1	AN ACT relating to licensure by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and
2	making an appropriation therefor.
3	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
4	→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 216 IS CREATED TO
5	READ AS FOLLOWS:
6	(1) (a) There is created a fund to be known as the Kentucky certified long-term
7	care facility civil monetary fund.
8	(b) The fund shall be administered by the Finance and Administration Cabinet.
9	(c) The fund shall be funded with moneys collected from civil money penalties
10	imposed, collected, and returned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
11	Services to the Commonwealth in accordance with 42 C.F.R. secs. 488.430
12	to 488.446 to support activities that benefit residents of long-term care
13	facilities certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act.
14	(2) Moneys in the fund shall be used in accordance with 42 C.F.R. sec. 488.433.
15	(3) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, any moneys remaining in the fund at the close of
16	the fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the succeeding
17	fiscal year to be used for the purposes set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
18	(4) Interest earned on any moneys in the account shall accrue to the account and
19	may be used by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to administer KRS
20	<u>Chapters 216 and 216B.</u>
21	(5) Moneys in the fund are hereby appropriated for the purposes set forth in KRS
22	216.712 and 216.714.
23	→ Section 2. KRS 205.510 (Effective until July 1, 2019) is amended to read as
24	follows:
25	As used in this chapter as it pertains to medical assistance unless the context clearly
26	requires a different meaning:
27	(1) "Chiropractor" means a person authorized to practice chiropractic under KRS

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Page 1 of 54} \\ \text{XXXX} \end{array}$

- 1 Chapter 312;
- 2 (2) "Council" means the Advisory Council for Medical Assistance;
- 3 (3) "Dentist" means a person authorized to practice dentistry under laws of the
- 4 Commonwealth;
- 5 (4) "Health professional" means a physician, physician assistant, nurse, doctor of
- 6 chiropractic, mental health professional, optometrist, dentist, or allied health
- 7 professional who is licensed in Kentucky;
- 8 (5) "Medical care" as used in this chapter means essential medical, surgical,
- 9 chiropractic, dental, optometric, podiatric, telehealth, and nursing services, in the
- home, office, clinic, or other suitable places, which are provided or prescribed by
- physicians, optometrists, podiatrists, or dentists licensed to render such services,
- 12 including drugs and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, diagnostic and
- therapeutic services, nursing-home and convalescent care, hospital care as defined
- in KRS 205.560(1)(a), and such other essential medical services and supplies as
- may be prescribed by such persons; but not including abortions, or induced
- miscarriages or premature births, unless in the opinion of a physician such
- procedures are necessary for the preservation of the life of the woman seeking such
- treatment or except in induced premature birth intended to produce a live viable
- child and such procedure is necessary for the health of the mother or her unborn
- 20 child. However, this section does not authorize optometrists to perform any services
- other than those authorized by KRS Chapter 320;
- 22 (6) "Nurse" means a person authorized to practice professional nursing under the laws
- of the Commonwealth;
- 24 (7) "Nursing home" means a facility *that*[which] provides routine medical care in
- which physicians regularly visit patients, <u>that</u>[which] provide nursing services and
- procedures employed in caring for the sick, which require training, judgment,
- 27 technical knowledge, and skills beyond that which the untrained person possesses,

and that [which] maintains complete records on patient care, and that [which] is

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2		licensed pursuant to the provisions of KRS <u>Chapter 216B</u> [216B.015];
3	(8)	"Optometrist" means a person authorized to practice optometry under the laws of
4		the Commonwealth;
5	(9)	"Other persons eligible for medical assistance" may include the categorically needy
6		excluded from money payment status by state requirements and classifications of
7		medically needy individuals as permitted by federal laws and regulations and as
8		prescribed by administrative regulation of the secretary for health and family
9		services or his designee;
10	(10)	"Pharmacist" means a person authorized to practice pharmacy under the laws of the
11		Commonwealth;
12	(11)	"Physician" means a person authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy under the
13		laws of the Commonwealth;
14	(12)	"Podiatrist" means a person authorized to practice podiatry under the laws of the
15		Commonwealth;
16	(13)	["Primary-care center" means a facility which provides comprehensive medical care
17		with emphasis on the prevention of disease and the maintenance of the patients'
18		health as opposed to the treatment of disease;
19	(14)]"Public assistance recipient" means a person who has been certified by the
20		Department for Community Based Services of the Cabinet for Health and Family
21		Services as being eligible for, and a recipient of, public assistance under the
22		provisions of this chapter;
23	<u>(14)</u>	(15)] "Telehealth consultation" means a medical or health consultation, for purposes
24		of patient diagnosis or treatment, that requires the use of advanced
25		telecommunications technology, including, but not limited to:
26		(a) Compressed digital interactive video, audio, or data transmission;
27		(b) Clinical data transmission via computer imaging for teleradiology or

1		telepathology; and									
2		(c) Other technology that facilitates access to health care services or medical									
3		specialty expertise;									
4	<u>(15)</u>	[(16)] "Third party" means an individual, institution, corporation, company,									
5		insurance company, personal representative, administrator, executor, trustee, or									
6		public or private agency, including, but not limited to, a reparation obligor and the									
7		assigned claims bureau under the Motor Vehicle Reparations Act, Subtitle 39 of									
8		KRS Chapter 304, who is or may be liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of									
9		injury, disease, or disability of an applicant or recipient of medical assistance									
10		provided under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. sec. 1396 et seq.;									
11		and									
12	<u>(16)</u>	[(17)] "Vendor payment" means a payment for medical care that [which] is paid by									
13	the Cabinet for Health and Family Services directly to the authorized person or										
14	institution <u>that</u> [which] rendered medical care to an eligible recipient.										
15		→ Section 3. KRS 205.510 (Effective July 1, 2019) is amended to read as follows:									
16	As ι	used in this chapter as it pertains to medical assistance unless the context clearly									
17	requ	ires a different meaning:									
18	(1)	"Chiropractor" means a person authorized to practice chiropractic under KRS									
19		Chapter 312;									
20	(2)	"Council" means the Advisory Council for Medical Assistance;									
21	(3)	"Dentist" means a person authorized to practice dentistry under laws of the									
22		Commonwealth;									
23	(4)	"Health professional" means a physician, physician assistant, nurse, doctor of									
24		chiropractic, mental health professional, optometrist, dentist, or allied health									
25		professional who is licensed in Kentucky;									

"Medical care" as used in this chapter means essential medical, surgical,

chiropractic, dental, optometric, podiatric, telehealth, and nursing services, in the

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home, office, clinic, or other suitable places, which are provided or prescribed by physicians, optometrists, podiatrists, or dentists licensed to render such services, including drugs and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, diagnostic and therapeutic services, nursing-home and convalescent care, hospital care as defined in KRS 205.560(1)(a), and such other essential medical services and supplies as may be prescribed by such persons; but not including abortions, or induced miscarriages or premature births, unless in the opinion of a physician such procedures are necessary for the preservation of the life of the woman seeking such treatment or except in induced premature birth intended to produce a live viable child and such procedure is necessary for the health of the mother or her unborn child. However, this section does not authorize optometrists to perform any services other than those authorized by KRS Chapter 320;

- 13 (6) "Nurse" means a person authorized to practice professional nursing under the laws 14 of the Commonwealth;
- 15 (7) "Nursing home" means a facility <u>that</u>[which] provides routine medical care in
 16 which physicians regularly visit patients, <u>that</u>[which] provide nursing services and
 17 procedures employed in caring for the sick, which require training, judgment,
 18 technical knowledge, and skills beyond that which the untrained person possesses,
 19 and which maintains complete records on patient care, and <u>that</u>[which] is licensed
 20 pursuant to the provisions of KRS <u>Chapter 216B[216B.015]</u>;
- 21 (8) "Optometrist" means a person authorized to practice optometry under the laws of the Commonwealth;
- 23 (9) "Other persons eligible for medical assistance" may include the categorically needy
 24 excluded from money payment status by state requirements and classifications of
 25 medically needy individuals as permitted by federal laws and regulations and as
 26 prescribed by administrative regulation of the secretary for health and family
 27 services or his designee;

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1	(10) "Pha	armacist" means a person authorized to practice pharmacy under the laws of the
2	Com	nmonwealth;
3	(11) "Phy	vsician" means a person authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy under the
4	laws	of the Commonwealth;
5	(12) "Poo	liatrist" means a person authorized to practice podiatry under the laws of the
6	Com	nmonwealth;
7	(13) ["Pri	imary care center" means a facility which provides comprehensive medical care
8	with	emphasis on the prevention of disease and the maintenance of the patients'
9	heal	th as opposed to the treatment of disease;
10	(14)] "Pu	blic assistance recipient" means a person who has been certified by the
11	Depa	artment for Community Based Services of the Cabinet for Health and Family
12	Serv	ices as being eligible for, and a recipient of, public assistance under the
13	prov	isions of this chapter;
14	<u>(14)</u> [(15)]	"Telehealth":
15	(a)	Means the delivery of health care-related services by a Medicaid provider who
16		is a health care provider licensed in Kentucky to a Medicaid recipient through
17		a face-to-face encounter with access to real-time interactive audio and video
18		technology or store and forward services that are provided via asynchronous
19		technologies as the standard practice of care where images are sent to a
20		specialist for evaluation. The requirement for a face-to-face encounter shall be
21		satisfied with the use of asynchronous telecommunications technologies in
22		which the health care provider has access to the Medicaid recipient's medical
23		history prior to the telehealth encounter;
24	(b)	Shall not include the delivery of services through electronic mail, text chat,
25		facsimile, or standard audio-only telephone call; and
26	(c)	Shall be delivered over a secure communications connection that complies
27		with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,

1		42 U.S.C. secs. 1320d to 1320d-9;
2	<u>(15)</u>	(16)] "Telehealth consultation" means a medical or health consultation, for purposes
3		of patient diagnosis or treatment, that meets the definition of telehealth in this
4		section;
5	<u>(16)</u>	(17)] "Third party" means an individual, institution, corporation, company,
6		insurance company, personal representative, administrator, executor, trustee, or
7		public or private agency, including, but not limited to, a reparation obligor and the
8		assigned claims bureau under the Motor Vehicle Reparations Act, Subtitle 39 of
9		KRS Chapter 304, who is or may be liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of
10		injury, disease, or disability of an applicant or recipient of medical assistance
11		provided under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. sec. 1396 et seq.;
12		and
13	<u>(17)</u>	(18)] "Vendor payment" means a payment for medical care that [which] is paid by
14		the Cabinet for Health and Family Services directly to the authorized person or
15		institution <u>that</u> [which] rendered medical care to an eligible recipient.
16		→ Section 4. KRS 216.515 is amended to read as follows:
17	<u>(1)</u>	Every resident in a long-term-care facility that is certified under Title XVIII or
18		XIX of the Social Security Act shall be afforded the same rights as established by
19		42 C.F.R. secs. 483.10 and 483.12.
20	<u>(2)</u>	The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish the rights of
21		residents in non-certified long-term care facilities [have at least the following
22		rights:
23	(1)	Before admission to a long-term-care facility, the resident and the responsible party
24		or his responsible family member or his guardian shall be fully informed in writing,
25		as evidenced by the resident's written acknowledgment and that of the responsible
26		party or his responsible family member or his guardian, of all services available at
27		the long-term-care facility. Every long-term-care facility shall keep the original

document of each written acknowledgment in the resident's personal file.

