SENATE BILL No. 265

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 6-3-2-6; IC 6-3.6-4-4; IC 20-46.

Synopsis: Elimination of property tax on homesteads. Changes the credit for excessive property taxes for homesteads from the amount by which a person's property tax liability attributable to the person's homestead exceeds 1% of the gross assessed value of the property that is the basis for determination of property taxes for the calendar year to an amount equal to the person's property tax liability attributable to the person's homestead. Excludes from the credit any portion of a person's property tax liability that was approved by voters in a referendum and that would not ordinarily be subject to a credit for excessive property taxes. Allows a county's adopting body to adjust the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county based on the actual property taxes that were due and payable during 2024 to compensate for the amount of any tax revenue shortfall incurred as a result of the reduction in tax revenue attributable to the increase in the credit amount. For years beginning after December 31, 2024, requires the department of local government finance (department) to, before July 1 of the year in which property taxes are first due and payable, estimate the amount of any tax revenue shortfall incurred by the county in the year in which the property taxes are first due and payable as a result of the reduction in tax revenue attributable to the increase in the credit amount. For years beginning after December 31, 2024, allows a county's adopting body to adjust the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county in accordance with the estimate to compensate for the amount of any property tax revenue shortfall incurred by the county in the year in which the property taxes are first due and payable as a result of the reduction in tax revenue (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2024; January 1, 2025.

Bassler

January 16, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.



Digest Continued

attributable to the increase in the credit amount. Provides that the maximum tax rate that may be imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in a county after an adjustment may not exceed 2.9% in addition to: (1) the maximum allowed property tax relief rate in the county; (2) the maximum allowed local income tax expenditure rate in the county; and (3) the maximum allowed special purpose tax rate in the county. Provides that a county's adopting body, at its discretion, may increase the adjustment by an additional rate of 0.25%. Requires the revenue collected as a result of the adjustment to the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county to be treated as property taxes for all purposes. Requires the department to approve, in a manner determined by the department, the estimate, the corresponding adjustment, and the use of the revenue for each county. Increases, from \$3,000 to \$9,000, the amount an individual who rents a dwelling for use as the individual's principal place of residence may deduct from the individual's adjusted gross income. Makes conforming changes.



Introduced

Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 265

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-20-3.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.239-2023,
2	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3.6. (a) Except as provided in sections 3.7
4	and 3.8 of this chapter, this section applies only to a controlled project
5	described in section 3.5(a) of this chapter.
6	(b) In the case of a controlled project:
7	(1) described in section $3.5(a)(1)(A)$ through $3.5(a)(1)(C)$ of this
8	chapter, if a sufficient petition requesting the application of the
9	local public question process has been filed as set forth in section
10	3.5 of this chapter; or
11	(2) described in section $3.5(a)(1)(D)$ of this chapter (before its
12	expiration);
13	a political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay debt
14	service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project
15	unless the political subdivision's proposed debt service or lease rental



is approved in an election on a local public question held under this section.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (k), the following question shall be submitted to the eligible voters at the election conducted under this section:

6 "Shall (insert the name of the political subdivision) 7 increase property taxes paid to the _____ (insert the type of 8 taxing unit) by homeowners and businesses? If this public 9 question is approved by the voters, the average property tax paid to the (insert the type of taxing unit) per year on a 10 residence would increase by % (insert the estimated 11 average percentage of property tax increase paid to the political 12 13 subdivision on a residence within the political subdivision as 14 determined under subsection (n)) and the average property tax 15 paid to the (insert the type of taxing unit) per year on a business property would increase by ____% (insert the 16 estimated average percentage of property tax increase paid to the 17 18 political subdivision on a business property within the political 19 subdivision as determined under subsection (o)). The political 20 subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a lease to 21 (insert a brief description of the controlled project), which is 22 estimated to cost (insert the total cost of the project) 23 over (insert number of years to bond maturity or 24 termination of lease) years. The most recent property tax 25 referendum within the boundaries of the political subdivision for

> which this public question is being considered was proposed by (insert name of political subdivision) in (insert year of most recent property tax referendum) and (insert whether the measure passed or failed).".

