SENATE BILL No. 624

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-1-3.5; IC 6-5.5-1-2.

Synopsis: Income tax deductions. Eliminates, for property placed in service by a taxpayer after December 31, 2018: (1) the bonus depreciation add back of the amount that is allowed for federal income tax purposes; and (2) the Section 179 expense add back of the amount that is allowed for federal income tax purposes in excess of \$25,000 per year.

Effective: January 1, 2019 (retroactive).

Buchanan

January 15, 2019, read first time and referred to Committee on Appropriations.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 121st General Assembly (2019)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2018 Regular and Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 624

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2018(ss),
2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2019 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this
4	article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
5	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
6	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
7	follows:
8	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
9	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
10	(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
11	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
12	Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
13	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
14	the United States.
15	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a
16	joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse
17	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).



1 2 3	 (4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for: (A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);
4	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
5	the Internal Revenue Code; and
6 7	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
7 8	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
9	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
10	(5) Subtract:
11	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
12	exemptions allowed under Section $151(c)(1)(B)$ of the Internal
13	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004);
14	(B) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each
15	exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal
16	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual:
17	(i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a
18	full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of
19	age;
20	(ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
21	(iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an exemption
22 23	under clause (A); and
23 24	(C) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount allowable under Section $(2(\mathfrak{P}(1) \circ fthe Intermal Powerus Code)$
24 25	allowable under Section $63(f)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer
25	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less
20 27	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
28	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
29	subdivision (4).
30	(6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
31	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
32	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
33	from adjusted gross income.
34	(7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
35	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
36	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
37	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
38	subdivision (1).
39	(8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
40	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
41	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer



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1	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
2	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
3	to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount
4	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
5	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
6	(10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
7	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
8	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
9	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
10	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
11	local income taxes.
12	(11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
13	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
14	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
15	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums
16	paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long
17	term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer
18	or the taxpayer's spouse, or both.
19	(13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
20	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
21	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
22	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
23	principal place of residence.
24	(14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
25 26	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
26 27	federal adjusted gross income.
27 28	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
28 29	gross income of any taxpayer that placed in service property before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus
29 30	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
31	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
32	that would have been computed had an election not been made
33	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
34	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
35	service.
36	(16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
37	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net
38	operating losses).
39	(17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
40	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
41	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
42	before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an
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1	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
2	that would have been computed had an election for federal
3	income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the
4	property was placed in service to take deductions under Section
5	179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
6	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
7	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
8	qualified military income that was not excluded from the
9	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
10	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
11	(19) Subtract income that is:
12	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
13	derived from patents); and
14	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income
15	under the Internal Revenue Code.
16	(20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
17	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
18	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
19	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
20	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
21	Revenue Code. Subtract the amount necessary from the adjusted
22	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
23	gross income in a previous year to offset the amount included in
24	federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising
25	from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
26	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
27	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
28	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
29	(21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
30	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
31	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
32	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
33	December 31, 2011.
34	(22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of the
35	Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount was
36	previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a
37	prior taxable year.
38	(23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
39	amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that
40	was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section
41	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current



1	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
2	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
3	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
4	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
6	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
7	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
8	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
9	Section 163 (j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
10	(25) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income
11	under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
12	years ending after December 22, 2017.
12	(26) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to deduct
14	under IC 6-3-2.
15	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
16	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
17	follows:
18	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
19	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
20	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
20 21	
21	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
22	Code (concerning charitable contributions).
	(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
24	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
25	Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
26	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
27	the United States.
28	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
29	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
30	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
31	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
32	gross income of any taxpayer that placed in service property
33	before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus
34	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
35	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
36	that would have been computed had an election not been made
37	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
38	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
39	service.
40	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
41	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
42	losses)

42 losses).