(2) Before admission to a long term care facility, the resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his guardian shall be fully informed in writing, as evidenced by the resident's written acknowledgment and that of the responsible party or his responsible family member or his guardian, of all resident's responsibilities and rights as defined in this section and KRS 216.520 to 216.530. Every long term care facility shall keep the original document of each written acknowledgment in the resident's personal file.

- (3) The resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his guardian shall be fully informed in writing, as evidenced by the resident's written acknowledgment and that of the responsible party or his responsible family member, or his guardian, prior to or at the time of admission and quarterly during the resident's stay at the facility, of all service charges for which the resident or his responsible family member or his guardian is responsible for paying. The resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his guardian shall have the right to file complaints concerning charges which they deem unjustified to appropriate local and state consumer protection agencies. Every long term care facility shall keep the original document of each written acknowledgment in the resident's personal file.
- (4) The resident shall be transferred or discharged only for medical reasons, or his own welfare, or that of the other residents, or for nonpayment, except where prohibited by law or administrative regulation. Reasonable notice of such action shall be given to the resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his guardian.
- (5) All residents shall be encouraged and assisted throughout their periods of stay in long-term care facilities to exercise their rights as a resident and a citizen, and to this end may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to

1	facility staff and	to outside representatives of their choice, free from restraint,
2	interference, coer	cion, discrimination, or reprisal.
3	(6) All residents sha	ll be free from mental and physical abuse, and free from chemical
4	and physical rest	raints except in emergencies or except as thoroughly justified in
5	writing by a phys	ician for a specified and limited period of time and documented in
6	the resident's med	lical record.
7	(7) All residents shall	l have confidential treatment of their medical and personal records.
8	Each resident or	his responsible family member or his guardian shall approve or
9	refuse the release	e of such records to any individuals outside the facility, except as
10	otherwise specifi	ed by statute or administrative regulation.
11	(8) Each resident ma	y manage the use of his personal funds. If the facility accepts the
12	responsibility fo	r managing the resident's personal funds as evidenced by the
13	facility's written	acknowledgment, proper accounting and monitoring of such funds
14	shall be made. T	his shall include each facility giving quarterly itemized statements
15	to the resident a	nd the responsible party or his responsible family member or his
16	guardian which d	etail the status of the resident's personal funds and any transactions
17	in which such fur	nds have been received or disbursed. The facility shall return to the
18	resident his valu	ables, personal possessions, and any unused balance of moneys
19	from his account	at the time of his transfer or discharge from the facility. In case of
20	death or for val	id reasons when he is transferred or discharged the resident's
21	valuables, persor	nal possessions, and funds that the facility is not liable for shall be
22	promptly returne	d to the resident's responsible party or family member, or his
23	guardian, or his e	xecutor.
24	(9) If a resident is n	narried, privacy shall be assured for the spouse's visits and if they
25	are both resident	s in the facility, they may share the same room unless they are in
26	different levels	of care or unless medically contraindicated and documented by a
27	physician in the r	esident's medical record.

1	(10) Residents shall not be required to perform services for the facility that are not
2	included for therapeutic purposes in their plan of care.
3	(11) Residents may associate and communicate privately with persons of their choice
4	and send and receive personal mail unopened.
5	(12) Residents may retain the use of their personal clothing unless it would infringe upor
6	the rights of others.
7	(13) No responsible resident shall be detained against his will. Residents shall be
8	permitted and encouraged to go outdoors and leave the premises as they wish unless
9	a legitimate reason can be shown and documented for refusing such activity.
10	(14) Residents shall be permitted to participate in activities of social, religious, and
11	community groups at their discretion.
12	(15) Residents shall be assured of at least visual privacy in multibed rooms and in tub
13	shower, and toilet rooms.
14	(16) The resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his
15	guardian shall be permitted the choice of a physician.
16	(17) If the resident is adjudicated mentally disabled in accordance with state law, the
17	resident's guardian shall act on the resident's behalf in order that his rights be
18	implemented.
19	(18) Each resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of his
20	dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care for his personal
21	needs.
22	(19) Every resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his
23	guardian has the right to be fully informed of the resident's medical condition unless
24	medically contraindicated and documented by a physician in the resident's medical
25	record.
26	(20) Residents have the right to be suitably dressed at all times and given assistance
27	when needed in maintaining body hygiene and good grooming.

1	(21) Residents shall have access to a telephone at a convenient location within the
2	facility for making and receiving telephone calls.
3	(22) The resident's responsible party or family member or his guardian shall be notified
4	immediately of any accident, sudden illness, disease, unexplained absence, or
5	anything unusual involving the resident.
6	(23) Residents have the right to have private meetings with the appropriate long term
7	care facility inspectors from the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.
8	(24) Each resident and the responsible party or his responsible family member or his
9	guardian has the right to have access to all inspection reports on the facility.
10	(25) The above stated rights shall apply in all cases unless medically contraindicated and
11	documented by a physician in writing in the resident's medical record.
12	(26) Any resident whose rights as specified in this section are deprived or infringed upon
13	shall have a cause of action against any facility responsible for the violation. The
14	action may be brought by the resident or his guardian. The action may be brought in
15	any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce such rights and to recover actual and
16	punitive damages for any deprivation or infringement on the rights of a resident.
17	Any plaintiff who prevails in such action against the facility may be entitled to
18	recover reasonable attorney's fees, costs of the action, and damages, unless the court
19	finds the plaintiff has acted in bad faith, with malicious purpose, or that there was a
20	complete absence of justifiable issue of either law or fact. Prevailing defendants
21	may be entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees. The remedies provided in this
22	section are in addition to and cumulative with other legal and administrative
23	remedies available to a resident and to the cabinet].
24	→ Section 5. KRS 216.525 is amended to read as follows:
25	For the purpose of supplementing, monitoring and enforcing the rights of residents in

27 (1) The cabinet shall design and distribute posters to all long-term care facilities

long-term care facilities, the cabinet shall take the following actions:

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that [which] clearly detail how the resident and his or her responsible family member or his *or her* guardian or a visitor may make a written or oral complaint, anonymously if they so choose, to the cabinet in regard to the quality of care given by a particular facility. These posters shall be conspicuously displayed throughout each long-term care facility.

- 6 (2) The cabinet shall take appropriate and necessary actions to insure that all of the rights of residents in long-term care facilities as defined by KRS 216.515 to 216.525 are upheld].
- 9 → Section 6. KRS 216.555 is amended to read as follows:

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- If upon inspection or investigation the cabinet determines that a long-term care (1) facility has violated the regulations, standards, and requirements as set forth by the cabinet pursuant to the provisions of KRS 216.515 to 216.563[216.510 to 216.525], applicable administrative[federal laws and] regulations governing the licensure[certification] of a long-term care facility that is not certified under Title XVIII or XIV[18 or 19] of the Social Security Act and the [such] violation has been classified in KRS 216.557, the cabinet shall immediately issue a citation to the licensee of the long-term care facility. Each notice of violation shall be prepared in writing and shall specify the nature of the violation, and the statutory provision or regulation alleged to have been violated.
- Except as otherwise provided in this section, the results of a survey, inspection, or (2) investigation of a long-term care facility conducted by any state or federal department or agency, including all statements of deficiencies, findings of deficiency, and all plans of correction, shall not be used in an advertisement publication, unless the advertisement publication includes all of the following:
- 25 The date the survey, inspection, or investigation was conducted; (a)
- 26 (b) A statement that a facility is required to submit a plan of correction in 27 response to a statement of deficiencies, if applicable;

(c)	If a finding or deficiency cited in the statement of deficiencies has been
	corrected, a statement that the finding or deficiency has been corrected and the
	date that the finding or deficiency was corrected; and

- (d) A statement that the advertisement publication is not authorized or endorsed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Office of Inspector General, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or any other government agency.
- 8 (3) This section does not prohibit the results of a survey, inspection, or investigation
 9 conducted under this section from being used in an administrative proceeding or a
 10 civil or criminal investigation or prosecution.
- 11 (4) The information required by subsection (2) of this section shall:

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- 12 (a) Be in the same color, font, and size as the other language on or in the advertisement publication; and
- 14 (b) Appear as prominent as other language used in the advertisement publication.
- Section 7. KRS 216.557 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 Citations issued pursuant to KRS 216.537 to 216.590 shall be classified according to the nature of the violation as follows:
- 18 Type "A" violation means a violation by a long-term care facility that is not (1) 19 certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, of the 20 administrative regulations, of the regulation, standards, and requirements as set 21 forth by the cabinet pursuant to KRS 216.515 to 216.563 or the provisions of KRS 22 216.510 to 216.525, or other applicable administrative [federal laws and] 23 regulations governing the *licensure*[certification] of a long-term care facility[under 24 Title 18 or 19 of the Social Security Act], which presents an imminent danger to 25 any resident [of a long-term care facility] and creates substantial risk that death or 26 serious mental or physical harm to a resident will occur. A Type A violation shall 27 be abated or eliminated immediately, unless a fixed period of time not to exceed ten