30 The public question must appear on the ballot in the form approved by the county election board. If the political subdivision proposing to issue 32 bonds or enter into a lease is located in more than one (1) county, the 33 county election board of each county shall jointly approve the form of 34 the public question that will appear on the ballot in each county. The 35 form approved by the county election board may differ from the language certified to the county election board by the county auditor. 36 If the county election board approves the language of a public question under this subsection, the county election board shall submit the language and the certification of the county auditor described in subsection (p) to the department of local government finance for review.

41 42

26

27

28

29

31

37 38

39

40

1

2

3

4

5

(d) The department of local government finance shall review the



2024

1 language of the public question to evaluate whether the description of 2 the controlled project is accurate and is not biased against either a vote 3 in favor of the controlled project or a vote against the controlled 4 project. The department of local government finance shall post the 5 estimated average percentage of property tax increases to be paid to a 6 political subdivision on a residence and business property that are 7 certified by the county auditor under subsection (p) on the department's 8 Internet web site. website. The department of local government finance 9 may either approve the ballot language as submitted or recommend that 10 the ballot language be modified as necessary to ensure that the 11 description of the controlled project is accurate and is not biased. The 12 department of local government finance shall certify its approval or 13 recommendations to the county auditor and the county election board 14 not more than ten (10) days after the language of the public question is 15 submitted to the department for review. If the department of local 16 government finance recommends a modification to the ballot language, 17 the county election board shall, after reviewing the recommendations 18 of the department of local government finance, submit modified ballot 19 language to the department for the department's approval or 20 recommendation of any additional modifications. The public question may not be certified by the county auditor under subsection (e) unless 21 22 the department of local government finance has first certified the 23 department's final approval of the ballot language for the public 24 question. 25

(e) The county auditor shall certify the finally approved public question under IC 3-10-9-3 to the county election board of each county in which the political subdivision is located. The certification must occur not later than noon:

(1) seventy-four (74) days before a primary election if the public question is to be placed on the primary or municipal primary election ballot; or

(2) August 1 if the public question is to be placed on the general or municipal election ballot.

Subject to the certification requirements and deadlines under this 34 subsection and except as provided in subsection (j), the public question 35 36 shall be placed on the ballot at the next primary election, general 37 election or municipal election in which all voters of the political 38 subdivision are entitled to vote. However, if a primary election, general 39 election, or municipal election will not be held during the first year in 40 which the public question is eligible to be placed on the ballot under 41 this section and if the political subdivision requests the public question 42 to be placed on the ballot at a special election, the public question shall



26 27

28

29

30

31

32

1	be placed on the ballot at a special election to be held on the first
2	Tuesday after the first Monday in May or November of the year. The
3	certification must occur not later than noon seventy-four (74) days
4	before a special election to be held in May (if the special election is to
5	be held in May) or noon on August 1 (if the special election is to be
6	held in November). The fiscal body of the political subdivision that
7	requests the special election shall pay the costs of holding the special
8	election. The county election board shall give notice under IC 5-3-1 of
9	a special election conducted under this subsection. A special election
10	conducted under this subsection is under the direction of the county
11	election board. The county election board shall take all steps necessary
12	to carry out the special election.
12	(f) The circuit court clerk shall certify the results of the public
13	question to the following:
15	(1) The county auditor of each county in which the political
16	subdivision is located.
17	(2) The department of local government finance.
18	(g) Subject to the requirements of IC 6-1.1-18.5-8, the political
19	subdivision may issue the proposed bonds or enter into the proposed
20	lease rental if a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public
20 21	
21	question vote in favor of the public question.
22	(h) If a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public question
23 24	vote in opposition to the public question, both of the following apply:
24 25	(1) The political subdivision may not issue the proposed bonds or
	enter into the proposed lease rental.
26	(2) Another public question under this section on the same or a
27	substantially similar project may not be submitted to the voters
28	earlier than:
29	(A) except as provided in clause (B), seven hundred (700)
30	days after the date of the public question; or
31	(B) three hundred fifty (350) days after the date of the election,
32	if a petition that meets the requirements of subsection (m) is
33	submitted to the county auditor.
34	(i) IC 3, to the extent not inconsistent with this section, applies to an
35	election held under this section.
36	(j) A political subdivision may not divide a controlled project in
37	order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this
38	chapter. A person that owns property within a political subdivision or
39	a person that is a registered voter residing within a political subdivision
40	may file a petition with the department of local government finance
41	objecting that the political subdivision has divided a controlled project
42	into two (2) or more capital projects in order to avoid the requirements



