successfully completes a treatment or rehabilitation program; 33 the person may petition the court (if the adjudication leading to the 34 person's commitment, rehabilitation, or treatment program was from a 35 court) or the department of correction (if the determination leading to 36 the person's rehabilitation or treatment program was from a psychiatrist employed by or retained by the department of correction) to determine 37 38 whether the person is prohibited from possessing a firearm because the 39 person is not a proper person under IC 35-47-1-7(11) through 40 IC 35-47-1-7(13). (b) In determining whether the person is prohibited from possessing 41

42 a firearm because the person is not a proper person under



1	IC 35-47-1-7(11) through IC 35-47-1-7(13), the court or department of
2	correction shall consider the following evidence:
3	(1) The facts and circumstances leading to the person being
4	included in the category of persons to whom this chapter applies.
3 4 5	(2) The person's mental health and criminal history records.
6	(3) Evidence concerning the person's reputation, including the
7	testimony of character witnesses.
8	(4) A recent mental health evaluation by a psychiatrist or
9	psychologist licensed to practice in Indiana.
10	(c) If the court or the department of correction, after considering the
11	evidence described in subsection (b), finds by clear and convincing
12	evidence that:
13	(1) the person is not a danger to the person or to others;
14	(2) the person is not likely to act in a manner dangerous to public
15	safety; and
16	(3) the requested relief would not be contrary to public interest;
17	the court or department of correction shall transmit its findings to the
18	department office of state court judicial administration, and any other
19	information required by the division office of state court judicial
20	administration, for transmission to the NICS in accordance with
21	IC 33-24-6-3.
22	(d) A determination under this section may be appealed only in
23	accordance with section 3 of this chapter.
24	SECTION 50. IC 33-23-16-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010,
25	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. A city court or county court may establish a
20	problem solving court. A problem solving court established under this
28	section may be a:
29	(1) drug court;
30	(2) mental health court;
31	(3) family dependency drug court;
32	(4) community court;
33	(5) reentry court;
34	(6) domestic violence court;
35	(7) veteran's veterans' court; or
36	
30 37	(8) any other court certified as a problem solving court by the
38	Indiana office of judicial center administration under section 17
	of this chapter.
39 40	SECTION 51. IC 33-23-16-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010,
40	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16. (a) As used in this section, "effective date"
42	means the date established by the board after which minimum



1 employment qualifications are required for persons employed by a 2 problem solving court program. 3 (b) A program established under this chapter is subject to the 4 regulatory powers of the Indiana office of judicial center 5 administration established under IC 33-38-9. by IC 33-24-6-1. 6 (c) The board: 7 (1) shall adopt rules establishing requirements and procedures for: 8 (A) initial certification: 9 (B) recertification; and 10 (C) decertification; of problem solving courts; and 11 12 (2) may adopt rules concerning educational and occupational 13 qualifications for problem solving court employees. 14 (d) If the board adopts qualifications for the employees of problem solving courts under subsection (c)(2): 15 16 (1) the board shall establish an effective date after which a person 17 employed by a problem solving court must meet the 18 qualifications; and 19 (2) the qualifications do not apply to a person who is employed: 20 (A) by a certified problem solving court before the effective 21 date; or 22 (B) as administrative personnel. 23 SECTION 52. IC 33-23-16-17, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010, 24 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 25 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. The Indiana office of judicial center 26 administration shall: 27 (1) ensure that problem solving courts comply with the rules 28 adopted under this chapter and applicable federal regulations; 29 (2) certify problem solving courts according to the requirements 30 and procedures established under section 16(c)(1) of this chapter; 31 and 32 (3) require, as a condition of operation, that each problem solving 33 court created or funded under this chapter be certified according 34 to the rules adopted by the board. 35 SECTION 53. IC 33-23-16-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010, 36 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 37 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 18. The Indiana office of judicial center 38 administration may: 39 (1) revoke the certification of a problem solving court if the 40 Indiana office of judicial center administration determines that 41 the problem solving court does not comply with rules adopted 42 under this chapter and applicable federal regulations; and



1	(2) enter into agreements or contracts with:
2	(A) another department, authority, or agency of the state;
3	(B) another state;
4	(C) the federal government;
5	(D) a state educational institution or private postsecondary
6	educational institution; or
7	(E) a public or private agency;
8	to implement this chapter.
9	SECTION 54. IC 33-23-16-19, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010,
10	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 19. (a) A court shall notify the Indiana office of
12	judicial center administration of the court's intention to establish a
13	problem solving court during the planning for the establishment of the
14	problem solving court.
15	(b) A court seeking to establish a problem solving court must submit
16	a petition for approval to the Indiana office of judicial center
17	administration in accordance with rules adopted by the board.
18	(c) A problem solving court may not:
19	(1) assess fees; or
20	(2) collect fees;
21	until the problem solving court is certified by the Indiana office of
22	judicial center. administration.
23	SECTION 55. IC 33-23-16-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2015,
24	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 22. (a) The costs of a problem solving court may,
26	at the discretion of the fiscal body of the unit, be supplemented out of
27	the city general fund or the county general fund and may be further
28	supplemented by payment from the user fee fund upon appropriation
29	made under IC 33-37-8.
30	(b) A problem solving court may apply for and receive the
31	following:
32	(1) Gifts, bequests, and donations from private sources.
33	(2) Grants and contract money from governmental sources.
34	(3) Other forms of financial assistance approved by the court to
35	supplement the problem solving court's budget.
36	(c) A court wishing to establish a problem solving court, including
37	a veteran's court, may apply to the office of judicial center
38	administration for financial assistance. The office of judicial center
39	administration may provide financial aid to establish the court from
40	funds appropriated to the office of judicial center administration for
41	that purpose.
42	SECTION 56. IC 33-23-16-25, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2010,
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1 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 2 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 25. (a) The Indiana judicial center supreme court 3 problem solving court fund is established for the purpose of 4 administering, certifying, and supporting problem solving court 5 programs under this chapter. The fund shall be administered by the 6 Indiana office of judicial center. administration. 7 (b) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not 8 currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same 9 manner as other public funds may be invested. 10 (c) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund. 11 SECTION 57. IC 33-23-17-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.284-2013, 12 13 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 14 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The committee shall do the following: (1) Conduct a continuous study of information technology 15 16 applications for Indiana's judicial system, including an analysis of 17 appropriate and equitable funding, automated recordkeeping fees 18 and record perpetuation costs, and their allocation between state 19 and local governmental entities. 20 (2) Develop a long range strategy for technology and automation in Indiana's judicial system, including: 21 22 (A) establishing plans for funding and implementing 23 technology and automation; 24 (B) making recommendations to the division office of state 25 court judicial administration for the establishment of a pilot 26 program concerning electronic filing; (C) allowing public court records to be available on the 27 28 Internet: 29 (D) studying the appropriate use of private sector vendors that 30 offer similar interfacing or complementary systems; and 31 (E) studying any other issues the committee considers 32 appropriate. 33 (3) Make recommendations to the supreme court concerning the 34 implementation of policies, standards, and rules that promote the 35 effective use of technology and automation in Indiana courts. 36 (b) The committee may employ an independent consultant to assist 37 with its study. 38 SECTION 58. IC 33-23-17-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.284-2013, 39 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 40 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. The division office of state court judicial 41 administration shall staff the committee. 42

SECTION 59. IC 33-24-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) There is created
2	within the office of chief justice the office of judicial administration,
3	which must:
4	(1) be headed by a chief administrative officer; and
5	(2) have departments within the office as designated by the
6	administrative rules of the Indiana supreme court.
7	(b) The office consists of two (2) divisions, entitled:
8	(1) supreme court administration; and
9	(2) state court administration.
10	(c) The division of supreme court administration shall be headed by
11	a supreme court administrator. The division of state court
12	administration shall be headed by an executive director.
13	SECTION 60. IC 33-24-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.252-2017,
14	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) The division office of state court judicial
16	administration shall do the following:
17	(1) Examine the administrative and business methods and systems
18	employed in the offices of the clerks of court and other offices
19	related to and serving the courts and make recommendations for
20	necessary improvement.
21	(2) Collect and compile statistical data and other information on
22	the judicial work of the courts in Indiana. All justices of the
23	supreme court, judges of the court of appeals, judges of all trial
24	courts, and any city or town courts, whether having general or
25	special jurisdiction, court clerks, court reporters, and other
26	officers and employees of the courts shall, upon notice by the
27	executive director chief administrative officer and in
28	compliance with procedures prescribed by the executive director,
29	chief administrative officer, furnish the executive director chief
30	administrative officer the information as is requested concerning
31	the nature and volume of judicial business. The information must
32	include the following:
33	(A) The volume, condition, and type of business conducted by
34	the courts.
35	(B) The methods of procedure in the courts.
36	(C) The work accomplished by the courts.
37	(D) The receipt and expenditure of public money by and for
38	the operation of the courts.
39 40	(E) The methods of disposition or termination of cases.
40 41	(3) Prepare and publish reports, not less than one (1) or more than $two (2)$ times nor war, on the nature and volume of judicial work
41 42	two (2) times per year, on the nature and volume of judicial work performed by the courts as determined by the information
7 2	performed by the courts as determined by the information



2 (4) Serve the judicial nominating commission and the judicial 3 qualifications commission in the performance by the commissions 4 of their statutory and constitutional functions. 5 (5) Administer the civil legal aid fund as required by IC 33-24-12. 6 (6) Administer the judicial court technology and automation 7 project fund established by section 12 of this chapter. 8 (7) By December 31, 2013, develop and implement a standard 9 protocol for sending and receiving court data: 10 (A) between the protective order registry, established by 11 IC 5-2-9-5.5, and county court case management systems; 12 (B) at the option of the county prosecuting attorney, for: 13 (i) a county court case management system; and 16 operated by the division office of state court judicial 17 administration; 18 to interface with the electronic traffic tickets, as defined by 19 IC 9-30-3-2.5; and 20 (C) between county court case management systems and the 21 case management system developed and operated by the 22 division office of state court judicial administration. 23 The standar	1	required in subdivision (2).
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30prohibited from possessing a firearm and transmitting this31information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion32in the NICS.33(9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving34drug related felony conviction information from courts. The35division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of36each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the37following:38(A) Provide NPLEx with the following information:39(i) The convicted individual's full name.40(ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.	28	(8) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving
 31 information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion 32 in the NICS. 33 (9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving 34 drug related felony conviction information from courts. The 35 division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of 36 each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the 37 following: 38 (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: 39 (i) The convicted individual's full name. 40 (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		information that relates to certain individuals who may be
 in the NICS. (9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving drug related felony conviction information from courts. The division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following: (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: (i) The convicted individual's full name. (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		
 (9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving drug related felony conviction information from courts. The division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following: (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: (i) The convicted individual's full name. (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion
34drug related felony conviction information from courts. The35division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of36each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the37following:38(A) Provide NPLEx with the following information:39(i) The convicted individual's full name.40(ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.		in the NICS.
 division office of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following: (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: (i) The convicted individual's full name. (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		(9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving
 ach drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following: (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: (i) The convicted individual's full name. (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		drug related felony conviction information from courts. The
 following: (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: (i) The convicted individual's full name. (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		•
 38 (A) Provide NPLEx with the following information: 39 (i) The convicted individual's full name. 40 (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		each drug related felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the
 39 (i) The convicted individual's full name. 40 (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth. 		e
40 (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.		e
41 (iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number. state		
		(iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state
42 personal identification number, or other unique number, if	42	personal identification number, or other unique number, if



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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	available. (iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony. Upon receipt of the information from the division, office of judicial administration, a stop sale alert must be generated through NPLEx for each individual reported under this clause. (B) Notify NPLEx if the felony of an individual reported under clause (A) has been: (i) set aside; (ii) reversed;
10	(iii) expunged; or (iv) vacated.
12	Upon receipt of information under this clause, NPLEx shall
12	remove the stop sale alert issued under clause (A) for the
13	individual.
15	(10) Staff the judicial technology oversight committee established
16	by IC 33-23-17-2.
17	(11) After July 1, 2018, establish and administer an electronic
18	system for receiving from courts felony conviction information for
19	each felony described in IC 20-28-5-8(c). The division office of
20	judicial administration shall notify the department of education
21	at least one (1) time each week of each felony described in
22	IC 20-28-5-8(c) entered after July 1, 2018, and do the following:
23	(A) Provide the department of education with the following
24	information:
25	(i) The convicted individual's full name.
26	(ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.
27	(iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state
28	personal identification number, or other unique number, if
29	available.
30	(iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony.
31	(B) Notify the department of education if the felony of an
32	individual reported under clause (A) has been:
33	(i) set aside;
34	(ii) reversed; or
35	(iii) vacated.
36	(12) Perform legal and administrative duties for the justices
37	as determined by the justices.
38	(13) Provide staff support for the judicial conference of Indiana actablished in IC 22 28 0
39 40	Indiana established in IC 33-38-9.
40 41	(b) All forms to be used in gathering data must be approved by the supreme court and shall be distributed to all judges and clerks before
41	the start of each period for which reports are required.
74	the start of each period for which reports are required.



