19 RS SB 205/GA

1	AN ACT relating to guardians ad litem and other court-appointed counsel and
2	making an appropriation therefor.
3	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
4	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15A IS CREATED TO
5	READ AS FOLLOWS:
6	(1) The Office of Child and Family Advocacy is hereby established as an
7	independent agency of state government and is attached for administrative
8	purposes to the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet to provide a state-sponsored
9	and controlled system for guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel.
10	(2) The Child and Family Advocacy Commission is hereby created and shall:
11	(a) Receive applications, interview, and recommend to the Governor three (3)
12	attorneys as nominees for appointment as the child and family advocate;
13	(b) Assist the child and family advocate in drawing up procedures for the
14	selection of his or her staff:
15	(c) Review the performance of the guardian ad litem and court-appointed
16	counsel system and provide general supervision of the child and family
17	advocate;
18	(d) Assist the Office of Child and Family Advocacy in ensuring its
19	independence through public education regarding the purposes of
20	guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel; and
21	(e) Review and adopt an annual budget prepared by the child and family
22	advocate for the system and provide support for budgetary requests to the
23	<u>General Assembly.</u>
24	(3) The Child and Family Advocacy Commission shall consist of the following
25	members who shall serve terms of four (4) years, except the initial terms shall be
26	established as provided in subsection (4) of this section:
27	(a) Two (2) members appointed by the Governor;

1		(b) The Attorney General or his or her designee;
2		(c) One (1) member appointed by the President of the Senate; and
3		(d) One (1) member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
4		Appointed members shall be either child advocates or persons with substantial
5		experience in the representation of minors or disabled adults.
6	<u>(4)</u>	At the first meeting of the commission, a drawing by lot shall be conducted to
7		determine the length of each original member's term. Initially there shall be one
8		(1) two (2) year term, two (2) three (3) year terms, and two (2) four (4) year terms.
9		Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same
10		manner as original appointments. Appointments to fill vacancies occurring
11		before the expiration of a term shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term.
12	(5)	The commission shall first meet at the call of the Governor and thereafter as the
13		commission shall determine on a regular basis, but at least quarterly, and shall
14		be presided over by a chairperson elected by its members for a one (1) year term.
15		A majority of commission members shall constitute a quorum, and decisions
16		shall require the majority vote of those present; except that a recommendation to
17		the Governor pertaining to the appointment, renewal of the appointment, or
18		removal of the child and family advocate shall require a majority vote of the
19		commission. Each member of the commission shall have one (1) vote, and voting
20		by proxy shall be prohibited.
21	<u>(6)</u>	The child and family advocate shall, upon appointment or renewal, be an ex
22		officio member of the commission without the power to vote, shall serve as
23		secretary of the commission, and shall be entitled to attend and participate in all
24		meetings of the commission except discussions relating to renewal of his or her
25		<u>term or his or her removal.</u>
26	(7)	Commission members shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses
27		incurred while engaged in carrying out the duties of the commission and shall

Page 2 of 53

1		receive one hundred dollars (\$100) per day for each meeting attended unless
2		prohibited by law from receiving such compensation.
3	<u>(8)</u>	In no event shall the commission or its members interfere with the discretion,
4		judgment, or advocacy of employees of the Office of Child and Family Advocacy
5		in their handling of individual cases.
6		→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15A IS CREATED TO
7	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
8	<u>(1)</u>	The Office of Child and Family Advocacy shall consist of the child and family
9		advocate and such assistant child and family advocates as the child and family
10		advocate shall deem necessary, and such secretarial and other personnel as the
11		child and family advocate shall deem necessary.
12	(2)	(a) The child and family advocate shall be appointed by the Governor from a
13		list of three (3) attorneys submitted to him or her by the Child and Family
14		Advocacy Commission and shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in
15		Kentucky with at least five (5) years of experience in the practice of law who
16		has:
17		1. Served as a guardian ad litem in at least twenty (20) dependency,
18		neglect, or abuse proceedings;
19		2. Familiarity with the role, purpose, and function of guardians ad litem
20		and court-appointed counsel in both juvenile and district courts; and
21		3. The ability to develop training curricula.
22		(b) The child and family advocate shall, prior to or immediately after being
23		appointed, be trained in nationally recognized standards for a guardian ad
24		litem and court-appointed counsel.
25	(3)	The assistant child and family advocates shall be attorneys and shall be appointed
26		by the child and family advocate. However, notwithstanding any statute to the
27		contrary, the assistant child and family advocates shall not be covered by the

1	merit system and shall not be subject to the provisions of KRS 12.210.
2	(4) Notwithstanding any statute to the contrary, secretarial, clerical, and other
3	personnel shall be appointed by the child and family advocate and shall not be
4	covered by the merit system.
5	(5) Employees of the Office of Child and Family Advocacy, including the child and
6	family advocate, shall not participate in Kentucky's public employee retirement
7	systems.
8	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15A IS CREATED TO
9	READ AS FOLLOWS:
10	The authority and duties of the Office of Child and Family Advocacy shall include but
11	are not limited to:
12	(1) Administering a statewide guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel
13	program;
14	(2) Establishing policy and procedure for the management of a statewide guardian
15	ad litem and court-appointed counsel program, including developing and
16	promulgating administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of Sections 1
17	to 3 and 8 of this Act;
18	(3) Managing the guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel program to ensure
19	that:
20	(a) Minors receive qualified guardian ad litem services in dependency, neglect,
21	or abuse proceedings; and
22	(b) Disabled adults and others receive qualified court-appointed counsel;
23	in accordance with state and federal law and policy.
24	(4) Determining necessary personnel and appointing assistant child and family
25	advocates who shall be guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel;
26	(5) Establishing the number and location of offices throughout the Commonwealth
27	that shall provide guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel for the

Page 4 of 53

1	Commonwealth's minors and disabled adults;
2	(6) Being authorized to assign a contract attorney and to develop standards to employ
3	or contract with attorneys licensed to practice law in Kentucky, to act as
4	guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel;
5	(7) Developing and providing training programs for volunteers in accordance with
6	the United States Department of Justice National Court Appointed Special
7	Advocates Association standards;
8	(8) Developing and updating a guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel
9	manual that includes:
10	(a) Best practices for a guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel; and
11	(b) Statutory, regulatory, and case law relating to a guardian ad litem and
12	court-appointed counsel;
13	(9) Developing and providing a library of materials for the continuing education of
14	guardians ad litem, court-appointed counsel, and volunteers;
15	(10) Providing resources to educate court personnel regarding the role and function
16	of guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel;
17	(11) Developing needs assessment strategies, performing needs assessment surveys,
18	and ensuring that guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel training
19	programs correspond with actual and perceived needs for training;
20	(12) Designing and implementing evaluation tools based on specific objectives
21	targeted in the needs assessments described in subsection (10) of this section;
22	(13) Being authorized to pursue legal, administrative, and other appropriate remedies
23	to ensure the protection of the rights of children and disabled adults;
24	(14) Being authorized to purchase liability insurance for the protection of all full-time
25	child and family advocates and assistant child and family advocates to protect
26	them from liability for malpractice arising in the course or scope of employment
27	and for the protection of attorneys with whom the Office of Child and Family

19 RS SB 205/GA

1		Advocacy contracts to protect them from liability for malpractice arising in the
2		course or scope of the contract;
3	<u>(15)</u>	Being authorized to seek, apply for, and solicit funds for the operation of the
4		guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel program from any source, public
5		or private, and to receive donations, grants, awards, and similar funds from any
6		legal source. Those funds shall be placed in a special account for the Office of
7		Child and Family Advocacy and, notwithstanding KRS 45.229, those funds shall
8		not lapse;
9	<u>(16)</u>	Preparing and submitting an annual report, by January 1 of each year, to the
10		Child and Family Advocacy Commission and the Legislative Research
11		Commission regarding:
12		(a) The development, policy, and management of the statewide guardian ad
13		litem and court-appointed counsel program;
14		(b) The training and evaluation of guardians ad litem, court-appointed counsel,
15		and volunteers; and
16		(c) The number of cases assigned to the office as well as the number of minors
17		and disabled adults served by the office; and
18	<u>(17)</u>	Doing other activities and institute other programs as necessary to carry out the
19		provisions of Sections 1 to 3 of this Act, or those decisions or statutes which are
20		the subject of this section.
21		Section 4. KRS 61.510 is amended to read as follows:
22	As u	sed in KRS 61.510 to 61.705, unless the context otherwise requires:
23	(1)	"System" means the Kentucky Employees Retirement System created by KRS
24		61.510 to 61.705;
25	(2)	"Board" means the board of trustees of the system as provided in KRS 61.645;
26	(3)	"Department" means any state department or board or agency participating in the
27		system in accordance with appropriate executive order, as provided in KRS 61.520.

Page 6 of 53

For purposes of KRS 61.510 to 61.705, the members, officers, and employees of the General Assembly and any other body, entity, or instrumentality designated by executive order by the Governor, shall be deemed to be a department, notwithstanding whether said body, entity, or instrumentality is an integral part of state government;

6 (4) "Examiner" means the medical examiners as provided in KRS 61.665;

(5) "Employee" means the members, officers, and employees of the General Assembly
and every regular full-time, appointed or elective officer or employee of a
participating department, including the Department of Military Affairs. The term
does not include persons engaged as independent contractors, seasonal, emergency,
temporary, interim, [-and] part-time workers, or employees of the Office of Child
and Family Advocacy. In case of any doubt, the board shall determine if a person is
an employee within the meaning of KRS 61.510 to 61.705;

14 (6) "Employer" means a department or any authority of a department having the power
15 to appoint or select an employee in the department, including the Senate and the
16 House of Representatives, or any other entity, the employees of which are eligible
17 for membership in the system pursuant to KRS 61.525;

18 (7) "State" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky;

- 19 (8) "Member" means any employee who is included in the membership of the system or
  20 any former employee whose membership has not been terminated under KRS
  21 61.535;
- (9) "Service" means the total of current service and prior service as defined in this
  section;
- (10) "Current service" means the number of years and months of employment as an
  employee, on and after July 1, 1956, except that for members, officers, and
  employees of the General Assembly this date shall be January 1, 1960, for which
  creditable compensation is paid and employee contributions deducted, except as

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otherwise provided, and each member, officer, and employee of the General Assembly shall be credited with a month of current service for each month he serves in the position;

