# **SENATE BILL 816**

E2 SB 958/17 – JPR

By: Senators Salling, Bates, and Waugh

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2018

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

### A BILL ENTITLED

## AN ACT concerning

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## Criminal Law – Death Penalty – Law Enforcement Officers and First Responders

FOR the purpose of providing that a person who is convicted of first-degree murder may be sentenced to death under certain circumstances; providing that the murder of a law enforcement officer or a first responder under certain circumstances constitutes aggravating circumstances that the court or jury must consider in making a determination as to the imposition of the death penalty; establishing certain procedures relating to custody, warrant of execution, incompetency, method of execution, witnesses, certificate, disposition of body, notice, and trial and sentencing in relation to the imposition of the death penalty; requiring the Division of Correction to complete a presentence investigation report in each case in which the death penalty was requested under a certain provision of law; providing that the juvenile court does not have jurisdiction over a child of a certain age alleged to have done an act that, if committed by an adult, would be a crime punishable by death, as well as lead to certain other charges, unless a certain order has been filed; providing that the juvenile court may waive the exclusive jurisdiction conferred by a certain provision of law with respect to a petition alleging delinquency by a child who has not reached a certain age but who is charged with committing an act that, if committed by an adult, would be punishable by death; authorizing a trial judge to strike an individual from a jury on the basis of the individual's belief for or against capital punishment only if the judge finds that the belief would prevent or substantially impair the individual from returning an impartial verdict according to law; providing that an individual struck from a jury under a certain provision of law may serve on another jury for which the basis for the strike is irrelevant; applying a certain provision of law relating to peremptory challenges to a criminal trial in which a defendant is subject, on any single count, to a death sentence because the State has given a certain notice of intention to seek a death sentence or a sentence of imprisonment for life, including a case in which the State has not given a certain notice of intention to seek a death sentence; providing that a certain provision of law authorizing a court that issued an execution on a forfeited recognizance for a certain

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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witness to discharge the witness from execution on a certain motion does not apply in a case if capital punishment may be involved; providing that the Court of Appeals has exclusive appellate jurisdiction over a criminal case in which the death penalty is imposed and any appellate proceeding under a certain provision of law relating to certain incompetent inmates; requiring a court to dismiss a certain charge against a certain defendant found incompetent to stand trial when charged with a capital offense after the expiration of a certain number of years; prohibiting the release of a defendant on personal recognizance if the defendant is charged with a crime punishable by death; applying the Uniform Postconviction Procedure Act to a person convicted in any court in the State who is confined under sentence of death; adding certain provisions to the Uniform Postconviction Procedure Act for proceedings after death sentences; specifying that the review of a sentence of death is governed by certain provisions of law; prohibiting a review panel from increasing a sentence to the sentence of death; providing that a victim's representative has the same right to address the jury in a death penalty sentencing as a victim's representative has to address a court in a certain other sentencing or disposition hearing; creating certain procedures relating to the determination of whether a victim's representative may present an oral address to the jury in a death penalty sentencing; authorizing the Court of Appeals to adopt rules of procedure to govern the conduct of death penalty sentencing proceedings; establishing certain procedures for the review of a death sentence by the Court of Appeals; providing that certain provisions of law relating to multiple convictions for a crime of violence do not apply if a person is sentenced to death; creating certain exceptions; making conforming, stylistic, and clarifying changes; and generally relating to the death penalty.

#### 25BY adding to 26 Article – Correctional Services 27 Section 3–901 through 3–909 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 9. Death Penalty Procedures" 28 29 Annotated Code of Maryland 30 (2017 Replacement Volume) 31 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 32 Article – Correctional Services 33 Section 4–101(e)(2), 4–305(b)(2), 6–112(c), and 7–301(d)(2) Annotated Code of Maryland 34 35 (2017 Replacement Volume) 36 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 37 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings 38 Section 3–8A–03(d)(1), 3–8A–06(a), 8–404, 8–420, 9–204, and 12–307 39 Annotated Code of Maryland 40 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)

Section 3-105(b), 3-106(a), 3-107(a), 4-204(b), 5-101(c), 7-101, 7-103(b), and

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Criminal Procedure

1	7–107(b)
2	Annotated Code of Maryland
3	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
4	BY adding to
5	Article – Criminal Procedure
6	Section 7–201 through 7–204 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 2. Proceedings
7	After Death Sentences"; and 8–108 and 11–404
8	Annotated Code of Maryland
9	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
0	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
1	Article – Criminal Law
$^{12}$	Section 2–201(b), 2–304(a), 2–305, and 14–101
$^{13}$	Annotated Code of Maryland
4	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
15	BY adding to
6	Article – Criminal Law
<b>1</b> 7	Section 2–202, 2–301, and 2–303; and 2–401 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle
8	4. Review by Court of Appeals"
9	Annotated Code of Maryland
20	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
21	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
22	Article – Health – General
23	Section 8–505(b)
24	Annotated Code of Maryland
25	(2015 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
26	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
27	Article – Transportation
28	Section 16–812(a)
29	Annotated Code of Maryland
30	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
31	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
32	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
33	Article - Correctional Services
34	SUBTITLE 9. DEATH PENALTY PROCEDURES.
35	3–901.
	(A) WHEN THE AN INDIVIDUAL TO COMPANDED TO DELETE THE THREE CO
36	(A) Whenever an individual is sentenced to death, the judge of

- 1 THE COURT IN WHICH THE CONVICTION TAKES PLACE SHALL CAUSE THE
- 2 INDIVIDUAL TO BE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH
- 3 THE INDIVIDUAL WAS INDICTED.
- 4 (B) (1) WHILE THE INMATE IS IN THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF, THE 5 SHERIFF SHALL:
- 6 (I) HOLD THE INMATE UNDER GUARD AS THE SHERIFF 7 DETERMINES TO BE NECESSARY; AND
- 8 (II) KEEP THE INMATE IN SOLITARY CONFINEMENT IN THE SAME
- 9 MANNER AS IS REQUIRED WHEN THE INMATE IS IN THE CUSTODY OF THE
- 10 **DEPARTMENT.**
- 11 (2) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, THE SHERIFF SHALL DELIVER THE INMATE
- 12 TO THE DEPARTMENT TO AWAIT THE EXECUTION OF THE INMATE'S SENTENCE.
- 13 (C) THE EXPENSES OF THE DEPARTMENT RELATING TO THE DETENTION OF
- 14 AN INMATE UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH, INCLUDING THE EXPENSES OF GUARDING,
- 15 LODGING, FEEDING, CLOTHING, AND CARING FOR THE INMATE, MAY NOT BE
- 16 ASSESSED AGAINST, BILLED TO, OR PAID BY THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE INMATE WAS
- 17 INDICTED.
- 18 **3–902**.
- 19 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
- 20 INDICATED.
- 21 (2) (I) "STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS" MEANS THE
- 22 INITIAL ADJUDICATION OF A POSTCONVICTION PETITION FILED UNDER §
- 23 7-103 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE, INCLUDING ANY APPELLATE
- 24 REVIEW OF THE POSTCONVICTION PROCEEDING.
- 25 (II) "STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS" DOES NOT
- 26 INCLUDE:
- 27 1. A POSTCONVICTION PROCEEDING THAT HAS BEEN
- 28 REOPENED UNDER § 7–104 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE OR ANY
- 29 APPELLATE REVIEW OF THE PROCEEDING; OR
- 30 2. A POSTCONVICTION PROCEEDING ON A SECOND
- 31 PETITION FILED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 1995, OR ANY APPELLATE REVIEW OF THE
- 32 PROCEEDING.

- 1 (3) "WARRANT OF EXECUTION" MEANS A WARRANT FOR THE 2 EXECUTION OF A SENTENCE OF DEATH ON THE INDIVIDUAL AGAINST WHOM THE
- 3 SENTENCE WAS IMPOSED.
- 4 (B) A WARRANT OF EXECUTION SHALL:
- 5 (1) STATE THE CONVICTION AND SENTENCE;
- 6 (2) DESIGNATE A 5-DAY PERIOD, BEGINNING ON A MONDAY, WITHIN 7 WHICH THE SENTENCE MUST BE EXECUTED; AND
- 8 (3) COMMAND THE SECRETARY TO CARRY OUT THE DEATH PENALTY 9 ON A DAY WITHIN THE DESIGNATED PERIOD.
- 10 (C) AT THE TIME AN INDIVIDUAL IS SENTENCED TO DEATH, THE JUDGE
  11 PRESIDING IN THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A WARRANT OF EXECUTION DIRECTED TO
  12 THE SECRETARY.
- 13 (D) (1) A WARRANT OF EXECUTION IS STAYED DURING THE DIRECT REVIEW PROCESS AND THE STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS.
- 15 (2) If the original warrant of execution has not expired at 16 The end of the State postconviction review process, the judge who 17 Imposed the sentence of death or the judge then presiding in the court
- 18 IN WHICH THE SENTENCE WAS IMPOSED SHALL LIFT THE STAY IMPOSED UNDER
- 19 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 20 (3) IF THE ORIGINAL WARRANT OF EXECUTION HAS EXPIRED AT THE 21 END OF THE STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS, THE JUDGE WHO IMPOSED 22 THE SENTENCE OF DEATH OR THE JUDGE THEN PRESIDING IN THE COURT IN WHICH
- 23 THE SENTENCE WAS IMPOSED SHALL ISSUE ANOTHER WARRANT OF EXECUTION.
- 24 (E) (1) IF THE GOVERNOR IS SATISFIED THAT A MEDICAL EXAMINATION 25 SHOWS THAT AN INMATE IS PREGNANT, THE GOVERNOR SHALL REVOKE A WARRANT 26 OF EXECUTION FOR THE INMATE.
- 27 (2) AS SOON AS THE GOVERNOR IS SATISFIED THAT THE INMATE IS 28 NO LONGER PREGNANT, THE GOVERNOR PROMPTLY SHALL ISSUE ANOTHER 29 WARRANT OF EXECUTION.
- 30 **(F) (1) THE GOVERNOR MAY GRANT A STAY OF A WARRANT OF** 31 **EXECUTION FOR ANY CAUSE.**