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1		(10) days, as determined by the cabinet, is required for correction. A Type A
2		violation is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not less than one thousand dollars
3		(\$1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each and every violation.
4		[A facility that is assessed a civil monetary penalty in accordance with applicable
5		federal laws and regulations under Title 18 or 19 of the Federal Social Security Act
6		shall not be subject to the civil monetary penalty established in this subsection for
7		the same violation.]
8	(2)	Type "B" violation means a violation by a long-term care facility that is not
9		certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, of the
10		administrative regulations, standards, and requirements as set forth by the cabinet
11		pursuant to KRS <u>216.515 to</u> 216.563[or the provisions of KRS 216.510 to
12		216.525], or <u>other</u> applicable <u>administrative</u> [federal laws and] regulations
13		governing the <u>licensure</u> [certification] of a long-term care facility[under Title 18 or
14		19 of the Social Security Act], which presents a direct or immediate relationship to
15		the health, safety, or security of any resident, but which does not create an imminent
16		danger. A Type B violation is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not less than
17		one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for each and
18		every violation. A citation for a Type B violation shall specify the time within
19		which the violation is required to be corrected as approved or determined by the
20		cabinet. If a Type B violation is corrected within the time specified, no civil penalty
21		shall be imposed.[A facility that is assessed a civil monetary penalty in accordance
22		with applicable federal laws and regulations under Title 18 or 19 of the Federal
23		Social Security Act shall not be subject to the civil monetary penalty established in
24		this subsection for the same violation.]
25		→ Section 8. KRS 216.560 is amended to read as follows:
26	(1)	If a licensee that is not certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security

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Act has failed to correct a Type A violation within the time specified for correction

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by the cabinet, the cabinet shall assess the licensee a civil penalty in the amount of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the date specified for correction. Application for an extension of time, not to exceed ten (10) days, may be granted by the cabinet upon a showing by the licensee that adequate arrangements have been made to protect the health and safety of the residents. [A facility that is assessed a civil monetary penalty in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations under Title 18 or 19 of the Federal Social Security Act shall not be subject to the civil monetary penalty established in this subsection for the same violation.]

- If a licensee *that is not certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security*Act has failed to correct a Type B violation within the time specified for correction by the cabinet, the cabinet shall assess the licensee a civil penalty in the amount of two hundred dollars (\$200) for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the date specified for correction. Application for an extension of time, not to exceed (10) days, may be granted by the cabinet upon a showing by the licensee that adequate arrangements have been made to protect the health and safety of the residents. A facility that is assessed a civil monetary penalty in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations under Title 18 or 19 of the Federal Social Security Act shall not be subject to the civil monetary penalty established in this subsection for the same violation.
- 21 (3) The civil penalties authorized by KRS 216.537 to 216.590 shall be trebled when a 22 licensee has received a citation for violating a statute or *administrative* regulation 23 for which it has received a citation during the previous twelve (12) months.
- 24 (4) Payment of penalties shall not be made from moneys used for direct patient caref
 25 nor shall the payment of penalties be a reimbursable cost under Medicaid or
 26 Medicare].
- 27 (5) KRS 216B.990(3) shall not apply to the offenses defined herein.

(6) A personal care home that is assessed a civil monetary penalty for a Type A or Type

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2		B citation shall have the amount of the penalty reduced by the dollar amount that
3		the facility can verify was used to correct the deficiency, if:
4		(a) The condition resulting in the deficiency citation existed for less than thirty
5		(30) days prior to the date of the citation; or
6		(b) The facility has not intentionally delayed correcting the deficiency to secure a
7		reduction in a penalty that might subsequently be assessed.
8	(7)	All administrative fines collected by the cabinet pursuant to KRS 216.537 to
9		216.590 shall be deposited in the Kentucky civil penalty fund [nursing incentive
10		scholarship fund], which is hereby created, and the balance of that fund shall not
11		lapse at the end of the fiscal year but shall be carried forward into the succeeding
12		fiscal year and be used by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to support
13		activities that protect or improve the quality of care or quality of life for residents
14		of long-term care facilities that are not certified under Title XVIII or XIX of the
15		Social Security Act. Interest earned on any moneys in the account shall accrue to
16		the account[to the general fund].
17		→ Section 9. KRS 216.567 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	The manner in which appeals are presented from any decision on ratings, citations,
19		or penalties pursuant to KRS 216.537 to 216.590 shall be in accordance with KRS
20		Chapter 13B.
21	(2)	The secretary shall appoint one (1) or more impartial hearing officers to hear and
22		decide upon appealed decisions. A copy of the hearing officer's recommended
23		order shall be sent to each party in the hearing and each party shall have fifteen
24		(15) days from the date the recommended order is mailed within which to file
25		exceptions to the recommendations with the agency head[The decision of the
26		hearing officer shall be the final order of the cabinet].
27	(3)	The secretary shall render a final order in accordance with KRS 13B.120.

1 (4) Any party aggrieved by a final order may seek judicial review by filing a petition in the Franklin Circuit Court in accordance with KRS 13B.140 and 13B.150.

- 3 → Section 10. KRS 216B.015 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Except as otherwise provided, for purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall
- 5 apply:

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- 6 (1) "Abortion facility" means any place in which an abortion is performed;
- 7 (2) "Administrative regulation" means a regulation adopted and promulgated pursuant to the procedures in KRS Chapter 13A;
- 9 "Affected persons" means the applicant; any person residing within the geographic (3) 10 area served or to be served by the applicant; any person who regularly uses health 11 facilities within that geographic area; health facilities located in the health service 12 area in which the project is proposed to be located which provide services similar to 13 the services of the facility under review; health facilities which, prior to receipt by 14 the agency of the proposal being reviewed, have formally indicated an intention to 15 provide similar services in the future; and the cabinet and third-party payors who 16 reimburse health facilities for services in the health service area in which the project 17 is proposed to be located;
- 18 (4) (a) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a health facility:
- 1. Licensed pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet;
 - 2. That provides outpatient surgical services, excluding oral or dental procedures; and
- 3. Seeking recognition and reimbursement as an ambulatory surgical center from any federal, state, or third-party insurer from which payment is sought.
- 26 (b) An ambulatory surgical center does not include the private offices of physicians where in-office outpatient surgical procedures are performed as

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1	long a	as the	physician	office	does	not	seek	licensure,	certification,
2	reimbu	rsement	, or recogni	tion as a	ın amb	ulator	y surg	ical center f	rom a federal,
3	state, o	r third-p	arty insurer	·.					

- Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a physician from negotiating enhanced payment for outpatient surgical procedures performed in the physician's private office so long as the physician does not seek recognition or reimbursement of his or her office as an ambulatory surgical center without first obtaining a certificate of need or license required under KRS 216B.020 and 216B.061;
- 10 "Applicant" means any physician's office requesting a major medical equipment (5) 11 expenditure exceeding the capital expenditure minimum, or any person, health 12 facility, or health service requesting a certificate of need or license;
- 13 (6) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;

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- 14 (7) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure made by or on behalf of a health facility that [which]: 15
 - (a) Under generally accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance or is not for investment purposes only; or
 - Is made to obtain by lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof or any equipment for a facility or part thereof;
- 21 (8) "Capital expenditure minimum" means the annually adjusted amount set by the 22 cabinet. In determining whether an expenditure exceeds the expenditure minimum, 23 the cost of any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, 24 and other activities essential to the improvement, expansion, or replacement of any 25 plant or any equipment with respect to which the expenditure is made shall be 26 included. Donations of equipment or facilities to a health facility that [which] if 27 acquired directly by the facility would be subject to review under this chapter shall

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1		be considered a capital expenditure, and a transfer of the equipment or facilities for
2		less than fair market value shall be considered a capital expenditure if a transfer of
3		the equipment or facilities at fair market value would be subject to review;
4	(9)	"Certificate of need" means an authorization by the cabinet to acquire, to establish,
5		to offer, to substantially change the bed capacity, or to substantially change a health
6		service as covered by this chapter;
7	(10)	"Certified surgical assistant" means a certified surgical assistant or certified first
8		assistant who is certified by the National Commission for [Surgical Assistant
9		Association on the Certification of Surgical Assistants, the National Board of
10		Surgical Technology and Surgical Assisting [Liaison Council on Certification of
11		Surgical Technologists], or the American Board of Surgical Assistants. The
12		certified surgical assistant is an unlicensed health-care provider who is directly
13		accountable to a physician licensed under KRS Chapter 311 or, in the absence of a
14		physician, to a registered nurse licensed under KRS Chapter 314;
15	(11)	"Continuing care retirement community" means a community that provides, on the
16		same campus, a continuum of residential living options and support services to
17		persons sixty (60) years of age or older under a written agreement. The residential
18		living options shall include independent living units, nursing home beds, and either
19		assisted living units or personal care beds;
20	(12)	"Formal review process" means the ninety (90) day certificate-of-need review
21		conducted by the cabinet;
22	(13)	"Health facility" means any institution, place, building, agency, or portion thereof,
23		public or private, whether organized for profit or not, used, operated, or designed to
24		provide medical diagnosis, treatment, nursing, rehabilitative, or preventive care and
25		includes alcohol abuse, drug abuse, and mental health services. This shall include
26		but shall not be limited to health facilities and health services commonly referred to
27		as hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, physical rehabilitation hospitals, chemical

1		depe	ndency programs, nursing facilities, nursing homes, personal care homes,
2		inter	mediate care facilities, family care homes, outpatient clinics, ambulatory care
3		facil	ities, ambulatory surgical centers, emergency care centers and services,
4		ambi	ulance providers, hospices, community mental health centers, home health
5		agen	cies, kidney disease treatment centers and freestanding hemodialysis units, and
6		other	rs providing similarly organized services regardless of nomenclature;
7	(14)	"Hea	alth services" means clinically related services provided within the
8		Com	monwealth to two (2) or more persons, including but not limited to diagnostic,
9		treat	ment, or rehabilitative services, and includes alcohol, drug abuse, and mental
10		healt	h services;
11	(15)	"Inde	ependent living" means the provision of living units and supportive services,
12		inclu	ding but not limited to laundry, housekeeping, maintenance, activity direction,
13		secu	rity, dining options, and transportation;
14	(16)	"Intr	aoperative surgical care" includes the practice of surgical assisting in which the
15		certi	fied surgical assistant or physician assistant is working under the direction of
16		the c	operating physician as a first or second assist, and <u>that</u> [which] may include the
17		follo	wing procedures:
18		(a)	Positioning the patient;
19		(b)	Preparing and draping the patient for the operative procedure;
20		(c)	Observing the operative site during the operative procedure;
21		(d)	Providing the best possible exposure of the anatomy incident to the operative
22			procedure;
23		(e)	Assisting in closure of incisions and wound dressings; and
24		(f)	Performing any task, within the role of an unlicensed assistive person, or if the
25			assistant is a physician assistant, performing any task within the role of a
26			physician assistant, as required by the operating physician incident to the
27			particular procedure being performed;