4 (11) "Prior service" means the number of years and completed months, expressed as a 5 fraction of a year, of employment as an employee, prior to July 1, 1956, for which 6 creditable compensation was paid; except that for members, officers, and employees 7 of the General Assembly, this date shall be January 1, 1960. An employee shall be 8 credited with one (1) month of prior service only in those months he received 9 compensation for at least one hundred (100) hours of work; provided, however, that 10 each member, officer, and employee of the General Assembly shall be credited with 11 a month of prior service for each month he served in the position prior to January 1, 12 1960. Twelve (12) months of current service in the system are required to validate 13 prior service;

14 (12) "Accumulated contributions" at any time means the sum of all amounts deducted 15 from the compensation of a member and credited to his individual account in the 16 members' account, including employee contributions picked up after August 1, 17 1982, pursuant to KRS 61.560(4), together with interest credited, or investment 18 returns earned as provided by KRS 61.5956, on such amounts and any other 19 amounts the member shall have contributed thereto, including interest credited 20 thereon or investment returns earned as provided by KRS 61.5956. "Accumulated 21 contributions" shall not include employee contributions that are deposited into 22 accounts established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) within the funds established 23 in KRS 16.510, 61.515, and 78.520, as prescribed by KRS 61.702(2)(b);

24 (13) "Creditable compensation":

(a) Except as provided by paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection, means all salary,
wages, tips to the extent the tips are reported for income tax purposes, and
fees, including payments for compensatory time, paid to the employee as a

1		result of services performed for the employer or for time during which the
2		member is on paid leave, which are includable on the member's federal form
3		W-2 wage and tax statement under the heading "wages, tips, other
4		compensation," including employee contributions picked up after August 1,
5		1982, pursuant to KRS 61.560(4). For members of the General Assembly, it
6		shall mean all amounts which are includable on the member's federal form W-
7		2 wage and tax statement under the heading "wages, tips, other
8		compensation," including employee contributions picked up after August 1,
9		1982, pursuant to KRS 6.505(4) or 61.560(4);
10	(b)	Includes:
11		1. Lump-sum bonuses, severance pay, or employer-provided payments for
12		purchase of service credit, which shall be averaged over the employee's
13		total service with the system in which it is recorded if it is equal to or
14		greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
15		2. Cases where compensation includes maintenance and other perquisites,
16		but the board shall fix the value of that part of the compensation not paid
17		in money;
18		3. Lump-sum payments for creditable compensation paid as a result of an
19		order of a court of competent jurisdiction, the Personnel Board, or the
20		Commission on Human Rights, or for any creditable compensation paid
21		in anticipation of settlement of an action before a court of competent
22		jurisdiction, the Personnel Board, or the Commission on Human Rights,
23		including notices of violations of state or federal wage and hour statutes
24		or violations of state or federal discrimination statutes, which shall be
25		credited to the fiscal year during which the wages were earned or should
26		have been paid by the employer. This subparagraph shall also include
27		lump-sum payments for reinstated wages pursuant to KRS 61.569,

1				which shall be credited to the period during which the wages were
2				earned or should have been paid by the employer;
3			4.	Amounts which are not includable in the member's gross income by
4				virtue of the member having taken a voluntary salary reduction provided
5				for under applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code; and
6			5.	Elective amounts for qualified transportation fringes paid or made
7				available on or after January 1, 2001, for calendar years on or after
8				January 1, 2001, that are not includable in the gross income of the
9				employee by reason of 26 U.S.C. sec. 132(f)(4); and
10	(	c)	Excl	udes:
11			1.	Uniform, equipment, or any other expense allowances paid on or after
12				January 1, 2019, living allowances, expense reimbursements, lump-sum
13				payments for accrued vacation leave, and other items determined by the
14				board;
15			2.	For employees who begin participating on or after September 1, 2008,
16				lump-sum payments for compensatory time;
17			3.	For employees participating in a nonhazardous position who began
18				participating prior to September 1, 2008, and who retire after July 1,
19				2023, lump-sum payments for compensatory time upon termination of
20				employment; and
21			4.	For employees who begin participating on or after August 1, 2016,
22				nominal fees paid for services as a volunteer;
23	(14) "	Fina	al con	ppensation" of a member means:
24	(	a)	For a	a member who begins participating before September 1, 2008, who is
25			empl	loyed in a nonhazardous position, the creditable compensation of the
26			mem	ber during the five (5) fiscal years he was paid at the highest average
27			mont	thly rate divided by the number of months of service credit during that

Page 10 of 53

1 five (5) year period multiplied by twelve (12). The five (5) years may be 2 fractional and need not be consecutive, except that for members retiring on or 3 after January 1, 2019, the five (5) fiscal years shall be complete fiscal years. If 4 the number of months of service credit during the five (5) year period is less 5 than forty-eight (48) for members retiring prior to January 1, 2019, one (1) or more additional fiscal years shall be used. If a member retiring on or after 6 7 January 1, 2019, does not have five (5) complete fiscal years that each contain 8 twelve (12) months of service credit, then one (1) or more additional fiscal 9 years, which may contain less than twelve (12) months of service credit, shall 10 be added until the number of months in the final compensation calculation is 11 at least sixty (60) months;

12 For a member who is employed in a nonhazardous position, whose effective (b) 13 retirement date is between August 1, 2001, and January 1, 2009, and whose 14 total service credit is at least twenty-seven (27) years and whose age and years 15 of service total at least seventy-five (75), final compensation means the 16 creditable compensation of the member during the three (3) fiscal years the 17 member was paid at the highest average monthly rate divided by the number of months of service credit during that three (3) years period multiplied by 18 19 twelve (12). The three (3) years may be fractional and need not be 20 consecutive. If the number of months of service credit during the three (3) 21 year period is less than twenty-four (24), one (1) or more additional fiscal 22 years shall be used. Notwithstanding the provision of KRS 61.565, the 23 funding for this paragraph shall be provided from existing funds of the 24 retirement allowance;

(c) For a member who begins participating before September 1, 2008, who is
 employed in a hazardous position, as provided in KRS 61.592, and who
 retired prior to January 1, 2019, the creditable compensation of the member

19 RS SB 205/GA

during the three (3) fiscal years he was paid at the highest average monthly rate divided by the number of months of service credit during that three (3) year period multiplied by twelve (12). The three (3) years may be fractional and need not be consecutive. If the number of months of service credit during the three (3) year period is less than twenty-four (24), one (1) or more additional fiscal years shall be used;

- 7 For a member who begins participating on or after September 1, 2008, but (d) 8 prior to January 1, 2014, who is employed in a nonhazardous position, the 9 creditable compensation of the member during the five (5) complete fiscal 10 years immediately preceding retirement divided by five (5). Each fiscal year 11 used to determine final compensation must contain twelve (12) months of 12 service credit. If the member does not have five (5) complete fiscal years that 13 each contain twelve (12) months of service credit, then one (1) or more 14 additional fiscal years, which may contain less than twelve (12) months of 15 service credit, shall be added until the number of months in the final 16 compensation calculation is at least sixty (60) months; or
- 17 For a member who begins participating on or after September 1, 2008, but (e) prior to January 1, 2014, who is employed in a hazardous position as provided 18 19 in KRS 61.592, or for a member who begins participating prior to September 20 1, 2008, who is employed in a hazardous position as provided in KRS 61.592, 21 who retires on or after January 1, 2019, the creditable compensation of the 22 member during the three (3) complete fiscal years he was paid at the highest 23 average monthly rate divided by three (3). Each fiscal year used to determine 24 final compensation must contain twelve (12) months of service credit. If the 25 member does not have three (3) complete fiscal years that each contain twelve 26 (12) months of service credit, then one (1) or more additional fiscal years, 27 which may contain less than twelve (12) months of service credit, shall be

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added until the number of months in the final compensation calculation is at least thirty-six (36) months;

- 3 (15) "Final rate of pay" means the actual rate upon which earnings of an employee were 4 calculated during the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the member's effective retirement date, including employee contributions picked up 5 6 after August 1, 1982, pursuant to KRS 61.560(4). The rate shall be certified to the 7 system by the employer and the following equivalents shall be used to convert the 8 rate to an annual rate: two thousand eighty (2,080) hours for eight (8) hour 9 workdays, nineteen hundred fifty (1.950) hours for seven and one-half (7-1/2) hour workdays, two hundred sixty (260) days, fifty-two (52) weeks, twelve (12) months, 10 11 one (1) year;
- 12 (16) "Retirement allowance" means the retirement payments to which a member is13 entitled;
- 14 (17) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal value when computed upon the 15 basis of the actuarial tables that are adopted by the board. In cases of disability 16 retirement, the options authorized by KRS 61.635 shall be computed by adding ten 17 (10) years to the age of the member, unless the member has chosen the Social 18 Security adjustment option as provided for in KRS 61.635(8), in which case the 19 member's actual age shall be used. For members who began participating in the system prior to January 1, 2014, no disability retirement option shall be less than the 20 21 same option computed under early retirement;
- (18) "Normal retirement date" means the sixty-fifth birthday of a member, unless
  otherwise provided in KRS 61.510 to 61.705;
- (19) "Fiscal year" of the system means the twelve (12) months from July 1 through the
  following June 30, which shall also be the plan year. The "fiscal year" shall be the
  limitation year used to determine contribution and benefit limits as established by
  26 U.S.C. sec. 415;

Page 13 of 53

1	(20)	"Off	icers and employees of the General Assembly" means the occupants of those				
2		posit	ions enumerated in KRS 6.150. The term shall also apply to assistants who				
3		were	were employed by the General Assembly for at least one (1) regular legislative				
4		sessi	on prior to July 13, 2004, who elect to participate in the retirement system, and				
5		who	serve for at least six (6) regular legislative sessions. Assistants hired after July				
6		13, 2	2004, shall be designated as interim employees;				
7	(21)	"Reg	ular full-time positions," as used in subsection (5) of this section, shall mean				
8		all p	ositions that average one hundred (100) or more hours per month determined by				
9		using	g the number of months actually worked within a calendar or fiscal year,				
10		inclu	iding all positions except:				
11		(a)	Seasonal positions, which although temporary in duration, are positions which				
12			coincide in duration with a particular season or seasons of the year and which				
13			may recur regularly from year to year, the period of time shall not exceed nine				
14			(9) months;				
15		(b)	Emergency positions which are positions which do not exceed thirty (30)				
16			working days and are nonrenewable;				
17		(c)	Temporary positions which are positions of employment with a participating				
18			department for a period of time not to exceed nine (9) months and are				
19			nonrenewable;				
20		(d)	Part-time positions which are positions which may be permanent in duration,				
21			but which require less than a calendar or fiscal year average of one hundred				
22			(100) hours of work per month, determined by using the number of months				
23			actually worked within a calendar or fiscal year, in the performance of duty;				
24			and				
25		(e)	Interim positions which are positions established for a one-time or recurring				
26			need not to exceed nine (9) months;				
07	$\langle \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a} \rangle$	<b>IID</b> 1					

