2019 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 419

BY REPRESENTATIVE IVEY

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

TAX/AD VALOREM TAX: (Constitutional Amendment) Amends Article 7 of the state constitution

1	A JOINT RESOLUTION
2	Proposing to amend Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana, relative to revenue and
3	finance; to provide for taxation; to provide for state debt; to provide for the state
4	bond commission; to provide for state funds; to provide for the Wildlife and
5	Fisheries Conservation Fund; to provide for the Louisiana Education Quality Trust
6	Fund; to provide for the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund; to provide for the
7	Budget Stabilization Fund; to provide for the Higher Education Louisiana
8	Partnership Fund; to provide for the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund;
9	to provide for the Oilfield Site Restoration Fund; to provide for the Oil Spill
10	Contingency Fund; to provide for the Millennium Trust; to provide for the Louisiana
11	Fund; to provide for the Millennium Leverage Fund; to provide for the Artificial
12	Reef Development Fund; to provide for the Agricultural and Seafood Products
13	Support Fund; to provide for the Hospital Stabilization Fund; to provide for the
14	Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund; to provide for the Revenue Stabilization
15	Trust Fund; to provide for the dedication of mineral revenues; to provide for the state
16	budget; to provide for budgets; to provide for the expenditure of state funds; to
17	provide for the general reporting; to provide for investments; to provide for property
18	taxation; to provide for the Revenue Sharing Fund; to provide for the Transportation
19	Trust Fund; to provide for an effective date; to provide for submission of the
20	proposed amendment to the electors; and to provide for related matters.

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1	Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members
2	elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state of
3	Louisiana, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to
4	amend Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana, to read as follows:
5	ARTICLE VII. REVENUE AND FINANCE
6	PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
7	§1. Power to Tax; Public Purpose
8	Section 1.(A) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the power
9	of taxation shall be vested in the legislature, shall never be surrendered, suspended,
10	or contracted away, and shall be exercised for public purposes only.
11	(B) The power to tax may shall not be exercised by any court in the state,
12	either by ordering the levy of a tax, an increase in an existing tax, or the repeal of an
13	existing tax exemption or by ordering the legislature or any municipal or parish
14	governing authority or any other political subdivision or governmental entity to do
15	so.
16	§2. Power to Tax; Limitation
17	Section 2. The levy of a new tax, an increase in an existing tax, or a repeal
18	of an existing tax exemption shall require the enactment of a law by two-thirds of the
19	elected members of each house of the legislature.
20	§2.1. Fees and Civil Fines; Limitation
21	Section 2.1.(A) Any new fee, or civil fine, or increase in an existing fee, or
22	civil fine imposed, or assessed by the state or any board, department, or agency of
23	the state shall require the enactment of a law by a two-thirds vote of the elected
24	members of each house of the legislature.
25	(B) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any department which
26	is constitutionally created and headed by an officer who is elected by majority vote
27	of the electorate of the state.
28	§2.2. Power to Tax; Sales and Use Tax; Limitation

1	Section 2.2.(A) Effective January 1, 2003, the sales and use tax rate imposed
2	by the state of Louisiana or by a political subdivision whose boundaries are
3	coterminous with those of the state shall not exceed two percent of the price of the
4	following items:
5	(1) Food for home consumption, as defined in R.S. 47:305(D)(1)(n) through
6	(r) on January 1, 2003.
7	(2) Natural gas, electricity, and water sold directly to the consumer for
8	residential use.
9	(3) Prescription drugs.
10	(B) Effective Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (A) of this
11	Section, effective July 1, 2003, the sales and use tax imposed by the state of
12	Louisiana or by a political subdivision whose boundaries are coterminous with those
13	of the state shall not apply to sales or purchases of the following items:
14	(1) Food for home consumption, as defined in R.S. 47:305(D)(1)(n) through
15	(r) on January 1, 2003.
16	(2) Natural gas, electricity, and water sold directly to the consumer for
17	residential use.
18	(3) Prescription drugs.
19	(C) As used in this Section, the term "sold directly to the consumer for
20	residential use" includes the furnishing of natural gas, electricity, or water to single
21	private residences, including the separate private units of apartment houses and other
22	multiple dwellings, actually used for residential purposes, which residences are
23	separately metered or measured, regardless of the fact that a person other than the
24	resident is contractually bound to the supplier for the charges, actually pays the
25	charges, or is billed for the charges. The use of electricity, natural gas, or water in
26	hotel or motel units does not constitute residential use.
27	§2.3. Power to Tax; Limitation; Sale or Transfer of Immovable Property
28	Section 2.3. No new tax or fee upon the sale or transfer of immovable
29	property, including documentary transaction taxes or fees, or any other tax or fee,

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1	shall be levied by the state of Louisiana, by a political subdivision whose boundaries
2	are coterminous with those of the state, or by a political subdivision, as defined in
3	Article VI, Section 44(2) of this constitution after November 30, 2011. A
4	documentary transaction is any transaction pursuant to any instrument, act, writing,
5	or document which transfers or conveys immovable property. Fees for the cost of
6	recordation, filing, or maintenance of documents, or records effectuating the sale or
7	transfer of immovable property, impact fees for development of property, annual
8	parcel fees, and ad valorem taxes shall not be considered taxes or fees upon the sale
9	or transfer of immovable property.
10	§3. Collection of Taxes
11	Section 3.(A) The legislature shall prohibit the issuance of process to restrain
12	the collection of any tax. It shall provide a complete and adequate remedy for the
13	prompt recovery of an illegal tax paid by a taxpayer.
14	(B)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this constitution, sales and
15	use taxes levied by political subdivisions shall be collected by a single collector for
16	each parish. On or before July 1, 1992, all political subdivisions within each parish
17	which levy a sales and use tax shall agree between and among themselves to provide
18	for the collection of such taxes by a single collector or a central collection
19	commission. The legislature, by general law, shall provide for the collection of sales
20	and use taxes, levied by political subdivisions, by a central collection commission
21	in those parishes where a single collector or a central collection commission has not

22 been established by July 1, 1992.

(2) The legislature, by local law enacted by two-thirds of the elected
members of each house of the legislature, may establish an alternate method of
providing for a single collector or a central collection commission in each parish.

26 (3) Except when authorized by the unanimous agreement of all political
27 subdivisions levying a sales and use tax within a parish, only those political
28 subdivisions levying a sales and use tax shall be authorized to act as the single

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collector or participate on any commission established for the collection of such taxes.

3 (4) The legislature shall provide for the prompt remittance to the political
4 subdivisions identified on the taxpayers' returns of funds collected pursuant to the
5 provisions of this Paragraph by a single collector or under any other centralized
6 collection arrangement.

7 (5) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply in those parishes which
8 have a single collector or a centralized collection arrangement as of July 1, 1992.

9 §4. Income Tax; Severance Tax; Political Subdivisions

10 Section 4.(A) Income Tax. Equal and uniform taxes may be levied on net 11 incomes, and these taxes may be graduated according to the amount of net income. 12 However, the state individual and joint income tax schedule of rates and brackets shall never exceed the rates and brackets set forth in Title 47 of the Louisiana 13 14 Revised Statutes on January 1, 2003. Federal income taxes paid shall be allowed as 15 a deductible item in computing state income taxes for the same period. The state tax 16 levied on the net income of individuals shall be levied at a flat rate which shall be 17 established in law.

18 (B) Severance Tax. Taxes may be levied on natural resources severed from 19 the soil or water, to be paid proportionately by the owners thereof at the time of 20 severance. Natural resources may be classified for the purpose of taxation. Such 21 taxes may be predicated upon either the quantity or value of the products at the time 22 and place of severance. No further or additional tax or license shall be levied or 23 imposed upon oil, gas, or sulphur leases or rights. No additional value shall be added 24 to the assessment of land by reason of the presence of oil, gas, or sulphur therein or 25 their production therefrom. However, sulphur in place shall be assessed for ad 26 valorem taxation to the person, firm, or corporation having the right to mine or 27 produce the same in the parish where located, at no more than twice the total 28 assessed value of the physical property subject to taxation, excluding the assessed 29 value of sulphur above ground, as is used in sulphur operations in such parish.

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- Likewise, the severance tax shall be the only tax on timber; however, standing timber
   shall be liable equally with the land on which it stands for ad valorem taxes levied
   on the land.
- 4 (C) Political Subdivisions; Prohibitions. A political subdivision of the state 5 shall not levy a severance tax, income tax, inheritance tax, or tax on motor fuel.

6 (D)(1) Severance Tax Allocation. One-third of the sulphur severance tax, 7 but not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-third of the lignite severance 8 tax, but not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-fifth of the severance tax 9 on all natural resources, other than sulphur, lignite, or timber, but not to exceed five 10 hundred thousand dollars; and three-fourths of the timber severance tax shall be 11 remitted to the governing authority of the parish in which severance or production 12 occurs.

(2) Effective July 1, 1999, one-third of the sulphur severance tax, but not to
exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-third of the lignite severance tax, but not
to exceed one hundred thousand dollars; one-fifth of the severance tax on all natural
resources, other than sulphur, lignite, or timber, but not to exceed seven hundred fifty
thousand dollars; and three-fourths of the timber severance tax shall be remitted to
the governing authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs.

19 (3) Effective July 1, 2007, one-fifth of the severance tax on all natural 20 resources other than sulphur, lignite, or timber shall be remitted to the governing 21 authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs. The initial 22 maximum amount remitted to the parish in which severance or production occurs 23 shall not exceed eight hundred fifty thousand dollars. The maximum amount 24 remitted shall be increased each July first, beginning in 2008, by an amount equal to the average annual increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, as 25 26 published by the United States Department of Labor, for the previous calendar year, 27 as calculated and adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

(4) Effective April 1, 2012, the provisions of this Subparagraph shall be
 implemented if and when the last official forecast of revenues adopted for a fiscal

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1 year before the start of that fiscal year contains an estimate of severance tax revenues 2 derived from natural resources other than sulphur, lignite, or timber in an amount 3 which exceeds the actual severance tax revenues from such natural resources 4 collected in Fiscal Year 2008-2009. Upon the adoption of such official forecast, the 5 Revenue Estimating Conference shall certify that the requirements for the 6 implementation of the provisions contained in this Subparagraph have been met. In 7 such event, the following distributions and allocations of severance tax revenues and 8 other revenues provided in this Subparagraph shall be effective and implemented for 9 the fiscal year for which the official forecast was adopted, and each year thereafter. 10 The legislature shall provide by law for the administrative procedures necessary to 11 change the severance tax allocation to parishes from a calendar year basis to a fiscal 12 year basis.

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(a) Remittance to parishes.

(i) In the first fiscal year of implementation of this Subparagraph, the
maximum amount of severance tax on all natural resources other than sulphur,
lignite, or timber which is remitted to the parish in which severance or production
occurs shall not exceed one million eight hundred fifty thousand dollars. For all
subsequent fiscal years, the maximum amount remitted to a parish shall not exceed
two million eight hundred fifty thousand dollars.

(ii) On July first of each year the maximum amount remitted to the parish in
which severance or production occurs, as provided in Item (i) of this
Subsubparagraph, shall be increased by an amount equal to the average annual
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the previous
calendar year, as published by the United States Department of Labor, which amount
shall be as calculated and adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

(iii) Of the total amount of severance tax revenues remitted in a fiscal year
 to a parish governing authority pursuant to the provisions of this Subparagraph, any
 portion which is in excess of the amount of such tax revenues remitted to that parish
 in Fiscal Year 2011-2012 shall be known as "excess severance tax". At least fifty

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percent of the excess severance tax received by a parish governing authority in a
 fiscal year shall be expended within the parish in the same manner and for the same
 purposes as monies received by the parish from the Parish Transportation Fund.

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(b) Deposit into the Atchafalaya Basin Conservation Fund.

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, 5 6 after allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, and after satisfying the required 7 8 allocations in Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph, Paragraph (E) of this 9 Section, and Article VII, Sections 10-A and 10.2 of this constitution, an amount 10 equal to fifty percent of the revenues received from severance taxes and royalties on 11 state lands in the Atchafalaya Basin, but not to exceed ten million dollars each fiscal 12 year, shall be deposited by the treasurer into the Atchafalaya Basin Conservation 13 Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund", which is hereby created as a special fund 14 in the state treasury. The monies in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer in the 15 manner provided by law, and interest earned on the investment of these monies shall 16 be deposited in and credited to the fund. All unexpended or unencumbered monies 17 remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

(ii) The monies in the fund shall be used exclusively for projects contained
in the state or federal Basin master plans or an annual Basin plan developed and
approved by the advisory or approval board created by law specifically for that
purpose, or to provide match for the Atchafalaya Basin Floodway System, Louisiana
Project. Each year's plan for the expenditure of monies appropriated from the fund
shall be subject to the approval of the appropriate subject matter committees of the
legislature.

(iii) Of the monies appropriated in any fiscal year, eighty-five percent shall
be used for water management, water quality, or access projects, and the remaining
fifteen percent may be used to complete ongoing projects and for projects that are
in accordance with the mission statement of the state master plan. However, no more

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than five percent of the monies appropriated in any fiscal year may be used for the
 operational costs of the program or the department.

3 (E) Royalties Allocation. One-tenth of the royalties from mineral leases on 4 state-owned land, lake and river beds and other water bottoms belonging to the state 5 or the title to which is in the public for mineral development shall be remitted to the 6 governing authority of the parish in which severance or production occurs. A parish 7 governing authority may fund these royalties into general obligation bonds of the 8 parish in accordance with law. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to 9 properties comprising the Russell Sage Wildlife and Game Refuge.

10 §4.1. Cigarette Tax Rates

Section 4.1. To ensure revenue for the dedication provided for in Article VII,
Section 10.8(C)(2)(c) of this constitution, the rate of the tax levied pursuant to R.S.
47:841(B)(3) shall not be less than the rate set forth in that provision as it exists on
January 1, 2012.

15 §5. Motor Vehicle License Tax

16 Section 5. The legislature shall impose an annual license tax of not more 17 than one dollar per each one thousand dollars of actual value on automobiles for 18 private use based on the actual value of the vehicle, as provided by law. However, 19 the annual license tax shall not be less than ten dollars per automobile for private 20 use. On other motor vehicles, the legislature shall impose an annual license tax 21 based upon carrying capacity, horsepower, value, weight, or any of these. After 22 satisfying the requirements of Section 9(B) of this Article, and after satisfying 23 pledges respecting that portion of the revenues attributable to the tax rates in effect 24 at the time of such pledges for the payment of obligations for bonds or other 25 evidences of indebtedness and upon the creation of a Transportation Trust Fund 26 within this constitution, the revenues from the license tax on automobiles for private 27 use shall be deposited therein. In the event no such trust fund is established in this 28 constitution, the revenues shall be used exclusively and solely as provided by law for 29 the construction, maintenance, and safety of the federal and state system of roads and

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1 bridges, for the parish and municipal road systems, for the operations of the office 2 of state police, Department of Public Safety and Corrections or its successor, and for 3 the payment of any obligation for bonds issued or indebtedness incurred in 4 connection with any of the foregoing, which bonds may be issued as revenue bonds 5 under Article VII, Section 6(C) of this constitution, subject to existing pledges only 6 as to that portion of the tax collections attributable to the rates in effect at the time 7 of such pledges for the payment of any obligations for bonds or other evidences of 8 indebtedness outstanding on the effective date of this Section. No parish or 9 municipality may impose a license fee on motor vehicles.

10 §6. State Debt; Full Faith and Credit Obligations

11 Section 6.(A) Authorization. Unless otherwise authorized by this 12 constitution, the state shall have no power, directly or indirectly, or through any state 13 board, agency, commission, or otherwise, to incur debt or issue bonds except by law 14 enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. The 15 debt may be incurred or the bonds issued only if the funds are to be used to repel 16 invasion; suppress insurrection; provide relief from natural catastrophes; refund 17 outstanding indebtedness at the same or a lower effective interest rate; or make 18 capital improvements, but only in accordance with a comprehensive capital outlay 19 budget, which the legislature shall adopt.

(B) Capital Improvements. (1) If the purpose is to make capital
improvements, the nature and location and, if more than one project, the amount
allocated to each and the order of priority shall be stated in the comprehensive
capital <u>outlay</u> budget which the legislature adopts.

(2) The estimated amount of debt service to be paid for capital improvements
for the next fiscal year shall be stated as a separate item and by budget unit in the
budget estimate required to be submitted by the governor in accordance with Section
11 of this Article.

(C) Full Faith and Credit. The full faith and credit of the state shall be
pledged to the repayment of all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued by

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1 the state directly or through any state board, agency, or commission pursuant to the 2 provisions of Paragraphs (A) and (B) hereof. The full faith and credit of the state is 3 not hereby pledged to the repayment of bonds of a levee district, political 4 subdivision, or local public agency. In addition, any state board, agency, or 5 commission authorized by law to issue bonds, in the manner so authorized and with 6 the approval of the State Bond Commission or its successor, may issue bonds which 7 are payable from fees, rates, rentals, tolls, charges, grants, or other receipts or income 8 derived by or in connection with an undertaking, facility, project, or any combination 9 thereof, without a pledge of the full faith and credit of the state. Such revenue bonds 10 may, but are not required to, be issued in accordance with the provisions of 11 Paragraphs (A) and (B) hereof. If issued other than as provided in Paragraphs (A) 12 and (B), such revenue bonds shall not carry the pledge of the full faith and credit of 13 the state and the issuance of the bonds shall not constitute the incurring of state debt 14 under this constitution. The rights granted to deep-water port commissions or 15 deep-water port, harbor, and terminal districts under this constitution shall not be impaired by this Section. 16

17 (D) Referendum. The legislature, by law enacted by two-thirds of the 18 elected members of each house, may propose a statewide public referendum to 19 authorize incurrence of debt for any purpose for which the legislature is not herein 20 authorized to incur debt.

(E) Exception. Nothing in this Section shall apply to any levee district,
political subdivision, or local public agency unless the full faith and credit of the
state is pledged to the payment of the bonds of the levee district, political
subdivision, or local public agency.

(F) Limitation. (1) The legislature shall provide for the determination of a
limit to the amount of net state tax supported debt which may be issued by the state
in any fiscal year. Net state tax supported debt shall be defined by law. When
enacted, such definition shall not be changed except by specific legislative
instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of

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1 each house of the legislature. The limitation shall be established so that by Fiscal 2 Year 2003-2004 and thereafter the amount necessary to service outstanding net state 3 tax supported debt shall not exceed six percent of the estimate of money to be 4 received by the state general fund and dedicated funds contained in the official 5 forecast adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference at its first meeting after the 6 beginning of each fiscal year and any other money required to be included in the 7 estimate by this Paragraph. In making such estimate, the conference shall include 8 all amounts which are to be used to service net state tax supported debt. For 9 purposes of this Paragraph, servicing outstanding net state tax supported debt 10 includes payments of principal, interest, and sinking fund requirements. The 11 limitation established pursuant to this Paragraph shall not be construed to prevent the 12 payment of debt service on net state tax supported debt.

13 (2) The limitation established pursuant to this Paragraph may be changed by 14 passage of a specific legislative instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the 15 elected members of each house of the legislature. The limitation may be exceeded 16 by passage of a specific legislative instrument for a project or related projects by a 17 favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature, 18 provided that any debt service payment required for such projects shall, once bonds 19 have been issued in connection therewith, not be impaired in any future year by 20 application of this limitation. The limitation established pursuant to this 21 Subparagraph shall be deemed to be increased as necessary to accommodate any 22 projects approved to exceed this limit if approved as provided in this Paragraph, but 23 only as long as there are bonds outstanding for the projects.

24 (3) Except as provided in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the State Bond
25 Commission shall not approve the issuance of any net state tax supported debt, the
26 debt service requirement of which would cause the limit herein established to be
27 exceeded.

28 §7. State Debt; Interim Emergency Board

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Section 7.(A) Composition. The Interim Emergency Board is created. It shall be composed of the governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, presiding officer of each house of the legislature, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, or their designees.