I	(17) "Major medical equipment" means equipment <u>that</u> [which] is used for the provision
2	of medical and other health services and <u>that</u> [which] costs in excess of the medical
3	equipment expenditure minimum. In determining whether medical equipment has a
4	value in excess of the medical equipment expenditure minimum, the value of
5	studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other
6	activities essential to the acquisition of the equipment shall be included;
7	(18) "Nonsubstantive review" means an expedited review conducted by the cabinet of an

- 7 (18) "Nonsubstantive review" means an expedited review conducted by the cabinet of an application for a certificate of need as authorized under KRS 216B.095;
- 9 (19) "Nonclinically related expenditures" means expenditures for:
- 10 (a) Repairs, renovations, alterations, and improvements to the physical plant of a
 11 health facility <u>that</u>[which] do not result in a substantial change in beds, a
 12 substantial change in a health service, or the addition of major medical
 13 equipment, and do not constitute the replacement or relocation of a health
 14 facility; or
 - (b) Projects <u>that</u>[which] do not involve the provision of direct clinical patient care, including but not limited to the following:
- 17 1. Parking facilities;

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- 18 2. Telecommunications or telephone systems;
- 19 3. Management information systems;
- 4. Ventilation systems;
- 21 5. Heating or air conditioning, or both;
- 22 6. Energy conservation; or
- 23 7. Administrative offices;
- 24 (20) "Party to the proceedings" means the applicant for a certificate of need and any 25 affected person who appears at a hearing on the matter under consideration and 26 enters an appearance of record;
- 27 (21) "Perioperative nursing" means a practice of nursing in which the nurse provides

1		preo	perative, intraoperative, and postoperative nursing care to surgical patients;
2	(22)	"Per	son" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation, an
3		asso	ciation, a group, state, or political subdivision or instrumentality including a
4		mun	icipal corporation of a state;
5	(23)	"Phy	vsician assistant" means the same as the definition provided in KRS 311.550;
6	(24)	"Rec	cord" means, as applicable in a particular proceeding:
7		(a)	The application and any information provided by the applicant at the request
8			of the cabinet;
9		(b)	Any information provided by a holder of a certificate of need or license in
10			response to a notice of revocation of a certificate of need or license;
11		(c)	Any memoranda or documents prepared by or for the cabinet regarding the
12			matter under review <u>that</u> [which] were introduced at any hearing;
13		(d)	Any staff reports or recommendations prepared by or for the cabinet;
14		(e)	Any recommendation or decision of the cabinet;
15		(f)	Any testimony or documentary evidence adduced at a hearing;
16		(g)	The findings of fact and opinions of the cabinet or the findings of fact and
17			recommendation of the hearing officer; and
18		(h)	Any other items required by administrative regulations promulgated by the
19			cabinet;
20	(25)	"Reg	gistered nurse first assistant" means one who:
21		(a)	Holds a current active registered nurse <u>license</u> [licensure];
22		(b)	Is certified in perioperative nursing; and
23		(c)	Has successfully completed and holds a degree or certificate from a
24			recognized program, which shall consist of:
25			1. The Association of <u>Perioperative Registered</u> [Operating Room] Nurses,
26			Inc., Core Curriculum for the registered nurse first assistant; and

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One (1) year of postbasic nursing study, which shall include at least

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1		forty-five (45) hours of didactic instruction and one hundred twenty
2		(120) hours of clinical internship or its equivalent of two (2) college
3		semesters.
4		A registered nurse who was certified prior to 1995 by the Certification Board of
5		Perioperative Nursing shall not be required to fulfill the requirements of paragraph
6		(c) of this subsection;
7	(26)	"Secretary" means the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
8	(27)	"Sexual assault examination facility" means a licensed health facility, emergency
9		medical facility, [primary care center,] or a children's advocacy center or rape crisis
10		center that is regulated by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, and that
11		provides sexual assault examinations under KRS 216B.400;
12	(28)	"State health plan" means the document prepared triennially, updated annually, and
13		approved by the Governor;
14	(29)	"Substantial change in a health service" means:
15		(a) The addition of a health service for which there are review criteria and
16		standards in the state health plan; or
17		(b) The addition of a health service subject to licensure under this chapter;
18	(30)	"Substantial change in bed capacity" means the addition or reduction of beds by
19		licensure classification within a health facility;
20	(31)	"Substantial change in a project" means a change made to a pending or approved
21		project which results in:
22		(a) A substantial change in a health service, except a reduction or termination of a
23		health service;
24		(b) A substantial change in bed capacity, except for reductions;
25		(c) A change of location; or
26		(d) An increase in costs greater than the allowable amount as prescribed by
27		administrative regulation;

1	(32)	"To acquire" means to obtain from another by purchase, transfer, lease, or other
2		comparable arrangement of the controlling interest of a capital asset or capital stock,
3		or voting rights of a corporation. An acquisition shall be deemed to occur when
4		more than fifty percent (50%) of an existing capital asset or capital stock or voting
5		rights of a corporation is purchased, transferred, leased, or acquired by comparable
6		arrangement by one (1) person from another person;
7	(33)	"To batch" means to review in the same review cycle and, if applicable, give
8		comparative consideration to all filed applications pertaining to similar types of
9		services, facilities, or equipment affecting the same health service area;
10	(34)	"To establish" means to construct, develop, or initiate a health facility;
11	(35)	"To obligate" means to enter any enforceable contract for the construction,
12		acquisition, lease, or financing of a capital asset. A contract shall be considered
13		enforceable when all contingencies and conditions in the contract have been met.
14		An option to purchase or lease <u>that</u> [which] is not binding shall not be considered an
15		enforceable contract; and
16	(36)	"To offer" means, when used in connection with health services, to hold a health
17		facility out as capable of providing, or as having the means of providing, specified
18		health services.
19		→ Section 11. KRS 216B.020 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	A certificate of need shall be required for the issuance of a license to establish or
21		expand the following facilities and services:
22		(a) Acute care hospital, unless the hospital does not charge its patients for
23		hospital services and does not seek or accept Medicare, Medicaid, or other
24		financial support from the federal government or any state government;
25		(b) Acute care hospital beds, unless the result of:
26		1. The relocation of acute care beds that occur among acute care
27		hospitals under common ownership and that are located in the same

1	area development district so long as there is no substantial change in
2	services and the relocation does not result in the establishment of a
3	new service at the receiving hospital for which a certificate of need is
4	required; or
5	2. The redistribution of beds by licensure classification within an acute
6	care hospital so long as the redistribution does not increase the total
7	licensed bed capacity of the hospital;
8	(c) Adult day health care center;
9	(d) Ambulatory surgical center as defined by KRS 216B.015(4);
10	(e) Cardiac catheterization service;
11	(f) Chemical dependency beds;
12	(g) Comprehensive physical rehabilitation beds;
13	(h) Freestanding ambulatory surgical center;
14	(i) Freestanding birth center;
15	(j) Freestanding emergency department that is owned by a Kentucky-licensed
16	hospital and located off-campus;
17	(k) Ground ambulance service;
18	(l) Home health agency;
19	(m) Hospice;
20	(n) Intermediate care beds for individuals with intellectual disabilities;
21	(o) Intermediate care facility;
22	(p) Long-term care beds, unless:
23	1. Operated by a state veterans' nursing home;
24	2. Nursing home beds; or
25	3. Exclusively limited to on-campus residents of a certified continuing
26	care retirement community;
27	(q) Megavoltage radiation equipment;

- 1 (r) Open heart surgery;
- 2 <u>(s) Organ transplantation;</u>
- 3 (t) Positron emission tomography equipment;
- 4 (u) Prescribed pediatric extended care facility;
- 5 <u>(v) Private duty nursing;</u>
- 6 (w) Psychiatric beds;

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7 (x) Special care neonatal beds; or

A health facility or health service that requests an expenditure that exceeds the major medical equipment expenditure minimum or obligates a capital expenditure that exceeds the capital expenditure minimum[The provisions of this chapter that relate to the issuance of a certificate of need shall not apply to abortion facilities as defined in KRS 216B.015; any hospital which does not charge its patients for hospital services and does not seek or accept Medicare, Medicaid, or other financial support from the federal government or any state government; assisted living residences; family care homes; state veterans' nursing homes; services provided on a contractual basis in a rural primarycare hospital as provided under KRS 216.380; community mental health centers for services as defined in KRS Chapter 210; primary care centers; rural health clinics; private duty nursing services operating as nursing pools; group homes; licensed residential crisis stabilization units; licensed free-standing residential substance use disorder treatment programs with sixteen (16) or fewer beds, but not including Levels I and II psychiatric residential treatment facilities or licensed psychiatric inpatient beds; outpatient behavioral health treatment, but not including partial hospitalization programs; end stage renal disease dialysis facilities, freestanding or hospital based; swing beds; special elinics, including but not limited to wellness, weight loss, family planning, disability determination, speech and hearing, counseling, pulmonary care, and

other clinics which only provide diagnostic services with equipment not
exceeding the major medical equipment cost threshold and for which there are
no review criteria in the state health plan; nonclinically related expenditures;
nursing home beds that shall be exclusively limited to on campus residents of
a certified continuing care retirement community; home health services
provided by a continuing care retirement community to its on-campus
residents; the relocation of hospital administrative or outpatient services into
medical office buildings which are on or contiguous to the premises of the
hospital; the relocation of acute care beds which occur among acute care
hospitals under common ownership and which are located in the same area
development district so long as there is no substantial change in services and
the relocation does not result in the establishment of a new service at the
receiving hospital for which a certificate of need is required; the redistribution
of beds by licensure classification within an acute care hospital so long as the
redistribution does not increase the total licensed bed capacity of the hospital;
residential hospice facilities established by licensed hospice programs; or the
following health services provided on site in an existing health facility when
the cost is less than six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) and the services
are in place by December 30, 1991: psychiatric care where chemical
dependency services are provided, level one (1) and level two (2) of neonatal
care, cardiac catheterization, and open heart surgery where cardiac
catheterization services are in place as of July 15, 1990. The provisions of this
section shall not apply to nursing homes, personal care homes, intermediate
care facilities, and family care homes; or nonconforming ambulance services
as defined by administrative regulation. These listed facilities or services shall
be subject to licensure, when applicable].

