# **HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 585**

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

#### Andres X. Vargas and Cynthia Stone Creem

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to promote student nutrition.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Andres X. Vargas	3rd Essex
Cynthia Stone Creem	First Middlesex and Norfolk
Maria Duaime Robinson	6th Middlesex
Louis L. Kafka	8th Norfolk
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester
James J. O'Day	14th Worcester
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester
Diana DiZoglio	First Essex
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex
Mathew J. Muratore	1st Plymouth
Paul McMurtry	11th Norfolk
John J. Mahoney	13th Worcester
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex
Todd M. Smola	1st Hampden
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester
Carlos Gonzalez	10th Hampden

Liz Miranda	5th Suffolk
Tommy Vitolo	15th Norfolk
Lori A. Ehrlich	8th Essex
Ryan C. Fattman	Worcester and Norfolk
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk
Daniel R. Cullinane	12th Suffolk
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk
Mindy Domb	3rd Hampshire
Nika C. Elugardo	15th Suffolk
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Stephan Hay	3rd Worcester
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex
Hannah Kane	11th Worcester
Patrick Joseph Kearney	4th Plymouth
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester
Eric P. Lesser	First Hampden and Hampshire
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex
Christina A. Minicucci	14th Essex
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden

## HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 585

By Representative Vargas of Haverhill and Senator Creem, a joint petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 585) of Andres X. Vargas and others relative to promoting student nutrition. Education.

### The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act to promote student nutrition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1: Chapter 72 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition,
- 2 is hereby amended by inserting the following new section:
- 3 Section 72A: School Nutrition and Meal Debt
- 4 Section 1 It is hereby declared to be the policy of the commonwealth to encourage all
- 5 school committees and school districts to adopt as a policy (i) the promotion of access to healthy
- 6 meals for all students, (ii) maximization of federal reimbursement for said meals and (iii) the
- 7 reduction in school meal debt by school districts and families.
- 8 Section 2. School districts that elect to waive the reduced-price fee for breakfast and
- 9 lunch for families who qualify for reduced-price status may request and shall receive
- 10 reimbursement from the department of elementary and secondary education for said co-payment;
- provided school districts that receive reimbursements shall offer to assist families with either an
- application for federal supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits or a direct referral to

an outreach partner identified by the department of transitional assistance or department of elementary and secondary education.

Section 3: School districts shall qualify a student for free meal status if said child is a) under the legal custody or guardianship of a grandparent or other non-parent relative, b) a child with disabilities who receives Supplemental Security Income benefits pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1382, or c) a child with special needs who was formerly in foster care and whose caregivers now receive assistance under Title IV B or IVE guardianship or adoption assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C.621.

The department of elementary and secondary education shall reimburse school districts for costs incurred under this section. The department shall take reasonable steps to determine whether such children qualify for direct certification of free school meals under 42 U.S.C. 1758 (b) (5), including children in receipt of MassHealth benefits in accordance with Chapter 118E of the General Laws.

Section 4: School districts and individual schools with sixty percent or more identified student percentage, as defined by 7 C.F.R. 245.9(f), shall be required to elect and implement the federal Community Eligibility Provision or Provision 2 to provide universal free school breakfast and lunch to all students. This provision may be waived if the district is able to justify to the department that implementation will incur financial hardship to the district.

High poverty school districts and individual schools with forty percent or more identified student percentage, as defined by 7 C.F.R . 245.9(f), shall be required to elect and implement the federal community eligibility option or Provision 2 to provide universal free breakfast and lunch to all students unless the district school board votes before June 1 of the first year of eligibility to

not participate in one of the federal options, or the department determines that the school district and/or individual schools no longer have the requisite qualifying percentage. A school nutrition director or designee shall be required to attend at least one training by the department to learn about community eligibility provision available to said district before the vote taken by the school committee.

Section 5: A school district superintendent or designee shall notify a parent or guardian of the negative balance of a student's school meal account no later than ten days after the student's meal account has reached a negative balance of five meals.

The notice shall include information on how to apply for free or reduced-price meal status and basic information on how the family can apply for supplemental nutrition assistance program through the department of transitional assistance or through an outreach partner including Project Bread.

Any school or school district communications about amounts owed for meals previously served to a student must be directed to the student's parent or guardian.

School districts should ensure that any information provided to families about the availability of school meals includes clear information that families can apply for free or reduced-price meal status at any time during the school year.

A school district or agent of said district shall not inform the Department of Children and Families of unpaid meal debt.

Section 6: School districts that participate in the national school lunch program shall take steps to maximize federal revenues and minimize debt on families by, at least monthly, taking

steps to directly certify students for free school meal status under protocol determined by the department. The department shall continue to offer assistance to districts to improve the direct certification process and reduce administrative burdens on said districts. The department shall also consult with representatives from the school nutrition association and other appropriate stakeholders to advise the department on best practices to maximize direct certification.

Section 7: Within 30 days of sending a notification to a family about unpaid meal debt that remains unresolved, the school district shall attempt to exhaust all options to directly certify the student as categorically eligible for free or reduced-price meals. Within these 30 days, while the school district is attempting to directly certify the student for free or reduced-price meals, the student may not be denied access to a school meal until the district has made a determination that the family is neither free nor reduced-price meal eligible.

The school district is also encouraged to exercise its discretion under title 7, section 245.6(d) of the code of federal regulations to complete a school meal application for a student in need.

- Section 8: (1) No employee, agent, or volunteer of a school or school district may:
- (a) Take any action that would publicly identify a student when payment has not been received for a school meal or for meals previously served to the student;
- (b) Serve a student with unpaid meal debt an alternative meal that is not also available to all students at the cafeteria, provided said alternative meal complies with the pattern for a federally reimbursable meal;

76 (c) Deny a student a meal as a form of behavioral discipline or punishment for bad 77 behavior;

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- (d) Dispose of an already served meal because of the student's lack of funds to pay for the meal or because of unresolved meal debt;
- (e) Prohibit a student or a sibling of a student from attending or participating in non-fee based extracurricular activities, field trips or school events solely because of the student's unresolved meal debt, nor prohibit a student from receiving grades, official transcripts, report cards or graduation solely because of unresolved meal debt;
- (f) Require a parent or guardian to pay fees or costs in excess of the actual amounts owed for meals previously served to the student.