5 (B) Powers. Between sessions of the legislature, when the board by majority 6 vote determines that an emergency or impending flood emergency exists, it may 7 appropriate from the state general fund or borrow on the full faith and credit of the 8 state an amount to meet the emergency. The appropriation may be made or the 9 indebtedness incurred only for a purpose for which the legislature may appropriate 10 funds and then only after the board obtains, as provided by law, the written consent 11 of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. For the 12 purposes of this Paragraph, an emergency is an event or occurrence not reasonably 13 anticipated by the legislature and an impending flood emergency shall be an 14 anticipated situation which endangers an existing flood protection structure. The 15 appropriation or indebtedness incurred for an impending flood emergency shall not 16 exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for any one event or occurrence. For an 17 impending emergency to qualify for funding it must be determined as such by the 18 United States Army Corp of Engineers or the United States Coast Guard. Total 19 funding for such impending emergencies shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the 20 funds annually available to the Interim Emergency Board.

- (C) Limits. The aggregate of indebtedness outstanding at any one time and
  the amount appropriated from the state general fund for the current fiscal year under
  the authority of this Section shall not exceed one-tenth of one percent of total state
  revenue receipts for the previous fiscal year.
- (D) Allocation. An amount sufficient to pay indebtedness incurred during
  the preceding fiscal year under the authority of this Section is allocated, as a first
  priority, each year from the state general fund.
- 28 §8. State Bond Commission

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Section 8.(A) Creation. The State Bond Commission is created. Its membership and authority shall be determined by law.

(B) Approval of Bonds. No bonds or other obligations shall be issued or sold by the state, directly or through any state board, agency, or commission, or by any political subdivision of the state, unless prior written approval of the bond commission is obtained.

7 (C) Contesting State Bonds. Bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences 8 of indebtedness of the state (hereafter hereinafter referred to as "bonds") shall not be 9 invalid because of any irregularity or defect in the proceedings or in the issuance and 10 sale thereof and shall be incontestable in the hands of a bona fide purchaser or 11 holder. The issuing agency, after authorizing the issuance of bonds by resolution, 12 shall publish once in the official journal of the state, as provided by law, a notice of 13 intention to issue the bonds. The notice shall include a description of the bonds and 14 the security therefor. Within thirty days after the publication, any person in interest 15 may contest the legality of the resolution, any provision of the bonds to be issued 16 pursuant to it, the provisions securing the bonds, and the validity of all other 17 provisions and proceedings relating to the authorization and issuance of the bonds. 18 If no action or proceeding is instituted within the thirty days, no person may contest 19 the validity of the bonds, the provisions of the resolution pursuant to which the bonds 20 were issued, the security of the bonds, or the validity of any other provisions or 21 proceedings relating to their authorization and issuance, and the bonds shall be presumed conclusively to be legal. Thereafter no court shall have authority to 22 23 inquire into such matters.

- 24 §9. State Funds
- 25 Section 9.(A) Deposit in State Treasury. All money received by the state or 26 by any state board, agency, or commission shall be deposited immediately upon 27 receipt in the state treasury, except that received:

(1) as a result of grants, or donations, or other forms of assistance when the
 terms and conditions thereof or of agreements pertaining thereto require otherwise;

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1	(2) by trade or professional associations;
2	(3) by the employment security administration fund or its successor;
3	(4) by retirement system funds;
4	(5) by state agencies operating under authority of this constitution
5	preponderantly from fees and charges for the shipment of goods in international
6	maritime trade and commerce; and
7	(6) by a state board, agency, or commission, but pledged by it in connection
8	with the issuance of revenue bonds as provided in Paragraph (C) of Section 6 of this
9	Article, other than any surplus as may be defined in the law authorizing such revenue
10	bonds.
11	(B) Bond Security and Redemption Fund. Subject to contractual obligations
12	existing on the effective date of this constitution, all All state money deposited in the
13	state treasury shall be credited to a special fund designated as the Bond Security and
14	Redemption Fund, except money received as the result of grants or donations or
15	other forms of assistance when the terms and conditions thereof or of agreements
16	pertaining thereto require otherwise. In each fiscal year an amount is allocated from
17	the bond security and redemption fund sufficient to pay all obligations which are
18	secured by the full faith and credit of the state and which become due and payable
19	within the current fiscal year, including principal, interest, premiums, sinking or
20	reserve fund, and other requirements. Thereafter, except as otherwise provided by
21	law, money remaining in the fund shall be credited to the state general fund.
22	(C) Exception. Nothing in this Section shall apply to a levee district or
23	political subdivision unless the full faith and credit of the state is pledged to the
24	payment of the bonds of the levee district or political subdivision.
25	§10. Expenditure of State Funds
26	Section 10.(A) Revenue Estimating Conference. The Revenue Estimating
27	Conference shall be composed of four members: the governor, or his designee, the
28	president of the senate, or his designee, the speaker of the house or his designee, and
29	a faculty member of a university or college in Louisiana who has expertise in

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forecasting revenues. Changes to the membership beyond the four members shall
 be made by law enacted by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of
 each house.

4 (B) Official Forecast. The conference shall prepare and publish initial and revised estimates of money to be received by the state general fund and dedicated 5 6 funds for the current and next fiscal years which are available for appropriation. In each estimate, the conference shall designate the money in the estimate which is 7 8 recurring and which is nonrecurring. All conference decisions to adopt these 9 estimates shall be by unanimous vote of its members. Changes to the unanimous 10 vote requirement shall be made by law enacted by a favorable vote of two-thirds of 11 the elected members of each house. The most recently adopted estimate of money 12 available for appropriation shall be the official forecast.

13 (1) The legislature shall provide for the (C) Expenditure Limit. 14 determination of an expenditure limit for each fiscal year to be established during the 15 first quarter of the calendar year for the next fiscal year. However, the expenditure 16 limit for the 1991-1992 Fiscal Year shall be the actual appropriations from the state 17 general fund and dedicated funds for that year except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E). For subsequent fiscal years, the limit shall not 18 19 exceed the expenditure limit for the current fiscal year plus an amount equal to that 20 limit times a positive growth factor. The growth factor is the average annual 21 percentage rate of change of personal income for Louisiana as defined and reported 22 by the United States Department of Commerce for the three calendar years prior to 23 the fiscal year for which the limit is calculated.

- (2) The expenditure limit may be changed in any fiscal year by a favorable
  vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house. Any such change in the
  expenditure limit shall be approved by passage of a specific legislative instrument
  which clearly states the intent to change the limit.
- (3) Beginning with the 1995-1996 Fiscal Year, the expenditure limit shall
  be determined in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph (J) of this Section.

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1	The redetermination of the expenditure limit for each fiscal year from the 1991-1992
2	Fiscal Year through the 1994-1995 Fiscal Year shall only be used in computing the
3	expenditure limit for the 1995-1996 Fiscal Year and shall not affect the expenditure
4	limit already computed in accordance with this Paragraph for such fiscal years.
5	(4) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to or affect funds
6	allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
7	(D) Appropriations. (1) Except as otherwise provided by this constitution,
8	money shall be drawn from the state treasury only pursuant to an appropriation made
9	in accordance with law. Appropriations from the state general fund and dedicated
10	funds except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) shall
11	not exceed the expenditure limit for the fiscal year.
12	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this constitution, the appropriation or
13	allocation of any money designated in the official forecast as nonrecurring shall be
14	made only for the following purposes:
15	(a) Retiring or for the defeasance of bonds in advance or in addition to the
16	existing amortization requirements of the state.
17	(b)(i) Providing for payments against the unfunded accrued liability of the
18	public retirement systems which are in addition to any payments required for the
19	annual amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the public retirement
20	systems, as required by Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(c) of this constitution; however,
21	any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or
22	indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.
23	(ii) For Fiscal Years 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 the legislature shall
24	appropriate no less than five percent of any money designated in the official forecast
25	as nonrecurring to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System and the
26	Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application to the balance of the
27	unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June 30, 1988, in
28	proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such system.

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Any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.

3 (iii) For Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and every fiscal year thereafter the 4 legislature shall appropriate no less than ten percent of any money designated in the 5 official forecast as nonrecurring to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement 6 System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application to the 7 balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June 30, 8 1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such 9 system. Any such payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, 10 directly or indirectly, to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.

(c) Providing funding for capital outlay projects in the comprehensive state
capital budget.

13 (d) Providing for allocation or appropriation for deposit into the Budget
14 Stabilization Fund established in Article VII, Section 10.3 of this constitution.

(e) Providing for allocation or appropriation for deposit into the Coastal
Protection and Restoration Fund established in Article VII, Section 10.2 of this
constitution.

(f) Providing for new highway construction for which federal matching
funds are available, without excluding highway projects otherwise eligible as capital
projects under other provisions of this constitution.

(3)(a) The legislature shall provide by law for the payment by the state of
supplements to the salaries of full-time local law enforcement and fire protection
officers of the state. No law shall reduce any payments by the state provided as a
supplement to the salaries of full-time local law enforcement and fire protection
officers of the state. Beginning with the fiscal year which begins July 1, 2003, the
legislature shall appropriate funds sufficient to fully fund the cost of such state
supplement to the salaries of full-time law enforcement and fire protection officers.

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(b) For the purposes of this Subparagraph, local law enforcement and fire protection officers shall mean and include the same classes of officers which are eligible for such state salary supplements under the law as of July 1, 2003.

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(c) Full funding as required in Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph shall be equal to the amount which is required to meet the requirements of law.

6 (d) Neither the governor nor the legislature may reduce an appropriation
7 made pursuant to this Subparagraph except that the governor may reduce such
8 appropriation using means provided in the Act containing the appropriation,
9 provided that two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature
10 consent to any such reduction in writing.

(E) Balanced Budget. Appropriations by the legislature from the state
general fund and dedicated funds for any fiscal year except funds allocated by
Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) shall not exceed the official forecast
in effect at the time the appropriations are made.

15 (F) Projected Deficit. (1) The legislature by law shall establish a procedure 16 to determine if appropriations will exceed the official forecast and an adequate 17 method for adjusting appropriations in order to eliminate a projected deficit. Any 18 law establishing a procedure to determine if appropriations will exceed the official 19 forecast and methods for adjusting appropriations, including any constitutionally 20 protected or mandated allocations or appropriations, once enacted, shall not be 21 changed except by specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of 22 two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. Notwithstanding 23 the provisions of Article III, Section 2 of this constitution, such law may be 24 introduced and considered in any regular session of the legislature.

(2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the
 contrary, adjustments to any constitutionally protected or mandated allocations or
 appropriations, and transfer of monies associated with such adjustments, are
 authorized when state general fund allocations or appropriations have been reduced
 in an aggregate amount equal to at least seven-tenths of one percent of the total of

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1 such allocations and appropriations for a fiscal year. Such adjustments may not 2 exceed five percent of the total appropriation or allocation from a fund for the fiscal 3 year. For purposes of this Subsubparagraph, reductions to expenditures required by 4 Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this constitution shall not exceed one percent and such reductions shall not be applicable to instructional activities included within the 5 6 meaning of instruction pursuant to the Minimum Foundation Program formula. 7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, monies 8 transferred as a result of such budget adjustments are deemed available for 9 appropriation and expenditure in the year of the transfer from one fund to another, 10 but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any transfers exceed the amount of the 11 deficit.

12 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, for the purposes of the budget estimate and enactment of the budget for the next 13 14 fiscal year, when the official forecast of recurring revenues for the next fiscal year 15 is at least one percent less than the official forecast for the current fiscal year, the 16 following procedure may be employed to avoid a budget deficit in the next fiscal 17 year. An amount not to exceed five percent of the total appropriations or allocations 18 for the current fiscal year from any fund established by law or this constitution shall 19 be available for expenditure in the next fiscal year for a purpose other than as 20 specifically provided by law or this constitution. For the purposes of this 21 Subsubparagraph, an amount not to exceed one percent of the current fiscal year 22 appropriation for expenditures required by Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this 23 constitution shall be available for expenditures for other purposes in the next fiscal 24 year. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, 25 monies made available as authorized under this Subsubparagraph may be transferred 26 to a fund for which revenues have been forecast to be less than the revenues in the 27 current fiscal year for such fund. Monies transferred as a result of the budget actions 28 authorized by this Subsubparagraph are deemed available for appropriation and 29 expenditure, but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any such transfers exceed

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1	the amount of the difference between the official forecast for the current fiscal year
2	and the next fiscal year.
3	(c) The legislature may provide by law for the implementation of the
4	provisions of this Subparagraph.
5	(3) If within thirty days of the determination that appropriations will exceed
6	the official forecast the necessary adjustments in appropriations are not made to
7	eliminate the projected deficit, the governor shall call a special session of the
8	legislature for this purpose unless the legislature is in regular session. This special
9	session shall commence as soon as possible as allowed by the provisions of this
10	constitution, including but not limited to Article III, Section 2(B).
11	(4) The provisions of Subparagraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ of this Paragraph shall not
12	be applicable to, nor affect:
13	(a) The Bond Security and Redemption Fund or any bonds secured thereby,
14	or any other funds pledged as security for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness.
15	(b) The allocations provided for by Article VII, Section 4(D) and (E) of this
16	constitution.
17	(c) The contributions made in accordance with Article X, Section 29(E) of
18	this constitution.
19	(d) The Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund as defined in Article VII,
20	Section 10.1(A)(1) of this constitution.
21	(e) The Millennium Trust as provided in Article VII, Section 10.8 of this
22	constitution, except for appropriations from the trust.
23	(f) Any monies not required to be deposited in the state treasury as provided
24	in Article VII, Section 9 of this constitution.
25	(g) The Medicaid Trust Fund for the Elderly created under the provisions of
26	R.S. 46:2691 et seq.
27	(h) The Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund, as provided in Article VII,
28	Section 10.15 of this constitution.

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1	(i) The State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund,
2	as provided in Article VII, Section 10.17 of this constitution.
3	(G) Year End Deficit. If a deficit exists in any fund at the end of a fiscal
4	year, that deficit shall be eliminated no later than the end of the next fiscal year.
5	(H) Publication. The legislature shall have published a regular statement of
6	receipts and expenditures of all state money at intervals of not more than one year.
7	(I) Public Purpose. No appropriation shall be made except for a public
8	purpose.
9	(J) Definition of Funds. For the purposes of this Article, the state general
10	fund and dedicated funds shall be all money required to be deposited in the state
11	treasury, except that money the origin of which is:
12	(1) The federal government.
13	(2) Self-generated collections by any entity subject to the policy and
14	management authority established by Article VIII, Sections 5 through 7.
15	(3) A transfer from another state agency, board, or commission.
16	(4) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to or affect funds
17	allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
18	§10-A. Wildlife and Fisheries; Conservation Fund
19	Section 10-A. (A) Conservation Fund. Effective July 1, 1988, there shall
20	be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Louisiana Wildlife and
21	Fisheries Conservation Fund, hereinafter referred to as the Conservation Fund. Out
22	of the funds remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient
23	amount is allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and
24	credit of the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required
25	by Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the
26	Conservation Fund all of the following, except as provided in Article VII, Section
27	9(A), and except for the amount provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(a) as that provision
28	existed on the effective date of this Section:

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1	(1) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, licenses, permits,
2	royalties, or other revenue paid into the Conservation Fund as provided by law on
3	the effective date of this Section. Such revenue shall be deposited in the
4	Conservation Fund even if the names of such fees, licenses, permits, or other
5	revenues are changed.
6	Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, licenses, permits, royalties,
7	and other revenue, or any new fee, license, permit, royalty, or other revenue, enacted
8	by the legislature after the effective date of this Section, shall be irrevocably
9	dedicated and deposited in the Conservation Fund unless the legislature enacts a law
10	specifically appropriating or dedicating such revenue to another fund or purpose.
11	(2) The balance remaining on June 30, 1988 in the Conservation Fund
12	established pursuant to R.S. 56:10.
13	(3)(2) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the
14	Conservation Fund.
15	(B) The monies in the Conservation Fund shall be appropriated by the
16	legislature to the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, or its successor, and shall be
17	used solely for the programs and purposes of conservation, protection, preservation,
18	management, and replenishment of the state's natural resources and wildlife,
19	including use for land acquisition or for federal matching fund programs which
20	promote such purposes, and for the operation and administration of the Department
21	and the Wildlife and Fisheries Commission, or their successors.
22	(C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Conservation Fund at
23	the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be
24	invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on
25	monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The treasurer shall
26	prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a printed report showing
27	the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources.
28	§10.1. Quality Trust Fund; Education

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1	Section 10.1.(A) Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund. (1) Effective
2	January 1, 1987, there shall be established in the state treasury as a special permanent
3	trust fund the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund, hereinafter referred to as the
4	"Permanent Trust Fund." After allocation of money to the Bond Security and
5	Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, and
6	notwithstanding Article XIV, Section 10 of this constitution, the treasurer shall
7	deposit in and credit to the Permanent Trust Fund all money which is received after
8	the first one hundred million dollars from the federal government under Section
9	1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which is attributable to mineral
10	production activity or leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf which has been
11	held in escrow pending a settlement between the United States and the state of
12	Louisiana; twenty-five percent of the recurring revenues received under Section
13	1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which are attributable to mineral
14	production activity or leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf; twenty-five
15	percent of the interest income earned on investment of monies in the Permanent
16	Trust Fund; seventy-five percent of the realized capital gains on investment of the
17	Permanent Trust Fund, unless such percentage is changed by law enacted by two-
18	thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature; and twenty-five
19	percent of the dividend income earned on investment of the Permanent Trust Fund.
20	No appropriation shall be made from the Permanent Trust Fund. If any such money
21	has been received prior to the effective date of this Section, the treasurer shall
22	transfer from the state general fund to the Permanent Trust Fund on the effective date
23	of this Section an amount of money which shall make the Permanent Trust Fund
24	balance equal to the amount of such money previously received, except for the first
25	one hundred million dollars. After six hundred million dollars has been credited to
26	the Permanent Trust Fund, the sum of fifty million dollars shall be credited to the
27	Coastal Environment Protection Trust Fund, as established in R.S. 30:313, from
28	those monies received from the federal government under Section 1337(g) of Title
29	43 of the United States Code which is attributable to mineral production activity or

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leasing activity on the Outer Continental Shelf and which has been held in escrow
 pending a settlement between the United States and the state of Louisiana; all funds
 in excess of seven hundred fifty million dollars shall be credited to the Permanent
 Trust Fund.

5 (2) After allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as 6 provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of the constitution, and notwithstanding Article 7 XIV, Section 10 of the constitution, seventy-five percent of the recurring revenues 8 received under Section 1337(g) of Title 43 of the United States Code which are 9 attributable to mineral production activity or leasing activity, and the percent 10 remaining of the realized capital gains and interest income and dividend income 11 earned on investment of the Permanent Trust Fund after the deposit required to the 12 Permanent Trust Fund in Paragraph A(1) of this Section shall be deposited and 13 credited to a special fund which is hereby created in the state treasury and which 14 shall be known as the Louisiana Quality Education Support Fund, hereinafter 15 referred to as the "Support Fund".

(3) All recurring revenues and interest earnings shall be credited to the
respective funds as provided in Subparagraphs (1) and (2) above until the balance in
the Permanent Trust Fund equals two billion dollars. After the Permanent Trust
Fund reaches a balance of two billion dollars, all interest earnings on the Permanent
Trust Fund shall be credited to the Support Fund and all recurring revenues shall be
credited to the State General Fund.

22 (B) Investment. The money credited to the Permanent Trust Fund pursuant 23 to Paragraph (A) of this Section shall be permanently credited to the Permanent Trust 24 Fund and shall be invested by the treasurer. Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution or other law to the contrary, a portion of money in the Permanent Trust 25 26 Fund, not to exceed thirty-five percent, may be invested in stock. The legislature 27 shall provide for procedures for the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer 28 shall contract, subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission, for the 29 management of such investments. The amounts in the Support Fund shall be

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available for appropriation to pay expenses incurred in the investment and management of the Permanent Trust Fund and for educational purposes only as provided in Paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.

4 (C) Reports; Allocation. (1) The State Board of Elementary and Secondary 5 Education and the Board of Regents shall annually submit to the legislature and the 6 governor not less than sixty days prior to the beginning of each regular session of the 7 legislature a proposed program and budget for the expenditure of the monies in the 8 Support Fund. Proposals for such expenditures shall be designed to improve the 9 quality of education and shall specifically designate those monies to be used for 10 administrative costs, as defined and authorized by law.