(2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize the licensure, supervision,

1	regulation,	or	control	in	anv	manner	of
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(a) Private offices and clinics of physicians, dentists, and other practitioners of the healing arts, except any physician's office that meets the criteria set forth in KRS 216B.015(5) or that meets the definition of an ambulatory surgical center as set out in KRS 216B.015;

- (b) Office buildings built by or on behalf of a health facility for the exclusive use of physicians, dentists, and other practitioners of the healing arts; unless the physician's office meets the criteria set forth in KRS 216B.015(5), or unless the physician's office is also an abortion facility as defined in KRS 216B.015, except no capital expenditure or expenses relating to any such building shall be chargeable to or reimbursable as a cost for providing inpatient services offered by a health facility;
- (c) Outpatient health facilities or health services that:
 - 1. Do not provide services or hold patients in the facility after midnight; and
 - Are exempt from certificate of need and licensure under subsection (3) of this section;
- (d) Dispensaries and first-aid stations located within business or industrial establishments maintained solely for the use of employees, if the facility does not contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-four (24) hours;
- (e) Establishments, such as motels, hotels, and boarding houses, which provide domiciliary and auxiliary commercial services, but do not provide any health related services and boarding houses which are operated by persons contracting with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for boarding services;
- (f) The remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or

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1		institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon treatment by prayer
2		or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized
3		church or religious denomination and recognized by that church or
4		denomination; and
5	(g)	On-duty police and fire department personnel assisting in emergency
6		situations by providing first aid or transportation when regular emergency
7		units licensed to provide first aid or transportation are unable to arrive at the
8		scene of an emergency situation within a reasonable time.
9	(3) The	following outpatient categories of care shall be subject to licensure [exempt
10	fron	n certificate of need and licensure on July 14, 2018:
11	(a) Prin	nary care centers;
12	(b) Spe	cial health clinics, unless the clinic provides pain management services and is
13	loca	tted off the campus of the hospital that has majority ownership interest;
14	(c) Spe	cialized medical technology services, unless providing a State Health Plan
15	serv	vice;
16	(d) Reta	ail-based health clinics and ambulatory care clinics that provide nonemergency,
17	non	invasive treatment of patients;
18	(e) Am	bulatory care clinics treating minor illnesses and injuries;
19	(f) Mol	bile health services, unless providing a service in the State Health Plan;
20	(g) Reh	abilitation agencies;
21	(h) Rur	al health clinics; and
22	(i) Off	campus, hospital-acquired physician practices.
23	(4) The	exemptions established by subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall not apply
24	to tl	ne following categories of care]:
25	(a)	An ambulatory surgical center as defined by KRS 216B.015(4);
26	(b)	A health facility or health service that provides one (1) of the following types
27		of services:

1		1. Cardiac catheterization;
2		2. Megavoltage radiation therapy;
3		3. <u>Magnetic resonance imaging;</u>
4		4. Positron emission tomography;
5		5. Adult day health care;
6		<u>6.</u> [4.]Behavioral health services;
7		<u>7.[5.]</u> Chronic renal dialysis;
8		<u>8.[6.]</u> Birthing services; or
9		9.[7.] Emergency services above the level of treatment for minor illnesses or
10		injuries;
11	(c)	A <u>nonphysician-owned</u> pain management facility as defined by KRS
12		218A.175(1) and excluded from licensure under KRS 218A.175(2);
13	(d)	An abortion facility that requires licensure pursuant to KRS 216B.0431; or
14	(e)	A health facility or health service that requests an expenditure that exceeds the
15		major medical <u>equipment</u> expenditure minimum <u>or obligates a capital</u>
16		expenditure that exceeds the capital expenditure minimum.
17	<u>(4)</u> [(5)]	An existing facility licensed as an intermediate care <u>facility</u> or nursing home
18	shall	notify the cabinet of its intent to change to a nursing facility as defined in
19	Publi	c Law 100-203. A certificate of need shall not be required for conversion of an
20	intern	nediate care <u>facility</u> or nursing home to the nursing facility licensure category.
21	<u>(5)</u> [(6)]	Ambulance services owned and operated by a city government, which propose
22	to pr	ovide services in coterminous cities outside of the ambulance service's
23	design	nated geographic service area, shall not be required to obtain a certificate of
24	need	if the governing body of the city in which the ambulance services are to be
25	provi	ded enters into an agreement with the ambulance service to provide services in
26	the ci	ty.
27	<u>(6)</u> [(7)]	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a continuing care retirement

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Page 30 of 54} \\ \text{XXXX} \end{array}$

1		com	munity's nursing home beds shall not be certified as Medicaid eligible unless a
2		certi	ficate of need has been issued authorizing applications for Medicaid
3		certi	fication. The provisions of subsection (4) {(5)} of this section notwithstanding, a
4		cont	inuing care retirement community shall not change the level of care licensure
5		statu	as of its beds without first obtaining a certificate of need.
6		→ Se	ection 12. KRS 216B.042 is amended to read as follows:
7	(1)	The	cabinet shall:
8		(a)	Establish by promulgation of administrative regulation under KRS Chapter
9			13A reasonable application fees for licenses and promulgate other
10			administrative regulations necessary for the proper administration of the
11			licensure function;
12		(b)	Issue, deny, revoke, modify, or <u>take emergency action to</u> suspend licenses or
13			provisional licenses in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
14		(c)	Establish licensure standards and procedures to ensure safe, adequate, and
15			efficient abortion facilities, health facilities and health services. These
16			administrative regulations, under KRS Chapter 13A, shall include, but need
17			not be limited to:
18			1. Patient care standards and safety standards, minimum operating
19			standards, minimum standards for training, required licenses for medical
20			staff personnel, and minimum standards for maintaining patient records;
21			2. Licensure application and renewal procedures; and
22			3. Classification of health facilities and health services according to type,
23			size, range of services, and level of care; and
24		(d)	Compile in a single document, maintain, and make available to abortion
25			facilities and the public during regular business hours, all licensure standards
26			and procedures promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A related to abortion

facilities.

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The cabinet may authorize its agents or representatives to enter upon the premises of any health care facility for the purpose of inspection, and under the conditions set forth in administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A by the cabinet.

- (3) The cabinet may revoke licenses or certificates of need for specific health facilities or health services or recommend the initiation of disciplinary proceedings for health care providers on the basis of the knowing violation of any provisions of this chapter.
- 9 → Section 13. KRS 216B.085 is amended to read as follows:

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- 10 (1) Any time no later than fifteen (15) days after the date the review commences, any
 11 affected person may request a public hearing. Hearings shall be before a person
 12 designated by the secretary to serve as hearing officer. The hearing officer shall be
 13 authorized to administer oaths, issue subpoenas <u>and</u>[,] subpoenas duces tecum, and
 14 all necessary process in the proceedings.
- 15 (2) If a hearing is requested, the secretary shall set a date, time, and place for a public 16 hearing. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given to all affected persons in 17 accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet.
- 18 (3) At the hearing, any party to the proceedings shall have the right to be represented by
 19 counsel, and to present oral or written arguments and evidence relevant to the
 20 matter <u>that</u>[which] is the subject of the hearing, and may conduct reasonable cross21 examination under oath of persons who make factual allegations relevant to such
 22 matters. A full and complete record shall be maintained of the hearing.
- 23 (4) Any decision of the cabinet to issue or deny a certificate of need shall be based 24 solely on the record established with regard to the matter. All decisions granting, 25 denying, or modifying a certificate of need shall be made by the cabinet in writing. 26 The cabinet shall notify the parties to the proceedings of the decision and the 27 decision *of the secretary* shall be final for purposes of judicial appeal unless a

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request for reconsideration is filed. An approved certificate of need shall be issued forty (40) days after notice of the cabinet's decision unless a request for reconsideration is filed or a judicial appeal is taken and issuance is enjoined by the court.

→ Section 14. KRS 216B.086 is amended to read as follows:

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The cabinet may revoke a certificate of need, or portion thereof, for failure of the holder of the certificate to implement the project in accordance with timetables and standards for implementation established by administrative regulation of the cabinet; however, for projects involving long-term care beds, the cabinet may revoke any certificate granted that [which] is not implemented within twenty-four (24) months or within any six (6) month reporting interval during which there is not satisfactory progress in meeting the project timetable and shall revoke any certificate granted *that*[which] is not implemented within thirty-six (36) months except for those projects specified as an exception pursuant to Executive Order 96-129 in which case those projects shall be implemented according to the intervals and timetable set forth in this section, as of the effective date of Medicaid funding in the biennial budget for those projects. The administrative regulation for projects involving long-term care beds shall be based on project completion in twenty-four (24) months and shall specify criteria for measuring implementation of project objectives at six (6) month reporting intervals. If, at any six (6) month reporting period, the certificate holder is able to show good cause as to why a project failed to meet its timetables, an extension of six (6) months may be granted to meet that particular timetable. The burden of proof shall be on the certificate holder. An extension may be granted beyond a total of thirty-six (36) months, only if the applicant requests that the cabinet grant an additional six (6) month extension beyond the initial thirty-six (36) month completion period and shows good cause. For purposes of this section, there shall be deemed to be "good cause" if the project

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can be completed within the additional six (6) month period. In no case shall an extension be granted beyond a total of forty-two (42) months. The holder of the certificate of need shall file with the cabinet the name and business address of all owners, investors, and stockholders in the project whose ownership interest is greater than ten percent (10%). All reports submitted by the certificate holder under this subsection shall be considered a public record in accordance with the Kentucky Open Records Law, KRS 61.870 to 61.884.

- (2) The cabinet shall give notice to the holder of the certificate of its initial decision to revoke the certificate of need or portion thereof. The cabinet's initial decision to revoke a certificate of need or portion thereof shall become final after thirty (30) days unless a hearing is requested. The secretary shall give notice to the holder of the certificate of a decision <u>that</u>[which] has become final under the provisions of this subsection.
- (3) The holder of the certificate of need to be revoked may request in writing a public hearing in respect to an initial decision by the cabinet to revoke a certificate of need within thirty (30) days of the date of notice of the initial decision. Failure to request a hearing shall constitute a waiver of any right to reconsideration or judicial appeal of a final cabinet decision to revoke a certificate of need.
- 19 (4) The hearing shall be before a person designated by the secretary to be the hearing 20 officer. The hearing shall be no later than thirty (30) days after the request for the 21 hearing is filed.
- 22 (5) If a hearing is requested, the secretary shall set a date, time, and place for a public 23 hearing. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given to all affected persons in 24 accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet.
- 25 (6) At the hearing, any party to the proceedings shall have the right to be represented by 26 counsel and to present oral or written arguments and evidence relevant to the 27 revocation of the certificate of need and may conduct reasonable cross-examination

1	under oath of persons who testify. A full and complete record shall be maintained of
2	the hearing, and all testimony shall be recorded but not be transcribed unless the
3	cabinet's final decision is appealed pursuant to this chapter.

