

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Andres X. Vargas and Liz Miranda

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to parole.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Andres X. Vargas	3rd Essex
Liz Miranda	5th Suffolk
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Carlos Gonzalez	10th Hampden
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester
Sonia Chang-Diaz	Second Suffolk
Nick Collins	First Suffolk
Daniel R. Cullinane	12th Suffolk
Mindy Domb	3rd Hampshire
Nika C. Elugardo	15th Suffolk
Tami L. Gouveia	14th Middlesex
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex

Christina A. Minicucci	14th Essex
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk

By Representatives Vargas of Haverhill and Miranda of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3457) of Andres X. Vargas and others relative to parole. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act relative to parole.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 4 of chapter 27 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016
2	Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the first paragraph and inserting in place
3	thereof the following paragraph:-
4	"There shall be in the department, but not subject to its jurisdiction, a parole board,
5	consisting of nine members, to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the
6	council, for terms of five years. The governor may, with the advice and consent of the council,
7	remove members from the board for cause, upon a written certification of such cause; provided
8	that such member shall have the right to notice and the opportunity for a public hearing before
9	the council relative to such removal."
10	SECTION 2. Section 4 of said chapter 27, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
11	inserting after the second paragraph the following paragraph:-

12 "At all times, at least three members of the parole board shall have at least five years of 13 experience in fields of psychiatry, psychology, social work, or the treatment of substance use 14 disorder. One of those three members must be a licensed mental health professional, as defined 15 in G.L. c. 123, § 1. If, at any time, the parole board does not have three such members, then, until 16 the board composition complies with this requirement, every candidate recommended for a 17 parole board position must possess at least one of the qualifications listed above. This provision 18 applies notwithstanding any other provision of law."

SECTION 3. Section 130 of chapter 127 of the General Laws, as amended by St.2018, c.
72, § 6, eff. Jan. 13, 2019, is hereby amended by striking the third and fourth sentences and
inserting in place thereof the following paragraphs:-

22 "The parole board shall make this determination using structured, actuarially-based 23 parole guidelines and the findings of a validated risk and needs assessment tool, both of which 24 must consider the prisoner's participation in available work opportunities, educational 25 opportunities and treatment programs and the prisoner's demonstrated good behavior. The board 26 shall also consider whether risk reduction programs, made available through collaboration with 27 criminal justice agencies or with the Department of Mental Health or Department of Public 28 Health, and other aspects of the prisoner's parole plan would minimize the probability of the 29 prisoner re-offending once released.

For any prisoner with a disability, the parole board must consider whether provision of reasonable accommodations will enable the prisoner to live and remain at liberty without violating the law. If a prisoner has a disability that may impair the ability of the prisoner to be successful on parole, the board shall schedule a psychological or medical examination to

ascertain and evaluate the nature of the risk posed by the disability and to identify any services,
supports, or programs that might mitigate the risk. The board shall consider the evaluation in
making its decision.

37 Upon issuance of a grant of parole to anyone who needs specialized care due to bodily 38 infirmity or disease and who is unable to secure a home plan, the parole board shall notify the 39 Commissioner of the Department of Public Health who shall secure a medically appropriate 40 placement for such prisoner within 60 days. No individual who has been granted parole shall 41 remain incarcerated for failure to secure an appropriate home plan.

42 The parole guidelines must be publicly available. The guidelines must be based on 43 empirical data and be evidence based. The validated risk and needs assessment tool must be an 44 actuarial tool verified by empirical data. All risk and needs assessment factors considered by the 45 tool and the scoring method must be publicly available; a prisoner shall be entitled to review the 46 complete assessment and findings of the tool regarding his or her risk and needs prior to the 47 parole hearing. The board shall validate the guidelines and risk and needs assessment tool every 48 five years to ensure they accurately reflect the risk of recidivism. The board shall also make 49 adjustments to prevent systemic disparate impact based solely on prisoners' socio-economic 50 characteristics. The board shall produce a public report detailing its assessment of the guidelines 51 and the risk and needs assessment tool and adjustments made to each as a result thereof.