(2) Except for appropriations to pay expenses incurred in the investment and
management of the Permanent Trust Fund, the legislature shall appropriate from the
Support Fund only for educational purposes provided in Paragraph (D) of this
Section and shall appropriate fifty percent of the available funds for higher
educational purposes and fifty percent for elementary and secondary educational
purposes. Those monies to be used for administrative costs shall be expended for
such purposes only if so approved and appropriated by the legislature.

(3) The legislature shall appropriate the total amount intended for higher
educational purposes to the Board of Regents and the total amount intended for
elementary and secondary educational purposes to the State Board of Elementary and
Secondary Education which boards shall allocate the monies so appropriated to the
programs as previously approved by the legislature.

(4) The monies appropriated by the legislature and disbursed from the
Support Fund shall not displace, replace, or supplant appropriations from the general
fund for elementary and secondary education, including implementing the Minimum
Foundation Program, or displace, replace, or supplant funding for higher education.
For elementary and secondary education and for higher education, this Paragraph
shall mean that no appropriation for any fiscal year from the Support Fund shall be
made for any purpose for which a general fund appropriation was made in the

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1	previous year unless the total appropriations for that fiscal year from the state general
2	fund for such purpose exceed general fund appropriations for the previous year. This
3	Paragraph shall in no way limit general fund appropriations in excess of the
4	minimum amounts herein established.
5	(D) Disbursement; Higher Education and Elementary and Secondary
6	Education.
7	(1) The treasurer shall disburse not more than fifty percent of the monies in
8	the Support Fund as that money is appropriated by the legislature and allocated by
9	the Board of Regents for any or all of the following higher educational purposes to
10	enhance economic development:
11	(a) The carefully defined research efforts of public and private universities
12	in Louisiana.
13	(b) The endowment of chairs for eminent scholars.
14	(c) The enhancement of the quality of academic, research, or agricultural
15	departments or units within a community college, college, or university. These funds
16	shall not be used for athletic purposes or programs.
17	(d) The recruitment of superior graduate students.
18	(2) The treasurer shall disburse not more than fifty percent of the monies in
19	the Support Fund as that money is appropriated by the legislature and allocated by
20	the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education for any or all of the
21	following elementary and secondary educational purposes:
22	(a) To provide compensation to city or parish school board professional
23	instructional employees.
24	(b) To insure an adequate supply of superior textbooks, library books,
25	equipment, and other instructional materials.
26	(c) To fund exemplary programs in elementary and secondary schools
27	designed to improve elementary or secondary student academic achievement or
28	vocational-technical skill.

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1	(d) To fund carefully defined research efforts, including pilot programs,
2	designed to improve elementary and secondary student academic achievement.
3	(e) To fund school remediation programs and preschool programs.
4	(f) To fund the teaching of foreign languages in elementary and secondary
5	schools.
6	(g) To fund an adequate supply of teachers by providing scholarships or
7	stipends to prospective teachers in academic or vocational-technical areas where
8	there is a critical teacher shortage.
9	§10.2. Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund
10	Section 10.2(A) There shall be established in the state treasury the Coastal
11	Protection and Restoration Fund to provide a dedicated, recurring source of revenues
12	for the development and implementation of a program to protect and restore
13	Louisiana's coastal area.
14	Of revenues received in each fiscal year by the state as a result of the
15	production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as mineral revenues
16	from severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, and excluding
17	such revenues received by the state as a result of grants or donations when the terms
18	or conditions thereof require otherwise, the treasurer shall make the following
19	allocations:
20	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
21	Section 9(B) of this constitution.
22	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
23	Sections 4(D) and (E) of this constitution.
24	(3) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Sections 10-A and 10.1
25	of this constitution.
26	(B)(1) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A), the
27	treasurer shall then deposit in and credit to the Coastal Protection and Restoration
28	Fund any amount of mineral revenues that may be necessary to insure that a total of
29	five million dollars is deposited into such fund for the fiscal year from this source;

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1	provided that the balance of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from
2	severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an
3	amount provided by law, but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less
4	than five hundred million dollars.
5	(2) After making the allocations and deposits provided for in Paragraphs (A)
6	and (B)(1) of this Section, the treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Coastal
7	Protection and Restoration Fund as follows:
8	(a) Ten million dollars of the mineral revenues in excess of six hundred
9	million dollars which remain after the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A) are
10	made by the treasurer.
11	(b) Ten million dollars of the mineral revenues in excess of six hundred fifty
12	million dollars which remain after the allocations provided in Paragraph (A) are
13	made by the treasurer.
14	However, the balance of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from
15	severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an
16	amount provided by law, but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less
17	than five hundred million dollars.
18	(C) The money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law and any
19	earnings realized on investment of money in the fund shall be deposited in and
20	credited to the fund. Money from other sources, such as donations, appropriations,
21	or dedications, may be deposited in and credited to the fund; however, the balance
22	of the fund which consists of mineral revenues from severance taxes, royalty
23	payments, bonus payments, or rentals shall not exceed an amount provided by law,
24	but in no event shall the amount provided by law be less than five hundred million
25	dollars. Any unexpended money remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year
26	shall be retained in the fund.
27	(D) The money in the fund may be appropriated for purposes consistent with
28	the Coastal Protection Plan developed by the Coastal Protection and Restoration

29 Authority, or its successor.

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1	No appropriation shall be made from the fund inconsistent with the purposes
2	of the plan.
3	(E)(1) Subject to Article VII, Sections 9(B) and 10.1 of this constitution, in
4	each fiscal year, the federal revenues that are received by the state generated from
5	Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas activity and eligible, as provided by federal law,
6	to be used for the purposes of this Paragraph shall be deposited and credited by the
7	treasurer to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund.
8	(2) Federal revenues credited to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund
9	pursuant to this Paragraph shall be used only for the purposes of coastal protection,
10	including conservation, coastal restoration, hurricane protection, and infrastructure
11	directly impacted by coastal wetland losses.
12	(3) The fund balance limitations provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
13	Section relative to the mineral revenues deposited to this fund shall not apply to
14	revenues deposited pursuant to the provisions of this Paragraph.
15	(F)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article VII, Section 10, Article VII,
16	Section 10.3, Article VII, Section 10.8, or any other provision of this constitution to
17	the contrary, if, after July 1, 2006, the state securitizes any portion of the revenues
18	received from the Master Settlement Agreement executed November 23, 1998, and
19	approved by Consent Decree and Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P.
20	Ieyoub, Attorney General, ex rel. State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated,
21	et al.," bearing Number 98-6473 on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for
22	the parish of Calcasieu, state of Louisiana, the treasurer shall transfer to the fund
23	established in Paragraph $A(A)$ of this Section twenty percent in the aggregate of the
24	revenues received as a result of the securitization occurring after July 1, 2006.
25	(2) The legislature may appropriate up to twenty percent of the funds
26	deposited into the fund pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph to the Barrier
27	Island Stabilization and Preservation Fund to be used for purposes of the Louisiana
28	Coastal Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Program.

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1	(3) The fund balance limitations provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
2	Section relative to the mineral revenues deposited to this fund shall not apply to
3	revenues deposited pursuant to the provisions of this Paragraph.
4	§10.3. Budget Stabilization Fund
5	Section 10.3.(A) There is hereby established in the state treasury a Budget
6	Stabilization Fund hereinafter referred to as the fund. Money shall be deposited in
7	the fund as follows:
8	(1) All money available for appropriation from the state general fund and
9	dedicated funds in excess of the expenditure limit, except funds allocated by Article
10	VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E), shall be deposited in the fund.
11	(2)(a) All revenues received in each fiscal year by the state in excess of
12	seven hundred fifty million dollars, hereinafter referred to as the base, as a result of
13	the production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as mineral
14	revenues, including severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals,
15	and excluding such revenues designated as nonrecurring pursuant to Article VII,
16	Section 10(B) of the constitution, any such revenues received by the state as a result
17	of grants or donations when the terms or conditions thereof require otherwise, and
18	revenues derived from any tax on the transportation of minerals, shall be deposited
19	in the fund after the following allocations of said mineral revenues have been made:
20	(i) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided by Article VII,
21	Section 9 (B) of this constitution.
22	(ii) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
23	Sections 4 (D) and (E) of this constitution.
24	(iii) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Section 10-A and 10.1
25	of this constitution.
26	(b) The base may be increased every ten years beginning in the year 2000
27	by a law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the
28	legislature. Any such increase shall not exceed fifty percent in the aggregate of the
29	increase in the consumer price index for the immediately preceding ten years.

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1	(3) Twenty-five percent of any money designated in the official forecast as
2	nonrecurring as provided in Article VII, Section 10(D)(2) of this constitution shall
3	be deposited in and credited to the fund.
4	(4) Any money appropriated to the fund by the legislature including any
5	appropriation to the fund from money designated in the official forecast as provided
6	in Article VII, Section $10(D)(2)$ of this constitution shall be deposited in the fund.
7	(B) Money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law. Earnings
8	realized in each fiscal year on the investment of monies in the fund shall be
9	deposited to the credit of the fund. All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the
10	fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund.
11	(C) The money in the fund shall not be available for appropriation or use
12	except under the following conditions:
13	(1) If the official forecast of recurring money for the next fiscal year is less
14	than the official forecast of recurring money for the current fiscal year, the
15	difference, not to exceed one-third of the fund shall be incorporated into the next
16	year's official forecast only after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members
17	of each house of the legislature. If the legislature is not in session, the two-thirds
18	requirement may be satisfied upon obtaining the written consent of two-thirds of the
19	elected members of each house of the legislature in a manner provided by law.
20	(2) If a deficit for the current fiscal year is projected due to a decrease in the
21	official forecast, an amount equal to one-third of the fund not to exceed the projected
22	deficit may be appropriated after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members
23	of each house of the legislature. Between sessions of the legislature the
24	appropriation may be made only after the written consent of two-thirds of the elected
25	members of each house of the legislature.
26	(3) In no event shall the amount included in the official forecast for the next
27	fiscal year plus the amount appropriated in the current fiscal year exceed one-third
28	of the fund balance at the beginning of the current fiscal year.

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appropriation or deposit would cause the balance in the fund to exceed four percent

of total state revenue receipts for the previous fiscal year. §10.4. Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund; Program

Section 10.4.(A) Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund. (1) There 5 6 is hereby established a special fund in the state treasury to be known as the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund", 7 8 consisting of monies appropriated annually by the legislature, grants, gifts, and 9 donations received by the state for the purposes of this Section, and other revenues 10 as may be provided by law; provided that no such monies shall come from the 11 allocations provided in Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) of this 12 constitution.

(4) No appropriation or deposit to the fund shall be made if such

(2) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Higher Education
Louisiana Partnership Fund at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in such fund and
be available for appropriation in the next fiscal year. The monies in the fund shall
be invested by the state treasurer in accordance with state law, and interest earned
on the investment of these monies shall be credited to the fund, after compliance
with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana,
relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund.

20 Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program. **(B)** (1) Upon 21 appropriation by the legislature, the monies in the fund shall be divided into 22 matching grants for the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program which shall be administered by the Board of Regents. The Board of Regents may allocate 23 24 program funds to each public or independent institution of higher education on a one 25 to one and one-half matching basis or one twenty thousand dollar state matching 26 grant for each thirty thousand dollars raised specifically for the purposes of 27 participation in the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program by the 28 institutions of higher education from private sources. The state matching portion 29 shall be allocated by the Board of Regents only after it determines that an eligible

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institution has accumulated not less than the minimum required amount from private sources for the purposes of the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program.

3 (2)(a) No public institution of higher education shall be eligible in any given
4 fiscal year to receive a share of program funds which is greater than that institution's
5 proportion of the full-time equivalent number of students enrolled in public higher
6 education in the state.

(b) No independent institution of higher education shall be eligible in any
given fiscal year to receive a share of program funds which is greater than that
institution's proportion of the full-time equivalent number of students enrolled in
independent institutions of higher education in the state.

11 (c) However, if there are monies which have been appropriated to the fund 12 but remain on March first of any fiscal year unallocated to any matching grant, then 13 any participating institution of higher education which has raised the required funds 14 from private sources may apply for and be awarded the number of additional 15 matching grants for which unallocated funding is available and which the institution 16 is able to match. Provided however, that no participating institution shall receive 17 more than fifty percent of available funds in any fiscal year.

(d) However, the share of the program funds received annually by
independent institutions of higher education shall not exceed fifteen percent in the
aggregate of the total amount of program funds available for matching grants under
this program.

(3) State matching funds shall be applied only to private source funds
contributed after July 1, 1991, and pledged for the purposes of this Section as
certified by the Board of Regents. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for
state matching funds prior to their actual collection.

26 (4) Each institution of higher education may establish its own Higher
27 Education Louisiana Partnership Program fund as a depository for private
28 contributions and state matching funds as provided herein. The state matching funds
29 allocated by the Board of Regents shall be transferred to an institution upon

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notification that the institution has received and deposited the necessary private contributions in its own Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program fund.

(5) Each institution of higher education, under the supervision and
management of its board, shall have the responsibility for the administration of the
Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Program at that institution and for
maintenance and investment of its fund. The institution shall be responsible for
soliciting and receiving gifts from private sources to be used for the purposes of this
Section.

9 (6) State matching grants from funds allocated for the Higher Education 10 Louisiana Partnership Program may be made for the purposes of endowed 11 professorships totaling one hundred thousand dollars or more; endowed 12 undergraduate scholarships totaling fifty thousand dollars or more; library 13 acquisitions, laboratory enhancement, or research and instructional equipment 14 acquisitions totaling fifty thousand dollars or more; or facilities construction or 15 renovations totaling one hundred thousand dollars or more.

16 (7) The monies appropriated by the legislature and disbursed from the 17 Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund shall not displace, replace, or supplant 18 appropriations for higher education from the general fund or from bond proceeds. 19 This shall mean that no disbursement from the fund for a current fiscal year shall be 20 made for any higher education purpose for which an appropriation was made the 21 previous year from the general fund or from bond proceeds unless the total 22 appropriations for the current fiscal year for higher education from the state general 23 fund or from bond proceeds exceed general fund appropriations or bond proceeds 24 appropriations for higher education for the previous year. This requirement shall in 25 no way limit appropriations from the general fund or from bond proceeds in excess 26 of the minimum amounts herein established.

27 (C) Implementation.

28 The legislature shall provide for the implementation of this Section.

29 §10.5. Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund

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1	Section 10.5.(A) There shall be established in the state treasury the Mineral
2	Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund". Of
3	revenues received in each fiscal year by the state through settlements or judgments
4	which equal, in both principal and interest, five million dollars or more for each such
5	settlement or judgment, resulting from underpayment to the state of severance taxes,
6	royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, the treasurer shall make the following
7	allocations as required:
8	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
9	Section 9(B) of this constitution.
10	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
11	Section 4(D) and (E) of this constitution.
12	(3) As provided by the requirements of Article VII, Sections 10-A, 10.1,
13	10.2, and 10.3 of this constitution.
14	(B) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A), the treasurer
15	shall then deposit in and credit to the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund
16	any such remaining revenues. Any revenues deposited in and credited to the fund
17	shall be considered mineral revenues from severance taxes, royalty payments, bonus
18	payments, or rentals for purposes of determining deposits and credits to be made in
19	and to the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund as provided in Article VII,
20	Section 10.2 of this constitution. Any revenues deposited in and credited to the fund
21	shall not be considered mineral revenues for purposes of the Budget Stabilization
22	Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 10.3 of this constitution. Money in the fund
23	shall be invested as provided by law. The earnings realized in each fiscal year on the
24	investment of monies in the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund shall be
25	deposited in and credited to the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund.
26	(C) After making the allocations provided for in Paragraph (A) and (B), the
27	treasurer shall credit thirty-five million dollars to the Coastal Protection and

Restoration Fund, and thereafter any monies credited to the fund in any fiscal year
may be annually appropriated by the legislature only for the purposes of retirement

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1 in advance of maturity through redemption, purchase, or repayment of debt of the 2 state, pursuant to a plan proposed by the State Bond Commission to maximize the 3 savings to the state; for payments against the unfunded accrued liability of the public 4 retirement systems which are in addition to any payments required for the annual 5 amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the public retirement systems, 6 required by Article X, Section 29 of this constitution; however, any such payment 7 to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly, to fund 8 cost-of-living increases for such systems; and for deposit in the Coastal Protection 9 and Restoration Fund.

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§10.6. Oilfield Site Restoration Fund

11 Section 10.6.(A) Oilfield Site Restoration Fund. Effective January 4, 1996, 12 there shall be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Oilfield Site 13 Restoration Fund, hereinafter referred to as the restoration fund. Out of the funds 14 remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is 15 allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of 16 the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article 17 VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the restoration fund 18 all of the following:

(1) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, penalties, other revenues,
or judgments associated with site cleanup activities paid into the restoration fund as
provided by law on the effective date of this Section. Such revenue shall be
deposited in the restoration fund even if the names of such fees, other revenues, or
penalties are changed.

(a) Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, penalties, other
 revenues, or judgments associated with site cleanup activities enacted by the
 legislature after the effective date of this Section, for the purpose of orphaned oilfield
 site restoration shall be irrevocably dedicated and deposited in the restoration fund.

(2) The balance remaining on January 4, 1996 in the Oilfield Site Restoration
Fund established by law.

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(3) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the restoration fund.

- 3 (4) All site-specific trust account funds established by law. 4 (B) The monies in the restoration fund shall be appropriated by the 5 legislature to the Department of Natural Resources, or its successor, and shall be 6 used solely for the programs and purposes of oilfield site restoration as required by 7 law. 8 (C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the restoration fund at the 9 end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be 10 invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on 11 monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The treasurer shall 12 prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a printed report showing 13 the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources.
- 14 (D) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated
  15 by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
- 16 §10.7. Oil Spill Contingency Fund

17 Section 10.7.(A) Oil Spill Contingency Fund. Effective January 4, 1996, 18 there shall be established in the state treasury, as a special fund, the Oil Spill 19 Contingency Fund, hereinafter referred to as the contingency fund. Out of the funds 20 remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is 21 allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of 22 the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article 23 VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the contingency 24 fund all of the following, on the effective date of this Section:

(1) All revenue from the types and classes of fees, taxes, penalties,
judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds collected or other revenue
paid into the contingency fund as provided by law on the effective date of this
Section. Such revenue shall be deposited in the contingency fund even if the names

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of such fees, taxes, penalties, judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds collected or other revenues are changed.

3 (a) Any increase in the amount charged for such fees, taxes, penalties, 4 judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal funds collected or other revenue, 5 or any new fees, taxes, penalties, judgments, reimbursements, charges, and federal 6 funds collected or other revenue enacted by the legislature for the purposes of 7 abatement and containment of actual or threatened unauthorized discharges of oil 8 after the effective date of this Section, shall be irrevocably dedicated and deposited 9 in the contingency fund.

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11

(2) The balance remaining on January 4, 1996 in the Oil Spill ContingencyFund established by law.

12 (3) All funds or revenues which may be donated expressly to the13 contingency fund.

(B) The monies in the contingency fund shall be appropriated by the
legislature to be used solely for the programs and purposes of abatement and
containment of actual or threatened unauthorized discharges of oil as provided by
law; and for administrative expenses associated with such programs and purposes as
provided by law.

19 (C) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the contingency fund at 20 the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be 21 invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All interest earned on 22 monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. The balance of the 23 fund shall not exceed thirty million dollars or otherwise as provided by law.

(D) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated
by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).

- 26 §10.8. Millennium Trust
- 27 Section 10.8. Millennium Trust
- 28 (A) Creation

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1	(1) There shall be established in the state treasury as a special permanent
2	trust the "Millennium Trust". After allocation of money to the Bond Security and
3	Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the
4	treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Millennium Trust certain monies received
5	as a result of the Master Settlement Agreement, hereinafter the "Settlement
6	Agreement", executed November 23, 1998, and approved by Consent Decree and
7	Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P. Ieyoub, Attorney General, ex rel.
8	State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated, et al.", bearing Number 98-6473
9	on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for the parish of Calcasieu, state of
10	Louisiana; and all dividend and interest income and all realized capital gains on
11	investment of the monies in the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall deposit in and
12	credit to the Millennium Trust the following amounts of monies received as a result
13	of the Settlement Agreement:
14	(a) Fiscal Year 2000-2001, forty-five percent of the total monies received
15	that year.
16	(b) Fiscal Year 2001-2002, sixty percent of the total monies received that
17	<del>year.</del>
18	(c)(a) Fiscal Year 2002-2003 and each fiscal year thereafter, seventy-five
19	percent of the total monies received that year. However, beginning in Fiscal Year
20	2011-2012 after the balance in the Millennium Trust reaches a total of one billion
21	three hundred eighty million dollars, the monies deposited in and credited to the
22	Millennium Trust, received as a result of the Settlement Agreement, shall be
23	allocated to the various funds within the Millennium Trust as provided in
24	Subsubparagraphs (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b) and (c) of this Paragraph.
25	(d) For Fiscal Year 2000-2001, Fiscal Year 2001-2002, and Fiscal Year
26	2002-2003, ten percent of the total monies received in each of those years for credit
27	to the Education Excellence Fund which, notwithstanding the provisions of
28	Subparagraph (C)(1) of this Section, shall be appropriated for the purposes provided
29	in Subsubparagraph (d) of Subparagraph (3) of Paragraph (C) of this Section.

