ACT No. 317

2023 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 196

BY REPRESENTATIVE BROWN

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact Code of Civil Procedure Article 966(A)(4), (B)(1), (2), and (3),
3	(D)(2), and (G), and to enact Code of Civil Procedure Article 966(B)(5) and (D)(3),
4	relative to motions for summary judgment; to provide for certain procedures at the
5	hearing on a motion for summary judgment; to provide for the filing and
6	consideration of certain documents; and to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. Code of Civil Procedure Article 966(A)(4), (B)(1), (2), and (3), (D)(2),
9	and (G) are hereby amended and reenacted and Code of Civil Procedure Article 966(B)(5)
10	and (D)(3) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
11	Art. 966. Motion for summary judgment; procedure
12	A.
13	* * *
14	(4)(a) The only documents that may be filed or referenced in support of or
15	in opposition to the motion are pleadings, memoranda, affidavits, depositions,
16	answers to interrogatories, certified medical records, certified copies of public
17	documents or public records, certified copies of insurance policies, authentic acts,
18	private acts duly acknowledged, promissory notes and assignments thereof, written
19	stipulations, and admissions. The court may permit documents to be filed in any
20	electronically stored format authorized by court rules or approved by the clerk of the
21	court.
22	(b) Any document listed in Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph
23	previously filed into the record of the cause may be specifically referenced and
24	considered in support of or in opposition to a motion for summary judgment by

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1	listing with the motion or opposition the document by title and date of filing. The
2	party shall concurrently with the filing of the motion or opposition furnish to the
3	court and the opposing party a copy of the entire document with the pertinent part
4	designated and the filing information.
5	B. Unless extended by the court and agreed to by all of the parties, a motion
6	for summary judgment shall be filed, opposed, or replied to in accordance with the
7	following provisions:
8	(1) A Except for any document provided for under Subsubparagraph
9	(A)(4)(b) of this Article, a motion for summary judgment and all documents in
10	support of the motion shall be filed and served on all parties in accordance with
11	Article 1313(A)(4) not less than sixty-five days prior to the trial.
12	(2) Any Except for any document provided for under Subsubparagraph
13	(A)(4)(b) of this Article, any opposition to the motion and all documents in support
14	of the opposition shall be filed and served in accordance with Article 1313(A)(4) not
15	less than fifteen days prior to the hearing on the motion.
16	(3) Any reply memorandum shall be filed and served in accordance with
17	Article 1313(A)(4) not less than five days inclusive of legal holidays notwithstanding
18	Article 5059(B)(3) prior to the hearing on the motion. No additional documents may
19	be filed with the reply memorandum.
20	* * *
21	(5) Notwithstanding Article 1915(B)(2), the court shall not reconsider or
22	revise the granting of a motion for partial summary judgment on motion of a party
23	who failed to meet the deadlines imposed by this Paragraph, nor shall the court
24	consider any documents filed after those deadlines.
25	* * *
26	D.
27	* * *
28	(2) The court may shall consider only those documents filed or referenced
29	in support of or in opposition to the motion for summary judgment and shall consider
30	any documents to which no objection is made but shall not consider any document

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that is excluded pursuant to a timely filed objection. Any objection to a document shall be raised in a timely filed opposition or reply memorandum. The court shall consider all objections prior to rendering judgment. The court shall specifically state on the record or in writing which documents, if any, it held to be inadmissible or declined to consider whether the court sustains or overrules the objections raised.

(3) If a timely objection is made to an expert's qualifications or methodologies in support of or in opposition to a motion for summary judgment, any motion in accordance with Article 1425(F) to determine whether the expert is qualified or the expert's methodologies are reliable shall be filed, heard, and decided prior to the hearing on the motion for summary judgment.

* * *

G. When the court grants a motion for summary renders judgment in accordance with the provisions of this Article, that a party or non-party nonparty is not negligent, is not at fault, or did not cause in whole or in part the injury or harm alleged, that party or non-party nonparty shall not be considered in any subsequent allocation of fault. Evidence shall not be admitted at trial to establish the fault of that party or non-party nonparty. During the course of the trial, no party or person shall refer directly or indirectly to any such fault, nor shall that party or non-party's nonparty's fault be submitted to the jury or included on the jury verdict form. This Paragraph does not apply if the trial or appellate court's judgment rendered in accordance with this Article is reversed. If the judgment is reversed by an appellate court, the reversal applies to all parties.