1 of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter. The petition must be filed 2 not more than ten (10) days after the political subdivision gives notice 3 of the political subdivision's decision under section 3.5 of this chapter 4 or a determination under section 5 of this chapter to issue bonds or 5 enter into leases for a capital project that the person believes is the 6 result of a division of a controlled project that is prohibited by this 7 subsection. If the department of local government finance receives a 8 petition under this subsection, the department shall not later than thirty 9 (30) days after receiving the petition make a final determination on the 10 issue of whether the political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this 11 12 chapter. If the department of local government finance determines that 13 a political subdivision divided a controlled project in order to avoid the 14 requirements of this section and section 3.5 of this chapter and the 15 political subdivision continues to desire to proceed with the project, the political subdivision may appeal the determination of the department 16 17 of local government finance to the Indiana board of tax review. A 18 political subdivision shall be considered to have divided a capital 19 project in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 20 3.5 of this chapter if the result of one (1) or more of the subprojects 21 cannot reasonably be considered an independently desirable end in 22 itself without reference to another capital project. This subsection does 23 not prohibit a political subdivision from undertaking a series of capital 24 projects in which the result of each capital project can reasonably be 25 considered an independently desirable end in itself without reference 26 to another capital project.

27 (k) This subsection applies to a political subdivision for which a 28 petition requesting a public question has been submitted under section 29 3.5 of this chapter. The legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9) of 30 the political subdivision may adopt a resolution to withdraw a 31 controlled project from consideration in a public question. If the 32 legislative body provides a certified copy of the resolution to the county 33 auditor and the county election board not later than sixty-three (63) 34 days before the election at which the public question would be on the 35 ballot, the public question on the controlled project shall not be placed on the ballot and the public question on the controlled project shall not 36 37 be held, regardless of whether the county auditor has certified the 38 public question to the county election board. If the withdrawal of a 39 public question under this subsection requires the county election 40 board to reprint ballots, the political subdivision withdrawing the 41 public question shall pay the costs of reprinting the ballots. If a political 42 subdivision withdraws a public question under this subsection that



1 would have been held at a special election and the county election 2 board has printed the ballots before the legislative body of the political 3 subdivision provides a certified copy of the withdrawal resolution to 4 the county auditor and the county election board, the political 5 subdivision withdrawing the public question shall pay the costs 6 incurred by the county in printing the ballots. If a public question on a 7 controlled project is withdrawn under this subsection, a public question 8 under this section on the same controlled project or a substantially 9 similar controlled project may not be submitted to the voters earlier 10 than three hundred fifty (350) days after the date the resolution withdrawing the public question is adopted. 11 (1) If a public question regarding a controlled project is placed on 12 13 the ballot to be voted on at an election under this section, the political 14 subdivision shall submit to the department of local government finance, 15 at least thirty (30) days before the election, the following information 16 regarding the proposed controlled project for posting on the 17 department's Internet web site: website: 18 (1) The cost per square foot of any buildings being constructed as 19 part of the controlled project. 20 (2) The effect that approval of the controlled project would have 21 on the political subdivision's property tax rate. 22 (3) The maximum term of the bonds or lease. 23 (4) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the maximum 24 lease rental for the lease. 25 (5) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total 26 interest costs associated with the bonds or lease. 27 (6) The purpose of the bonds or lease. 28 (7) In the case of a controlled project proposed by a school 29 corporation: 30 (A) the current and proposed square footage of school building 31 space per student; 32 (B) enrollment patterns within the school corporation; and 33 (C) the age and condition of the current school facilities. 34 (m) If a majority of the eligible voters voting on the public question 35 vote in opposition to the public question, a petition may be submitted 36 to the county auditor to request that the limit under subsection 37 (h)(2)(B) apply to the holding of a subsequent public question by the 38 political subdivision. If such a petition is submitted to the county 39 auditor and is signed by the lesser of: 40 (1) five hundred (500) persons who are either owners of property 41 within the political subdivision or registered voters residing 42 within the political subdivision; or