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1 (2)(a) The Health Excellence Fund shall be established as a special fund 2 within the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall credit to the Health Excellence Fund 3 one-third of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited each year into the 4 Millennium Trust, and one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the 5 Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report annually to the legislature as to the 6 amount of Millennium Trust investment earnings credited to the Health Excellence 7 Fund.

8 (b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the 9 treasurer shall credit to the Health Excellence Fund one-third of all investment 10 earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report 11 annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust investment earnings 12 credited to the Health Excellence Fund.

(c) Beginning on July 1, 2012, after allocation of money to the Bond
Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this
constitution, the state treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the Health Excellence
Fund an amount equal to the revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to R.S.
47:841(B)(3).

(3)(a) The Education Excellence Fund shall be established as a special fund
within the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall credit to the Education Excellence
Fund one-third of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited each year into the
Millennium Trust, and one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the
Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report annually to the legislature and the state
superintendent of education as to the amount of Millennium Trust investment
earnings credited to the Education Excellence Fund.

(b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the
treasurer shall credit to the Education Excellence Fund one-third of all investment
earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall report
annually to the legislature and the state superintendent of education as to the amount
of Millennium Trust investment earnings credited to the Education Excellence Fund.

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1 (4)(a) The TOPS Fund shall be established as a special fund within the 2 Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the TOPS Fund one-3 third of the Settlement Agreement proceeds deposited into the Millennium Trust, and 4 one-third of all investment earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The 5 treasurer shall report annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust 6 investment earnings credited to the TOPS Fund. 7 (b) Beginning Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, the 8 treasurer shall credit to the TOPS Fund one hundred percent of the Settlement 9 Agreement proceeds deposited into the Millennium Trust, and one-third of all 10 investment earnings on the investment of the Millennium Trust. The treasurer shall 11 report annually to the legislature as to the amount of Millennium Trust Settlement 12 Agreement proceeds and investment earnings credited to the TOPS Fund. 13 (c) Upon the effective date of this Subsubparagraph, the state treasurer shall deposit, transfer, or otherwise credit funds in an amount equal to such Settlement 14 15 Agreement proceeds deposited in and credited to the Millennium Trust received by 16 the state between April 1, 2011 and the effective date of this Subsubparagraph to the 17 TOPS Fund. 18 (5) The amount of Settlement Agreement revenues deposited in the 19 Millennium Trust and credited to the respective funds may be increased and the 20 amount of such revenues deposited into the Louisiana Fund may be decreased by a 21 specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the 22 elected members of each house of the legislature. 23 (B) Investment. Monies credited to the Millennium Trust pursuant to 24 Paragraph (A) of this Section shall be invested by the treasurer with the same 25 authority and subject to the same restrictions as the Louisiana Education Quality 26 Trust Fund. However, the portion of monies in the Millennium Trust which may be 27 invested in stock may be increased to no more than fifty percent by a specific 28 legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected

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members of each house of the legislature. The legislature shall provide for

procedures for the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer may contract,
 subject to the approval of the State Bond Commission, for the management of such
 investments and, if a contract is entered into, amounts necessary to pay the costs of
 the contract shall be appropriated from the Millennium Trust.

5 (C) Appropriations. (1)(a) Appropriations from the Education Excellence 6 Fund shall be limited to an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate 7 annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of 8 the trust allocated as provided by Paragraph (A) of this Section and as recognized by 9 the Revenue Estimating Conference. Amounts determined to be available for 10 appropriation shall be those aggregate investment earnings which are in excess of an 11 inflation factor as determined by the Revenue Estimating Conference. The amount 12 of realized capital gains on investment which may be included in the aggregate 13 earnings available for appropriation in any year shall not exceed the aggregate of 14 earnings from interest and dividends for that year.

(b)(i) For Fiscal Year 2011-2012, appropriations from the Health Excellence
 Fund shall be limited to an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate
 annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of
 the trust and credited to the Health Excellence Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph
 (A)(2)(b) of this Section and as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

20 (ii)(b)(i) For Fiscal Year 2012-2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, 21 appropriations from the Health Excellence Fund shall be limited to an annual amount 22 not to exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings from interest, dividends, and 23 realized capital gains on investment of the trust and credited to the Health Excellence 24 Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph (A)(2)(b) of this Section and as recognized 25 by the Revenue Estimating Conference and the amount of proceeds credited to and 26 deposited into the Health Excellence Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph (A)(2)(c)27 of this Section.

(c)(i) For Fiscal Year 2011-2012, appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall
 be limited to the amount of Settlement Agreement proceeds credited to and deposited

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into the TOPS Fund as provided by Subsubparagraphs (A)(4)(b) and (c) of this
 Section, and an annual amount not to exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings
 from interest, dividends, and realized capital gains on investment of the trust and
 credited to the TOPS Fund as provided by Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section
 and as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.

6 (ii)(c)(i) For Fiscal Year 2012-2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, 7 appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall be limited to the amount of annual 8 Settlement Agreement proceeds credited to and deposited into the TOPS Fund as 9 provided in Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section, and an annual amount not to 10 exceed the estimated aggregate annual earnings from interest, dividends, and realized 11 capital gains on investment of the trust and credited to the TOPS Fund as provided 12 in Subsubparagraph (A)(4)(b) of this Section and as recognized by the Revenue 13 Estimating Conference.

14 (iii)(ii) Further, for Fiscal Year 2011-2012, and each fiscal year thereafter, 15 amounts determined to be available for appropriation from the TOPS Fund from 16 interest earnings shall be those aggregate investment earnings which are in excess 17 of an inflation factor as determined by the Revenue Estimating Conference. The 18 amount of realized capital gains on investment which may be included in the 19 aggregate earnings available for appropriation in any year shall not exceed the 20 aggregate of earnings from interest and dividends for that year.

21 (2) Appropriations from the Health Excellence Fund shall be restricted to the
22 following purposes:

(a) Initiatives to ensure the optimal development of Louisiana's children
through the provision of appropriate health care, including children's health
insurance, services provided by school-based health clinics, rural health clinics, and
primary care clinics, and early childhood intervention programs targeting children
from birth through age four including programs to reduce infant mortality.

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1	(b) Initiatives to benefit the citizens of Louisiana with respect to health care
2	through pursuit of innovation in advanced health care sciences, and the provision of
3	comprehensive chronic disease management services.
4	(c) Each appropriation from the Health Excellence Fund shall include
5	performance expectations to ensure accountability in the expenditure of such monies.
6	(3) Appropriations from the Education Excellence Fund shall be limited as
7	follows:
8	(a) Fifteen percent of monies available for appropriation in any fiscal year
9	from the Education Excellence Fund shall be appropriated to the state superintendent
10	of education for distribution on behalf of all children attending private elementary
11	and secondary schools that have been approved by the State Board of Elementary
12	and Secondary Education, both academically and as required for such school to
13	receive money from the state.
14	(b) Appropriations shall be made each year to the Louisiana School for the
15	Deaf, the Louisiana School for the Visually Impaired, the Louisiana Special
16	Education Center in Alexandria, the Louisiana School for Math, Science and the
17	Arts, the New Orleans Center for Creative Arts and the Louis Armstrong High
18	School for the Arts, after such schools are operational, to provide for a payment to
19	each school of seventy-five thousand dollars plus an allocation for each pupil equal
20	to the average statewide per pupil amount provided each city, parish, and local
21	school system pursuant to Subsubparagraphs (d) and (e) of this Subparagraph.
22	(c) Appropriations may be made for independent public schools which have
23	been approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education or any
24	city, parish, or other local school system and for alternative schools and programs
25	which are authorized and approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary
26	Education but are not subject to the jurisdiction and management of any city, parish,
27	or local school system, to provide for an allocation for each pupil, which shall be the
28	average statewide per pupil amount provided in each city, parish, or local school
29	system pursuant to Subsubparagraphs (d) and (e) of this Subparagraph.

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1	(d) Beginning Fiscal Year 2000-2001 and for each fiscal year through the
2	end of Fiscal Year 2006-2007, of the monies available for appropriation after
3	providing for the purposes enumerated in Subsubparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this
4	Subparagraph, the following appropriations shall be made to the state superintendent
5	of education for distribution as follows:
6	(i) Thirty percent of the funds available to be divided equally among each
7	city, parish, and other local school system.
8	(ii) Seventy percent of the funds available to be divided among each city,
9	parish, and other local school system in amounts which are proportionate to each
10	school's share of the total state share of the Minimum Foundation Program
11	appropriation as contained in the most recent Minimum Foundation Program budget
12	letter approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
13	(e)(d) Beginning Fiscal Year 2007-2008 and for each fiscal year thereafter,
14	of the monies available for appropriation after providing for the purposes enumerated
15	in Subsubparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this Subparagraph, one hundred percent of
16	the monies available for appropriation in any fiscal year shall be appropriated for
17	each city, parish, and other local school system on a pro rata basis which is based on
18	the ratio of the student population of that school or school system to that of the total
19	state student population as contained in the most recent Minimum Foundation
20	Program.
21	(f)(e) Monies appropriated pursuant to this Subparagraph shall be restricted
22	to expenditure for pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade instructional enhancement
23	for students, including early childhood education programs focused on enhancing the
24	preparation of at-risk children for school, remedial instruction, and assistance to
25	children who fail to achieve the required scores on any tests passage of which are
26	required pursuant to state law or rule for advancement to a succeeding grade or other
27	educational programs approved by the legislature. Expenditures for maintenance or
28	renovation of buildings, capital improvements, and increases in employee salaries

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are prohibited. The state superintendent of education shall be responsible for allocating all money due private schools.

3 (g) (f) Each recipient school or school system shall annually prepare and 4 submit to the state Department of Education, hereinafter the "department", a prioritized plan for expenditure of funds it expects to receive in the coming year 5 6 from the Education Excellence Fund. The plan shall include performance 7 expectations to ensure accountability in the expenditure of such monies. The 8 department shall review such plans for compliance with the requirements of this 9 Subparagraph and to assure that the expenditure plans will support excellence in 10 educational practice. No funds may be distributed to any school or school system 11 until its plan has received both legislative and departmental approval as provided by 12 law.

13 (h)(g) No amount appropriated as required in this Paragraph shall displace, 14 replace, or supplant appropriations from the general fund for elementary and 15 secondary education, including implementing the Minimum Foundation Program. 16 This Subsubparagraph shall mean that no appropriation for any fiscal year from the 17 Education Excellence Fund shall be made for any purpose for which a general fund 18 appropriation was made in the previous year unless the total appropriations for the 19 fiscal year from the state general fund for such purpose exceed general fund 20 appropriations of the previous year. Nor shall any money allocated to a city or parish 21 school board pursuant to this Paragraph displace, replace, or supplant locally 22 generated revenue, which means that no allocation to any city or parish school board 23 from the investment earnings attributable to the Education Excellence Fund shall be 24 expended for any purpose for which a local revenue source was expended for that 25 purpose for the previous year unless the total of the local revenue amount expended 26 that fiscal year exceeds the total of such local revenue amounts for the previous 27 fiscal year.

28 (i)(h) The treasurer shall maintain within the state treasury a record of the
 29 amounts appropriated and credited for each entity through appropriations authorized

1	in this Subparagraph and which remain in the state treasury. Notwithstanding any
2	other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, such amounts, and investment
3	earnings attributable to such amounts, shall remain to the credit of each recipient
4	entity at the close of each fiscal year.
5	(4) Appropriations from the TOPS Fund shall be restricted to support of state
6	programs for financial assistance for students attending Louisiana institutions of
7	postsecondary education.
8	§10.9. Louisiana Fund
9	Section 10.9. Louisiana Fund
10	(A) The Louisiana Fund is established in the state treasury as a special fund.
11	After allocation of money to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided
12	in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall deposit in and
13	credit to the Louisiana Fund all remaining monies received as a result of the
14	Settlement Agreement after deposits into the Millennium Trust as provided in
15	Section 10.8 of this Article, and all interest income on the investment of monies in
16	the Louisiana Fund. Monies in the Louisiana Fund shall be invested by the treasurer
17	in the same manner as the state general fund.
18	(B) Appropriations from the Louisiana Fund shall be restricted to the
19	following purposes:
20	(1) Initiatives to ensure the optimal development of Louisiana's children
21	through enhancement of educational opportunities and the provision of appropriate
22	health care, which shall include but not be limited to:
23	(a) Early childhood intervention programs targeting children from birth
24	through age four, including programs to reduce infant mortality.
25	(b) Support of state programs for children's health insurance.
26	(c) School-based health clinics, rural health clinics, and primary care clinics.
27	(2) Initiatives to benefit the citizens of Louisiana with respect to health care
28	through pursuit of innovation in advanced health care sciences, provision of

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1 comprehensive chronic disease management services, and expenditures for capital 2 improvements for state health care facilities. 3 (3) Provision of direct health care services for tobacco-related illnesses. (4) Initiatives to diminish tobacco-related injury and death to Louisiana's 4 citizens through educational efforts, cessation assistance services, promotion of a 5 6 tobacco-free lifestyle, and enforcement of the requirements of the Settlement 7 Agreement by the attorney general. 8 (C) Each appropriation from the Louisiana Fund shall include performance 9 expectations to ensure accountability in the expenditure of such monies. Any 10 unexpended and unencumbered monies in each fund at the end of a fiscal year shall 11 remain in the respective fund. 12 §10.10. Millennium Leverage Fund 13 Section 10.10. Millennium Leverage Fund 14 (A) Millennium Leverage Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 15 VII, Sections 10.8 and 10.9 of this constitution, the legislature may provide, by 16 passage of a specific legislative instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the 17 elected members of each house of the legislature, for the deposit of all or a portion 18 of monies received by the state as a result of the Master Settlement Agreement, 19 hereinafter the "Settlement Agreement", executed November 23, 1998, and approved 20 by Consent Decree and Final Judgment entered in the case "Richard P. leyoub, 21 Attorney General, ex rel. State of Louisiana v. Philip Morris, Incorporated, et al.", 22 bearing Number 98-6473 on the docket of the Fourteenth Judicial District for the 23 parish of Calcasieu, state of Louisiana; after satisfying the requirements of Article 24 VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, into the Millennium Leverage Fund which is 25 hereby established as a special permanent trust fund in the state treasury. The 26 Millennium Leverage Fund shall hereinafter be referred to as the "Leverage Fund". 27 (B) Investment. Monies deposited in the Leverage Fund shall be invested 28 and administered by the treasurer. Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution 29 to the contrary, a portion of the monies in the Leverage Fund, not to exceed fifty

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percent, may be invested in stock. The legislature shall provide for the procedure for
the investment of such monies by law. The treasurer shall contract, subject to
approval of the State Bond Commission, for the management of such investments.
The monies in the Leverage Fund shall be available for appropriation to pay
expenses incurred in the investment and management of monies in the fund.

6 (C) Revenue Bonds. The State Bond Commission, or its successor, may 7 issue and sell bonds, notes, or other obligations, hereinafter the "bonds" secured by 8 a pledge of a portion of the monies received by the state as a result of the Settlement 9 Agreement which are otherwise to be deposited in the Leverage Fund as provided 10 in this Section. Such bonds may be issued only in amounts authorized by the 11 legislature by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. If 12 settlement revenues are pledged to secure any revenue bonds issued pursuant to this 13 Section, any portion thereof needed to pay principal, interest, or premium, if any, and 14 other obligations incident to the issuance, security, prepayment, defeasance, and 15 payment in respect thereof may be expended by the treasurer without the need for an 16 appropriation, provided that the prepayment or defeasance has been approved by the 17 legislature. Bonds so issued may also be further secured by a collateralization of all 18 or a portion of monies in the Leverage Fund. If bonds are issued subject to such a 19 collateralization, the treasurer may pay from the Leverage Fund any principal, 20 interest, or premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, 21 prepayment, defeasance, and payment in respect thereof without the need for an 22 appropriation, provided that the prepayment or defeasance has been approved by the 23 legislature. The net proceeds of any bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall be 24 deposited in and credited to the Leverage Fund. Any revenue bonds issued under 25 authority of this Section shall not be general obligation bonds secured by the full 26 faith and credit of the state.

(D) Appropriations. (1) The legislature may annually appropriate the bond
proceeds credited to the Leverage Fund and all earnings, income, and realized capital
gains on investment of monies in the Leverage Fund as recognized as available for

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1	appropriation in the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference. The
2	Revenue Estimating Conference shall include in its forecast of monies available for
3	appropriation only that amount of earnings, income, and realized capital gains which
4	are in excess of inflation as determined by the conference.
5	(2) Appropriations may be made only for the following purposes:
6	(a) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation for the purposes
7	as provided in the TOPS Fund.
8	(b) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation for the purposes
9	as provided in the Health Excellence Fund.
10	(c) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation as provided in
11	the Education Excellence Fund.
12	(d) Twenty-five percent shall be available for appropriation as provided in
13	the Louisiana Fund.
14	(e) The amounts available for appropriation for each of the purposes
15	contained in Subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this Paragraph may be increased, and
16	the amount available for appropriation for the purposes of Subsubparagraph (d) may
17	be decreased by a specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of
18	two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.
19	(E) Termination. The legislature may, by passage of a specific legislative
20	instrument by a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house
21	of the legislature, provide for the termination of deposits to the Leverage Fund. Any
22	such termination shall be made in such a manner so as to not impair the obligation,
23	validity, or security of any bonds issued under the authority of this Section. Upon
24	termination, the amount of any settlement revenues over and above the amount
25	pledged for security of any bonds issued pursuant to the authority granted in this
26	Section, shall be deposited in and credited as provided in Article VII, Sections 10.8
27	and 10.9 of this Constitution.
28	§10.11. Artificial Reef Development Fund

1	(A) Artificial Reef Development Fund. There shall be established in the state
2	treasury, as a special fund, the Artificial Reef Development Fund. Out of the funds
3	remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is
4	allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of
5	the state that become due and payable within any fiscal year as required by Article
6	VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall pay into the Artificial Reef
7	Development Fund the monies received as provided in Paragraph (B) of this Section.
8	(B) The secretary of the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries is authorized
9	to accept and receive grants, donations of monies, and other forms of assistance from
10	private and public sources that are provided to the state for the purpose of siting,
11	designing, constructing, permitting, monitoring, and otherwise managing an artificial
12	reef system.
13	(C) The monies in the Artificial Reef Development Fund shall be
14	appropriated by the legislature to the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, or its
15	successor, and shall be allocated solely for the following:
16	(1) For the programs and purposes of siting, designing, constructing,
17	permitting, monitoring, and otherwise managing an artificial reef system.
18	(2) For the salaries of personnel assigned to the Artificial Reef Development
19	Program and for related operating expenses.
20	(3) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the monies deposited to the fund
21	each year and ten percent of the interest income credited to the fund each year may
22	be used by the department to provide funding in association with the wild seafood
23	certification program, particularly in support of wild-caught shrimp, established by
24	the department. Such funding may be used for a subsidy granted to seafood
25	harvesters or processors to assist in their efforts to comply with the certification
26	program requirements and may be used for administration of the program.
27	(4) An amount not to exceed ten percent of the funds deposited to the fund
28	each year and ten percent of the interest income credited to the fund each year may
29	be used by the department to provide funding for inshore fisheries habitat

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enhancement projects, particularly in support of the Artificial Reef Development Program established by the department. Such funding may be used for grants to nonprofit conservation organizations working in cooperation with the department.