27 (22) "Delayed contribution payment" means an amount paid by an employee for

purchase of current service. The amount shall be determined using the same formula
in KRS 61.5525, and the payment shall not be picked up by the employer. A
delayed contribution payment shall be deposited to the member's account and
considered as accumulated contributions of the individual member. In determining
payments under this subsection, the formula found in this subsection shall prevail
over the one found in KRS 212.434;

- 7 (23) "Parted employer" means a department, portion of a department, board, or agency,
  8 such as Outwood Hospital and School, which previously participated in the system,
  9 but due to lease or other contractual arrangement is now operated by a publicly held
  10 corporation or other similar organization, and therefore is no longer participating in
  11 the system. The term "parted employer" shall not include a department, board, or
  12 agency that ceased participation in the system pursuant to KRS 61.522;
- 13 (24) "Retired member" means any former member receiving a retirement allowance or
  14 any former member who has filed the necessary documents for retirement benefits
  15 and is no longer contributing to the retirement system;
- 16 (25) "Current rate of pay" means the member's actual hourly, daily, weekly, biweekly,
  17 monthly, or yearly rate of pay converted to an annual rate as defined in final rate of
  18 pay. The rate shall be certified by the employer;
- (26) "Beneficiary" means the person or persons or estate or trust or trustee designated by
  the member in accordance with KRS 61.542 or 61.705 to receive any available
  benefits in the event of the member's death. As used in KRS 61.702, "beneficiary"
  does not mean an estate, trust, or trustee;
- (27) "Recipient" means the retired member or the person or persons designated as
  beneficiary by the member and drawing a retirement allowance as a result of the
  member's death or a dependent child drawing a retirement allowance. An alternate
  payee of a qualified domestic relations order shall not be considered a recipient,
  except for purposes of KRS 61.623;

Page 15 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

(28) "Level dollar amortization method" means a method of determining the annual
 amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability that is set as an
 equal dollar amount over the remaining amortization period as of the actuarial
 valuation date. Under this method, the unfunded actuarially accrued liability shall
 be projected to be fully amortized at the conclusion of the amortization period;

6 (29) "Increment" means twelve (12) months of service credit which are purchased. The
7 twelve (12) months need not be consecutive. The final increment may be less than
8 twelve (12) months;

9 (30) "Person" means a natural person;

10 (31) "Retirement office" means the Kentucky Retirement Systems office building in
11 Frankfort;

(32) "Last day of paid employment" means the last date employer and employee
contributions are required to be reported in accordance with KRS 16.543, 61.543, or
78.615 to the retirement office in order for the employee to receive current service
credit for the month. Last day of paid employment does not mean a date the
employee receives payment for accrued leave, whether by lump sum or otherwise, if
that date occurs twenty-four (24) or more months after previous contributions;

18 (33) "Objective medical evidence" means reports of examinations or treatments; medical 19 signs which are anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities that can 20 be observed; psychiatric signs which are medically demonstrable phenomena 21 indicating specific abnormalities of behavior, affect, thought, memory, orientation, 22 or contact with reality; or laboratory findings which are anatomical, physiological, 23 or psychological phenomena that can be shown by medically acceptable laboratory 24 diagnostic techniques. including limited but not to chemical tests. 25 electrocardiograms, electroencephalograms, X-rays, and psychological tests;

26 (34) "Participating" means an employee is currently earning service credit in the system
27 as provided in KRS 61.543;

Page 16 of 53

GA

- 1 (35) "Month" means a calendar month;
- 2 (36) "Membership date" means:
- 3 (a) The date upon which the member began participating in the system as
  4 provided in KRS 61.543; or
- 5 (b) For a member electing to participate in the system pursuant to KRS 6 196.167(4) who has not previously participated in the system or the Kentucky 7 Teachers' Retirement System, the date the member began participating in a 8 defined contribution plan that meets the requirements of 26 U.S.C. sec. 9 403(b);
- 10 (37) "Participant" means a member, as defined by subsection (8) of this section, or a
  retired member, as defined by subsection (24) of this section;
- 12 (38) "Qualified domestic relations order" means any judgment, decree, or order,
  13 including approval of a property settlement agreement, that:
- 14 (a) Is issued by a court or administrative agency; and
- (b) Relates to the provision of child support, alimony payments, or marital
  property rights to an alternate payee;
- 17 (39) "Alternate payee" means a spouse, former spouse, child, or other dependent of a
  18 participant, who is designated to be paid retirement benefits in a qualified domestic
  19 relations order;
- (40) "Accumulated employer credit" mean the employer pay credit deposited to the
  member's account and interest credited on such amounts as provided by KRS
  16.583 and 61.597;
- 23 (41) "Accumulated account balance" means:
- (a) For members who began participating in the system prior to January 1, 2014,
  the member's accumulated contributions;
- (b) For members who began participating in the system on or after January 1,
  27 2014, in the hybrid cash balance plan as provided by KRS 16.583 and 61.597,

Page 17 of 53

1		the combined sum of the member's accumulated contributions and the
2		member's accumulated employer credit; or
3		(c) For nonhazardous members who are participating in the 401(a) money
4		purchase plan as provided by KRS 61.5956, the combined sum of the
5		member's accumulated contribution and the member's accumulated employer
6		contribution in the 401(a) money purchase plan;
7	(42)	"Volunteer" means an individual who:
8		(a) Freely and without pressure or coercion performs hours of service for an
9		employer participating in one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky
10		Retirement Systems without receipt of compensation for services rendered,
11		except for reimbursement of actual expenses, payment of a nominal fee to
12		offset the costs of performing the voluntary services, or both; and
13		(b) If a retired member, does not become an employee, leased employee, or
14		independent contractor of the employer for which he or she is performing
15		volunteer services for a period of at least twenty-four (24) months following
16		the retired member's most recent retirement date;
17	(43)	"Nominal fee" means compensation earned for services as a volunteer that does not
18		exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) per month. Compensation earned for services as
19		a volunteer from more than one (1) participating employer during a month shall be
20		aggregated to determine whether the compensation exceeds the five hundred dollars
21		(\$500) per month maximum provided by this subsection;
22	(44)	"Nonhazardous position" means a position that does not meet the requirements of
23		KRS 61.592 or has not been approved by the board as a hazardous position;
24	(45)	"Accumulated employer contribution" means the employer contribution deposited
25		to the member's account and any investment returns on such amounts as provided
26		by KRS 61.5956; and
27	(46)	"Monthly average pay" means the higher of the member's monthly final rate of pay

Page 18 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

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or the average monthly creditable compensation earned by the deceased member during his or her last twelve (12) months of employment.

Section 5. KRS 209.110 is amended to read as follows:

4 (1)A petition by the cabinet for emergency protective services shall be verified by an 5 authorized representative of the cabinet and shall set forth the name, age, and 6 address of the adult in need of protective services; the nature of the disability of the 7 adult, if determinable; the proposed protective services; the petitioner's reasonable 8 belief, together with the facts supportive thereof, as to the existence of the facts, and 9 the facts showing the petitioner's attempts to obtain the adult's consent to the 10 services and the outcomes of such attempts. The petition and all subsequent court 11 documents shall be entitled: "In the interest of-----, an adult in need of protective 12 services." The petition shall be filed in the court of the adult's residence, or if filed 13 pursuant to KRS 209.130, the court of the county in which the adult is physically 14 located.

(2) When a petition for emergency protective services is filed, the court or the clerk
shall immediately appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interest of the adult.
The duties of a guardian ad litem representing an adult for whom a petition for
emergency protective services has been filed shall include personally interviewing
the adult, counseling with the adult with respect to this chapter, informing him of
his rights and providing competent representation at all proceedings, and such other
duties as the court may order.

(3) Following the filing of a petition, a summons shall be issued and served with a copy
of the petition, and notice of the time, date and location of the hearing to be held on
the petition. Service shall be made upon the adult and his guardian or, if none, his
caretaker. Should the adult have no guardian or caretaker, service shall be made
upon the adult's guardian ad litem. Notice of the hearing shall be given to the adult's
spouse, or, if none, to his adult children or next of kin, unless the court is satisfied

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 that notification would be impractical. Service shall not be made upon any person 2 who is believed to have perpetrated the abuse, neglect, or exploitation. Service of 3 the petition shall be made at least three (3) calendar days prior to the hearing for 4 emergency protective services. 5 The hearing on the petition for an emergency order for protective services shall be (4) 6 heard under the following conditions: 7 The hearing on the petition, in the interests of expedition, may be held in any (a) 8 county within the judicial district or circuit served by the court. The court 9 shall give priority to the holdings of the hearings pursuant to petitions filed 10 under this chapter; 11 (b) The adult or his representative may present evidence and cross-examine 12 witnesses; and 13 (c) The adult or his representative may petition the court to have any order which 14 is entered pursuant to this chapter, set aside or modified for good cause. 15 Where protective services are rendered on the basis of an order pursuant to this (5)

where protective services are rendered on the basis of an order pursuant to this
section, the cabinet shall submit a report to the court describing the circumstances
including the name, place, date, and nature of the services. Such report shall be
made at least once or on a monthly basis if protective services are provided the adult
for a period of longer than one (1) month.

20 (6) The fee of the guardian ad litem shall be paid by the cabinet not to exceed
 21 <u>five[three]</u> hundred dollars <u>(\$500)</u>[(\$300)]. This fee is not to be paid to attorneys
 22 employed by government funded legal services programs.

→ Section 6. KRS 387.305 is amended to read as follows:

(1) No appointment of a guardian ad litem shall be made until the defendant is
summoned, or until a person is summoned for him, as is authorized by law; nor
until an affidavit of the plaintiff, or of his attorney, be filed in court, or with the
clerk, showing that the defendant has no guardian, curator, nor conservator, residing

Page 20 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 in this state, known to the affiant.

