SF4665 **REVISOR** DTT S4665-1 1st Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

A bill for an act

S.F. No. 4665

(SENATE AUTHORS: MANN and Wiklund)

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DATE 03/07/2024 D-PG **OFFICIAL STATUS**

12041 Introduction and first reading

Referred to Health and Human Services 03/14/2024 Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary and Public Safety

relating to human services; the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General policy bill; modifying provisions relating to human services licensing, 1.3 background studies, provider notifications, substance use disorder medications, 1.4 and electronic signatures; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 245A.04, 1.5 by adding a subdivision; 245A.043, subdivisions 2, 4, by adding subdivisions; 1.6 245A.07, subdivision 6; 245A.52, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 245C.03, 1.7 by adding a subdivision; 245C.05, subdivision 5; 245C.08, subdivision 4; 245C.10, 1.8 subdivision 18; 245C.14, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 245C.15, 1.9 subdivisions 3, 4; 245C.22, subdivision 4; 245C.24, subdivisions 2, 5; 245C.30, 1.10 by adding a subdivision; 245F.09, subdivision 2; 245F.14, by adding a subdivision; 1.11 245F.17; 245G.07, subdivision 4; 245G.08, subdivisions 5, 6; 245G.10, by adding 1.12 a subdivision; 245G.22, subdivisions 6, 7; 260E.33, subdivision 2; Minnesota 1.13 Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 13.46, subdivision 4; 245A.03, subdivision 2; 1.14 245A.043, subdivision 3; 245A.07, subdivision 1; 245A.11, subdivision 7; 245A.16, 1.15 subdivision 1; 245A.211, subdivision 4; 245A.242, subdivision 2; 245C.02, 1.16 subdivision 13e; 245C.033, subdivision 3; 245C.08, subdivision 1; 245C.10, 1.17 subdivision 15; 245C.15, subdivisions 2, 4a; 245G.22, subdivisions 2, 17; 256.046, 1.18 subdivision 3; 256B.064, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota 1.19 Statutes, chapter 245C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.125; 1.20

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.08, subdivision 2; Minnesota

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 13.46, subdivision 4, is amended 1.24 1.25 to read:
- Subd. 4. Licensing data. (a) As used in this subdivision: 1.26

Rules, part 9502.0425, subparts 5, 10.

(1) "licensing data" are all data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the 1.27 1.28 welfare system pertaining to persons licensed or registered or who apply for licensure or registration or who formerly were licensed or registered under the authority of the 1.29 commissioner of human services; 1.30

(2) "client" means a person who is receiving services from a licensee or from an applicant for licensure; and

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- (3) "personal and personal financial data" are Social Security numbers, identity of and letters of reference, insurance information, reports from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, health examination reports, and social/home studies.
- (b)(1)(i) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the following data on applicants, certification holders, license holders, and former licensees are public: name, address, telephone number of licensees, email addresses except for family child foster care, date of receipt of a completed application, dates of licensure, licensed capacity, type of client preferred, variances granted, record of training and education in child care and child development, type of dwelling, name and relationship of other family members, previous license history, class of license, the existence and status of complaints, and the number of serious injuries to or deaths of individuals in the licensed program as reported to the commissioner of human services, the local social services agency, or any other county welfare agency. For purposes of this clause, a serious injury is one that is treated by a physician.
- (ii) Except as provided in item (v), when a correction order, an order to forfeit a fine, an order of license suspension, an order of temporary immediate suspension, an order of license revocation, an order of license denial, or an order of conditional license has been issued, or a complaint is resolved, the following data on current and former licensees and applicants are public: the general nature of the complaint or allegations leading to the temporary immediate suspension; the substance and investigative findings of the licensing or maltreatment complaint, licensing violation, or substantiated maltreatment; the existence of settlement negotiations; the record of informal resolution of a licensing violation; orders of hearing; findings of fact; conclusions of law; specifications of the final correction order, fine, suspension, temporary immediate suspension, revocation, denial, or conditional license contained in the record of licensing action; whether a fine has been paid; and the status of any appeal of these actions.
- (iii) When a license denial under section 245A.05 or a sanction under section 245A.07 is based on a determination that a license holder, applicant, or controlling individual is responsible for maltreatment under section 626.557 or chapter 260E, the identity of the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual as the individual responsible for maltreatment is public data at the time of the issuance of the license denial or sanction.

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(iv) When a license denial under section 245A.05 or a sanction under section 245A.07 is based on a determination that a license holder, applicant, or controlling individual is disqualified under chapter 245C, the identity of the license holder, applicant, or controlling individual as the disqualified individual is public data at the time of the issuance of the licensing sanction or denial. If the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual requests reconsideration of the disqualification and the disqualification is affirmed, the reason for the disqualification and the reason to not set aside the disqualification are private data.

- (v) A correction order or fine issued to a child care provider for a licensing violation is private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, if the correction order or fine is seven years old or older.
- (2) For applicants who withdraw their application prior to licensure or denial of a license, the following data are public: the name of the applicant, the city and county in which the applicant was seeking licensure, the dates of the commissioner's receipt of the initial application and completed application, the type of license sought, and the date of withdrawal of the application.
- (3) For applicants who are denied a license, the following data are public: the name and address of the applicant, the city and county in which the applicant was seeking licensure, the dates of the commissioner's receipt of the initial application and completed application, the type of license sought, the date of denial of the application, the nature of the basis for the denial, the existence of settlement negotiations, the record of informal resolution of a denial, orders of hearings, findings of fact, conclusions of law, specifications of the final order of denial, and the status of any appeal of the denial.
- (4) When maltreatment is substantiated under section 626.557 or chapter 260E and the victim and the substantiated perpetrator are affiliated with a program licensed under chapter 245A, the commissioner of human services, local social services agency, or county welfare agency may inform the license holder where the maltreatment occurred of the identity of the substantiated perpetrator and the victim.
- (5) Notwithstanding clause (1), for child foster care, only the name of the license holder and the status of the license are public if the county attorney has requested that data otherwise classified as public data under clause (1) be considered private data based on the best interests of a child in placement in a licensed program.
- (c) The following are private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9: personal and personal financial data

on family day care program and family foster care program applicants and licensees and their family members who provide services under the license.

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- (d) The following are private data on individuals: the identity of persons who have made reports concerning licensees or applicants that appear in inactive investigative data, and the records of clients or employees of the licensee or applicant for licensure whose records are received by the licensing agency for purposes of review or in anticipation of a contested matter. The names of reporters of complaints or alleged violations of licensing standards under chapters 245A, 245B, 245C, and 245D, and applicable rules and alleged maltreatment under section 626.557 and chapter 260E, are confidential data and may be disclosed only as provided in section 260E.21, subdivision 4; 260E.35; or 626.557, subdivision 12b.
- (e) Data classified as private, confidential, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic under this subdivision become public data if submitted to a court or administrative law judge as part of a disciplinary proceeding in which there is a public hearing concerning a license which has been suspended, immediately suspended, revoked, or denied.
- (f) Data generated in the course of licensing investigations that relate to an alleged violation of law are investigative data under subdivision 3.
- (g) Data that are not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision that relate to or are derived from a report as defined in section 260E.03, or 626.5572, subdivision 18, are subject to the destruction provisions of sections 260E.35, subdivision 6, and 626.557, subdivision 12b.
- (h) Upon request, not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision that relate to or are derived from a report of substantiated maltreatment as defined in section 626.557 or chapter 260E may be exchanged with the Department of Health for purposes of completing background studies pursuant to section 144.057 and with the Department of Corrections for purposes of completing background studies pursuant to section 241.021.
- (i) Data on individuals collected according to licensing activities under chapters 245A and 245C, data on individuals collected by the commissioner of human services according to investigations under section 626.557 and chapters 245A, 245B, 245C, 245D, and 260E may be shared with the Department of Human Rights, the Department of Health, the Department of Corrections, the ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities, and the individual's professional regulatory board when there is reason to believe that laws or standards under the jurisdiction of those agencies may have been violated or the information may otherwise be relevant to the board's regulatory jurisdiction. Background

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study data on an individual who is the subject of a background study under chapter 245C for a licensed service for which the commissioner of human services is the license holder may be shared with the commissioner and the commissioner's delegate by the licensing division. Unless otherwise specified in this chapter, the identity of a reporter of alleged maltreatment or licensing violations may not be disclosed.

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- (j) In addition to the notice of determinations required under sections 260E.24, subdivisions 5 and 7, and 260E.30, subdivision 6, paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f), if the commissioner or the local social services agency has determined that an individual is a substantiated perpetrator of maltreatment of a child based on sexual abuse, as defined in section 260E.03, and the commissioner or local social services agency knows that the individual is a person responsible for a child's care in another facility, the commissioner or local social services agency shall notify the head of that facility of this determination. The notification must include an explanation of the individual's available appeal rights and the status of any appeal. If a notice is given under this paragraph, the government entity making the notification shall provide a copy of the notice to the individual who is the subject of the notice.
- (k) All not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision and subdivision 3 may be exchanged between the Department of Human Services, Licensing Division, and the Department of Corrections for purposes of regulating services for which the Department of Human Services and the Department of Corrections have regulatory authority.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. Exclusion from licensure. (a) This chapter does not apply to:
- (1) residential or nonresidential programs that are provided to a person by an individual who is related unless the residential program is a child foster care placement made by a local social services agency or a licensed child-placing agency, except as provided in subdivision 2a;
- (2) nonresidential programs that are provided by an unrelated individual to persons from 5.30 a single related family; 5.31

Sec. 2. 5

(14) noncertified boarding care homes unless they provide services for five or more persons whose primary diagnosis is mental illness or a developmental disability;

(15) programs for children such as scouting, boys clubs, girls clubs, and sports and art programs, and nonresidential programs for children provided for a cumulative total of less than 30 days in any 12-month period;

(16) residential programs for persons with mental illness, that are located in hospitals;

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(17) the religious instruction of school-age children; Sabbath or Sunday schools; or the congregate care of children by a church, congregation, or religious society during the period used by the church, congregation, or religious society for its regular worship;

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- (18) camps licensed by the commissioner of health under Minnesota Rules, chapter 4630;
- (19) mental health outpatient services for adults with mental illness or children with emotional disturbance;
- (20) residential programs serving school-age children whose sole purpose is cultural or educational exchange, until the commissioner adopts appropriate rules;
- (21) community support services programs as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 6, and family community support services as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 17;
- 7.12 (22) the placement of a child by a birth parent or legal guardian in a preadoptive home 7.13 for purposes of adoption as authorized by section 259.47;
 - (23) settings registered under chapter 144D which provide home care services licensed by the commissioner of health to fewer than seven adults assisted living facilities licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G;
 - (24) substance use disorder treatment activities of licensed professionals in private practice as defined in section 245G.01, subdivision 17;
- 7.19 (25) consumer-directed community support service funded under the Medicaid waiver 7.20 for persons with developmental disabilities when the individual who provided the service 7.21 is:
 - (i) the same individual who is the direct payee of these specific waiver funds or paid by a fiscal agent, fiscal intermediary, or employer of record; and
 - (ii) not otherwise under the control of a residential or nonresidential program that is required to be licensed under this chapter when providing the service;
- 7.26 (26) a program serving only children who are age 33 months or older, that is operated 7.27 by a nonpublic school, for no more than four hours per day per child, with no more than 20 7.28 children at any one time, and that is accredited by:
 - (i) an accrediting agency that is formally recognized by the commissioner of education as a nonpublic school accrediting organization; or
 - (ii) an accrediting agency that requires background studies and that receives and investigates complaints about the services provided.