(c) The division office of judicial administration may adopt rules to implement this section.

3 SECTION 61. IC 33-24-6-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.129-2005, 4 SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 5 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The division office of state court judicial 6 administration shall establish and administer an office of guardian ad 7 litem and court appointed special advocate services. The division office 8 of judicial administration shall use money it receives from the state 9 general fund to administer the office. If funds for guardian ad litem and 10 court appointed special advocate programs are appropriated by the general assembly, the division office of judicial administration shall 11 12 provide matching funds to counties that implement and administer, in 13 courts with juvenile jurisdiction, a guardian ad litem or court appointed 14 special advocate program for children who are alleged to be victims of child abuse or neglect under IC 31-33. Matching funds must be 15 16 distributed in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this 17 chapter. A county may use these matching funds to supplement amounts that are collected as fees under IC 31-40-3-1 and used for the 18 19 operation of guardian ad litem and court appointed special advocate 20 programs. The division office of judicial administration may use its 21 administrative fund to provide training services and communication 22 services for local officials and local guardian ad litem and court 23 appointed special advocate programs. The county fiscal body shall appropriate adequate funds for the county to be eligible for matching 24 25 funds under this section. 26

(b) Matching funds provided to a county under this section shall be used for guardian ad litem and court appointed special advocate programs and may be deposited in the county's guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate fund described in IC 31-40-3.

(c) Any matching funds appropriated to the division office of state court judicial administration that are not used before July 1 of each fiscal year do not revert but shall be redistributed under this section on July 1. The division office of judicial administration shall redistribute the funds among counties providing guardian ad litem and court appointed special advocate programs that are entitled to receive matching funds.

37 (d) Money appropriated to the division office of state court judicial
38 administration does not revert at the end of a state fiscal year to the
39 state general fund.

40 (e) Only guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate
41 programs certified by the supreme court are eligible for funding under
42 this section.

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1 SECTION 62. IC 33-24-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2007, 2 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 3 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) If appropriated by the general assembly, the 4 division office of state court judicial administration shall grant to each 5 county with a guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate program an annual appropriation calculated under the following 6 7 formula: 8 STEP ONE: Deduct the annual appropriation to the division 9 office of state court judicial administration for administrative 10 expenses. 11 STEP TWO: Ascertain the number of children in need of services 12 cases in each county, as determined by the division office of state 13 court judicial administration from reports filed under 14 IC 33-24-6-3, during the preceding calendar year. STEP THREE: Divide the result under STEP TWO by the total 15 16 number of children in need of services cases in Indiana, as 17 determined by the division office of state court judicial 18 administration from reports filed under IC 33-24-6-3, during the 19 preceding calendar year. 20 STEP FOUR: Multiply the result under STEP THREE by the 21 remaining state match appropriation. 22 (b) If, under subsection (a), a county's grant would result in a grant 23 of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or less, the county is entitled to 24 receive a grant of two thousand dollars (\$2,000). After subtracting the 25 state match appropriation distributed to these counties from the total 26 remaining state appropriation, the division office of state court judicial 27 administration shall distribute the remaining state appropriation under 28 the following formula: 29 STEP ONE: Subtract the total number of children in need of 30 services cases in the counties covered under subsection (a) from 31 the total number of children in need of services cases in Indiana, 32 as determined by the division office of state court judicial administration, during the preceding calendar year. 33 34 STEP TWO: Divide the number of children in need of services 35 cases in each of the counties not covered under subsection (a) by 36 the result under STEP ONE. 37 STEP THREE: Multiply the result under STEP TWO by the total remaining state match appropriation. 38 39 STEP FOUR: Distribute the result under STEP THREE to each 40 county not covered under subsection (a). 41 SECTION 63. IC 33-24-6-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 42 2018]. Sec. 6. The division of supreme court administration shall



perform legal and administrative duties for the justices as are determined by the justices.

SECTION 64. IC 33-24-6-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. (a) The executive director chief administrative officer shall, with the approval of the supreme court, divide the state geographically into at least eight (8) trial court districts.

8 (b) On the basis of relevant information compiled by the executive 9 director chief administrative officer concerning the volume and nature of judicial workload, the executive director chief 10 administrative officer shall recommend to the supreme court the 11 12 temporary transfer of any judge or judges. The supreme court shall 13 consider the recommendation and temporarily transfer any judge of a 14 trial court of general or special jurisdiction to another court if the temporary transfer is determined to be beneficial to facilitate the 15 16 judicial work of the court to which the judge is transferred without placing an undue burden on the court from which the judge is 17 18 transferred. However, a judge may not be temporarily transferred to a 19 court in another county within the district the judge normally serves 20 that, at its nearest point, is more than forty (40) miles from the seat of 21 the county the judge normally serves unless the judge consents to the 22 transfer.

23 SECTION 65. IC 33-24-6-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.284-2013, 24 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. (a) The judicial court technology and 25 26 automation project fund is established to fund the judicial court 27 technology. and automation project. The division of state court office 28 of judicial administration shall administer the fund. The fund consists 29 of the following: 30

(1) Deposits made under IC 33-37-9-4.

(2) Other appropriations made by the general assembly.

(3) Grants and gifts designated for the fund or the judicial court technology. and automation project.

(b) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested.

37 (c) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert 38 to the state general fund.

(d) The budget committee may release funds for the judicial court technology and automation project after the division office of state 40 court judicial administration certifies in conjunction with the Indiana office of technology, that the judicial court technology automation 42

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1	project is in compliance with the information sharing and exchange
2	provisions of IC 33-24-6-3(a).
3	SECTION 66. IC 33-24-6-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.38-2016,
4	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) Beginning in 2018, not later than March
6	1 of each year, the division office of state court judicial administration
7	shall submit a report to the legislative council in an electronic format
8	under IC 5-14-6 providing the following information relating to the
9	enforcement of residential complex traffic ordinances on the property
10	of residential complexes under contracts entered into under
11	IC 9-21-18-4.1:
12	(1) The number of traffic stops.
13	(2) The number of citations issued.
14	(3) The number of traffic stops and citations issued.
15	(b) The report must set forth information required under subsection
16	(a) by:
17	(1) each unit that has adopted a residential complex traffic
18	ordinance:
19	(A) under IC 9-21-18-4.1; and
20	(B) through issuance of electronic traffic tickets (as defined in
21	IC 9-30-3-2.5); and
22	(2) the totals for all units described in subdivision (1).
23	(c) The division office of state court judicial administration must
24	issue a report under this section for each of the following years:
25	(1) 2017.
26	(2) 2018.
27	(3) 2019.
28	(4) 2020.
29	(d) This section expires July 1, 2021.
30	SECTION 67. IC 33-24-12-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. To be eligible for the
32	receipt of funds under this chapter, a legal services provider must meet
33	the following requirements:
34	(1) The legal services provider must have been:
35	(A) incorporated before July 2, 1997; or
36	(B) incorporated and providing civil legal aid to the indigent
37	for three (3) years immediately preceding the application for
38	funds from the civil legal aid fund.
39	(2) The legal services provider must submit an opt-in form to the
40	executive director chief administrative officer of the division
41	office of state eourt judicial administration before May 2 of each
42	year. The form must include the following information:



1	(A) The name, address, and telephone number of the legal
2	services provider.
2 3 4	(B) The Internal Revenue Code $501(c)(3)$ form of the legal
4	services provider.
5	(C) The name and address of the executive director chief
6	administrative officer and board president of the legal
7	services provider.
8	(D) A list of all counties within the incorporated service area
9	of the legal services provider.
10	(E) Certification that the legal services provider has provided
11	legal services to indigent individuals within its service area for
12	the preceding three (3) years and that the legal services
13	provider will continue to provide legal services to the indigent
14	for the year following receipt of funds from the civil legal aid
15	fund.
16	(3) The legal services provider may not do any of the following:
17	(A) Make available funds, personnel, or equipment for use in
18	advocating or opposing a plan or proposal, represent a party,
19	or participate in litigation that is intended to or has the effect
20	of altering, revising, or reapportioning a legislative, a judicial,
21	or an elective district at any level of government, including
22	influencing the timing or manner of the taking of a census.
23	(B) Attempt to influence the issuance, amendment, or
24	revocation of an executive order, regulation, or other statement
25	of general applicability and future effect by a federal, state, or
26	local agency.
27	(C) Attempt to influence an adjudicatory proceeding of a
28	federal, state, or local agency if such part of the proceeding is
29	designed for the formulation or modification of an agency
30	policy of general applicability and future effect.
31	(D) Attempt to influence the passage or defeat of legislation,
32	a constitutional amendment, a referendum, an initiative, or
33	similar procedure of the Congress, a state, or a local legislative
34	body.
35	(E) Attempt to influence the conduct of oversight proceedings
36	of the Legal Services Corporation or a person or an entity
37	receiving financial assistance provided by the Legal Services
38	Corporation.
38 39	(F) Pay for a personal service, an advertisement, a telegram, a
39 40	telephone communication, a letter, printed or written matter,
40 41	•
41 42	an administrative expense, or a related expense, associated
42	with an activity prohibited in this subdivision.



1	(G) Initiate or participate in a class action suit.
2	(H) Support or conduct a training program for the purpose of
3	advocating a particular public policy or encouraging a political
4	activity, a labor or an antilabor activity, a boycott, picketing,
5	a strike, or a demonstration, including the dissemination of
6	information about such a policy or activity. However, this
7	clause may not be construed to prohibit the training of an
8	attorney or a paralegal in the provision of:
9	(i) adequate legal assistance to eligible clients; or
10	(i) advice to an eligible client as to the legal rights of the
11	client.
12	(I) Participate in litigation:
12	(i) on behalf of a person incarcerated in a federal, state, or
13	local prison; or
15	(ii) arising out of the incarceration of a person described in
16	item (i).
17	SECTION 68. IC 33-24-12-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The civil legal
19	aid fund is established to provide additional revenue for legal services
20	providers.
21	(b) The fund is administered by the division office of state court
22	judicial administration.
23	SECTION 69. IC 33-24-12-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The division
25	office of state court judicial administration shall annually determine
26	the amount to be distributed from the fund to each county's legal
27	services provider under the following formula:
28	STEP ONE: Determine the number of civil cases filed in the
29	county during the year as reported by the most recent Indiana
30	Judicial Report.
31	STEP TWO: Determine the number of civil cases filed in Indiana
32	during the year as reported by the most recent Indiana Judicial
33	Report.
34	STEP THREE: Divide the amount determined in STEP ONE by
35	the amount determined in STEP TWO.
36	STEP FOUR: Multiply the quotient determined in STEP THREE
37	by the annual amount appropriated under section 7 of this chapter
38	or by the annual amount of the appropriation from the state
39	general fund as provided in the state budget act, whichever is
40	greater.
41	Except as provided in subsection (b), the product determined in STEP
42	FOUR is the amount to be distributed to the legal services provider or



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1 providers having the county in its service area.