2 (2) A guardian ad litem must be a regular, practicing attorney of the court and may be
appointed by the court, whether a guardian, curator, or conservator appear for the
defendant or not. The guardian ad litem may be appointed upon the motion of the
plaintiff or of any friend of the defendant; but neither the plaintiff nor his attorney
shall be appointed, nor be permitted to suggest the name of the proposed guardian
ad litem; and the court may change the guardian so appointed whenever the interest
of the infant may appear to require such change.

9 (3) It shall be the duty of the guardian ad litem to attend properly to the preparation of 10 the case; and in an ordinary action he may cause as many witnesses to be 11 subpoenaed as he may think proper, subject to the control of the court; and in an 12 equitable action he may take depositions, not, however, exceeding three (3), without 13 leave of the court.

(4) The court shall allow to the guardian ad litem a reasonable fee<u>, not to exceed five</u>
<u>hundred dollars (\$500)</u>, for his services, to be paid by the plaintiff and taxed in the
costs. The affidavit of such guardian, or of another person, or other competent
evidence, is admissible to prove the services rendered, but not to prove their value.
The court must decide concerning such value, without reference to the opinions of
parties or other witnesses.

(5) Whether appointed pursuant to this statute or pursuant to a provision of the
Kentucky Unified Juvenile Code, the duties of a guardian ad litem shall be to
advocate for the client's best interest in the proceeding through which the guardian
ad litem was appointed. Without an appointment, the guardian ad litem shall have
no obligation to initiate action or to defend the client in other proceedings.

25 → Section 7. KRS 620.100 is amended to read as follows:

(1) If the court determines, as a result of a temporary removal hearing, that further
 proceedings are required, the court shall advise the child and his parent or other

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19 RS SB 205/GA

- person exercising custodial control or supervision of their right to appointment of separate counsel:
- 3 The court shall appoint counsel for the child to be paid for by the *Justice and* (a) 4 **Public Safety**[Finance and Administration] Cabinet. Counsel shall document 5 participation in training on the role of counsel that includes training in early 6 childhood, child, and adolescent development. The clerk of the court shall 7 arrange for service on all parties, including the local representative of the 8 Cabinet for Health and Family Services, of the order appointing counsel. The 9 fee to be fixed by the court shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) 10 however, if the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall 11 not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)];
- 12 The court shall appoint separate counsel for the parent who exercises custodial (b) 13 control or supervision if the parent is unable to afford counsel pursuant to 14 KRS Chapter 31. The clerk of the court shall arrange for service on all parties, 15 including the local representative of the Cabinet for Health and Family 16 Services, of the order appointing counsel. The parent's counsel shall be 17 provided or paid for by the Justice and Public Safety Finance and Administration] Cabinet. The fee to be fixed by the court shall not exceed five 18 19 hundred dollars (\$500); however, if the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)]; 20
- (c) The court shall appoint separate counsel for a person claiming to be a de facto
  custodian, as defined in KRS 403.270, if the person is unable to afford
  counsel pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. The clerk of the court shall arrange for
  service on all parties, including the local representative of the Cabinet for
  Health and Family Services, of the order appointing counsel. The person's
  counsel shall be provided or paid for by the *Justice and Public Safety*[Finance and Administration] Cabinet. The fee to be fixed by the court

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shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)<del>[; however, if the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)];</del>

- 4 (d) The court may, in the interest of justice, appoint separate counsel for a 5 nonparent who exercises custodial control or supervision of the child, if the 6 person is unable to afford counsel, pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. The clerk of 7 the court shall arrange for service on all parties, including the local 8 representative of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, of the order 9 appointing counsel. Counsel for the person shall be provided or paid for by the 10 Justice and Public Safety [Finance and Administration] Cabinet. The fee to be 11 fixed by the court shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)<del>[; however, if</del> 12 the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall not exceed 13 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)]; and
- (e) The court may, in the interest of justice, appoint a court-appointed special
  advocate volunteer to represent the best interests of the child pursuant to KRS
  620.500 to 620.550. The clerk of the court shall arrange for service on all
  parties, including the local representative of the cabinet, of the order
  appointing the court-appointed special advocate volunteer.
- 19 (2) If the court determines that further proceedings are required, the court also shall
  advise the child and his parent or other person exercising custodial control or
  supervision that they have a right to not incriminate themselves, and a right to a full
  adjudicatory hearing at which they may confront and cross-examine all adverse
  witnesses, present evidence on their own behalf and to an appeal.
- (3) The adjudication shall determine the truth or falsity of the allegations in the
  complaint. The burden of proof shall be upon the complainant, and a determination
  of dependency, neglect, and abuse shall be made by a preponderance of the
  evidence. The Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply.

Page 23 of 53

1	(4)	The disposition shall determine the action to be taken by the court on behalf of the
2		child and his parent or other person exercising custodial control or supervision.
3	(5)	Foster parents, preadoptive parents, or relatives providing care for the child shall
4		receive notice of, and shall have a right to be heard in, any proceeding held with
5		respect to the child. This subsection shall not be construed to require that a foster
6		parent, preadoptive parent, or relative caring for the child be made a party to a
7		proceeding solely on the basis of the notice and right to be heard.
8		→SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15A IS CREATED TO
9	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
10	<u>(1)</u>	(a) A court may appoint a:
11		<b><u>1.</u></b> Guardian ad litem to represent the best interest of a:
12		<u>a. Minor; or</u>
13		b. Disabled adult;
14		in any case before the court. The court shall consider the best interest
15		of the minor or disabled adult in determining whether to appoint a
16		guardian ad litem; and
17		2. Court-appointed counsel for:
18		<u>a. A minor;</u>
19		b. An indigent parent entitled to counsel pursuant to KRS Chapter
20		<u>31 in accordance with KRS 199.502, 625.0405, or 625.080;</u>
21		<u>c. A parent, de facto custodian, or nonparent who exercises</u>
22		custodial control or supervision and is unable to afford counsel
23		pursuant to KRS Chapter 31 in accordance with KRS 620.100;
24		<u>or</u>
25		<u>d. A disabled adult.</u>
26		(b) In all cases where a guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel is
27		appointed, the court shall make a finding that establishes the necessity of

1		the appointment.
2	<u>(2)</u>	A guardian ad litem shall represent the best interest of each minor who may
3		become the subject of a petition alleging dependency, neglect, or abuse, from the
4		earlier of the day that:
5		(a) The minor is removed from the minor's home by the Cabinet for Health and
6		Family Services; or
7		(b) The petition is filed.
8	<u>(3)</u>	The child and family advocate shall ensure that each guardian ad litem and
9		court-appointed counsel employed by the office:
10		(a) Represents the best interest of each client of the office in all venues;
11		(b) Prior to representing any client before the court, be trained in:
12		1. Applicable statutory, regulatory, and case law; and
13		2. Nationally recognized standards for a guardian ad litem and court-
14		appointed counsel;
15		(c) Conducts or supervises an ongoing, independent investigation in order to
16		obtain, first-hand, a clear understanding of the situation and needs of the
17		<u>client;</u>
18		(d) Personally meets with the client, unless:
19		1. The client is outside of the Commonwealth; or
20		2. Meeting with the client would be detrimental to the client;
21		(e) Personally interviews the client, unless:
22		<b>1.</b> The client is not old enough to communicate;
23		2. The client lacks the capacity to participate in a meaningful interview;
24		<u>or</u>
25		3. The interview would be detrimental to the client;
26		(f) Personally attends all review hearings pertaining to the client's case;
27		(g) Participates in all appeals, unless excused by order of the court;

1	(h) To the extent possible, and unless it would be detrimental to the client,
2	personally or through a trained volunteer, paralegal, or other trained staff,
3	keeps the client advised of:
4	1. The status of the client's case;
5	2. All court and administrative proceedings;
6	3. Discussions with, and proposals made by, other parties;
7	4. Court action; and
8	5. The psychiatric, medical, or other treatment or diagnostic services that
9	are to be provided to the client, if any;
10	(i) Makes all necessary court filings to advance the guardian ad litem's or
11	court-appointed counsel's position regarding the best interest of the client;
12	and
13	(j) Who represents a minor:
14	<b>1.</b> Conducts an independent investigation regarding the minor at issue,
15	the minor's family, and what constitutes the best interest of the minor.
16	The guardian ad litem may interview the minor's Cabinet for Health
17	and Family Services caseworker but may not:
18	a. Rely exclusively on the conclusions and findings of the Cabinet
19	for Health and Family Services; or
20	b. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, conduct a
21	visit with the client in conjunction with the visit of a Cabinet for
22	Health and Family Services caseworker;
23	2. If the minor is placed in an out-of-home placement, or is being
24	considered for placement in an out-of-home placement, unless it
25	would be detrimental to the minor:
26	a. To the extent possible, determines the minor's goals and
27	concerns regarding placement; and

Page 26 of 53

1	<u>b.</u> Personally assesses or supervises an assessment of the
2	appropriateness and safety of the minor's environment in each
3	placement;
4	3. Is familiar with local experts who can provide consultation and
5	testimony regarding the reasonableness and appropriateness of efforts
6	made by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to:
7	a. Maintain a minor in the minor's home; or
8	b. Reunify a minor with the minor's parent; and
9	4. In cases where a plan for reunification is required, personally or
10	through a trained volunteer, paralegal, or other trained staff, monitors
11	implementation of a minor's plan for reunification and any
12	dispositional orders to determine whether services ordered by the
13	<u>court:</u>
14	a. Are actually provided;
15	b. Are provided in a timely manner; and
16	c. Are accomplishing the intended goal of the services, to the extent
17	an assessment can be made.
18	(4) (a) A guardian ad litem and court-appointed counsel shall represent the best
19	interest of the client.
20	(b) If the client's wishes differ from the guardian ad litem's or court-appointed
21	counsel's determination of the client's best interest, the guardian ad litem or
22	the court-appointed counsel shall communicate the client's wishes to the
23	court in addition to presenting his or her determination of the client's best
24	<u>interest.</u>
25	(c) A difference between the client's wishes and the guardian ad litem's or the
26	court-appointed counsel's determination of best interest may not be
27	considered a conflict of interest for the attorney.