- 4 (7) After the issuance of an initial decision to revoke a certificate of need and before a
 5 final decision is made, no person shall have ex parte contacts with employees of the
 6 cabinet regarding the revocation. If an ex parte contact occurs, it shall be promptly
 7 made a part of the record.
- 8 (8) If a hearing is requested after notice of the cabinet's initial decision to revoke a
 9 certificate of need, the cabinet shall make a final decision within thirty (30) days
 10 after the hearing. Any final decision revoking a certificate of need shall be made by
 11 the cabinet in writing. The cabinet shall notify the parties to the proceedings of the
 12 final decision.
- 13 (9) Any final decision of the cabinet <u>secretary</u> to revoke a certificate of need shall be 14 based solely on the record established with regard to the revocation.
- 15 (10) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, reconsideration pursuant to KRS 216B.090 or judicial appeal pursuant to KRS 216B.115 shall be available with regard to a final decision of the cabinet to revoke a certificate of need.
- → Section 15. KRS 216B.105 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) Unless otherwise provided in this chapter, no person shall operate any health facility
 20 in this Commonwealth without first obtaining a license issued by the cabinet, which
 21 license shall specify the kind or kinds of health services the facility is authorized to
 22 provide. A license shall not be transferable and shall be issued for a specific
 23 location and, if specified, a designated geographical area.
- 24 (2) The cabinet may deny, revoke, <u>or</u> modify[, or suspend] a license in any case in which it finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter or the administrative regulations promulgated hereunder. <u>If the</u>

 27 cabinet has probable cause to believe that there is an immediate threat to public

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1		health, safety, or welfare, the cabinet may issue an emergency order to suspend
2		<u>the license.</u> The denial, revocation, \underline{or} modification[, or suspension] shall be
3		effected by mailing to the applicant or licensee, by certified mail or other method of
4		delivery which may include electronic service, a notice setting forth the particular
5		reasons for the action. The denial, revocation, <u>or</u> modification, <u>[or suspension]</u> shall
6		become final and conclusive thirty (30) days after notice is given, unless the
7		applicant or licensee, within the thirty (30) day period, <u>files[shall file]</u> a request in
8		writing for a hearing with the cabinet.
9	(3)	Any person required to comply with an emergency order issued under subsection
10		(2) of this section may request an emergency hearing within five (5) calendar
11		days of receipt of the notice to determine the propriety of the order. The cabinet
12		shall conduct an emergency hearing within ten (10) working days of the request
13		for hearing. Within five (5) working days of completion of the hearing, the
14		cabinet's hearing officer shall render a written decision affirming, modifying, or
15		revoking the emergency order. The emergency order shall be affirmed if there is
16		substantial evidence of a violation of law that constitutes an immediate danger to
17		public health, safety, or welfare. The decision rendered by the hearing officer
18		shall be a final order of the cabinet on the matter, and any party aggrieved by the
19		decision may appeal to circuit court.
20	<u>(4)</u>	If the cabinet issues an emergency order, the cabinet shall take action to revoke
21		the facility's license if:
22		(a) The facility fails to submit a written request for an emergency hearing
23		within five (5) calendar days of receipt of the notice; or
24		(b) The decision rendered under subsection (3) of this section affirms that there
25		is substantial evidence of an immediate danger to public health, safety, or
26		<u>welfare.</u>
27	<u>(5)</u>	The hearing, <i>including an emergency hearing</i> , shall be before a person designated

to serve as hearing officer by the secretary.

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(6) (4) Within five (5) working days of completion of a hearing on an emergency suspension or within thirty (30) calendar days from the conclusion of a hearing on the denial, revocation, or modification of a license [the hearing], the findings and recommendations of the hearing officer shall be transmitted to the cabinet, with a synopsis of the evidence contained in the record and a statement of the basis of the hearing officer's findings. The applicant or licensee shall be entitled to be represented at the hearing in person or by counsel, or both, and shall be entitled to introduce testimony by witnesses or, if the cabinet so permits, by depositions. A full and complete record shall be kept of all hearings, and all testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed pursuant to this chapter. The cabinet may adopt the hearing officer's findings and recommendations or prepare written findings of fact and state the basis for its decision which shall become part of the record of the proceedings.

15 (7)[(5)] All decisions revoking, suspending, modifying or denying licenses shall be
16 made by the cabinet in writing. The cabinet shall notify the applicant or licensee of
17 the decision.

- 18 (8)[(6)] The decision of the cabinet shall be final for purposes of judicial appeal upon notice of the cabinet's decision.
- **→** Section 16. KRS 216B.131 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 (1) All moneys derived from applicants seeking certificates of need or licenses or from 22 any other sources connected with this chapter shall be promptly paid over to the 23 State Treasurer, who shall deposit such moneys in a special fund which, in addition 24 to appropriated funds, shall be used to carry out the purposes of this chapter and for 25 no other purpose.
- 26 (2) Any fine imposed for the violation of this chapter shall, when collected, be paid into the Kentucky *civil penalty* [nursing incentive scholarship] fund.

1 → Section 17. KRS 216B.450 is amended to read as for	s follows:
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- As used in this section and KRS 216B.455 and 216B.457:
- 3 (1) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
- 4 (2) "Community-based" means a facility that is located in an existing residential
- 5 neighborhood or community;
- 6 (3) "Freestanding" means a completely detached building or two (2) residences under
- one (1) roof that are clearly separate and can serve youth independently;
- 8 (4) ["Home like" means a residence with living space designed to accommodate the
- 9 daily living needs and tasks of a family unit, with opportunity for adult-child
- 10 communication, shared tasks, adult child learning, congregate meals, and family-
- 11 type routines appropriate to the ages and levels of functioning of the residents;
- 12 (5) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means either a licensed:
- 13 (a) Level I community-based, and home-like facility with a maximum of nine (9)
- beds <u>that</u>[which] provides inpatient psychiatric residential treatment to
- residents age six (6) to twenty-one (21) years who have an emotional
- disability or <u>serious</u>[severe] emotional disability as defined in KRS 200.503,
- with an age range of no greater than five (5) years at the time of admission in
- 18 a living unit; or
- 19 (b) Level II [home-like] facility that provides twenty-four (24) hour inpatient
- 20 psychiatric residential treatment and habitation to persons who:
- 1. Are ages four (4) to twenty-one (21) years, with an age range of no
- 22 greater than five (5) years at the time of admission to the facility;
- 23 2. Have a *serious*[severe] emotional disability as defined by KRS 200.503
- in addition to severe and persistent aggressive behaviors, intellectual
- disability, sexually acting out behaviors, or developmental disability;
- 26 and
- 27 3. Do not meet the medical necessity criteria for an acute care hospital or a

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1	psychiatric hospital and whose treatment needs cannot be met in an
2	ambulatory care setting, Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility,
3	or other less restrictive environment;
4	(5)[(6)] "Qualified mental health personnel" means a staff member who operates
5	under the supervision of a qualified mental health professional; and
6	(6)[(7)] "Qualified mental health professional" has the same meaning as in KRS
7	202A.011.
8	→ Section 18. KRS 216B.455 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1) [A certificate of need shall be required for all Level I psychiatric residential
10	treatment facilities. The application for a certificate of need shall include formal
11	written agreements of cooperation that identify the nature and extent of the
12	proposed working relationship between the proposed Level I psychiatric residential
13	treatment facility and each of the following agencies, organizations, or facilities
14	located in the service area of the proposed facility:
15	(a) Regional interagency council for children with emotional disability or severe
16	emotional disability as defined in KRS 200.509;
17	(b) Department for Community Based Services;
18	(c) Local school districts;
19	(d) At least one (1) psychiatric hospital; and
20	(e) Any other agency, organization, or facility deemed appropriate by the cabinet.
21	(2) Notwithstanding provisions for granting of a nonsubstantive review of a certificate
22	of need application under KRS 216B.095, the cabinet shall review and approve the
23	nonsubstantive review of an application seeking to increase the number of beds as
24	permitted by KRS 216B.450 if the application is submitted by an eight (8) bed or
25	sixteen (16) bed Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility licensed and
26	operating or holding an approved certificate of need on July 13, 2004. The cabinet
27	shall base its approval of expanded beds upon the Level I psychiatric residential

1	treatment facility's ability to meet standards designed by the cabinet to provide
2	stability of care. The standards shall be promulgated by the cabinet in an
3	administrative regulation in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A. An application
4	under this subsection shall not be subject to any moratorium relating to certificate of
5	need.
6	(3) All Level I psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall comply with the
7	licensure requirements as set forth in KRS 216B.105.
8	(2)[(4)] As required by Pub. L. No. 115-123, the Family First Prevention Services
9	Act of 2018, all Level I psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall be certified
10	by a not-for-profit [the Joint Commission, the Council on Accreditation of Services
11	for Families and Children, or any other] accrediting body with [comparable
12	-standards that <u>are</u> [is] recognized by the state.
13	(3) A Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility shall require a national and
14	state fingerprint-supported criminal records check by the Department of
15	Kentucky State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for all employees
16	and volunteers who have duties that are equivalent to the duties of employees
17	providing direct services. The employment or volunteer services of an individual
18	shall be subject to the restrictions established by administrative regulations
19	promulgated by the cabinet to implement this section. A new criminal records
20	check shall be completed at least every two (2) years on each employee or
21	volunteer unless the employee is registered in the rap back system defined by KRS
22	199.011(14). Any fee charged by the cabinet, Department of Kentucky State
23	Police, or Federal Bureau of Investigation shall not exceed the actual cost of
24	processing a request for a criminal records check and rap back service for
25	ongoing status notification [(5) A Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility
26	shall not be located in or on the grounds of a psychiatric hospital. More than one (1)
27	freestanding Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility may be located on the

same campus that is not in or on the grounds of a psychiatric hospital.