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A program that asserts its exemption from licensure under item (ii) shall, upon request from the commissioner, provide the commissioner with documentation from the accrediting agency that verifies: that the accreditation is current; that the accrediting agency investigates complaints about services; and that the accrediting agency's standards require background studies on all people providing direct contact services;

- (27) a program operated by a nonprofit organization incorporated in Minnesota or another state that serves youth in kindergarten through grade 12; provides structured, supervised youth development activities; and has learning opportunities take place before or after school, on weekends, or during the summer or other seasonal breaks in the school calendar. A program exempt under this clause is not eligible for child care assistance under chapter 119B. A program exempt under this clause must:
- (i) have a director or supervisor on site who is responsible for overseeing written policies relating to the management and control of the daily activities of the program, ensuring the health and safety of program participants, and supervising staff and volunteers;
- (ii) have obtained written consent from a parent or legal guardian for each youth participating in activities at the site; and
- (iii) have provided written notice to a parent or legal guardian for each youth at the site that the program is not licensed or supervised by the state of Minnesota and is not eligible to receive child care assistance payments;
- (28) a county that is an eligible vendor under section 254B.05 to provide care coordination and comprehensive assessment services;
- (29) a recovery community organization that is an eligible vendor under section 254B.05 to provide peer recovery support services; or
- (30) Head Start programs that serve only children who are at least three years old but not yet six years old.
- (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (6), a building is directly contiguous to a building in which a nonresidential program is located if it shares a common wall with the building in which the nonresidential program is located or is attached to that building by skyway, tunnel, atrium, or common roof.
- (c) Except for the home and community-based services identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require licensure for any services provided and funded according to an approved federal waiver plan where licensure is specifically identified as not being a condition for the services and funding.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to 9.1 read: 9.2 Subd. 7b. Notification to commissioner of changes in key staff positions; children's 9.3 residential facilities and detoxification programs. (a) A license holder must notify the 9.4 commissioner within five business days of a change or vacancy in a key staff position under 9.5 paragraphs (b) or (c). The license holder must notify the commissioner of the staffing change 9.6 or vacancy on a form approved by the commissioner and include the name of the staff person 9.7 now assigned to the key staff position and the staff person's qualifications for the position. 9.8 (b) The key staff position for a children's residential facility licensed according to 9.9 Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.0130 to 2960.0220, is a program director; and 9.10 (c) The key staff positions for a detoxification program licensed according to Minnesota 9.11 Rules, parts 9530.6510 to 9530.6590, are: 9.12 (1) a program director as required by Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6560, subpart 1; 9.13 (2) a registered nurse as required by Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6560, subpart 4; and 9.14 (3) a medical director as required by Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6560, subpart 5. 9.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025. 9.16 9.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.043, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Change in ownership. (a) If the commissioner determines that there is a change 9.18 in ownership, the commissioner shall require submission of a new license application. This 9.19 subdivision does not apply to a licensed program or service located in a home where the 9.20 license holder resides. A change in ownership occurs when: 9.21 (1) except as provided in paragraph (b), the license holder sells or transfers 100 percent 9.22 of the property, stock, or assets; 9.23 (2) the license holder merges with another organization; 9.24 (3) the license holder consolidates with two or more organizations, resulting in the 9.25 creation of a new organization; 9.26 (4) there is a change to the federal tax identification number associated with the license 9.27 holder; or 9.28 (5) except as provided in paragraph (b), all controlling individuals associated with for 9.29

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the original application license have changed.

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(b) Notwithstanding For changes under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and or (5), no change in ownership has occurred and a new license application is not required if at least one controlling individual has been listed affiliated as a controlling individual for the license for at least the previous 12 months immediately preceding the change.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. <u>Standard</u> change of ownership process. (a) When a change in ownership is proposed and the party intends to assume operation without an interruption in service longer than 60 days after acquiring the program or service, the license holder must provide the commissioner with written notice of the proposed change on a form provided by the commissioner at least <u>60 90</u> days before the anticipated date of the change in ownership. For purposes of this <u>subdivision and subdivision 4 section</u>, "party" means the party that intends to operate the service or program.
- (b) The party must submit a license application under this chapter on the form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner at least 30 90 days before the change in ownership is anticipated to be complete, and must include documentation to support the upcoming change. The party must comply with background study requirements under chapter 245C and shall pay the application fee required under section 245A.10.
- (c) A party that intends to assume operation without an interruption in service longer than 60 days after acquiring the program or service is exempt from the requirements of sections 245G.03, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and 254B.03, subdivision 2, paragraphs (c) and (d).
- (e) (d) The commissioner may streamline application procedures when the party is an existing license holder under this chapter and is acquiring a program licensed under this chapter or service in the same service class as one or more licensed programs or services the party operates and those licenses are in substantial compliance. For purposes of this subdivision, "substantial compliance" means within the previous 12 months the commissioner did not (1) issue a sanction under section 245A.07 against a license held by the party, or (2) make a license held by the party conditional according to section 245A.06.
- (d) Except when a temporary change in ownership license is issued pursuant to subdivision 4 (e) While the standard change of ownership process is pending, the existing license holder is solely remains responsible for operating the program according to applicable laws and rules until a license under this chapter is issued to the party.

Sec. 5. 10

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(e) (f) If a licensing inspection of the program or service was conducted within the previous 12 months and the existing license holder's license record demonstrates substantial compliance with the applicable licensing requirements, the commissioner may waive the party's inspection required by section 245A.04, subdivision 4. The party must submit to the commissioner (1) proof that the premises was inspected by a fire marshal or that the fire marshal deemed that an inspection was not warranted, and (2) proof that the premises was inspected for compliance with the building code or that no inspection was deemed warranted.

(f) (g) If the party is seeking a license for a program or service that has an outstanding action under section 245A.06 or 245A.07, the party must submit a letter written plan as part of the application process identifying how the party has or will come into full compliance with the licensing requirements.

(g) (h) The commissioner shall evaluate the party's application according to section 245A.04, subdivision 6. If the commissioner determines that the party has remedied or demonstrates the ability to remedy the outstanding actions under section 245A.06 or 245A.07 and has determined that the program otherwise complies with all applicable laws and rules, the commissioner shall issue a license or conditional license under this chapter. A conditional license issued under this section is final and not subject to reconsideration under section 245A.06, subdivision 4. The conditional license remains in effect until the commissioner determines that the grounds for the action are corrected or no longer exist.

- (h) (i) The commissioner may deny an application as provided in section 245A.05. An applicant whose application was denied by the commissioner may appeal the denial according to section 245A.05.
- (i) (j) This subdivision does not apply to a licensed program or service located in a home where the license holder resides.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.043, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 3a. Emergency change in ownership process. (a) In the event of a death of a license holder or sole controlling individual or a court order or other event that results in the license holder being inaccessible or unable to operate the program or service, a party may submit a request to the commissioner to allow the party to assume operation of the program or service under an emergency change in ownership process to ensure persons continue to receive services while the commissioner evaluates the party's license application.

Sec. 6.

to the party while the commissioner evaluates the party's application. Until a decision is

made to grant or deny a license under this chapter, the existing license holder and the party

shall both be responsible for operating the program or service according to applicable laws

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and rules, and the sale or transfer of the existing license holder's ownership interest in the 13.1 licensed program or service does not terminate the existing license. 13.2 13.3 (b) The commissioner may issue a temporary change in ownership license when a license holder's death, divorce, or other event affects the ownership of the program and an applicant 13.4 13.5 seeks to assume operation of the program or service to ensure continuity of the program or service while a license application is evaluated. 13.6 (c) This subdivision applies to any program or service licensed under this chapter. 13.7 If a party's application under subdivision 2 is for a satellite license for a community 13.8 residential setting under section 245D.23 or day services facility under 245D.27 and if the 13.9 party already holds an active license to provide services under chapter 245D, the 13.10 commissioner may issue a temporary transitional license to the party for the community 13.11 residential setting or day services facility while the commissioner evaluates the party's 13.12 application. Until a decision is made to grant or deny a community residential setting or 13.13 day services facility satellite license, the party must be solely responsible for operating the 13.14 program according to applicable laws and rules, and the existing license must be closed. 13.15 The temporary transitional license expires after 12 months from the date it was issued or 13.16 upon issuance of the community residential setting or day services facility satellite license, 13.17 whichever occurs first. 13.18 13.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025. Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.043, is amended by adding a subdivision 13.20 to read: 13.21 Subd. 5. Failure to comply. If the commissioner finds that the applicant or license holder 13.22 has not fully complied with this section, the commissioner may impose a licensing sanction 13.23 under section 245A.05, 245A.06, or 245A.07. 13.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025. 13.25 13.26 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 13.27 Subdivision 1. Sanctions; appeals; license. (a) In addition to making a license conditional 13.28 under section 245A.06, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the license, impose a fine, 13.29 or secure an injunction against the continuing operation of the program of a license holder 13.30 13.31 who:

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(1) does not comply with applicable law or rule;

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(2) has nondisqualifying background study information, as described in section 245C.05, subdivision 4, that reflects on the license holder's ability to safely provide care to foster children; or

- (3) has an individual living in the household where the licensed services are provided or is otherwise subject to a background study, and the individual has nondisqualifying background study information, as described in section 245C.05, subdivision 4, that reflects on the license holder's ability to safely provide care to foster children.
- When applying sanctions authorized under this section, the commissioner shall consider the nature, chronicity, or severity of the violation of law or rule and the effect of the violation on the health, safety, or rights of persons served by the program.
- (b) If a license holder appeals the suspension or revocation of a license and the license holder continues to operate the program pending a final order on the appeal, the commissioner shall issue the license holder a temporary provisional license. The commissioner may include terms the license holder must follow pending a final order on the appeal. Unless otherwise specified by the commissioner, variances in effect on the date of the license sanction under appeal continue under the temporary provisional license. If a license holder fails to comply with applicable law or rule while operating under a temporary provisional license, the commissioner may impose additional sanctions under this section and section 245A.06, and may terminate any prior variance. If a temporary provisional license is set to expire, a new temporary provisional license shall be issued to the license holder upon payment of any fee required under section 245A.10. The temporary provisional license shall expire on the date the final order is issued. If the license holder prevails on the appeal, a new nonprovisional license shall be issued for the remainder of the current license period.
- (c) If a license holder is under investigation and the license issued under this chapter is due to expire before completion of the investigation, the program shall be issued a new license upon completion of the reapplication requirements and payment of any applicable license fee. Upon completion of the investigation, a licensing sanction may be imposed against the new license under this section, section 245A.06, or 245A.08.
- (d) Failure to reapply or closure of a license issued under this chapter by the license holder prior to the completion of any investigation shall not preclude the commissioner from issuing a licensing sanction under this section or section 245A.06 at the conclusion of the investigation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.07, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

- Subd. 6. **Appeal of multiple sanctions.** (a) When the license holder appeals more than one licensing action or sanction that were simultaneously issued by the commissioner, the license holder shall specify the actions or sanctions that are being appealed.
- (b) If there are different timelines prescribed in statutes for the licensing actions or sanctions being appealed, the license holder must submit the appeal within the longest of those timelines specified in statutes.
- (c) The appeal must be made in writing by certified mail or, personal service, or through the provider licensing and reporting hub. If mailed, the appeal must be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within the prescribed timeline with the first day beginning the day after the license holder receives the certified letter. If a request is made by personal service, it must be received by the commissioner within the prescribed timeline with the first day beginning the day after the license holder receives the certified letter. If the appeal is made through the provider licensing and reporting hub, it must be received by the commissioner within the prescribed timeline with the first day beginning the day after the commissioner within the prescribed timeline with the first day beginning the day after the commissioner issued the order through the hub.
- (d) When there are different timelines prescribed in statutes for the appeal of licensing actions or sanctions simultaneously issued by the commissioner, the commissioner shall specify in the notice to the license holder the timeline for appeal as specified under paragraph (b).
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 7. Adult foster care and community residential setting; variance for alternate overnight supervision. (a) The commissioner may grant a variance under section 245A.04, subdivision 9, to statute or rule parts requiring a caregiver to be present in an adult foster care home or a community residential setting during normal sleeping hours to allow for alternative methods of overnight supervision. The commissioner may grant the variance if the local county licensing agency recommends the variance and the county recommendation includes documentation verifying that:
 - (1) the county has approved the license holder's plan for alternative methods of providing overnight supervision and determined the plan protects the residents' health, safety, and rights;

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(2) the license holder has obtained written and signed informed consent from each resident or each resident's legal representative documenting the resident's or legal representative's agreement with the alternative method of overnight supervision; and