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(b) In a county where there is more than one (1) legal services provider, the amount distributed from the fund for that county shall be distributed among the legal services providers in direct proportion to the number of legal services providers in that county.

6 (c) Distributions from the fund shall be made on January 1 and July
7 1 of each year. Money in the fund is annually appropriated to carry out
8 the purposes of the fund.

9 SECTION 70. IC 33-24-13-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. During every state
11 fiscal year, there is appropriated from the state general fund to the
12 office of judicial administration, division of state court administration,
13 supreme court six hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$625,000)
14 to be used for the Indiana conference for legal education opportunity
15 established by this chapter.

SECTION 71. IC 33-27-2-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. (a) The judicial
 nominating commission may employ investigators and other experts
 that the commission determines are necessary to carry out its functions
 and purposes. The commission may employ special counsel in a
 proceeding if the commission determines the employment is advisable.

(b) The division office of state court judicial administration shall serve the judicial nominating commission in performing the commission's statutory and constitutional functions.

(c) The general assembly may appropriate the sums it considers necessary for expenses that may be incurred in the administration of this article.

SECTION 72. IC 33-28-3-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) The court shall provide by rule for an evening session to be held once each week.

31 (b) The court shall may hold additional sessions in the evening and
32 on holidays as necessary to ensure the just, speedy, and inexpensive
33 determination of every action.

SECTION 73. IC 33-28-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. The court shall comply with all requests made under IC 33-24-6-3 by the executive director chief administrative officer of the division office of state court judicial administration concerning the small claims and misdemeanor division.

40 SECTION 74. IC 33-29-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) The court shall
42 provide by rule for an evening session to be held one (1) time each



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(b) The court shall may hold additional sessions in the evening and on holidays as necessary to ensure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action.

SECTION 75. IC 33-29-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. The court shall comply with all requests made under IC 33-24-6-3 by the executive director chief administrative officer of the division office of state court judicial administration concerning the small claims and misdemeanor division.

11 SECTION 76. IC 33-31-1-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 12 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 21. (a) The salary of the 13 judge of the probate court shall be the same as that of the judge of the 14 circuit court of the county. The salary of the judge and the 15 compensation of a judge pro tempore shall be paid in the same manner 16 and from the same sources as the judge of the circuit court or judges 17 pro tempore of the court.

(b) A full-time judge of a probate court may not be paid
compensation for serving as a special judge, except for reasonable
expenses for meals, lodging, travel, and other incidental expenses
approved by the executive director chief administrative officer of the
division office of state court judicial administration.

SECTION 77. IC 33-31-2-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.201-2011,
 SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. The court shall comply with all requests made
 under IC 33-24-6-3 by the executive director chief administrative
 officer of the division office of state court judicial administration
 concerning the small claims and misdemeanor division.

SECTION 78. IC 33-33-2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
SECTION 166, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) The Allen superior court
consists of nine (9) judges as follows:

(1) Two (2) judges serve in the family relations division.

(2) Three (3) judges serve in the criminal division.

(3) Four (4) judges serve in the civil division.

A newly elected or appointed judge assumes the division assignment of the judge whom the judge replaces.

(b) If in the opinion of a majority of the judges there is an undue disparity in the number of cases in any division, the chief judge may assign specific cases normally assigned to that division to a judge in another division as directed by a majority of the judges.

(c) Not later than December 31 of the year immediately preceding



1 a year in which the office of judge of the Allen superior court will be 2 on the ballot, the clerk of the circuit court shall file with the election 3 division a list containing the name, the division assignment, and the 4 court number assigned by the roster of judicial officers maintained by 5 the Supreme Court of Indiana, Division office of State Court 6 Administration, judicial administration, for each judge of the Allen 7 superior court. 8 (d) During the period under IC 3-8-2-4 in which a declaration of candidacy may be filed for a primary election, any person desiring to

9 candidacy may be filed for a primary election, any person desiring to
10 become a candidate for one (1) of the Allen superior court judgeships
11 must file with the election division a declaration of candidacy adapted
12 from the form prescribed under IC 3-8-2 that:

(1) is signed by the candidate; and

(2) designates the division and the court number of the judgeship that the candidate seeks.

(e) A petition without the designation required under subsection (c)
shall be rejected by the election division (or by the Indiana election
commission under IC 3-8-1-2).

(f) If an individual who files a declaration under subsection (d)
ceases to be a candidate after the final date for filing a declaration
under subsection (d), the election division may accept the filing of
additional declarations of candidacy for that seat not later than noon on
August 1.

SECTION 79. IC 33-33-10-19, AS ADDED BY P.L.201-2011,
SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 19. (a) Before March 15 of each year, the board
of judges of the circuit court shall adopt rules to provide for the
administration of the circuit court, including rules governing the
following:

- (1) Allocation of case load.
- 31 (2) Legal representation for indigents.
- 32 (3) Budgetary matters of the circuit court.
- 33 (4) Operation of the probation department.
- 34 (5) Term of administration of the presiding judge.
 - (6) Employment and management of circuit court personnel.
- 36 (7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and37 administering shared programs and facilities.

(b) The board of judges of the circuit court shall file with the
 division of state court office of judicial administration a copy of the
 rules adopted under this section.

41 SECTION 80. IC 33-33-18-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The judges of the

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1 Delaware circuit court shall adopt rules to provide for the 2 administration of the court, including rules governing the following: 3 (1) Allocation of case load. 4 (2) Legal representation for indigents. 5 (3) Budgetary matters of the court. 6 (4) Operation of the probation department. 7 (5) Term of administration of the presiding judge. 8 (6) Employment and management of court personnel. 9 (7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and administering shared programs and facilities. 10 (b) The court shall file with the division office of state court judicial 11 12 administration a copy of the rules adopted under this section. SECTION 81. IC 33-33-33-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.201-2011, 13 SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 14 15 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 12. (a) The judges of the Henry circuit court shall 16 adopt rules to provide for the administration of the circuit court, including rules governing the following: 17 18 (1) Allocation of case load. 19 (2) Legal representation for indigents. 20 (3) Budgetary matters of the circuit court. 21 (4) Operation of the probation department. 22 (5) Term of administration of the presiding judge. 23 (6) Employment and management of circuit court personnel. 24 (7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and 25 administering shared programs and facilities. (b) The circuit court shall file with the division office of state court 26 27 judicial administration a copy of the rules adopted under this section. 28 SECTION 82. IC 33-33-37-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 29 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The judge of 30 Jasper superior court No. 1 shall adopt rules to provide for the 31 administration of the Jasper superior court, including rules governing 32 the following: 33 (1) Legal representation for indigents. (2) Budgetary matters of the Jasper superior court. 34 35 (3) Operation of the probation department. 36 (4) Employment and management of court personnel. (5) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and 37 38 administering shared programs and facilities. (b) The judge of the Jasper superior court shall file with the division 39 40 office of state court judicial administration a copy of the rules adopted 41 under this section. 42 SECTION 83. IC 33-33-48-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.201-2011,



1 2 3	SECTION 73, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16. (a) The judges of the circuit court shall adopt rules to provide for the administration of the circuit court, including
4	rules governing the following:
5	(1) Allocation of case load.
6	(2) Legal representation for indigents.
7	(3) Budgetary matters of the circuit court.
8	(4) Operation of the probation department.
9	(5) Term of administration of the chief judge.
10	(6) Employment and management of circuit court personnel.
11	(7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and
12	administering shared programs and facilities.
13	(b) The circuit court shall file with the division office of state court
14	judicial administration a copy of the rules adopted under this section.
15	SECTION 84. IC 33-33-53-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The judges of the
17	court shall adopt rules to provide for the administration of the court,
18	including rules governing the following:
19	(1) Allocation of case load.
20	(2) Legal representation for indigents.
21	(3) Budgetary matters of the court.
22	(4) Operation of the probation department.
23	(5) Term of administration of the presiding judge.
24	(6) Employment and management of court personnel.
25 26	(7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and
26 27	administering shared programs and facilities.
27	(b) The court shall file with the division office of state court judicial
28 29	administration a copy of the rules adopted under this section.
29 30	SECTION 85. IC 33-33-60-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.83-2013, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The judges of the Owen circuit court shall
32	adopt rules to provide for the administration of the circuit court,
33	including rules governing the following:
34	(1) Allocation of case load.
35	(2) Legal representation for indigents.
36	(3) Budgetary matters of the circuit court.
37	(4) Operation of the probation department.
38	(5) Term of administration of the presiding judge.
39	(6) Employment and management of circuit court personnel.
40	(7) Cooperative efforts with other courts for establishing and
41	administering shared programs and facilities.
42	(b) The Owen circuit court shall file with the division office of state



court **judicial** administration a copy of the rules adopted under this section.

SECTION 86. IC 33-33-82-31, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2018 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 31. (a) The judge of the Vanderburgh circuit court and each of the seven (7) judges of the Vanderburgh superior court shall be elected in nonpartisan elections every six (6) years.

9 (b) Not later than December 31 of the year immediately preceding a year in which the office of judge of the Vanderburgh superior court 10 11 will be on the ballot, the clerk of the circuit court shall file with the 12 election division a list containing the name and the court number 13 assigned by the roster of judicial officers maintained by the Supreme Court of Indiana, Division office of State Court Administration, 14 15 judicial administration, for each judge of the Vanderburgh superior 16 court.

17 (c) During the period under IC 3-8-2-4 in which a declaration of 18 candidacy may be filed for a primary election, any person desiring to 19 become a candidate for any one (1) of the eight (8) judgeships affected 20 by this chapter shall file with the election division a declaration of 21 candidacy adapted from the form prescribed under IC 3-8-2, signed by 22 the candidate and designating by court number the judgeship the 23 candidate seeks. Any petition without the designation shall be rejected 24 by the election division (or by the Indiana election commission under 25 IC 3-8-1-2). To be eligible for election, a candidate must be:

(1) domiciled in the county of Vanderburgh;

(2) a citizen of the United States; and

(3) admitted to the practice of law in Indiana.

(c) (d) If an individual who files a declaration under subsection (c) ceases to be a candidate after the final date for filing a declaration under subsection (c), the election division may accept the filing of additional declarations of candidacy for that judgeship not later than noon August 1.

(d) (e) All candidates for each respective judgeship shall be listed on the general election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11, without party designation. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes for each judgeship shall be elected to that office.

(c) (f) IC 3, where not inconsistent with this chapter, applies to elections under this chapter.