- **(2)** 1 IF THE GOVERNOR GRANTS A STAY UNDER THIS SUBSECTION: 2 THE GOVERNOR SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER REVOKING THE **(I)** 3 WARRANT OF EXECUTION; AND (II)THE SENTENCE OF DEATH MAY NOT BE EXECUTED UNTIL 4 5 THE GOVERNOR ISSUES ANOTHER WARRANT OF EXECUTION. 6 **(3)** THE GOVERNOR PROMPTLY SHALL NOTIFY THE SECRETARY OF 7 AN ORDER THAT REVOKES A WARRANT OF EXECUTION. 8 (1) THE SECRETARY SHALL SET A TIME, WITHIN THE PERIOD (G) DESIGNATED IN THE WARRANT OF EXECUTION, WHEN THE SENTENCE OF DEATH 9 10 SHALL BE EXECUTED. 11 NO PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DAY OR TIME OF THE 12 EXECUTION MAY BE MADE EXCEPT TO THOSE WHO ARE INVITED OR ALLOWED TO BE 13 PRESENT AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBTITLE. 14 **3–903.** IN THIS SECTION, "OFFICIAL" MEANS: 15 (A) **(1)** 16 THE SECRETARY; OR THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH AN INMATE WAS 17 **(2)** 18 INDICTED. 19 (B) **(1)** IF THE GOVERNOR GRANTS A REPRIEVE TO AN INMATE UNDER 20 SENTENCE OF DEATH OR A COURT IMPOSES A STAY ON THE EXECUTION OF A 21 SENTENCE OF DEATH, THE GOVERNOR OR THE COURT SHALL SERVE NOTICE OF THE 22REPRIEVE OR STAY ON: 23(I)THE INMATE; AND 24(II)THE OFFICIAL WHO HAS CUSTODY OF THE INMATE. 25**(2)** THE OFFICIAL WHO HAS CUSTODY OF THE INMATE SHALL OBEY 26 THE REPRIEVE OR STAY.
- 27 (C) AN INMATE WHO IS GRANTED A REPRIEVE OR STAY SHALL REMAIN IN 28 THE CUSTODY OF THE OFFICIAL WHO RECEIVES NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION

- 1 (B)(1)(II) OF THIS SECTION.
- 2 (D) (1) IN ANY SUBSEQUENT JUDICIAL PROCEEDING, THE COURT SHALL
- 3 SERVE ANY COURT ORDER REGARDING AN INMATE ON:
- 4 (I) THE INMATE; AND
- 5 (II) THE OFFICIAL WHO HAS CUSTODY OF THE INMATE.
- 6 (2) IF A COURT RESENTENCES AN INMATE TO DEATH, THE
- 7 PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBTITLE SHALL APPLY TO THE NEW SENTENCE IN THE SAME
- 8 MANNER AS THE ORIGINAL SENTENCE.
- 9 (3) (I) IF A NEW TRIAL IS GRANTED TO AN INMATE WHO IS IN THE
- 10 CUSTODY OF THE SECRETARY, THE INMATE SHALL BE TRANSPORTED BACK TO THE
- 11 PLACE OF TRIAL UNDER GUARD AS THE SECRETARY DIRECTS.
- 12 (II) THE EXPENSES RELATING TO THE TRANSPORTATION OF AN
- 13 INMATE BACK TO THE PLACE OF TRIAL UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS
- 14 PARAGRAPH SHALL BE PAID BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 15 **3–904**.
- 16 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
- 17 INDICATED.
- 18 (2) "INCOMPETENT" MEANS THE STATE OF MIND OF AN INMATE WHO,
- 19 AS A RESULT OF A MENTAL DISORDER OR AN INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, LACKS
- 20 AWARENESS:
- 21 (I) OF THE FACT OF THE INMATE'S IMPENDING EXECUTION;
- 22 AND
- 23 (II) THAT THE INMATE IS TO BE EXECUTED FOR THE CRIME OF
- 24 MURDER.
- 25 (3) "INMATE" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF
- 26 MURDER AND SENTENCED TO DEATH.
- 27 (B) AN INMATE IS NOT INCOMPETENT UNDER THIS SECTION MERELY
- 28 BECAUSE THE INMATE'S COMPETENCE DEPENDS ON CONTINUING TREATMENT,
- 29 INCLUDING THE USE OF MEDICATION.

- 1 (C) THE STATE MAY NOT EXECUTE A SENTENCE OF DEATH AGAINST AN 2 INMATE WHO HAS BECOME INCOMPETENT.
- 3 (D) (1) A PETITION THAT ALLEGES THAT AN INMATE IS INCOMPETENT 4 AND THAT SEEKS TO REVOKE A WARRANT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE INMATE MAY
- 5 BE FILED BY:
- 6 (I) THE INMATE;
- 7 (II) IF THE INMATE IS REPRESENTED BY COUNSEL, COUNSEL 8 FOR THE INMATE; OR
- 9 (III) IF THE INMATE IS NOT REPRESENTED BY COUNSEL, ANY 10 OTHER PERSON ON THE INMATE'S BEHALF.
- 11 (2) THE PETITION SHALL BE FILED IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 12 COUNTY IN WHICH THE INMATE IS CONFINED.
- 13 (3) ON THE FILING OF THE PETITION, THE COURT MAY STAY ANY 14 WARRANT OF EXECUTION THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY ISSUED AND HAS NOT YET
- 15 EXPIRED.
- 16 (4) THE PETITION MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN AFFIDAVIT OF AT 17 LEAST ONE PSYCHIATRIST THAT:
- 18 (I) IS BASED, AT LEAST IN PART, ON PERSONAL EXAMINATION;
- 19 (II) STATES THAT IN THE PSYCHIATRIST'S MEDICAL OPINION 20 THE INMATE IS INCOMPETENT; AND
- 21 (III) STATES THE PERTINENT FACTS ON WHICH THE OPINION IS
- 22 BASED.
- 23 (5) A COPY OF THE PETITION SHALL BE SERVED ON THE ATTORNEY
- 24 GENERAL AND THE OFFICE OF THE STATE'S ATTORNEY THAT PROSECUTED THE
- 25 INMATE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SERVICE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND
- 26 Rules.
- 27 (6) Unless the inmate is already represented by counsel,
- 28 THE COURT PROMPTLY SHALL APPOINT THE PUBLIC DEFENDER OR, IF THE PUBLIC
- 29 DEFENDER FOR GOOD CAUSE DECLINES REPRESENTATION, OTHER COUNSEL TO
- 30 REPRESENT THE INMATE IN THE PROCEEDING.

- (7) UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY STIPULATES TO THE INMATE'S 1 2INCOMPETENCE, THE STATE'S ATTORNEY SHALL CAUSE THE INMATE TO BE 3 EXAMINED AND EVALUATED BY ONE OR MORE PSYCHIATRISTS SELECTED BY THE STATE'S ATTORNEY. 5 IF THE INMATE'S REQUEST IS REASONABLE AND TIMELY MADE, AN 6 INMATE IS ENTITLED TO BE INDEPENDENTLY EXAMINED BY A PSYCHIATRIST THE 7 INMATE SELECTS. UNLESS, WITH THE COURT'S APPROVAL, THE PARTIES WAIVE A 8 **(9)** HEARING, THE ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE OF THE COURT SHALL DESIGNATE A TIME 9 FOR AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING TO DETERMINE THE INMATE'S COMPETENCE. 10 **(1)** 11 **(E)** A HEARING UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE HELD WITHOUT A 12 JURY: 13 **(I)** IN COURT; (II) 14 AT THE PLACE WHERE THE INMATE IS CONFINED; OR 15 (III) AT ANOTHER CONVENIENT PLACE. 16 **(2)** AT THE HEARING, THE INMATE: 17 (I)SUBJECT TO REASONABLE RESTRICTIONS RELATED TO THE INMATE'S CONDITION, MAY BE PRESENT; 18 19 (II) THROUGH COUNSEL,  $\mathbf{MAY}$ **OFFER** EVIDENCE, 20CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AGAINST THE INMATE, AND MAKE ARGUMENT; AND 21(III) HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING INCOMPETENCE BY A 22 PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE. 23 **(F)** THE COURT SHALL ENTER AN ORDER THAT: 24**(1)** DECLARES THE INMATE TO BE EITHER COMPETENT OR 25**INCOMPETENT; AND**
- 27 (G) IF THE COURT FINDS THE INMATE TO BE COMPETENT, THE COURT 28 IMMEDIATELY:

STATES THE FINDINGS ON WHICH THE DECLARATION IS BASED.