1	(2) fine generate $(50/)$ of the presisting denotes and diagonithing the
1 2	(2) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the political subdivision;
$\frac{2}{3}$	the limit under subsection $(h)(2)(B)$ applies to the holding of a second
4	public question by the political subdivision and the limit under
5	subsection (h)(2)(A) does not apply to the holding of a second public
6	question by the political subdivision.
7	(n) At the request of a political subdivision that proposes to impose
8	property taxes to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease
9	for a controlled project, the county auditor of a county in which the
10	political subdivision is located shall determine the estimated average
11	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the
12	political subdivision that must be included in the public question under
13	subsection (c) as follows:
14	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a homestead
15	located within the political subdivision.
16	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value
17	of the average homestead located within the political subdivision,
18	subtract:
19	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under
20	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE
21	was eligible for the deduction; and
22	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction
23	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in STEP
24	ONE was eligible for the deduction;
25	from the result of STEP ONE.
26	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred
27	(100).
28	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
29	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
30 31	imposed on property located within the political subdivision.
31 32	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax liability
32 33	of the average homestead located within the political subdivision, (A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of STEP
33 34	FOUR. and
35	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
36	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
37	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).
38	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the political subdivision's
39	part of the result determined in STEP FIVE.
40	STEP SEVEN: Determine the estimated tax rate that will be
41	imposed if the public question is approved by the voters.
42	STEP EIGHT: Multiply the result of STEP SEVEN by the result



1	of STEP THREE.
2	STEP NINE: Divide the result of STEP EIGHT by the result of
3	STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.
4	(o) At the request of a political subdivision that proposes to impose
5	property taxes to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease
6	for a controlled project, the county auditor of a county in which the
7	political subdivision is located shall determine the estimated average
8	percentage of property tax increase on a business property to be paid
9	to the political subdivision that must be included in the public question
10	under subsection (c) as follows:
11	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business
12	property located within the political subdivision.
13	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred
14	(100).
15	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
16	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
17	imposed on property located within the political subdivision.
18	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax
19	liability of the average business property located within the
20	political subdivision:
21	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP
22	THREE; and
23	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
24	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
25	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable percentage
26	was three percent (3%).
27	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the political subdivision's
28	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.
29	STEP SIX: Determine the estimated tax rate that will be imposed
30	if the public question is approved by the voters.
31	STEP SEVEN: Multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of
32	STEP SIX.
33	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result of
34	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.
35	(p) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average
36	percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the
37	political subdivision determined under subsection (n), and the
38	estimated average percentage of property tax increase on a business
39 40	property to be paid to the political subdivision determined under
40	subsection (o), in a manner prescribed by the department of local
41	government finance, and provide the certification to the political

subdivision that proposes to impose property taxes. The political

42





1 subdivision shall provide the certification to the county election board 2 and include the estimated average percentages in the language of the 3 public question at the time the language of the public question is 4 submitted to the county election board for approval as described in 5 subsection (c). 6 SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013, 7 SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 8 JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7.5. (a) A person is entitled to a credit 9 against the person's property tax liability for property taxes first due and payable after 2009. 2024 as follows: 10 (1) For a homestead, the amount of the credit is equal to the 11 12 amount of the person's property tax liability attributable to the person's homestead. However, any portion of a person's 13 14 property tax liability that was approved by voters in a 15 referendum and that would not ordinarily be subject to a credit for excessive property taxes shall not be included in the 16 17 credit under this subdivision. 18 (2) The For types of property other than a homestead, the 19 amount of the credit is the amount by which the person's property 20 tax liability attributable to the person's: 21 (1) homestead exceeds one percent (1%); 22 (2) (A) residential property exceeds two percent (2%); 23 (3) (B) long term care property exceeds two percent (2%); 24 (4) (C) agricultural land exceeds two percent (2%); 25 (5) (D) nonresidential real property exceeds three percent 26 (3%); or 27 (6) (E) personal property exceeds three percent (3%); 28 of the gross assessed value of the property that is the basis for 29 determination of property taxes for that calendar year. 30 (b) This subsection applies to property taxes first due and payable 31 after 2009. Property taxes imposed after being approved by the voters 32 in a referendum or local public question shall not be considered for 33 purposes of calculating a person's credit under this section. (c) This subsection applies to property taxes first due and payable 34 35 after 2009. As used in this subsection, "eligible county" means only a 36 county for which the general assembly determines in 2008 that limits 37 to property tax liability under this chapter are expected to reduce in 38 2010 the aggregate property tax revenue that would otherwise be 39 collected by all units of local government and school corporations in 40 the county by at least twenty percent (20%). Property taxes imposed in 41 an eligible county:



42

(1) to pay debt service:

1	(A) on bonds issued before July 1, 2008; or
2	(B) on bonds that:
3	(i) are issued to refund bonds originally issued before July
4	1, 2008; and
5	(ii) have a maturity date that is not later than the maturity
6	date of the bonds refunded;
7	(2) to make lease payments on leases entered into before July 1,
8	2008, to secure bonds;
9	(3) to make lease payments on leases:
10	(A) that are amended to refund bonds secured by leases
11	entered into before July 1, 2008; and
12	(B) that have a term that is not longer than the term of the
13	leases amended; or
14	(4) to make lease payments on leases:
15	(A) that secure bonds:
16	(i) issued to refund bonds originally issued before July 1,
17	2008; and
18	(ii) that have a maturity date that is not later than the
19	maturity date of the bonds refunded; and
20	(B) that have a term that ends not later than the maturity date
21	of the bonds refunded;
22	shall not be considered for purposes of calculating a person's credit
23	under this section.
24	SECTION 3. IC 6-3-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2020,
25	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6. (a) Each taxable year, an individual who
27	rents a dwelling for use as the individual's principal place of residence
28	may deduct from the individual's adjusted gross income (as defined in
29	IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)), the lesser of:
30	(1) the amount of rent paid by the individual with respect to the
31	dwelling during the taxable year; or
32	(2) three thousand dollars (\$3,000). nine thousand dollars
33	(\$9,000).
34	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a):
35	(1) a married couple filing a joint return for a particular taxable
36	year may not claim a deduction under this section of more than
37	three thousand dollars (\$3,000); nine thousand dollars (\$9,000);
38	and
39	(2) a married individual filing a separate return for a particular
40	taxable year may not claim a deduction under this section of more
41	than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500). four thousand
42	five hundred dollars (\$4,500).
	χ · γ · γ



(c) The deduction provided by this section does not apply to an individual who rents a dwelling that is exempt from Indiana property tax.

3 4 5

1

2

(d) For purposes of this section, a "dwelling" includes a single family dwelling and unit of a multi-family dwelling.

SECTION 4. IC 6-3.6-4-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 6 7 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 8 1, 2024]: Sec. 4. (a) A county's adopting body may adjust the tax 9 rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the 10 county based on the actual property taxes that were due and payable during 2024 to compensate for the amount of any tax 11 12 revenue shortfall that will be incurred in 2025 as a result of the 13 reduction in tax revenue attributable to the increase in the credit 14 amount under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).

15 (b) For years beginning after December 31, 2024, the 16 department of local government finance shall, each year, before 17 July 1 of the year in which property taxes are first due and 18 payable, estimate the amount of any tax revenue shortfall incurred 19 by the county in the year in which the property taxes are first due 20 and payable as a result of the reduction in tax revenue attributable 21 to the increase in the credit amount under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).

22 (c) For years beginning after December 31, 2024, a county's adopting body may, each year, adjust the tax rate imposed on the 23 24 adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county in 25 accordance with the estimate under subsection (b) to compensate 26 for the amount of any property tax revenue shortfall incurred by 27 the county in the year in which the property taxes are first due and 28 payable as a result of the reduction in tax revenue attributable to 29 the increase in the credit amount under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).

(d) The maximum tax rate that may be imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in a county after an adjustment under subsection (c) may not exceed two and nine-tenths percent (2.9%) in addition to:

(1) the maximum allowed property tax relief rate in the county under IC 6-3.6-5;

36 (2) the maximum allowed local income tax expenditure rate in
37 the county under IC 6-3.6-6; and

(3) the maximum allowed special purpose tax rate in the county under IC 6-3.6-7.

40 (e) Subject to the limitation described in subsection (d), a
41 county's adopting body, at its discretion, may increase the
42 adjustment under subsection (c) by an additional rate of

