

131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2023

Legislative Document

No. 452

S.P. 206

In Senate, February 6, 2023

An Act to Reform the Laws Regarding the Payment of Criminal Fines

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BEEBE-CENTER of Knox.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §1710, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 113, Pt. A, §2, is amended to read:

§1710. Modification of payment or termination of fine

If a convicted person who has been sentenced to pay a fine is in danger of default, that person shall may move the court for a modification of time or method of payment or other modification to avoid a default or for the termination of the fine. The convicted person has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that a default or potential default is not attributable to an intentional or knowing refusal to obey the court's order or to a failure by the person to make a good faith effort to obtain the funds required for the payment of the fine. The court may modify its prior order to allow additional time for payment or, to reduce the amount of each installment or to otherwise modify or terminate the fine.

Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §1711, sub-§4, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2019, c. 113, Pt. A, §2, is amended to read:

B. If it appears that the default is excusable, the court may give the person additional time for payment, may reduce the amount of each installment of, may permit the person to perform community service work at the rate authorized by paragraph A, subparagraph (2), supervised by the sheriff of the county in which the court that assessed the fine is located or by a community confinement monitoring agency with which that sheriff has contracted under Title 30-A, section 1659-A or may otherwise modify or terminate the fine.

22 SUMMARY

This bill amends the laws regarding criminal fines by requiring a convicted person to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the person cannot in good faith pay the fine and allows the court to modify the fine, including an additional remedy of terminating the fine. The bill also allows the court to make certain modifications to or terminate a fine upon a default.