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2	(6) The total number of Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility beds shall no
3	exceed three hundred and fifteen (315) beds statewide.
4	(7) (a) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall investigate the need for
5	specialty foster care and post treatment services for persons discharged from
6	Level I and Level II psychiatric residential treatment facilities.
7	(b) The cabinet shall report to the Governor and the Legislative Research
8	Commission by August 1, 2011, detailing information on specialty
9	foster care and post treatment services for persons discharged from
10	Level I and Level II psychiatric residential treatment facilities].
11	→ Section 19. KRS 216B.457 is amended to read as follows:
12	(1) [A certificate of need shall be required for all Level II psychiatric residential
13	treatment facilities. The need criteria for the establishment of Level II psychiatric
14	residential treatment facilities shall be in the state health plan.
15	(2) An application for a certificate of need for Level II psychiatric residential treatmen
16	facilities shall not exceed fifty (50) beds. Level II facility beds may be located in
17	separate part of a psychiatric hospital, a separate part of an acute care hospital, or
18	Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility if the Level II beds are located on
19	separate floor, in a separate wing, or in a separate building. A Level II facility shall
20	not refuse to admit a patient who meets the medical necessity criteria and facility
21	eriteria for Level II facility services. Nothing in this section and KRS 216B.450 and
22	216B.455 shall be interpreted to prevent a psychiatric residential treatment facility
23	from operating both a Level I psychiatric residential treatment facility and a Level I
24	psychiatric residential treatment facility.
25	(3) The application for a Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility certificate o
26	need shall include formal written agreements of cooperation that identify the nature
27	and extent of the proposed working relationship between the proposed Level I

1	psychiatric residential treatment facility and each of the following agencies,
2	organizations, or entities located in the service area of the proposed facility:
3	(a) Regional interagency council for children with emotional disability or severe
4	emotional disability created under KRS 200.509;
5	(b) Community board for mental health or individuals with an intellectual
6	disability established under KRS 210.380;
7	(c) Department for Community Based Services;
8	(d) Local school districts;
9	(e) At least one (1) psychiatric hospital; and
10	(f) Any other agency, organization, or entity deemed appropriate by the cabinet.
11	(4) The application for a certificate of need shall include:
12	(a) The specific number of beds proposed for each age group and the specific,
13	specialized program to be offered;
14	(b) An inventory of current services in the proposed service area; and
15	(c) Clear admission and discharge criteria, including age, sex, and other
16	limitations.
17	(5)]All Level II psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall comply with the
18	licensure requirements as set forth in KRS 216B.105.
19	(2)[(6)] As required by Pub. L. No. 115-123, The Family First Prevention Services
20	Act of 2018, all Level II psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall be certified
21	by <u>a not-for-profit</u> [the Joint Commission, the Council on Accreditation of Services
22	for Families and Children, or any other] accrediting body with [comparable
23	Istandards that are recognized by the state [Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
24	Services].
25	(3) [(7)] A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall be under the clinical
26	supervision of a qualified mental health professional with training or experience in
27	mental health treatment of children and youth.

1	<u>(4)</u> [(8)]	Treatment services shall be provided by qualified mental health professionals
2	or q	ualified mental health personnel. Individual staff who will provide educational
3	prog	grams shall meet the employment standards outlined by the Kentucky Board of
4	Edu	cation and the Education Professional Standards Board.
5	<u>(5)[(9)]</u>	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall meet the following
6	requ	irements with regard to professional staff:
7	(a)	A licensed psychiatrist, who is board-eligible or board-certified as a child or
8		adult psychiatrist, shall be employed or contracted to meet the treatment needs
9		of the residents and the functions that shall be performed by a psychiatrist;
10	(b)	If a Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility has residents ages twelve
11		(12) and under, the licensed psychiatrist shall be a board-eligible or board-
12		certified child psychiatrist; and
13	(c)	The licensed psychiatrist shall be present in the facility to provide professional
14		services to the facility's residents at least weekly.
15	[(10) A L	evel II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall:
16	(a)	Prepare a written staffing plan that is tailored to meet the needs of the specific
17		population of children and youth that will be admitted to the facility based on
18		the facility's admission criteria. The written staffing plan shall include but not
19		be limited to the following:
20		1. Specification of the direct care per-patient staffing ratio that the facility
21		shall adhere to during waking hours and during sleeping hours;
22		2. Delineation of the number of direct care staff per patient, including the
23		types of staff and the mix and qualifications of qualified mental health
24		professionals and qualified mental health personnel, that shall provide
25		direct care and will comprise the facility's per-patient staffing ratio;
26		3. Specification of appropriate qualifications for individuals included in the
27		per-patient staffing ratio by job description, education, training, and

1		experience;
2		4. Provision for ensuring compliance with its written staffing plan, and
3		specification of the circumstances under which the facility may deviate
4		from the per-patient staffing ratio due to patient emergencies, changes in
5		patient acuity, or changes in patient census; and
6		5. Provision for submission of the written staffing plan to the cabinet for
7		approval as part of the facility's application for initial licensure.
8		No initial license to operate as a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
9		facility shall be granted until the cabinet has approved the facility's written
10		staffing plan. Once a facility is licensed, it shall comply with its approved
11		written staffing plan and, if the facility desires to change its approved per-
12		patient staffing ratio, it shall submit a revised plan and have the plan approved
13		by the cabinet prior to implementation of the change;
14	(b)	Require full time professional and direct care staff to meet the continuing
15		education requirements of their profession or be provided with forty (40)
16		hours per year of in-service training; and
17	(c)	Develop and implement a training plan for all staff that includes but is not
18		limited to the following:
19		1. Behavior-management procedures and techniques;
20		2. Physical-management procedures and techniques;
21		3. First aid;
22		4. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
23		5. Infection-control procedures;
24		6. Child and adolescent growth and development;
25		7. Training specific to the specialized nature of the facility;
26		8. Emergency and safety procedures; and
27		9. Detection and reporting of child abuse and neglect.

1	(11)](6) A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall require a <u>national</u>
2	and state fingerprint-supported criminal records check by the Department of
3	Kentucky State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for to be
4	completed on] all employees and volunteers who have duties that are equivalent to
5	the duties of employees providing direct services. The employment or volunteer
6	services of an individual shall be subject to the restrictions established by
7	administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet to implement this
8	<u>section</u> [governed by KRS 17.165, with regard to a criminal records check]. A new
9	criminal records check shall be completed at least every two (2) years on each
10	employee or volunteer unless the employee is registered in the rap back system
11	defined by KRS 199.011(14). Any fee charged by the cabinet, Department of
12	Kentucky State Policy, or Federal Bureau of Investigation shall not exceed the
13	actual cost of processing a request for a criminal records check and rap back
14	service for ongoing status notification.
15	(7)[(12) (a) Any employee or volunteer who has committed or is charged with the
16	commission of a violent offense as specified in KRS 439.3401, a sex crime
17	specified in KRS 17.500, or a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor
18	as specified in KRS 17.500 shall be immediately removed from contact with a
19	child within the residential treatment center until the employee or volunteer is
20	cleared of the charge.
21	(b) An employee or volunteer under indictment, legally charged with felonious
22	conduct, or subject to a cabinet investigation shall be immediately removed
23	from contact with a child.
24	(c) The employee or volunteer shall not be allowed to work with the child until a
25	prevention plan has been written and approved by the cabinet, the person is
26	eleared of the charge, or a cabinet investigation reveals an unsubstantiated
27	finding, if the charge resulted from an allegation of child abuse, neglect, or

1	exploitation.
2	(d) Each employee or volunteer shall submit to a check of the central registry. An
3	individual listed on the central registry shall not be a volunteer at or be
4	employed by a Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility.
5	(e) Any employee or volunteer removed from contact with a child pursuant to this
6	subsection may, at the discretion of the employer, be terminated, reassigned to
7	a position involving no contact with a child, or placed on administrative leave
8	with pay during the pendency of the investigation or proceeding.
9	(13)] An initial treatment plan of care shall be developed and implemented for each
10	resident, and the plan of care shall be based on initial history and ongoing
11	assessment of the resident's needs and strengths, with an emphasis on active
12	treatment, transition planning, and after-care services, and shall be completed
13	within seventy-two (72) hours of admission.
14	(8) [(14)] A comprehensive treatment plan of care shall be developed and implemented
15	for each resident, and the plan of care shall be based on initial history and ongoing
16	assessment of the resident's needs and strengths, with an emphasis on active
17	treatment, transition planning, and after-care services, and shall be completed
18	within ten (10) calendar days of admission.
19	(9)[(15)] A review of the treatment plan of care shall occur at least every thirty (30)
20	days following the first ten (10) days of treatment and shall include the following
21	documentation:
22	(a) Dated signatures of appropriate staff, parent, guardian, legal custodian, or
23	conservator;
24	(b) An assessment of progress toward each treatment goal and objective with
25	revisions as indicated; and
26	(c) A statement of justification for the level of services needed, including
27	suitability for treatment in a less-restrictive environment and continued

1		services.
2	<u>(10)</u> [(16)]	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall provide or arrange for
3	the p	rovision of qualified dental, medical, nursing, and pharmaceutical care for
4	reside	ents. The resident's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or conservator may
5	choos	se a professional for nonemergency services.
6	<u>(11)</u> [(17)]	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall ensure that
7	oppor	tunities are provided for recreational activities that are appropriate and
8	adapt	ed to the needs, interests, and ages of the residents.
9	<u>(12)</u> [(18)]	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall assist residents in the
10	indep	endent exercise of health, hygiene, and grooming practices.
11	<u>(13)</u> [(19)]	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall assist each resident in
12	securi	ing an adequate allowance of personally owned, individualized, clean, and
13	seaso	nal clothes that are the correct size.
14	<u>(14)</u> [(20)]	A Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility shall assist, educate, and
15	encou	arage each resident in the use of dental, physical, or prosthetic appliances or
16	devic	es and visual or hearing aids.
17	<u>(15)</u> [(21)]	The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations that include but are not
18	limite	ed to the following:
19	(a)	Establishing requirements for tuberculosis skin testing for staff of a Level II
20		psychiatric residential treatment facility;
21	(b)	Ensuring that accurate, timely, and complete resident assessments are
22		conducted for each resident of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
23		facility;
24	(c)	Ensuring that accurate, timely, and complete documentation of the
25		implementation of a resident's treatment plan of care occurs for each resident
26		of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment facility;
27	(d)	Ensuring that an accurate, timely, and complete individual record is