1		(d) The guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel shall disclose the wishes
2		of the client unless the client:
3		1. Instructs the guardian ad litem to not disclose the client's wishes; or
4		2. Has not expressed any wishes.
5		(e) The court may appoint one (1) guardian ad litem or court-appointed
6		counsel to represent the best interests of more than one (1) child of the same
7		parents.
8		(f) In every hearing where the guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel
9		makes a recommendation regarding the best interest of the client, the court
10		shall require the guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel to disclose
11		the factors that form the basis of the recommendation.
12	(5)	A guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel may meet with a client during a
13		team meeting, court hearing, or similar venue when a Cabinet for Health and
14		Family Services caseworker is present for a purpose other than the guardian ad
15		litem's or court-appointed counsel's visit with the client.
16	<u>(6)</u>	A guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel shall be provided access to all
17		Cabinet for Health and Family Service records regarding the client at issue and
18		the client's family.
19	<u>(7)</u>	A guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel shall:
20		(a) Continue to represent the client until released from that duty by the court;
21		and
22		(b) Maintain current and accurate records regarding:
23		1. The number of times the attorney has had contact with the client; and
24		2. The actions the attorney has taken in representation of the client.
25		→ Section 9. KRS 26A.140 is amended to read as follows:
26	(1)	Courts shall implement measures to accommodate the special needs of children
27		which are not unduly burdensome to the rights of the defendant, including, but not

1 limited to: 2 Trained guardians ad litem or special advocates, if available, shall be (a) 3 appointed for all child victims and shall serve in Circuit and District Courts to 4 offer consistency and support to the child and to represent the child's interests where needed. 5 6 During trials involving child victims or child witnesses, the environment of (b) 7 the courtroom shall be modified to accommodate children through the use of 8 small chairs, frequent breaks, and the use of age appropriate language. 9 (c) Children expected to testify shall be prepared for the courtroom experience by 10 the Commonwealth's or county attorney handling the case with the assistance of the guardian ad litem pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act or 11 12 special advocate. 13 In appropriate cases, procedures shall be used to shield children from visual (d) 14 contact with alleged perpetrator. 15 (2)The Supreme Court is encouraged to issue rules for the conduct of criminal and 16 civil trials involving child abuse in which a child victim or child witness may testify 17 at the trial. 18 → Section 10. KRS 49.120 is amended to read as follows: 19 (1)All claims must be filed with the commission within one (1) year from the time the 20 claim for relief accrued. 21 (2)The claim for relief shall be deemed to accrue at the time of the negligent act with 22 regard to property damage. 23 (3) The claim for relief for personal injury shall be deemed to accrue at the time the 24 personal injury is first discovered by the claimant or in the exercise of reasonable 25 care should have been discovered; however, no action for personal injury shall be 26 commenced beyond two (2) years from the date on which the alleged negligent act 27 or omission actually occurred.

Page 29 of 53

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, the claim for relief for medical
malpractice shall be deemed to accrue at the time the personal injury is first
discovered by the claimant or in the exercise of reasonable care should have been
discovered; however, no action for personal injury as a result of medical
malpractice shall be commenced beyond three (3) years from the date on which the
alleged negligent act or omission of malpractice actually occurred.

7 If at the time the alleged negligent act or omission occurred or if at the time the (5)8 claim for relief accrued or thereafter, the claimant is an infant or of unsound mind 9 or under any other legal disability to file suit, a guardian or next friend or committee 10 or other qualified representative shall bring such action in the commission on behalf 11 of such person within the same time limitation set forth herein or the claim is 12 barred, notwithstanding KRS 413.170 and 413.280. If there is no guardian or 13 committee or he is unwilling or unable to act or is himself a claimant, the 14 commission shall appoint a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of* 15 this Act to represent the interests of the claimant under legal disability. The 16 commission shall allow the guardian ad litem a reasonable fee for his services, to be 17 taxed as costs.

18 → Section 11. KRS 91.550 is amended to read as follows:

19 (1) The personal property of infants or persons judicially found to be of unsound mind20 shall not be distrained for taxes assessed on their real property.

(2) The real property of an infant or person judicially found to be of unsound mind shall
not, during his disability, after ascertainment of such disability by the city, be sold
without the appointment of a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act* to represent the interest of such person, for less than its certified assessed
value on any judgment of sale rendered for taxes and costs alone, where the real
property came to the infant or person of unsound mind by descent, distribution or
devise, or by gift or settlement of some person then deceased, or where the real

- property belonged to the person of unsound mind before he became of unsound
   mind.
   (3) No entire estate shall be sold, for taxes and costs chargeable to the owner of the
   particular estate, for less than its certified assessed value, so as to defeat any
   reversion, remainder or other future estate outstanding, unless the reversioners,
   remaindermen or holders of other future estates are ascertained and are of full age,
- and no such entire estate shall ever be put up to sale unless the particular estate of
  the taxpayer has first been put up and has failed to bring the amount of the taxes and
  costs.

10 → Section 12. KRS 199.500 is amended to read as follows:

(1) An adoption shall not be granted without the voluntary and informed consent, as
defined in KRS 199.011, of the living parent or parents of a child born in lawful
wedlock or the mother of the child born out of wedlock, or the father of the child
born out of wedlock if paternity is established in a legal action or if an affidavit is
filed stating that the affiant is the father of the child, except that the consent of the
living parent or parents shall not be required if:

- 17 (a) The parent or parents have been adjudged mentally disabled and the judgment
  18 shall have been in effect for not less than one (1) year prior to the filing of the
  19 petition for adoption;
- 20 (b) The parental rights of the parents have been terminated under KRS Chapter
  21 625;
- (c) The living parents are divorced and the parental rights of one (1) parent have
  been terminated under KRS Chapter 625 and consent has been given by the
  parent having custody and control of the child; or
- 25 (d) The biological parent has not established parental rights as required by KRS
  26 625.065.
- 27 (2) A minor parent who is a party defendant may consent to an adoption but a guardian

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2		<u>Act</u> .		
3	(3)	In the case of a child twelve (12) years of age or older, the consent of the child shall		
4		be given in court. Th	e court in its discretion may waive this requirement.	
5	(4)	Notwithstanding the	provisions of subsection (1) of this section, an adoption may be	
6		granted without the	consent of the biological living parents of a child if it is pleaded	
7		and proved as a part of the adoption proceedings that any of the provisions of KRS		
8		625.090 exist with re	espect to the child.	
9	(5)	An adoption shall r	not be granted or a consent for adoption be held valid if the	
10		consent for adoption	n is given prior to seventy-two (72) hours after the birth of the	
11		child. A voluntary a	and informed consent may be taken at seventy-two (72) hours	
12		after the birth of the child and shall become final and irrevocable twenty (20) days		
13		after it is signed.		
14		→Section 13. KRS	199.502 is amended to read as follows:	
15	(1)	Notwithstanding the	e provisions of KRS 199.500(1), an adoption may be granted	
16		without the consent	of the biological living parents of a child if it is pleaded and	
17		proved as part of the	e adoption proceeding that any of the following conditions exist	
18		with respect to the cl	nild:	
19		(a) That the paren	t has abandoned the child for a period of not less than ninety	
20		(90) days;		
21		(b) That the parent	t had inflicted or allowed to be inflicted upon the child, by other	
22		than accidental	means, serious physical injury;	
23		(c) That the parent	nt has continuously or repeatedly inflicted or allowed to be	
24		inflicted upon	the child, by other than accidental means, physical injury or	
25		emotional harr	n;	
26		(d) That the paren	t has been convicted of a felony that involved the infliction of	
27		serious physica	I injury to a child named in the present adoption proceeding;	

ad litem for the parent shall be appointed *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this* 

SB020510.100 - 1676 - XXXX

Page 32 of 53

1	(e)	That the parent, for a period of not less than six (6) months, has continuously
2		or repeatedly failed or refused to provide or has been substantially incapable
3		of providing essential parental care and protection for the child, and that there
4		is no reasonable expectation of improvement in parental care and protection,
5		considering the age of the child;
6	(f)	That the parent has caused or allowed the child to be sexually abused or
7		exploited;
8	(g)	That the parent, for reasons other than poverty alone, has continuously or
9		repeatedly failed to provide or is incapable of providing essential food,
10		clothing, shelter, medical care, or education reasonably necessary and
11		available for the child's well-being and that there is no reasonable expectation
12		of significant improvement in the parent's conduct in the immediately
13		foreseeable future, considering the age of the child;
14	(h)	That:
15		1. The parent's parental rights to another child have been involuntarily
16		terminated;
17		2. The child named in the present adoption proceeding was born
18		subsequent to or during the pendency of the previous termination; and
19		3. The condition or factor which was the basis for the previous termination
20		finding has not been corrected;
21	(i)	That the parent has been convicted in a criminal proceeding of having caused
22		or contributed to the death of another child as a result of physical or sexual
23		abuse or neglect; or
24	(j)	That the parent is a putative father, as defined in KRS 199.503, who fails to
25		register as the minor's putative father with the putative father registry
26		established under KRS 199.503 or the court finds, after proper service of
27		notice and hearing, that:

Page 33 of 53

1		1. The putative father is not the father of the minor;	
2		2. The putative father has willfully abandoned or willfully failed to care for	
3		and support the minor; or	
4		3. The putative father has willfully abandoned the mother of the minor	
5		during her pregnancy and up to the time of her surrender of the minor, or	
6		the minor's placement in the home of the petitioner, whichever occurs	
7		first.	
8	(2)	Upon the conclusion of proof and argument of counsel, the Circuit Court shall enter	
9		findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a decision either:	
10		(a) Granting the adoption without the biological parent's consent; or	
11		(b) Dismissing the adoption petition, and stating whether the child shall be	
12		returned to the biological parent or the child's custody granted to the state,	
13		another agency, or the petitioner.	
14	(3)	A biological living parent has the right to legal representation in an adoption	
15		wherein he or she does not consent. The Circuit Court shall determine if a	
16		biological living parent is indigent and, therefore, entitled to counsel pursuant KRS	
17		Chapter 31. If the Circuit Court so finds, the Circuit Court shall inform the indigent	
18		parent; and, upon request, if it appears reasonably necessary in the interest of	
19		justice, the Circuit Court shall appoint an attorney to represent the biological living	
20		parent pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act[KRS Chapter 31] to be	
21		provided or paid for by:	
22		(a) The petitioner, a fee to be set by the court and not to exceed five hundred	
23		dollars (\$500); or	
24		(b) The Finance and Administration Cabinet if the petitioner is a blood relative or	
25		fictive kin as established in KRS 199.470(4)(a), a fee to be set by the court	
26		and not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).	
27		→Section 14. KRS 202A.121 is amended to read as follows:	

Page 34 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 Upon the appearance of the person detained pursuant to KRS 202A.041 or upon the filing 2 of a petition pursuant to KRS 202A.051, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent 3 the respondent *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act* with such appointment and 4 representation to continue unless the respondent retains private counsel. The appointed 5 attorney shall be forthwith notified by the clerk of the allegations in the petition and the 6 date and purpose of the preliminary hearing. Notwithstanding KRS 202A.091, an attorney 7 appointed by the court or retained by the respondent shall be given access to the court 8 records relating to the petition.

