

## 131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2023

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1476

S.P. 596

In Senate, April 5, 2023

An Act to Amend the Definition of "Metallic Mineral" in the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act

Reference to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator KEIM of Oxford.
Cosponsored by Representative WOODSOME of Waterboro and
Senators: BENNETT of Oxford, FARRIN of Somerset, LAWRENCE of York, LIBBY of
Cumberland, Representatives: BOYLE of Gorham, DILL of Old Town, LANDRY of
Farmington.

| 2 3                   | Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §490-MM, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2011, c. 653, §23 and affected by §33, is amended to read:   |
|-----------------------|--|
| 4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8 | 8. Metallic mineral. "Metallic mineral" means any ore or material to be excavated from the natural deposits on or in the earth for its metallic mineral content to be used for commercial or industrial purposes mineral containing any metal, including, but not limited to, a mineral containing gold, silver, iron, manganese, copper, lead, zinc, tin, chromium, cobalt, nickel, molybdenum, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, osmium, iridium, platinum. |
| 9<br>10<br>11         | antimony or bismuth as a valuable constituent. "Metallic mineral" does not include thorium of any common rock-forming mineral such as quartz, calcite, dolomite feldspar, pyroxene, amphibole, zeolite, clay or mica.  |
| 12                    | SUMMARY  |
| 13<br>14              | This bill amends the definition of "metallic mineral" for purposes of the Maine Metallic Mineral Mining Act.   |

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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