

1 AN ACT relating to peace officer hours of work.

2 ***Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:***

3 ➔Section 1. KRS 337.285 is amended to read as follows:

- 4 (1) No employer shall employ any of his employees for a work week longer than forty  
5 (40) hours, unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in  
6 excess of forty (40) hours in a work week at a rate of not less than one and one-half  
7 (1-1/2) times the hourly wage rate at which he is employed.
- 8 (2) This provision shall not apply to the following:
- 9 (a) Employees of retail stores engaged in work connected with selling,  
10 purchasing, and distributing merchandise, wares, goods, articles, or  
11 commodities;
- 12 (b) Employees of restaurant, hotel, and motel operations;
- 13 (c) Employees as defined and exempted from the overtime provision of the Fair  
14 Labor Standards Act in Sections 213(b)(1), 213(b)(6), 213(b)(10), and  
15 213(b)(17) of Title 29, U.S.C.;
- 16 (d) Employees whose function is to provide twenty-four (24) hour residential care  
17 on the employer's premises in a parental role to children who are primarily  
18 dependent, neglected, and abused and who are in the care of private nonprofit  
19 childcaring facilities licensed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services  
20 under KRS 199.640 to 199.670; or
- 21 (e) Any individual who is employed by a third-party employer or agency other  
22 than the family or household using his or her services to provide in-home  
23 companionship services for a sick, convalescing, or elderly person.
- 24 (3) As used in subsection (2) of this section, "companionship services" means those  
25 services which provide in-home fellowship, care, and protection for a person who,  
26 because of advanced age or physical or mental infirmity, cannot care for his or her  
27 own needs. These services may include household work related to the care of the

1 aged or infirm person such as meal preparation, bed making, washing of clothes,  
2 and other similar services. They may also include the performance of general  
3 household work, provided that the household work is incidental, i.e., does not  
4 exceed twenty percent (20%) of the total weekly hours worked. The term  
5 "companionship services" does not include services relating to the care and  
6 protection of the aged or infirm which require and are performed by trained  
7 personnel, such as a registered or practical nurse.

8 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section or any other chapter  
9 of the KRS to the contrary, upon written request by a county or city employee or a  
10 Trooper R Class or CVE R Class, made freely and without coercion, pressure, or  
11 suggestion by the employer, and upon a written agreement reached between the  
12 employer and the county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R Class  
13 before the performance of the work, a county or city employee or a Trooper R Class  
14 or CVE R Class who is authorized to work one (1) or more hours in excess of the  
15 prescribed hours per week may be granted compensatory leave on an hour-for-hour  
16 basis. Upon the written request by a county or city employee or a Trooper R Class  
17 or CVE R Class, made freely and without coercion, pressure, or suggestion by the  
18 employer, and upon a written agreement reached between the employer and the  
19 county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R Class, before the  
20 performance of the work, a county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R  
21 Class who is not exempt from the provisions of the Federal Fair Labor Standards  
22 Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. secs. 201 et seq., may be granted compensatory  
23 time in lieu of overtime pay, at the rate of not less than one and one-half (1-1/2)  
24 hours for each hour the county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R  
25 Class is authorized to work in excess of forty (40) hours in a work week.

26 (5) (a) Upon the request of the county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or  
27 CVE R Class, and as provided in subsection (4) of this section, compensatory

1 time shall be awarded as follows:

2 1. A county or city employee who provided work in excess of forty (40)  
3 hours in a public safety activity, an emergency response activity, or a  
4 seasonal activity as described in 29 C.F.R. sec. 553.24, may accrue not  
5 more than four hundred eighty (480) hours of compensatory time; or

6 2. A county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class  
7 engaged in other work in excess of forty (40) hours, may accrue not  
8 more than two hundred forty (240) hours of compensatory time.

9 (b) A county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class who has  
10 accrued four hundred eighty (480) hours of compensatory time off pursuant to  
11 paragraph (a)1. of this subsection, or two hundred forty (240) hours of  
12 compensatory time off pursuant to paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, shall for  
13 additional overtime hours of work, be paid overtime compensation.

14 (6) A county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class who has accrued  
15 compensatory time off as provided in subsection (4) of this section, and who  
16 requested the use of compensatory time, shall be permitted by the employer to use  
17 the compensatory time within a reasonable period after making the request if the use  
18 of the compensatory time does not unduly disrupt the operations of the employer.  
19 Mere inconvenience to the employer shall not constitute a sufficient basis for denial  
20 of a county or city employee's request or a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class request  
21 for compensatory time off.

22 (7) If compensation is paid to a county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R  
23 Class for accrued compensatory time off, the compensation shall be paid at the  
24 regular rate earned by the county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R  
25 Class at the time the county or city employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R  
26 Class receives the payment.