40 SECTION 87. IC 33-34-7-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.170-2015,
41 SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The small claims courts shall use a

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1	centralized case management system approved by the division office
2	of state court judicial administration.
3	(b) The judge of a small claims court is responsible for:
4 5	(1) preparing and submitting the court's budget to the township
5	advisory board; and
6	(2) after the budget has been approved by the township advisory
7	board, managing the budget of the small claims court.
8	SECTION 88. IC 33-35-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.74-2017,
9	SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) During 2018 and every fourth year after
11	that, a second or third class city or a town may by ordinance establish
12	or abolish a city or town court. An ordinance to establish a city or town
13	court must be adopted not less than one (1) year before the judge's term
14	would begin under section 3 of this chapter.
15	(b) The judge for a court established under subsection (a) shall be
16	elected under IC 3-10-6 or IC 3-10-7 at the municipal election in
17	November 2019 and every four (4) years thereafter.
18	(c) A court established under subsection (a) comes into existence on
19	January 1 of the year following the year in which a judge is elected to
20	serve in that court.
21	(d) A city or town court in existence on January 1, 1986, may
22	continue in operation until it is abolished by ordinance.
23	(e) A city or town that establishes or abolishes a court under this
24	section shall give notice of its action to the division of state court
25	administration of the office of judicial administration under IC 33-24-6.
26	SECTION 89. IC 33-37-7-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2017,
27	SECTION 156, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) On June 30 and on December
29	31 of each year, the auditor of state shall transfer to the treasurer of
30	state nine million four hundred ninety-two thousand twenty-three
31	dollars (\$9,492,023) for distribution under subsection (b).
32	(b) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the treasurer of
33	state shall deposit into:
34	(1) the family violence and victim assistance fund established by
35	IC 5-2-6.8-3 an amount equal to seven and eighty-five hundredths
36	percent (7.85%) ;
37	(2) the Indiana judges' retirement fund established by
38	IC 33-38-6-12 an amount equal to thirty-seven and sixty-eight hundred the percent (27.68) /y
39 40	hundredths percent (37.68%);
40	(3) the law enforcement academy fund established by IC 5-2-1-13
41 42	an amount equal to twelve and fifty-five hundredths percent (12.55%)
42	(12.55%);



1	(4) the violent crime victims compensation fund established by
2	IC 5-2-6.1-40 an amount equal to eleven and sixty-six hundredths
3	percent (11.66%);
4	(5) the motor vehicle highway account an amount equal to
5	nineteen and five hundredths percent (19.05%);
6	(6) the fish and wildlife fund established by IC 14-22-3-2 an
7	amount equal to twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) ;
8	(7) the Indiana judicial center supreme court drug and alcohol
9	programs fund established by IC 12-23-14-17 for the
10	administration, certification, and support of alcohol and drug
11	services programs under IC 12-23-14 an amount equal to one and
12	six-tenths percent (1.6%); and
13	(8) the DNA sample processing fund established under
14	IC 10-13-6-9.5 for the funding of the collection, shipment,
15	analysis, and preservation of DNA samples and the conduct of a
16	DNA data base program under IC 10-13-6 an amount equal to
17	nine and thirty-six hundredths percent (9.36%);
18	of the amount transferred by the auditor of state under subsection (a).
19	(c) On June 30 and on December 31 of each year, the auditor of
20	state shall transfer to the treasurer of state for deposit into the public
21	defense fund established under IC 33-40-6-1 three million seven
22	hundred thousand dollars (\$3,700,000).
23	SECTION 90. IC 33-37-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2009,
24	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The treasurer of state shall distribute
26	semiannually one million two hundred eighty-eight thousand dollars
27	(\$1,288,000) of the amounts transferred to the state fund under section
28	3 of this chapter as follows:
29	(1) Fourteen and ninety-eight hundredths percent (14.98%) shall
30	be deposited into the alcohol and drug countermeasures fund
31	established by IC 9-27-2-11.
32	(2) Eight and forty-two hundredths percent (8.42%) shall be
33	deposited into the drug interdiction fund established by
34	IC 10-11-7-1.
35	(3) Four and sixty-eight hundredths percent (4.68%) shall be
36	deposited into the drug prosecution fund established by
37	IC 33-39-8-6.
38	(4) Five and sixty-two hundredths percent (5.62%) shall be
39	deposited into the corrections drug abuse fund established by
40	IC 11-8-2-11.
41	(5) Twenty-two and forty-seven hundredths percent (22.47%)
42	shall be deposited into the state drug free communities fund



1 established by IC 5-2-10-2.

2 (6) Seven and ninety-eight hundredths percent (7.98%) shall be

3 distributed to the Indiana department of transportation for use4 under IC 8-23-2-15.

5 (7) Twenty and thirty-two hundredths percent (20.32%) shall be
6 deposited in the family violence and victim assistance fund
7 established by IC 5-2-6.8-3.

8 (8) Fifteen and fifty-three hundredths percent (15.53%) shall be
9 deposited in the Indiana safe schools fund established by
10 IC 5-2-10.1.

(b) The treasurer of state shall distribute semiannually the amount
 remaining after the distributions are made under subsection (a) to the
 judicial court technology and automation project fund established by
 IC 33-24-6-12.

15 SECTION 91. IC 33-38-5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2005, 16 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 17 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) The annual salary of each full-time judge of 18 a circuit, superior, municipal, county, or probate court is one hundred 19 ten thousand five hundred dollars (\$110,500), as adjusted after June 30, 20 2006, under section 8.1 of this chapter, paid by the state. In addition, 21 a judge under this section may receive any additional salary provided 22 by the county under IC 36-2-5-14 or IC 36-3-6-3(c). The state shall 23 deposit quarterly the money received from the counties under 24 subsection (c) for additional salary in the state general fund.

(b) Before November 2 of each year, the county auditor of each
county shall certify to the division office of state court judicial
administration the amounts, if any, to be provided by the county during
the ensuing calendar year for judges' salaries under IC 36-2-5-14 or
IC 36-3-6-3(c).
(c) When making each payment under subsection (a), the county

(c) When making each payment under subsection (a), the county shall determine for each judge whether the total of:

(1) the payment made on behalf of that judge;

(2) previous payments made on behalf of that judge in the same calendar year; and

(3) the state share of the judge's salary under subsection (a);

exceeds the Social Security wage base established by the federal
government for that year. If the total does not exceed the Social
Security wage base, the payment on behalf of that judge must also be
accompanied by an amount equal to the employer's share of Social
Security taxes and Medicare taxes. If the total exceeds the Social
Security wage base, the part of the payment on behalf of the judge that
is below the Social Security wage base must be accompanied by an

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1 amount equal to the employer's share of Social Security taxes and 2 Medicare taxes, and the part of the payment on behalf of the judge that 3 exceeds the Social Security wage base must be accompanied by an 4 amount equal to the employer's share of Medicare taxes. Payments 5 made under this subsection shall be deposited in the state general fund 6 under subsection (a). 7 (d) For purposes of determining the amount of life insurance 8 premiums to be paid by a judge who participates in a life insurance 9 program that: 10 (1) is established by the state; (2) applies to a judge who is covered by this section; and 11 (3) bases the amount of premiums to be paid by the judge on the 12 13 amount of the judge's salary; 14 the judge's salary does not include any amounts paid to the state by a 15 county under subsection (a). SECTION 92. IC 33-38-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2011, 16 17 SECTION 104, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 18 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) The judicial conference of 19 Indiana is established. 20 (b) The membership of the judicial conference consists of the 21 following: 22 (1) All justices of the supreme court. 23 (2) All judges of the court of appeals. 24 (3) The judge of the tax court. 25 (4) All circuit, superior, and probate court judges. 26 (5) All municipal court judges who are serving on a full-time 27 basis. 28 (6) Any retired judge who serves as a special judge and notifies 29 the conference of the service. 30 (5) Certified senior judges. 31 (c) A full-time magistrate under IC 33-23-5 and a Marion County 32 small claims court judge under IC 33-34 is a are nonvoting member 33 members of the conference. 34 SECTION 93. IC 33-38-9-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 35 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The activities of 36 the judicial conference shall be directed by a board of directors having 37 the following members: 38 (1) The chief justice of Indiana. 39 (2) The chief judge of the court of appeals. 40 (3) The president of the Indiana judges association. 41 (4) The president of the Indiana council of juvenile and family

42 court judges.



1	(5) One (1) judge from each of the trial court districts established
2	by the supreme court, elected for a term of two (2) years by the
3	trial court judges of the district.
4	(5) Judges from the districts established by the administrative
5	rules of the supreme court and rules of the board of directors
6	of the judicial conference.
7	(6) Five (5) trial court judges appointed for terms of one (1) year
8	by the chief justice of Indiana.
9	(b) The chief justice of Indiana shall serve as chairperson of the
10	board of directors. The judicial conference, through the board of
11	directors:
12	(1) shall establish a staff agency to be designated the Indiana
13	judicial center; and
14	(2) may establish positions for an executive director, staff
15	personnel, and other necessary personnel.
16	All personnel of the Indiana judicial center shall be appointed by the
17	chief justice of Indiana, and their salaries shall be fixed by the supreme
18	court, subject to appropriation by the general assembly.
19	SECTION 94. IC 33-38-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The entire
21	membership of the judicial conference shall meet:
22	(1) at least once a year at a time and place to be fixed by the board
23	of directors; and
24	(2) at other times as may be designated by the board of directors.
25 26	(b) The judicial conference may create committees either upon
20 27	action of the board of directors or by majority vote of the members
27	attending a meeting of the judicial conference. The judicial conference, the board of directors, or any committee of the judicial conference may
28 29	hold hearings on any question related to the duties set out in section 6
30	of this chapter. A proposal for legislation relating to courts that is made
31	by the judicial conference shall be presented to the division office of
32	state court judicial administration for study and recommendation by
33	the division office of judicial administration before being presented
34	to the general assembly.
35	SECTION 95. IC 33-38-9-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. All members,
37	including full-time magistrates and Marion County small claims
38	court judges , shall attend and those invited to participate may attend
39	the meetings of the judicial conference. Per diem and travel allowances
40	authorized by law shall be paid to the members, and full-time
41	magistrates, and Marion County small claims court judges attending
42	from the annual appropriation to the judicial conference. supreme



1 court. 2 SECTION 96. IC 33-38-9-8 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 3 2018]. Sec. 8. (a) The Indiana judicial center shall maintain a roster of 4 in-state facilities that have the expertise to provide child services (as 5 defined in IC 31-9-2-17.8) in a residential setting to: 6 (1) children in need of services (as described in IC 31-34-1); or 7 (2) delinquent ehildren (as described in IC 31-37-1 and 8 IC 31-37-2). 9 (b) The roster under subsection (a) must include the information 10 necessary to allow a court having juvenile jurisdiction to select an 11 in-state placement of a child instead of placing the child in an 12 out-of-state facility under IC 31-34 or IC 31-37. The roster must 13 include at least the following information: 14 (1) Name, address, and telephone number of each facility. 15 (2) Owner and contact person for each facility. 16 (3) Description of the child services that each facility provides 17 and any limitations that the facility imposes on acceptance of a 18 child placed by a juvenile court. 19 (4) Number of children that each facility can serve on a 20residential basis. 21 (5) Number of residential openings at each facility. 22 (c) The Indiana judicial center shall revise the information in the 23 roster at least monthly. 24 (d) The Indiana judicial center shall make the information in the 25 roster readily available to courts with juvenile jurisdiction. SECTION 97. IC 33-38-9-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.62-2016, 26 27 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 28 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. The Indiana office of judicial center 29 administration shall administer the following: 30 (1) The alcohol and drug services program under IC 12-23-14. 31 (2) The certification of problem solving courts under IC 33-23-16. 32 (3) The circuit and superior court motion clerk pilot program 33 under IC 33-38-15, if the Indiana judicial center establishes a 34 circuit and superior court motion clerk pilot program. 35 SECTION 98. IC 33-38-9.5-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.179-2015, 36 SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 37 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this 38 chapter: 39 (1) "Advisory council" means the justice reinvestment advisory 40council established by section 2 of this chapter. 41 (2) "Board" means the board of directors of the judicial 42 conference of Indiana established by IC 33-38-9-3.