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1		maintained for each resident of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
2		facility;
3	(e)	Ensuring that an accurate, timely, and complete physical examination is
4		conducted for each resident of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
5		facility;
6	(f)	Ensuring accurate, timely, and complete access to emergency services is
7		available for each resident of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
8		facility; and
9	(g)	Ensuring that there is accurate, timely, and complete administration of
10		medications for each resident of a Level II psychiatric residential treatment
11		facility.
12	<u>(16)</u> [(22)]	The cabinet shall, within ninety (90) days of July 15, 2010, promulgate
13	admi	inistrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to implement this
14	secti	on and KRS 216B.450 and 216B.455. When promulgating the administrative
15	regu	lations, the cabinet shall not consider only staffing ratios when evaluating the
16	writt	en staffing plan of an applicant, but shall consider the applicant's overall ability
17	to pr	ovide for the needs of patients.
18	<u>(17)[(23)]</u>	The cabinet shall report <u>upon request by the Legislative Research</u>
19	<u>Com</u>	mission[, no later than August 1 of each year, to the Interim Joint Committee
20	on I	Health and Welfare] regarding the implementation of this section and KRS
21	216H	3.450 and 216B.455. The report shall include but not be limited to information
22	relat	ing to resident outcomes, such as lengths of stay in the facility, locations
23	resid	ents were discharged to, and whether residents were readmitted to a Level II
24	psyc	hiatric residential treatment facility within a twelve (12) month period.
25	→ Se	ection 20. KRS 218A.240 is amended to read as follows:
26	(1) All p	police officers and deputy sheriffs directly employed full-time by state, county,
27	city,	urban-county, or consolidated local governments, the Department of Kentucky

State Police, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, their officers and agents, and of all city, county, and Commonwealth's attorneys, and the Attorney General, within their respective jurisdictions, shall enforce all provisions of this chapter and cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of the United States, of this state, and of all other states relating to controlled substances.

- (2) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter, the designated agents of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall have the full power and authority of peace officers in this state, including the power of arrest and the authority to bear arms, and shall have the power and authority to administer oaths; to enter upon premises at all times for the purpose of making inspections; to seize evidence; to interrogate all persons; to require the production of prescriptions, of books, papers, documents, or other evidence; to employ special investigators; and to expend funds for the purpose of obtaining evidence and to use data obtained under KRS 218A.202 in any administrative proceeding before the cabinet.
- 15 (3) The Kentucky Board of Pharmacy, its agents and inspectors, shall have the same 16 powers of inspection and enforcement as the Cabinet for Health and Family 17 Services.
 - (4) Designated agents of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy are empowered to remove from the files of a pharmacy or the custodian of records for that pharmacy any controlled substance prescription or other controlled substance record upon tendering a receipt. The receipt shall be sufficiently detailed to accurately identify the record. A receipt for the record shall be a defense to a charge of failure to maintain the record.
 - (5) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, civil or criminal, any law enforcement authority may maintain, in its own name, an action to restrain or enjoin any violation of this chapter or to forfeit any property subject to forfeiture under KRS 218A.410, irrespective of whether the owner of the property has been

1 charged with or convicted of any offense under this chapter.

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(a) Any civil action against any person brought pursuant to this section may be instituted in the Circuit Court in any county in which the person resides, in which any property owned by the person and subject to forfeiture is found, or in which the person has violated any provision of this chapter.

- (b) A final judgment rendered in favor of the Commonwealth in any criminal proceeding brought under this chapter shall estop the defendant from denying the essential allegations of the criminal offense in any subsequent civil proceeding brought pursuant to this section.
- (c) The prevailing party in any civil proceeding brought pursuant to this section shall recover his or her costs, including a reasonable attorney's fee.
- (d) Distribution of funds under this section shall be made in the same manner as in KRS 218A.420, except that if the Commonwealth's attorney has not initiated the forfeiture action under this section, his or her percentage of the funds shall go to the agency initiating the forfeiture action.
- (6) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall make or cause to be made examinations of samples secured under the provisions of this chapter to determine whether any provision has been violated.
- 19 (7) (a) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall proactively use the data 20 compiled in the electronic system created in KRS 218A.202 for investigations, 21 research, statistical analysis, and educational purposes and shall proactively 22 identify trends in controlled substance usage and other potential problem 23 areas. Only cabinet personnel who have undergone training for the electronic 24 system and who have been approved to use the system shall be authorized 25 access to the data and reports under this subsection. The cabinet shall notify a 26 state licensing board listed in KRS 218A.205 if a report or analysis conducted 27 under this subsection indicates that further investigation about improper,

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inappropriate or illegal prescribing or dispensing may be necessary by the board. The board shall consider each report and may, after giving due consideration to areas of practice, specialties, board certifications, and appropriate standards of care, request and receive a follow-up report or analysis containing relevant information as to the prescriber or dispenser and his or her patients.

- (b) The cabinet shall develop criteria, in collaboration with the Board of Medical Licensure, the Board of Nursing, the Office of Drug Control Policy, and the Board of Pharmacy, to be used to generate public trend reports from the data obtained by the system. Meetings at which the criteria are developed shall be meetings, as defined in KRS 61.805, that comply with the open meetings laws, KRS 61.805 to 61.850. The cabinet shall, on a quarterly basis, publish trend reports from the data obtained by the system. Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, these trend reports shall not identify an individual prescriber, dispenser, or patient. Peace officers authorized to receive data under KRS 218A.202 may request trend reports not specifically published pursuant to this paragraph except that the report shall not identify an individual prescriber, dispenser, or patient.
- (8) If the cabinet deems it to be necessary and appropriate, upon the request of a state licensing board listed in KRS 218A.205, the cabinet shall provide the requesting board with the identity of prescribers, dispensers, and patients used to compile a specific trend report.
- (9) Any hospital or other health care facility may petition the cabinet to review data from the electronic system specified in KRS 218A.202 as it relates to employees of that facility to determine if inappropriate prescribing or dispensing practices are occurring. The cabinet may initiate any investigation in such cases as he or she determines is appropriate, and may request the assistance from the hospitals or

1		healt	th care facilities in the investigation.
2	<u>(10)</u>	If th	ne office or clinic of a practitioner is subject to emergency closure or other
3		<u>enfo</u>	rcement action resulting in a suspension or termination of the practitioner's
4		<u>cont</u>	rolled substance prescribing privileges, the Cabinet for Health and Family
5		Serv	ices or applicable professional licensing board may use data from the
6		<u>elect</u>	tronic system established by KRS 218A.202 to issue notification as soon as
7		<u>prac</u>	ticable to the practitioner's patients to help prevent the disruption of medical
8		treat	tment and promote continuity of care.
9		→ Se	ection 21. KRS 304.17-312 is amended to read as follows:
10	Asτ	ised in	KRS 304.17-313, 304.18-037, 304.32-280, and 304.38-210:
11	(1)	"Ho	me health agency" means a public agency or private organization, or a
12		subd	livision of such an agency or organization that which is licensed as a home
13		healt	th agency by the <i>Cabinet for Health and Family Services</i> [Kentucky Health
14		Faci	lities and Health Services Certificate of Need and Licensure Board] and is
15		certi	fied to participate as a home health agency under Title XVIII of the Social
16		Secu	nrity Act.
17	(2)	"Ho	me health care" means the care and treatment provided by a home health agency
18		<u>that</u>	[which] is prescribed and supervised by a physician. The care and treatment
19		shall	include but not be limited to one (1) or more of the following:
20		(a)	Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing services provided by an advanced
21			practice registered nurse, registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse;
22		(b)	Physical, respiratory, occupational, or speech therapy;
23		(c)	Home health aide services;
24		(d)	Medical appliances and equipment, drugs and medication, and laboratory
25			services, to the extent that such items and services would have been covered
26			under the policy if the covered person had been in a hospital.

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(3)

"Home health aide services" means those services provided by a home health aide

1		and supervised by a registered nurse that [which] are directed towards the personal	
2		care	of the patient. Such services shall include but not be limited to the following:
3		(a)	Helping the patient with bath, care of mouth, skin, and hair;
4		(b)	Helping the patient to the bathroom or in using a bedpan;
5		(c)	Helping the patient in and out of bed and assisting with ambulation;
6		(d)	Helping the patient with prescribed exercises that [which] the patient and
7			home health aide have been taught by appropriate professional personnel;
8		(e)	Assisting with medication ordinarily self-administered that has been
9			specifically ordered by a physician;
10		(f)	Performing incidental household services as are essential to the patient's
11			health care at home provided that such services would have been performed if
12			the patient was in a hospital or skilled nursing facility; and
13		(g)	Reporting to the professional nurse supervisor changes in the patient's
14			condition or family situation.
15		→ Se	ection 22. KRS 314.027 is amended to read as follows:
16	(1)	Func	ling for the Kentucky nursing incentive scholarship fund shall be [supplied
17		partl	y by funds received from penalties and fines, to include, but not be limited to,
18		certi	ficate of need penalties assessed on hospitals, nursing facilities, nursing homes,
19		perso	onal care homes, and family care homes under the provisions of KRS 216.560
20		and :	2 16B.131(2).
21	(2)	Add	itional funding shall be I provided by an assessment of five dollars (\$5) to be
22		adde	ed to each nurse licensure renewal application fee payable to the board, proceeds
23		of w	which shall be annually allocated to the Kentucky nursing incentive scholarship
24		fund	
25	<u>(2)</u> [(3)]	The board may cancel any contract between it and any applicant or recipient
26		upor	n failure by the applicant or recipient to meet requirements of KRS 314.025 to

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314.027 or board administrative regulations. Failure to complete the terms of the

1	contract shall subject the applicant to legal action for the recovery of all assistance		
2	provided, together with attorney fees and interest at a compound rate of eight		
3	percent (8%) from the date of disbursement from the Kentucky nursing incentive		
4	scholarship fund.		
5	→ Section 23. The following KRS sections are repealed:		
6	216B.021 Authorization for two 120-bed nursing homes in western and eastern		
7	Kentucky.		
8	216B.022 Establishment of nursing facility beds under pilot program for post-acute		
9	transitional care dependent upon long-term care bed need calculations for county in		
10	state health plan Sunset.		
11	216B.182 Conversion of licensed nursing home beds to licensed intermediate care		
12	facility beds between July 1, 2004, and September 1, 2005.		