30

31

32

33

34

35

38



1 twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) over the estimate 2 calculated under subsection (b). 3 (f) The revenue collected as a result of the adjustment to the tax 4 rate imposed on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the 5 county under subsection (c) shall be treated as property taxes for 6 all purposes. 7 (g) The department of local government finance shall approve, 8 in a manner determined by the department of local government 9 finance, the: 10 (1) calculation of the estimate of the amount of any tax 11 revenue shortfall incurred by a county described in subsection 12 **(b)**; 13 (2) adjustment of the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross 14 income of local taxpayers in a county described in subsection 15 (c); and 16 (3) use of the revenue described in subsection (f). 17 SECTION 5. IC 20-46-1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2023, 18 SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) This section does not apply to a 20 referendum on a resolution certified to the department of local 21 government finance after March 15, 2016, to extend a referendum levy. 22 (b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum 23 must read as follows: 24 "Shall the school corporation increase property taxes paid to 25 schools by homeowners and businesses for (insert number 26 of years) years immediately following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of funding (insert short 27 description of purposes)? If this public question is approved by 28 29 the voters, the average property tax paid to schools per year on a 30 residence would increase by % (insert the estimated 31 average percentage of property tax increase paid to schools on a 32 residence within the school corporation as determined under 33 subsection (c)) and the average property tax paid to schools per 34 year on a business property would increase by % (insert the estimated average percentage of property tax increase paid to 35 36 schools on a business property within the school corporation as 37 determined under subsection (d)). The most recent property tax 38 referendum proposed by the school corporation was held in 39 (insert year) and (insert whether the measure 40 passed or failed).". 41 (c) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that

proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county

42



1	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
2	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on
3	a homestead to be paid to schools that must be included in the public
4	question under subsection (b) as follows:
5	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a homestead
6	located within the school corporation.
7 8	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value of the average homesteed located within the school correction
8 9	of the average homestead located within the school corporation, subtract:
10	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under
11	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE
12	was eligible for the deduction; and
12	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction
14	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in STEP
15	ONE was eligible for the deduction;
16	from the result of STEP ONE.
17	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred
18	(100).
19	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
20	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
21	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
22	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax liability
23	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,
24	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of STEP
25	FOUR. and
26	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
27	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
28	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).
29	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's part
30	of the result determined in STEP FIVE.
31	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:
32	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
33	approved by the voters; by
34	(B) the result of STEP THREE.
35	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result of
36	STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.
37	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that
38	proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county
39 40	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
40 41	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on a business property to be paid to schools that must be included in the
41	public question under subsection (b) as follows:
4 2	public question under subsection (0) as follows:



1	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business
2	property located within the school corporation.
3	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred
4	(100).
5	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
6	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
7	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
8	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax
9	liability of the average business property located within the school
10	corporation:
11	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP
12	THREE; and
13	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
14	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
15	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable percentage (20)
16	was three percent (3%).
17	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's
18	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.
19	STEP SIX: Multiply:
20	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by
21	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
22	approved by the voters.
23	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of
24	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.
25 26	(e) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average percentage
26	of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to schools
27	determined under subsection (c), and the estimated average percentage
28	of property tax increase on a business property to be paid to schools
29	determined under subsection (d), in a manner prescribed by the
30 31	department of local government finance, and provide the certification
31	to the governing body of the school corporation that proposes to impose
32 33	property taxes. SECTION 6. IC 20-46-1-10.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023,
33 34	
34 35	SECTION 154, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35 36	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10.1. (a) This section applies
30 37	only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a referendum levy.
38	(b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum
38 39	must read as follows:
39 40	"Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased
40 41	property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and
41	businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately
42	ousinesses for (inserv number of years) years inimediately



1 following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of 2 funding (insert short description of purposes)? The 3 property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally 4 approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the 5 referendum tax levy was approved) and if extended will increase 6 the average property tax paid to the school corporation per year on 7 a residence within the school corporation by % (insert the 8 estimated average percentage of property tax increase on a 9 residence within the school corporation) and if extended will increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation 10 per year on a business property within the school corporation by 11 12 % (insert the estimated average percentage of property tax 13 increase on a business within the school corporation).". 14 (c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be 15 extended if the public question under this section is approved may not 16 exceed eight (8) years. 17 (d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that 18 proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county 19 auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall 20 determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on 21 a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included 22 in the public question under subsection (b) as follows: 23 STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a homestead 24 located within the school corporation. 25 STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value of the average homestead located within the school corporation, 26 subtract: 27 28 (A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under 29 IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE 30 was eligible for the deduction; and 31 (B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction 32 under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in STEP 33 ONE was eligible for the deduction; 34 from the result of STEP ONE. 35 STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred 36 (100).37 STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one 38 hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year 39 imposed on property located within the school corporation. 40 STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax liability 41 of the average homestead located within the school corporation, 42 (A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of STEP