1	(3) "Indiana "Office of judicial center" administration" means
2	the Indiana office of judicial center administration established
3	under IC 33-38-9-4(b). IC 33-24-6-1.
4	SECTION 99. IC 33-38-9.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.151-2017,
5	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) The justice reinvestment advisory council
7	is established. The advisory council consists of the following members:
8	(1) The executive director of the Indiana public defender council
9	or the executive director's designee.
10	(2) The executive director of the Indiana prosecuting attorneys
11	council or the executive director's designee.
12	(3) The director of the division of mental health and addiction or
13	the director's designee.
14	(4) The president of the Indiana Sheriffs' Association or the
15	president's designee.
16	(5) The commissioner of the Indiana department of correction or
17	the commissioner's designee.
18	(6) The executive director chief administrative officer of the
19	Indiana office of judicial center administration or the executive
20	director's chief administrative officer's designee.
21	(7) The executive director of the Indiana criminal justice institute
22	or the executive director's designee.
23	(8) The president of the Indiana Association of Community
24	Corrections Act Counties or the president's designee.
25	(9) The president of the Probation Officers Professional
26	Association of Indiana or the president's designee.
27	(b) The executive director chief administrative officer of the
28	Indiana office of judicial center administration shall serve as
29	chairperson of the advisory council.
30	(c) The purpose of the advisory council is to conduct a state level
31	review and evaluation of:
32	(1) local corrections programs, including community corrections,
33	county jails, and probation services; and
34	(2) the processes used by the department of correction and the
35	division of mental health and addiction in awarding grants.
36	(d) The advisory council may make a recommendation to the
37	department of correction, community corrections advisory boards, and
38	the division of mental health and addiction concerning the award of
39	grants.
40	(e) The Indiana office of judicial center administration shall staff
41	the advisory council.
42	(f) The expenses of the advisory council shall be paid by the Indiana



1 judicial center from funds appropriated to the Indiana office of judicial 2 center administration for the administrative costs of the justice 3 reinvestment advisory council. (g) A member of the advisory council is not entitled to the minimum 4 5 salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). The member is, 6 however, entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided 7 under IC 4-13-1-4 and other expenses actually incurred in connection 8 with the member's duties as provided in the state policies and 9 procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and 10 approved by the budget agency. (h) The affirmative votes of a majority of the voting members 11 appointed to the advisory council are required for the advisory council 12 to take action on any measure. 13 (i) The advisory council shall meet as necessary to: 14 (1) work with the department of correction and the division of 15 16 mental health and addiction to establish the grant criteria and 17 grant reporting requirements described in subsection (1); 18 (2) review grant applications; 19 (3) make recommendations and provide feedback to the 20 department of correction and the division of mental health and addiction concerning grants to be awarded; 21 22 (4) review grants awarded by the department of correction and the division of mental health and addiction; and 23 24 (5) suggest areas and programs in which the award of future 25 grants might be beneficial. (j) The advisory council shall issue an annual report, before October 26 27 1 of each year, to the: 28 (1) legislative council; 29 (2) chief justice; and (3) governor. 30 31 The report to the legislative council must be in an electronic format 32 under IC 5-14-6. 33 (k) Any entity that receives funds: 34 (1) recommended by the advisory council; and 35 (2) appropriated by the department of correction; 36 for the purpose of providing additional treatment or supervision 37 services shall provide the information described in subsection (1) to the 38 department of correction to aid in the compilation of the report 39 described in subsection (j). 40 (1) The department of correction shall provide the advisory council 41 with the following information: 42 (1) The total number of participants, categorized by level of most



1	serious offense, who were served by the entity through funds
2	described in subsection (k).
3	(2) The percentage of participants, categorized by level of most
4	serious offense, who completed a treatment program, service, or
5	level of supervision.
6	(3) The percentage of participants, categorized by level of most
7	serious offense, who were discharged from a treatment program,
8	service, or level of supervision.
9	(4) The percentage of participants, categorized by level of most
10	serious offense, who:
11	(A) completed a funded treatment program, service, or level of
12	supervision; and
13	(B) were subsequently committed to the department of
14	correction;
15	within twenty-four (24) months after completing the funded
16	treatment program, service, or level of supervision.
17	(5) The percentage of participants, categorized by level of most
18	serious offense, who were:
19	(A) discharged from a funded treatment program, service, or
20	level of supervision; and
21	(B) subsequently committed to the department of correction;
22	within twenty-four (24) months after being discharged from the
23	funded treatment program, service, or level of supervision.
24	(6) The total number of participants who completed a funded
25	treatment program, service, or level of supervision.
26	(7) The total number of participants who:
27	(A) completed a funded treatment program, service, or level of
28	supervision; and
29	(B) were legally employed.
30	(8) Any other information relevant to the funding of the entity as
31	described in subsection (k).
32	(m) Not later than November 1, 2016, the advisory council shall
33	consult with the commission on improving the status of children in
34	Indiana under IC 2-5-36 concerning how funds should be distributed
35	for innovative juvenile justice programs and juvenile community
36	corrections. This subsection expires January 1, 2018.
37	SECTION 100. IC 33-38-10-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38 39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who: (1) has been but is not currently a judge of a circuit, superior
39 40	(1) has been but is not currently a judge of a circuit, superior,
40 41	criminal, probate, municipal, or county court and has served in the capacity of judge for at least four (4) consecutive years:
41 42	the capacity of judge for at least four (4) consecutive years; (2) is admitted to the practice of low in Indiana; and
42	(2) is admitted to the practice of law in Indiana; and



1 (3) is a resident of Indiana; 2 may act as judge for certain cases under this chapter. 3 (b) A person may act as a judge of a case under this chapter only if: 4 (1) all parties to the action file a written petition with the 5 executive director chief administrative officer of the division 6 office of state court judicial administration consenting to the case 7 being heard by a private judge, and naming the person whom the 8 parties wish to have as private judge; 9 (2) the case is one over which the court in which the former judge 10 served would have had subject matter and monetary jurisdiction; (3) the case is founded exclusively on contract, tort, or a 11 12 combination of contract and tort; and 13 (4) the case is one in which a utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) is 14 not a party. 15 SECTION 101. IC 33-38-10-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 16 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) A former judge 17 qualified under section 2(a) of this chapter who wishes to serve as a 18 private judge must register with the executive director chief 19 administrative officer of the division office of state court judicial 20 administration. The executive director chief administrative officer 21 shall: 22 (1) compile; 23 (2) periodically update; and 24 (3) make available to the public; 25 a list of registered former judges. 26 (b) If the parties to an action wish to have the action heard before a 27 private judge, the parties shall submit to the executive director chief 28 administrative officer of the division office of state court judicial 29 administration a written petition as described in section 2(b)(1) of this 30 chapter. After verifying that the former judge is qualified under section 31 2(a) of this chapter and is registered under subsection (a), the executive 32 director chief administrative officer shall forward the petition to the 33 former judge named on the petition. 34 (c) The regular or presiding judge of the court in which the action 35 is filed shall appoint the private judge to hear the action if the written 36 petition of the parties to the action and the written consent of the 37 private judge to hear the action is presented to the regular or presiding 38 judge: 39 (1) contemporaneously with the filing of the action; or 40 (2) after the action has been filed. 41 SECTION 102. IC 33-38-12-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 42 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. As used in this



1 chapter, "expenses" includes the following: 2 (1) Reasonable attorney's fees, if the attorney general has 3 authorized the executive director chief administrative officer of 4 the division of state court office of judicial administration to hire 5 private counsel to provide the defense. 6 (2) A judgment. 7 (3) A settlement. 8 (4) Court costs. 9 (5) Discovery costs. 10 (6) Expert witness fees. 11 (7) Any other expense incurred as a result of an action or a 12 proceeding. 13 SECTION 103. IC 33-38-15-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.62-2016, 14 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "complex motion" 15 16 means a motion defined as a complex motion by guidelines adopted by 17 the Indiana office of judicial center administration under section 6 of 18 this chapter. The term may include a motion to dismiss or a motion for 19 summary judgment. 20 SECTION 104. IC 33-39-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2016, SECTION 665, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 21 22 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) After June 30, 2005, this 23 section does not apply to a person who: 24 (1) holds a commercial driver's license; and 25 (2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of 26 a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier 27 Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law 28 106-159.113 Stat. 1748). 29 (b) This section does not apply to a person arrested for or charged 30 with: 31 (1) an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5; or 32 (2) if a person was arrested or charged with an offense under IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5, an offense involving: 33 34 (A) intoxication: or 35 (B) the operation of a vehicle; 36 if the offense involving intoxication or the operation of a vehicle was part of the same episode of criminal conduct as the offense under 37 38 IC 9-30-5-1 through IC 9-30-5-5. 39 (c) This section does not apply to a person: (1) who is arrested for or charged with an offense under: 40 41 (A) IC 7.1-5-7-7, if the alleged offense occurred while the 42 person was operating a motor vehicle;

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1	(B) IC 9-30-4-8(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
2	person was operating a motor vehicle;
3	(C) IC 35-44.1-2-13(b)(1); or
4	(D) IC 35-43-1-2(a), if the alleged offense occurred while the
5	person was operating a motor vehicle; and
6	(2) who was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the
7	alleged offense.
8	(d) A prosecuting attorney may withhold prosecution against an
9	accused person if:
10	(1) the person is charged with a misdemeanor, a Level 6 felony,
11	or a Level 5 felony;
12	(2) the person agrees to conditions of a pretrial diversion program
13	offered by the prosecuting attorney;
14	(3) the terms of the agreement are recorded in an instrument
15	signed by the person and the prosecuting attorney and filed in the
16	court in which the charge is pending; and
17	(4) the prosecuting attorney electronically transmits information
18	required by the prosecuting attorneys council concerning the
19	withheld prosecution to the prosecuting attorneys council, in a
20	manner and format designated by the prosecuting attorneys
21	council.
22	(e) An agreement under subsection (d) may include conditions that
23	the person:
24	(1) pay to the clerk of the court an initial user's fee and monthly
25	user's fees in the amounts specified in IC 33-37-4-1;
26	(2) work faithfully at a suitable employment or faithfully pursue
27	a course of study or career and technical education that will equip
28	the person for suitable employment;
29	(3) undergo available medical treatment or mental health
30	counseling and remain in a specified facility required for that
31	purpose, including:
32	(A) addiction counseling;
33	(B) inpatient detoxification; and
34	(C) medication assisted treatment, including a federal Food
35	and Drug Administration approved long acting, nonaddictive
36	medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence;
37	(4) receive evidence based mental health and addiction,
38	intellectual disability, developmental disability, autism, and
39	co-occurring autism and mental illness forensic treatment services
40	to reduce the risk of recidivism;
41	(5) support the person's dependents and meet other family
42	responsibilities;
	1 /



1	(6) make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for the
2	damage or injury that was sustained;
3	(7) refrain from harassing, intimidating, threatening, or having
4	any direct or indirect contact with the victim or a witness;
5	(8) report to the prosecuting attorney at reasonable times;
6	(9) answer all reasonable inquiries by the prosecuting attorney
7	and promptly notify the prosecuting attorney of any change in
8	address or employment; and
9	(10) participate in dispute resolution either under IC 34-57-3 or
10	a program established by the prosecuting attorney.
10	(f) An agreement under subsection (d)(2) may include other
12	provisions reasonably related to the defendant's rehabilitation, if
12	approved by the court.
13	(g) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim when
15	prosecution is withheld under this section.
16	(h) All money collected by the clerk as user's fees under this section
10	shall be deposited in the appropriate user fee fund under IC 33-37-8.
17	
18	(i) If a court withholds prosecution under this section and the terms of the correspondence on division described in subsection $(a)(7)$:
20	of the agreement contain conditions described in subsection (e)(7): (1) the clock of the court shall complexify $LC \leq 2.0$ and
	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
21	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
22	prescribed or approved by the division office of state court
23	judicial administration with the clerk.
24	SECTION 105. IC 33-40-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. The public defense
26	fund is established to receive court costs or other revenues for county
27	reimbursement and administrative expenses. The fund shall be
28	administered by the division office of state court judicial
29	administration of the supreme court.
30	SECTION 106. IC 33-40-6-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
32	provided under section 6 of this chapter, upon certification by a county
33	auditor and a determination by the public defender commission that the
34	request is in compliance with the guidelines and standards set by the
35	commission, the commission shall quarterly authorize an amount of
36	reimbursement due the county:
37	(1) that is equal to fifty percent (50%) of the county's certified
38	expenditures for indigent defense services provided for a
39	defendant against whom the death sentence is sought under
40	IC 35-50-2-9; and
41	(2) that is equal to forty percent (40%) of the county's certified
42	expenditures for defense services provided in noncapital cases