4 (D) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Artificial Reef 5 Development Fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies 6 in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer in the manner provided by law. All 7 interest earned on monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the fund. 8 The treasurer shall prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a 9 written report showing the amount of money contained in the fund from all sources. 10 §10.12. Farmers and fishermen assistance programs; Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund

11

12 (A) The legislature is authorized to provide by law for programs to assist 13 Louisiana farmers and fishermen with support and expansion of their industries.

14 (B)(1) The Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund is hereby 15 established in the state treasury as a special fund, hereinafter referred to as the 16 "fund". The source of monies in this fund shall be any monies received by the state 17 from the licensing of trademarks or labels for use in promoting Louisiana agricultural and seafood products; grants, gifts, and donations received by the state 18 19 for the purposes of this Section; any other revenues as may be provided by law; and 20 other monies which may be appropriated by the legislature to the fund. After 21 compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution 22 relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, and prior to monies being 23 placed in the state general fund, an amount equal to that deposited into the state 24 treasury from the foregoing sources shall be deposited in and credited to the fund. 25 Monies in the fund shall be subject to appropriation in accordance with Paragraph (2) of this Section Subparagraph. All unexpended and unencumbered monies 26 27 remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The 28 monies in the fund shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as 29 monies in the state general fund.

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1	(2) The monies in the Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund may
2	be appropriated solely for the programs and purposes as required by the Department
3	of Economic Development for assistance to Louisiana farmers and fishermen with
4	support and expansion of their industries.
5	(C) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to or affect funds allocated
6	by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E).
7	§10.13. Hospital stabilization formula and assessment; Hospital Stabilization Fund
8	(A) Hospital Stabilization Formula. (1) The legislature may annually adopt
9	a Hospital Stabilization Formula, hereafter referred to in this Section as "the
10	formula", by concurrent resolution by a favorable vote of a majority of the elected
11	members of each house. Such resolution shall be referred to the standing committees
12	of the legislature that hear the general appropriation bill. The formula shall, to the
13	maximum extent possible, enhance the economic viability of Louisiana hospitals and
14	reduce shifting the cost of caring for Louisiana's needy residents to the state's insured
15	residents.
16	(2)(a) The first formula established pursuant to Subparagraph (1) of this
17	Paragraph, which shall require a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members
18	of each house for adoption, shall define and establish as the base reimbursement
10	level under the Louisiana medical assistance program provided for in Title XIX of

level under the Louisiana medical assistance program provided for in Title XIX of
the Social Security Act, hereafter referred to as the "Medicaid Program", to hospitals
for inpatient and outpatient services in Fiscal Year 2012-2013. The formula shall
also provide for the preservation and protection of rural hospitals as provided for by
law. Each formula established thereafter may apply a rate of inflation, which shall
not be a negative rate, to the base reimbursement level from the previous formula
adopted by the legislature.

(b) Each formula shall also include and establish assessments to be paid by
hospitals and the basis on which such assessments shall be calculated, provided the
amount of the assessments does not exceed the nonfederal share of the
reimbursement enhancements.

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1	(c) Each formula shall also establish reimbursement enhancements under
2	the Medicaid Program, or its successor, achieving the maximum reimbursement by
3	federal law and resulting in distributing such reimbursement enhancements
4	exclusively among hospitals for hospital services. Reimbursement enhancements
5	may also be distributed for uninsured services delivered.
6	(d) Each formula shall also include any additional provisions necessary to
7	the implementation of the formula. Neither the assessments nor the reimbursement
8	enhancements established in the formula adopted by the legislature shall be
9	implemented until each has been approved by the federal authority which
10	administers the Medicaid Program.
11	(3) The base reimbursement level resulting from the formula shall not be
12	paid from the Hospital Stabilization Fund.
13	(4) No additional assessment shall be collected and any assessment shall be
14	terminated for the remainder of the fiscal year from the date on which any of the
15	following occur:
16	(a) The legislature fails to adopt a formula for the subsequent fiscal year.
17	(b) The Louisiana Department of Health, or its successor or contractors,
18	reduces or does not pay reimbursement enhancements established in the current
19	formula as adopted by the legislature.
20	(c) The appropriations provided for in Subparagraph (B)(2) of this Section
21	are reduced.
22	(5) The treasurer shall return any monies collected after the date of
23	termination of an assessment to the hospital from which it was collected.
24	(B) Appropriation. (1) The legislature shall annually appropriate an amount
25	necessary to fund the base reimbursement level for hospitals established in the most
26	recent formula adopted by the legislature.
27	(2) The legislature shall annually appropriate the balance of the Hospital
28	Stabilization Fund solely to fund the reimbursement enhancements as provided in the
29	most recent formula adopted by the legislature.

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1	(3) Notwithstanding Article VII, Section 10(F) of this constitution, neither
2	the governor nor the legislature may reduce the appropriation funding the base
3	reimbursement level or the reimbursement enhancements to satisfy a budget deficit,
4	except the governor may reduce the appropriation to the base reimbursement level
5	if the following occur:
6	(a) Such reduction does not exceed the average reduction of those made to
7	the appropriations and reimbursement for other providers under the Medicaid
8	Program, or its successor; and
9	(b)(i) If the legislature is in session, the reduction is consented to in writing
10	by <u>a majority</u> two-thirds of the elected members of each house in a manner provided
11	by law; or
12	(ii) If the legislature is not in session, the reduction is approved by two-thirds
13	a majority of the members of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, or its
14	successor.
15	(C) Hospital Stabilization Fund. There is hereby established as a special
16	fund in the state treasury the Hospital Stabilization Fund, hereafter referred to as "the
17	fund". After compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this
18	constitution relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall
19	deposit all proceeds from the assessment collected pursuant to the Hospital
20	Stabilization Formula provided for in this Section. The monies in the fund shall be
21	invested in the same manner as monies in the state general fund, and all interest
22	earned on the investment of the fund shall be deposited in and credited to the fund.
23	Appropriations from the fund shall be restricted to funding the reimbursement
24	enhancements established in the Hospital Stabilization Formula adopted by the
25	legislature for the fiscal year in which the assessment is collected.
26	§10.14. Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund
27	(A) There is hereby established as a special fund in the state treasury the
28	Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund, hereinafter referred to as "the fund",
29	which shall consist of monies generated by fees as provided for in law. Subject to

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1 the exceptions contained in Article VII, Section 9(A) of this constitution, and after 2 compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution 3 relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall deposit all 4 proceeds from the fees collected as provided for in laws relative to the Louisiana Medical Assistance Trust Fund into the fund. The monies in the fund shall be 5 6 invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as monies in the state general fund. All interest earned from the investment of monies in the fund shall be 7 8 deposited in and remain to the credit of the fund. All unexpended and unencumbered 9 monies remaining in the fund at the close of each fiscal year shall remain in the fund.

10 (B) The treasurer is hereby authorized to establish a separate account within 11 the fund for each health care provider group in which fees are collected according 12 to law. Monies collected from each provider group, and the interest earned on those 13 monies, shall be deposited into the account created for that provider group. Any 14 monies deposited into the fund from sources not required by law, and the interest 15 earned on those monies, shall be deposited into a separate account within the fund, 16 hereafter referred to as "the general account".

17 (C) The legislature is authorized to appropriate monies from the fund only 18 if the appropriation is eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of 19 the Social Security Act, or its successor. The balance of each account shall be 20 appropriated for reimbursement of services to the provider group which paid the fee 21 into the account in any fiscal year, except monies deposited into the general account 22 may be appropriated for any Medicaid Program expenditure.

(D) The monies appropriated from the provider accounts in the fund shall not
be used to displace, replace, or supplant appropriations from the state general fund
for the Medicaid Program below the amount of state general fund appropriations to
the Medicaid Program for Fiscal Year 2013-2014.

(E)(1) The legislature shall annually appropriate the funds necessary to
provide for Medicaid Program rates for each provider group which pays fees into the
fund that is no less than the average Medicaid Program rates established for Fiscal

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1	Year 2013-2014 and which may be adjusted annually by establishing the rates of
2	inflation, or rebasing if applicable, which rates shall not be negative, to be applied
3	to the base rates to establish the new base rates for the next fiscal year as authorized
4	by law. For the purpose of this Section, "Medicaid Program" shall refer to the
5	Louisiana medical assistance program provided for in Title XIX of the Social
6	Security Act, or its successor.
7	(2) Notwithstanding Article VII, Section 10(F) of this constitution, neither
8	the governor nor the legislature may reduce the base rate as provided for in this
9	Paragraph to satisfy a budget deficit, except the governor may reduce the
10	appropriation for the base rate if the following occur:
11	(a) Such reduction does not exceed the average reduction of those made to
12	the appropriations and reimbursement for other providers under the Medicaid
13	Program, or its successor; and
14	(b)(i) If the legislature is in session, the reduction is consented to in writing
15	by two-thirds of the elected members of each house in a manner provided by law; or
16	(ii) If the legislature is not in session, the reduction is approved by two-thirds
17	majority of the members of the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, or its
18	successor.
19	§10.15. Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund
20	Section 10.15. Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund. (A) The Revenue
21	Stabilization Trust Fund is hereby established in the state treasury as a special trust
22	fund, hereinafter referred to as the "fund".
23	(B) After allocation of money to the Bond Redemption and Security Fund
24	as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, the
25	treasurer shall deposit in and credit to the fund the revenues as provided for in
26	Paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.
27	(C) The treasurer shall deposit into the fund the amount of mineral revenues
28	as provided in Section 10.16 of this constitution.

1	(D) The treasurer shall deposit into the fund the amount of revenues in
2	excess of six hundred million dollars received each fiscal year from corporate
3	franchise and income taxes as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference.
4	(E)(1) Except as provided for in Paragraph (F) of this Section, monies-
5	Monies deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund shall be permanently
6	credited to the trust fund and shall be invested by the treasurer in a manner provided
7	for by law.
8	(2) The treasurer shall deposit all interest or other income from investment
9	generated from the fund into the state general fund.
10	(F)(1) Except as provided in Subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this Paragraph,
11	no No appropriations shall be made from the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund.
12	(2)(a) In any fiscal year in which the balance of the fund at the beginning of
13	the year is in excess of five billion dollars, hereinafter referred to as the minimum
14	fund balance, the legislature may appropriate an amount not to exceed ten percent
15	of the fund balance, hereinafter referred to as the allowable percentage, for the
16	following:
17	(i) Capital outlay projects in the comprehensive state capital budget.
18	(ii) Transportation infrastructure.
19	(b) The minimum fund balance or the allowable percentage may be changed
20	by a law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the
21	legislature.
22	(3) In order to ensure the money in the fund is available for appropriation in
23	an emergency, the legislature may authorize an appropriation from the fund at any
24	time for any purpose only after the consent of two-thirds of the elected members of
25	each house of the legislature. If the legislature is not in session, the two-thirds
26	requirement may be satisfied upon obtaining the written consent of two-thirds of the
27	elected members of each house of the legislature in a manner provided by law.
28	§10.16. Dedications of Mineral Revenues

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1	Section 10.16.(A) All mineral revenues as defined in Paragraph (D) of this
2	Section received in each fiscal year by the state of Louisiana as a result of the
3	production of or exploration for minerals, hereinafter referred to as "mineral
4	revenues", shall be allocated as provided in this Section after the following
5	allocations and deposits of mineral revenues have been made:
6	(1) To the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as provided in Article VII,
7	Section 9 (B) of this constitution.
8	(2) To the political subdivisions of the state as provided in Article VII,
9	Sections 4 (D) and (E) of this constitution.
10	(3) To the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund as provided
11	by the requirements of Article VII, Section 10-A of this constitution and as provided
12	by law.
13	(4) To the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund and the Oil
14	and Gas Regulatory Fund as provided by law.
15	(5) To the Rockefeller Wildlife Refuge and Game Preserve Fund as provided
16	by law.
17	(6) To the Marsh Island Operating Fund and the Russell Sage or Marsh
18	Island Refuge Fund as provided by law.
19	(7) To the MC Davis Conservation Fund as provided by law.
20	(8) To the White Lake Property Fund as provided by law.
21	(9) To the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund and Louisiana Quality
22	Education Support Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 10.1 of this constitution.
23	(10) To the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund as provided in Article
24	VII, Section 10.2 of this constitution and as provided by law.
25	(11) To the Mineral Revenue and Audit Settlement Fund as provided in
26	Article VII, Section 10.5 of this constitution and as provided by law.
27	(12) To the Budget Stabilization Fund as provided in Article VII, Section
28	10.3 of this constitution and as provided by law.

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1	(13) An amount equal to the state general fund deposited into To the
2	Transportation Trust Fund and the Louisiana State Transportation Infrastructure
3	Fund as provided by law.

4 (B) Allocation of Mineral Revenues. After the allocations and deposits
5 provided in Paragraph (A) of this Section, the mineral revenues received in each year
6 in excess of six hundred sixty million dollars and less than nine hundred fifty million
7 dollars shall be allocated as follows:

8 (1) Thirty percent shall be appropriated to the Louisiana State Employees' 9 Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application 10 to the balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June 11 30, 1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such 12 system, until such unfunded accrued liability has been eliminated. Any such 13 payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly, 14 to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.

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(2) The remainder shall be deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust Fund.

17 (C) Mineral revenues in excess of the base which would otherwise be
18 deposited into the Budget Stabilization Fund under Subparagraph (A)(2) of Section
19 10.3 of this constitution, but are prohibited from being deposited into the fund under
20 Subparagraph (C)(4) of Section 10.3 of this constitution, shall be distributed as
21 follows:

(1) Thirty percent shall be appropriated to the Louisiana State Employees'
Retirement System and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana for application
to the balance of the unfunded accrued liability of such systems existing as of June
30, 1988, in proportion to the balance of such unfunded accrued liability of each such
system, until such unfunded accrued liability has been eliminated. Any such
payments to the public retirement systems shall not be used, directly or indirectly,
to fund cost-of-living increases for such systems.

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1	(2) The remainder shall be deposited into the Revenue Stabilization Trust
2	Fund.
3	(D) For purposes of this Section, "mineral revenues" shall include severance
4	taxes, royalty payments, bonus payments, or rentals, with the following exceptions:
5	(1) Revenues designated as nonrecurring, pursuant to Article VII, Section
6	10(B) of this constitution.
7	(2) Revenues received by the state as a result of grants or donations when the
8	terms or conditions thereof require otherwise.
9	(3) Revenues derived from any tax on the transportation of minerals.
10	§10.17. State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund
11	Section 10.17. State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund.
12	(A) The State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure
13	Fund is hereby established in the state treasury as a special fund, hereinafter referred
14	to as the "fund". After allocation of money to the Bond Redemption and Security
15	Fund as provided in Article VII, Section 9(B) of this constitution, the treasurer shall
16	deposit in and credit to the fund the revenues as provided for in Paragraph (B) of this
17	Section.
18	(B)(1) Except as provided in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the
19	treasurer shall deposit forty-five thousandths of all money available for appropriation
20	from the state general fund.
21	(2) Monies in the state general fund received by the state or by any state
22	board, agency, or commission, but pledged in connection with issuance of bonds
23	shall not be deposited in the fund.
24	(3) All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the
25	fiscal year shall remain in the fund. Monies deposited into the fund shall be
26	permanently credited to the fund and shall be invested by the treasurer in a manner
27	provided for by law and any earnings realized on investment of money in the fund
28	shall be deposited in and credited to the fund.

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1	(4) The legislature may authorize changes to this Paragraph regarding the
2	rate of dedicated revenue and source of the funds but only by enactment of a law by
3	a vote of the elected members of each house of the legislature.
4	(C)(1) Appropriations from the State Cybersecurity and Information
5	Technology Infrastructure Fund shall be expended solely for support of projects to
6	enhance or upgrade the state's information technology infrastructure or cybersecurity
7	needs.
8	(2) The legislature may authorize the creation and establishment of a
9	committee to assist in the consideration of priorities for the funding of cybersecurity
10	and information technology infrastructure projects through appropriations of the
11	fund with the consent of a majority of the elected members of each house of the
12	legislature.
13	§11. Budgets
14	Section 11.(A) Budget Estimate. The governor shall submit to the
15	legislature, at the time and in the form fixed by law, a budget estimate for the next
16	fiscal year setting forth all proposed state expenditures. This budget shall include
17	a recommendation for appropriations from the state general fund and from dedicated
18	funds, except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E),
19	which shall not exceed the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference
20	and the expenditure limit for the fiscal year. The recommendation shall also comply
21	with the provisions of Article VII, Section 10(D). This budget shall include a
22	recommendation for funding of state salary supplements for full-time law
23	enforcement and fire protection officers of the state, as provided in Article VII,
24	Section $10(D)(3)$ of this constitution.
25	(B) Operating Budget. The governor shall cause to be submitted a general
26	appropriation bill for proposed ordinary operating expenditures which shall be in
27	conformity with the recommendations for appropriations contained in the budget
28	estimate. The governor may cause to be submitted a bill or bills to raise additional
29	revenues with proposals for the use of these revenues.

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1 (C) Capital Budget. The governor shall submit to the legislature, at each 2 regular session, a proposed five-year capital outlay program and request 3 implementation of the first year of the program. Prior to inclusion in the 4 comprehensive capital budget which the legislature adopts, each capital improvement 5 project shall be evaluated through a feasibility study, as defined by the legislature, 6 which shall include an analysis of need and estimates of construction and operating 7 costs. The legislature shall provide by law for procedures, standards, and criteria for 8 the evaluation of such feasibility studies and shall set the schedule of submission of 9 such feasibility studies which shall take effect not later than December thirty-first 10 following the first regular session convening after this Paragraph takes effect. These 11 procedures, standards, and criteria for evaluation of such feasibility studies cannot 12 be changed or altered except by a separate legislative instrument approved by a 13 favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature. 14 For those projects not eligible for funding under the provisions of Article VII, 15 Section 27 of this constitution, the request for implementation of the first year of the 16 program shall include a list of the proposed projects in priority order based on the 17 evaluation of the feasibility studies submitted. Capital outlay projects approved by 18 the legislature shall be made a part of the comprehensive state capital budget, which 19 shall be adopted by the legislature. 20 §12. Reports and Records 21 Section 12. Reports and records of the collection, expenditure, investment, 22 and use of state money and those relating to state obligations shall be matters of 23 public record, except returns of taxpayers and matters pertaining to those taxpayer 24 returns.

§13. Investment of State Funds
Section 13. All money in the custody <u>or control</u> of the state treasurer which
is available for investment shall be invested as provided by law.
§14. Donation, Loan, or Pledge of Public Credit

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Section 14.(A) Prohibited Uses. Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the funds, credit, property, or things of value of the state or of any political subdivision shall not be loaned, pledged, or donated to or for any person, association, or corporation, public or private. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, neither the state nor a political subdivision shall subscribe to or purchase the stock of a corporation or association or for any private enterprise.