2024

1	FOUR. and
2	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
3	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
4	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).
5	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's part
6	of the result determined in STEP FIVE.
7	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:
8	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
9	approved by the voters; by
10	(B) the result of STEP THREE.
11	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result of
12	STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.
13	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that
14	proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county
15	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
16	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on
17	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be
18	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:
19	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business
20	property located within the school corporation.
21	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred
22	(100).
23	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
24	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
25	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
26	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax
27	liability of the average business property located within the school
28	corporation:
29	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP
30	THREE; and
31	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
32	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
33	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable percentage
34	was three percent (3%).
35	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's
36	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.
37	STEP SIX: Multiply:
38	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by
39	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
40	approved by the voters.
41	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of
42	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage.



1 (f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average percentage 2 of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the school 3 corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated average 4 percentage of property tax increase on a business property to be paid 5 to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in a manner 6 prescribed by the department of local government finance, and provide 7 the certification to the governing body of the school corporation that 8 proposes to impose property taxes. 9 SECTION 7. IC 20-46-9-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2023,

SECTION 7. IC 20-46-9-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.189-2023, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 9. (a) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum must read as follows:

13 "Shall the school corporation increase property taxes paid to schools by homeowners and businesses for _____ (insert number 14 15 of years) years immediately following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of funding _____ (insert short 16 description of purposes)? If this public question is approved by 17 18 the voters, the average property tax paid to schools per year on a 19 residence would increase by % (insert the estimated 20 average percentage of property tax increase paid to schools on a 21 residence within the school corporation as determined under 22 subsection (b)) and the average property tax paid to schools per 23 year on a business property would increase by % (insert 24 the estimated average percentage of property tax increase paid to 25 schools on a business property within the school corporation as 26 determined under subsection (c)). The most recent property tax 27 referendum proposed by the school corporation was held in 28 (insert year) and (insert whether the measure 29 passed or failed).". 30

(b) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included in the public question under subsection (a) as follows:

36 STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a homestead
 37 located within the school corporation.

38 STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value
39 of the average homestead located within the school corporation,
40 subtract:

41 (A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under
42 IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE



10

11 12

31

32

33

34

1	ma dicible for the deduction, and
1	was eligible for the deduction; and
2 3	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction
3	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in STEP
4	ONE was eligible for the deduction;
5	from the result of STEP ONE.
6	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred
7	(100).
8	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
9	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
10	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
11	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax liability
12	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,
13	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of STEP
14	FOUR. and
15	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
16	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
17	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).
18	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's part
19	of the result determined in STEP FIVE.
20	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:
21	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
22	approved by the voters; by
23	(B) the result of STEP THREE.
24	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result of
25	STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.
26	(c) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that
27	proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county
28	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
29	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on
30	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be
31	included in the public question under subsection (a) as follows:
32	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business
33	property located within the school corporation.
34	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred
35	(100).
36	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
37	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
38	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
39	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax
40	liability of the average business property located within the school
41	corporation:
42	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP
	•



1 THREE; and 2 (B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county 3 property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property 4 taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable percentage 5 was three percent (3%). 6 STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's 7 part of the result determined in STEP FOUR. 8 STEP SIX: Multiply: 9 (A) the result of STEP TWO; by 10 (B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is 11 approved by the voters. 12 STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of 13 STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage. (d) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average 14 15 percentage of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to schools determined under subsection (b), and the estimated average 16 percentage of property tax increase on a business property to be paid 17 18 to schools determined under subsection (c), in a manner prescribed by 19 the department of local government finance, and provide the 20 certification to the governing body of the school corporation that 21 proposes to impose property taxes. 22 SECTION 8. IC 20-46-9-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2023, 23 SECTION 156, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 24 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2025]: Sec. 10. (a) This section applies 25 only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a 26 referendum tax levy. 27 (b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum 28 must read as follows: 29 "Shall the school corporation continue to impose increased 30 property taxes paid to the school corporation by homeowners and 31 businesses for (insert number of years) years immediately 32 following the holding of the referendum for the purpose of 33 funding (insert short description of purposes)? The property tax increase requested in this referendum was originally 34 35 approved by the voters in (insert the year in which the referendum tax levy was approved) and if extended will increase 36 the average property tax paid to the school corporation per year on 37 38 a residence within the school corporation by % (insert the 39 estimated average percentage of property tax increase on a 40 residence within the school corporation) and if extended will 41 increase the average property tax paid to the school corporation 42 per year on a business property within the school corporation by