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1	except misdemeanors.
2	The division office of state court judicial administration shall then
3	certify to the auditor of state the amount of reimbursement owed to a
4	county under this chapter.
5	(b) Upon receiving certification from the division office of state
6	court judicial administration, the auditor of state shall issue a warrant
7	to the treasurer of state for disbursement to the county of the amount
8	certified.
9	SECTION 107. IC 34-26-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2009,
10	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) The division office of state court judicial
12	administration shall:
13	(1) develop and adopt:
14	(A) a petition for an order for protection;
15	(B) an order for protection, including:
16	(i) orders issued under this chapter;
17	(ii) ex parte orders;
18	(iii) no contact orders under IC 31 and IC 35;
19	(iv) forms relating to workplace violence restraining orders
20	under IC 34-26-6; and
21	(v) forms relating to a child protective order under
22	IC 31-34-2.3;
23	(C) a confidential form;
24	(D) a notice of modification or extension for an order for
25	protection, a no contact order, a workplace violence restraining
26	order, or a child protective order;
27	(E) a notice of termination for an order for protection, a no
28	contact order, a workplace violence restraining order, or a
29	child protective order; and
30	(F) any other uniform statewide forms necessary to maintain
31	an accurate registry of orders; and
32	(2) provide the forms under subdivision (1) to the clerk of each
33	court authorized to issue the orders.
34	(b) In addition to any other required information, a petition for an
35	order for protection must contain a statement listing each civil or
36	criminal action involving:
37	(1) either party; or
38	(2) a child of either party.
39	(c) The following statements must be printed in boldface type or in
40	capital letters on an order for protection, a no contact order, a
41	workplace violence restraining order, or a child protective order:
42	VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE BY



1	CONFRIENT BULLIE BRICON AND/OD A FRIE
1	CONFINEMENT IN JAIL, PRISON, AND/OR A FINE.
2	IF SO ORDERED BY THE COURT, THE RESPONDENT IS
3	FORBIDDEN TO ENTER OR STAY AT THE PETITIONER'S
4	RESIDENCE OR RESIDENCE OF ANY CHILD WHO IS THE
5	SUBJECT OF THE ORDER, EVEN IF INVITED TO DO SO BY
6	THE PETITIONER OR ANY OTHER PERSON. IN NO EVENT
7	IS THE ORDER FOR PROTECTION VOIDED.
8	PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 2265, THIS ORDER FOR
9	PROTECTION SHALL BE GIVEN FULL FAITH AND CREDIT
10	IN ANY OTHER STATE OR TRIBAL LAND AND SHALL BE
11	ENFORCED AS IF IT WERE AN ORDER ISSUED IN THAT
12	STATE OR TRIBAL LAND. PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 922(g),
13	ONCE A RESPONDENT HAS RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS
14	ORDER AND AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD, IT IS A
15	FEDERAL VIOLATION TO PURCHASE, RECEIVE, OR
16	POSSESS A FIREARM WHILE SUBJECT TO THIS ORDER IF
17	THE PROTECTED PERSON IS:
18	(A) THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT OR FORMER
19	SPOUSE;
20	(B) A CURRENT OR FORMER PERSON WITH WHOM
$\frac{1}{21}$	THE RESPONDENT RESIDED WHILE IN AN INTIMATE
22	RELATIONSHIP; OR
$\frac{-2}{23}$	(C) A PERSON WITH WHOM THE RESPONDENT HAS A
24	CHILD.
25	INTERSTATE VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER MAY SUBJECT
26	THE RESPONDENT TO FEDERAL CRIMINAL PENALTIES
20	UNDER 18 U.S.C. 2261 AND 18 U.S.C. 2262.
28	(d) The clerk of the circuit court, or a person or entity designated by
29	the clerk of the circuit court, shall provide to a person requesting an
30	order for protection:
31	(1) the forms adopted under subsection (a);
32	(1) the forms adopted under subsection (a), (2) all other forms required to petition for an order for protection,
33	including forms:
	•
34 35	(A) necessary for service; and (D) required on log 21, 21 (on log 21, 17, 2) before its remeably
	(B) required under IC 31-21 (or IC 31-17-3 before its repeal);
36	and
37	(3) clerical assistance in reading or completing the forms and
38	filing the petition.
39	Clerical assistance provided by the clerk or court personnel under this
40	section does not constitute the practice of law. The clerk of the circuit
41	court may enter into a contract with a person or another entity to
42	provide this assistance. A person, other than a person or other entity



1 with whom the clerk has entered into a contract to provide assistance, 2 who in good faith performs the duties the person is required to perform 3 under this subsection is not liable for civil damages that might 4 otherwise be imposed on the person as a result of the performance of 5 those duties unless the person commits an act or omission that amounts 6 to gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct. 7 (e) A petition for an order for protection must be: 8 (1) verified or under oath under Trial Rule 11; and 9 (2) issued on the forms adopted under subsection (a). 10 (f) If an order for protection is issued under this chapter, the clerk shall comply with IC 5-2-9. 11 (g) After receiving a petition for an order for protection, the clerk of 12 13 the circuit court shall immediately enter the case in the Indiana 14 protective order registry established by IC 5-2-9-5.5. 15 SECTION 108. IC 34-26-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. A petitioner may 16 17 omit the petitioner's address from all nonconfidential documents filed 18 with a court. However, a petitioner must provide the court with 19 complete information concerning the protected address on the uniform 20 statewide confidential form and on other confidential forms developed 21 by the division office of state court judicial administration under 22 section 3 of this chapter. A petitioner shall also provide the clerk with 23 a public mailing address for purposes of serving pleadings, notices, and 24 court orders. The petitioner may use the address confidentiality 25 program under IC 5-26.5. If disclosure of a petitioner's address is 26 necessary to determine jurisdiction or to consider venue, the court may 27 order the disclosure to be made: 28 (1) after receiving a petitioner's consent; 29 (2) orally in the judge's chambers and out of the presence of a 30 respondent with a sealed record made; or 31 (3) after a hearing in which the court considers the safety of a 32 petitioner and finds that disclosure of the address is in the interest 33 of justice. 34 SECTION 109. IC 34-26-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2009, 35 SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 36 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. If a petitioner seeks: 37 (1) an order for protection; 38 (2) an extension of an order for protection; 39 (3) a modification of an order for protection; 40 (4) the termination of an order for protection; or 41 (5) the registration of a foreign protective order;

42 the petitioner is responsible for completing the forms prescribed by the



1 division office of state court judicial administration and for 2 transmitting those forms to the clerk of the court. 3 SECTION 110. IC 34-26-5-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2009, 4 SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 5 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 17. (a) A foreign protection order is facially valid 6 if it: 7 (1) identifies the protected person and the respondent; 8 (2) is currently in effect: 9 (3) was issued by a state or tribal court with jurisdiction over the: 10 (A) parties; and (B) subject matter; 11 12 under the law of the issuing state or Indian tribe; and 13 (4) was issued after a respondent was given reasonable notice and 14 an opportunity to be heard sufficient to protect the respondent's 15 right to due process. In the case of an ex parte order, notice and 16 opportunity to be heard must be provided within the time required 17 by state or tribal law and within a reasonable time after the order 18 is issued sufficient to protect the respondent's due process rights. 19 (b) A facially valid foreign protection order is prima facie evidence 20 of its validity. The protection order may be inscribed on a tangible 21 medium or stored in an electronic or other medium if it is retrievable 22 in perceivable form. Presentation of a certified copy of an order for 23 protection is not required for enforcement. 24 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), a protection order that is 25 facially valid and issued by a court of a state (issuing state) or Indian 26 tribe shall be accorded full faith and credit by Indiana courts. 27 (d) A mutual foreign protection order is not entitled to full faith and 28 credit if the order is issued by a state or tribal court against a person 29 who has petitioned, filed a complaint, or otherwise filed a written pleading for protection against a family or household member, unless: 30 31 (1) a separate petition or motion was filed by a respondent; 32 (2) the issuing court has reviewed each motion separately and 33 granted or denied each on its individual merits; and 34 (3) separate orders were issued and the issuing court made 35 specific findings that each party was entitled to an order. 36 (e) Registration or filing of a foreign protection order is not a 37 prerequisite to enforcement of the order in Indiana, and a protection 38 order that is consistent with this section shall be accorded full faith and 39 credit notwithstanding a failure to register or file the order in Indiana. 40 However, if a petitioner wishes to register a foreign protection order in 41 Indiana, all Indiana courts of record shall accommodate the request. 42 The division office of state court judicial administration shall develop



1 a form to be used by courts, clerks, and law enforcement agencies when 2 a petitioner makes a request to register a foreign protection order. 3 Except for a protective order issued to the Indiana protective order 4 registry established by IC 5-2-9-5.5, the courts, clerks of the courts, and 5 sheriffs or law enforcement agencies maintaining depositories shall 6 employ the same procedures required under IC 5-2-9-6 for entering, 7 modifying, extending, or terminating a foreign protection order as those 8 used for a protection order and a no contact order originating in 9 Indiana. 10 (f) A facially valid foreign protection order shall be enforced by a law enforcement officer and a state court as if it were an order 11 12 originating in Indiana. The order must be enforced if the foreign 13 protection order contains relief that the state courts lack the power to 14 provide in an order for protection issued in Indiana. 15 (g) An Indiana law enforcement officer: 16 (1) may not require notification, registration, or filing of a facially valid foreign order for protection as a prerequisite to enforcement 17 18 of an order: 19 (2) if a foreign protection order is not presented, may consider 20 other information to determine under a totality of the 21 circumstances whether there is probable cause to believe that a 22 valid foreign order for protection exists; and 23 (3) who determines that an otherwise valid foreign protection 24 order cannot be enforced because a respondent has not been 25 notified or served with the order, shall: 26 (A) inform the respondent of the order; 27 (B) serve the order on the respondent; 28 (C) ensure that the order and service of the order are entered 29 into the state depository; (D) allow the respondent a reasonable opportunity to comply 30 31 with the order before enforcing the order; and 32 (E) ensure the safety of the protected person while giving the 33 respondent the opportunity to comply with the order. 34 (h) After a foreign protective order is registered, the clerk shall enter 35 the order in the Indiana protective order registry established by 36 IC 5-2-9-5.5. 37 SECTION 111. IC 34-26-5-20, AS ADDED BY P.L.16-2009, 38 SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 39 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 20. (a) A protective order issued before July 1, 40 2002, under IC 31-34-17, IC 31-37-16, or IC 34-26-2 (before their 41 repeal) remains in effect for the period indicated in the court order

42 granting the protective order.



(b) A protective order issued before July 1, 2002, under IC 31-14-16 or IC 31-15-5 remains in effect for the period indicated in the court order granting the protective order.

(c) After June 30, 2002, a protected person must use the forms developed by the division office of state court judicial administration under section 3 of this chapter if the person is seeking an extension or a modification of an order issued under subsection (a) or (b).

8 SECTION 112. IC 34-26-6-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) The division 10 office of state court judicial administration shall develop forms, 11 instructions, and rules for the scheduling of hearings and other 12 procedures under this chapter. A party to an action under this chapter 13 must use the forms developed by the division office of state court 14 judicial administration.

15 (b) A temporary restraining order or an injunction issued for 16 harassment or domestic or family violence under this chapter must be 17 issued on forms adopted and approved by the division office of state 18 court judicial administration and must be consistent with IC 34-26-5-3. 19 However, an order or injunction issued under this section is not 20 rendered unenforceable solely because it is not issued on forms adopted and approved by the division office of state court judicial 21 22 administration.

(c) Information in a temporary restraining order or an injunction
 relating to harassment or domestic or family violence must be
 transmitted to the Indiana data and communication system (IDACS) as
 required under IC 34-26-5-18.

