

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Tommy Vitolo

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act sparking the modernization of state heat systems.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Tommy Vitolo	15th Norfolk
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester
Kevin G. Honan	17th Suffolk
Ruth B. Balser	12th Middlesex
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex
Carolyn C. Dykema	8th Middlesex
Thomas M. Stanley	9th Middlesex
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex
Jennifer E. Benson	37th Middlesex
Dylan A. Fernandes	Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire
Adrian C. Madaro	1st Suffolk
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Stephan Hay	3rd Worcester
Mindy Domb	3rd Hampshire

Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester
Maria Duaime Robinson	6th Middlesex
Edward F. Coppinger	10th Suffolk
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex
Michelle L. Ciccolo	15th Middlesex
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex
Christina A. Minicucci	14th Essex
Jonathan Hecht	29th Middlesex
Daniel J. Hunt	13th Suffolk
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Tami L. Gouveia	14th Middlesex
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex
David Biele	4th Suffolk
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk
Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Bristol
Carlos Gonzalez	10th Hampden

By Mr. Vitolo of Brookline, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2930) of Tommy Vitolo and others relative to conversion of fossil fuel heating customers to heat pumps, solar thermal, or other renewable or low greenhouse gas emissions heating technologies. Telecommunications, Utilities and Energy.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act sparking the modernization of state heat systems.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1: The Massachusetts clean energy technology center shall administer a Heat
2	Pump Market Development program to fund and offer training programs in the commonwealth,
3	including but not limited to heating oil dealers, in order to expand markets for space and water
4	heating using efficient heat pump technology. The Massachusetts clean energy technology center
5	may draw upon the Massachusetts Renewable Energy Trust Fund for this purpose, provided that
6	sufficient funds are available, and may cease to offer such program after January 1, 2026.
7	SECTION 2: Chapter 164 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition,
8	is hereby amended by inserting after section 94I, the following sections:-
9	Section 94J:
10	(a) Any base rate proceeding conducted by the department under section 94 for electric

11 companies or gas companies must include full decoupling, as specified in D.P.U. 07-50-A. The

department shall consider the impact of decoupling on the gas or electric company's return onequity and make any necessary adjustments thereto.

(b) In any base rate proceeding commencing on or after July 31, 2020, the department
may not approve a decoupling mechanism for gas companies based on a revenue per customer
approach, or any other method that disincentivizes conversion of fossil fuel heating customers to
heat pumps, solar thermal, or other renewable or low greenhouse gas emissions heating
technologies.

19 Section 94K:

(a) In any base rate proceeding conducted by the department under section 94 for gas
companies, commencing on or after July 31, 2020, the department shall require the full
depreciation and cost recovery of any new gas distribution expansions by no later than December
31, 2040.

(b) In any base rate proceeding conducted by the department under section 94 for gas
companies, commencing on or after July 31, 2020, before granting recovery for any new gas
distribution expansions the department shall require a showing that all new gas customers first
obtained all weatherization, air sealing, and duct sealing work recommended by the energy
efficiency programs established in Chapter 25 in an audit or new construction evaluation
performed within previous last three years.

30 SECTION 3. Section 29 of chapter 7C of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby
 31 amended by striking out subsection (b), and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

32 (b) The division of capital asset management and maintenance or the state agency 33 initiating the construction or renovation of a facility as described in subsection (a) shall conduct 34 a life-cycle cost analysis of any such facility's proposed design that evaluates the short-term and 35 long-term costs and the technical feasibility of using alternate technologies to provide lighting, 36 heat, water heating, air conditioning, refrigeration, gas or electricity. In calculating life-cycle 37 costs, a state agency shall include the value of avoiding carbon emissions, creating renewable 38 energy certificates and other environmental and associated benefits created from the utilization 39 of alternate technologies, and the costs of current or future replacements of fossil fuel dependent 40 technologies to comply with the provisions of Chapter 21N, as applicable. The value of carbon 41 emissions shall equal the value of avoided emissions utilized in the most recent energy efficiency 42 and demand resource plan approved pursuant to Chapter 25. For benefits other than reductions in 43 carbon emissions, this value shall be equal to the bid price of the published market value of any 44 such benefit and shall increase or decrease at a projected rate determined by the department of 45 energy resources. To calculate life-cycle costs, a state agency shall use a discount rate equal to 46 the rate that the commonwealth's tax-exempt long-term bonds are yielding at the time of said 47 calculation and shall assume that the cost of fossil fuels and electricity will increase at the rate of 48 3 per cent per year above the estimated rate of inflation or at a rate determined by the department 49 of energy resources.

50 SECTION 4. Said section 29 of said chapter 7C of the General Laws, as so appearing, is
51 hereby amended by adding the following subsection:-

52 (g)

(1) The executive office of administration and finance, hereafter referred to as the
executive office, shall promulgate regulations consistent with this subsection requiring certain
new or renovated buildings to use alternate technologies that are not fossil fuel dependent to
provide heat.

57 (2) As used in this subsection the following words shall, unless the context clearly
58 requires otherwise, have the following meanings:-

59 "Agency", a commonwealth authority, including a quasi-public independent entity 60 performing a public function that does not receive direct appropriations from the commonwealth, 61 board, bureau, commission, department, division, executive office, institution, institution of 62 higher education, the secretary of state, the attorney general, the state treasurer, the state auditor, 63 the administrative office of the trial courts, trial court departments, the supreme judicial court, 64 the appeals court, the governor's office, lieutenant governor's office, the governor's council, the 65 Massachusetts Convention Center Authority, the house of representatives and the senate.

66 (2) The executive office shall require the use of alternate technologies to provide heat for67 buildings:

68 (A) that are owned or operated by the commonwealth or an agency thereof;

69 (B) for which a municipality or regional school district receives funds from the
70 Massachusetts School Building Authority;

(C) for which a municipality, for profit or nonprofit corporation receives state tax credits
 of more than \$100,000 specifically for the purpose of subsidizing building construction; or

(D) for which a municipality, for profit or nonprofit corporation receives more than
\$100,000 in funding specifically for the purpose of subsidizing building construction from an
agency.

76 (3) Paragraph (2) shall not, except as provided by regulation, require the use of alternate
 77 technologies to provide heat for buildings:

(A) where a municipality, for profit or nonprofit corporation receives state tax credits for
any purpose other than subsidizing building construction;

80 (B) where a municipality, for profit or nonprofit corporation receives funding from an
81 agency for a purpose other than subsidizing building construction;

82 (C) where federal law would prohibit construction in such a manner or prevent federal
83 funding in excess of \$100,000 that would otherwise be expended for such a building;

84 (D) where the state leases a building owned by a for profit or nonprofit corporation for a 85 term of less than 10 years; or

86 (E) which are constructed solely for the purpose of residency and which include 3 or less87 units.

(4) Paragraph (2) shall not, except as provided by regulation, require alternate
technologies to provide heat where the difference between the cost of installing alternate
technology to provide heat and the cost of a fossil fuel dependent heat delivery system are
greater than 10 per cent of the total construction cost of the building. The executive office of
administration and finance may increase the 10 per cent threshold by regulation.

93 (5) The regulations prescribed in paragraph (1) shall not prevent the use of technologies
94 that utilize electricity to provide heat solely because the source of electricity is or may be fossil
95 fuel dependent.

- 96 (6) The regulations prescribed in paragraph (1) may include an exception process
- 97 whereby a building shall not be required to include alternate technology to provide heat where
- 98 doing so would render impossible a substantial purpose of the building.