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- (3) the alternative method of providing overnight supervision, which may include the use of technology, is specified for each resident in the resident's: (i) individualized plan of care; (ii) individual service support plan under section 256B.092, subdivision 1b, if required; or (iii) individual resident placement agreement under Minnesota Rules, part 9555.5105, subpart 19, if required.
- (b) To be eligible for a variance under paragraph (a), the adult foster care <u>or community</u> residential setting license holder must not have had a conditional license issued under section 245A.06, or any other licensing sanction issued under section 245A.07 during the prior 24 months based on failure to provide adequate supervision, health care services, or resident safety in the adult foster care home <u>or a community residential setting</u>.
- (c) A license holder requesting a variance under this subdivision to utilize technology as a component of a plan for alternative overnight supervision may request the commissioner's review in the absence of a county recommendation. Upon receipt of such a request from a license holder, the commissioner shall review the variance request with the county.
- (d) The variance requirements under this subdivision for alternative overnight supervision do not apply to community residential settings licensed under chapter 245D.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Delegation of authority to agencies.** (a) County agencies and private agencies that have been designated or licensed by the commissioner to perform licensing functions and activities under section 245A.04; to recommend denial of applicants under section 245A.05; to issue correction orders, to issue variances, and recommend a conditional license under section 245A.06; or to recommend suspending or revoking a license or issuing a fine under section 245A.07, shall comply with rules and directives of the commissioner governing those functions and with this section. The following variances are excluded from the delegation of variance authority and may be issued only by the commissioner:
 - (1) dual licensure of family child care and family child foster care, dual licensure of family child foster care and family adult foster care, dual licensure of child foster residence

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setting and community residential setting, and dual licensure of family adult foster care and family child care;

- (2) adult foster care or community residential setting maximum capacity;
- 17.4 (3) adult foster care or community residential setting minimum age requirement;
- 17.5 (4) child foster care maximum age requirement;

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- 17.6 (5) variances regarding disqualified individuals;
- 17.7 (6) the required presence of a caregiver in the adult foster care residence during normal sleeping hours;
- 17.9 (7) variances to requirements relating to chemical use problems of a license holder or a household member of a license holder;
- 17.11 (8) variances to section 245A.53 for a time-limited period. If the commissioner grants a variance under this clause, the license holder must provide notice of the variance to all parents and guardians of the children in care; and
- 17.14 (9) variances to section 245A.1435 for the use of a cradleboard for a cultural accommodation.
- Except as provided in section 245A.14, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (5), a county agency must not grant a license holder a variance to exceed the maximum allowable family child care license capacity of 14 children.
- (b) A county agency that has been designated by the commissioner to issue family child care variances must:
- 17.21 (1) publish the county agency's policies and criteria for issuing variances on the county's public website and update the policies as necessary; and
- 17.23 (2) annually distribute the county agency's policies and criteria for issuing variances to all family child care license holders in the county.
- 17.25 (c) For family child care programs, the commissioner shall require a county agency to conduct one unannounced licensing review at least annually.
- 17.27 (d) For family adult day services programs, the commissioner may authorize licensing reviews every two years after a licensee has had at least one annual review.
- (e) A license issued under this section may be issued for up to two years.
- 17.30 (f) During implementation of chapter 245D, the commissioner shall consider:

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18.1 (1) the role of counties in quality assurance;

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- (2) the duties of county licensing staff; and
- (3) the possible use of joint powers agreements, according to section 471.59, with counties through which some licensing duties under chapter 245D may be delegated by the commissioner to the counties.
- Any consideration related to this paragraph must meet all of the requirements of the corrective action plan ordered by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (g) Licensing authority specific to section 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8, or successor provisions; and section 245D.061 or successor provisions, for family child foster care programs providing out-of-home respite, as identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), is excluded from the delegation of authority to county and private agencies.
- (h) A county agency shall report to the commissioner, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information for a licensed family child care program:
- (1) the results of each licensing review completed, including the date of the review, and any licensing correction order issued;
 - (2) any death, serious injury, or determination of substantiated maltreatment; and
- (3) any fires that require the service of a fire department within 48 hours of the fire. The information under this clause must also be reported to the state fire marshal within two business days of receiving notice from a licensed family child care provider.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.211, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Contraindicated physical restraints.** A license or certification holder must not implement a restraint on a person receiving services in a program in a way that is contraindicated for any of the person's known medical or psychological conditions. Prior to using restraints on a person, the license or certification holder must assess and document a determination of any with a known medical or psychological conditions that restraints are contraindicated for, the license or certification holder must document the contraindication and the type of restraints that will not be used on the person based on this determination.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245A.242, subdivision 2, is amended 19.1 19.2 to read: 19.3 Subd. 2. Emergency overdose treatment. (a) A license holder must maintain a supply of opiate antagonists as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, available for emergency 19.4 treatment of opioid overdose and must have a written standing order protocol by a physician 19.5 who is licensed under chapter 147, advanced practice registered nurse who is licensed under 19.6 chapter 148, or physician assistant who is licensed under chapter 147A, that permits the 19.7 19.8 license holder to maintain a supply of opiate antagonists on site. A license holder must require staff to undergo training in the specific mode of administration used at the program, 19.9 which may include intranasal administration, intramuscular injection, or both. 19.10 19.11 (b) Notwithstanding any requirements to the contrary in Minnesota Rules, chapters 2960 and 9530, and Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245F, 245G, and 245I: 19.12 (1) emergency opiate antagonist medications are not required to be stored in a locked 19.13 area and staff and adult clients may carry this medication on them and store it in an unlocked 19.14 location; 19.15 (2) staff persons who only administer emergency opiate antagonist medications only 19.16 require the training required by paragraph (a), which any knowledgeable trainer may provide. 19.17 The trainer is not required to be a registered nurse or part of an accredited educational 19.18 institution; and 19.19 (3) nonresidential substance use disorder treatment programs that do not administer 19.20 client medications beyond emergency opiate antagonist medications are not required to 19.21 have the policies and procedures required in section 245G.08, subdivisions 5 and 6, and 19.22 must instead describe the program's procedures for administering opiate antagonist 19.23 medications in the license holder's description of health care services under section 245G.08, 19.24 subdivision 1. 19.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 19.26 19.27 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Door to attached garage. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9502.0425, 19.28 19.29 subpart 5, day care residences with an attached garage are not required to have a self-closing door to the residence. The door to the residence may be (a) If there is an opening between 19.30 an attached garage and a day care residence, there must be a door that is: 19.31 (1) a solid wood bonded-core door at least 1-3/8 inches thick; 19.32

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(4) using electronic employer notifications;

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(5) issuing immediate verification of subjects' eligibility to provide services as more 21.1 studies are completed under the NETStudy 2.0 system; and 21.2 21.3 (6) providing electronic access to certain notices for entities and background study subjects. 21.4 21.5 (b) Information obtained by entities from public web-based data through NETStudy 2.0 under paragraph (a), clause (1), or any other source that is not direct correspondence from 21.6 the commissioner is not a notice of disqualification from the commissioner under this 21.7 chapter. 21.8 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 21.9 21.10 to read: Subd. 16. Individuals affiliated with a Head Start program. When initiated by the 21.11 Head Start program, including Tribal Head Start programs, the commissioner shall conduct 21.12 a background study on any individual who is affiliated with a Head Start program. 21.13 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.033, subdivision 3, is amended 21.14 21.15 to read: Subd. 3. Procedure; maltreatment and state licensing agency data. (a) For requests 21.16 paid directly by the guardian or conservator, requests for maltreatment and state licensing 21.17 agency data checks must be submitted by the guardian or conservator to the commissioner 21.18 on the form or in the manner prescribed by the commissioner. Upon receipt of a signed 21.19 informed consent and payment under section 245C.10, the commissioner shall complete 21.20 the maltreatment and state licensing agency checks. Upon completion of the checks, the 21.21 commissioner shall provide the requested information to the courts on the form or in the 21.22 manner prescribed by the commissioner. 21.23 21.24 (b) For requests paid by the court based on the in forma pauperis status of the guardian or conservator, requests for maltreatment and state licensing agency data checks must be 21.25 submitted by the court to the commissioner on the form or in the manner prescribed by the 21.26 commissioner. The form will serve as certification that the individual has been granted in 21.27 forma pauperis status. Upon receipt of a signed data request consent form from the court, 21.28 the commissioner shall initiate the maltreatment and state licensing agency checks. Upon 21.29 completion of the checks, the commissioner shall provide the requested information to the 21.30

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courts on the form or in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 20. [245C.041] EMERGENCY WAIVER TO TEMPORARILY MODIFY 22.1 22.2 BACKGROUND STUDY REQUIREMENTS. (a) In the event of an emergency identified by the commissioner, the commissioner may 22.3 temporarily waive or modify provisions in this chapter, except that the commissioner shall 22.4 22.5 not waive or modify: (1) disqualification standards in section 245C.14 or 245C.15; or 22.6 22.7 (2) any provision regarding the scope of individuals required to be subject to a background study conducted under this chapter. 22.8 (b) For the purposes of this section, an emergency may include, but is not limited to a 22.9 public health emergency, environmental emergency, natural disaster, or other unplanned 22.10 event that the commissioner has determined prevents the requirements in this chapter from 22.11 being met. This authority shall not exceed the amount of time needed to respond to the 22.12 emergency and reinstate the requirements of this chapter. The commissioner has the authority 22.13 to establish the process and time frame for returning to full compliance with this chapter. 22.14 The commissioner shall determine the length of time an emergency study is valid. 22.15 (c) At the conclusion of the emergency, entities must submit a new, compliant background 22.16 study application and fee for each individual who was the subject of background study 22.17 affected by the powers created in this section, referred to as an "emergency study" to have 22.18 a new study that fully complies with this chapter within a time frame and notice period 22.19 established by the commissioner. 22.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 22.21 22.22 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. **Fingerprints and photograph.** (a) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) (c), for 22.23 background studies conducted by the commissioner for child foster care, children's residential 22.24 facilities, adoptions, or a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of a child, the 22.25 subject of the background study, who is 18 years of age or older, shall provide the 22.26 commissioner with a set of classifiable fingerprints obtained from an authorized agency for 22.27 a national criminal history record check. 22.28 22.29 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), for background studies conducted by the commissioner for Head Start programs, the subject of the background study shall provide the commissioner 22.30 with a set of classifiable fingerprints obtained from an authorized agency for a national 22.31 criminal history record check. 22.32

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| (b) (c) For background studies initiated on or after the implementation of NETStudy |
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| 2.0, except as provided under subdivision 5a, every subject of a background study must |
| provide the commissioner with a set of the background study subject's classifiable fingerprints |
| and photograph. The photograph and fingerprints must be recorded at the same time by the |
| authorized fingerprint collection vendor or vendors and sent to the commissioner through |
| the commissioner's secure data system described in section 245C.32, subdivision 1a, |
| paragraph (b). |
| (e) (d) The fingerprints shall be submitted by the commissioner to the Bureau of Criminal |
| Apprehension and, when specifically required by law, submitted to the Federal Bureau of |
| Investigation for a national criminal history record check. |
| (d) (e) The fingerprints must not be retained by the Department of Public Safety, Bureau |
| of Criminal Apprehension, or the commissioner. The Federal Bureau of Investigation will |
| not retain background study subjects' fingerprints. |
| (e) (f) The authorized fingerprint collection vendor or vendors shall, for purposes of |
| verifying the identity of the background study subject, be able to view the identifying |
| information entered into NETStudy 2.0 by the entity that initiated the background study, |
| but shall not retain the subject's fingerprints, photograph, or information from NETStudy |
| 2.0. The authorized fingerprint collection vendor or vendors shall retain no more than the |
| name and date and time the subject's fingerprints were recorded and sent, only as necessary |
| for auditing and billing activities. |
| (f) (g) For any background study conducted under this chapter, the subject shall provide |
| the commissioner with a set of classifiable fingerprints when the commissioner has reasonable |
| cause to require a national criminal history record check as defined in section 245C.02, |
| subdivision 15a. |
| Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.08, subdivision 1, is amended |
| to read: |
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| Subdivision 1. Background studies conducted by Department of Human Services. (a) |
| For a background study conducted by the Department of Human Services, the commissioner |
| shall review: |
| (1) information related to names of substantiated perpetrators of maltreatment of |
| vulnerable adults that has been received by the commissioner as required under section |
| 626.557, subdivision 9c, paragraph (j); |