→ Section 15. KRS 202B.210 is amended to read as follows:

10 Upon the filing of a petition for involuntary admission pursuant to KRS 202B.045, the 11 court shall appoint an attorney to represent the respondent *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3* 12 and 8 of this Act with the appointment and representation to continue unless the 13 respondent retains private counsel. The appointed attorney shall be forthwith notified by 14 the clerk of the allegations in the petition and the date and purpose of the preliminary 15 hearing. When it is necessary to appoint counsel, the District Court shall endeavor to 16 appoint private counsel, if available, to represent respondents, from a list of attorneys 17 who have volunteered to represent such respondents. The list shall be maintained by the 18 District Court clerk. Private counsel appointed by the court shall be compensated in the 19 manner set forth in KRS 620.100. If no other method of appointing counsel for the 20 respondent is available, the respondent shall be represented by the public advocate 21 pursuant to KRS Chapter 31.]

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→ Section 16. KRS 202B.250 is amended to read as follows:

(1) No less than once in every five (5) years following the initial order for involuntary
admission of a resident to an ICF/ID, or an order authorizing continued care and
treatment following review pursuant to this section, the court shall hold a hearing to
review the status of the resident and necessity for continued care and treatment in
the ICF/ID. Notice at least twenty (20) days in advance of the hearing shall be

Page 35 of 53

provided by the court to the ICF/ID, county attorney, guardian or limited guardian
 of the resident, if any, or, if none, an immediate family member as listed on the last
 interdisciplinary report filed by the ICF/ID. The court shall appoint an attorney
 *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act* to represent the resident at the review
 hearing.

6 (2) The review hearing may be informal and held in open court, in chambers, or at the
7 ICF/ID. The hearing shall be held without a jury and the resident shall be entitled to
8 present documentary evidence and witnesses and cross-examine witnesses against
9 the resident.

10 At the conclusion of the review hearing, the court shall make written findings of (3)11 fact concerning whether the criteria for involuntary admission set forth in KRS 12 202B.040 continue to be satisfied based upon clear and convincing evidence. If the 13 court finds that the involuntary admission criteria continue to be satisfied, the court 14 shall enter an order authorizing the continued care and treatment of the resident at 15 the ICF/ID and shall establish the period within which the next review shall be held. 16 Otherwise, the court shall enter an order requiring the resident to be discharged 17 from the ICF/ID.

(4) If at any point during the resident's placement at an ICF/ID it appears that the
resident no longer meets the criteria for involuntary admission set forth in KRS
20 202B.040, the resident, the resident's parent, guardian or limited guardian,
immediate family member, or attorney may request a review pursuant to this
section.

→ Section 17. KRS 209.110 is amended to read as follows:

A petition by the cabinet for emergency protective services shall be verified by an
authorized representative of the cabinet and shall set forth the name, age, and
address of the adult in need of protective services; the nature of the disability of the
adult, if determinable; the proposed protective services; the petitioner's reasonable

19 RS SB 205/GA

belief, together with the facts supportive thereof, as to the existence of the facts, and the facts showing the petitioner's attempts to obtain the adult's consent to the services and the outcomes of such attempts. The petition and all subsequent court documents shall be entitled: "In the interest of-----, an adult in need of protective services." The petition shall be filed in the court of the adult's residence, or if filed pursuant to KRS 209.130, the court of the county in which the adult is physically located.

8 (2) When a petition for emergency protective services is filed, the court or the clerk 9 shall immediately appoint a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of* 10 <u>this Act</u> to represent the interest of the adult. The duties of a guardian ad litem 11 representing an adult for whom a petition for emergency protective services has 12 been filed shall include personally interviewing the adult, counseling with the adult 13 with respect to this chapter, informing him of his rights and providing competent 14 representation at all proceedings, and such other duties as the court may order.

15 Following the filing of a petition, a summons shall be issued and served with a copy (3) 16 of the petition, and notice of the time, date and location of the hearing to be held on 17 the petition. Service shall be made upon the adult and his guardian or, if none, his 18 caretaker. Should the adult have no guardian or caretaker, service shall be made 19 upon the adult's guardian ad litem. Notice of the hearing shall be given to the adult's 20 spouse, or, if none, to his adult children or next of kin, unless the court is satisfied 21 that notification would be impractical. Service shall not be made upon any person 22 who is believed to have perpetrated the abuse, neglect, or exploitation. Service of 23 the petition shall be made at least three (3) calendar days prior to the hearing for 24 emergency protective services.

(4) The hearing on the petition for an emergency order for protective services shall beheard under the following conditions:

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(a) The hearing on the petition, in the interests of expedition, may be held in any

19 RS SB 205/GA

1		county within the judicial district or circuit served by the court. The court
2		shall give priority to the holdings of the hearings pursuant to petitions filed
3		under this chapter;
4		(b) The adult or his representative may present evidence and cross-examine
5		witnesses; and
6		(c) The adult or his representative may petition the court to have any order which
7		is entered pursuant to this chapter, set aside or modified for good cause.
8	(5)	Where protective services are rendered on the basis of an order pursuant to this
9		section, the cabinet shall submit a report to the court describing the circumstances
10		including the name, place, date, and nature of the services. Such report shall be
11		made at least once or on a monthly basis if protective services are provided the adult
12		for a period of longer than one (1) month.
13	(6)	The fee of the guardian ad litem shall be paid by the cabinet not to exceed
14		<u><i>five</i>[three]</u> hundred dollars $(\$500)$ [( $\$300$ )]. This fee is not to be paid to attorneys
15		employed by government funded legal services programs.
16		→Section 18. KRS 311.732 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	For purposes of this section the following definitions shall apply:
18		(a) "Minor" means any person under the age of eighteen (18);
19		(b) "Emancipated minor" means any minor who is or has been married or has by
20		court order or otherwise been freed from the care, custody, and control of her
21		parents; and
22		(c) "Abortion" means the use of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other
23		substance or device with intent to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known
24		to be pregnant with intent other than to increase the probability of a live birth,
25		to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or to remove a dead
26		fetus.
27	(2)	No person shall perform an abortion upon a minor unless:

Page 38 of 53

1		(a)	The attending physician or his agent secured the informed written consent of
2			the minor and one (1) parent or legal guardian;
3		(b)	The minor is emancipated and the attending physician or his agent has
4			received the informed written consent of the minor; or
5		(c)	The minor elects to petition any Circuit or District Court of the
6			Commonwealth pursuant to subsection (3) of this section and obtain an order
7			pursuant to subsection (4) of this section granting consent to the abortion and
8			the attending physician or his agent has received the informed written consent
9			of the minor.
10	(3)	Ever	ry minor shall have the right to petition any Circuit or District Court of the
11		Com	monwealth for an order granting the right to self-consent to an abortion
12		purs	uant to the following procedures:
13		(a)	The minor or her next friend may prepare and file a petition setting forth the
14			request of the minor for an order of consent to an abortion;
15		(b)	The court shall insure that the minor prepares or her next friend is given
16			assistance in preparing and filing the petition and shall insure that the minor's
17			identity is kept anonymous;
18		(c)	The minor may participate in proceedings in the court on her own behalf or
19			through her next friend and the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for her
20			pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act. The court shall advise her that
21			she has a right to court-appointed counsel <i>pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8</i>
22			of this Act and shall provide her with such counsel upon her request;
23		(d)	All proceedings under this section shall be anonymous and shall be given
24			preference over other matters to insure that the court may reach a decision
25			promptly, but in no case shall the court fail to rule within seventy-two (72)
26			hours of the time of application, provided that the seventy-two (72) hour
27			limitation may be extended at the request of the minor; and

Page 39 of 53

1		(e) The court shall hold a hearing on the merits of the petition before reaching a
2		decision. The court shall hear evidence at the hearing relating to the emotional
3		development, maturity, intellect, and understanding of the minor; the nature,
4		possible consequences, and alternatives to the abortion; and any other
5		evidence that the court may find useful in determining whether the minor
6		should be granted majority rights for the purpose of consenting to the abortion
7		or whether the abortion is in the best interest of the minor.
8	(4)	The court shall enter a written order, making specific factual findings and legal
9		conclusions supporting its decision as follows:
10		(a) Granting the petition for an abortion if the court finds that the minor is mature
11		and well informed enough to make the abortion decision on her own;
12		(b) Granting consent to the abortion if the court finds that the performance of the
13		abortion would be in the minor's best interest; or
14		(c) Deny the petition, if the court finds that the minor is immature and that
15		performance of the abortion would not be in the minor's best interest.
16	(5)	Any minor shall have the right of anonymous and expedited appeal to the Court of
17		Appeals, and that court shall give precedence over other pending matters.
18	(6)	No fees shall be required of any minor who declares she has no sufficient funds to
19		pursue the procedures provided by this section.
20	(7)	The Supreme Court is respectfully requested to promulgate any rules and
21		regulations it feels are necessary to ensure that proceedings under this section are
22		handled in an expeditious and anonymous manner.
23	(8)	The requirements of subsections (2), (3), and (4) of this section shall not apply
24		when, in the best medical judgment of the physician based on the facts of the case
25		before him, a medical emergency exists that so complicates the pregnancy as to
26		require an immediate abortion. A physician who does not comply with subsection
27		(2), (3), or (4) of this section due to the utilization of this exception shall certify in

Page 40 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

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writing the medical indications upon which his judgment was based.

2 (9) A report indicating the basis for any medical judgment that warrants failure to 3 obtain consent pursuant to this section shall be filed with the Cabinet for Health and 4 Family Services on a form supplied by the cabinet. This report shall be confidential. 5 (10) Failure to obtain consent pursuant to the requirements of this section is prima facie 6 evidence of failure to obtain informed consent and of interference with family 7 relations in appropriate civil actions. The law of this state shall not be construed to 8 preclude the award of exemplary damages in any appropriate civil action relevant to 9 violations of this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the 10 common-law rights of parents.