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**(2)** 

- 1 (1) SHALL LIFT ANY STAY OF A WARRANT OF EXECUTION THAT WAS 2 PREVIOUSLY ISSUED AND HAS NOT YET EXPIRED; OR
- 3 (2) IF ALL PREVIOUSLY ISSUED WARRANTS OF EXECUTION HAVE
- 4 EXPIRED, SHALL NOTIFY THE COURT THAT IMPOSED THE SENTENCE OF DEATH AND
- 5 REQUEST THAT THE COURT ISSUE A NEW WARRANT OF EXECUTION.
- 6 (H) (1) IF THE COURT FINDS THE INMATE TO BE INCOMPETENT, THE 7 COURT SHALL:
- 8 (I) STAY ANY WARRANT OF EXECUTION THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY 9 ISSUED AND HAS NOT YET EXPIRED; AND
- 10 (II) REMAND THE CASE TO THE COURT IN WHICH THE SENTENCE 11 OF DEATH WAS IMPOSED.
- 12 (2) THE COURT IN WHICH THE SENTENCE OF DEATH WAS IMPOSED
- 13 SHALL STRIKE THE SENTENCE OF DEATH AND ENTER IN ITS PLACE A SENTENCE OF
- 14 IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE.
- 15 (3) THE SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE
- 16 POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION IS
- 17 MANDATORY AND MAY NOT BE SUSPENDED WHOLLY OR PARTLY.
- 18 (I) (1) THERE IS NO RIGHT OF APPEAL FROM AN ORDER ISSUED BY A 19 CIRCUIT COURT UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 20 (2) NOTWITHSTANDING PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION,
- 21 EITHER PARTY MAY SEEK REVIEW IN THE COURT OF APPEALS BY FILING AN
- 22 APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARYLAND
- 23 Rules.
- 24 (3) IF AN APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL IS FILED, THE COURT
- 25 OF APPEALS MAY STAY ANY WARRANT OF EXECUTION THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY
- 26 ISSUED AND HAS NOT YET EXPIRED.
- 27 (J) (1) NOT EARLIER THAN 6 MONTHS AFTER A FINDING OF
- 28 COMPETENCE, THE INMATE MAY PETITION THE COURT FOR A REDETERMINATION
- 29 OF COMPETENCE.
- 30 (2) THE PETITION MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN AFFIDAVIT OF AT
- 31 LEAST ONE PSYCHIATRIST THAT:

- 1 **(I)** IS BASED, AT LEAST IN PART, ON PERSONAL EXAMINATION; 2(II)STATES THAT IN THE PSYCHIATRIST'S MEDICAL OPINION 3 THE INMATE IS INCOMPETENT; 4 (III) STATES THAT THE INCOMPETENCE AROSE SINCE THE 5 PREVIOUS FINDING OF COMPETENCE; AND 6 (IV) STATES THE PERTINENT FACTS ON WHICH EACH OPINION IS 7 BASED, INCLUDING THE FACTS THAT SHOW THE CHANGE IN THE INMATE'S CONDITION SINCE THE PREVIOUS FINDING. 8 9 **(3)** PROCEEDINGS ON A PETITION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTIONS (D) THROUGH (I) OF THIS SECTION. 10 11 (K) THE MARYLAND RULES SHALL GOVERN: **(1)** 12 THE FORM OF PETITIONS AND ALL OTHER PLEADINGS; AND 13 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE CIRCUIT COURT IN DETERMINING 14 COMPETENCY OR INCOMPETENCY AND BY THE COURT OF APPEALS IN REVIEWING 15 APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL. 16 THIS SECTION DOES NOT AFFECT THE POWER OF THE GOVERNOR TO 17 **(**L) STAY EXECUTION OF A SENTENCE OF DEATH UNDER § 3-902(F) OF THIS SUBTITLE 18 19 OR TO COMMUTE A SENTENCE OF DEATH UNDER § 7–601 OF THIS ARTICLE. 3-905. 20 21THE MANNER OF INFLICTING THE PUNISHMENT OF DEATH SHALL BE 22 THE CONTINUOUS INTRAVENOUS ADMINISTRATION OF A LETHAL QUANTITY OF AN 23ULTRASHORT-ACTING BARBITURATE OR OTHER SIMILAR DRUG IN COMBINATION 24WITH A CHEMICAL PARALYTIC AGENT THAT REMAINS CONTINUOUS UNTIL A 25 LICENSED PHYSICIAN PRONOUNCES DEATH ACCORDING TO ACCEPTED STANDARDS 26 OF MEDICAL PRACTICE.
- 27 (B) (1) THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE LETHAL SUBSTANCES REQUIRED 28 BY THIS SECTION IS NOT THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.
- 29 (2) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, A PHARMACIST OR 30 PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLIER MAY DISPENSE DRUGS, WITHOUT A PRESCRIPTION, TO 31 THE SECRETARY OR THE SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE TO CARRY OUT THIS SECTION.

- 1 **3–906.**
- 2 (A) THE SECRETARY SHALL:
- 3 (1) PROVIDE A SUITABLE AND EFFICIENT PLACE, ENCLOSED FROM 4 PUBLIC VIEW, IN WHICH AN EXECUTION MAY BE CARRIED OUT;
- 5 (2) PROVIDE ALL THE MATERIALS THAT ARE NECESSARY TO 6 PERFORM THE EXECUTION; AND
- 7 (3) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, SELECT THE 8 INDIVIDUALS TO PERFORM THE EXECUTION.
- 9 (B) THE SECRETARY OR THE SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE SHALL SUPERVISE 10 THE EXECUTION.
- 11 (C) (1) AN EXECUTION SHALL BE PERFORMED BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE
- 12 SELECTED BY THE SECRETARY AND TRAINED TO ADMINISTER THE LETHAL
- 13 INJECTION.
- 14 (2) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO ADMINISTERS THE PARALYTIC AGENT AND
- 15 LETHAL INJECTION NEED NOT BE LICENSED OR CERTIFIED AS ANY TYPE OF HEALTH
- 16 CARE PRACTITIONER UNDER THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE.
- 17 **3–907.**
- 18 (A) IN ADDITION TO THOSE INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE OTHERWISE REQUIRED
- 19 TO SUPERVISE, PERFORM, OR PARTICIPATE IN AN EXECUTION, THE SECRETARY
- 20 SHALL SELECT AT LEAST 6 BUT NOT MORE THAN 12 RESPECTABLE CITIZENS TO
- 21 OBSERVE THE EXECUTION.
- 22 (B) COUNSEL FOR THE INMATE AND A MEMBER OF THE CLERGY MAY BE
- 23 PRESENT AT THE EXECUTION.
- 24 **3–908.**
- 25 THE SECRETARY SHALL:
- 26 (1) PREPARE AND SIGN A CERTIFICATE THAT STATES:
- 27 (I) THE TIME AND PLACE OF EXECUTION; AND

- 1 (II) THAT THE EXECUTION WAS CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE 2 WITH THE SENTENCE OF THE COURT AND THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBTITLE;
- 3 (2) REQUEST THAT EACH WITNESS TO THE EXECUTION SIGN THE 4 CERTIFICATE; AND
- 5 (3) FILE THE CERTIFICATE WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER THE EXECUTION 6 WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE INMATE WAS 7 INDICTED.
- 8 **3-909.**
- 9 (A) ON APPLICATION OF A RELATIVE, THE BODY OF AN EXECUTED INMATE 10 SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE RELATIVE AT THE RELATIVE'S COST.
- 11 (B) IF AN APPLICATION IS NOT MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION, THE SECRETARY SHALL ARRANGE FOR BURIAL.
- 13 4–101.
- (e) (2) "Eligible person" does not include an individual who:
- 15 (i) is serving two or more sentences of imprisonment for life under 16 § 2–201, [former] § 2–303, or § 2–304 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 17 (ii) is serving one or more sentences of imprisonment for life when a 18 court or jury has found under [former] § 2–303 of the Criminal Law Article, beyond a 19 reasonable doubt, that one or more aggravating circumstances existed; or
- 20 (iii) has been convicted of murder in the first degree, rape in the first degree, or a sexual offense in the first degree, unless the sentencing judge, at the time of sentencing or in the exercise of the judge's revisory power under the Maryland Rules, recommends that the individual be referred to the Institution for evaluation.
- 24 4–305.
- (b) (2) An inmate sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of a proceeding under [former] § 2–303 or § 2–304 of the Criminal Law Article is not eligible for parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the equivalent of 25 years when considering allowances for diminution of the inmate's period of confinement as provided under Title 3, Subtitle 7 of this article and § 6–218 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
- 30 6–112.
- 31 (c) (1) The Division shall complete a presentence investigation report in each