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| (2) the commissioner's records relating to the maltreatment of minors in licensed |
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| programs, and from findings of maltreatment of minors as indicated through the social |
| service information system; |
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- (3) information from juvenile courts as required in subdivision 4 for individuals listed in section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), for studies under this chapter when there is reasonable cause;
- (4) information from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, including information regarding a background study subject's registration in Minnesota as a predatory offender under section 243.166;
- (5) except as provided in clause (6), information received as a result of submission of fingerprints for a national criminal history record check, as defined in section 245C.02, subdivision 13c, when the commissioner has reasonable cause for a national criminal history record check as defined under section 245C.02, subdivision 15a, or as required under section 144.057, subdivision 1, clause (2);
- (6) for a background study related to a child foster family setting application for licensure, foster residence settings, children's residential facilities, a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of a child under sections 260C.503 to 260C.515, or adoptions, and for a background study required for family child care, certified license-exempt child care, child care centers, and legal nonlicensed child care authorized under chapter 119B, the commissioner shall also review:
- (i) information from the child abuse and neglect registry for any state in which the background study subject has resided for the past five years;
- (ii) when the background study subject is 18 years of age or older, or a minor under section 245C.05, subdivision 5a, paragraph (c), information received following submission of fingerprints for a national criminal history record check; and
- (iii) when the background study subject is 18 years of age or older or a minor under section 245C.05, subdivision 5a, paragraph (d), for licensed family child care, certified license-exempt child care, licensed child care centers, and legal nonlicensed child care authorized under chapter 119B, information obtained using non-fingerprint-based data including information from the criminal and sex offender registries for any state in which the background study subject resided for the past five years and information from the national crime information database and the national sex offender registry;

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(7) for a background study required for family child care, certified license-exempt child care centers, licensed child care centers, and legal nonlicensed child care authorized under chapter 119B, the background study shall also include, to the extent practicable, a name and date-of-birth search of the National Sex Offender Public website; and

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- (8) for a background study required for treatment programs for sexual psychopathic personalities or sexually dangerous persons, the background study shall only include a review of the information required under paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4).
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, notwithstanding expungement by a court, the commissioner may consider information obtained under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), unless:
- (1) the commissioner received notice of the petition for expungement and the court order for expungement is directed specifically to the commissioner; or
 - (2) the commissioner received notice of the expungement order issued pursuant to section 609A.017, 609A.025, or 609A.035, and the order for expungement is directed specifically to the commissioner.
 - The commissioner may not consider information obtained under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), or from any other source that identifies a violation of chapter 152 without determining if the offense involved the possession of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol and, if so, whether the person received a grant of expungement or order of expungement, or the person was resentenced to a lesser offense. If the person received a grant of expungement or order of expungement, the commissioner may not consider information related to that violation but may consider any other relevant information arising out of the same incident.
 - (c) The commissioner shall also review criminal case information received according to section 245C.04, subdivision 4a, from the Minnesota court information system that relates to individuals who have already been studied under this chapter and who remain affiliated with the agency that initiated the background study.
 - (d) When the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that the identity of a background study subject is uncertain, the commissioner may require the subject to provide a set of classifiable fingerprints for purposes of completing a fingerprint-based record check with the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Fingerprints collected under this paragraph shall not be saved by the commissioner after they have been used to verify the identity of the background study subject against the particular criminal record in question.

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| 26.1 | (e) The commissioner may inform the entity that initiated a background study under |
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| 26.2 | NETStudy 2.0 of the status of processing of the subject's fingerprints. |
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| 26.3 | Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read: |
| 26.4 | Subd. 4. Juvenile court records. (a) For a background study conducted by the |
| 26.5 | Department of Human Services, the commissioner shall review records from the juvenile |
| 26.6 | courts for an individual studied under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), this |
| 26.7 | <u>chapter</u> when the commissioner has reasonable cause. |
| 26.8 | (b) For a background study conducted by a county agency for family child care before |
| 26.9 | the implementation of NETStudy 2.0, the commissioner shall review records from the |
| 26.10 | juvenile courts for individuals listed in section 245C.03, subdivision 1, who are ages 13 |
| 26.11 | through 23 living in the household where the licensed services will be provided. The |
| 26.12 | commissioner shall also review records from juvenile courts for any other individual listed |
| 26.13 | under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, when the commissioner has reasonable cause. |
| 26.14 | (e) (b) The juvenile courts shall help with the study by giving the commissioner existing |
| 26.15 | juvenile court records relating to delinquency proceedings held on individuals described in |
| 26.16 | section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), who are subjects of studies under this chapter |
| 26.17 | when requested pursuant to this subdivision. |
| 26.18 | (d) (c) For purposes of this chapter, a finding that a delinquency petition is proven in |
| 26.19 | juvenile court shall be considered a conviction in state district court. |
| 26.20 | (e) (d) Juvenile courts shall provide orders of involuntary and voluntary termination of |
| 26.21 | parental rights under section 260C.301 to the commissioner upon request for purposes of |
| 26.22 | conducting a background study under this chapter. |
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| 26.23 | Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.10, subdivision 15, is amended |
| 26.24 | to read: |
| 26.25 | Subd. 15. Guardians and conservators. (a) The commissioner shall recover the cost |
| 26.26 | of conducting maltreatment and state licensing agency checks for guardians and conservators |
| 26.27 | under section 245C.033 through a fee of no more than \$50. The fees collected under this |
| 26.28 | subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose of conducting maltreatment |
| 26.29 | and state licensing agency checks. |
| 26.30 | (b) The fee must be paid directly to and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner |
| 26.31 | before any maltreatment and state licensing agency checks under section 245C.033 may be |
| 26.32 | conducted. |

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(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the court shall pay the fee for an applicant who has 27.1 been granted in forma pauperis status upon receipt of the invoice from the commissioner. 27.2 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.10, subdivision 18, is amended to read: 27.3 Subd. 18. Applicants, licensees, and other occupations regulated by commissioner 27.4 of health. The applicant or license holder is responsible for paying to the Department of 27.5 Human Services all fees associated with the preparation of the fingerprints, the criminal 27.6 records check consent form, and, through a fee of no more than \$44 per study, the criminal 27.7 background check. 27.8 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 27.9 Subdivision 1. **Disqualification from direct contact.** (a) The commissioner shall 27.10 disqualify an individual who is the subject of a background study from any position allowing 27.11 direct contact with persons receiving services from the license holder or entity identified in 27.12 section 245C.03, upon receipt of information showing, or when a background study 27.13 completed under this chapter shows any of the following: 27.14 (1) a conviction of, admission to, or Alford plea to one or more crimes listed in section 27.15 245C.15, regardless of whether the conviction or admission is a felony, gross misdemeanor, 27.16 or misdemeanor level crime; 27.17 (2) a preponderance of the evidence indicates the individual has committed an act or 27.18 acts that meet the definition of any of the crimes listed in section 245C.15, regardless of 27.19 whether the preponderance of the evidence is for a felony, gross misdemeanor, or 27.20 misdemeanor level crime; or 27.21 (3) an investigation results in an administrative determination listed under section 27.22 245C.15, subdivision 4, paragraph (b)-; or 27.23 (4) the individual's parental rights have been terminated under section 260C.301, 27.24 subdivision 1, paragraph (b), or section 260C.301, subdivision 3. 27.25 27.26 (b) No individual who is disqualified following a background study under section 245C.03, subdivisions 1 and 2, may be retained in a position involving direct contact with 27.27 persons served by a program or entity identified in section 245C.03, unless the commissioner 27.28 has provided written notice under section 245C.17 stating that: 27.29 (1) the individual may remain in direct contact during the period in which the individual 27.30 may request reconsideration as provided in section 245C.21, subdivision 2; 27.31

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(2) the commissioner has set aside the individual's disqualification for that program or entity identified in section 245C.03, as provided in section 245C.22, subdivision 4; or

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- (3) the license holder has been granted a variance for the disqualified individual under section 245C.30.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for the purposes of a background study affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, the commissioner shall disqualify an individual who is the subject of a background study from any position allowing direct contact with persons receiving services from the license holder or entity identified in section 245C.03, upon receipt of information showing or when a background study completed under this chapter shows reason for disqualification under section 245C.15, subdivision 4a.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Basis for disqualification. Information obtained by entities from public

 web-based data through NETStudy 2.0 or any other source that is not direct correspondence

 from the commissioner is not a notice of disqualification from the commissioner under this

 chapter.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **15-year disqualification.** (a) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if: (1) less than 15 years have passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed, if any, for the offense; and (2) the individual has committed a felony-level violation of any of the following offenses: sections 152.021, subdivision 1 or 2b, (aggravated controlled substance crime in the first degree; sale crimes); 152.022, subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime in the second degree; sale crimes); 152.023, subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime in the third degree; sale crimes); 152.024, subdivision 1 (controlled substance crime in the fourth degree; sale crimes); 152.0263, subdivision 1 (possession of cannabis in the first degree); 152.0264, subdivision 1 (sale of cannabis in the first degree); 152.0265, subdivision 1 (cultivation of cannabis in the first degree); 169A.24 (first-degree driving while impaired); 256.98 (wrongfully obtaining assistance); 260B.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to status as a juvenile petty offender or delinquency); 260C.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to need for protection or services); 268.182 (fraud); 393.07, subdivision 10, paragraph (c) (federal SNAP fraud); 518B.01, subdivision 14 (violation of an order for protection); 609.165 (felon ineligible to possess firearm); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114

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(criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.215 (suicide); 609.223 or 609.2231 (assault in 29.1 the third or fourth degree); repeat offenses under 609.224 (assault in the fifth degree); 29.2 609.229 (crimes committed for benefit of a gang); 609.2325 (criminal abuse of a vulnerable 29.3 adult); 609.2335 (financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult); 609.235 (use of drugs to 29.4 injure or facilitate crime); 609.24 (simple robbery); 609.247, subdivision 4 (carjacking in 29.5 the third degree); 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child 29.6 in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree); 29.7 29.8 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.268 (injury or death of an unborn child in the commission of a 29.9 crime); 609.27 (coercion); 609.275 (attempt to coerce); 609.466 (medical assistance fraud); 29.10 609.495 (aiding an offender); 609.498, subdivision 1 or 1b (aggravated first-degree or 29.11 first-degree tampering with a witness); 609.52 (theft); 609.521 (possession of shoplifting 29.12 gear); 609.522 (organized retail theft); 609.525 (bringing stolen goods into Minnesota); 29.13 609.527 (identity theft); 609.53 (receiving stolen property); 609.535 (issuance of dishonored 29.14 checks); 609.562 (arson in the second degree); 609.563 (arson in the third degree); 609.582 29.15 (burglary); 609.59 (possession of burglary tools); 609.611 (insurance fraud); 609.625 29.16 (aggravated forgery); 609.63 (forgery); 609.631 (check forgery; offering a forged check); 29.17 609.635 (obtaining signature by false pretense); 609.66 (dangerous weapons); 609.67 29.18 (machine guns and short-barreled shotguns); 609.687 (adulteration); 609.71 (riot); 609.713 29.19 (terroristic threats); 609.746 (interference with privacy); 609.82 (fraud in obtaining credit); 29.20 609.821 (financial transaction card fraud); 617.23 (indecent exposure), not involving a 29.21 minor; repeat offenses under 617.241 (obscene materials and performances; distribution 29.22 and exhibition prohibited; penalty); or 624.713 (certain persons not to possess firearms). 29.23 (b) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed 29.24 since the individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the 29.25 29.26

- offenses listed in paragraph (a), as each of these offenses is defined in Minnesota Statutes.
- (c) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed since the termination of the individual's parental rights under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), or subdivision 3.
- (d) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than 15 years has passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed for an offense in any other state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of the offenses listed in paragraph (a) or since the termination of parental rights in any other state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements listed in paragraph (c).

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(e) If the individual studied commits one of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), but the sentence or level of offense is a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor, the individual is disqualified but the disqualification look-back period for the offense is the period applicable to the gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor disposition.