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→ Section 19. KRS 353.330 is amended to read as follows:

12 All of the persons in being who have any present or contingent interest in the lands or 13 estate or interest sought to be leased shall be made parties to the proceedings authorized 14 in KRS 353.300 to 353.380, with any infant or infants being represented either by next 15 friend or statutory guardian or guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this* 16 Act, or in the case of constructive service of summons by a warning order attorney 17 appointed as in other cases. Any person adjudged mentally disabled shall be represented 18 by his guardian or conservator or by guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8* 19 of this Act, or, in the case of constructive service of summons as in civil actions 20 generally, by a warning order attorney appointed as in other cases. If the court specifically 21 finds that the welfare or interest of any person or persons not in being requires special 22 representation, the court may appoint a trustee ad litem to represent such unknown parties 23 not in being or each separate class thereof, and such trustee ad litem shall file such 24 pleadings or answer and take such steps as he deems proper, and such unknown persons 25 will be fully bound by the proceedings hereunder. Otherwise, and in the absence of such 26 finding by the court, it shall not be necessary to make parties any persons not in being, 27 either as "unknown defendants" or otherwise, but the persons in being who are parties

shall stand for and represent the full title and whole interest in said lands or estate or interest therein, and all parties not in being who might have some contingent or future interest therein, and all persons, whether in being or not in being, having any interest, present, future or contingent, in the property sought to be leased, will be fully bound by the proceedings hereunder. It shall be permissible, however, to make defendants any unknown persons who might have any interest in the land sought to be leased, under the style of "unknown

8 defendants."

9  $\rightarrow$  Section 20. KRS 387.125 is amended to read as follows:

10 (1) A guardian shall apply the income or principal of the ward's estate to the payment of
11 debts, taxes, claims, charges, and expenses of the guardianship and, in accordance
12 with KRS 387.065, for the support, care, and education of the ward or the ward's
13 dependents.

14 (2) A guardian shall take possession of all of the ward's real and personal property.

- (3) A guardian may sell any of the ward's personal property without District Court
  authorization or confirmation. To sell any of the ward's real property, a guardian
  shall comply with the provisions of KRS Chapter 389A.
- (4) A guardian shall invest any of the ward's money or property which is not required
  for the ward's current support, care and education. The investments made of a
  ward's funds shall be investments authorized by KRS 386.020.
- 21 (5) A guardian may expend the ward's funds to repair and maintain the ward's personal22 and real property.
- (6) A guardian may institute or defend actions, claims, or proceedings in any
  jurisdiction for the protection of the ward's estate. Subject to the approval of the
  court in which the action, claim, or proceeding has been filed, a guardian may settle
  or compromise the action, claim, or proceeding on behalf of the ward. If the action,
  claim, or proceeding has not been filed in any court, the District Court of the county

Page 42 of 53

1		where a guardian qualified shall approve the settlement or compromise. Upon
2		approval of a settlement or compromise, a guardian may execute a release on behalf
3		of the ward. A guardian shall receive any proceeds from a settlement for
4		management in accordance with the provisions of this statute.
5	(7)	A guardian may lease any real property of the ward until the ward reaches majority,
6		but no lease shall be made for a term longer than seven (7) years unless otherwise
7		approved by the District Court.
8	(8)	A guardian shall obtain approval from the District Court of the county where the
9		guardian qualified for any of the following made on behalf of the ward:
10		(a) Any lease of mineral rights;
11		(b) Any lease of oil and gas rights;
12		(c) Any sale of timber owned by the ward; or
13		(d) Any consolidation agreement, as defined by KRS 353.220.
14		To aid it in making the decision on a proposed sale, lease, or consolidation
15		agreement, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the ward pursuant to
16		Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act. The guardian ad litem shall report to the court on
17		the suitability of the transaction.
18	(9)	A guardian shall comply with the reporting requirements specified in KRS 387.175.
19		→Section 21. KRS 387.305 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	No appointment of a guardian ad litem shall be made until the defendant is
21		summoned, or until a person is summoned for him, as is authorized by law; nor
22		until an affidavit of the plaintiff, or of his attorney, be filed in court, or with the
23		clerk, showing that the defendant has no guardian, curator, nor conservator, residing
24		in this state, known to the affiant.
25	(2)	A guardian ad litem must be a regular, practicing attorney of the court and may be
26		appointed by the court <i>pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act</i> , whether a

27 guardian, curator, or conservator appear for the defendant or not. The guardian ad

litem may be appointed upon the motion of the plaintiff or of any friend of the
defendant; but neither the plaintiff nor his attorney shall be appointed, nor be
permitted to suggest the name of the proposed guardian ad litem; and the court may
change the guardian so appointed whenever the interest of the infant may appear to
require such change.

6 (3) It shall be the duty of the guardian ad litem to attend properly to the preparation of
7 the case; and in an ordinary action he may cause as many witnesses to be
8 subpoenaed as he may think proper, subject to the control of the court; and in an
9 equitable action he may take depositions, not, however, exceeding three (3), without
10 leave of the court.

11 (4) The court shall allow to the guardian ad litem a reasonable fee<u>, not to exceed five</u> 12 <u>hundred dollars (\$500)</u>, for his services, to be paid by the plaintiff and taxed in the 13 costs. The affidavit of such guardian, or of another person, or other competent 14 evidence, is admissible to prove the services rendered, but not to prove their value. 15 The court must decide concerning such value, without reference to the opinions of 16 parties or other witnesses.

17 (5) Whether appointed pursuant to this statute or pursuant to a provision of the
18 Kentucky Unified Juvenile Code, the duties of a guardian ad litem shall be to
19 advocate for the client's best interest in the proceeding through which the guardian
20 ad litem was appointed. Without an appointment, the guardian ad litem shall have
21 no obligation to initiate action or to defend the client in other proceedings.

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Section 22. KRS 387.880 is amended to read as follows:

The petition shall be docketed with the court and set for hearing unless the court shall otherwise determine. Notice of the hearing shall be given to each interested party not less than fourteen (14) days in advance, in accordance with KRS 386B.1-070, unless waived in writing. The court may assign a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of* 

27 <u>*this Act*</u> to advise the court with respect to the suitability of the special needs trust.

19 RS SB 205/GA

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Section 23. KRS 388.250 is amended to read as follows:

2 Notwithstanding the provisions of existing law for adjudication of mental disability and 3 appointment of a guardian or conservator upon the inquest of a jury, where a petition is 4 filed for the appointment of a guardian or conservator for a mentally disabled beneficiary 5 of the Veterans Affairs under the provisions of this chapter, who is found within this state, whether or not a resident thereof, a certificate of the administrator of Veterans 6 7 Affairs or his duly authorized representative, accompanying such petition setting forth the 8 fact that such beneficiary has been rated incompetent by the Veterans Affairs on 9 examination in accordance with the laws and regulations governing such Veterans 10 Affairs, and that the appointment of a guardian or conservator is a condition precedent to 11 the payment of any moneys due each beneficiary by the Veterans Affairs, shall be prima 12 facie evidence of the necessity for such appointment. Provided, however, that some 13 member of the bar shall be appointed by the court to represent and protect the interests 14 and rights of such mentally disabled beneficiary *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this* 15 Act<sub>[as provided under existing law]</sub>, and further that the right of any such mentally 16 disabled beneficiary or any person interested in such beneficiary to demand a trial by jury 17 shall not be denied.

18 → Section 24. KRS 389A.030 is amended to read as follows:

19 (1)When two (2) or more persons other than tenants by the entirety in residential 20 property actually occupied by them as a principal residence share title to real estate 21 in such manner that a conveyance by them jointly would pass a fee simple title, any 22 one (1) or more of them may bring an action for the sale or division thereof in the 23 Circuit Court of the county in which the land, or the greater part thereof, lies, 24 making parties defendant those owners who have not joined as plaintiffs. A 25 fiduciary possessing a power of sale may institute such an action against owners of 26 interests not represented by him. Defendant owners shall be brought before the 27 court in the manner provided by the civil rules whether or not a fiduciary possesses

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19 RS SB 205/GA

a power of sale of the defendant's interest, but any fiduciary possessing such a power shall also be made a defendant. The case shall be tried without a jury.

3 (2) A defendant who is under disability and for whom no fiduciary is acting shall be
4 represented in the action by a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8*5 *of this Act*, but in the event of sale of such defendant's interest the court shall retain
6 control of the proceeds of such interest until a duly appointed and adequately
7 bonded fiduciary or custodian pursuant to a court order makes claim to the funds.

8 (3) In all such actions indivisibility of the real estate shall be presumed unless an issue 9 in respect thereto is raised by the pleading of any party, and if the court is satisfied 10 from the evidence that the property is divisible, without materially impairing the 11 value of any interest therein, division thereof pursuant to KRS 381.135 shall be 12 ordered.

13 (4) If a sale of all or any part of the real estate shall be ordered, the court shall refer the
matter to the master commissioner or appoint a commissioner to conduct a public
sale and convey the property upon terms of sale and disposition of the net proceeds
as may have been determined by the court.

17 (5) The death of any party pending the action and prior to distribution of the proceeds
18 of sale or setting apart a divisible share shall not affect the action but the court may
19 direct distribution or apportionment to the successors in interest of the decedent
20 upon application therefor.

(6) If the interest of any party be one for life, or other term, in any portion of the real
estate, the court shall determine the value of such interest and direct that such party
receive a portion of the net sale proceeds or portion of the property if divisible, in
fee in satisfaction of such interest, but if any party to the action objects to such
procedure, and if the court finds that such procedure would defeat the objects and
purpose of a person not a party to the action, such as a testator, grantor or settlor,
but that sale or division is nevertheless desirable, the court shall order that the

interest of the life or term tenant shall continue as to his portion of the real estate or
the net proceeds of the sale thereof, in the latter case by directing that the funds
derived from the sale of that portion of the real estate in which the life or term
interest existed be paid to a trustee, appointed by and accountable to the District
Court, for reinvestment and distribution of income and principal in a manner
consistent with the instrument under which the life or term estate was created.

Section 25. KRS 389A.035 is amended to read as follows:

8 When two (2) or more persons share title to real estate but an interest therein may be 9 possessed by persons unborn or not immediately ascertainable, an action for sale or 10 division may be brought in the same manner as provided in KRS 389A.030 but the 11 interest of the unborn or unascertainable persons, unless a living member of the class to 12 which such persons belong who is sui juris is a party to the action, shall be represented by 13 a guardian ad litem *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act* who is not acting in 14 such capacity for any other party to the action. In the event of sale or division under this 15 section, the court shall apply the provisions of subsection (6) of KRS 389A.030 to 16 preserve the interest of the unborn or unascertainable persons until they are born, 17 ascertained or the class to which they belong otherwise closes.