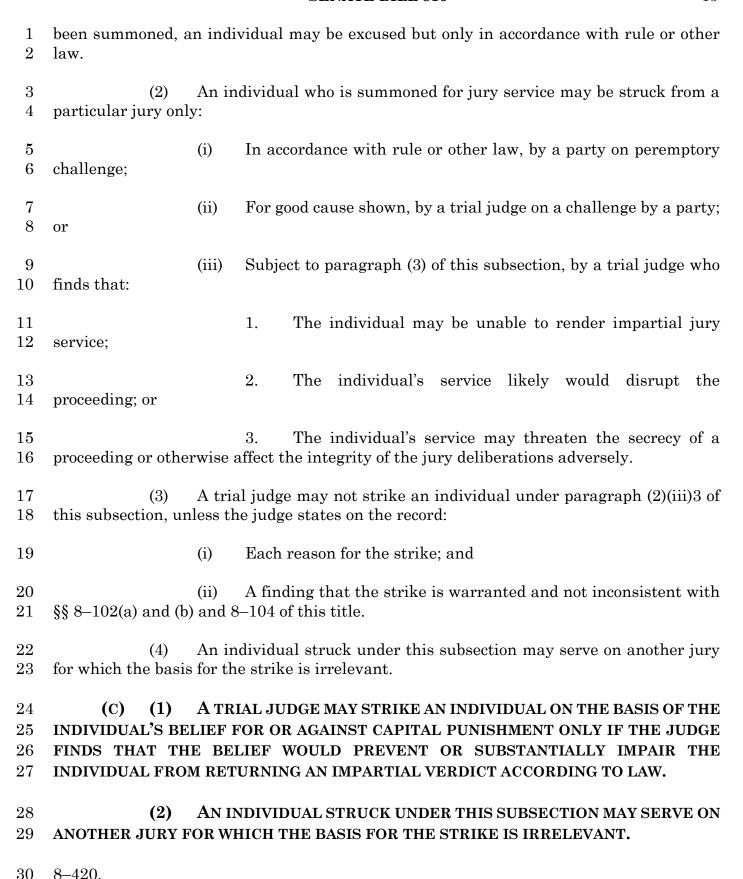
- case in which **THE DEATH PENALTY OR** imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole is requested under **§ 2–202 OR** § 2–203 of the Criminal Law Article.
- 3 (2) The report shall include a victim impact statement as provided under 4 11–402 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
- 5 (3) The court or jury before which the separate sentencing proceeding is 6 conducted under § 2–303 OR § 2–304 of the Criminal Law Article shall consider the report.
- 7 7–301.
- 8 (d) (2) An inmate who has been sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of 9 a proceeding under [former] § 2–303 or § 2–304 of the Criminal Law Article is not eligible 10 for parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the equivalent of 25 years 11 considering the allowances for diminution of the inmate's term of confinement under § 12 6–218 of the Criminal Procedure Article and Title 3, Subtitle 7 of this article.

## **Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

14 3-8A-03.

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- 15 (d) The court does not have jurisdiction over:
- 16 (1) A child at least 14 years old alleged to have done an act [which] THAT,
- if committed by an adult, would be a crime punishable by **DEATH OR** life imprisonment, as well as all other charges against the child arising out of the same incident, unless an order
- 19 removing the proceeding to the court has been filed under § 4–202 of the Criminal
- 20 Procedure Article;
- 21 3-8A-06.
- 22 (a) The court may waive the exclusive jurisdiction conferred by § 3–8A–03 of this 3 subtitle with respect to a petition alleging delinquency by:
- 24 (1) A child who is 15 years old or older; or
- 25 (2) A child who has not reached [his] **THE CHILD'S** 15th birthday, but who 26 is charged with committing an act [which] **THAT**, if committed by an adult, would be punishable by **DEATH OR** life imprisonment.
- 28 8-404.
- 29 (a) Notwithstanding § 8–103(a) of this title, a trial judge may strike an individual 30 who is party in a civil case while the individual is entitled to a jury trial in the county.
- 31 (b) (1) Whenever more individuals than are needed to impanel a jury have



31 (a) (1) This subsection applies only in a criminal trial in which a defendant is

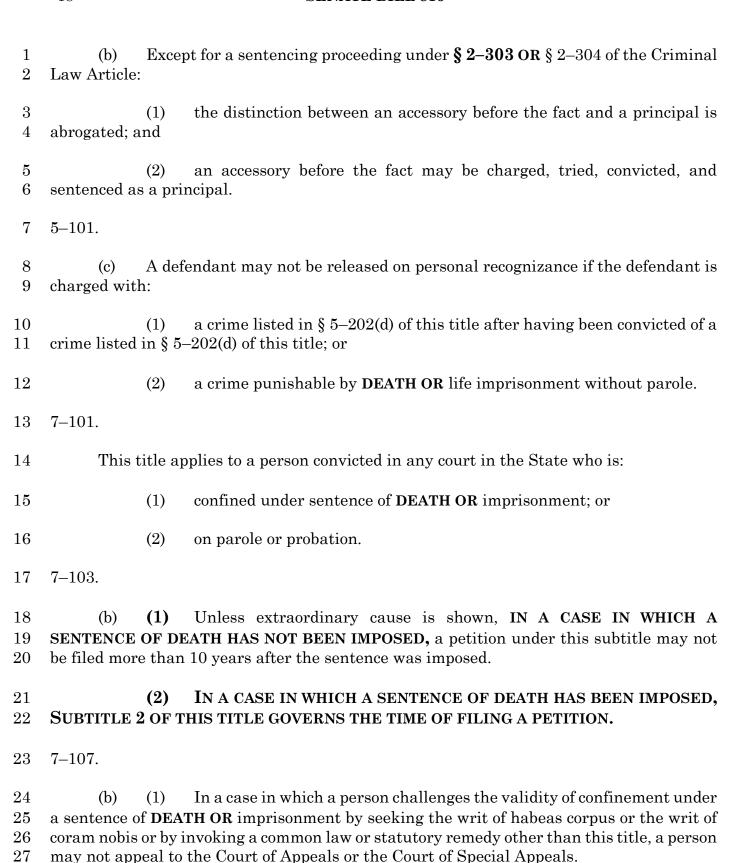
- 1 subject, on any single count, to [a]:
- 2 (I) A DEATH SENTENCE BECAUSE THE STATE HAS GIVEN 3 NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SEEK A DEATH SENTENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 4 2–202 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
- 5 (II) A sentence of life imprisonment, INCLUDING A CASE IN WHICH
  6 THE STATE HAS NOT GIVEN NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SEEK A DEATH SENTENCE IN
  7 ACCORDANCE WITH § 2–202 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE BUT excluding a
  8 common law offense for which no specific statutory penalty is provided.
- 9 (2) Each defendant is allowed 20 peremptory challenges.
- 10 (3) The State is allowed 10 peremptory challenges for each defendant.
- 11 (b) (1) This subsection applies only in a criminal trial in which a defendant is 12 subject, on any single count, to a sentence of at least 20 years, excluding a case subject to 13 subsection (a) of this section or a common law offense for which no specific statutory penalty 14 is provided.
- 15 (2) Each defendant is allowed 10 peremptory challenges.
- 16 (3) The State is allowed five peremptory challenges for each defendant.
- 17 (c) In every other criminal trial, each party is allowed four peremptory 18 challenges.
- 19 9–204.
- 20 **(A)** The court that issued an execution on a forfeited recognizance for a witness 21 who failed to appear may discharge the witness from execution upon motion showing good 22 and sufficient cause for the failure.
- 23 (B) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IN A CASE IF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT MAY 24 BE INVOLVED.
- 25 12-307.
- The Court of Appeals has:
- 27 (1) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding pending in or decided by the 28 Court of Special Appeals in accordance with Subtitle 2 of this title;
- 29 (2) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding decided by a circuit court, in 30 accordance with § 12–305 of this subtitle; [and]

- 1 (3) Exclusive appellate jurisdiction with respect to a question of law 2 certified to it under the Uniform Certification of Questions of Law Act; AND
- 3 (4) EXCLUSIVE APPELLATE JURISDICTION OVER A CRIMINAL CASE IN
  4 WHICH THE DEATH PENALTY IS IMPOSED AND ANY APPELLATE PROCEEDING UNDER
  5 § 3–904 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE.

### 6 Article - Criminal Procedure

- 7 3–105.
- 8 (b) [On] **EXCEPT IN A CAPITAL CASE, ON** consideration of the nature of the 9 charge, the court:
- 10 (1) may require or allow the examination to be done on an outpatient basis; 11 and
- 12 (2) if an outpatient examination is authorized, shall set bail for the 13 defendant or authorize release of the defendant on recognizance.
- 14 3–106.
- (a) [If,] EXCEPT IN A CAPITAL CASE, IF, after a hearing, the court finds that the defendant is incompetent to stand trial but is not dangerous, as a result of a mental disorder or [mental retardation] INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY, to self or the person or property of others, the court may set bail for the defendant or authorize release of the defendant on recognizance.
- 20 3–107.
- 21 (a) Whether or not the defendant is confined and unless the State petitions the 22 court for extraordinary cause to extend the time, the court shall dismiss the charge against 23 a defendant found incompetent to stand trial under this subtitle:
- 24 (1) WHEN CHARGED WITH A CAPITAL OFFENSE, AFTER THE 25 EXPIRATION OF 10 YEARS;
- 26 (2) when charged with a felony or a crime of violence as defined under § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article, after the lesser of the expiration of 5 years or the maximum sentence for the most serious offense charged; or
- [(2)] (3) when charged with an offense not covered under item (1) OR (2) of this subsection, after the lesser of the expiration of 3 years or the maximum sentence for the most serious offense charged.
- 32 4-204.

(2)



This subtitle does not bar an appeal to the Court of Special Appeals:

- 1 (i) in a habeas corpus proceeding begun under § 9–110 of this 2 article; or
- 3 (ii) in any other proceeding in which a writ of habeas corpus is 4 sought for a purpose other than to challenge the legality of a conviction of a crime or 5 sentence of **DEATH OR** imprisonment for the conviction of the crime, including confinement 6 as a result of a proceeding under Title 4 of the Correctional Services Article.