7 (B) Authorized Uses. Nothing in this Section shall prevent (1) the use of 8 public funds for programs of social welfare for the aid and support of the needy; (2) 9 contributions of public funds to pension and insurance programs for the benefit of 10 public employees; (3) the pledge of public funds, credit, property, or things of value 11 for public purposes with respect to the issuance of bonds or other evidences of 12 indebtedness to meet public obligations as provided by law; (4) the return of 13 property, including mineral rights, to a former owner from whom the property had 14 previously been expropriated, or purchased under threat of expropriation, when the 15 legislature by law declares that the public and necessary purpose which originally 16 supported the expropriation has ceased to exist and orders the return of the property 17 to the former owner under such terms and conditions as specified by the legislature; 18 (5) acquisition of stock by any institution of higher education in exchange for any 19 intellectual property; (6) the donation of abandoned or blighted housing property by 20 the governing authority of a municipality or a parish to a nonprofit organization 21 which is recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4)22 nonprofit organization and which agrees to renovate and maintain such property until 23 conveyance of the property by such organization; (7) the deduction of any tax, 24 interest, penalty, or other charges forming the basis of tax liens on blighted property 25 so that they may be subordinated and waived in favor of any purchaser who is not 26 a member of the immediate family of the blighted property owner or which is not 27 any entity in which the owner has a substantial economic interest, but only in 28 connection with a property renovation plan approved by an administrative hearing 29 officer appointed by the parish or municipal government where the property is

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1 located; (8) the deduction of past due taxes, interest, and penalties in favor of an 2 owner of a blighted property, but only when the owner sells the property at less than 3 the appraised value to facilitate the blighted property renovation plan approved by 4 the parish or municipal government and only after the renovation is completed such 5 deduction being canceled, null and void, and to no effect in the event ownership of 6 the property in the future reverts back to the owner or any member of his immediate 7 family; (9) the donation by the state of asphalt which has been removed from state 8 roads and highways to the governing authority of the parish or municipality where 9 the asphalt was removed, or if not needed by such governing authority, then to any 10 other parish or municipal governing authority, but only pursuant to a cooperative 11 endeavor agreement between the state and the governing authority receiving the 12 donated property; (10) the investment in stocks of a portion of the Rockefeller 13 Wildlife Refuge Trust and Protection Fund, created under the provisions of R.S. 14 56:797 of law, and the Russell Sage or Marsh Island Refuge Fund, created under the 15 provisions of R.S. 56:798 of law, such portion not to exceed thirty-five percent of 16 each fund; (11) the investment in stocks of a portion of the state-funded permanently 17 endowed funds of a public or private college or university, not to exceed thirty-five 18 percent of the public funds endowed; (12) the investment in equities of a portion of 19 the Medicaid Trust Fund for the Elderly created under the provisions of R.S. 46:2691 20 et seq., such portion not to exceed thirty-five percent of the fund; (13) the investment 21 of public funds to capitalize a state infrastructure bank and the loan, pledge, or 22 guarantee of public funds by a state infrastructure bank solely for transportation 23 projects; or (14) pursuant to a written agreement, the donation of the use of public 24 equipment and personnel by a political subdivision upon request to another political 25 subdivision for an activity or function the requesting political subdivision is 26 authorized to exercise.

- 27
- 28

(C) Cooperative Endeavors. For a public purpose, the state and its political subdivisions or political corporations may engage in cooperative endeavors with

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2

each other, with the United States or its agencies, or with any public or private association, corporation, or individual.

3 (D) Prior Obligations. Funds, credit, property, or things of value of the state 4 or of a political subdivision heretofore loaned, pledged, dedicated, or granted by prior state law or authorized to be loaned, pledged, dedicated, or granted by the prior 5 6 laws and constitution of this state shall so remain for the full term as provided by the 7 prior laws and constitution and for the full term as provided by any contract, unless 8 the authorization is revoked by law enacted by two-thirds of the elected members of 9 each house of the legislature prior to the vesting of any contractual rights pursuant 10 to this Section.

(E) Surplus Property. Nothing in this Section shall prevent the donation or
exchange of movable surplus property between or among political subdivisions
whose functions include public safety.

14 §15. Release of Obligations to State, Parish, or Municipality

15 Section 15. The legislature shall have no power to release, extinguish, or 16 authorize the releasing or extinguishing of any indebtedness, liability, or obligation 17 of a corporation or individual to the state, a parish, or a municipality, except as 18 <u>provided by law</u>. However, the <u>The</u> legislature, by law, may establish a system 19 under which claims by the state or a political subdivision may be compromised, and 20 may provide for the release of heirs to confiscated property from taxes due thereon 21 at the date of its reversion to them.

22 §16. Taxes; Prescription

23 Section 16. Taxes, except excluding real property taxes, and licenses shall 24 prescribe in three years after the thirty-first day of December in the year in which 25 they are due, but prescription may be interrupted or suspended as provided by law. 26 §17. Legislation to Obtain Federal Aid

27 Section 17. The legislature may enact laws to enable the state, its 28 <u>governmental entities, agencies, boards, commissions, and political subdivisions and</u>

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1	their agencies to comply with federal laws and regulations in order to secure federal
2	participation in funding capital improvement projects.
3	PART II. PROPERTY TAXATION
4	§18. Ad Valorem Taxes
5	Section 18.(A) Assessments. Property subject to ad valorem taxation shall
6	be listed on the assessment rolls at its assessed valuation, which, except as provided
7	in Paragraphs (C), (F), and (G), shall be a percentage of its fair market value. The
8	percentage of fair market value shall be uniform throughout the state upon the same
9	class of property.
10	(B) Classification. $(1)$ The classifications of property subject to ad valorem
11	taxation and the percentage of fair market value applicable to each classification for
12	the purpose of determining assessed valuation are as follows:
13	Classifications Percentages
14	1. Land 10%
15	2. Improvements for residential purposes 10%
16	3. Electric cooperative properties, excluding land 15%
17	4. Public service properties; excluding land 25%
18	5. Other property 15%
19	shall be established by law, which shall include provisions to ensure the equitable
20	assessment of properties statewide, and which shall be enacted by a specific
21	legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of two-thirds of the elected
22	members of each house of the legislature. The legislature may enact laws defining
23	electric cooperative properties and public service properties.
24	(2) The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority
25	in the first tax year which begins after an enactment by the legislature that changes
26	the classifications of or fair market values for property assessments shall not be
27	increased or decreased, as a result of the enactment, above or below the amount of
28	ad valorem taxes collected in the year preceding the enactment. To accomplish this
29	result, it shall be mandatory for each affected taxing authority to adjust millages

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1upwards or downwards without regard to millage limitations otherwise contained in2this constitution. The maximum authorized millages shall be increased or decreased3in proportion to the amount of adjustment upward or downward. Thereafter, such4millages shall remain in effect unless changed as permitted by this constitution. In5no way shall the provisions of this Subparagraph be interpreted to affect the6imposition and collection of revenue from a new millage or the renewal of a millage.

(C) Use Value. Bona fide agricultural, horticultural, marsh, and timber
lands, as defined by general law, shall be assessed for tax purposes at ten percent of
use value rather than fair market value. The legislature may provide by law similarly
for buildings of historic architectural importance.

11 (D) Valuation. Each assessor shall determine the fair market value of all 12 property subject to taxation within his respective parish or district except public service properties, which shall be valued at fair market value by the Louisiana Tax 13 14 Commission or its successor. Each assessor shall determine the use value of 15 property which is to be so assessed under the provisions of Paragraph (C). Fair 16 market value and use value of property shall be determined in accordance with 17 criteria which shall be established by law and which shall apply uniformly 18 throughout the state.

(E) Review. The correctness of assessments by the assessor shall be subject
to review first by the parish governing authority, then by the Louisiana Tax
Commission or its successor, and finally by the courts, all in accordance with
procedures established by law.

(F) Reappraisal. (1) All property subject to taxation shall be reappraised
and valued in accordance with this Section, at intervals of not more than four years.

(2)(a) In the year of implementation of a reappraisal as required in
Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, solely for purposes of determining the ad
valorem tax imposed on residential property subject to the homestead exemption as
provided in Section 20 of this Article, if the assessed value of immovable property
increases by an amount which is greater than fifty percent of the property's assessed

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value in the previous year, the collector shall phase-in the additional tax liability
 resulting from the increase in the property's assessed value over a four-year period
 as follows:

4 (i) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the first levy following reappraisal, the collector shall use the property's assessed value 5 6 from the previous year, which shall be called the base amount as used in this 7 Subparagraph, and shall increase the portion of the assessed value of the property 8 used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an amount which is equal to one-fourth 9 of the amount of the increase in the property's assessed value as a result of the 10 reappraisal to the base amount. This resulting amount shall constitute the property's 11 taxable value and shall be used solely for purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes 12 for that taxable year.

(ii) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the second levy following reappraisal, the collector shall increase the portion of the assessed value of the property used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an amount which is equal to one-half of the amount of the increase in the property's assessed value as a result of the reappraisal to the base amount. This resulting amount shall constitute the property's taxable value and shall be used solely for purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes for that taxable year.

(iii) For purposes of calculating the ad valorem taxes on the property in the
third levy following reappraisal, the collector shall increase the portion of the
assessed value of the property used to calculate ad valorem taxes by adding an
amount which is equal to three-quarters of the amount of the increase in the
property's assessed value as a result of the reappraisal to the base amount. This
resulting amount shall constitute the property's taxable value and shall be used solely
for purposes of calculating ad valorem taxes for that taxable year.

27 (iv) In the fourth levy following reappraisal, the collector shall calculate ad
28 valorem taxes based on the property's full assessed value.

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1 (b) The provisions of this Subparagraph providing for a phase-in of 2 additional ad valorem tax liability following reappraisal shall cease to apply upon the 3 transfer or conveyance of ownership of the property. Following a transfer or 4 conveyance, the collector shall calculate ad valorem taxes based on the property's 5 full assessed value.

6 (c) Property subject to the provisions of this Subparagraph shall not be 7 subject to reappraisal by an assessor until after the four-year phase-in of the amount 8 of the increase in the property's assessed value is complete.

9 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, the 10 increase in assessed valuation of property phased-in under this Subparagraph shall 11 be included as taxable property for purposes of any subsequent reappraisals and 12 valuation for millage adjustment purposes under Article VII, Section 23(B) of this 13 constitution. The decrease in the total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a 14 taxing authority as a result of this phase-in of assessed valuation shall be absorbed 15 by the taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for other 16 taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation 17 or millage adjustment. Implementation of this phase-in of increase in assessed 18 valuation authorized in this Subparagraph shall neither trigger nor be cause for a 19 reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to the provisions of 20 Article VII, Section 23(B) of this constitution.

(e) The provisions of this Subparagraph shall not apply to the extent the
increase was attributable to construction on or improvements to the property.

23

(G) Special Assessment Level.

(1)(a)(i) The assessment of residential property receiving the homestead
exemption which is owned and occupied by any of the following and who meet all
of the other requirements of this Section shall not be increased above the total
assessment of that property for the first year that the owner qualifies for and receives
the special assessment level, provided that such person or persons remain qualified
for and receive the special assessment level:

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(aa) People who are sixty-five years of age or older.

(bb) People who have a service-connected disability rating of fifty percent
or more by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

4 (cc) Members of the armed forces of the United States or the Louisiana
5 National Guard who owned and last occupied such property who are killed in action,
6 or who are missing in action or are a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety
7 days.

8 (dd) Any person or persons permanently totally disabled as determined by 9 a final non-appealable judgment of a court or as certified by a state or federal 10 administrative agency charged with the responsibility for making determinations 11 regarding disability.

12 (ii) Any person or persons shall be prohibited from receiving the special 13 assessment as provided in this Section if such person's or persons' adjusted gross 14 income, as reported in the federal tax return for the year prior to the application for 15 the special assessment, exceeds fifty thousand dollars. For persons applying for the 16 special assessment whose filing status is married filing separately, the adjusted gross 17 income for purposes of this Section shall be determined by combining the adjusted gross income on both federal tax returns. Beginning for the tax year 2001, and for 18 19 each tax year thereafter, the fifty thousand dollar limit shall be adjusted annually by 20 the Consumer Price Index as reported by the United States Government.

(iii) An eligible owner or the owner's spouse or other legally qualified
representative shall apply for the special assessment level by filing a signed
application establishing that the owner qualifies for the special assessment level with
the assessor of the parish or, in the parish of Orleans, the assessor of the district
where the property is located.

(iv) An owner who is below the age of sixty-five and who has applied for
and received the special assessment level may qualify for and receive the special
assessment level in the subsequent year by certifying to the assessor of the parish,
or in the parish of Orleans, the assessor of the district where the property is located,

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that such person or persons' adjusted gross income in the prior tax year satisfied the	
income requirement of this Section. The provisions of this Subsubparagraph (a)(iv)	
shall not apply to an owner who has qualified for and received the special assessment	
level for persons sixty-five years of age or older or to such owner's surviving spouse	
as described in Subsubparagraph (a)(i) of this Subparagraph.	
(b) Any millage rate applied to the special assessment level shall not be	
subject to a limitation.	
(2) Provided such owner is qualified for and receives the special assessment	
level, the special assessment level shall remain on the property as long as:	
(a)(i) The owner who is sixty-five years of age or older, or that owner's	
surviving spouse who is fifty-five years of age or older or who has minor children,	
remains the owner of the property.	
(ii) The owner who has a service-connected disability of fifty percent or	
more, or that owner's surviving spouse who is forty-five years of age or older or who	
has minor children, remains the owner of the property.	
(iii) The spouse of the owner who is killed in action remains the owner of the	
property.	
(iv) The first day of the tax year following the tax year in which an owner	
who was missing in action or was a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety	
days is no longer missing in action or a prisoner of war.	
(v) Even if the ownership interest of any surviving spouse or spouse of an	
owner who is missing in action as provided for in this Subparagraph is an interest in	
usufruct.	
(b) The value of the property does not increase more than twenty-five	
percent because of construction or reconstruction.	
(3) A new or subsequent owner of the property may claim a special	
assessment level when eligible under this Section. The new owner is not necessarily	
entitled to the same special assessment level on the property as when that property	
was owned by the previous owner.	

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1	(4)(a) The special assessment level on property that is sold shall
2	automatically expire on the last day of December in the year prior to the year that the
3	property is sold. The property shall be immediately revalued at fair market value by
4	the assessor and shall be assessed by the assessor on the assessment rolls in the year
5	it was sold at the assessment level provided for in Article VII, Section 18 of the
6	Constitution of Louisiana.
7	(b) This new assessment level shall remain in effect until changed as
8	provided by this Section or this Constitution.
9	(5)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in this
10	Paragraph who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first
11	of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by
12	a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special
13	assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired
14	or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is reoccupied by the
15	owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster.
16	The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located
17	prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior
18	to the damage or destruction described in this Subsubparagraph. If the property
19	owner receives a homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-
20	year period, the damaged or destroyed property shall not be entitled to keep the
21	special assessment level, and the land and buildings shall be assessed in that year at
22	the percentage of fair market value set forth in this constitution. In addition, the
23	owner shall also maintain the homestead exemption set forth in Article VII, Section
24	20(A)(10) to qualify for the special assessment level in this Subsubparagraph.
25	(b) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in
26	Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph who is unable to reoccupy his homestead
27	within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster shall
28	be eligible for an extension of the special assessment level on the homestead for a

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period not to exceed two years. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension

1	only if the homeowner's damage claim is filed and pending in a formal appeal
2	process with any federal, state, or local government agency or program offering
3	grants or assistance for repairing or rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a
4	result of the disaster, or if a homeowner has a damage claim filed and pending
5	against the insurer of the property. The homeowner shall apply for this extension of
6	the special assessment level with the assessor of the parish in which the homestead
7	is located. The assessor shall require the homeowner to provide official
8	documentation from the government agency or program evidencing the homeowner's
9	participation in the formal appeal process or official documentation evidencing the
10	homeowner has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the damaged
11	property, as provided by law.
12	(c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subsubparagraph (b) of
13	this Subparagraph, an An assessor shall have the authority to grant on a case-by-case
14	basis up to three additional one-year extensions of the special assessment level as
15	prescribed by law.
16	(6)(a) A trust shall be eligible for the special assessment level as provided
17	by law.
18	(b) If a trust would have been eligible for the special assessment level
19	pursuant to this Subparagraph prior to the most recent reappraisal, the total
20	assessment of the property held in trust shall be the assessed value on the last
21	appraisal before the reappraisal.
22	§19. State Property Taxation; Rate Limitation
23	Section 19. State taxation on property for all purposes shall not exceed an
24	annual rate of five and three-quarter mills on the dollar of assessed valuation.
25	§20. Homestead Exemption
26	Section 20.(A) Homeowners.
27	(1) The bona fide homestead, consisting of a tract of land or two or more
28	tracts of land even if the land is classified and assessed at use value pursuant to
29	Article VII, Section 18(C) of this constitution, with a residence on one tract and a

1 field with or without timber on it, pasture, or garden on the other tract or tracts, not 2 exceeding one hundred sixty acres, buildings and appurtenances, whether rural or 3 urban, owned and occupied by any person or persons owning the property in 4 indivision, shall be exempt from state, parish, and special ad valorem taxes to the 5 extent of seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation. The same 6 homestead exemption shall also fully apply to the primary residence, including a 7 mobile home, which serves as a bona fide home and which is owned and occupied 8 by any person or persons owning the property in indivision, regardless of whether 9 the homeowner owns the land upon which the home or mobile home is sited; 10 however, this homestead exemption shall not apply to the land upon which such 11 primary residence is sited if the homeowner does not own the land.

(2) The homestead exemption shall extend and apply fully to the surviving
spouse or a former spouse when the homestead is occupied by the surviving spouse
or a former spouse and title to it is in the name of (a) the surviving spouse as owner
of any interest or either or both of the former spouses, (b) the surviving spouse as
usufructuary, or (c) a testamentary trust established for the benefit of the surviving
spouse and the descendants of the deceased spouse or surviving spouse, but not to
more than one homestead owned by either the husband or wife, or both.

19 (3) The homestead exemption shall extend to property owned by a trust 20 when the principal beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust are the settlor or settlors 21 of the trust and were the immediate prior owners of the homestead, and the 22 homestead is occupied as such by a principal beneficiary. The provisions of this 23 Subparagraph shall apply only to property which qualified for the homestead 24 exemption immediately prior to transfer, conveyance, or donation in trust or which 25 would have qualified for the homestead exemption if such property were not owned 26 in trust.

(4) The homestead exemption shall extend to property where the usufruct of
the property has been granted to no more than two usufructuaries who were the
immediate prior owners of the homestead and the homestead is occupied as such by

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1 a usufructuary. The provisions of this Subparagraph shall apply only to property 2 which qualified for the homestead exemption immediately prior to the granting of 3 such usufruct, or which would have qualified for the homestead exemption if such 4 usufruct had not been granted. 5 (5) The homestead exemption shall extend only to a natural person or 6 persons and to a trust created by a natural person or persons, in which the 7 beneficiaries of the trust are a natural person or persons provided that the provisions 8 of this Paragraph are otherwise satisfied. 9 (6) Except as otherwise provided for in this Paragraph, the homestead 10 exemption shall apply to property owned in indivision, but shall be limited to the pro 11 rata ownership interest of that person or persons occupying the homestead. 12 (7) No homestead exemption shall be granted on bond for deed property. However, any homestead exemption granted prior to June 20, 2003 on any property 13 14 occupied upon the effective date of this Paragraph\* by a buyer under a bond for deed 15 contract shall remain valid as long as the circumstances giving rise to the exemption 16 at the time the exemption was granted remain applicable. 17 (8) Notwithstanding any provision of this Paragraph to the contrary, in no 18 event shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person in this 19 state. 20 (9) This exemption shall not extend to municipal taxes. However, the 21 exemptions shall apply (a) in Orleans Parish, to state, general city, school, levee, and 22 levee district taxes and (b) to any municipal taxes levied for school purposes. 23 (10)(a) Any homestead receiving the homestead exemption that is damaged 24 or destroyed during a disaster or emergency declared by the governor whose owner 25 is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a calendar 26 year due to such damage or destruction shall be entitled to claim and keep the 27 exemption by filing an annual affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the 28 homestead within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the 29 disaster with the assessor within the parish or district where such homestead is

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situated prior to December thirty-first of the year in which the exemption is claimed. In no event shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person in this state.

4 (b) For homesteads qualifying for the homestead exemption under the provisions of Subsubparagraph (a) of this Subparagraph, after expiration of the five-5 6 year period, the owner of a homestead shall be entitled to claim and keep the 7 exemption for a period not to exceed two additional years by filing an annual 8 affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the homestead with the assessor within the 9 parish where the homestead is located prior to December thirty-first of the year in 10 which the exemption is claimed. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension 11 only if the homeowner's damage claim to repair or rebuild the damaged or destroyed 12 homestead is filed and pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, or 13 local government agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or 14 rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner 15 has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The 16 assessor shall require the homeowner to provide official documentation from the 17 government agency or program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the 18 formal appeal process or official documentation evidencing the homeowners has a 19 damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property as provided by 20 law.

(c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subsubparagraph (b) of
this Subparagraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant on a case-by-case
basis up to three additional one-year extensions of the homestead exemption as
prescribed by law.

(B) Residential Lessees. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this
constitution, the legislature may provide for tax relief to residential lessees in the
form of credits or rebates in order to provide equitable tax relief similar to that
granted to homeowners through homestead exemptions.