1	% (insert the estimated average percentage of property tax
2	increase on a business within the school corporation).".
3	(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be
4	extended if the public question under this section is approved may not
5	exceed the number of years for which the expiring referendum tax levy
6	was imposed.
7	(d) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that
8	proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county
9	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
10	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on
11	a homestead to be paid to the school corporation that must be included
12	in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:
13	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of a homestead
14	located within the school corporation.
15	STEP TWO: For purposes of determining the net assessed value
16	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,
17	subtract:
18	(A) an amount for the homestead standard deduction under
19	IC 6-1.1-12-37 as if the homestead described in STEP ONE
20	was eligible for the deduction; and
21	(B) an amount for the supplemental homestead deduction
22	under IC 6-1.1-12-37.5 as if the homestead described in STEP
23	ONE was eligible for the deduction;
24	from the result of STEP ONE.
25	STEP THREE: Divide the result of STEP TWO by one hundred
26	(100).
27	STEP FOUR: Determine the overall average tax rate per one
28	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
29	imposed on property located within the school corporation.
30	STEP FIVE: For purposes of determining net property tax liability
31	of the average homestead located within the school corporation,
32	(A) multiply the result of STEP THREE by the result of STEP
33	FOUR. and
34	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
35	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property
36	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5(a)(1).
37	STEP SIX: Determine the amount of the school corporation's part
38	of the result determined in STEP FIVE.
39	STEP SEVEN: Multiply:
40	(A) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
41	approved by the voters; by
42	(B) the result of STEP THREE.

1	STEP EIGHT: Divide the result of STEP SEVEN by the result of
2	STEP SIX, expressed as a percentage.
$\frac{2}{3}$	(e) At the request of the governing body of a school corporation that
4	proposes to impose property taxes under this chapter, the county
5	auditor of the county in which the school corporation is located shall
6	determine the estimated average percentage of property tax increase on
7	a business property to be paid to the school corporation that must be
8	included in the public question under subsection (b) as follows:
8 9	STEP ONE: Determine the average assessed value of business
10	property located within the school corporation.
10	
11	STEP TWO: Divide the result of STEP ONE by one hundred
12	(100). STER THREE, Determine the energia star rate are set
13 14	STEP THREE: Determine the overall average tax rate per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year
14	hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation for the current year imposed on property located within the school corporation.
15 16	
10	STEP FOUR: For purposes of determining net property tax liability of the average business property located within the school
17	corporation:
18	•
20	(A) multiply the result of STEP TWO by the result of STEP THREE; and
20 21	
$\frac{21}{22}$	(B) as appropriate, apply any currently applicable county
22	property tax credit rates and the credit for excessive property taxes under $IC \in [1, 1, 20] \in 7.5$ as if the amplitude property
23 24	taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 as if the applicable percentage three research (29)
24 25	was three percent (3%).
23 26	STEP FIVE: Determine the amount of the school corporation's
20 27	part of the result determined in STEP FOUR.
27	STEP SIX: Multiply:
	(A) the result of STEP TWO; by (D) the tay rate that will be impressed if the public question is
29 30	(B) the tax rate that will be imposed if the public question is
30 31	approved by the voters.
31 32	STEP SEVEN: Divide the result of STEP SIX by the result of
32 33	STEP FIVE, expressed as a percentage. (f) The county auditor shall certify the estimated average percentage
33 34	
34 35	of property tax increase on a homestead to be paid to the school
	corporation determined under subsection (d), and the estimated average
36 37	percentage of property tax increase on a business property to be paid to the school comparation determined under subsection (a) in a manner
37 38	to the school corporation determined under subsection (e), in a manner
38 39	prescribed by the department of local government finance, and provide the continue to the governing hady of the school comparation that
39 40	the certification to the governing body of the school corporation that
40 41	proposes to impose property taxes.
41 42	SECTION 9. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024] (a) IC 6-3-2-6, as amonded by this set, and IC 6 3 6 4 4 as added by this set, apply
42	amended by this act, and IC 6-3.6-4-4, as added by this act, apply

- to taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2024. (b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2027.