18 → Section 26. KRS 394.190 is amended to read as follows:

Any person interested in such probate may be summoned, or proceeded against bywarning order, and if an infant or mentally disabled person, a guardian ad litem shall be

- 21 appointed *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act*.
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Section 27. KRS 404.060 is amended to read as follows:

- 23 (1) A married woman may sue, and be sued, as a single woman.
- 24 (2) She may defend an action against her and her husband for herself, and for him also25 if he fail to defend.
- 26 (3) If a husband desert his wife, she may bring or defend for him any action which he
  27 might bring or defend, and shall have the powers and rights with reference thereto

19 RS SB 205/GA

- 1 which he would have had but for such desertion. 2 (4) If a female party to an action marry, her husband may be made a party by a motion, 3 causing the fact to be stated upon the record; and the action shall not be delayed by 4 reason of the marriage. 5 (5) But if a wife be adjudged mentally disabled, or imprisoned, the actions mentioned 6 in subsections (1), (2) and (3), of this section must be prosecuted or defended by her 7 guardian, conservator, or curator, if she have one, and if she have none, must be 8 prosecuted by her next friend, or defended by her guardian ad litem *pursuant to* 9 Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act. 10  $\rightarrow$  Section 28. KRS 620.100 is amended to read as follows: 11 (1)If the court determines, as a result of a temporary removal hearing, that further 12 proceedings are required, the court shall advise the child and his parent or other 13 person exercising custodial control or supervision of their right to appointment of 14 separate counsel: 15 The court shall appoint counsel for the child to be paid for by the *Justice and* (a) 16 **Public Safety**[Finance and Administration] Cabinet pursuant to Sections 1 to 17 3 and 8 of this Act. Counsel shall document participation in training on the role of counsel that includes training in early childhood, child, and adolescent 18 19 development. The clerk of the court shall arrange for service on all parties, including the local representative of the Cabinet for Health and Family 20 21 Services, of the order appointing counsel. The fee to be fixed by the court 22 shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)[; however, if the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall not exceed two hundred fifty 23 24 dollars (\$250)]; 25 The court shall appoint separate counsel for the parent who exercises custodial (b) control or supervision pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act, if the 26
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Page 48 of 53

parent is unable to afford counsel pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. The clerk of

1the court shall arrange for service on all parties, including the local2representative of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, of the order3appointing counsel. The parent's counsel shall be provided or paid for by the4Justice and Public Safety [Finance and Administration] Cabinet. The fee to be5fixed by the court shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) [; however, if6the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall not exceed7two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)];

8 (c) The court shall appoint separate coursel for a person claiming to be a de facto 9 custodian, as defined in KRS 403.270, pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of 10 *this Act*, if the person is unable to afford counsel pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. 11 The clerk of the court shall arrange for service on all parties, including the 12 local representative of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, of the 13 order appointing counsel. The person's counsel shall be provided or paid for 14 by the Justice and Public Safety[Finance and Administration] Cabinet. The 15 fee to be fixed by the court shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500). 16 however, if the action has final disposition in the District Court, the fee shall 17 not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)]:

The court may, in the interest of justice, appoint separate counsel for a 18 (d) 19 nonparent who exercises custodial control or supervision of the child 20 pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act, if the person is unable to afford 21 counsel, pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. The clerk of the court shall arrange for 22 service on all parties, including the local representative of the Cabinet for 23 Health and Family Services, of the order appointing counsel. Counsel for the 24 person shall be provided or paid for by the Justice and Public Safety Finance 25 and Administration] Cabinet. The fee to be fixed by the court shall not exceed 26 five hundred dollars (\$500)[; however, if the action has final disposition in the 27 District Court, the fee shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)]; and

Page 49 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 (e) The court may, in the interest of justice, appoint a court-appointed special 2 advocate volunteer to represent the best interests of the child pursuant to KRS 3 620.500 to 620.550. The clerk of the court shall arrange for service on all 4 parties, including the local representative of the cabinet, of the order 5 appointing the court-appointed special advocate volunteer.

6 (2) If the court determines that further proceedings are required, the court also shall
7 advise the child and his parent or other person exercising custodial control or
8 supervision that they have a right to not incriminate themselves, and a right to a full
9 adjudicatory hearing at which they may confront and cross-examine all adverse
10 witnesses, present evidence on their own behalf and to an appeal.

11 (3) The adjudication shall determine the truth or falsity of the allegations in the
12 complaint. The burden of proof shall be upon the complainant, and a determination
13 of dependency, neglect, and abuse shall be made by a preponderance of the
14 evidence. The Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply.

15 (4) The disposition shall determine the action to be taken by the court on behalf of the16 child and his parent or other person exercising custodial control or supervision.

17 (5) Foster parents, preadoptive parents, or relatives providing care for the child shall 18 receive notice of, and shall have a right to be heard in, any proceeding held with 19 respect to the child. This subsection shall not be construed to require that a foster 20 parent, preadoptive parent, or relative caring for the child be made a party to a 21 proceeding solely on the basis of the notice and right to be heard.

 $\rightarrow$  Section 29. KRS 625.0405 is amended to read as follows:

(1) A parent desiring the termination of his or her parental rights and a transfer of the
 parental rights to a person, persons, the cabinet, or a child-placing agency licensed
 by the cabinet for the purpose of adoption may prior to or upon the filing of the
 petition request the Circuit Court to appoint an attorney to represent the parent and
 provide legal representation in the termination action. If the court determines

22

Page 50 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 pursuant to KRS Chapter 31 that the requesting parent is indigent, the court shall 2 appoint an attorney (within forty-eight (48) hours) pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 3 <u>8 of this Act</u> to represent the indigent parent. The attorney for the indigent parent 4 shall receive a fee to be fixed by the court, not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) 5 and assessed as costs, and the court may order the costs to be paid by the proposed 6 adoptive parent, parents, or agency before the entry of a judgment of termination, 7 except the attorney's fee shall be paid by the Justice and Public Safety Finance and 8 Administration] Cabinet if termination is not granted, or if custody of the child is 9 placed with the cabinet.

10 (2) (a) In every voluntary termination proceeding, the expenses paid, including but 11 not limited to any fees for legal services, placement services, and expenses of 12 the biological parent or parents, by the prospective adoptive parent for any 13 purpose related to a termination of parental rights shall be submitted to the 14 court, supported by an affidavit, setting forth in detail a listing of the expenses 15 for the court's approval or modification.

16 (b) In the event the court modifies the expense request as it relates to legal fees 17 and legal expenses only, the attorney for the prospective adoptive parents shall 18 not have any claim against the prospective adoptive parents for the amount not 19 approved.

20 (3) Any person who violates subsection (2) of this section shall be guilty of a Class A
21 misdemeanor.

→ Section 30. KRS 625.041 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The parties to an action for voluntary termination of parental rights shall be the
parent seeking termination, whose presence is not required if represented by counsel
for the parent when an appearance-waiver and consent-to-adopt form is filed with
the court, but the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the best
interest of the child *pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act*.

Page 51 of 53

19 RS SB 205/GA

1 (2)The guardian ad litem shall be paid a fee to be fixed by the court, not to exceed five 2 hundred dollars (\$500), to be paid by the petitioner, except if the Cabinet for Health 3 and Family Services receives custody of the child, the guardian ad litem shall be 4 paid by the Justice and Public Safety[Finance and Administration] Cabinet. 5 The parent may sign an appearance-waiver and consent-to-adopt form when the (3) 6 parent chooses not to attend a voluntary termination of parental rights proceedings. 7 This form, prescribed by the Administrative Office of the Courts, shall: 8 Contain a statement of acknowledgment and agreement, regarding the (a) 9 appearance at the proceeding, signed by the parent, counsel for the parent, and 10 the cabinet. If the parent is a minor, the form shall also be signed by the 11 guardian of the minor parent; 12 Contain the parent's notarized signature; (b) 13 Contain any address to which the parent requests the final judgment be served. (c) 14 (4) If a joint petition is filed, counsel shall be designated as attorney for both parties. 15 → Section 31. KRS 625.080 is amended to read as follows: 16 In any involuntary action for termination of parental rights: 17 The Circuit Court shall conduct a private hearing. An official stenographic or (1)18 mechanical record shall be made of the proceedings and retained for a period of five 19 (5) years. The court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law, which may be made on the record, to support its judgment; 20 21 (2)Any child to whom an involuntary action directly relates shall be made a party to 22 the action and a guardian ad litem shall be appointed to represent the best interests of the child pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act. The person appointed as 23 24 a guardian ad litem shall be paid a fee not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500), to be paid by the Justice and Public Safety[Finance and Administration] Cabinet 25 26 when the cabinet is the proposed custodian. When the cabinet is not the proposed 27 custodian, the court may order the cost to be paid by the proposed adoptive parent,

1 parents, agency, or the petitioner. Upon motion of any party, the child may be 2 permitted to be present during the proceedings and to testify if the court finds such to be in the best interests of the child. In its discretion, the Circuit Court may 3 4 interview the child in private, but a record of the interview shall be made, which, in the discretion of the court, may be sealed to be used only by an appellate court; 5 6 (3) The parents have the right to legal representation in involuntary termination actions. 7 The Circuit Court shall determine if the parent is indigent and, therefore, entitled to 8 counsel pursuant to KRS Chapter 31. If the Circuit Court so finds, the Circuit Court 9 shall inform the parent; and, upon request, if it appears reasonably necessary in the 10 interest of justice, the Circuit Court shall appoint an attorney to represent the parent 11 pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 of this Act[KRS Chapter 31] to be provided or 12 paid for by the Justice and Public Safety[Finance and Administration] Cabinet a 13 fee to be set by the court and not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500); 14 (4) If the parent is currently authorized to visit with the child, the court may continue to 15 permit the parent to visit the child pending the final hearing unless it finds that 16 visitation would not be in the best interest of the child. 17 The hearing under this chapter shall be held within sixty (60) days of the motion by (5) 18 a party or the guardian ad litem for a trial date. 19 Section 32. Sections 8 to 31 of this Act take effect July 1, 2020. 20 → Section 33. Any guardian ad litem or court-appointed counsel appointed prior to 21 July 1, 2020, shall continue to represent his or her client until released from that duty by 22 the court. After July 1, 2020, guardians ad litem and court-appointed counsel shall be 23 appointed pursuant to Sections 1 to 3 and 8 to 31 of this Act.

Page 53 of 53