27 (8) Upon a county or city employee's termination of employment or the termination of

- 1 employment of a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class, all unused accrued  
2 compensatory time shall be paid at a rate of compensation not less than:
- 3 (a) The average regular rate received by the county or city employee or the  
4 Trooper R Class or CVE R Class during the last three (3) years of the  
5 employment of the county or city employee or Trooper R Class or CVE R  
6 Class; or
- 7 (b) The final regular rate received by the county or city employee or Trooper R  
8 Class or CVE R Class, whichever is higher.
- 9 (9) Compensatory time shall not be used as a means to avoid statutory overtime  
10 compensation. A county or city employee or a Trooper R Class or CVE R Class  
11 shall have the right to use compensatory time earned and shall not be coerced to  
12 accept more compensatory time than an employer can realistically and in good faith  
13 expect to be able to grant within a reasonable period upon the county or city  
14 employee or the Trooper R Class or CVE R Class making the request for  
15 compensatory time off.
- 16 (10) Nothing in subsections (4) to (9) of this section shall be construed to supersede any  
17 collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of understanding, or any other  
18 agreement between the employer and representative of the county or city employees  
19 or the Trooper R Class or CVE R Class.
- 20 (11) As used in subsections (4) to (9) of this section:
- 21 (a) "County or city employee" means an employee of any county, city, charter  
22 county, consolidated local government, unified local government, or urban-  
23 county government, including an employee of a county or city elected official;
- 24 (b) "CVE R Class" has the same meaning as in KRS 16.010; and
- 25 (c) "Trooper R Class" has the same meaning as in KRS 16.010.
- 26 (12) In addition to the designation of a work week under subsection (1) of this section,  
27 local governments, as defined in KRS 95A.210(5), may designate a work period for

1 professional firefighter employees as defined in KRS 95A.210. The designated  
 2 work period shall be not less than one (1) work week of seven (7) consecutive days  
 3 and not more than four (4) work weeks of twenty-eight (28) consecutive days for  
 4 purposes of complying with the requirements of the Federal Labor Standards Act of  
 5 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. secs. 201 et seq. This subsection shall not exempt  
 6 local governments from complying with the overtime requirements set forth in  
 7 subsection (1) of this section and is intended to:

- 8 (a) Clarify the option to designate both a work week for compliance with  
 9 Kentucky law and a work period for compliance with the Fair Labor Standards  
 10 Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. secs. 201 et seq.; and  
 11 (b) Allow for the application of the partial exemption set forth in 29 U.S.C. sec.  
 12 207(k) in determining overtime pay under the Fair Labor Standards Act of  
 13 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. secs. 201 et seq., only.

14 (13) (a) A law enforcement department of a consolidated local government organized  
 15 under KRS Chapter 67C, **or a city of the home rule class**, shall not be deemed  
 16 to have violated subsection (1) of this section with respect to the employment  
 17 of a peace officer if:

18 1. The officer works eighty (80) hours or less in a work period of fourteen  
 19 (14) consecutive days; and

20 2. **a. For a law enforcement department of a consolidated local**  
 21 **government organized under KRS Chapter 67C,** the law  
 22 enforcement department and a representative of a collective  
 23 bargaining unit certified under KRS 67C.408 that includes the  
 24 officer agree to the exception; **or**

25 **b. For a law enforcement department of a city of the home rule**  
 26 **class, the law enforcement department and a representative of a**  
 27 **collective bargaining unit recognized by the city to collectively**

1                   *bargain for the officer, if there is a collective bargaining unit,*  
2                   *agree to the exception. If there is no collective bargaining unit*  
3                   *representing the officer in a city of the home rule class, then only*  
4                   *the requirement in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph must be*  
5                   *met.*

6           (b) It is the intent of this subsection to allow the employment of a peace officer  
7           for longer than forty (40) hours in any seven (7) consecutive days within a  
8           fourteen (14) day work period without incurring the obligation to pay a rate of  
9           not less than one and one-half (1-1/2) times the officer's hourly wage under  
10          subsection (1) of this section.

11          ➔Section 2. KRS 95.495 is amended to read as follows:

12       (1) *Except as otherwise allowed in Section 1 of this Act,* in cities listed on the registry  
13       pursuant to subsection (3) of this section or urban-county governments, except those  
14       in which, by ordinance, the patrolmen are employed or paid by the day, the  
15       members of the police department shall not be required to work more than eight (8)  
16       hours per day, for five (5) days each week or ten (10) hours per day, for four (4)  
17       days each week, except in the event of an emergency. Each member of the police  
18       department shall have an annual leave of fifteen (15) working days with full pay.  
19       Nothing in this section shall prohibit a member of the police department from  
20       voluntarily agreeing to work a different work schedule provided that the officer is  
21       paid overtime for any work performed in excess of forty (40) hours per week.

22       (2) The salary of the members of the police department shall not be reduced by reason  
23       of the enactment of this section.

24       (3) On or before January 1, 2015, the Department for Local Government shall create a  
25       registry of cities that shall comply with the provisions of this section. The  
26       Department for Local Government shall include each of those cities on the registry  
27       that were classified as cities of the second or third class on August 1, 2014. The

- 1 Department for Local Government shall make the information included on the
- 2 registry available to the public by publishing it on its Web site.