## 7 SUBTITLE 2. PROCEEDINGS AFTER DEATH SENTENCES.

- 8 **7–201.**
- 9 (A) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, IN A CASE IN WHICH A
- 10 SENTENCE OF DEATH HAS BEEN IMPOSED, THE CIRCUIT COURT MAY NOT EXERCISE
- 11 JURISDICTION OVER A PROCEEDING UNDER THIS TITLE UNLESS THE PETITION IS
- 12 FILED WITHIN **210** DAYS AFTER:
- 13 (1) THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES PASSES AN ORDER
- 14 DENYING A PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI;
- 15 (2) THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES MAKES A
- 16 DECISION AFFIRMING THE SENTENCE OF DEATH; OR
- 17 (3) IF NO REVIEW IS SOUGHT, THE TIME FOR SEEKING REVIEW BY THE
- 18 SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES EXPIRES.
- 19 (B) THE CIRCUIT COURT MAY EXTEND THE PERIOD WITHIN WHICH THE
- 20 PETITION SHALL BE FILED IF GOOD CAUSE FOR THE EXTENSION IS SHOWN.
- 21 **7–202.**
- NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW AND SUBJECT TO § 7–203 OF THIS
- 23 SUBTITLE, A WARRANT OF EXECUTION SHALL BE STAYED FOR 210 DAYS AFTER:
- 24 (1) THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES PASSES AN ORDER
- 25 DENYING ANY PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI;
- 26 (2) THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES MAKES A
- 27 DECISION AFFIRMING THE SENTENCE OF DEATH; OR
- 28 (3) IF NO REVIEW IS SOUGHT, THE TIME FOR SEEKING REVIEW BY THE
- 29 SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES EXPIRES.
- 30 **7-203.**

- 1 (A) A DEFENDANT IN A CASE IN WHICH A SENTENCE OF DEATH HAS BEEN 2 IMPOSED MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO FILE A PETITION UNDER THIS TITLE BEFORE 3 THE EXPIRATION OF THE 210-DAY PERIOD ESTABLISHED IN § 7-201 OF THIS SUBTITLE IF THE WAIVER IS KNOWING, VOLUNTARY, INTELLIGENT, AND IN WRITING.
- 5 (B) A DEFENDANT IN A CASE IN WHICH A SENTENCE OF DEATH HAS BEEN 6 IMPOSED MAY REVOKE A WAIVER UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION NOT LATER THAN 15 DAYS BEFORE THE SCHEDULED DATE OF EXECUTION BY:
- 8 (1) FILING A PETITION FOR POSTCONVICTION RELIEF UNDER THIS 9 TITLE; OR
- 10 (2) WITHDRAWING THE WAIVER IN WRITING.
- 11 (C) A WAIVER OF THE RIGHT TO FILE A PETITION UNDER THIS TITLE
  12 BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE 210-DAY PERIOD ESTABLISHED IN § 7-201 OF
  13 THIS SUBTITLE ENDS THE STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS FOR
  14 PURPOSES OF § 3-902 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE.
- 15 (D) (1) THE REVOCATION OF A WAIVER UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION CONTINUES THE STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS FOR PURPOSES OF § 3–902 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE.
- 18 (2) THE REVOCATION OF A WAIVER UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(2) OF
  19 THIS SECTION CONTINUES THE STATE POSTCONVICTION REVIEW PROCESS FOR
  20 PURPOSES OF § 3–902 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE UNTIL THE
  21 EARLIER OF:
- 22 (I) THE FILING OF A PETITION FOR POSTCONVICTION RELIEF; 23 OR
- 24 (II) THE EXPIRATION OF THE 210-DAY PERIOD ESTABLISHED IN
- 25 § 7–201 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 26 **7–204.**
- 27 (A) (1) THE DATE FOR A HEARING ON A PETITION FILED IN A CASE IN 28 WHICH A SENTENCE OF DEATH HAS BEEN IMPOSED SHALL:
- 29 (I) BE SET WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE DAY ON WHICH THE 30 PETITION IS FILED; AND

- 1 (II) OCCUR WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER THE DAY THE PETITION IS
- 2 FILED.
- 3 (2) AFTER THE HEARING DATE IS SET UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(I) OF
- 4 THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT MAY NOT CHANGE THE DATE UNLESS A PARTY FILES
- 5 A MOTION REQUESTING THE CHANGE AND SHOWS GOOD CAUSE FOR THE CHANGE.
- 6 (3) THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A DECISION ON A PETITION FILED IN A
- 7 CASE IN WHICH A SENTENCE OF DEATH HAS BEEN IMPOSED WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER
- 8 THE HEARING ON THE PETITION.
- 9 (B) A PARTY MAY ENFORCE THIS SECTION THROUGH THE FILING OF A
- 10 PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS IN THE COURT OF APPEALS.
- 11 **8–108.**
- 12 (A) THE REVIEW OF A SENTENCE OF DEATH IS GOVERNED BY TITLE 2,
- 13 SUBTITLE 4 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE.
- 14 (B) A REVIEW PANEL MAY NOT INCREASE A SENTENCE TO THE SENTENCE
- 15 OF DEATH.
- 16 **11–404.**
- 17 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A VICTIM'S
- 18 REPRESENTATIVE HAS THE SAME RIGHT TO ADDRESS THE JURY IN A DEATH
- 19 PENALTY SENTENCING AS A VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS TO ADDRESS A COURT
- 20 UNDER § 11–403 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 21 (B) (1) ON MOTION OF A DEFENDANT OR THE STATE OR ON THE COURT'S
- 22 OWN INITIATIVE, THE COURT IN A DEATH PENALTY SENTENCING MAY HOLD A
- 23 HEARING OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY TO DETERMINE WHETHER A
- 24 VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE MAY PRESENT AN ORAL ADDRESS TO THE JURY.
- 25 (2) IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT PART OF A VICTIM'S
- 26 REPRESENTATIVE'S ORAL ADDRESS WILL BE SO UNDULY PREJUDICIAL THAT IT
- 27 RENDERS THE JURY SENTENCING PROCEEDING FUNDAMENTALLY UNFAIR, THE
- 28 COURT MAY LIMIT THE PREJUDICIAL PORTION OF THE ORAL ADDRESS.
- 29 (C) A VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE WHO HAS BEEN DENIED A RIGHT
- 30 PROVIDED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY FILE AN APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL
- 31 IN THE MANNER PROVIDED UNDER § 11–103 OF THIS TITLE.

#### Article - Criminal Law 1 2 2-201.3 (b) A person who commits a murder in the first degree is guilty of a felony and on conviction shall be sentenced to: 4 5 (i) **DEATH**; 6 (II)imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole; or 7 [(ii)] (III) imprisonment for life. 8 (2)Unless a SENTENCE OF DEATH IS IMPOSED IN COMPLIANCE WITH 9 § 2-202 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND SUBTITLE 3 OF THIS TITLE, OR A sentence of imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole is imposed in compliance with § 10 2–203 of this subtitle and § 2–304 of this title, the sentence shall be imprisonment for life. 11 12 2-202. A DEFENDANT FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE MAY 13 (A) 14 BE SENTENCED TO DEATH ONLY IF: AT LEAST 30 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL, THE STATE GAVE WRITTEN 15 **(1)** NOTICE TO THE DEFENDANT OF: 16 17 **(I)** THE STATE'S INTENTION TO SEEK A SENTENCE OF DEATH; 18 AND 19 (II)EACH AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE ON WHICH THE STATE 20 INTENDS TO RELY: 21WITH RESPECT TO § 2-303(G)(1) OF THIS TITLE, A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR A FIRST RESPONDER, AS DEFINED IN § 2-303(A) OF THIS 22 TITLE, WAS MURDERED, AND THE DEFENDANT WAS: 23 24**(I)** A PRINCIPAL IN THE FIRST DEGREE; OR 25(II)A PRINCIPAL IN THE SECOND DEGREE WHO: 26 1. WILLFULLY. DELIBERATELY. **AND** WITH 27 PREMEDITATION INTENDED THE DEATH OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR 28 FIRST RESPONDER;

2. WAS A MAJOR PARTICIPANT IN THE MURDER; AND
3. WAS ACTUALLY PRESENT AT THE TIME AND PLACE OF
THE MURDER;
(3) THE STATE PRESENTS THE COURT OR JURY WITH:
(I) BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE OR DNA EVIDENCE THAT LINKS
THE DEFENDANT TO THE ACT OF MURDER;
(II) A VIDEOTAPED, VOLUNTARY INTERROGATION AND
CONFESSION OF THE DEFENDANT TO THE MURDER; OR
(III) A VIDEO RECORDING THAT CONCLUSIVELY LINKS THE
DEFENDANT TO THE MURDER; AND
(4) THE SENTENCE OF DEATH IS IMPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH §
2-303 OF THIS TITLE.
(B) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, A DEFENDANT HAS AN INTELLECTUAL
DISABILITY IF:
(I) THE DEFENDANT HAS SIGNIFICANTLY BELOW-AVERAGE
INTELLECTUAL FUNCTIONING AS SHOWN BY AN INTELLIGENCE QUOTIENT OF 70 OF
BELOW ON AN INDIVIDUALLY ADMINISTERED INTELLIGENCE QUOTIENT TEST AND
AN IMPAIRMENT IN ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR; AND
(II) THE INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY WAS MANIFEST BEFORE
THE AGE OF 22 YEARS.
(2) A DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE SENTENCED TO DEATH BUT SHALL BE
SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE
SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 2–203(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE OF
IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE IF THE DEFENDANT:
(I) WAS UNDER THE AGE OF 18 YEARS AT THE TIME OF THE
MURDER; OR
(II) PROVES BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE THAT AT
THE TIME OF THE MURDER THE DEFENDANT HAD AN INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY.