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1	(11)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary,	
2	the exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall be effective and applicable unless	
3	and until a parish governing authority adopts a resolution or ordinance adjusting the	
4	amount of the exemption, which resolution or ordinance shall be effective only if	
5	approved by the electors of the parish. Any change in the amount of the exemption	
6	shall become effective on the first day of the calendar year following the year in	
7	which the change was approved by the electors, and is deemed to be an instance of	
8	implementation of the provisions of this Subparagraph.	
9	(b) The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority	
10	in any year in which the provisions of this Subparagraph are implemented shall not	
11	be increased or decreased as a result of such implementation above or below the	
12	amount of ad valorem taxes collected in the year preceding the implementation. To	
13	accomplish this result, it shall be mandatory for each affected taxing authority to	
14	adjust millages upwards or downwards without regard to millage limitations	
15	otherwise contained in this constitution. The maximum authorized millages shall be	
16	increased or decreased in proportion to the amount of adjustment upward or	
17	downward. Thereafter, such millages shall remain in effect unless changed as	
18	permitted by this constitution. In no way shall the provisions of this Subparagraph	
19	be interpreted to affect the imposition and collection of revenue from a new millage	
20	or the renewal of a millage.	
21	§21. Other Property Exemptions	
22	Section 21. In addition to the homestead exemption provided for in Section	
23	20 of this Article, the following property and no other shall be exempt from ad	
24	valorem taxation:	
25	(A) Public lands and other public property used for public purposes. Land	
26	or property owned by another state or owned by a political subdivision of another	
27	state shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.	
28	(B)(1)(a)(i) Property owned by a nonprofit corporation or association	
29	organized and operated exclusively for religious, dedicated places of burial,	

charitable, health, welfare, fraternal, or educational purposes, no part of the net
 earnings of which inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or member thereof
 and which is declared to be exempt from federal or state income tax; and

(ii) medical equipment leased for a term exceeding five years to such a
nonprofit corporation or association which owns or operates a small, rural hospital
and which uses the equipment solely for health care purposes at the hospital,
provided that the property shall be exempt only during the term of the lease to such
corporation or association, and further provided that "small, rural hospital" shall
mean a hospital which meets all of the following criteria:

10

(aa) It has less than fifty Medicare-licensed acute care beds.

(bb) It is located in a municipality with a population of less than ten
thousand which has been classified as an area with a shortage of health manpower
by the United States Health Service; and

14 (b) property leased to such a nonprofit corporation or association for use 15 solely as housing for homeless persons, as defined by regulation adopted by the tax 16 commission or its successor provided that the term of such lease shall be for at least 17 five years, that as a condition of entering into the lease the property be in compliance 18 with all applicable health and sanitation codes for use as housing for homeless 19 persons, that the lease shall provide that compensation to be paid the lessor shall not 20 exceed one dollar per year, and that such contract of lease shall recite that the 21 property shall be used exclusively for the purpose of housing the homeless, and 22 further provided that at such time as the property is no longer used solely as housing 23 for homeless persons, the property shall no longer be exempt from taxation;

24 (2) property of a bona fide labor organization representing its members or
 25 affiliates in collective bargaining efforts; and

(3) property of an organization such as a lodge or club organized for
 charitable and fraternal purposes and practicing the same, and property of a nonprofit
 corporation devoted to promoting trade, travel, and commerce, and also property of
 a trade, business, industry or professional society or association, if that property is

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1	owned by a nonprofit corporation or association organized under the laws of this	
2	state for such purposes.	
3	None of the property listed in Paragraph (B) shall be exempt if owned,	
4	operated, leased, or used for commercial purposes unrelated to the exempt purposes	
5	of the corporation or association.	
6	(C)(1) Cash on hand or deposit;	
7	(2) stocks and bonds, except bank stocks, the tax on which shall be paid by	
8	the banking institution;	
9	(3) obligations secured by mortgage on property located in Louisiana and the	
10	notes or other evidence thereof;	
11	(4) loans by life insurance companies to policyholders, if secured solely by	
12	their policies;	
13	(5) the legal reserve of domestic life insurance companies;	
14	(6) loans by a homestead or building and loan association to its members, if	
15	secured solely by stock of the association;	
16	(7) debts due for merchandise or other articles of commerce or for services	
17	rendered;	
18	(8) obligations of the state or its political subdivisions;	
19	(9) personal property used in the home or on loan in a public place;	
20	(10) irrevocably dedicated places of burial held by individuals for purposes	
21	of burial of themselves or members of their families;	
22	(11) agricultural products while owned by the producer, agricultural	
23	machinery and other implements used exclusively for agricultural purposes, animals	
24	on the farm, and property belonging to an agricultural fair association;	
25	(12) property used for cultural, Mardi Gras carnival, or civic activities and	
26	not operated for profit to the owners;	
27	(13) rights-of-way granted to the State Department of Highways;	
28	(14) boats using gasoline as motor fuel;	

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(15) commercial vessels used for gathering seafood for human consumption; and

(16) ships and oceangoing tugs, towboats, and barges engaged in international trade and domiciled in Louisiana ports. However, this exemption shall not apply to harbor, wharf, shed, and other port dues or to any vessel operated in the coastal trade of the states of the United States.

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(17) Materials, boiler fuels, and energy sources used by public utilities to fuel the generation of electricity.

9 (18) All incorporeal movables of any kind or nature whatsoever, except 10 public service properties, bank stocks, and credit assessments on premiums written 11 in Louisiana by insurance companies and loan and finance companies. For purposes 12 of this Section, incorporeal movables shall have the meaning set forth in the 13 Louisiana Civil Code of 1870, as amended.

14 (19) All artwork including sculptures, glass works, paintings, drawings,
15 signed and numbered posters, photographs, mixed media, collages, or any other item
16 which would be considered as the material result of a creative endeavor which is
17 listed as a consignment article by an art dealer.

18 (D)(1) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and articles imported into this
19 state from outside the states of the United States:

20 (a) so long as the imports remain on the public property of the port authority
21 or docks of the common carrier where they first entered this state;

22 (b) so long as the imports (other than minerals and ores of the same kind as 23 any mined or produced in this state and manufactured articles) are held in this state 24 in the original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or other 25 original packages, and raw materials held in bulk as all or a part of the new material 26 inventory of manufacturers or processors, solely for manufacturing or processing; 27 or

(c) so long as the imports are held by an importer in any public or private
storage in the original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or

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other original packages and agricultural products in bulk. This exemption shall not
 apply to these imports when held by a retail merchant as part of his stock-in-trade for
 sale at retail.

4 (2) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and other articles being held on the
5 public property of a port authority, on docks of any common carrier, or in a
6 warehouse, grain elevator, dock, wharf, or public storage facility in this state for
7 export to a point outside the states of the United States.

8 (3) Goods, commodities, and personal property in public or private storage 9 while in transit through this state which are moving in interstate commerce through 10 or over the territory of the state or which are in public or private storage within 11 Louisiana, having been shipped from outside Louisiana for storage in transit to a 12 final destination outside Louisiana, whether such destination was specified when 13 transportation began or afterward.

Property described in Paragraph (D), whether or not entitled to exemption,
shall be reported to the proper taxing authority on the forms required by law.

16 (E) Motor vehicles used on the public highways of this state, from state,
17 parish, municipal, and special ad valorem taxes.

(F) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the State Board
of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor, may
enter into contracts for the there is hereby authorized a standard and non-standard
exemption from ad valorem taxes of for a new manufacturing establishment or an
addition to an existing manufacturing establishment, as follows: on such terms and
conditions as the board, with the approval of the governor, deems in the best interest
of the state.

(1) The standard exemption shall be for an initial <u>a</u> term of no more than five
 seven calendar years, and may be renewed for an additional five years. and shall
 provide for an ad valorem tax exemption of eighty percent of the property taxes of
 the manufacturing establishment or an addition to an existing manufacturing
 establishment. The granting of a standard exemption shall be approved by the Board

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1	of Commerce and Industry, or its successor. No additional approval is required for	
2	the granting of this exemption, however the legislature may provide for the	
3	administration of this exemption in law, subject to a favorable vote of two-thirds of	
4	the elected members of each house of the legislature.	
5	(2) The non-standard exemption shall be for a term greater than seven	
6	calendar years and shall provide for an ad valorem tax exemption greater than eighty	
7	percent of the property tax of the manufacturing establishment or an addition to an	
8	existing manufacturing establishment. The granting of a non-standard exemption	
9	shall be approved by the governor.	
10	(3) All applicants seeking an ad valorem tax exemption under this Paragraph	
11	shall qualify for the standard exemption, only upon invitation by the governor shall	
12	an applicant be eligible to apply for a non-standard ad valorem tax exemption.	
13	(4) All property exempted shall be listed on the assessment rolls and	
14	submitted to the Louisiana Tax Commission or its successor, but no taxes shall be	
15	collected thereon during the period of exemption.	
16	(5) The terms "manufacturing establishment" and "addition" as used herein	
17	mean a new plant or establishment or an addition or additions to any existing plant	
18	or establishment which engages in the business of working raw materials into wares	
19	suitable for use or which gives new shapes, qualities or combinations to matter which	
20	already has gone through some artificial process.	
21	(G) Coal or lignite stockpiled in Louisiana for use in Louisiana for industrial	
22	or manufacturing purposes or for boiler fuel, gasification, feedstock, or process	
23	purposes.	
24	(H) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this constitution, the State	
25	Board of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor	
26	and the local governing authority and in accordance with procedures and conditions	
27	provided by law, may enter into contracts granting to a property owner, who	
28	proposes the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development of an existing	
29	structure or structures in a downtown, historic, or economic development district	

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established by a local governing authority or in accordance with law, the right for an
initial term of five years after completion of the work to pay ad valorem taxes based
upon the assessed valuation of the property for the year prior to the commencement
of the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development. Contracts may be
renewed, subject to the same conditions, for an additional five years extending such
right for a total of ten years from completion of the work.

(I)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the authority
or district charged with economic development of each parish is hereby authorized
to enter into contracts for the exemption from parish, municipal, and special ad
valorem taxes of goods held in inventory by distribution centers. In the absence of
the existence of an economic development authority or district, the parish governing
authority is authorized to grant contracts of exemption as are provided for in this
Paragraph.

14 (2) The contract for exemption shall be on such terms and to the extent, up 15 to and including the full assessed valuation of the goods held in inventory, as the 16 economic development authority or district deems in the best interest of the parish. 17 However, prior to entering into each individual contract, the economic development 18 authority or district must request and receive written approval of the contract, 19 including its terms and an estimated fiscal impact, from each affected tax recipient 20 body in the parish, as evidenced by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of 21 the governing authority of the tax recipient body. Failure to receive all required 22 approvals from the tax recipient bodies before entering into a contract shall render 23 the contract null and void and of no effect.

(3) The term "distribution center" as used herein means an establishment
engaged in the sale of products for resale or further processing for resale. The term
"goods held in inventory" as used herein means goods or products which have been
given new shapes, qualities, or combinations through some artificial process and
does not include raw materials such as natural gas, crude oil, sulphur, or timber or
goods or products held for sale to consumers.

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1	(J)(1) Drilling rigs used exclusively for the exploration and development of	
2	minerals outside the territorial limits of the state in Outer Continental Shelf waters	
3	which are within the state for the purpose of being stored or stacked for use outside	
4	the territorial limits of the state, or for the purpose of being converted, renovated, or	
5	repaired, and any property in the state for the purpose of being incorporated in, or to	
6	be used in the operation of said drilling rigs.	
7	(2) The exemption provided in this Paragraph shall be applicable in any	
8	parish in which the exemption has been approved by a majority of the electors of the	
9	parish voting thereon at an election called for that purpose.	
10	(K)(1) On and after January 1, 2015, in addition to the homestead exemption	
11	authorized under the provisions of Article VII, Section 20 of this constitution, which	
12	applies to the first seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of	
13	property, the next seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of	
14	property receiving the homestead exemption that is owned and occupied by a veteran	
15	with a service-connected disability rating of one hundred percent unemployability	
16	or totally disabled by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be	
17	exempt from ad valorem taxation. The surviving spouse of a deceased veteran with	
18	a service-connected disability rating of one hundred percent unemployability or	
19	totally disabled by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be eligible	
20	for this exemption if the surviving spouse occupies and remains the owner of the	
21	property, whether or not the exemption was in effect on the property prior to the	
22	death of the veteran. If property eligible for the exemption provided for in this	
23	Paragraph has an assessed value in excess of fifteen thousand dollars, ad valorem	
24	property taxes shall apply to the assessment in excess of fifteen thousand dollars.	
25	(2) Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, the	
26	property assessment of a property for which this exemption has been claimed, to the	
27	extent of seven thousand five hundred dollars, shall not be treated as taxable property	
28	for purposes of any subsequent reappraisals and valuation for millage adjustment	
29	purposes under Article VII, Section 23(B) of this Constitution. The decrease in the	

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total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a taxing authority as a result of the exemption shall be absorbed by the taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for other taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation or millage adjustment. Implementation of the exemption authorized in this Paragraph shall neither trigger nor be cause for a reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to the provisions of Article VII, Section 23(B) of this constitution.

8 (3)(a) The exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall extend and apply 9 in a parish only if it is established through an election that shall be called by either 10 an ordinance or a resolution from the parish governing authority. The proposition 11 shall state that the exemption shall extend and apply in the parish and become 12 effective only after the question of its adoption has been approved by a majority of 13 the registered voters of the parish voting in an election held for that purpose.

(b) If a parish held an election as provided by this Subparagraph and the
electors approved the exemption prior to November 4, 2014, the parish may
implement the exemption as amended by the statewide electors on November 4,
2014, without holding an additional election.

18 (4) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph
19 as provided by law.

20 (L)(1) Except as otherwise provided herein, property owned or leased by, 21 and used by, a targeted non-manufacturing business in the operation of its facility, 22 including buildings, improvements, equipment, and other property necessary or 23 beneficial to such operation, according to a program and pursuant to contracts of 24 exemption which contain such terms and conditions which shall be provided by law. 25 Land underlying the facility and other property pertaining to the facility on which ad 26 valorem taxes have previously been paid, inventories, consumables, and property 27 eligible for the manufacturing exemption provided by Paragraph (F) of this Section, 28 shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.

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1	(2) Ad valorem taxes shall apply to the assessed valuation of the first ten	
2	million dollars or ten percent of fair market value, whichever is greater, and this	
3	amount of property shall not be exempt under this Paragraph.	
4	(3) A targeted non-manufacturing business means at least fifty percent of	
5	such business' total annual sales from a site or sites in the state is to out-of-state	
6	customers or buyers, or to in-state customers or buyers but the product or service is	
7	resold by the purchaser to an out-of-state customer or buyer for ultimate use, or to	
8	the federal government, or any combination thereof. The legislature may provide by	
9	law for the inclusion of sales by affiliates when appropriate in making this fifty	
10	percent determination.	
11	(4) A contract for the exemption shall be available only in parishes which	
12	have agreed to participate, in the manner provided by the legislature by law.	
13	(M) There is hereby established an exemption from ad valorem tax for the	
14	total assessed value of the homestead of the unmarried surviving spouse of a person	
15	who died under the conditions enumerated in Subsubparagraph (1)(a) or (b) of this	
16	Paragraph, and if the conditions established in Subsubparagraph (1)(c) of this	
17	Paragraph are met.	
18	(1)(a) For ad valorem taxes due in 2017 and thereafter, the exemption shall	
19	apply beginning in the tax year in which any of the following persons died or 2017,	
20	whichever is later:	
21	(i) A member of the armed forces of the United States or the Louisiana	
22	National Guard who died while on active duty.	
23	(ii) A state police officer who died while on duty.	
24	(iii) A law enforcement or fire protection officer who qualified for the salary	
25	supplement authorized in Section $10(D)(3)$ of this Article who died while on duty.	
26	(b) For ad valorem taxes due in 2018 and thereafter, the exemption shall	
27	apply beginning in the tax year in which any of the following persons died or 2018,	
28	whichever is later:	

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1	(i) An emergency medical responder, technician, or paramedic, as such terms	
2	may be defined by law, who died while performing the duties of their employment.	
3	(ii) A volunteer firefighter, verified by the Office of the State Fire Marshal	
4	to have died while performing firefighting duties.	
5	(iii) A law enforcement or fire protection officer who died while on duty and	
6	who would have qualified for the salary supplement authorized in Section $10(D)(3)$	
7	of this Article if he had completed the first year of his employment before his death.	
8	(c)(i) The property is eligible for the homestead exemption and the property	
9	was the residence of a person listed within Subsubparagraph (a) or (b) of this	
10	Subparagraph at the time of that person's death.	
11	(ii) The surviving spouse has not remarried.	
12	(iii) The surviving spouse annually provides evidence of their eligibility for	
13	the exemption in accordance with the requirements of Subparagraph (2) of this	
14	Paragraph.	
15	(2) Each assessor shall establish a procedure whereby a person may annually	
16	apply for the exemption. Eligibility for the exemption shall be established by the	
17	production of documents and certification of information by the surviving spouse to	
18	the assessor as follows:	
19	(a) In an initial application for the exemption, the surviving spouse shall	
20	produce documentation issued by their deceased spouse's employer evidencing the	
21	death.	
22	(b) For purposes of the continuation of an existing exemption, the surviving	
23	spouse shall annually provide a sworn statement to the assessor attesting to the fact	
24	that the surviving spouse has not remarried.	
25	(3) Once an unmarried surviving spouse has qualified for and taken the	
26	exemption, if the surviving spouse then acquires a different property which qualifies	
27	for the homestead exemption, the surviving spouse shall be entitled to an exemption	
28	on that subsequent homestead, the exemption being limited in value to the amount	
29	of the exemption claimed on the prior homestead in the last year for which the	

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- 1 exemption was claimed. The assessor may require the submission of certain 2 information concerning the amount of the exemption on the prior homestead for 3 purposes of determining the extent of the exemption available for the subsequent 4 homestead. 5 (4) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph 6 as provided by law. 7 (N)(1) All property delivered to a construction project site for the purpose 8 of incorporating the property into any tract of land, building, or other construction 9 as a component part, including the type of property that may be deemed to be a 10 component part once placed on an immovable for its service and improvement 11 pursuant to the provisions of the Louisiana Civil Code of 1870, as amended. The 12 exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall be applicable until the construction 13 project for which the property has been delivered is complete. A construction project 14 shall be deemed complete when construction is finished to the extent that the project 15 can be used or occupied for its intended purpose. A construction project shall not be 16 deemed complete during its inspection, testing, or commissioning stages, as defined 17 by reasonable industry standards. 18 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph,
- 20 (a) Any portion of a construction project that is complete, available for its
  21 intended use, or operational on the date that property is assessed.

this exemption shall not apply to any of the following:

- (b) For projects constructed in two or more distinct phases, any phase of the
  construction project that is complete, available for its intended use, or operational on
  the date the property is assessed.
- (c) Any public service property, unless the public service property is
  otherwise eligible for an exemption provided by any other provision of this
  constitution.
- 28 §22. No Impairment of Existing Taxes or Obligations

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1 Section 22. This Part shall not be applied in a manner which will (a) 2 invalidate taxes authorized and imposed prior to the effective date of this constitution 3 or (b) impair the obligations, validity, or security of any bonds or other debt 4 obligations authorized prior to the effective date of this constitution. §23. Adjustment of Ad Valorem Tax Millages 5 6 Section 23.(A) First Adjustment. Prior to the end of the third year after the 7 effective date of this constitution, the assessors and the Louisiana Tax Commission 8 or its successor shall complete determination of the fair market value or the use value 9 of all property subject to taxation within each parish for use in implementing this 10 Article. Except as provided in this Section, the total amount of ad valorem taxes 11 collected by any taxing authority in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this 12 Article are implemented shall not be increased or decreased, because of their 13 provisions, above or below ad valorem taxes collected by that taxing authority in the year preceding implementation. To accomplish this result, it shall be mandatory for 14 15 each affected taxing authority, in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this Article 16 are implemented, to adjust millages upwards or downwards without regard to millage 17 limitations contained in this constitution, and the maximum authorized millages shall 18 be increased or decreased, without further voter approval, in proportion to the 19 amount of the adjustment upward or downward. Thereafter, such millages shall 20 remain in effect unless changed as permitted by this constitution. 21 (B) Subsequent Adjustments. Except as otherwise permitted in this Section, 22 the total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority in the year in 23 which the reappraisal and valuation provisions of Section 18, Paragraph (F) of this 24 Article are implemented shall not be increased or decreased because of a reappraisal

or valuation or increases or decreases in the homestead exemption above or below
 the total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by that taxing authority in the year
 preceding implementation of the reappraisal and valuation. To accomplish this
 result, the provisions of millage adjustments relative to implementation of Section
 18 and Section 20 of this Article, as set forth in Paragraph (A) of this Section shall

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be mandatory. Thereafter, following implementation of each subsequent reappraisal and valuation required by Paragraph (F) of Section 18 of this Article, the millages as fixed in each such implementation shall remain in effect unless changed as permitted by Paragraph (C) of this Section.