27 SECTION 113. IC 34-28-9.2-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.198-2014, 28 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 29 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) If the Internal Revenue Service or a court 30 issues a determination letter, revenue ruling, other public ruling of the 31 Internal Revenue Service, or a published decision to the commission 32 or any lottery winner, declaring that the voluntary assignment of prizes 33 will affect the federal income tax treatment of a prize winner who does 34 not assign the winner's prize payment or payments, the state lottery 35 commission shall file a copy of the letter, ruling, or decision with the 36 attorney general's office and the Indiana office of judicial center. 37 administration. A court may not issue an order authorizing a voluntary 38 assignment of a prize after the date the ruling, letter, or published 39 decision is filed.

40 (b) If a determination letter, revenue ruling, other public ruling, or
41 published decision is issued under subsection (a), the Internal Revenue
42 Service or the court that issued the document shall send a certified copy

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1 of the document to the director of the commission.

2 SECTION 114. IC 34-28-9.2-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.198-2014, 3 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. If the department of state revenue issues a 5 determination, ruling, or finding to the commission or any lottery 6 winner declaring that the voluntary assignment of a prize will reduce 7 the state income tax due on the prize, the department of state revenue 8 shall file the determination, ruling, or finding with the lottery commission, the attorney general's office, and the Indiana office of 9 judicial center. administration. A court may not issue an order 10 authorizing a voluntary assignment of a prize after the date the 11 12 determination, ruling, or finding is filed. 13 SECTION 115. IC 35-33-8-3.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.187-2017, 14 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

15 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3.2. (a) After considering the results of the Indiana 16 pretrial risk assessment system (if available), other relevant factors, and 17 bail guidelines described in section 3.8 of this chapter, a court may 18 admit a defendant to bail and impose any of the following conditions 19 to assure the defendant's appearance at any stage of the legal 20 proceedings, or, upon a showing of clear and convincing evidence that 21 the defendant poses a risk of physical danger to another person or the 22 community, to assure the public's physical safety:

(1) Require the defendant to:

(A) execute a bail bond with sufficient solvent sureties;

(B) deposit cash or securities in an amount equal to the bail;
(C) execute a bond secured by real estate in the county, where
thirty-three hundredths (0.33) of the true tax value less
encumbrances is at least equal to the amount of the bail;

(D) post a real estate bond; or

30 (E) perform any combination of the requirements described in
31 clauses (A) through (D).
32 If the court requires the defendant to deposit cash or cash and

If the court requires the defendant to deposit cash or cash and 33 another form of security as bail, the court may require the 34 defendant and each person who makes the deposit on behalf of the 35 defendant to execute an agreement that allows the court to retain 36 all or a part of the cash to pay publicly paid costs of 37 representation and fines, costs, fees, and restitution that the court 38 may order the defendant to pay if the defendant is convicted. The 39 defendant must also pay the fee required by subsection (d). 40 (2) Require the defendant to execute:

41 (A) a bail bond by depositing cash or securities with the clerk 42 of the court in an amount not less than ten percent (10%) of

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23

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1 the bail; and

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(B) an agreement that allows the court to retain all or a part of the cash or securities to pay fines, costs, fees, and restitution that the court may order the defendant to pay if the defendant is convicted.

6 A portion of the deposit, not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the 7 monetary value of the deposit or fifty dollars (\$50), whichever is 8 the lesser amount, may be retained as an administrative fee. The 9 clerk shall also retain from the deposit under this subdivision 10 fines, costs, fees, and restitution as ordered by the court, publicly 11 paid costs of representation that shall be disposed of in 12 accordance with subsection (b), and the fee required by 13 subsection (d). In the event of the posting of a real estate bond, 14 the bond shall be used only to insure the presence of the 15 defendant at any stage of the legal proceedings, but shall not be 16 foreclosed for the payment of fines, costs, fees, or restitution. The 17 individual posting bail for the defendant or the defendant 18 admitted to bail under this subdivision must be notified by the 19 sheriff, court, or clerk that the defendant's deposit may be 20 forfeited under section 7 of this chapter or retained under 21 subsection (b).

(3) Impose reasonable restrictions on the activities, movements,
associations, and residence of the defendant during the period of
release.

(4) Except as provided in section 3.6 of this chapter, require the
defendant to refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an
individual and, if the defendant has been charged with an offense
under IC 35-46-3, any animal belonging to the individual,
including if the defendant has not been released from lawful
detention.

(5) Place the defendant under the reasonable supervision of a
probation officer, pretrial services agency, or other appropriate
public official. If the court places the defendant under the
supervision of a probation officer or pretrial services agency, the
court shall determine whether the defendant must pay the pretrial
services fee under section 3.3 of this chapter.

(6) Release the defendant into the care of a qualified person or
organization responsible for supervising the defendant and
assisting the defendant in appearing in court. The supervisor shall
maintain reasonable contact with the defendant in order to assist
the defendant in making arrangements to appear in court and,
where appropriate, shall accompany the defendant to court. The



1	supervisor need not be financially responsible for the defendant.
2	(7) Release the defendant on personal recognizance unless:
3	(A) the state presents evidence relevant to a risk by the
4	defendant:
5	(i) of nonappearance; or
6	(ii) to the physical safety of the public; and
7	(B) the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the
8	risk exists.
9	(8) Require a defendant charged with an offense under IC 35-46-3
10	to refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
11	(9) Impose any other reasonable restrictions designed to assure
12	the defendant's presence in court or the physical safety of another
13	person or the community.
14	(b) Within thirty (30) days after disposition of the charges against
15	the defendant, the court that admitted the defendant to bail shall order
16	the clerk to remit the amount of the deposit remaining under subsection
17	(a)(2) to the defendant. The portion of the deposit that is not remitted
18	to the defendant shall be deposited by the clerk in the supplemental
19	public defender services fund established under IC 33-40-3.
20	(c) For purposes of subsection (b), "disposition" occurs when the
21	indictment or information is dismissed or the defendant is acquitted or
22	convicted of the charges.
23	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the clerk of the court shall:
24	(1) collect a fee of five dollars (\$5) from each bond or deposit
25	required under subsection (a)(1); and
26	(2) retain a fee of five dollars (\$5) from each deposit under
27	subsection $(a)(2)$.
28	The clerk of the court shall semiannually remit the fees collected under
29	this subsection to the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement
30	system for deposit in the special death benefit fund. The fee required
31	by subdivision (2) is in addition to the administrative fee retained under
32	subsection (a)(2).
33	(e) With the approval of the clerk of the court, the county sheriff
34	may collect the bail posted under this section. The county sheriff shall
35	remit the bail to the clerk of the court by the following business day
36	and remit monthly the five dollar (\$5) special death benefit fee to the
37	county auditor.
38	(f) When a court imposes a condition of bail described in subsection
39	(a)(4):
40	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
41	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
42	prescribed or approved by the division office of state court



1 judicial administration with the clerk. 2 SECTION 116. IC 35-33.5-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.105-2007, 3 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 4 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. Within twenty-eight (28) days after the 5 termination of a warrant or an extension, or the denial of an application 6 for a warrant or an extension, the court to which application for the 7 warrant or an extension was made shall submit a report to the executive 8 director chief administrative officer of the division office of state 9 court judicial administration (IC 33-24-6-1) containing the following 10 information: 11 (1) The fact that a warrant or an extension was applied for. 12 (2) The type of warrant or extension applied for. 13 (3) The fact that the application for a warrant or an extension was 14 granted, modified, or denied. (4) The duration authorized for interception by the warrant and 15 16 the number and duration of any extensions. 17 (5) The designated offense for which the warrant or extension was 18 issued or applied for. 19 (6) The identity of the persons who applied for the warrant or 20 extension. 21 (7) The nature and location of the place, facility, or device from 22 which communications were to be intercepted. 23 (8) The reasons for withholding notice under IC 35-33.5-4-3, if 24 the notice was withheld. 25 SECTION 117. IC 35-34-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.85-2013, 26 SECTION 115, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 27 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) The indictment or information 28 shall be in writing and allege the commission of an offense by: 29 (1) stating the title of the action and the name of the court in 30 which the indictment or information is filed: 31 (2) stating the name of the offense in the words of the statute or any other words conveying the same meaning; 32 33 (3) citing the statutory provision alleged to have been violated, 34 except that any failure to include such a citation or any error in 35 such a citation does not constitute grounds for reversal of a 36 conviction where the defendant was not otherwise misled as to the 37 nature of the charges against the defendant; 38 (4) setting forth the nature and elements of the offense charged in 39 plain and concise language without unnecessary repetition; 40 (5) stating the date of the offense with sufficient particularity to 41 show that the offense was committed within the period of 42 limitations applicable to that offense;



1	(6) stating the time of the offense as definitely as can be done if
2	time is of the essence of the offense;
3	(7) stating the place of the offense with sufficient particularity to
4	show that the offense was committed within the jurisdiction of the
5	court where the charge is to be filed;
6	(8) stating the place of the offense as definitely as can be done if
7	the place is of the essence of the offense; and
8	(9) stating the name of every defendant, if known, and if not
9	known, by designating the defendant by any name or description
10	by which he the defendant can be identified with reasonable
11	certainty.
12	(b) An indictment shall be signed by:
13	(1) the foreman or five (5) members of the grand jury; and
14	(2) the prosecuting attorney or his the prosecuting attorney's
15	deputy.
16	(c) An information shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney or his
17	the prosecuting attorney's deputy. and sworn to or affirmed by him
18	or any other person.
19	(c) (d) An indictment or information shall have stated upon it the
20	names of all the material witnesses. Other witnesses may afterwards be
21	subpoenaed by the state, but unless the name of a witness is stated on
22	the indictment or information, no continuance shall be granted to the
23	state due to the absence of the witness.
24	(d) (e) The indictment or information shall be a plain, concise, and
25	definite written statement of the essential facts constituting the offense
26	charged. It need not contain a formal commencement, a formal
27	conclusion, or any other matter not necessary to the statement.
28	Presumptions of law and matters of which judicial notice is taken need
29	not be stated.
30	(e) (f) The indictment may be substantially in the following form:
31	IN THE COURT OF INDIANA, 20
32	STATE OF INDIANA
33	vs. CAUSE NUMBER
34	A B
35	The grand jury of the county of upon their oath or
36	affirmation do present that AB, on the day of
37	20at the county ofin the state of Indiana (HERE SET
38	FORTH THE OFFENSE CHARGED).
39	(f) (g) The information may be substantially in the same form as the
40	indictment, substituting for the words, "the grand jury of the county of
41	, upon their oath or affirmation so present" the following:
42	"CD, being duly sworn on his oath or having affirmed, says." It is not



1 necessary in an information to state the reason why the proceeding is 2 by information rather than indictment. 3 (g) (h) This section applies to a traffic offense (as defined in 4 IC 9-13-2-183) if the traffic offense is: 5 (1) a felony; or 6 (2) a misdemeanor. 7 SECTION 118. IC 35-36-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.67-2017, 8 SECTION 14. IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 9 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) Whenever a defendant is found not 10 responsible by reason of insanity at the time of the crime, the 11 prosecuting attorney shall file a written petition with the court under 12 IC 12-26-6-2(a)(3) or under IC 12-26-7. If a petition is filed under 13 IC 12-26-6-2(a)(3), the court shall hold a commitment hearing under 14 IC 12-26-6. If a petition is filed under IC 12-26-7, the court shall hold 15 a commitment hearing under IC 12-26-7. 16 (b) The hearing shall be conducted at the earliest opportunity after the finding of not responsible by reason of insanity at the time of the 17 18 crime, and the defendant shall be detained in custody until the 19 completion of the hearing. The court may take judicial notice of 20 evidence introduced during the trial of the defendant and may call the 21 physicians appointed by the court to testify concerning whether the 22 defendant is currently mentally ill and dangerous or currently mentally 23 ill and gravely disabled, as those terms are defined by IC 12-7-2-96 and 24 IC 12-7-2-130(1). The court may subpoena any other persons with 25 knowledge concerning the issues presented at the hearing. 26 (c) The defendant has all the rights provided by the provisions of 27 IC 12-26 under which the petition against the defendant was filed. The 28 prosecuting attorney may cross-examine the witnesses and present 29 relevant evidence concerning the issues presented at the hearing. 30 (d) If a court orders an individual to be committed under IC 12-26-6 31 or IC 12-26-7 following a verdict of not responsible by reason of 32 insanity at the time of the crime, the warden of the facility to which the 33 individual is committed and the attending physician are subject to the 34 requirements of IC 12-26-15-1. 35 (e) If a defendant is found not responsible by reason of insanity, the 36 court shall transmit any information required by the division office of 37 state court judicial administration to the division office of state court 38 judicial administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined in 39 IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3. 40 SECTION 119. IC 35-36-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.117-2015, 41 SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 42 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided by subsection (e),