* * *

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(a) Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(a) expands the exclusive list of documents that may be filed and offered in support of or in opposition to a motion for summary judgment to include certified copies of public records and public documents as well as certified copies of insurance policies. Objections to any of the documents listed in Subparagraph (A)(4)(a) or their contents may be raised in a timely filed opposition or reply memorandum. See Subparagraph (D)(2) and Comment (k) (2015) to this Article. Even though affidavits may be filed in accordance with Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(a), objections may be filed if the affidavit does not comply with the requirements of Article 967. Objections may be raised in a timely filed opposition or reply memorandum if the content of any document filed in accordance with Subparagraph (A)(4)(a), including any certified copies of public records or public

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documents, would not be admissible at the trial on the merits. See Thompson v. Center for Pediatric and Adolescent Medicine, L.L.C., 244 So. 3d 441, 446 (La. App. 1 Cir. 2018). In most cases, a certified copy of an insurance policy should include the declaration page and relevant endorsements.

- (b) Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) is new and provides that a document listed in Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(a) that was previously filed in the record may be specifically referenced with the motion and opposition by title and date of filing. At the time of the filing of the motion or opposition, the party shall also furnish to the court and opposing party a copy of the entire document, designate the pertinent part of the document, and include the date the document was filed. See Louisiana District Court Rule 9.10. Failure to comply with Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) may be grounds for an objection requesting that the court not consider the referenced document. This Subsubparagraph still allows a party to attach to the motion or opposition all documents that are submitted and does not require a party to reference a previously filed document. Subparagraphs (B)(1) and (2) were also revised in accordance with this change.
- (c) Subparagraphs (B)(1), (2), and (3) now require that the motion for summary judgment, opposition to the motion, reply memorandum, and all documents filed or referenced in support of or in opposition to the motion for summary judgment be served electronically in accordance with Article 1313(A)(4).
- (d) Subparagraph (B)(3) clarifies that legal holidays are included in the calculation of time within which the mover shall file the reply memorandum. Subparagraph (B)(4) continues to apply in this situation. For example, if the hearing on the motion for summary judgment is set on Friday, the fifth day to file the reply memorandum falls on the preceding Sunday. Accordingly, under Subparagraph (B)(4), the mover would have the entirety of the preceding Monday to file the reply memorandum. The court should be aware of this requirement when setting hearings on motions for summary judgment.
- (e) Subparagraph (B)(5) is new and would change the result reached by the Louisiana Supreme Court in Zapata v. Seal, 330 So. 3d 175 (La. 2021). This Subparagraph is intended only to prohibit a trial court from reconsidering the granting of a partial summary judgment because a document was not timely filed and served with an opposition in accordance with the deadlines imposed by this Article.
- (f) Subparagraph (D)(2) was amended to include only slight changes in phraseology. The amendment is not intended to make substantive changes to the law.
- (g) Subparagraph (D)(3) sets forth a rule recognizing that if a party timely objects to the expert's opinion attached to either the motion for summary judgment or the opposition and elects to file a motion in accordance with Article 1425(F) questioning the expert's qualifications or methodologies, the court shall set a hearing and decide the Article 1425(F) motion prior to the hearing on the motion for summary judgment. To avoid any possible conflict between the time delays in this Article and Article 1425(F), the court should set appropriate deadlines for the Article 1425(F) hearing in a scheduling or pretrial order.
- (h) Paragraph G was amended to codify the holding of the Louisiana Supreme Court in Amedee v. Aimbridge Hospitality LLC, 351 So. 3d 321 (La. 2022). A defendant who has filed an opposition to the granting of a motion for summary judgment dismissing a codefendant may appeal the judgment despite the plaintiff's failure to appeal. Paragraph G was also amended to answer the question raised in footnote 1 of the opinion if summary judgment is granted finding a party not at fault, not negligent, or not to have caused in whole or in part the injury of any harm alleged, and that judgment is subsequently reversed, the fault or contribution

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APPROVED: _____