29 (C) A DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE SENTENCED TO DEATH BUT SHALL BE 30 SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE

- 1 SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 2-203(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE OR
- 2 IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE IF THE STATE RELIES SOLELY ON EVIDENCE PROVIDED BY
- 3 EYEWITNESSES.
- 4 **2–301**.
- 5 (A) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY SHALL FILE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT
- 6 OF APPEALS A COPY OF EACH:
- 7 (1) NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK A SENTENCE OF DEATH; AND
- 8 (2) WITHDRAWAL OF NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK A SENTENCE OF
- 9 DEATH.
- 10 (B) THE FAILURE OF A STATE'S ATTORNEY TO GIVE TIMELY NOTICE TO THE
- 11 CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF THIS SECTION
- 12 DOES NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF A NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK A SENTENCE OF
- 13 DEATH THAT IS SERVED ON THE DEFENDANT IN A TIMELY MANNER.
- 14 **2–303.**
- 15 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
- 16 INDICATED.
- 17 (2) "FIRST RESPONDER" MEANS A PERSON ENGAGED IN PROVIDING
- 18 EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE OR RESCUE SERVICES, INCLUDING A FIREFIGHTER, AN
- 19 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN, OR A RESCUE SQUAD MEMBER.
- 20 (3) (I) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" MEANS A LAW
- 21 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, AS DEFINED UNDER THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS'
- 22 BILL OF RIGHTS IN § 3–101 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE.
- 23 (II) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" INCLUDES:
- 1. A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF A JURISDICTION
- 25 OUTSIDE THE STATE;
- 26 AN OFFICER SERVING IN A PROBATIONARY STATUS;
- 3. A PAROLE AND PROBATION OFFICER; AND
- 4. A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHILE PRIVATELY
- 29 EMPLOYED AS A SECURITY OFFICER OR SPECIAL POLICE OFFICER UNDER TITLE 3,

- 1 SUBTITLE 3 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE, IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER
- 2 IS WEARING THE UNIFORM WORN WHILE ACTING IN AN OFFICIAL CAPACITY OR IS
- 3 DISPLAYING PROMINENTLY THE OFFICER'S OFFICIAL BADGE OR OTHER INSIGNIA OF
- 4 OFFICE.
- 5 (B) IF THE STATE GAVE NOTICE UNDER § 2–202(A)(1) OF THIS TITLE, A
- 6 SEPARATE SENTENCING PROCEEDING SHALL BE HELD AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE
- 7 AFTER A DEFENDANT IS FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE TO
- 8 DETERMINE WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SHALL BE SENTENCED TO DEATH.
- 9 (C) THE SENTENCING PROCEEDING UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS 10 SECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED:
- 11 (1) BEFORE THE JURY THAT DETERMINED THE DEFENDANT'S GUILT;
- 12 (2) BEFORE A JURY IMPANELED FOR PURPOSES OF THE PROCEEDING
- 13 **IF:**
- 14 (I) THE DEFENDANT WAS CONVICTED BASED ON A GUILTY
- 15 **PLEA**;
- 16 (II) THE DEFENDANT WAS CONVICTED AFTER A TRIAL BY A
- 17 COURT SITTING WITHOUT A JURY;
- 18 (III) THE COURT, FOR GOOD CAUSE, DISCHARGED THE JURY
- 19 THAT CONVICTED THE DEFENDANT; OR
- 20 (IV) A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION REMANDED THE
- 21 CASE FOR RESENTENCING FOLLOWING A REVIEW OF THE ORIGINAL SENTENCE OF
- 22 DEATH; OR
- 23 (3) BEFORE THE COURT, IF THE DEFENDANT WAIVES A JURY
- 24 SENTENCING PROCEEDING.
- 25 (D) (1) A JUDGE SHALL APPOINT AT LEAST TWO ALTERNATE JURORS
- 26 WHEN IMPANELING A JURY FOR ANY PROCEEDING:
- 27 (I) IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS BEING TRIED FOR A CRIME
- 28 FOR WHICH THE DEATH PENALTY MAY BE IMPOSED; OR
- 29 (II) THAT IS HELD UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 30 (2) THE ALTERNATE JURORS SHALL BE RETAINED THROUGHOUT THE

- 1 PROCEEDINGS UNDER ANY RESTRICTIONS THAT THE JUDGE IMPOSES.
- 2 (3) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF A JUROR
- 3 DIES, IS DISQUALIFIED, BECOMES INCAPACITATED, OR IS DISCHARGED FOR ANY
- 4 OTHER REASON BEFORE THE JURY BEGINS ITS DELIBERATIONS ON SENTENCING, AN
- 5 ALTERNATE JUROR BECOMES A JUROR IN THE ORDER SELECTED AND SERVES IN ALL
- 6 RESPECTS AS A JUROR SELECTED ON THE REGULAR TRIAL PANEL.
- 7 (4) AN ALTERNATE JUROR MAY NOT REPLACE A JUROR WHO IS
- 8 DISCHARGED DURING THE ACTUAL DELIBERATIONS OF THE JURY ON THE GUILT OR
- 9 INNOCENCE OF THE DEFENDANT OR ON SENTENCING.
- 10 **(E) (1)** THE FOLLOWING TYPE OF EVIDENCE IS ADMISSIBLE IN A
- 11 SENTENCING PROCEEDING:
- 12 (I) EVIDENCE RELATING TO A MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCE
- 13 THAT IS LISTED UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS SECTION;
- 14 (II) EVIDENCE RELATING TO AN AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE:
- 15 1. THAT IS LISTED UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS
- 16 SECTION; AND
- 2. OF WHICH THE STATE PROVIDED NOTICE UNDER §
- 18 2-202(A)(1)(II) OF THIS TITLE;
- 19 (III) EVIDENCE OF A PRIOR CRIMINAL CONVICTION, GUILTY
- 20 PLEA, PLEA OF NOLO CONTENDERE, OR THE ABSENCE OF ANY PRIOR CONVICTIONS
- 21 OR PLEAS, TO THE SAME EXTENT THAT THE EVIDENCE WOULD BE ADMISSIBLE IN
- 22 OTHER SENTENCING PROCEDURES;
- 23 (IV) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, ANY
- 24 PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT; AND
- 25 (V) ANY OTHER EVIDENCE THE COURT FINDS TO HAVE
- 26 PROBATIVE VALUE AND RELEVANCE TO SENTENCING, IF THE DEFENDANT HAS A
- 27 FAIR OPPORTUNITY TO REBUT ANY STATEMENT.
- 28 (2) A RECOMMENDATION IN A PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION
- 29 REPORT AS TO A SENTENCE IS NOT ADMISSIBLE IN A SENTENCING PROCEEDING.
- 30 (3) THE STATE AND THE DEFENDANT OR COUNSEL FOR THE
- 31 DEFENDANT MAY PRESENT ARGUMENT FOR OR AGAINST THE SENTENCE OF DEATH.

- 1 **(F)** (1) AFTER THE EVIDENCE IS PRESENTED TO THE JURY IN THE 2SENTENCING PROCEEDING, THE COURT SHALL: 3 (I)GIVE ANY APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTIONS ALLOWED BY LAW; 4 AND 5 (II)INSTRUCT THE JURY AS TO: 6 THE FINDINGS THAT THE JURY MUST MAKE TO 1. 7 DETERMINE WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SHALL BE SENTENCED TO DEATH, IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE, 8 9 **IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE; AND** 10 2. THE BURDEN OF PROOF APPLICABLE TO THE 11 FINDINGS UNDER SUBSECTION (G)(2) OR (I)(1) AND (2) OF THIS SECTION. 12 **(2)** THE COURT MAY NOT INSTRUCT THE JURY THAT THE JURY IS TO
- 15 (G) (1) IN DETERMINING A SENTENCE UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS 16 SECTION, THE COURT OR JURY FIRST SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER ANY OF THE

ASSUME THAT A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT IS FOR THE NATURAL LIFE OF

- 17 FOLLOWING AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT:
- 18 (I) ONE OR MORE PERSONS COMMITTED THE MURDER OF A
  19 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR A FIRST RESPONDER WHILE THE LAW
  20 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR FIRST RESPONDER WAS PERFORMING THE OFFICER'S
- 21 OR FIRST RESPONDER'S DUTIES; OR
- 22 (II) ONE OR MORE PERSONS COMMITTED THE MURDER OF AN
- 23 OFF-DUTY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AN OFF-DUTY FIRST RESPONDER,
- 24 ARISING OUT OF THE VICTIM'S EMPLOYMENT AS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR
- 25 FIRST RESPONDER.

THE DEFENDANT.

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14

- 26 (2) IF THE COURT OR JURY DOES NOT FIND THAT ONE OR MORE OF THE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT:
- 28 (I) THE COURT OR JURY SHALL STATE THAT CONCLUSION IN 29 WRITING; AND
- 30 (II) A DEATH SENTENCE MAY NOT BE IMPOSED.