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1	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
2	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
3	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
4	before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an
5	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
6	that would have been computed had an election for federal
7	income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the
8	property was placed in service to take deductions under Section
9	179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
10	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
11	(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:
12	(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in
13	IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's
14	taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal
15	Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes; and
16	(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in
17	IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross
18	income (determined without regard to this subdivision). The
19	amount of interest that is considered to have reduced the
20	corporation's adjusted gross income equals:
20	(i) the directly related interest expense that reduced the
22	taxpayer's federal taxable income (as defined in Section 63
23	of the Internal Revenue Code); plus
24	(ii) any directly related interest expenses for which a
25	subtraction is allowable under subdivision (15); minus
26	(iii) any directly related interest expenses required to be
20	added back under subdivision (15).
28	(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
29	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
30	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
31	in section 34.5 of this chapter).
32	(10) Subtract income that is:
33	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
34	derived from patents); and
35	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
36	Internal Revenue Code.
37	(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
38	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
39	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
40	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
40 41	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
41	-
+∠	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any



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1	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
2	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
3	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
4	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
5	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
6	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
7	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
8	(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
9	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
10	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
11	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
12	December 31, 2011.
13	(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:
14	(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment trust,
15	add an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
16	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; and
17	(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to
18	the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by
19	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 965(c) of the
20	Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the taxpayer
21	included income pursuant to Section 965 of the Internal
22	Revenue Code in its taxable income for federal income tax
23	purposes or is required to add back dividends paid under
24	subdivision (9).
25	(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
26	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section $250(a)(1)(B)$ of the
27	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
28	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
29	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
30	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
31	Internal Revenue Code.
32	(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
33	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
34	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
35	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
36	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
37	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
38	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
39	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
40	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
41	Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
42	(16) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income



1	under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
2	years ending after December 22, 2017.
3	(17) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
4	(A) required to add or subtract; or
5	(B) entitled to deduct;
6	under IC 6-3-2.
7	(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December
8	31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the
9	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in
10	subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if
11	the taxpayer is a corporation:
12	(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and
12	before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under
14	this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any
15	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
16	wagering taxes.
17	(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
18	before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under
19	this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed
20	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
20	(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and
21	before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under
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23 24	this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any deduction allowed on the temperature fordered income tex nature for
24 25	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
23 26	wagering taxes.
20 27	(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
	before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under
28	this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the
29	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
30	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and
31	before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under
32	this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any
33	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
34	wagering taxes.
35	(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and
36	before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under
37	this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed
38	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
39	(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and
40	before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under
41	this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any
42	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for



1 wagering taxes.

2 (8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a 3 taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any amount 4 of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 5 for wagering taxes. 6 (d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section 7 816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana 8 law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined 9 in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows: 10 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. 11 12 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable 13 under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning 14 charitable contributions). 15 (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable 16 under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code 17 for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state 18 level by any state. 19 (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the 20 company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal 21 Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits). 22 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 23 gross income of any taxpayer that placed in service property 24 before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus 25 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an 26 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income 27 that would have been computed had an election not been made 28 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus 29 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in 30 service. 31 (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 32 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating 33 losses). 34 (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 35 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as 36 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service 37 before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an 38 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income 39 that would have been computed had an election for federal 40 income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the 41 property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 42

179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding



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1	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
2	(8) Subtract income that is:
3	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
4	derived from patents); and
5	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
6	the Internal Revenue Code.
7	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
8	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
9	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
10	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
11	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
12	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
13	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
14	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
15	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
16	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
17	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
18	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
19	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
20	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under S_{24} (10) and $S_$
21 22	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
22	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
23 24	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
25	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
26	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
20 27	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
28	December 31, 2011.
29	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
30	amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
31	Transition Tax Statement, line 1.
32	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
33	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
34	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
35	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
36	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
37	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
38	Internal Revenue Code.
39	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
40	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
41	under Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
42	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but



1	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
2	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
3	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
4	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
5	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
6	Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
7	(15) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income
8	under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
9	years ending after December 22, 2017.
10	(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
11	(A) required to add or subtract; or
12	(B) entitled to deduct;
13	under IC 6-3-2.
14	(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
15	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
16	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
17	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
18	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
19	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
20	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
21	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
22	charitable contributions).
23	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
24	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
25	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
26	level by any state.
27	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
28	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
29	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
30	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
31	gross income of any taxpayer that placed in service property
32	before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus
33	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
34	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
35	that would have been computed had an election not been made
36	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
37	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
38	service.
39	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
40	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
41	losses).
42	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted



1	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
2	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
3	before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an
4	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
5	that would have been computed had an election for federal
6	income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the
7	property was placed in service to take deductions under Section
8	179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
9	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
10	(8) Subtract income that is:
11	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
12	derived from patents); and
13	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
14	the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
16	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
17	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
18	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
19	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
21	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
22	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
23	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
24	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
25	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
26	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
27	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
28	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
29	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
30	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
31	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
33	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
34	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
35	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
36	December 31, 2011.
37	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
38	amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
39	Transition Tax Statement, line 1.
40	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
41	(15) Find an amount equal to the deduction that was enamed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section $250(a)(1)(B)$ of the
42	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible



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1 2	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
23	amount of the reduction under Section $250(a)(1)(B)(i)$ of the Internal Bauanua Code and under Section $250(a)(1)(B)(i)$ of the
3 4	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code.
4 5	
5 6	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
7	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
8	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
0 9	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
9 10	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
11 12	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
13 14	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under Section $1(2(i)(1))$ of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist
	Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
15 16	(15) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income $and a Spatian 118(h)(2)$ of the Internal Baseries Code for taxable
	under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
17	years ending after December 22, 2017.
18	(16) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
19	(A) required to add or subtract; or
20	(B) entitled to deduct;
21	under IC 6-3-2.
22	(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
23	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
24	adjusted as follows:
25 26	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
26	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
27	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
28	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
29	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
30	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
31	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
32	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
33	gross income of any taxpayer that placed in service property
34	before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus
35	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
36	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
37	that would have been computed had an election not been made
38	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
39	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
40	service.
41	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
42	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating



1	losses).
2	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
3	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
4	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
5	before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an
6	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
7	that would have been computed had an election for federal
8	income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the
9	property was placed in service to take deductions under Section
10	179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
11	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
12	(6) Subtract income that is:
13	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
14	derived from patents); and
15	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
16	Internal Revenue Code.
17	(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
18	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
19	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
20	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
20	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
22	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
23	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
23	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
25	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
26	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
20 27	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
28	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
20	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
30	(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
31	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
32	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
33	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
34	December 31, 2011.
35	(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
36	amount equal to:
30	(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
38	Transition Tax Statement, line 1; and
38 39	
39 40	(B) with regard to any amounts of income under Section 965
40 41	of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the taxpayer, the
	deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
42	attributable to such distributed amounts.



1	For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added back
2	under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or
$\frac{2}{3}$	distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of
4	Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
5	
5 6	(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed $1 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + $
7	under Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
8	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
9	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
10	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
11	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
12	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
13	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
14	Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
15	(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business
16	income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year
17	under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(12) Subtract the amount included in the taxpayer's gross income
19	under Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
20	years ending after December 22, 2017.
21	(13) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
22	(A) required to add or subtract; or
23	(B) entitled to deduct;
24	under IC 6-3-2.
25	(g) Subsections (a)(26), (b)(17), (d)(16), (e)(16), or (f)(13) may not
26	be construed to require an add back or allow a deduction or exemption
27	more than once for a particular add back, deduction, or exemption.
28	SECTION 2. IC 6-5.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.214-2018(ss),
29	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JANUARY 1, 2019 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided
31	in subsections (b) through (d), "adjusted gross income" means taxable
32	income as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted
33	as follows:
34	(1) Add the following amounts:
35	(A) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
36	under Section 166, Section 585, or Section 593 of the Internal
37	Revenue Code.
38	(B) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
39	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
40	(C) An amount equal to a deduction or deductions allowed or
41	allowable under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for
42	taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state



1	level by a state of the United States or levied at the local level
2	by any subdivision of a state of the United States.
3	(D) The amount of interest excluded under Section 103 of the
4	Internal Revenue Code or under any other federal law, minus
5	the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of
6	taxable income under Section 265 of the Internal Revenue
7	Code.
8	(E) An amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
9	172 or 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for net operating
10	losses or net capital losses.
10	(F) For a taxpayer that is not a large bank (as defined in
12	Section $585(c)(2)$ of the Internal Revenue Code), an amount
12	equal to the recovery of a debt, or part of a debt, that becomes
13	worthless to the extent a deduction was allowed from gross
15	income in a prior taxable year under Section 166(a) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code.
17	(G) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
18	income of any taxpayer that placed in service property
19	before January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus
20	
20 21	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
21 22	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
	income that would have been computed had an election not
23	been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code
24	to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it
25	was placed in service.
26	(H) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
27	income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
28	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
29	service before January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or
30	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
31	income that would have been computed had an election for
32	federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in
33	which the property was placed in service to take deductions
34	under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total
35	amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
36	(I) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
37	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
38	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
39	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
40	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
41	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the
42	adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	to adjusted gross income in a previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. (J) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for active financing income under Subpart F, Subtitle A, Chapter 1, Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
12	(2) Subtract the following amounts:
13 14	(A) Income that the United States Constitution or any statute of the United States prohibits from being used to measure the
15	tax imposed by this chapter.
16	(B) Income that is derived from sources outside the United
17	States, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(C) An amount equal to a debt or part of a debt that becomes
19	worthless, as permitted under Section 166(a) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code.
21	(D) An amount equal to any bad debt reserves that are
22	included in federal income because of accounting method
23	changes required by Section 585(c)(3)(A) or Section 593 of
24	the Internal Revenue Code.
25	(E) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income
26	of any taxpayer that placed in service property before
27	January 1, 2019, owns property for which bonus depreciation
28	was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable
29	year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would
30	have been computed had an election not been made under
31	Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
32	depreciation.
33	(F) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income
34	of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined
35	in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service before
36	January 1, 2019, in the current taxable year or in an earlier
37	taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that
38	would have been computed had an election for federal income
39	tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property
40	was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of
41	the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
42	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).