(f) When a disqualification is based on a judicial determination other than a conviction, the disqualification period begins from the date of the court order. When a disqualification is based on an admission, the disqualification period begins from the date of an admission in court. When a disqualification is based on an Alford Plea, the disqualification period begins from the date the Alford Plea is entered in court. When a disqualification is based on a preponderance of evidence of a disqualifying act, the disqualification date begins from the date of the dismissal, the date of discharge of the sentence imposed for a conviction for a disqualifying crime of similar elements, or the date of the incident, whichever occurs last.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Ten-year disqualification. (a) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if: (1) less than ten years have passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed, if any, for the offense; and (2) the individual has committed a gross misdemeanor-level violation of any of the following offenses: sections 256.98 (wrongfully obtaining assistance); 260B.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to status as a juvenile petty offender or delinquency); 260C.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to need for protection or services); 268.182 (fraud); 393.07, subdivision 10, paragraph (c) (federal SNAP fraud); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.221 or 609.222 (assault in the first or second degree); 609.223 or 609.2231 (assault in the third or fourth degree); 609.224 (assault in the fifth degree); 609.224, subdivision 2, paragraph (c) (assault in the fifth degree by a caregiver against a vulnerable adult); 609.2242 and 609.2243 (domestic assault); 609.23 (mistreatment of persons confined); 609.231 (mistreatment of residents or patients); 609.2325 (criminal abuse of a vulnerable adult); 609.233 (criminal neglect of a vulnerable adult); 609.2335 (financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult); 609.234 (failure to report maltreatment of a vulnerable adult); 609.265 (abduction); 609.275 (attempt to coerce); 609.324, subdivision 1a (other prohibited acts; minor engaged in prostitution); 609.33 (disorderly house); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.466 (medical assistance fraud); 609.52 (theft); 609.522 (organized retail theft); 609.525 (bringing stolen goods into Minnesota); 609.527 (identity theft); 609.53 (receiving stolen property); 609.535 (issuance of dishonored checks); 609.582 (burglary); 609.59 (possession of burglary tools); 609.611 (insurance fraud); 609.631 (check forgery; offering a forged check); 609.66 (dangerous weapons); 609.71 (riot); 609.72,

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subdivision 3 (disorderly conduct against a vulnerable adult); repeat offenses under 609.746 (interference with privacy); 609.749, subdivision 2 (harassment); 609.82 (fraud in obtaining credit); 609.821 (financial transaction card fraud); 617.23 (indecent exposure), not involving a minor; 617.241 (obscene materials and performances); 617.243 (indecent literature, distribution); 617.293 (harmful materials; dissemination and display to minors prohibited); or Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 609.21; or violation of an order for protection under section 518B.01, subdivision 14.

- (b) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than ten years has passed since the individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), as each of these offenses is defined in Minnesota Statutes.
- (c) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than ten years has passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed for an offense in any other state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a).
- (d) If the individual studied commits one of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), but the sentence or level of offense is a misdemeanor disposition, the individual is disqualified but the disqualification lookback period for the offense is the period applicable to misdemeanors.
- (e) When a disqualification is based on a judicial determination other than a conviction, the disqualification period begins from the date of the court order. When a disqualification is based on an admission, the disqualification period begins from the date of an admission in court. When a disqualification is based on an Alford Plea, the disqualification period begins from the date the Alford Plea is entered in court. When a disqualification is based on a preponderance of evidence of a disqualifying act, the disqualification date begins from the date of the dismissal, the date of discharge of the sentence imposed for a conviction for a disqualifying crime of similar elements, or the date of the incident, whichever occurs last.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Seven-year disqualification.** (a) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if: (1) less than seven years has passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed, if any, for the offense; and (2) the individual has committed a misdemeanor-level violation of any of the following offenses: sections 256.98 (wrongfully obtaining assistance); 260B.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to status as a juvenile petty offender or delinquency); 260C.425 (criminal jurisdiction for contributing to need for protection or services); 268.182 (fraud); 393.07, subdivision 10, paragraph (c) (federal SNAP fraud); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.221 (assault in the first degree);

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609.222 (assault in the second degree); 609.223 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 32.1 (assault in the fourth degree); 609.224 (assault in the fifth degree); 609.2242 (domestic 32.2 assault); 609.2335 (financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult); 609.234 (failure to report 32.3 maltreatment of a vulnerable adult); 609.2672 (assault of an unborn child in the third degree); 32.4 609.27 (coercion); violation of an order for protection under 609.3232 (protective order 32.5 authorized; procedures; penalties); 609.466 (medical assistance fraud); 609.52 (theft); 32.6 609.522 (organized retail theft); 609.525 (bringing stolen goods into Minnesota); 609.527 32.7 (identity theft); 609.53 (receiving stolen property); 609.535 (issuance of dishonored checks); 32.8 609.611 (insurance fraud); 609.66 (dangerous weapons); 609.665 (spring guns); 609.746 32.9 (interference with privacy); 609.79 (obscene or harassing telephone calls); 609.795 (letter, 32.10 telegram, or package; opening; harassment); 609.82 (fraud in obtaining credit); 609.821 32.11 (financial transaction card fraud); 617.23 (indecent exposure), not involving a minor; 617.293 32.12 (harmful materials; dissemination and display to minors prohibited); or Minnesota Statutes 32.13 2012, section 609.21; or violation of an order for protection under section 518B.01 (Domestic 32.14 Abuse Act). 32.15

- (b) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than seven years has passed since a determination or disposition of the individual's:
- (1) failure to make required reports under section 260E.06 or 626.557, subdivision 3, for incidents in which: (i) the final disposition under section 626.557 or chapter 260E was substantiated maltreatment, and (ii) the maltreatment was recurring or serious; or
- (2) substantiated serious or recurring maltreatment of a minor under chapter 260E, a vulnerable adult under section 626.557, or serious or recurring maltreatment in any other state, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of maltreatment under section 626.557 or chapter 260E for which: (i) there is a preponderance of evidence that the maltreatment occurred, and (ii) the subject was responsible for the maltreatment.
- (c) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than seven years has passed since the individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (a) and (b), as each of these offenses is defined in Minnesota Statutes.
- (d) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than seven years has passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed for an offense in any other state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (a) and (b).

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(e) When a disqualification is based on a judicial determination other than a conviction, the disqualification period begins from the date of the court order. When a disqualification is based on an admission, the disqualification period begins from the date of an admission in court. When a disqualification is based on an Alford Plea, the disqualification period begins from the date the Alford Plea is entered in court. When a disqualification is based on a preponderance of evidence of a disqualifying act, the disqualification date begins from the date of the dismissal, the date of discharge of the sentence imposed for a conviction for a disqualifying crime of similar elements, or the date of the incident, whichever occurs last.

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- (f) An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if less than seven years has passed since the individual was disqualified under section 256.98, subdivision 8.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.15, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. Licensed family foster setting disqualifications. (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 4, for a background study affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, regardless of how much time has passed, an individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if the individual committed an act that resulted in a felony-level conviction for sections: 609.185 (murder in the first degree); 609.19 (murder in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second degree); 609.2112 (criminal vehicular homicide); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.223, subdivision 2 (assault in the third degree, past pattern of child abuse); 609.223, subdivision 3 (assault in the third degree, victim under four); a felony offense under sections 609.2242 and 609.2243 (domestic assault, spousal abuse, child abuse or neglect, or a crime against children); 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation); 609.2325 (criminal abuse of a vulnerable adult resulting in the death of a vulnerable adult); 609.245 (aggravated robbery); 609.247, subdivision 2 or 3 (carjacking in the first or second degree); 609.25 (kidnapping); 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.268 (injury or death of an unborn child in the commission of a crime); 609.322, subdivision 1 (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking in the first degree); 609.324, subdivision 1 (other prohibited acts; engaging in, hiring, or agreeing to hire minor to engage in prostitution); 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree); 609.344 (criminal

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sexual conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree); 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree); 609.3453 (criminal sexual predatory conduct); 609.3458 (sexual extortion); 609.352 (solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.561 (arson in the first degree); 609.582, subdivision 1 (burglary in the first degree); 609.746 (interference with privacy); 617.23 (indecent exposure); 617.246 (use of minors in sexual performance prohibited); or 617.247 (possession of pictorial representations of minors).

- (b) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 4, for the purposes of a background study affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, an individual is disqualified under section 245C.14, regardless of how much time has passed, if the individual:
- (1) committed an action under paragraph (e) that resulted in death or involved sexual abuse, as defined in section 260E.03, subdivision 20;
- (2) committed an act that resulted in a gross misdemeanor-level conviction for section 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree);
- (3) committed an act against or involving a minor that resulted in a felony-level conviction for: section 609.222 (assault in the second degree); 609.223, subdivision 1 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth degree); or 609.224 (assault in the fifth degree); or
 - (4) committed an act that resulted in a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor-level conviction for section 617.293 (dissemination and display of harmful materials to minors).
 - (c) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 4, for a background study affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, an individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than 20 years have passed since the termination of the individual's parental rights under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), or if the individual consented to a termination of parental rights under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), to settle a petition to involuntarily terminate parental rights. An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than 20 years have passed since the termination of the individual's parental rights in any other state or country, where the conditions for the individual's termination of parental rights are substantially similar to the conditions in section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
 - (d) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 4, for a background study affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, an individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than five years have passed since a felony-level violation for sections: 152.021 (controlled substance

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| 35.1 | crime in the first degree); 152.022 (controlled substance crime in the second degree); 152.023 |
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| 35.2 | (controlled substance crime in the third degree); 152.024 (controlled substance crime in the |
| 35.3 | fourth degree); 152.025 (controlled substance crime in the fifth degree); 152.0261 (importing |
| 35.4 | controlled substances across state borders); 152.0262, subdivision 1, paragraph (b) |
| 35.5 | (possession of substance with intent to manufacture methamphetamine); 152.0263, |
| 35.6 | subdivision 1 (possession of cannabis in the first degree); 152.0264, subdivision 1 (sale of |
| 35.7 | cannabis in the first degree); 152.0265, subdivision 1 (cultivation of cannabis in the first |
| 35.8 | degree); 152.027, subdivision 6, paragraph (c) (sale or possession of synthetic cannabinoids); |
| 35.9 | 152.096 (conspiracies prohibited); 152.097 (simulated controlled substances); 152.136 |
| 35.10 | (anhydrous ammonia; prohibited conduct; criminal penalties; civil liabilities); 152.137 |
| 35.11 | (methamphetamine-related crimes involving children or vulnerable adults); 169A.24 (felony |
| 35.12 | first-degree driving while impaired); 243.166 (violation of predatory offender registration |
| 35.13 | requirements); 609.2113 (criminal vehicular operation; bodily harm); 609.2114 (criminal |
| 35.14 | vehicular operation; unborn child); 609.228 (great bodily harm caused by distribution of |
| 35.15 | drugs); 609.2325 (criminal abuse of a vulnerable adult not resulting in the death of a |
| 35.16 | vulnerable adult); 609.233 (criminal neglect); 609.235 (use of drugs to injure or facilitate |
| 35.17 | a crime); 609.24 (simple robbery); 609.247, subdivision 4 (carjacking in the third degree); |
| 35.18 | 609.322, subdivision 1a (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex |
| 35.19 | trafficking in the second degree); 609.498, subdivision 1 (tampering with a witness in the |
| 35.20 | first degree); 609.498, subdivision 1b (aggravated first-degree witness tampering); 609.562 |
| 35.21 | (arson in the second degree); 609.563 (arson in the third degree); 609.582, subdivision 2 |
| 35.22 | (burglary in the second degree); 609.66 (felony dangerous weapons); 609.687 (adulteration); |
| 35.23 | 609.713 (terroristic threats); 609.749, subdivision 3, 4, or 5 (felony-level harassment or |
| 35.24 | stalking); 609.855, subdivision 5 (shooting at or in a public transit vehicle or facility); or |
| 35.25 | 624.713 (certain people not to possess firearms). |
| | |

- (e) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 4, except as provided in paragraph (a), for a background study affiliated with a licensed family child foster care license, an individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than five years have passed since:
- (1) a felony-level violation for an act not against or involving a minor that constitutes: section 609.222 (assault in the second degree); 609.223, subdivision 1 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth degree); or 609.224, subdivision 4 (assault in the fifth degree);
 - (2) a violation of an order for protection under section 518B.01, subdivision 14;
- (3) a determination or disposition of the individual's failure to make required reports 35.34 under section 260E.06 or 626.557, subdivision 3, for incidents in which the final disposition 35.35

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under chapter 260E or section 626.557 was substantiated maltreatment and the maltreatment was recurring or serious;

- (4) a determination or disposition of the individual's substantiated serious or recurring maltreatment of a minor under chapter 260E, a vulnerable adult under section 626.557, or serious or recurring maltreatment in any other state, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of maltreatment under chapter 260E or section 626.557 and meet the definition of serious maltreatment or recurring maltreatment;
- (5) a gross misdemeanor-level violation for sections: 609.224, subdivision 2 (assault in the fifth degree); 609.2242 and 609.2243 (domestic assault); 609.233 (criminal neglect); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.746 (interference with privacy); 609.749 (stalking); or 617.23 (indecent exposure); or
- (6) committing an act against or involving a minor that resulted in a misdemeanor-level violation of section 609.224, subdivision 1 (assault in the fifth degree).
 - (f) For purposes of this subdivision, the disqualification begins from:
 - (1) the date of the alleged violation, if the individual was not convicted;
- 36.16 (2) the date of conviction, if the individual was convicted of the violation but not committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections; or
 - (3) the date of release from prison, if the individual was convicted of the violation and committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections.
 - Notwithstanding clause (3), if the individual is subsequently reincarcerated for a violation of the individual's supervised release, the disqualification begins from the date of release from the subsequent incarceration.
 - (g) An individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (a) and (b), as each of these offenses is defined in Minnesota Statutes, permanently disqualifies the individual under section 245C.14. An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than five years have passed since the individual's aiding and abetting, attempt, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (d) and (e).
 - (h) An individual's offense in any other state or country, where the elements of the offense are substantially similar to any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (a) and (b), permanently disqualifies the individual under section 245C.14. An individual is disqualified under section 245C.14 if fewer than five years have passed since an offense in any other

state or country, the elements of which are substantially similar to the elements of any offense listed in paragraphs (d) and (e).

