

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Carmine Lawrence Gentile and David F. DeCoste

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to the establishment of a means tested senior citizen property tax exemption.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex
David F. DeCoste	5th Plymouth
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex
Julian Cyr	Cape and Islands
Michael S. Day	31st Middlesex
Shawn Dooley	9th Norfolk
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth
Nika C. Elugardo	15th Suffolk
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Jonathan Hecht	29th Middlesex
Kate Hogan	3rd Middlesex
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex
David Paul Linsky	5th Middlesex
Joan Meschino	3rd Plymouth
Mathew J. Muratore	1st Plymouth

Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex

By Messrs. Gentile of Sudbury and DeCoste of Norwell, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2477) of Carmine Lawrence Gentile and others relative to the establishment of a means tested senior citizen property tax exemption. Revenue.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act relative to the establishment of a means tested senior citizen property tax exemption.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	Chapter 59 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition, is hereby
2	amended by inserting after section 5N the following section:-
3	Section 50. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
4	meanings:
5	"Parcel", a unit of real property as defined by the assessors of the city or town under the
6	deed for the property, including a condominium unit.
7	"Income", taxpayer's total income for the purposes of the circuit breaker income tax
8	credit, as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (k) of section 6 of chapter 62.
9	(b) In any city or town that accepts the provisions of this section, with respect to each
10	qualifying parcel of real property classified as Class one, residential there shall be an exemption
11	from the property tax equal to the total amount of tax that would otherwise be assessed without

this exemption less the sum of: (i) 10 per cent of income, or such other percentage of income as determined under subsection (d); and (ii) the circuit breaker income tax credit under subsection (k) of section 6 of chapter 62 the applicant was eligible to receive in the year prior to the application being filed. In no event shall property taxes be reduced by more than 50 per cent by this exemption.

(c) The board of assessors may deny an application for an exemption pursuant to this
section if they find the applicant has excessive assets that place them outside of the intended
recipients of the senior exemption created by this section. Real property shall qualify for the
exemption under subsection (b) if all of the following criteria are met:

(1) the real property is owned and occupied by a person whose prior year's income did
not exceed the income limit established in clause (i) of paragraph (3) of subsection (k) of section
6 of chapter 62 and adjusted pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (k) of section 6 of chapter
62 for the prior year, whichever such income limit applies to the individual's filing status;

(2) the real property is owned by a single applicant age 65 or older at the close of the
previous year or jointly by persons either of whom is age 65 or above at the close of the previous
year and if the joint applicant is 60 years of age or older;

(3) the real property is owned and occupied by the applicant or joint applicants as theirdomicile;

30 (4) the applicant or at least 1 of the joint applicants has been domiciled in the city or town
31 for at least 10 consecutive years before filing an application for the exemption;

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(5) the maximum assessed value of the domicile does not exceed (i) the prior year's
average assessed value of a single family residence for the city or town plus 10 per cent; and (ii)
the valuation limit established in clause (ii) of paragraph (3) of subsection (k) of section 6 of
chapter 62 and adjusted pursuant to paragraph (4) of said subsection (k) of said section 6 of said
chapter 62 for the prior year; and

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(6) the board of assessors has approved the application.

38 (d) The exemption under subsection (b) shall be in addition to any other exemption 39 allowable under the General Laws; provided, however that there shall be a dollar cap on all the 40 exemptions granted pursuant to this section equal to .5 per cent of the fiscal year's total 41 residential property tax levy for the city or town, including the levy for any regional high school 42 if not included in the city's or town's tax levy at some subsequent date with the total exemption 43 amount granted by this section allocated proportionally within the tax levy on all residential 44 taxpayers. After the first year of such exemption, the total cap on the exemptions granted 45 pursuant to this section shall be set annually by the board of selectmen, in the case of a town, the 46 city manager, in the case of a city under a Plan E form of government, or the city council, in the 47 case of all other cities, within a range of .5 to 1 per cent of the residential property tax levy for 48 the city or town, including the levy for any regional high school. In the event that benefits to the 49 applicants may be limited because the percentage established annually by the selectmen, city 50 manager or city council would otherwise be exceeded, the benefits shall be allocated by raising 51 the income percentage as required in subsection (b) as necessary to not exceed the cap. In the 52 event the cap exceeds the need for the exemption, the total cap on the exemptions granted by this 53 section shall be reduced to meet the need.

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(e) A person who seeks to qualify for the exemption under subsection (b) shall, before the deadline established by the board of assessors, file an application, on a form to be adopted by the board of assessors, with the supporting documentation of the applicant's income and assets as described in the application. The application shall be filed each year for which the applicant seeks the exemption.

- (f) No exemption shall be granted under this section until the department of revenue
 certifies a residential tax rate for the applicable tax year where the total exemption amount is
 raised by a burden shift within the residential tax levy.
- 62 (g) The exemption under this section shall expire every three years after its acceptance or 63 re-acceptance; provided, however, that a city or town which has accepted this section may re-64 accept this section for additional 3-year intervals by a vote of the legislative body of said city or 65 town.