52 The record of the board's decision shall contain a summary statement of the case and 53 include written certification that each board member voting on the issue of granting a parole 54 permit has reviewed the entire criminal record of the applicant, as well as the number of 55 members voting in favor of granting a parole permit and the number of members voting against

56 granting a parole permit. Any record of decision denying parole shall also specify, in detail and 57 not in conclusory terms, the reasons why the denial was appropriate based on the structured parole guidelines and the findings of the validated risk and needs assessment tool, and shall 58 59 identify the particular tasks the applicant must complete prior to the next parole hearing in order 60 to gain a parole permit. Any minority or dissenting opinions shall be included in the record of 61 decision . The record of the board's decision shall contain a summary statement of the case 62 indicating the reasons for the decision, including written certification that each board member 63 voting on the issue of granting a parole permit has reviewed the entire criminal record of the 64 applicant, as well as the number of members voting in favor of granting a parole permit and the 65 number of members voting against granting a parole permit. Said record of decision shall 66 become a public record and shall be available to the public except for such portion thereof which 67 contains information upon which said decision was made which said information the board 68 determines is actually necessary to keep confidential to protect the security of a criminal or civil 69 investigation, to protect anyone from physical harm or to protect the source of any information; 70 provided, however, that it was obtained under a promise of confidentiality. All such confidential 71 information shall be segregated from the record of decision and shall not be available to the 72 public. Said confidential information may remain secret only as long as publication may defeat 73 the lawful purposes of this section for confidentiality hereunder, but no longer.

SECTION 4: Section 133A of chapter 127 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016
Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the first paragraph in its entirety and
replacing it with the following paragraph:

77 "Every prisoner who is serving a sentence for life in a correctional institution of the
78 Commonwealth, except prisoners serving a life sentence for murder in the first degree who had

79 attained the age of 18 years at the time of the murder and except prisoners serving more than one 80 life sentence arising out of separate and distinct incidents that occurred at different times, where 81 the second offense occurred subsequent to the first conviction, shall be eligible for parole at the 82 expiration of the minimum term fixed by the court under section 24 of chapter 279. The parole 83 board shall, for every person who is eligible for parole, conduct a public hearing before a panel 84 of at least six members of the board for purposes of granting parole and issue a decision no later 85 than 30 days before the parole eligibility date. If a board member has a conflict of interest to the 86 extent that he or she cannot render a fair and impartial decision or that the appearance of a board 87 member would be unduly burdensome because of illness, incapacitation, or other circumstance, 88 the chair shall appoint another member of the board to the hearing panel. Whether a member is 89 unavailable for the purposes of this section shall be determined by the chair. Board members 90 shall appear unless said chair determines them to be unavailable. Under no circumstances shall a 91 parole hearing proceed pursuant to this section unless a majority of the board is present at the 92 public hearing."

93 SECTION 5. Section 133A of chapter 127 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is
 94 hereby further amended by striking out the third paragraph and inserting in place thereof the
 95 following paragraph:-

96 "After such hearing the parole board may, by a vote of two-thirds of the hearing panel, 97 grant to such prisoner a parole permit to be at liberty upon such terms and conditions as it may 98 prescribe for the unexpired term of his sentence. If such permit is not granted, the parole board 99 shall, at least once in each ensuing five year period, consider carefully and thoroughly the merits 90 of each such case on the question of releasing such prisoner on parole, and may, by a vote of

101	two-thirds of the hearing panel, grant such parole permit. By request of the hearing panel, any
102	case may be referred to the full membership of the board for further consideration."
103	SECTION 6: Section 136 of chapter 127 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016
104	Official Edition, is hereby amended by adding after the first paragraph the following:-
105	"Any information provided to the board shall also be made available to the prisoner or the
106	prisoner's representative except for such portion thereof which contains information the board
107	determines is actually necessary to keep confidential to protect the security of a criminal or civil
108	investigation, to protect anyone from physical harm or to protect the source of any information;
109	provided, however, that it was obtained under a promise of confidentiality."