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.22, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Risk of harm; set aside.** (a) The commissioner may set aside the disqualification if the commissioner finds that the individual has submitted sufficient information to demonstrate that the individual does not pose a risk of harm to any person served by the applicant, license holder, or other entities as provided in this chapter.
- (b) In determining whether the individual has met the burden of proof by demonstrating the individual does not pose a risk of harm, the commissioner shall consider:
- 37.10 (1) the nature, severity, and consequences of the event or events that led to the disqualification;
- 37.12 (2) whether there is more than one disqualifying event;
- 37.13 (3) the age and vulnerability of the victim at the time of the event;
- 37.14 (4) the harm suffered by the victim;

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- 37.15 (5) vulnerability of persons served by the program;
- 37.16 (6) the similarity between the victim and persons served by the program;
- 37.17 (7) the time elapsed without a repeat of the same or similar event;
- 37.18 (8) documentation of successful completion by the individual studied of training or 37.19 rehabilitation pertinent to the event; and
- 37.20 (9) any other information relevant to reconsideration.
- (c) For an individual seeking a child foster care license who is a relative of the child,
 the commissioner shall consider the importance of maintaining the child's relationship with
 relatives as an additional significant factor in determining whether a background study
 disqualification should be set aside.
 - (e) (d) If the individual requested reconsideration on the basis that the information relied upon to disqualify the individual was incorrect or inaccurate and the commissioner determines that the information relied upon to disqualify the individual is correct, the commissioner must also determine if the individual poses a risk of harm to persons receiving services in accordance with paragraph (b).
- 37.30 (d) (e) For an individual seeking employment in the substance use disorder treatment 37.31 field, the commissioner shall set aside the disqualification if the following criteria are met:

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| 38.1 | (1) the individual is not disqualified for a crime of violence as listed under section |
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| 38.2 | 624.712, subdivision 5, except for the following crimes: crimes listed under section 152.021, |
| 38.3 | subdivision 2 or 2a; 152.022, subdivision 2; 152.023, subdivision 2; 152.024; or 152.025; |
| 38.4 | (2) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.15, subdivision 1; |
| 38.5 | (3) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, paragraph |
| 38.6 | (b); |
| 38.7 | (4) the individual provided documentation of successful completion of treatment, at least |
| 38.8 | one year prior to the date of the request for reconsideration, at a program licensed under |
| 38.9 | chapter 245G, and has had no disqualifying crimes or conduct under section 245C.15 after |
| 38.10 | the successful completion of treatment; |
| 38.11 | (5) the individual provided documentation demonstrating abstinence from controlled |
| 38.12 | substances, as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4, for the period of one year prior to |
| 38.13 | the date of the request for reconsideration; and |
| 38.14 | (6) the individual is seeking employment in the substance use disorder treatment field. |
| 38.15 | Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 38.16 | Subd. 2. Permanent bar to set aside a disqualification. (a) Except as provided in |
| 38.17 | paragraphs (b) to $\frac{f}{g}$, the commissioner may not set aside the disqualification of any |
| 38.18 | individual disqualified pursuant to this chapter, regardless of how much time has passed, |
| 38.19 | if the individual was disqualified for a crime or conduct listed in section 245C.15, subdivision |
| 38.20 | 1. |
| 38.21 | (b) For an individual in the substance use disorder or corrections field who was |
| 38.22 | disqualified for a crime or conduct listed under section 245C.15, subdivision 1, and whose |
| 38.23 | disqualification was set aside prior to July 1, 2005, the commissioner must consider granting |
| 38.24 | a variance pursuant to section 245C.30 for the license holder for a program dealing primarily |
| 38.25 | with adults. A request for reconsideration evaluated under this paragraph must include a |
| 38.26 | letter of recommendation from the license holder that was subject to the prior set-aside |
| 38.27 | decision addressing the individual's quality of care to children or vulnerable adults and the |
| 38.28 | circumstances of the individual's departure from that service. |
| 38.29 | (c) If an individual who requires a background study for nonemergency medical |
| 38.30 | transportation services under section 245C.03, subdivision 12, was disqualified for a crime |
| 38.31 | or conduct listed under section 245C.15, subdivision 1, and if more than 40 years have |
| 38.32 | passed since the discharge of the sentence imposed, the commissioner may consider granting |

a set-aside pursuant to section 245C.22. A request for reconsideration evaluated under this

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paragraph must include a letter of recommendation from the employer. This paragraph does not apply to a person disqualified based on a violation of sections 243.166; 609.185 to 609.205; 609.25; 609.342 to 609.3453; 609.352; 617.23, subdivision 2, clause (1), or 3, clause (1); 617.246; or 617.247.

- (d) When a licensed foster care provider adopts an individual who had received foster care services from the provider for over six months, and the adopted individual is required to receive a background study under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2) or (6), the commissioner may grant a variance to the license holder under section 245C.30 to permit the adopted individual with a permanent disqualification to remain affiliated with the license holder under the conditions of the variance when the variance is recommended by the county of responsibility for each of the remaining individuals in placement in the home and the licensing agency for the home.
- (e) For an individual 18 years of age or older affiliated with a licensed family foster setting, the commissioner must not set aside or grant a variance for the disqualification of any individual disqualified pursuant to this chapter, regardless of how much time has passed, if the individual was disqualified for a crime or conduct listed in section 245C.15, subdivision 4a, paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (f) In connection with a family foster setting license, the commissioner may grant a variance to the disqualification for an individual who is under 18 years of age at the time the background study is submitted.
- (g) In connection with foster residence settings and children's residential facilities, the commissioner must not set aside or grant a variance for the disqualification of any individual disqualified pursuant to this chapter, regardless of how much time has passed, if the individual was disqualified for a crime or conduct listed in section 245C.15, subdivision 4a, paragraph (a) or (b).
 - Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Five-year bar to set aside or variance disqualification; children's residential**facilities, foster residence settings. The commissioner shall not set aside or grant a variance for the disqualification of an individual in connection with a license for a children's residential facility or foster residence setting who was convicted of a felony within the past five years for: (1) physical assault or battery; or (2) a drug-related offense.

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Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.30, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

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- Subd. 1b. Child foster care variances. For an individual seeking a child foster care license who is a relative of the child, the commissioner shall consider the importance of maintaining the child's relationship with relatives as an additional significant factor in determining whether the individual should be granted a variance.
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245F.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Protective procedures plan.** A license holder must have a written policy and procedure that establishes the protective procedures that program staff must follow when a patient is in imminent danger of harming self or others. The policy must be appropriate to the type of facility and the level of staff training. The protective procedures policy must include:
 - (1) an approval signed and dated by the program director and medical director prior to implementation. Any changes to the policy must also be approved, signed, and dated by the current program director and the medical director prior to implementation;
 - (2) which protective procedures the license holder will use to prevent patients from imminent danger of harming self or others;
- 40.18 (3) the emergency conditions under which the protective procedures are permitted to be used, if any;
- 40.20 (4) the patient's health conditions that limit the specific procedures that may be used and alternative means of ensuring safety;
- 40.22 (5) emergency resources the program staff must contact when a patient's behavior cannot be controlled by the procedures established in the policy;
- 40.24 (6) the training that staff must have before using any protective procedure;
- 40.25 (7) documentation of approved therapeutic holds;
- 40.26 (8) the use of law enforcement personnel as described in subdivision 4;
- (9) standards governing emergency use of seclusion. Seclusion must be used only when less restrictive measures are ineffective or not feasible. The standards in items (i) to (vii) must be met when seclusion is used with a patient:
- 40.30 (i) seclusion must be employed solely for the purpose of preventing a patient from 40.31 imminent danger of harming self or others;

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| 41.1 | (ii) seclusion rooms must be equipped in a manner that prevents patients from self-harm |
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| 41.2 | using projections, windows, electrical fixtures, or hard objects, and must allow the patient |
| 41.3 | to be readily observed without being interrupted; |
| 41.4 | (iii) seclusion must be authorized by the program director, a licensed physician, a |
| 41.5 | registered nurse, or a licensed physician assistant. If one of these individuals is not present |
| 41.6 | in the facility, the program director or a licensed physician, registered nurse, or physician |
| 41.7 | assistant must be contacted and authorization must be obtained within 30 minutes of initiating |
| 41.8 | seclusion, according to written policies; |
| 41.9 | (iv) patients must not be placed in seclusion for more than 12 hours at any one time; |
| 41.10 | (v) once the condition of a patient in seclusion has been determined to be safe enough |
| 41.11 | to end continuous observation, a patient in seclusion must be observed at a minimum of |
| 41.12 | every 15 minutes for the duration of seclusion and must always be within hearing range of |
| 41.13 | program staff; |
| 41.14 | (vi) a process for program staff to use to remove a patient to other resources available |
| 41.15 | to the facility if seclusion does not sufficiently assure patient safety; and |
| 41.16 | (vii) a seclusion area may be used for other purposes, such as intensive observation, if |
| 41.17 | the room meets normal standards of care for the purpose and if the room is not locked; and |
| 41.18 | (10) physical holds may only be used when less restrictive measures are not feasible. |
| 41.19 | The standards in items (i) to (iv) must be met when physical holds are used with a patient: |
| 41.20 | (i) physical holds must be employed solely for preventing a patient from imminent |
| 41.21 | danger of harming self or others; |
| 41.22 | (ii) physical holds must be authorized by the program director, a licensed physician, a |
| 41.23 | registered nurse, or a physician assistant. If one of these individuals is not present in the |
| 41.24 | facility, the program director or a licensed physician, registered nurse, or physician assistant |
| 41.25 | must be contacted and authorization must be obtained within 30 minutes of initiating a |
| 41.26 | physical hold, according to written policies; |
| 41.27 | (iii) the patient's health concerns must be considered in deciding whether to use physical |
| 41.28 | holds and which holds are appropriate for the patient; and |
| 41.29 | (iv) only approved holds may be utilized. Prone and contraindicated holds are not allowed |

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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according to section 245A.211 and must not be authorized.