1	(H) (1)	IN THIS SUBSECTION, "CRIME OF VIOLENCE" MEANS:
2		(I) ABDUCTION;
3		(II) ARSON IN THE FIRST DEGREE;
4		(III) CARJACKING OR ARMED CARJACKING;
5		(IV) ESCAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE;
6		(V) KIDNAPPING;
7		(VI) MAYHEM;
8		(VII) MURDER;
9		(VIII) RAPE IN THE FIRST OR SECOND DEGREE;
10		(IX) ROBBERY UNDER § 3–402 OR § 3–403 OF THIS ARTICLE;
11		(X) SEXUAL OFFENSE IN THE FIRST OR SECOND DEGREE;
12		(XI) MANSLAUGHTER OTHER THAN INVOLUNTARY
13	MANSLAUGHTER	
14 15	THROUGH (XI) O	(XII) AN ATTEMPT TO COMMIT ANY CRIME LISTED IN ITEMS (I) F THIS PARAGRAPH; OR
16 17	OR OTHER CRIM	(XIII) THE USE OF A HANDGUN IN THE COMMISSION OF A FELONY E OF VIOLENCE.
18 19 20 21 22	(G) OF THIS SECT	IF THE COURT OR JURY FINDS BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT ORE OF THE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER SUBSECTION FION EXIST, THE COURT OR JURY THEN SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER FOLLOWING MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST BASED ON A SE OF THE EVIDENCE:
23		(I) THE DEFENDANT PREVIOUSLY HAS NOT:
24		1. BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE;
25 26	CONTENDERE TO	2. ENTERED A GUILTY PLEA OR A PLEA OF NOLO DA CHARGE OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE; OR

- 3. RECEIVED PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT FOR A
- 2 CRIME OF VIOLENCE;
- 3 (II) THE VICTIM WAS A PARTICIPANT IN THE CONDUCT OF THE
- 4 DEFENDANT OR CONSENTED TO THE ACT THAT CAUSED THE VICTIM'S DEATH;
- 5 (III) THE DEFENDANT ACTED UNDER SUBSTANTIAL DURESS,
- 6 DOMINATION, OR PROVOCATION OF ANOTHER, BUT NOT SO SUBSTANTIAL AS TO
- 7 CONSTITUTE A COMPLETE DEFENSE TO THE PROSECUTION;
- 8 (IV) THE MURDER WAS COMMITTED WHILE THE CAPACITY OF
- 9 THE DEFENDANT TO APPRECIATE THE CRIMINALITY OF THE DEFENDANT'S
- 10 CONDUCT OR TO CONFORM THAT CONDUCT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF LAW WAS
- 11 SUBSTANTIALLY IMPAIRED DUE TO EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE, MENTAL DISORDER,
- 12 OR MENTAL INCAPACITY;
- 13 (V) THE DEFENDANT WAS OF A YOUTHFUL AGE AT THE TIME OF
- 14 THE MURDER;
- (VI) THE ACT OF THE DEFENDANT WAS NOT THE SOLE
- 16 PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE VICTIM'S DEATH;
- 17 (VII) IT IS UNLIKELY THAT THE DEFENDANT WILL ENGAGE IN
- 18 FURTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY THAT WOULD BE A CONTINUING THREAT TO SOCIETY;
- 19 **OR**
- 20 (VIII) ANY OTHER FACT THAT THE COURT OR JURY SPECIFICALLY
- 21 SETS FORTH IN WRITING AS A MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCE IN THE CASE.
- 22 (I) (I) IF THE COURT OR JURY FINDS THAT ONE OR MORE OF THE
- 23 MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS SECTION EXIST, THE
- 24 COURT OR JURY SHALL DETERMINE BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE
- 25 WHETHER THE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS
- 26 SECTION OUTWEIGH THE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 27 (2) IF THE COURT OR JURY FINDS THAT THE AGGRAVATING
- 28 CIRCUMSTANCES:
- 29 (I) OUTWEIGH THE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES, A DEATH
- 30 SENTENCE SHALL BE IMPOSED; OR
- 31 (II) DO NOT OUTWEIGH THE MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES, A

- 1 DEATH SENTENCE MAY NOT BE IMPOSED.
- 2 (3) If the determination is by a jury, a decision to impose a
- 3 DEATH SENTENCE MUST BE UNANIMOUS AND SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE JURY
- 4 FOREPERSON.
- 5 (4) A COURT OR JURY SHALL PUT ITS DETERMINATION IN WRITING
- 6 AND SHALL STATE SPECIFICALLY:
- 7 (I) EACH AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE FOUND;
- 8 (II) EACH MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCE FOUND;
- 9 (III) WHETHER ANY AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES FOUND
- 10 UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION OUTWEIGH THE MITIGATING
- 11 CIRCUMSTANCES FOUND UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS SECTION;
- 12 (IV) WHETHER THE AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES FOUND
- 13 UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION DO NOT OUTWEIGH THE MITIGATING
- 14 CIRCUMSTANCES FOUND UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS SECTION; AND
- 15 (V) THE SENTENCE DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION (G)(2) OF
- 16 THIS SECTION OR PARAGRAPHS (1) AND (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 17 (J) (1) If A JURY DETERMINES THAT A DEATH SENTENCE SHALL BE
- 18 IMPOSED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE A
- 19 DEATH SENTENCE.
- 20 (2) IF, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, THE JURY IS UNABLE TO AGREE
- 21 AS TO WHETHER A DEATH SENTENCE SHALL BE IMPOSED, THE COURT MAY NOT
- 22 IMPOSE A DEATH SENTENCE.
- 23 (3) If the sentencing proceeding is conducted before a
- 24 COURT WITHOUT A JURY, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER A DEATH
- 25 SENTENCE SHALL BE IMPOSED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.
- 26 (4) IF THE COURT OR JURY DETERMINES THAT A DEATH SENTENCE
- 27 MAY NOT BE IMPOSED AND THE STATE GAVE NOTICE UNDER § 2–203(1) OF THIS
- 28 TITLE, A DETERMINATION SHALL BE MADE CONCERNING IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE
- 29 WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE UNDER § 2–304 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 30 (5) IF THE COURT OR JURY DETERMINES THAT A DEATH SENTENCE
- 31 MAY NOT BE IMPOSED AND IF THE STATE DID NOT GIVE NOTICE UNDER § 2–203(1)

- OF THIS TITLE, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE A SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.
- 3 (K) (1) IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE IMPOSITION OF A DEATH SENTENCE:
- 4 (I) THE CLERK OF THE COURT IN WHICH SENTENCE IS 5 IMPOSED, IF DIFFERENT FROM THE COURT WHERE THE INDICTMENT OR 6 INFORMATION WAS FILED, SHALL CERTIFY THE PROCEEDINGS TO THE CLERK OF THE COURT WHERE THE INDICTMENT OR INFORMATION WAS FILED; AND
- 8 (II) THE CLERK OF THE COURT WHERE THE INDICTMENT OR 9 INFORMATION WAS FILED SHALL COPY THE DOCKET ENTRIES IN THE INMATE'S 10 CASE, SIGN THE COPIES, AND DELIVER THE COPIES TO THE GOVERNOR.
- 11 (2) THE DOCKET ENTRIES SHALL SHOW FULLY THE SENTENCE OF 12 THE COURT AND THE DATE THAT THE SENTENCE WAS ENTERED.
- (L) IF THE DEFENDANT IS SENTENCED TO DEATH, THE COURT BEFORE
  WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS TRIED AND CONVICTED SHALL SENTENCE THE
  DEFENDANT TO DEATH BY INTRAVENOUS ADMINISTRATION OF A LETHAL QUANTITY
  OF AN ULTRASHORT-ACTING BARBITURATE OR OTHER SIMILAR DRUG IN
  COMBINATION WITH A CHEMICAL PARALYTIC AGENT.
- 18 2–304.
- 19 (a) (1) If the State gave notice under § 2–203(1) of this title, BUT DID NOT 20 GIVE NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK THE DEATH PENALTY UNDER § 2–202(A)(1) OF 21 THIS TITLE, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding as soon as 22 practicable after the defendant is found guilty of murder in the first degree to determine 23 whether the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility 24 of parole or to imprisonment for life.
- 25 (2) If the State gave notice under both §§ 2–202(a)(1) and 26 2–203(1) of this title, but the court or jury determines that the death 27 Sentence may not be imposed, that court or jury shall determine 28 Whether the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life 29 Without the possibility of parole or to imprisonment for life.
- 30 2–305.
- 31 The Court of Appeals may adopt:
- 32 (1) rules of procedure to govern the conduct of sentencing proceedings 33 under [§ 2–304] §§ 2–303 AND 2–304 of this subtitle; and

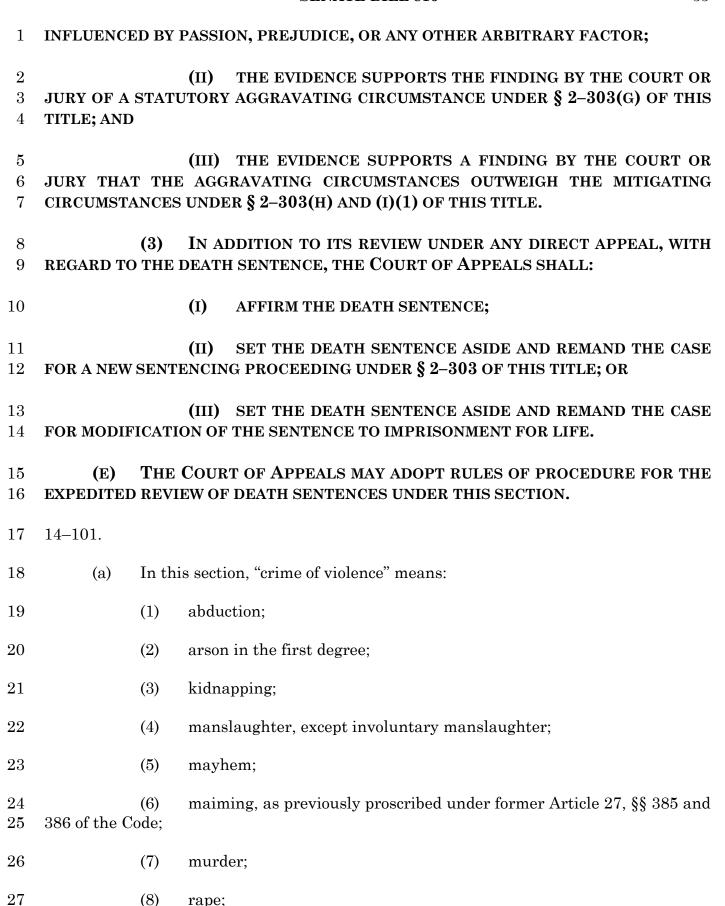
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SENTENCE.