1	(G) Income that is:
2	(i) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
3	(ii) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
4	Internal Revenue Code.
5	(H) The amount included in the taxpayer's gross income under
6	Section 118(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable
7	years ending after December 22, 2017.
8	(3) Make the following adjustments:
9	(A) Subtract the amount of any interest expense paid or
10	accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a result
11	of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code.
13	(B) Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
14	taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of
15	the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year.
16	For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered
17	paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would
18	have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
19	Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal
20	Revenue Code did not exist.
21	(b) In the case of a credit union, "adjusted gross income" for a
22	taxable year means the total transfers to undivided earnings minus
23	dividends for that taxable year after statutory reserves are set aside
24	under IC 28-7-1-24.
25	(c) In the case of an investment company, "adjusted gross income"
26	means the company's federal taxable income adjusted as follows:
27	(1) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
28	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
29	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
30	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
31	December 31, 2011.
32	(2) Make the following adjustments:
33	(A) Subtract the amount of any interest expense paid or
34	accrued in the current taxable year but not deducted as a result
35	of the limitation imposed under Section 163(j)(1) of the
36	Internal Revenue Code.
37	(B) Add any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
38	taxable year but allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of
39	the Internal Revenue Code in the current taxable year.
40	For purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is considered
41	paid or accrued only in the first taxable year the deduction would
42	have been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue



1	
1	Code if the limitation under Section $163(j)(1)$ of the Internal
2 3	Revenue Code did not exist.
3 4	(3) Multiply the amount determined after the adjustments in subdivisions (1) and (2) by the quotient of:
5	(A) the aggregate of the gross payments collected by the
6	company during the taxable year from old and new business
7	upon investment contracts issued by the company and held by
8	residents of Indiana; divided by
9	(B) the total amount of gross payments collected during the
10	taxable year by the company from the business upon
11	investment contracts issued by the company and held by
12	persons residing within Indiana and elsewhere.
12	(d) As used in subsection (c), "investment company" means a
14	person, copartnership, association, limited liability company, or
15	corporation, whether domestic or foreign, that:
16	(1) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
17	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.); and
18	(2) solicits or receives a payment to be made to itself and issues
19	in exchange for the payment:
20	(A) a so-called bond;
21	(B) a share;
22	(C) a coupon;
23	(D) a certificate of membership;
24	(E) an agreement;
25	(F) a pretended agreement; or
26	(G) other evidences of obligation;
27	entitling the holder to anything of value at some future date, if the
28	gross payments received by the company during the taxable year
29	on outstanding investment contracts, plus interest and dividends
30	earned on those contracts (by prorating the interest and dividends
31	earned on investment contracts by the same proportion that
32	certificate reserves (as defined by the Investment Company Act
33	of 1940) is to the company's total assets) is at least fifty percent
34	(50%) of the company's gross payments upon investment
35	contracts plus gross income from all other sources except
36	dividends from subsidiaries for the taxable year. The term
37	"investment contract" means an instrument listed in clauses (A)
38	through (G).
39	SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2019 (RETROACTIVE)]
40	(a) IC 6-3-1-3.5 and IC 6-5.5-1-2, both as amended by this act,
41	apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018.
42	(b) This SECTION expires June 30, 2021.



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SECTION 4. An emergency is declared for this act.