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| 42.1 | Sec. 37. M | Minnesota Statutes 20 | 22, section 245I | F.14, is amended by ac | lding a subdivision | | |
| 42.2 | to read: | | | | | | |
| 42.3 | <u>Subd. 8.</u> | Notification to com | missioner of ch | anges in key staff po | sitions. A license | | |
| 42.4 | holder must | notify the commission | oner within five | business days of a cha | ange or vacancy in a | | |
| 42.5 | key staff position. The key positions are a program director as required by subdivision 1, a | | | | | | |
| 42.6 | registered nurse as required by subdivision 4, and a medical director as required by | | | | | | |
| 42.7 | subdivision 5. The license holder must notify the commissioner of the staffing change or | | | | | | |
| 42.8 | vacancy on | a form approved by t | he commissione | r and include the nam | e of the staff person | | |
| 42.9 | now assigne | ed to the key staff pos | sition and the sta | aff person's qualification | ons for the position. | | |
| 42.10 | EFFEC | TIVE DATE. This se | ection is effective | ye January 1, 2025. | | | |
| 42.11 | Sec. 38. N | Ainnesota Statutes 20 | 22, section 245I | 5.17, is amended to rea | ad: | | |
| 42.12 | 245F.17 | PERSONNEL FIL | ES. | | | | |
| 42.13 | A licens | e holder must mainta | in a separate per | rsonnel file for each st | aff member. At a | | |
| 42.14 | minimum, t | he file must contain: | | | | | |
| 42.15 | (1) a cor | mpleted application for | or employment | signed by the staff me | mber that contains | | |
| 42.16 | the staff mer | mber's qualifications f | or employment a | and documentation rela | ted to the applicant's | | |
| 42.17 | background | study data, as define | ed in chapter 245 | SC; | | | |
| 42.18 | (2) docu | mentation of the staf | f member's curre | ent professional licens | se or registration, if | | |
| 42.19 | relevant; | | | | | | |
| 42.20 | (3) docu | mentation of orientat | ion and subsequ | ent training; and | | | |
| 42.21 | (4) docu | mentation of a staten | nent of freedom | from substance use pr | oblems; and | | |
| 42.22 | (5) an ar | nnual job performanc | e evaluation. | | | | |
| 42.23 | EFFEC | TIVE DATE. This se | ection is effective | e the day following fi | nal enactment. | | |
| 42.24 | Sec. 39. M | Ainnesota Statutes 20 | 22, section 2450 | G.07, subdivision 4, is | amended to read: | | |
| 42.25 | Subd. 4. | Location of service | provision. The | license holder may pro | vide services at any | | |
| 42.26 | of the licens | se holder's licensed lo | ocations or at an | other suitable location | including a school, | | |
| 42.27 | government | t building, medical or | · behavioral heal | th facility, or social so | ervice organization, | | |
| 42.28 | upon notific | eation and approval o | f the commissio | ner. If services are pro | ovided off site from | | |

the licensed site, the reason for the provision of services remotely must be documented.

The license holder may provide additional services under subdivision 2, clauses (2) to (5),

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off-site if the license holder includes a policy and procedure detailing the off-site location 43.1 as a part of the treatment service description and the program abuse prevention plan. 43.2 (a) The license holder must provide all treatment services a client receives at one of the 43.3 license holder's substance use disorder treatment licensed locations or at a location allowed 43.4 43.5 under paragraphs (b) to (f). If the services are provided at the locations in paragraphs (b) to (d), the license holder must document in the client record the location services were provided. 43.6 (b) The license holder may provide nonresidential individual treatment services at a 43.7 client's home or place of residence. 43.8 (c) If the license holder provides treatment services by telehealth, the services must be 43.9 provided according to this paragraph: 43.10 (1) the license holder must maintain a licensed physical location in Minnesota where 43.11 the license holder must offer all treatment services in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses 43.12 (1) to (4), physically in person to each client; 43.13 (2) the license holder must meet all requirements for the provision of telehealth in sections 43.14 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (f), and 256B.0625, subdivision 3b. The license holder 43.15 must document all items in section 256B.0625, subdivision 3b, paragraph (c), for each client 43.16 receiving services by telehealth, regardless of payment type or whether the client is a medical 43.17 assistance enrollee; 43.18 (3) the license holder may provide treatment services by telehealth to clients individually; 43.19 (4) the license holder may provide treatment services by telehealth to a group of clients 43.20 that are each in a separate physical location; 43.21 (5) the license holder must not provide treatment services remotely by telehealth to a 43.22 group of clients meeting together in person; 43.23 (6) clients and staff may join an in-person group by telehealth if a staff qualified to 43.24 provide the treatment service is physically present with the group of clients meeting together 43.25 in person; and 43.26 (7) the qualified professional providing a residential group treatment service by telehealth 43.27 must be physically present on-site at the licensed residential location while the service is 43.28 being provided. 43.29 (d) The license holder may provide the additional treatment services under subdivision 43.30 2, clauses (2) to (5) and (8), away from the licensed location at a suitable location appropriate 43.31 to the treatment service. 43.32

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(e) Upon written approval from the commissioner for each satellite location, the license holder may provide nonresidential treatment services at satellite locations that are in a school, jail, or nursing home. A satellite location may only provide services to students of the school, inmates of the jail, or residents of the nursing home. Schools, jails, and nursing homes are exempt from the licensing requirements in section 245A.04, subdivision 2a, to document compliance with building codes, fire and safety codes, health rules, and zoning ordinances. (f) The commissioner may approve other suitable locations as satellite locations for nonresidential treatment services. The commissioner may require satellite locations under this paragraph to meet all applicable licensing requirements. The license holder may not have more than two satellite locations per license under this paragraph. (g) The license holder must provide the commissioner access to all files, documentation, staff persons, and any other information the commissioner requires at the main licensed location for all clients served at any location under paragraphs (b) to (f). (h) Notwithstanding sections 245A.65, subdivision 2, and 626.557, subdivision 14, a program abuse prevention plan is not required for satellite or other locations under paragraphs (b) to (e). An individual abuse prevention plan is still required for any client that is a vulnerable adult as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 21. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025. Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245G.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Administration of medication and assistance with self-medication. (a) A license holder must meet the requirements in this subdivision if a service provided includes the administration of medication. (b) A staff member, other than a licensed practitioner or nurse, who is delegated by a licensed practitioner or a registered nurse the task of administration of medication or assisting with self-medication, must: (1) successfully complete a medication administration training program for unlicensed personnel through an accredited Minnesota postsecondary educational institution. A staff member's completion of the course must be documented in writing and placed in the staff member's personnel file; (2) be trained according to a formalized training program that is taught by a registered nurse and offered by the license holder. The training must include the process for

administration of naloxone, if naloxone is kept on site. A staff member's completion of the

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training must be documented in writing and placed in the staff member's personnel records;
or

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- (3) demonstrate to a registered nurse competency to perform the delegated activity. A registered nurse must be employed or contracted to develop the policies and procedures for administration of medication or assisting with self-administration of medication, or both.
- (c) A registered nurse must provide supervision as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 23. The registered nurse's supervision must include, at a minimum, monthly on-site supervision or more often if warranted by a client's health needs. The policies and procedures must include:
- 45.10 (1) a provision that a delegation of administration of medication is limited to a method 45.11 a staff member has been trained to administer and limited to:
- 45.12 (i) a medication that is administered orally, topically, or as a suppository, an eye drop, 45.13 an ear drop, an inhalant, or an intranasal; and
- 45.14 (ii) an intramuscular injection of naloxone an opiate antagonist as defined in section
 45.15 604A.04, subdivision 1, or epinephrine;
- 45.16 (2) a provision that each client's file must include documentation indicating whether 45.17 staff must conduct the administration of medication or the client must self-administer 45.18 medication, or both;
 - (3) a provision that a client may carry emergency medication such as nitroglycerin as instructed by the client's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant;
- 45.21 (4) a provision for the client to self-administer medication when a client is scheduled to 45.22 be away from the facility;
- 45.23 (5) a provision that if a client self-administers medication when the client is present in 45.24 the facility, the client must self-administer medication under the observation of a trained 45.25 staff member;
- 45.26 (6) a provision that when a license holder serves a client who is a parent with a child, 45.27 the parent may only administer medication to the child under a staff member's supervision;
- 45.28 (7) requirements for recording the client's use of medication, including staff signatures with date and time;
- 45.30 (8) guidelines for when to inform a nurse of problems with self-administration of 45.31 medication, including a client's failure to administer, refusal of a medication, adverse 45.32 reaction, or error; and

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(9) procedures for acceptance, documentation, and implementation of a prescription, 46.1 whether written, verbal, telephonic, or electronic. 46.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 46.3 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245G.08, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 46.4 Subd. 6. Control of drugs. A license holder must have and implement written policies 46.5 and procedures developed by a registered nurse that contain: 46.6 (1) a requirement that each drug must be stored in a locked compartment. A Schedule 46.7 II drug, as defined by section 152.02, subdivision 3, must be stored in a separately locked 46.8 compartment, permanently affixed to the physical plant or medication cart; 46.9 (2) a system which accounts for all scheduled drugs each shift; 46.10 (3) a procedure for recording the client's use of medication, including the signature of 46.11 the staff member who completed the administration of the medication with the time and 46.12 date; 46.13 (4) a procedure to destroy a discontinued, outdated, or deteriorated medication; 46.14 (5) a statement that only authorized personnel are permitted access to the keys to a locked 46.15 compartment; 46.16 46.17 (6) a statement that no legend drug supply for one client shall be given to another client; and 46.18 46.19 (7) a procedure for monitoring the available supply of naloxone an opiate antagonist as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, on site, and replenishing the naloxone supply 46.20 when needed, and destroying naloxone according to clause (4). 46.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 46.22 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245G.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 46.23 to read: 46.24 Subd. 6. Notification to commissioner of changes in key staff positions. A license 46.25 holder must notify the commissioner within five business days of a change or vacancy in a 46.26 46.27 key staff position. The key positions are a treatment director as required by subdivision 1, an alcohol and drug counselor supervisor as required by subdivision 2, and a registered 46.28 nurse as required by section 245G.08, subdivision 5, paragraph (c). The license holder must 46.29 notify the commissioner of the staffing change or vacancy on a form approved by the 46.30

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47.1 commissioner and include the name of the staff person now assigned to the key staff position
 47.2 and the staff person's qualifications for the position.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