- (2)forms for a court or jury to use in making written findings and sentence 1 2 determinations. 3 SUBTITLE 4. REVIEW BY COURT OF APPEALS. 2-401. 4 5 (1) AFTER A DEATH SENTENCE IS IMPOSED AND THE JUDGMENT 6 BECOMES FINAL, THE COURT OF APPEALS SHALL REVIEW THE SENTENCE ON THE 7 RECORD. 8 THE COURT OF APPEALS SHALL CONSOLIDATE AN APPEAL FROM **(2)** 9 THE VERDICT WITH THE SENTENCE REVIEW. 10 **(B)** THE CLERK OF THE TRIAL COURT SHALL SEND TO THE CLERK OF THE **COURT OF APPEALS:** 11 12 **(1)** THE ENTIRE RECORD AND THE TRANSCRIPT OF THE SENTENCING 13 PROCEEDING WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE TRANSCRIPT: 14 **(2)** THE DETERMINATION AND WRITTEN FINDINGS OF THE COURT OR 15 JURY; AND 16 **(3)** A REPORT OF THE TRIAL COURT THAT: 17 (I)IS IN THE FORM OF A STANDARD QUESTIONNAIRE SUPPLIED 18 BY THE COURT OF APPEALS; AND 19 (II) INCLUDES A RECOMMENDATION BY THE TRIAL COURT AS TO 20 WHETHER THE DEATH SENTENCE IS JUSTIFIED. THE DEFENDANT AND THE STATE MAY SUBMIT BRIEFS AND PRESENT 2122ORAL ARGUMENTS TO THE COURT OF APPEALS WITHIN THE TIME ALLOWED BY THE 23 COURT. 24**(1)** IN ADDITION TO ANY ERROR PROPERLY BEFORE THE COURT ON
- 27 **(2)** WITH REGARD TO THE DEATH SENTENCE, THE COURT OF 28 APPEALS SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER:

APPEAL, THE COURT OF APPEALS SHALL CONSIDER THE IMPOSITION OF THE DEATH

29 (I) THE IMPOSITION OF THE DEATH SENTENCE WAS



# **SENATE BILL 816**

1	(	(9)	robbery under $\S 3-402$ or $\S 3-403$ of this article;
2	(	(10)	carjacking;
3	(	(11)	armed carjacking;
4	(	(12)	sexual offense in the first degree;
5	(	(13)	sexual offense in the second degree;
6 7	violence;	(14)	use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other crime of
8	(	(15)	child abuse in the first degree under § 3–601 of this article;
9	(	(16)	sexual abuse of a minor under § 3–602 of this article if:
10 11	adult at the ti	me o	(i) the victim is under the age of 13 years and the offender is an f the offense; and
12			(ii) the offense involved:
13			1. vaginal intercourse, as defined in § 3–301 of this article;
14			2. a sexual act, as defined in § 3–301 of this article;
15 16	however sligh	tly, iı	3. an act in which a part of the offender's body penetrates nto the victim's genital opening or anus; or
17 18 19	victim's or the gratification,		4. the intentional touching, not through the clothing, of the ffender's genital, anal, or other intimate area for sexual arousal use;
20	(	(17)	home invasion under § 6–202(b) of this article;
21 22	(17) of this su	(18) bsect	an attempt to commit any of the crimes described in items (1) through ion;
23	(	(19)	continuing course of conduct with a child under $\S$ 3–315 of this article;
24	(	(20)	assault in the first degree;
25	(	(21)	assault with intent to murder;
26	(	(22)	assault with intent to rape;
27	(	23)	assault with intent to rob;

1 (24)assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the first degree; and 2 (25)assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the second degree. 3 Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on conviction for a (b) (1) 4 fourth time of a crime of violence, a person who has served three separate terms of confinement in a correctional facility as a result of three separate convictions of any crime 5 6 of violence shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. 7 (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the provisions of this subsection are 8 mandatory. 9 Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on conviction for a (c) (1) third time of a crime of violence, a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term 10 allowed by law but not less than 25 years, if the person: 11 12 (i) has been convicted of a crime of violence on two prior separate 13 occasions: 14 in which the second or succeeding crime is committed after 1. 15 there has been a charging document filed for the preceding occasion; and 2. 16 for which the convictions do not arise from a single 17 incident; and 18 has served at least one term of confinement in a correctional (ii) facility as a result of a conviction of a crime of violence. 19 20 (2)The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 25-year 21sentence required under this subsection. 22 A person sentenced under this subsection is not eligible for parole except in accordance with the provisions of § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article. 2324(d) On conviction for a second time of a crime of violence committed on or 25after October 1, 1994, a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term allowed by law, but not less than 10 years, if the person: 2627 has been convicted on a prior occasion of a crime of violence, (i) including a conviction for a crime committed before October 1, 1994; and 2829 served a term of confinement in a correctional facility for that (ii) 30 conviction.

The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 10-year

31

32

(2)

sentence required under this subsection.

(ii)

1 2 3	(e) If the State intends to proceed against a person as a subsequent offender under this section, it shall comply with the procedures set forth in the Maryland Rules for the indictment and trial of a subsequent offender.
4 5	(f) (1) This subsection does not apply to a person registered or eligible for registration under Title 11, Subtitle 7 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
6 7	(2) A person sentenced under this section may petition for and be granted parole if the person:
8	(i) is at least 60 years old; and
9 10	(ii) has served at least 15 years of the sentence imposed under this section.
11 12	(3) The Maryland Parole Commission shall adopt regulations to implement this subsection.
13	(G) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF A PERSON IS SENTENCED TO DEATH.
14	Article - Health - General
15	8–505.
16 17	(b) [On] <b>EXCEPT IN A CAPITAL CASE, ON</b> consideration of the nature of the charge, the court:
18 19	(1) May require or permit an examination to be conducted on an outpatient basis; and
20 21	(2) If an outpatient examination is authorized, shall set bail for the defendant or authorize the release of the defendant on personal recognizance.
22	Article - Transportation
23	16–812.
24 25	(a) The Administration shall disqualify any individual from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year if:
26 27	(1) The individual is convicted of committing any of the following offenses while driving a commercial motor vehicle:
28	(i) A violation of § 21–902 of this article;

A violation of a federal law or any other state's law which is

- 1 substantially similar in nature to the provisions in § 21–902 of this article;
- 2 (iii) Leaving the scene of an accident which requires disqualification 3 as provided by the United States Secretary of Transportation;
- 4 (iv) A crime, other than a crime described in subsection (e) of this section, that is punishable by **DEATH OR** imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year;
- 6 (v) A violation of § 25–112 of this article; or
- 7 (vi) A violation of § 2–209, § 2–503, § 2–504, § 2–505, or § 2–506 of 8 the Criminal Law Article;
- 9 (2) The individual holds a commercial instructional permit or commercial driver's license and is convicted of committing any of the following offenses while driving a noncommercial motor vehicle:
- 12 (i) A violation of § 21–902(a), (c), or (d) of this article;
- 13 (ii) A violation of a federal law or any other state's law which is 14 substantially similar in nature to the provisions in § 21–902(a), (c), or (d) of this article;
- 15 (iii) Leaving the scene of an accident which requires disqualification 16 as provided by the United States Secretary of Transportation; or
- 17 (iv) A crime, other than a crime described in subsection (e) of this section, that is punishable by **DEATH OR** imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year;
- 19 (3) The individual, while driving a commercial motor vehicle or while 20 holding a commercial instructional permit or commercial driver's license, refuses to 21 undergo testing as provided in § 16–205.1 of this title or as is required by any other state's 22 law or by federal law in the enforcement of 49 C.F.R. § 383.51 Table 1, or 49 C.F.R. § 392.5(a)(2);
- 24 (4) The individual drives or attempts to drive a commercial motor vehicle 25 while the alcohol concentration of the person's blood or breath is 0.04 or greater; or
- 26 (5) The individual drives a commercial motor vehicle when, as a result of 27 prior violations committed while driving a commercial motor vehicle, the driver's 28 commercial instructional permit or commercial driver's license is revoked, suspended, or 29 canceled or the driver is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.