5 (C) Increases Permitted. Nothing herein shall prohibit a taxing authority 6 from collecting, in the year in which Sections 18 and 20 of this Article are 7 implemented or in any subsequent year, a larger dollar amount of ad valorem taxes 8 by (1) levying additional or increased millages as provided by law or (2) placing 9 additional property on the tax rolls. Increases in the millage rate in excess of the 10 rates established as provided by Paragraph (B) above but not in excess of the prior 11 year's maximum authorized millage rate may be levied by two-thirds vote of the total 12 membership of a taxing authority without further voter approval but only after a 13 public hearing held in accordance with the open meetings law; however, in addition 14 to any other requirements of the open meetings law, public notice of the time, place, 15 and subject matter of such hearing shall be published on two separate days no less 16 than thirty days before the public hearing. Such public notice shall be published in 17 the official journal of the taxing authority, and another newspaper with a larger circulation within the taxing authority than the official journal of the taxing 18 19 authority, if there is one.

- 20 (D) Application. This Section shall not apply to millages required to be21 levied for the payment of general obligation bonds.
- 22 §24. Tax Assessors

23 Section 24.(A) Election; Term. A tax assessor shall be elected by the
24 electors of each parish. His and his term of office shall be four years. His election,
25 duties, and compensation shall be as provided by law.

26 (B) Orleans Parish. The assessor shall be elected at the same time as the
27 municipal officers of New Orleans.

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- 1 (C) Vacancy. When a vacancy occurs in the office of tax assessor, the duties 2 of the office, until filled by election as provided by law, shall be assumed by the 3 chief deputy assessor.
- 4 §25. Tax Sales

5 Section 25.(A) Tax Sales. (1) There shall be no forfeiture of property for 6 nonpayment of taxes. However Notwithstanding any other provision of law, at the expiration of the year in which the taxes are due, the collector, without suit, and after 7 8 giving notice to the delinquent in the manner provided by law, shall advertise for sale 9 the property on which the taxes are due. The advertisement shall be published in the 10 official journal of the parish or municipality, or, if there is no official journal, as 11 provided by law for sheriffs' sales, in the manner provided for judicial sales. On the 12 day of sale, the collector shall sell the portion of the property which the debtor points 13 out. If the debtor does not point out sufficient property, the collector shall sell 14 immediately the least quantity of property which any bidder will may buy for the 15 amount of the taxes, interest, and costs. The sale shall be without appraisement. A 16 tax deed by a tax collector shall be prima facie evidence that a valid sale was made.

(2) If property located in a municipality with a population of more than four
hundred fifty thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census fails
to sell for the minimum required bid in the tax sale, the collector may offer the
property for sale at a subsequent sale with no minimum required bid. The proceeds
of the sale shall be applied to the taxes, interest, and costs due on the property, and
any remaining deficiency shall be eliminated from the tax rolls.

(B) Redemption. (1) The property sold shall be redeemable for three years
after the date of recordation of the tax sale, by paying the price given, including
costs, five percent penalty thereon, and interest at the rate of one percent per month
until redemption.

(2) In the city of New Orleans, when such property sold is residential or
commercial property which is abandoned property as defined by R.S. 33:4720.12(1)
or blighted property as defined by Act 155 of the 1984 Regular Session, it shall be

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redeemable for eighteen months after the date of recordation of the tax sale by payment in accordance with Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.

(3) In any parish other than Orleans, when such property sold is vacant
residential or commercial property which has been declared blighted, as defined by
R.S. 33:1374(B)(1) on January 1, 2013, or abandoned, as defined by R.S.
33:4720.59(D)(2) on January 1, 2013, it shall be redeemable for eighteen months
after the date of recordation of the tax sale by payment in accordance with
Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.

9 (C) Annulment. No sale of property for taxes shall be set aside for any 10 cause, except on proof of payment of the taxes prior to the date of the sale, unless the 11 proceeding to annul is instituted within six months after service of notice of sale. A 12 notice of sale shall not be served until the final day for redemption has ended. It 13 must be served within five years after the date of the recordation of the tax deed if 14 no notice is given. The fact that taxes were paid on a part of the property sold prior 15 to the sale thereof, or that a part of the property was not subject to taxation, shall not 16 be cause for annulling the sale of any part thereof on which the taxes for which it 17 was sold were due and unpaid. No judgment annulling a tax sale shall have effect 18 until the price and all taxes and costs are paid, and until ten percent per annum 19 interest on the amount of the price and taxes paid from date of respective payments 20 are paid to the purchaser; however, this shall not apply to sales annulled because the 21 taxes were paid prior to the date of sale.

(D) Quieting Tax Title. The manner of notice and form of proceeding toquiet tax titles shall be provided by law.

(E) Movables; Tax Sales. When taxes on movables are delinquent, the tax
collector shall seize and sell sufficient movable property of the delinquent taxpayer
to pay the tax, whether or not the property seized is the property which was assessed.
Sale of the property shall be at public auction, without appraisement, after ten days
advertisement, published within ten days after date of seizure. It shall be absolute
and without redemption.

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If the tax collector can find no corporeal movables of the delinquent to seize,
 he may levy on incorporeal rights, by notifying the debtor thereof, or he may proceed
 by summary rule in the courts to compel the delinquent to deliver for sale property
 in his possession or under his control.

5 (F) Postponement of Taxes. The legislature may postpone the payment of 6 taxes, but only in cases of overflow, general conflagration, general crop destruction, 7 or other public calamity, and may provide for the levying, assessing, and collecting 8 of such postponed taxes. In such case, the legislature may authorize the borrowing 9 of money by the state on its faith and credit, by bond issue or otherwise, and may 10 levy taxes, or apply taxes already levied and not appropriated, to secure payment 11 thereof, in order to create a fund from which loans may be made through the Interim 12 Emergency Board to the governing authority of the parish where the calamity occurs. 13 The money loaned shall be applied to and shall not exceed the deficiency in revenue 14 of the parish or a political subdivision therein or of which the parish is a part, caused 15 by postponement of taxes. No loan shall be made to a parish governing authority 16 without the approval of the Interim Emergency Board.

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## PART III. REVENUE SHARING

18 §26. Revenue Sharing Fund

Section 26.(A) Creation of Fund. The Revenue Sharing Fund is created asa special fund in the state treasury.

(B) Annual Allocation. The sum of ninety million dollars is allocated
annually from the state general fund to the revenue sharing fund. The legislature
may appropriate additional sums to the fund.

(C) Distribution Formula. The revenue sharing fund shall be distributed
annually as provided by law solely on the basis of population and number of
homesteads in each parish in proportion to population and the number of homesteads
throughout the state. Unless otherwise provided by law, population statistics of the
last federal decennial census shall be utilized for this purpose. After deductions in
each parish for retirement systems and commissions as authorized by law, the

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remaining funds, to the extent available, shall be distributed by first priority to the
tax recipient bodies within the parish, as defined by law, to offset current losses
because of homestead exemptions granted in this Article. Any balance remaining
in a parish distribution shall be allocated to the municipalities and tax recipient
bodies within each parish as provided by law.

6 (D) Distributing Officer. The funds distributed to each parish as provided 7 in Paragraph (C) shall be distributed in Orleans Parish by the city treasurer of New 8 Orleans and in all other parishes by the parish tax collector. The funds allocated to 9 the Monroe City School Board or its successor shall be distributed to and by the city 10 treasurer of Monroe.

11 (E) Bonded Debt. A political subdivision, as defined by Article VI of this 12 constitution, may incur debt by issuing negotiable bonds and may pledge for the payment of all or part of the principal and interest of such bonds the proceeds 13 14 derived or to be derived from that portion of the funds received by it from the 15 revenue sharing fund, to offset current losses caused by homestead exemptions 16 granted by this Article. Unless otherwise provided by law, no moneys allocated 17 within any parish from the balance remaining in its distribution may be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest of any bonds. Bonds issued under this 18 19 Paragraph shall be issued and sold as provided by law, and shall require approval of 20 the State Bond Commission or its successor prior to issuance and sale.

21

## PART IV. TRANSPORTATION

22 §27. Transportation Trust Fund

Section 27.(A) Creation of fund. Effective January 1, 1990, there shall be established in the state treasury as a special permanent trust fund the Transportation Trust Fund ("the trust fund") in which shall be deposited the "excess revenues" as defined herein which are a portion of the avails received in each year from all taxes levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on special fuels (said avails being referred to as the "revenues") as provided herein. After satisfying pledges respecting that portion of the revenues attributable to the tax rates in effect at the time of such

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1 pledges for the payment of obligations for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness 2 on the effective date of this Section, the treasurer shall allocate such portion of the 3 revenues received in each year as necessary to pay all principal, interest, premium, 4 if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and payment in 5 respect of bonds as authorized in Paragraph (C) hereof. Thereafter, the portion of the 6 revenues remaining shall be deposited in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund 7 in the state treasury. After (1) the payment of any obligations for bonds or other 8 evidences of indebtedness in existence on the effective date of this Section which are 9 secured by revenues; (2) payments in respect of bonds authorized in Paragraph (C) 10 hereof; and (3) credit to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, the treasurer shall 11 deposit in and credit to the trust fund all of the revenues remaining (the "excess 12 revenues") from the avails of all taxes levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on 13 special fuels, as follows: for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1989, the avails of 14 twelve cents per gallon of said taxes received on and after January 1, 1990; for the 15 fiscal year beginning on July 1, 1990, the avails of fourteen cents per gallon of said 16 taxes; for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 1991, and thereafter, the avails of all 17 taxes levied on gasoline and motor fuels and on special fuels. Purchases of gasoline, 18 diesel fuel, or special fuels which are subject to excise tax under Chapter 7 of 19 Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 shall be exempt from 20 the state sales tax and any sales tax levied by a political subdivision as defined by 21 Article VI, Section 44(2). All monies appropriated by the Federal Highway 22 Administration and the Federal Aviation Administration, or their successors, either 23 reimbursed or paid directly, shall be paid directly or deposited in and credited to the 24 trust fund.

(B)(1) Except as provided for in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph, the
monies in the trust fund shall be appropriated or dedicated solely and exclusively for
the costs for and associated with construction and maintenance of the roads and
bridges of the state and federal highway systems, the Statewide Flood-Control
Program or its successor, ports, airports, transit, and the Parish Transportation Fund

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1 or its successor and for the payment of all principal, interest, premium, if any, and 2 other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and payment in respect of bonds 3 or other obligations payable from the trust fund as authorized in Paragraph (D) of 4 this Section. Unless pledged to the repayment of bonds authorized in Paragraphs (C) 5 or (D) of this Section, the monies in the trust fund allocated to ports, airports, flood 6 control, parish transportation, and state highway construction shall be appropriated 7 annually by the legislature only pursuant to programs established by law which establish a system of priorities for the expenditure of such monies, except that the 8 9 Transportation Infrastructure Model for Economic Development, which shall include 10 only those projects enumerated in House Bill 17 of the 1989 First Extraordinary 11 Session of the Legislature and US Highway 61 from Thompson Creek to the 12 Mississippi Line, in lieu of "US 61-Bains to Mississippi Line", and US Highway 165 13 from I-10 to Alexandria to Monroe to Bastrop and thence on US Highway 425 from 14 Bastrop to the Arkansas Line, in lieu of "US 165-I-10 Alexandria-Monroe-Bastrop-15 Arkansas Line" and LA 15-Natchez, Mississippi to Chase in lieu of "LA 15-Natchez, 16 Mississippi to Monroe", shall be funded as provided by law. The state-generated tax 17 monies appropriated for ports, Parish Transportation Fund, or its successor, and the 18 Statewide Flood-Control Program, or its successor shall not exceed twenty percent 19 annually of the state-generated tax revenues in the trust fund; provided, however, that 20 no less than the avails of one cent of the tax on gasoline and special fuels shall be 21 appropriated each year to the Parish Transportation Fund, or its successor. The 22 annual appropriation for airports shall be a sum equal to, but not greater than, the 23 annual estimated revenue to be derived from the state taxes to be collected and 24 received on aviation fuel. Unencumbered and unexpended balances at the end of 25 each fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund. The earnings realized in each fiscal 26 year on the investment of monies in the trust fund shall be deposited in and credited 27 to the trust fund.

(2) There is hereby established in the Transportation Trust Fund a special
subfund to be known as the "Construction Subfund", hereinafter referred to as "the

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1 subfund", in which shall be deposited the avails of any new taxes that become 2 effective and are levied on gasoline, motor fuels, or special fuels on or after July 1, 3 2017. The monies in the subfund shall be appropriated and dedicated solely for the 4 direct costs associated with actual project delivery, construction, and maintenance 5 of transportation and capital transit infrastructure projects of the state and local 6 government. The monies in the subfund that are appropriated by the legislature to 7 the Department of Transportation and Development, or its successor, shall not be 8 utilized by the department for the payment of employee wages and related benefits 9 or employee retirement benefits.

10 (C) The State Bond Commission or its successor, may issue and sell bonds, 11 notes, or other obligations ("Bonds") secured by a pledge of a portion of the revenues 12 not to exceed the avails of four cents per gallon of the taxes on gasoline and motor 13 fuels and on special fuels received by the state treasurer. Bonds so issued may also 14 be secured by a pledge of all or a portion of excess revenues as additional security 15 therefor, and if so pledged any portion thereof needed to pay principal, interest, or 16 premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the issuance, security, and 17 payment in respect to Bonds may be expended by the treasurer without the need for 18 legislative appropriation. The Bonds may be issued in the manner set forth in this 19 Section to provide for the costs for and associated with construction and maintenance 20 of the roads and bridges of the state and federal highway systems, Statewide 21 Flood-Control Program, ports, airports, and for any other purpose for which monies 22 in the trust fund may be expended as provided by law. Such Bonds shall not be 23 considered to be debt under Article VII, Section 6, unless the provisions of Article 24 VII, Section 6, relative to incurring debt by the state are met, in which case the full 25 faith and credit of the state may also be pledged in addition to the revenues received 26 by the treasurer.

(D) The State Bond Commission or its successor may also issue and sell
bonds, notes, or other obligations secured by a pledge of the excess revenues
deposited in the trust fund, which shall otherwise be issued in the manner and for the

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1	purposes provided for in this Section, and if so pledged any portion thereof needed	
2	to pay principal, interest, or premium, if any, and other obligations incident to the	
3	issuance, security, and payment in respect thereof may be expended by the treasure	
4	without the need for legislative appropriation.	
5	(E) Bonds, notes, or other obligations issued pursuant to the provisions of	
6	Paragraphs (C) or (D) above may be issued in the manner provided by resolution of	
7	the State Bond Commission or its successor under the authority of said Paragraph	
8	without compliance with any other requirement of this constitution or law. To that	
9	end, said Paragraphs (C) and (D) hereof shall be deemed self-operative.	
10	Section 2. Be it further resolved that this proposed amendment shall be submitted	
11	to the electors of the state of Louisiana at the statewide election to be held on October 12,	
12	2019.	
13	Section 3. Be it further resolved that on the official ballot to be used at the election,	
14	there shall be printed a proposition, upon which the electors of the state shall be permitted	
15	to vote YES or NO, to amend the Constitution of Louisiana, which proposition shall read as	
16	follows:	
17	Do you support an amendment to amend Article VII of the Louisiana	
18	Constitution? (January 1, 2020) (Amends Article VII)	

## DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

2019 Regular Session	Ivey
	2019 Regular Session

Abstract: Amend Article VII of the La. Constitution in its entirety.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes taxation by the state. state debt, the state bond commission, the use of state funds. <u>Present constitution</u> further authorizes the following funds: the Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund, the Louisiana Education Quality Trust Fund, the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund, the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Higher Education Louisiana Partnership Fund, the Mineral Revenue Audit and Settlement Fund, the Oilfield Site Restoration Fund, the Oil Spill Contingency Fund, the Millennium Trust, the Louisiana Fund, the Millennium Leverage Fund, the Artificial Reef Development Fund, the Agricultural and Seafood Products Support Fund, the Hospital Stabilization Fund, the dedication of mineral revenues, the Revenue Sharing Fund, and Transportation Trust Fund.

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<u>Present constitution</u> provides for the state budget and budgets, expenditure of state funds, the general reporting of monies, investments by the state treasury, and taxation.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes equal and uniform taxes to be levied on net income. Further authorizes the rates for these taxes to be graduated according to the amount of the taxpayer's net income; however, the state individual and joint income tax schedule of rates and brackets are prohibited from exceeding the rates and brackets as they existed on Jan. 1, 2003.

<u>Present law</u> provides for a tax to be assessed, levied, collected, and paid upon the taxable income of an individual at the following rates and brackets:

- (1) 2% on the first \$12,500 of net income.
- (2) 4% on the next \$37,500 of net income.
- (3) 6% on net income in excess of \$50,000.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> deletes the reference to the individual income tax rates and brackets in existence on Jan. 1, 2003, in favor of specifying that a state tax levied on individual income shall be levied at a flat rate which shall be established in law.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes federal income taxes paid to be allowed as a deductible item in computing state individual, estates and trusts, and corporate income taxes for the same period.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes <u>present constitution</u> by eliminating the deductibility of federal income taxes paid when computing individual, estates and trusts, and corporate income tax liability.

Proposed constitutional amendment retains present constitution.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> creates the State Cybersecurity and Information Technology Infrastructure Fund in the state treasury. Dedicates 0.0045% of monies in the state general fund that are not allocated to the Bond Redemption and Security Fund or pledged in connection with the issuance of bonds to be appropriated solely for purposes of enhancing and upgrading the state's information technology infrastructure and to support cybersecurity needs.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> provides that unexpended and unencumbered monies in the fund at the end of the fiscal year remain in the fund. The money in the fund shall be invested as provided by law and any earnings realized on investment of money in the fund shall be deposited in and credited to the fund.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> authorizes the establishment of a committee to assist the legislature in consideration of priorities for the funding of information technology infrastructure projects through appropriations from the fund with consent of the majority of the legislature.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes a property tax exemption (hereinafter (exemption)) for new manufacturing establishments and miscellaneous additions to existing establishments for an initial term of five years, with a five year renewal. The exemption is effectuated through a contract granted by the Board of Commerce and Industry, with the approval of the governor.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> authorizes two ad valorem property tax exemptions for new manufacturing establishments and additions to existing manufacturing establishments as follows:

- (1) A standard exemption which shall be for a term of 7 years which exempts a property from 80% of its property taxes. The standard exemption is subject to approval by the Board of Commerce and Industry with no additional approval requirement.
- (2) A non-standard exemption which shall be for a term longer than 7 years which exempts a property from more than 80% of its property taxes. The non-standard exemption is only available to applicants if offered by the governor. The non-standard exemption is subject to approval by the governor.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains <u>present law</u> related to listing property on tax assessment rolls and various definitions.

Present constitution authorizes the levy of ad valorem taxes on property within Louisiana.

<u>Present constitution</u> establishes an exemption from state, parish, and special ad valorem property taxes for the bona fide homestead of the property owner, for the first \$7,500 of assessed valuation.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains <u>present constitution</u> and adds authorization for a parish governing authority to adjust the amount of the homestead exemption by the adoption of a resolution or ordinance, to be effective only if approved by the electors of the parish. One time millage adjustments are required in instances where the homestead exemption is adjusted so as to ensure the same amount of revenue for taxing authorities.

<u>Present constitution</u> authorizes the State Board of Commerce and Industry to enter into exemption contracts with manufacturing establishments (ITEP contracts), on the terms and conditions of the board. Further requires approval of the contracts by the governor.

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> changes authority to grant these exemptions <u>from</u> the State Board of Commerce and Industry to parish governing authorities to enter into ITEP contracts. Further requires a taxing authority to approve the exemption of its particular millage prior to execution of the exemption contract.

Provides for submission of the proposed amendment to the voters at the statewide election to be held Oct. 12, 2019.

(Amends Article VII of the La. Constitution)