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- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245G.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.
- 47.8 (b) "Diversion" means the use of a medication for the treatment of opioid addiction being diverted from intended use of the medication.
 - (c) "Guest dose" means administration of a medication used for the treatment of opioid addiction to a person who is not a client of the program that is administering or dispensing the medication.
 - (d) "Medical director" means a practitioner licensed to practice medicine in the jurisdiction that the opioid treatment program is located who assumes responsibility for administering all medical services performed by the program, either by performing the services directly or by delegating specific responsibility to a practitioner of the opioid treatment program.
 - (e) "Medication used for the treatment of opioid use disorder" means a medication approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of opioid use disorder.
- (f) "Minnesota health care programs" has the meaning given in section 256B.0636.
- (g) "Opioid treatment program" has the meaning given in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 8.12, and includes programs licensed under this chapter.
 - (h) "Practitioner" means a staff member holding a current, unrestricted license to practice medicine issued by the Board of Medical Practice or nursing issued by the Board of Nursing and is currently registered with the Drug Enforcement Administration to order or dispense controlled substances in Schedules II to V under the Controlled Substances Act, United States Code, title 21, part B, section 821. Practitioner includes an advanced practice registered nurse and physician assistant if the staff member receives a variance by the state opioid treatment authority under section 254A.03 and the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.
- 47.31 (i) "Unsupervised use" or "take-home" means the use of a medication for the treatment of opioid use disorder dispensed for use by a client outside of the program setting.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 48.1 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245G.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 48.2 Subd. 6. Criteria for unsupervised use. (a) To limit the potential for diversion of 48.3 medication used for the treatment of opioid use disorder to the illicit market, medication 48.4 dispensed to a client for unsupervised use shall be subject to the requirements of this 48.5 subdivision. Any client in an opioid treatment program may receive a single unsupervised 48.6 use dose for a day that the clinic is closed for business, including Sundays and state and 48.7 federal holidays their individualized take-home doses as ordered for days that the clinic is 48.8 48.9 closed for business, on one weekend day (e.g., Sunday) and state and federal holidays, no matter their length of time in treatment, as allowed under Code of Federal Regulations, title 48.10 42, part 8.12 (i)(1). 48.11 (b) For take-home doses beyond those allowed by paragraph (a), a practitioner with 48.12 authority to prescribe must review and document the criteria in this paragraph and paragraph 48.13 (e) the Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 8.12 (i)(2), when determining whether 48.14 dispensing medication for a client's unsupervised use is safe and it is appropriate to 48.15 48.16 implement, increase, or extend the amount of time between visits to the program. The criteria 48.17 (1) absence of recent abuse of drugs including but not limited to opioids, non-narcotics, 48.18 and alcohol; 48.19 (2) regularity of program attendance; 48.20 (3) absence of serious behavioral problems at the program; 48.21 48.22 (4) absence of known recent criminal activity such as drug dealing; (5) stability of the client's home environment and social relationships; 48.23 48.24 (6) length of time in comprehensive maintenance treatment; (7) reasonable assurance that unsupervised use medication will be safely stored within 48.25 48.26 the client's home; and (8) whether the rehabilitative benefit the client derived from decreasing the frequency 48.27 48.28 of program attendance outweighs the potential risks of diversion or unsupervised use. (c) The determination, including the basis of the determination must be documented by 48.29 a practitioner in the client's medical record.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245G.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 49.1 Subd. 7. Restrictions for unsupervised use of methadone hydrochloride. (a) If a 49.2 medical director or prescribing practitioner assesses and, determines, and documents that 49.3 a client meets the criteria in subdivision 6 and may be dispensed a medication used for the 49.4 treatment of opioid addiction, the restrictions in this subdivision must be followed when 49.5 the medication to be dispensed is methadone hydrochloride. The results of the assessment 49.6 must be contained in the client file. The number of unsupervised use medication doses per 49.7 week in paragraphs (b) to (d) is in addition to the number of unsupervised use medication 49.8 doses a client may receive for days the clinic is closed for business as allowed by subdivision 49.9 6, paragraph (a) and that a patient is safely able to manage unsupervised doses of methadone, 49.10 the number of take-home doses the client receives must be limited by the number allowed 49.11 by the Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 8.12 (i)(3). 49.12 (b) During the first 90 days of treatment, the unsupervised use medication supply must 49.13 be limited to a maximum of a single dose each week and the client shall ingest all other 49.14 doses under direct supervision. 49.15 (c) In the second 90 days of treatment, the unsupervised use medication supply must be 49.16 limited to two doses per week. 49.17 (d) In the third 90 days of treatment, the unsupervised use medication supply must not 49.18 exceed three doses per week. 49.19 (e) In the remaining months of the first year, a client may be given a maximum six-day 49.20 unsupervised use medication supply. 49.21 (f) After one year of continuous treatment, a client may be given a maximum two-week 49.22 unsupervised use medication supply. 49.23 (g) After two years of continuous treatment, a client may be given a maximum one-month 49.24 49.25 unsupervised use medication supply, but must make monthly visits to the program. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 49.26 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245G.22, subdivision 17, is amended 49.27 to read: 49.28

Subd. 17. Policies and procedures. (a) A license holder must develop and maintain the

(b) For a program that is not open every day of the year, the license holder must maintain

a policy and procedure that covers requirements under section 245G.22, subdivisions 6 and

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policies and procedures required in this subdivision.

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7. Unsupervised use of medication used for the treatment of opioid use disorder for days that the program is closed for business, including but not limited to Sundays on one weekend day (e.g., Sunday) and state and federal holidays, must meet the requirements under section 245G.22, subdivisions 6 and 7.

- (c) The license holder must maintain a policy and procedure that includes specific measures to reduce the possibility of diversion. The policy and procedure must:
- (1) specifically identify and define the responsibilities of the medical and administrative staff for performing diversion control measures; and
- (2) include a process for contacting no less than five percent of clients who have unsupervised use of medication, excluding clients approved solely under subdivision 6, paragraph (a), to require clients to physically return to the program each month. The system must require clients to return to the program within a stipulated time frame and turn in all unused medication containers related to opioid use disorder treatment. The license holder must document all related contacts on a central log and the outcome of the contact for each client in the client's record. The medical director must be informed of each outcome that results in a situation in which a possible diversion issue was identified.
- (d) Medication used for the treatment of opioid use disorder must be ordered, administered, and dispensed according to applicable state and federal regulations and the standards set by applicable accreditation entities. If a medication order requires assessment by the person administering or dispensing the medication to determine the amount to be administered or dispensed, the assessment must be completed by an individual whose professional scope of practice permits an assessment. For the purposes of enforcement of this paragraph, the commissioner has the authority to monitor the person administering or dispensing the medication for compliance with state and federal regulations and the relevant standards of the license holder's accreditation agency and may issue licensing actions according to sections 245A.05, 245A.06, and 245A.07, based on the commissioner's determination of noncompliance.
 - (e) A counselor in an opioid treatment program must not supervise more than 50 clients.
- (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (e), from July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024, a counselor in an opioid treatment program may supervise up to 60 clients. The license holder may continue to serve a client who was receiving services at the program on June 30, 2024, at a counselor to client ratio of up to one to 60 and is not required to discharge any clients in order to return to the counselor to client ratio of one to 50. The license holder may not, however, serve a

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new client after June 30, 2024, unless the counselor who would supervise the new client is supervising fewer than 50 existing clients.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 256.046, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Administrative disqualification of child care providers caring for children receiving child care assistance. (a) The department shall pursue an administrative disqualification, if the child care provider is accused of committing an intentional program violation, in lieu of a criminal action when it has not been pursued. Intentional program violations include intentionally making false or misleading statements; intentionally misrepresenting, concealing, or withholding facts; and repeatedly and intentionally violating program regulations under chapters 119B and 245E. Intent may be proven by demonstrating a pattern of conduct that violates program rules under chapters 119B and 245E.
- (b) To initiate an administrative disqualification, the commissioner must mail send written notice by certified mail using a signature-verified confirmed delivery method to the provider against whom the action is being taken. Unless otherwise specified under chapter 119B or 245E or Minnesota Rules, chapter 3400, the commissioner must mail send the written notice at least 15 calendar days before the adverse action's effective date. The notice shall state (1) the factual basis for the agency's determination, (2) the action the agency intends to take, (3) the dollar amount of the monetary recovery or recoupment, if known, and (4) the provider's right to appeal the agency's proposed action.
- (c) The provider may appeal an administrative disqualification by submitting a written request to the Department of Human Services, Appeals Division. A provider's request must be received by the Appeals Division no later than 30 days after the date the commissioner mails the notice.
 - (d) The provider's appeal request must contain the following:
- 51.27 (1) each disputed item, the reason for the dispute, and, if applicable, an estimate of the dollar amount involved for each disputed item;
- 51.29 (2) the computation the provider believes to be correct, if applicable;
- 51.30 (3) the statute or rule relied on for each disputed item; and
- 51.31 (4) the name, address, and telephone number of the person at the provider's place of business with whom contact may be made regarding the appeal.

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(e) On appeal, the issuing agency bears the burden of proof to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the provider committed an intentional program violation.

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- (f) The hearing is subject to the requirements of sections 256.045 and 256.0451. The human services judge may combine a fair hearing and administrative disqualification hearing into a single hearing if the factual issues arise out of the same or related circumstances and the provider receives prior notice that the hearings will be combined.
- (g) A provider found to have committed an intentional program violation and is administratively disqualified shall be disqualified, for a period of three years for the first offense and permanently for any subsequent offense, from receiving any payments from any child care program under chapter 119B.
- (h) Unless a timely and proper appeal made under this section is received by the department, the administrative determination of the department is final and binding.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 256B.064, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Notice.** (a) The department shall serve the notice required under subdivision 2 by certified mail at using a signature-verified confirmed delivery method to the address submitted to the department by the individual or entity. Service is complete upon mailing.
 - (b) The department shall give notice in writing to a recipient placed in the Minnesota restricted recipient program under section 256B.0646 and Minnesota Rules, part 9505.2200. The department shall send the notice by first class mail to the recipient's current address on file with the department. A recipient placed in the Minnesota restricted recipient program may contest the placement by submitting a written request for a hearing to the department within 90 days of the notice being mailed.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 260E.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Request for reconsideration.** (a) Except as provided under subdivision 5, an individual or facility that the commissioner of human services, a local welfare agency, or the commissioner of education determines has maltreated a child, an interested person acting on behalf of the child, regardless of the determination, who contests the investigating agency's final determination regarding maltreatment may request the investigating agency to reconsider its final determination regarding maltreatment. The request for reconsideration must be submitted in writing or submitted in the provider licensing and reporting hub to the

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investigating agency within 15 calendar days after receipt of notice of the final determination regarding maltreatment or, if the request is made by an interested person who is not entitled to notice, within 15 days after receipt of the notice by the parent or guardian of the child. If mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the investigating agency within 15 calendar days of the individual's or facility's receipt of the final determination. If the request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the investigating agency within 15 calendar days after the individual's or facility's receipt of the final determination. Upon implementation of the provider licensing and reporting hub, the individual or facility must use the hub to request reconsideration. The reconsideration must be received by the commissioner within 15 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification.

- (b) An individual who was determined to have maltreated a child under this chapter and who was disqualified on the basis of serious or recurring maltreatment under sections 245C.14 and 245C.15 may request reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification. The request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be submitted within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification under sections 245C.16 and 245C.17. If mailed, the request for reconsideration of the maltreatment determination and the disqualification must be postmarked and sent to the investigating agency within 30 calendar days of the individual's receipt of the maltreatment determination and notice of disqualification. If the request for reconsideration is made by personal service, it must be received by the investigating agency within 30 calendar days after the individual's receipt of the notice of disqualification.
 - Sec. 50. **REPEALER.**

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- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.125, is repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.08, subdivision 2, is repealed.
- (c) Minnesota Rules, part 9502.0425, subparts 5 and 10, are repealed.

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APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S4665-1

245C.08 BACKGROUND STUDY; COMMISSIONER REVIEWS.

- Subd. 2. **Background studies conducted by a county agency for family child care.** (a) Before the implementation of NETStudy 2.0, for a background study conducted by a county agency for family child care services, the commissioner shall review:
- (1) information from the county agency's record of substantiated maltreatment of adults and the maltreatment of minors;
 - (2) information from juvenile courts as required in subdivision 4 for:
- (i) individuals listed in section 245C.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), who are ages 13 through 23 living in the household where the licensed services will be provided; and
- (ii) any other individual listed under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, when there is reasonable cause; and
 - (3) information from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.
- (b) If the individual has resided in the county for less than five years, the study shall include the records specified under paragraph (a) for the previous county or counties of residence for the past five years.
- (c) Notwithstanding expungement by a court, the county agency may consider information obtained under paragraph (a), clause (3), unless:
- (1) the commissioner received notice of the petition for expungement and the court order for expungement is directed specifically to the commissioner; or
- (2) the commissioner received notice of the expungement order issued pursuant to section 609A.017, 609A.025, or 609A.035, and the order for expungement is directed specifically to the commissioner.

245C.125 BACKGROUND STUDY; HEAD START PROGRAMS.

- (a) Head Start programs that receive funds under section 119A.52 may contract with the commissioner to:
 - (1) conduct background studies on individuals affiliated with a Head Start program; and
 - (2) obtain background study data on individuals affiliated with a Head Start program.
- (b) The commissioner must include a national criminal history record check in a background study conducted under paragraph (a).
- (c) A Head Start program site that does not contract with the commissioner, is not licensed, and is not registered to receive payments under chapter 119B is exempt from the relevant requirements in this chapter. Nothing in this section supersedes requirements for background studies in this chapter or chapter 119B or 245H that relate to licensed child care programs or programs registered to receive payments under chapter 119B. For a background study conducted under this section to be transferable to other child care entities, the study must include all components of studies for a certified license-exempt child care center under this chapter.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S4665-1

9502.0425 PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT.

- Subp. 5. Occupancy separations. Day care residences with an attached garage must have a self-closing, tight fitting solid wood bonded core door at least 1-3/8 inch thick, or door with a fire protection rating of 20 minutes or greater and a separation wall consisting of 5/8 inch thick gypsum wallboard or its equivalent on the garage side between the residence and garage.
 - Subp. 10. Stairways. All stairways must meet the following conditions.
 - A. Stairways of three or more steps must have handrails.
- B. Any open area between the handrail and stair tread must be enclosed with a protective guardrail as specified in the State Building Code. The back of the stair risers must be enclosed.
- C. Gates or barriers must be used when children between the ages of 6 and 18 months are in care.
- D. Stairways must be well-lighted, in good repair, and free of clutter and obstructions.