SENATE BILL No. 253

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 14-8-2; IC 14-15-14.

Synopsis: Lake Michigan rescue equipment. Requires the owner of a pier or public access site on Lake Michigan to install public rescue equipment, including at least one ring life buoy, on the pier or public access site. Establishes requirements concerning ring life buoys installed on piers and public access sites. Provides that the end of the buoy line must not be secured to the shore. Requires a unit of local government that owns one or more piers or public access sites on Lake Michigan, at least twice per year, to publish on the unit's website a report on lakefront drownings that occur within 50 feet of the unit's piers or public access sites. Provides that if more than one fatal drowning occurs not more than 50 feet from a particular pier or public access site in a span of five years, the owner of the pier or public access site shall: (1) disseminate in the area of the pier or public access site a water safety plan pertaining to the pier or public access site; and (2) upgrade the public rescue equipment installed on the pier or public access site, such as by installing equipment that automatically contacts the local 911 service in an emergency.

Effective: July 1, 2024.

Pol Jr.

January 11, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Natural Resources.



Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 253

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural and cultural resources.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 14-8-2-204.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
2	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 204.8. "Pier", for purposes of
4	IC 14-15-14, has the meaning set forth in IC 14-15-14-1(1).
5	SECTION 2. IC 14-8-2-221.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 221.9. "Public access site", for
8	purposes of IC 14-15-14, has the meaning set forth in
9	IC 14-15-14-1(2).
0	SECTION 3. IC 14-8-2-225.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 225.4. "Public rescue
3	equipment", for purposes of IC 14-15-14, has the meaning set forth
4	in IC 14-15-14-1(3).
5	SECTION 4. IC 14-8-2-289, AS AMENDED BY P.L.82-2005
6	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 289. "Unit of local government", for purposes of



2024

1	IC 14-12-1, IC 14-15-14 , and IC 14-22-10, means a:
2	(1) county;
3	(2) city;
4	(3) town; or
5	(4) township;
6	located in Indiana.
7	SECTION 5. IC 14-15-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2024]:
0	Chapter 14. Lake Michigan Public Rescue Equipment
1	Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
2	(1) "Pier" means a manmade, raised structure (such as a
3	breakwater) that:
4	(A) extends into navigable water; and
5	(B) is intended:
6	(i) for use as a landing place or promenade; or
7	(ii) to protect or form a harbor.
8	(2) "Public access site" means a site that is:
9	(A) adjacent to the public trust (as described in
0.0	IC 14-26-2.1-3); and
21	(B) intended to facilitate direct public access to the public
22	trust.
22 23 24	The term does not include a private residence or areas on
.4	state owned property where swimming is prohibited.
2.5	(3) "Public rescue equipment" means water rescue devices
26	available for public use in case of an emergency, including
27	ring life buoys, throw bags, rescue tubes, and rescue poles.
28	Sec. 2. (a) The owner of a pier or public access site on Lake
.9	Michigan shall install public rescue equipment on the pier or
0	public access site. The public rescue equipment installed on a pier
1	or public access site under this subsection:
2	(1) must include at least one (1) ring life buoy; and
3	(2) may include other types of public rescue equipment.
4	(b) The owner of a pier or public access site on Lake Michigan:
5	(1) shall oversee the installation and maintenance of the public
6	rescue equipment required by this section; and
7	(2) if the owner is the state of Indiana or a unit of local
8	government, shall also provide public education concerning
9	the public rescue equipment installed on the pier or public
.0	access site.
-1	Sec. 3. (a) The following apply to a ring life buoy installed on a
-2	pier or public access site under section 2(a) of this chapter:



1	(1) The ring life buoy must not be permanently secured in any
2	way to a station, rack, or pier.
3	(2) The ring life buoy must be stowed inside a station to
4	protect it from constant weather exposure.
5	(3) The ring life buoy must meet the requirements of:
6	(A) 46 CFR 160.050; or
7	(B) 46 CFR 160.150;
8	for Safety Of Life At Sea (SOLAS) approved equipment, or
9	must meet other standards for public rescue equipment issued
10	by the United States Coast Guard.
11	(4) There must be attached to each ring life buoy a buoyant
12	line:
13	(A) that:
14	(i) is at least one hundred (100) feet long; or
15	(ii) if the ring life buoy is secured to a station, rack, or
16	pier more than fifty (50) feet away from the Lake
17	Michigan shoreline, is at least twenty-five (25) feet
18	longer than the distance between the station, rack, or
19	pier to which the ring life buoy is secured and the Lake
20	Michigan shoreline;
21	(B) that has a breaking strength of at least five (5)
22	kilonewtons; and
23	(C) the end of which must not be secured to the shore.
24	(5) The ring life buoy must be marked with type II
25	retroreflective material meeting the requirements of 46 CFR
26	164.018.
27	(6) The ring life buoy:
28	(A) must be placed not more than two hundred (200) feet
29	from the shoreline of Lake Michigan; and
30	(B) must be available for emergency rescue operations.
31	(b) A station in which a ring life buoy is stowed under
32	subsection (a)(2) must:
33	(1) be a bright orange or yellow color for high visibility to aid
34	with quick access to the ring life buoy; and
35	(2) bear signage that warns lakefront patrons that tampering
36	with or misusing public rescue equipment is strictly
37	prohibited.
38	Sec. 4. (a) A unit of local government that owns one (1) or more
39	piers or public access sites on Lake Michigan shall:
40	(1) compile information; and
41	(2) at least twice per year, publish on the unit's website a
42	report;



1	on lakefront drownings of which the unit is aware that have
2	occurred within fifty (50) feet of a pier or public access site owned
3	by the unit of local government.
4	(b) A report published under subsection (a)(2) must include at
5	least the following information:
6	(1) The location of each drowning.
7	(2) The time of day at which the drowning occurred and the
8	temperature and weather conditions at the time and place of
9	the drowning.
10	(3) A description of:
11	(A) the public rescue equipment that was accessible at the
12	pier or public access site within fifty (50) feet of the place
13	of the drowning;
14	(B) how the public rescue equipment described under
15	clause (A) may be used; and
16	(C) the type of entry into the water of Lake Michigan that
17	is available at the pier or public access site within fifty (50)
18	feet of the place of the drowning.
19	(c) If a drowning has occurred within fifty (50) feet of a pier or
20	public access site owned by a unit of local government since the
21	previous report of the unit of local government was published
22	under subsection (a)(2), the unit of local government shall publish
23	on its website, in addition to the report required by subsection
24	(a)(2), a water safety plan pertaining to the pier or public access
25	site.
26	Sec. 5. If more than one (1) drowning occurs not more than fifty
27	(50) feet from a particular pier or public access site in a span of
28	five (5) years, the owner of the pier or public access site shall:
29	(1) disseminate in the area of the pier or public access site a
30	water safety plan pertaining to the pier or public access site;
31	and
32	(2) upgrade the public rescue equipment installed on the pier
33	or public access site under section 2(a) of this chapter, such as
34	by installing equipment that automatically contacts the local
35	911 service in an emergency.
36	Sec. 6. The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to



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implement this chapter.