1 whenever a defendant is found guilty but mentally ill at the time of the 2 crime or enters a plea to that effect that is accepted by the court, the 3 court shall sentence the defendant in the same manner as a defendant 4 found guilty of the offense. 5 (b) Before sentencing the defendant under subsection (a), the court 6 shall require the defendant to be evaluated by a physician licensed 7 under IC 25-22.5 who practices psychiatric medicine, a licensed 8 psychologist, or a community mental health center (as defined in 9 IC 12-7-2-38). However, the court may waive this requirement if the 10 defendant was evaluated by a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who practices psychiatric medicine, a licensed psychologist, or a community 11 12 mental health center and the evaluation is contained in the record of the 13 defendant's trial or plea agreement hearing. 14 (c) If a defendant who is found guilty but mentally ill at the time of 15 the crime is committed to the department of correction, the defendant 16 shall be further evaluated and then treated in such a manner as is 17 psychiatrically indicated for the defendant's mental illness. Treatment 18 may be provided by: 19 (1) the department of correction; or 20 (2) the division of mental health and addiction after transfer under 21 IC 11-10-4. 22

(d) If a defendant who is found guilty but mentally ill at the time of the crime is placed on probation, the court may, in accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.3, require that the defendant undergo treatment.

(e) As used in this subsection, "individual with an intellectual disability" means an individual who, before becoming twenty-two (22) years of age, manifests:

(1) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning; and

(2) substantial impairment of adaptive behavior;

that is documented in a court ordered evaluative report. If a court determines under IC 35-36-9 that a defendant who is charged with a murder for which the state seeks a death sentence is an individual with an intellectual disability, the court shall sentence the defendant under IC 35-50-2-3(a).

(f) If a defendant is found guilty but mentally ill, the court shall transmit any information required by the division office of state court judicial administration to the division office of state court judicial administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined in IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3.

40 SECTION 120. IC 35-36-3-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.151-2011,
41 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) If at any time before the final submission of

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any criminal case to the court or the jury trying the case, the court has 2 reasonable grounds for believing that the defendant lacks the ability to 3 understand the proceedings and assist in the preparation of a defense, 4 the court shall immediately fix a time for a hearing to determine whether the defendant has that ability. The court shall appoint two (2) 6 or three (3) competent, disinterested:

(1) psychiatrists;

8 (2) psychologists endorsed by the Indiana state board of 9 examiners in psychology as health service providers in 10 psychology; or

(3) physicians;

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who have expertise in determining competency. At least one (1) of the 12 13 individuals appointed under this subsection must be a psychiatrist or 14 psychologist. However, none may be an employee or a contractor of a 15 state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184). The individuals who are appointed shall examine the defendant and testify at the hearing as to 16 17 whether the defendant can understand the proceedings and assist in the 18 preparation of the defendant's defense.

19 (b) At the hearing, other evidence relevant to whether the defendant 20 has the ability to understand the proceedings and assist in the 21 preparation of the defendant's defense may be introduced. If the court 22 finds that the defendant has the ability to understand the proceedings 23 and assist in the preparation of the defendant's defense, the trial shall 24 proceed. If the court finds that the defendant lacks this ability, it shall 25 delay or continue the trial and order the defendant committed to the 26 division of mental health and addiction. The division of mental health 27 and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter 28 into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by 29 a third party in the:

(1) location where the defendant currently resides; or

(2) least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the defendant and the safety of the defendant and others.

However, if the defendant is serving an unrelated executed sentence in the department of correction at the time the defendant is committed to the division of mental health and addiction under this section, the division of mental health and addiction shall provide competency restoration services or enter into a contract for the provision of competency restoration services by a third party at a department of correction facility agreed upon by the division of mental health and addiction or the third party contractor and the department of correction. (c) If the court makes a finding under subsection (b), the court shall transmit any information required by the division office of state court



1 judicial administration to the division office of state court judicial 2 administration for transmission to the NICS (as defined in 3 IC 35-47-2.5-2.5) in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3. 4 SECTION 121. IC 35-38-1-7.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012, 5 SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.7. (a) At the time of sentencing, a court shall 7 determine whether a person has committed a crime of domestic 8 violence (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-78). 9 (b) A determination under subsection (a) must be based upon: 10 (1) evidence introduced at trial; or (2) a factual basis provided as part of a guilty plea. 11 12 (c) Upon determining that a defendant has committed a crime of domestic violence, a court shall advise the defendant of the 13 14 consequences of this finding. 15 (d) A judge shall record a determination that a defendant has 16 committed a crime of domestic violence on a form prepared by the 17 division office of state court judicial administration. 18 SECTION 122. IC 35-38-1-31, AS ADDED BY P.L.147-2012, 19 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 20 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 31. (a) If a court imposes on a person convicted 21 of a felony a sentence that involves a commitment to the department of 22 correction, the court shall complete an abstract of judgment in an 23 electronic format approved by the department of correction and the 24 division office of state court judicial administration. The abstract of 25 judgment must include, but not be limited to: 26 (1) each offense the person is convicted of; 27 (2) the sentence, including whether the sentence includes a 28 suspended sentence, probation, or direct commitment to 29 community corrections; and 30 (3) whether the person is a credit restricted felon. 31 (b) If a person convicted of a felony is committed to the department 32 of correction by a court as a result of a violation of the terms of 33 probation or other community placement, the court shall state in the 34 abstract of judgment the specific reasons for revocation if probation, 35 parole, or a community corrections placement has been revoked. SECTION 123. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.111-2017, 36 37 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 38 JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation, the court may 39 require a person to do a combination of the following: 40 (1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a 41 course of study or career and technical education that will equip

42 the person for suitable employment.



1	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
2	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
3	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
4	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
5	(4) Participate in a treatment program, educational class, or
6	rehabilitative service provided by a probation department or by
0 7	referral to an agency.
8	(5) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
8 9	responsibilities.
10	(6) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
10	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When
11	restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall
12	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
13	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
14	(7) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
15	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
10	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
17	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
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20	 (8) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50. (0) Refining from proceeding a finance of other deadly warpen.
20 21	(9) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon unless granted written permission by the court or the person's
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22	probation officer. (10) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
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24 25	by the court or the probation officer.
23 26	(11) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
20 27	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
27	(12) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
28 29	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation officer.
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30 31	(13) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
31	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation officer of any change in address or employment.
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	(14) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
34	(15) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
35	rehabilitation.
36	(16) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.(17) Undergo a laboratorization genieg of testa compared bethe
37	(17) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
38	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
39 40	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
40	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
41	(A) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
42	criminal sexual act and the offense created an



1	epidemiologically demonstrated risk of transmission of the
2	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); or
3	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense relating to a
4	controlled substance and the offense involved:
5	(i) the delivery by any person to another person; or
6	(ii) the use by any person on another person;
7	of a contaminated sharp (as defined in IC 16-41-16-2) or other
8	paraphernalia that creates an epidemiologically demonstrated
9	risk of transmission of HIV by involving percutaneous contact.
10	(18) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an individual
11	and, if convicted of an offense under IC 35-46-3, any animal
12	belonging to the individual.
13	(19) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
14	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
15	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
16	defined in IC 10-13-5-4).
17	(20) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
18	in IC 9-13-2-22) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
19	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
20	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
21	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
22	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
23	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
24	(21) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
25 26	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
26	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
27 28	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
28 29	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
29 30	
30 31	to pay; (B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
32	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
33	person; and
33 34	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
35	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
36	required to pay under this section.
37	(22) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
38	(22) Remain non owning, narooning, or training an annual. (23) Participate in a reentry court program.
39	(24) Receive:
40	(A) addiction counseling;
41	(B) mental health counseling;
42	(C) inpatient detoxification; and
. 4	(c) inputoit detoriniouton, und



1	(D) medication assisted treatment, including a federal Food
2	and Drug Administration approved long acting, nonaddictive
2 3	medication for the treatment of opioid or alcohol dependence.
4	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
5	a written statement specifying:
6	(1) the conditions of probation; and
7	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
8	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
9	before the earlier of the following:
10	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
11	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
12	violation.
13	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
14	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
15	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
16	probation the court determines.
17	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
18	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
19	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual
20	days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.
21	A person does not earn good time credit while serving an intermittent
22	term of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
23	intermittent service, the court shall state:
24	(1) the term of imprisonment;
25	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
26	confined; and
27	(3) the conditions.
28	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
29	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
30	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
31	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made
32	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
33	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
34	subsection (a)(18):
35	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
36	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
37	prescribed or approved by the division office of state court
38	judicial administration with the clerk.
39	(g) As a condition of probation, a court shall require a person:
40	(1) who is described in IC 10-13-6-10(a);
41	(2) who has not previously provided a DNA sample in accordance
42	with IC 10-13-6; and
•	



1	(3) whose sentence does not involve a commitment to the
2	department of correction;
3	to provide a DNA sample as a condition of probation.
4	(h) If a court imposes a condition of probation described in
5	subsection (a)(4), the person on probation is responsible for any costs
6	resulting from the participation in a program, class, or service. Any
7	costs collected for services provided by the probation department shall
8	be deposited in the county or local supplemental adult services fund.
9	SECTION 124. IC 35-38-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
10	SECTION 250, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to state
12	reimbursement of expenses for conducting a new trial if:
13	(1) a defendant is convicted of an offense in a criminal
14	proceeding conducted in a trial court;
15	(2) the defendant appeals the defendant's conviction to the Indiana
16	court of appeals or Indiana supreme court; and
17	(3) the court of appeals or supreme court remands the case to the
18	trial court for a new trial.
19	(b) Subject to subsection (d), the state shall reimburse the trial court,
20	the prosecuting attorney, and, if the defendant is represented by a
21	public defender, the public defender for expenses:
22	(1) incurred by the trial court, prosecuting attorney, and public
23	defender in conducting a new trial described in subsection (a);
24	and
25	(2) that would ordinarily be paid by the county in which the trial
26	court is located.
27	(c) The expenses of a trial court, prosecuting attorney, and public
28	defender reimbursed under this section:
29	(1) may not include any salary or other remuneration paid to a
30	trial court judge, prosecuting attorney, deputy prosecuting
31	attorney, or public defender; and
32	(2) must be paid from money in the state general fund.
33	(d) The office division of state court judicial administration
34	(IC 33-24-6-1) shall administer a program to pay claims for
35	reimbursement under this section. The maximum amount that may be
36	reimbursed for all proceedings and all offenses arising out of the same
37	facts is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). The maximum amount that
38	may be paid in any particular year for all expenses otherwise eligible
39	for reimbursement under this section is one million dollars
40	(\$1,000,000). If the total of all claims that would otherwise be eligible
41	for reimbursement under this section exceeds the maximum amount
42	that may be reimbursed under this subsection, the division office of



- 1 state court judicial administration shall prorate reimbursement of
- 2 eligible expenses, as determined by the division office of state court
- 3 **judicial** administration.
- 4 SECTION 125. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 238, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 32, line 38, delete "an" and insert "one (1)".

Page 32, line 39, delete "guardianship." and insert "guardianship for not more than ninety (90) days.".

Page 46, delete lines 10 through 35.

Page 71, line 17, strike "division" and insert "office of judicial administration".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 238 as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.